District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

fOY1822242653

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Oil Conservation Division

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Form C-141

Revised April 3, 2017

1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Release Notification and Corrective Action												
							OPERATOR Initial Report Final Report					
Name of Company - Holly Energy Partners (HEP)							Contact - Melanie Nolan					
			in, Artesia N				Telephone No 214-6058303					
Facility Segme	-	ne – WTΣ ————	to EMSU E	Battery to	Byrd Pump		Facility Type - Pipeline					
Surfac	e Ow	ner - Priv	ate - Klein		Mineral C)wner	Federal API No.					
					LOCA	N OF REI	LEASE					
Unit L						/South Line Feet from the East/West Line			County			
Р		11	20	36					-		Lea	
Latitude <u>32.583989</u> Longitude <u>-103.317743</u> NAD83												
NATURE OF RELEASE												
Type o	f Relea	ase – Crude	e Oil				Volume of Release – Greater than Volume Recovered – ½ barrel					
Source	of Rel	lease – Pinl	nole leak in bo	ottom of pi	pe			Date and Hour of Occurrence - Date and Hour of Discovery				
Was In	nmedia	ite Notice (Given?				7/11/18 1310 If YES, To Whom?					
				Yes [No 🛭 Not Re	equired		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
By Wh							Date and Hour					
Was a	Watero	course Read	ched?	Yes 🛚	l No		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.					
IC - W-	4	Т						RECEIV	/ED			
II a wa	itercou	rse was im	pacted, Descr	ibe Fully.	•						2 am Au	a 10 2019
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* By Olivia Yu at 11:33 am, Aug 10, 20												
Air Patrol flying our West Texas Crude district spotted a leak west of Monument Jct. HEP personnel confirmed leak and shut down pipe segment. At initial encounter the release was determined to be less than a barrel of crude. Pipe repair was completed and initial excavation of contaminated soil started.												
Initially release was not reported due to initial estimates being under reportable limits. On 8/6/18 excavation was halted due to discovery that initial area												
affected is larger than previously thought. Current estimates of what has been excavated are around the 5 barrel amount but no confirmation of exact												
amount at this time. Surface owner has been notified of release and our Right-of-Way department is in communication with them.												
Describ to deve	e Area	Affected a	and Cleanup A	Action Tak	en.* HEP is in pess the clean-up.	rocess	of hiring an ou	tside consulting	firm to	perform del	ineation of rele	ase site in order
I hereby	y certif	y that the i	nformation gi	ven above	is true and compl	lete to t	he best of my l	knowledge and u	ndersta	nd that purs	uant to NMOC	D rules and
regulati	ons all	operators	are required to	report an	d/or file certain re	elease r	notifications an	d perform correc	tive act	ions for rele	ases which ma	y endanger
					e of a C-141 repo investigate and re							
or the e	nviron	ment. In a	ddition, NMO	CD accep	tance of a C-141 i							
federal,	state,	or local lav	vs and/or regu	lations.			OH CONGERNATION DUNGLON					
		~ ~		,			OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION					
Signatu	re:	$\lambda \lambda J$	elar	es	NOW		ı					
Printed	Name	: Melanie	Nolan				Approved by Environmental Specialist:					
Title: E	Enviror	nmental Sp	ecialist I				Approval Date	8/10/2018	3	Expiration Γ	Date:	
E-mail Address: Melanie.Nolan@hollyenergy.com							Conditions of Approval: Attached					٦
Date: 8	/10/20	18		F	hone: 575-748-8	972	see attached directive					
Attach .	Additi	ional Shee	ts If Necessa		***************************************							200
			fOY1822	242653	2		1RP-5154	4 nOY1	8222	242858	٦	

pOY1822242910

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _8/10/2018_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-5154__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _9/10/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us