



U.S. Department of the Interior

Bureau of Land Management

Application for Permit to Drill

APD Package Report

Date Printed: 11/19/2025 12:07 PM

APD ID: 10400102144

Well Status: AAPD

APD Received Date: 11/22/2024 09:05 AM

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Operator: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Number: 722H

APD Package Report Contents

- Form 3160-3
- Operator Certification Report
- Application Report
- Application Attachments
 - Well Plat: 1 file(s)
- Drilling Plan Report
- Drilling Plan Attachments
 - Blowout Prevention Choke Diagram Attachment: 1 file(s)
 - Blowout Prevention BOP Diagram Attachment: 10 file(s)
 - Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): 7 file(s)
 - Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan: 1 file(s)
 - Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission: 2 file(s)
 - Other Facets: 14 file(s)
 - Other Variances: 7 file(s)
- SUPO Report
- SUPO Attachments
 - Existing Road Map: 2 file(s)
 - New Road Map: 1 file(s)
 - Attach Well map: 1 file(s)
 - Production Facilities map: 11 file(s)
 - Water source and transportation map: 1 file(s)
 - Construction Materials source location attachment: 1 file(s)
 - Well Site Layout Diagram: 4 file(s)
 - Recontouring attachment: 1 file(s)
 - Other SUPO Attachment: 2 file(s)
- PWD Report
- PWD Attachments
 - None

- Bond Report
- Bond Attachments
- None

Form 3160-3
(October 2024)FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0220
Expires: October 31, 2027

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL	<input type="checkbox"/> REENTER	7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
1b. Type of Well:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well	8. Lease Name and Well No.
1c. Type of Completion:	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Fracturing	<input type="checkbox"/> Single Zone	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone
2. Name of Operator EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED			9. API Well No. 30-025-55541
3a. Address 1111 BAGBY SKY LOBBY 2, HOUSTON, TX 77002	3b. Phone No. (include area code) (713) 651-7000		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory WC-025 G-09 S253309P/UPPER WOLFC
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface TR O / 751 FSL / 1517 FEL / LAT 32.1253606 / LONG -103.5565607 At proposed prod. zone TR B / 100 FNL / 2175 FEL / LAT 32.1375292 / LONG -103.558681	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 15/T25S/R33E/NMP		
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*	12. County or Parish LEA		13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 100 feet	16. No of acres in lease	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 320.0	
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 33 feet	19. Proposed Depth 12646 feet / 17646 feet	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file FED: NM2308	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3355 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 12/25/2025	23. Estimated duration 25 days	
24. Attachments			

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.	4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above).
2. A Drilling Plan.	5. Operator certification.
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).	6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM.

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) SHEA BAILEY / Ph: (713) 651-7000	Date 11/22/2024
Title Regulatory Contractor		
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-5959	Date 05/30/2025
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals		

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS

*(Instructions on page 2)

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.; 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to allow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Connection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

(Form 3160-3, page 2)

(Continued on page 3)

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

0. SHL: TR O / 751 FSL / 1517 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 15 / LAT: 32.1253606 / LONG: -103.5565607 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
PPP: TR O / 100 FSL / 2175 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 15 / LAT: 32.1235711 / LONG: -103.5586882 (TVD: 12381 feet, MD: 12466 feet)
BHL: TR B / 100 FNL / 2175 FEL / TWSP: 25S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 15 / LAT: 32.1375292 / LONG: -103.558681 (TVD: 12646 feet, MD: 17646 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: MARIAH HUGHES
Title: Land Law Examiner
Phone: (575) 234-5972
Email: MHUGHES@BLM.GOV

PECOS DISTRICT
SURFACE USE
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	EOG Resources Incorporated
LEASE NO.:	NMNM 026079
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico

Wells:

The legal land description is in Lea County, New Mexico, and is described as follows:

Well Pad A

Streetcar 15 Fed 511H

Surface Hole Location: 855 feet FSL and 1030 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 895 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 512H

Surface Hole Location: 915 feet FSL and 1189 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1975 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 582H

Surface Hole Location: 855 feet FSL and 964 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 440 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 583H

Surface Hole Location: 915 feet FSL and 1156 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1550 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 721H

Surface Hole Location: 855 feet FSL and 1063 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1105 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 741H

