Drilling Program Colgate Energy

Dundee 4 Fed Com 202H 1,396' FSL & 165' FEL (SHL) Sec 5-T20S-R28E Eddy County, New Mexico

The estimated tops of geologic formations are as follows:

Formation:	TVD	Subsea
Rustler	155	3165
Salado	263	3057
Tansill	750	2570
Yates	820	2500
Seven Rivers	1252	2068
Queen	1765	1555
Grayburg	1910	1410
San Andres	2323	997
Delaware Mountain Group	3000	320
Bone Spring Lime	4290	-970
1st Bone Spring Sand*	6044	-2724
2nd Bone Spring Sand*	7097	-3777
3rd Bone Spring Sand*	8240	-4920
Wolfcamp*	8656	-5336

Formations anticipated to contain fresh water, oil or gas are as follows:

Water Fresh water is anticipated at 65' and will be protected by setting a water string at 220' and cementing to surface. Hydrocarbons Oil and gas are anticipated in the above (*) formations. These zones will be protected by casing as necessary.

Proposed casing program is as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Hole Size	Casing Size	Weight & Grade	Thread Collar	Top Csg	Setting Depth	<u>Collapse</u>	<u>Burst</u>	Tension	
Surface	17 1/2	13 3/8	54.5# J-55 (new)	BTC	0	220'	1.125	1.2	1.6	
Intermediate	12 1/4	9 5/8	36# J-55 (new)	BTC	0	2,920'	1.125	1.2	1.6	
Production	7 7/8	5 1/2	17# HPP-110 (new)	CDC HTQ	0	19,428'	1.125	1.2	1.6	
							SF Values	SF Values will meet or exceed		

Proposed cementing program is as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Slurry	<u>Sacks</u>	<u>Yield</u>	Weight	Excess	Top Cement	<u>Blend</u>
Surface	Tail	208	1.34	14.8	100%	0'	Class C w/ accelerator
Intermediate	Lead	516	2.08	12.7	50%	0'	Class C w/ salt, extender and LCM additives
	Tail	171	1.34	14.8	25%	2,336'	Class C w/ accelerator
Production	Lead	719	2.41	11.5	10%	0'	Class H w/ POZ, extender, fluid loss, dispersant & retarder
	Tail	1257	1.73	12.5	10%	8,020'	Class H w/ POZ, extender, fluid loss, dispersant & retarder

Proposed casing and cementing accessories are as follows: (Casing will be centralized per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f)

Surface: 1 centralizer 5' above shoe held in place with stop ring; 1 centralizer per joint for following 2 joints then every other joint to surface

Intermediate: 2 centralizers on 1st joint, 1 centralizer on 2nd joint, 1 centralizer every 4th joint to surface

Production: 2 centralizers on bottom joint, 1 centralizer on 2nd joint, 1 centralizer every 3rd joint to 500'

Proposed pressure control equipment is as follows (see schematics below):

BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. A rotating head will also be installed and utilized as needed. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the pre-set level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multi-bowl speed head allowing for hang-off of intermediate casing & isolation of the 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variable-bore rams) will be run in upper ram-body of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

A request for variance of pressure control equipment as follows:

1. Colgate Energy requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. In the event the specific hose is not available, one of equal or higher rating will be used.

BOPE will be tested per the following procedure:

After surface casing is set and the BOPE installed, pressure tests of BOPE will be performed by a third party tester utilizing water and a test plug to 250 psi low and 5,000 psi high. To deem a pressure test successful, pressure must be maintained for ten minutes without any bleed-off. A valve on the wellhead below seat of test plug will be open at all time during BOPE tests to guard against damage to casing. The BOPE will be re-tested in this manner after any connection breaks or passage of allotted time (25 days). Any BOPE which fails to pass pressure tests after initial install will be replaced prior to drilling out of surface casing shoe. If at any time a BOPE component cannot function to secure the hole, the hole shall be secured utilizing a retrievable packer, and the non-functioning BOPE component shall be repair or replaced. After repair or replacement, a pressure test of the repaired or replaced component and any connections broken to repair or replace the non-functioning component will be tested in the same manner as described for initial install of BOPE. The annular preventer will be faction tested at least weekly, and the ram-type preventers will be function tested on each trip. BOPE pit level drills will be conducted weekly with each drilling crews. All pressure tests performed on BOPE and BOPE pit level drills will be logged in the drilling log. Isolation of 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" casing annulus shall be confirmed by pressure testing of wellhead sealing component after said sealing component is installed.