Surface Hole Location: 855 feet FSL and 997 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 560 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 751H

Surface Hole Location: 915 feet FSL and 1123 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1280 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Well Pad C

Streetcar 15 Fed 513H

Surface Hole Location: 691 feet FSL and 2078 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 2225 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 584H

Surface Hole Location: 691 feet FSL and 2144 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 2600 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 742H

Surface Hole Location: 691 feet FSL and 2177 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 2000 feet FWL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 752H

Surface Hole Location: 691 feet FSL and 2111 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 2560 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Well Pad D

Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

Surface Hole Location: 751 feet FSL and 1517 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 2175 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 743H

Surface Hole Location: 751 feet FSL and 1484 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1840 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 744H

Surface Hole Location: 751 feet FSL and 1418 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 400 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

Streetcar 15 Fed 753H

Surface Hole Location: 751 feet FSL and 1451 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 25 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100 feet FNL and 1120 feet FEL, Section 15, T. 225 S, R 33 E.

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3. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The failure of the operator to comply with these requirements may result in the assessment of liquidated damages or penalties pursuant to 43 CFR 3163.1 or 3163.2. A copy of these conditions of approval shall be present on the location during construction, drilling and reclamation activity. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the operator, or any person working on the operator's behalf, on the public or federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area (within 100ft) of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer, in conjunction with a BLM Cultural Resource Specialist, to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant scientific values. The operator shall be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the operator.

Traditional Cultural Properties (TCPs) are protected by NHPA as codified in 36 CFR 800 for possessing traditional, religious, and cultural significance tied to a certain group of individuals. Though there are currently no designated TCPs within the project area or within a mile of the project area, but it is possible for a TCP to be designated after the approval of this project. **If a TCP is designated in the project area after the project's approval, the BLM Authorized Officer will notify the operator of the following conditions and the duration for which these conditions are required.**

1. Temporary halting of all construction, drilling, and production activities to lower noise.
2. Temporary shut-off of all artificial lights at night.

The operator is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), specifically NAGPRA Subpart B regarding discoveries, to protect human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered during project work. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and a BLM-CFO Authorized Officer will be notified immediately. The BLM will then be required to be notified, in writing, within 24 hours of the discovery. The written notification should include the geographic location by county and state, the contents of the discovery, and the steps taken to protect said discovery. You must also include any potential threats to the discovery and a conformation that all activity within 100ft of the discovery has ceased and work will not resume until written certification is issued. All work on the entire project must halt for a minimum of 3 days and work cannot resume until an Authorized Officer grants permission to do so.

Any paleontological resource discovered by the operator, or any person working on the operator's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. The operator will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the operator.

RANGELAND RESOURCES

1.1.1. Cattleguards

Where a permanent cattleguard is approved, an appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

1.1.2. Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

1.1.3. Livestock Watering Requirement

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA, New Mexico Department of Agriculture, and BLM requirements and policies.

1.3.1 African Rue (*Peganum harmala*)

Spraying: The spraying of African Rue must be completed by a licensed or certified applicator. In order to attempt to kill or remove African Rue the proper mix of chemical is needed. The mix consists of 2% Arsenal (Imazapyr) and 2% Roundup (Glyphosate) along with a nonionic surfactant. Any other chemicals or combinations shall be approved by the BLM Noxious Weeds Coordinator prior to treatment. African Rue shall be sprayed in connection to any dirt working activities or disturbances to the site being sprayed. Spraying of African Rue shall be done on immature plants at initial growth through flowering and mature plants between budding and flowering stages. Spraying shall not be conducted after flowering when plant is fruiting. This will ensure optimal intake of chemical and decrease chances of developing herbicide resistance. After spraying, the operator or necessary parties must contact the Carlsbad Field Office to inspect the effectiveness of the application treatment to the plant species. No ground disturbing activities can take place until the inspection by the authorized officer is complete. The operator may contact the Environmental Protection Department or the BLM Noxious Weed Coordinator at (575) 234-5972 or BLM_NM_CFO_NoxiousWeeds@blm.gov.

Management Practices: In addition to spraying for African Rue, good management practices should be followed. All equipment should be washed off using a power washer in a designated containment area. The containment area shall be bermed to allow for containment of the seed to prevent it from entering any open areas of the nearby landscape. The containment area shall be excavated near or adjacent to the well pad at a depth of three feet and just large enough to get equipment inside it to be washed off. This will allow all seeds to be in a centrally located area that can be treated at a later date if the need arises.

LIGHT POLLUTION

1.1.4. Downfacing

All permanent lighting will be pointed straight down at the ground in order to prevent light spill beyond the edge of approved surface disturbance.

1.1.5. Shielding

All permanent lighting will use full cutoff luminaires, which are fully shielded (i.e., not emitting direct or indirect light above an imaginary horizontal plane passing through the lowest part of the light source).

1.1.6. **Lighting Color**

Lighting shall be 3,500 Kelvin or less (Warm White) except during drilling, completion, and workover operations. No bluish-white lighting shall be used in permanent outdoor lighting.

4. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

WATERSHED

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berthing or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

1.1.7. **Buried/Surface Line(s)**

When crossing ephemeral drainages, the pipeline(s) will be buried to a minimum depth of 48 inches from the top of pipe to ground level. Erosion control methods such as gabions and/or rock aprons must be placed on both up and downstream sides of the pipeline crossing. In addition, curled (weed free) wood/straw fiber wattles/logs and/or silt fences must be placed on the downstream side for sediment control during construction and maintained until soils and vegetation have stabilized. Water bars must be placed within the corridor to divert and dissipate surface runoff. A pipeline access road is not permitted to cross ephemeral drainages. Traffic must be diverted to a preexisting route. Additional seeding may be required in floodplains and drainages to restore energy dissipating vegetation.

WILDLIFE

2.3.1 **Lesser Prairie Chicken**

2.3.1.1 Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

2.3.1.2 Timing Limitation Exceptions:

The Carlsbad Field Office will publish an annual map of where the LPC timing and noise stipulations and conditions of approval (Limitations) will apply for the identified year (between March 1 and June 15) based on the latest survey information. The LPC Timing Area map will identify areas which are Habitat Areas (HA), Isolated Population Area (IPA), and Primary Population Area (PPA). The LPC Timing Area map will also have an area in red crosshatch. The red crosshatch area is the only area where an operator is required to submit a request for exception to the LPC Limitations. If an operator is operating outside the red crosshatch area, the LPC Limitations do not apply for that year and an exception to LPC Limitations is not required.

2.3.1.3 Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching:

Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at BLM_NM_CFO_Construction_Reclamation@blm.gov.

VISUAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

2.5.1 VRM IV

Above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements are painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

2.5.2 VRM III Facility Requirement

Above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements are painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

5. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

CONSTRCUTION NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at BLM_NM_CFO_Construction_Reclamation@blm.gov at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and COAs on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the topsoil (the A horizon) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. No more than the top 6 inches of topsoil shall be removed. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berthing the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (the B horizon and below) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No reserve pits will be used for drill cuttings. The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

FEDERAL MINERAL PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

WELL PAD & SURFACING

Any surfacing material used to surface the well pad will be removed at the time of interim and final reclamation.

EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

The operator will install and maintain enclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the well cellar is free of fluids and

the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of enclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Enclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

The operator will also install and maintain mesh netting for all open well cellars to prevent access to smaller wildlife before and after drilling operations until the well cellar is free of fluids and the operator. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not have holes or gaps.

ON LEASE ACESST ROAD

3.1.1 **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed twenty-four (24) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

3.1.2 **Surfacing**

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements will be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

3.1.3 **Crowning**

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

3.1.4 **Ditching**

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

3.1.5 **Turnouts**

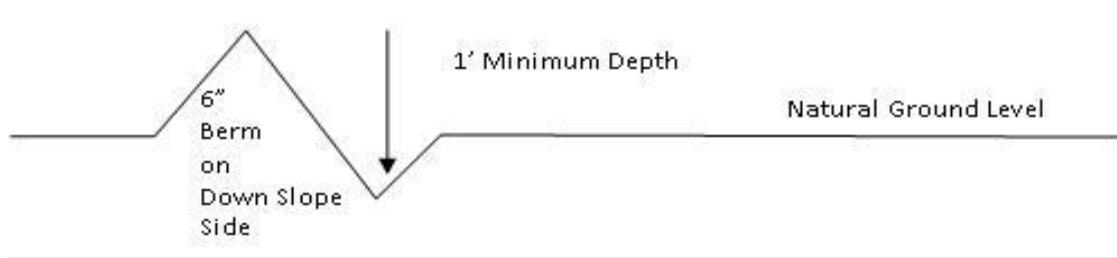
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