Each casing string will be tested once installed in the wellbore per the following procedure:

After cement has been allowed to sit undisturbed for eight hours and has reached a compressive strength of 500 psi across the zone of interest, the 13-3/8" surface casing will be pressured to 1,500 psi and held for 30 minutes. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review. A casing test will be deemed successful if test pressure does not decline more than 10% over the thirty minute period. The casing pressure test will be completed against the blind rams of 13-5/8" 10M BOPE prior to PU tools to drill out. After cement has been allowed to sit undisturbed for eight hours and has reached a compressive strength of 500 psi across the zone of interest, the 9-5/8" intermediate casing will be pressured to 1,500 psi and held for 30 minutes. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review. A casing test will be deemed successful if test pressure does not decline more than 10% over the thirty minute period. Casing pressure test will be completed against the lower pipe rams of 13-5/8" 10M BOPE immediately prior to drilling out float equipment. Casing pressure test on 5-1/2" production casing will occur more than 72 hours after cement is placed and reached ultimate compressive strength. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review. A casing test will be deemed successful if test pressure does not decline more than 10% over the thirty minute period. Casing will be tested by pressuring up to 8,500 psi and holding pressure for 30 minutes prior to the beginning of perforating & stimulating operations.

Each casing string will be cemented per the following cementing procedure:

Cement will be placed on all casing strings utilizing the pump and plug method. A float will be installed in the casing shoe and float collar on all casing strings to hold cement in place once pumping is completed. A top plug will be utilized on all casing strings to prevent contamination of the cement by the displacement fluid. A preflush fluid will be pumped prior to cement to aid in removal of drilling mud from the wellbore, eliminate drilling mud contamination of the cement slurry and prepare the surface of both the wellbore and casing for cement.

Proposed mud system is as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Hole Size	Mud Weight	Viscosity	Fluid Loss	Type Mud
Surface	17-1/2"	8.6 - 9.0	28 - 34	NC	FW Spud Mud
Intermediate	12-1/4"	10.0 - 10.2	30 - 32	NC	Brine Water
Production	8-3/4"	9.0 - 10.0	32 - 35	NC	Oil Based Mud

All necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions. The mud monitoring system is an electronic Pason system satisfying requirements of Onshore Order #1. Both visual and electronic mud monitoring equipment will be utilized to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating system fluid volume. Slow pump rates will be taken & recorded tourly in the drilling log. Mud engineer will perform tests and provide written report at least every 12 hours while circulating. A trip tank will be utilized and trip sheet will be recorded to ensure wellbore is taking proper fill or displacing proper fluid volume during all tripping operations. Gas detecting equipment will be utilized to monitor for hydrocarbon gas at the shakers while drilling and/or circulating. H2S monitoring equipment with both visual & auditory alarms will be installed and operational at the shakers, rig floor and cellar while drilling and/or circulating. A flare system with an effective method for ignition & discharge more than 100 feet from the wellbore will be utilized to gather and burn all gas; lines will be straight unless targeted with running tees. A mud gas separator will be installed and operable at least 500 feet before first anticipated hydrocarbon zone.

Proposed testing, surveying, logging and coring program is as follows:

No open-hole logs are planned at this time. Directional surveys will be collected at no greater than 200' intervals while drilling through the MWD tools. A GR log will be collected while drilling through the MWD tools from intermediate casing to TD. No DSTs or cores are planned at this time. No temperature logs planned at this time. CBL will be run to confirm TOC on production casing after rig is removed from location. A formation integrity test (FIT) will be performed on 9-5/8" casing string after BOPE is installed to at least 1 ppge over planned section mud weight after drilling ten feet of new hole.