3.7.6 **Drainage**

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, leadoff ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing intervals are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: $\frac{400'}{4} + 100' = 200'$ lead-off ditch interval

3.7.7 Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

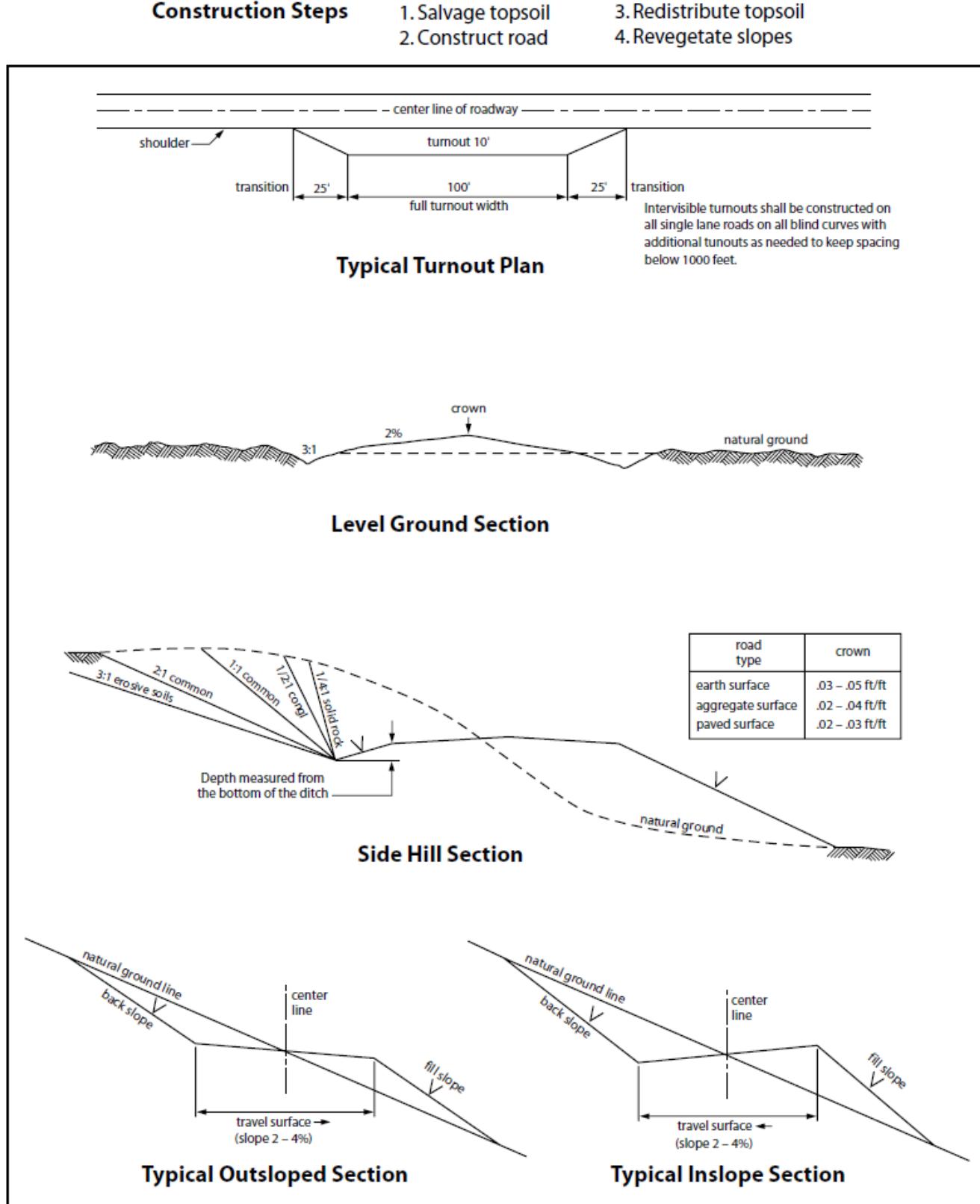


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

7. PIPELINES

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- A leak detection plan **will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval** prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

BURIED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Operator agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Operator shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this APD.
2. The Operator shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the operator shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the pipeline corridor or on facilities authorized under this APD. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The operator agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Pipeline corridor (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the operator's activity on the pipeline corridor), or resulting from the activity of the Operator on the pipeline corridor. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the operator, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant is discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of operator, regardless of fault. Upon failure of operator to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and

fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the operator. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve operator of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized pipeline corridor.
6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.
7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this pipeline corridor will be 30 feet:
 - Blading of vegetation within the pipeline corridor will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed 20 feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
 - Clearing of brush species within the pipeline corridor will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
 - The remaining area of the pipeline corridor (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)
8. The operator shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.
9. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this pipeline corridor and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire pipeline corridor shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted, and a 6-inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.
10. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the pipeline corridor and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the operator's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
11. The operator shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the operator before maintenance begins. The operator will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the operator to construct temporary deterrence structures.
12. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
13. Escape Ramps - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches [that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted] to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them alive at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30-degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench. Before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them alive at least 100 yards from the trench.

SURFACE PIPELINES

A copy of the APD and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Operator agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. Operator shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this APD.
2. Operator shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Operator shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 et seq. (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the pipeline corridor or on facilities authorized under this APD (see 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. Operator agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Pipeline corridor (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Operator's activity on the Pipeline corridor), or resulting from the activity of the Operator on the pipeline corridor. This provision applies without regard to whether a release is caused by Operator, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
4. Operator shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Operator shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the pipeline corridor or permit area:
 - a. Activities of Operator including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
 - b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
 - (3) Blasting
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage
 - c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant is discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Operator, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Operator to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as they deem necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Operator. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Operator of any responsibility as provided herein.
6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized pipeline corridor width of 30-feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline corridor, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline corridor. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or pipeline corridors.
7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
8. Operator shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky or duney areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.
9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 6 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
10. The operator shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The operator is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The operator will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the operator will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the operator to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the pipeline corridor and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the operator's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The operator shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the operator. The operator will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.
15. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
16. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

RANGELAND MITIGATION FOR PIPELINES

4.5.1 Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway with H-braces prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment operator prior to crossing any fence(s).