Anticipated potential hazards are as follows:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. In accordance with Onshore Order No. 6, Colgate Energy does not anticipate that there will be enough H₂S from the surface to the Wolfcamp formations to meet the BLM's minimum requirements for the submission of an "H₂S Drilling Operation Plan" or "Public Protection Plan" for the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have an H₂S safety package on all wells, attached is an "H₂S Drilling Operations Plan". Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used.

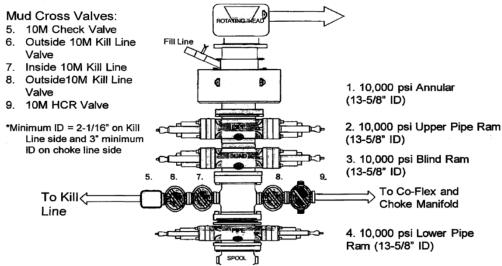
Estimated BHP: 8.3 lbs/gal gradient or less

Estimated BHT: 120° F

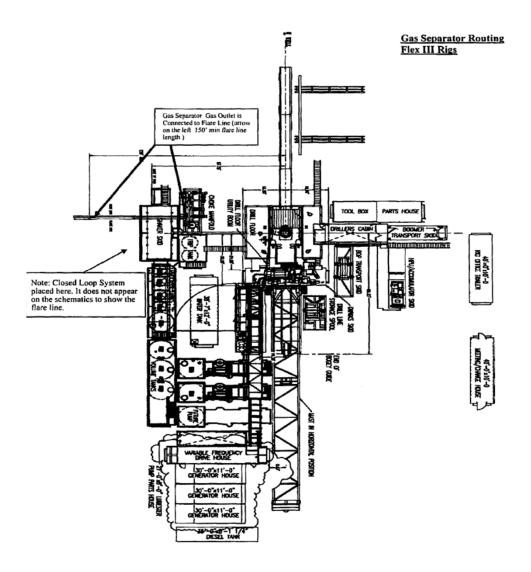
Planned commencement of operations is as follows:

Road and location construction will begin after BLM approval of APD. Anticipated spud date as soon as approved. Drilling expected to take 30 days. If production casing is run an additional 60 days will be required to complete and construct surface facilities.

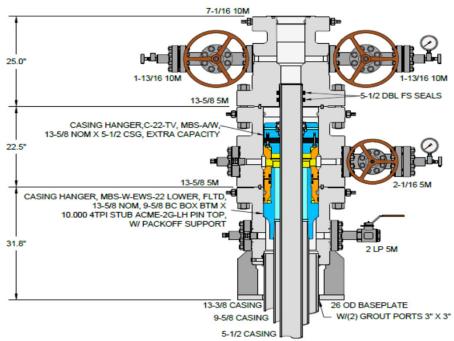
10,000 psi BOP Stack:



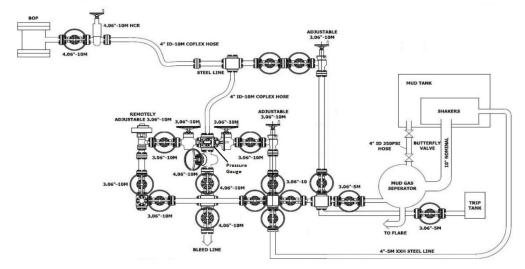
Closed Loop System Layout:



Multi-bowl Wellhead



10M Choke Layout



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CONDITIONS

Action 183260

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Operator:	OGRID:
COLGATE OPERATING, LLC	371449
300 North Marienfeld Street	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79701	183260
	Action Type:
	[IM-SD] Well File Support Doc (ENG) (IM-AWF)

CONDITIONS

Created I	By Condition	Condition Date
jagarci	a None	2/6/2023