Figure 1. Pipe H-brace specifications

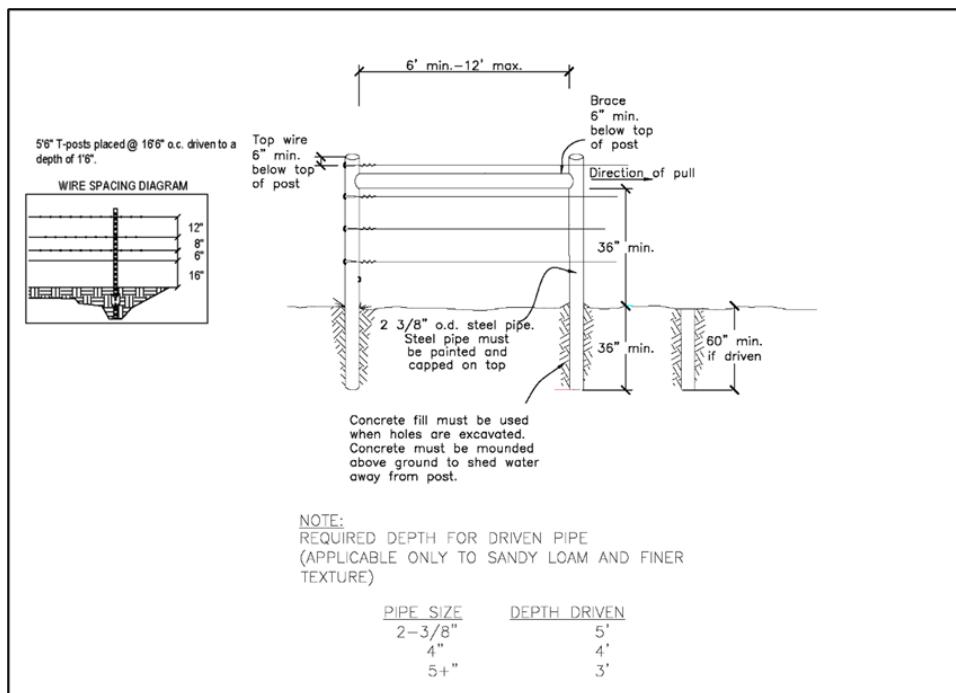
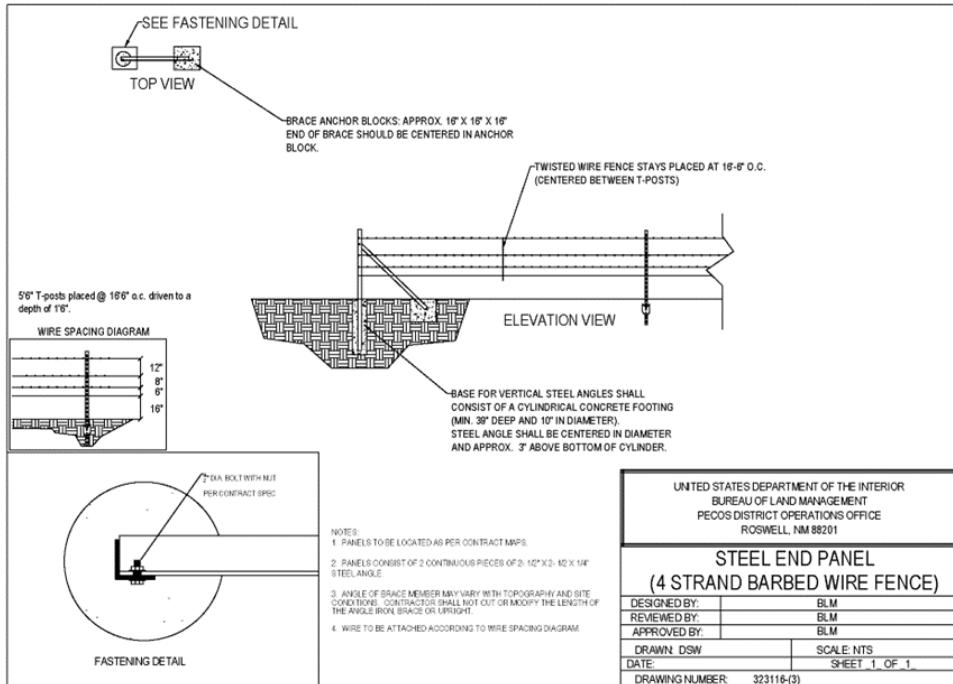


Figure 2. Angle iron brace specifications



4.5.2 Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at road-fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

4.5.3 Livestock Watering Requirement

Structures that provide water to livestock, such as windmills, pipelines, drinking troughs, and earthen reservoirs, will be avoided by moving the proposed action.

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment operator if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

- Livestock operators will be contacted, and adequate crossing facilities will be provided as needed to ensure livestock are not prevented from reaching water sources because of the open trench.
- Wildlife and livestock trails will remain open and passable by adding soft plugs (areas where the trench is excavated and replaced with minimal compaction) during the construction phase. Soft plugs with ramps on either side will be left at all well-defined livestock and wildlife trails along the open trench to allow passage across the trench and provide a means of escape for livestock and wildlife that may enter the trench.
- Trenches will be backfilled as soon as feasible to minimize the amount of open trench. The Operator will avoid leaving trenches open overnight to the extent possible and open trenches that cannot be backfilled immediately will have escape ramps (wooden) placed at no more than 2,500 feet intervals and sloped no more than 45 degrees.

8. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

5.1.1 Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities must be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

5.1.2 Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

5.1.3. Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

5.1.4. Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

5.1.5. Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

9. RECLAMATION

Stipulations required by the Authorized Officer on specific actions may differ from the following general guidelines

6.1 ROAD AND SITE RECLAMATION

Any roads constructed during the life of the well will have the caliche removed or linear burial. If contaminants are indicated then testing will be required for chlorides and applicable contaminate anomalies for final disposal determination (disposed of in a manner approved by the Authorized Officer within Federal, State and Local statutes, regulations, and ordinances) and seeded to the specifications in sections 6.5 and 6.6.

6.2 EROSION CONTROL

Install erosion control berms, windrows, and hummocks. Windrows must be level and constructed perpendicular to down-slope drainage; steeper slopes will require greater windrow density. Topsoil between windrows must be ripped to a depth of at least 12", unless bedrock is encountered. Any large boulders pulled up during ripping must be deep-buried on location. Ripping must be perpendicular to down-slope. The surface must be left rough in order to catch and contain rainfall on-site. Any trenches resulting from erosion cause by run-off shall be addressed immediately.

6.3 INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations must undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators must work with BLM surface protection specialists (BLM_NM_CFO_Construction_Reclamation@blm.gov) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation must allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche and any other surface material is required. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided in section 6.6.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notice, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

6.4 FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

Prior to surface abandonment, the operator shall submit a Notice of Intent Sundry Notice and reclamation plan.

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding will be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM. After earthwork and seeding is completed, the operator is required to submit a Sundry Notice, Subsequent Report of Reclamation.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (BLM_NM_CFO_Construction_Reclamation@blm.gov).

6.5 SEEDING TECHNIQUES

Seeds shall be hydro-seeded, mechanically drilled, or broadcast, with the broadcast-seeded area raked, ripped or dragged to aid in covering the seed. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area.

6.6 SOIL SPECIFIC SEED MIXTURE

The lessee/permittee shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase.

Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed land application will be accomplished by mechanical planting using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area. Smaller/heavier seeds tend to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first; the operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory BLM or Soil Conservation

District stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding or until several months of precipitation have occurred, enabling a full four months of growth, with one or more seed generations being established.

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Site

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	<u>lb/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed **x** percent purity **x** percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	EOG Resources Incorporated
WELL NAME & NO.:	Streetcar 15 Fed 722H
LOCATION:	Sec 15-25S-33E-NMP
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico <input style="width: 20px; height: 15px; border: 1px solid black;" type="button" value="▼"/>

COA

H₂S	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes			
Potash / WIPP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Secretary	<input type="radio"/> R-111-Q	<input type="checkbox"/> Open Annulus <input type="checkbox"/> WIPP
Cave / Karst	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low	<input type="radio"/> Medium	<input type="radio"/> High	<input type="radio"/> Critical
Wellhead	<input type="radio"/> Conventional	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Multibowl	<input type="radio"/> Both	<input type="radio"/> Diverter
Cementing	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary Squeeze	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cont. Squeeze	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EchoMeter	<input type="checkbox"/> DV Tool
Special Req	<input type="checkbox"/> Capitan Reef	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Disposal	<input type="checkbox"/> COM	<input type="checkbox"/> Unit
Waste Prev.	<input type="radio"/> Self-Certification	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Waste Min. Plan	<input type="radio"/> APD Submitted prior to 06/10/2024	
Additional Language	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flex Hose	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Casing Clearance	<input type="checkbox"/> Pilot Hole	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Break Testing
	<input type="checkbox"/> Four-String	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offline Cementing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fluid-Filled	

Operator has elected to have a four casing designs. Design A is 9.625" Surface > 7.625" Int > 5.5" Prod. Design B is 10.75" Surface > 8.75" Int > 6" Prod with 5-1/2" taper. Design C is 10.75" Surface > 8.75" Int >6" Prod. Design D is 10.75" Surface > 8.75" Int >5-1/2" Prod.

THIS WELL HAS INTERVALS WITH A MASP OVER 5000 PSI. BREAK TESTING IS ONLY ALLOWED ON THOSE INTERVALS WHOSE MASP IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDER 5M PSI.

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H₂S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet 43 CFR 3176 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

1. The **A: 9-5/8 / B, C, D: 10-3/4** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1,182** feet (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout

will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or **500 pounds compressive strength**, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

For all designs, the intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **A: 7-5/8 / B, C, D: 8-3/4** inch intermediate casing is:

Operator has proposed to cement in two stages by conventionally cementing the first stage and performing a bradenhead squeeze on the second stage, contingent upon no returns to surface.

- a. **First stage:** Operator will cement with intent to reach the top of the **Brushy Canyon**.
- b. **Second stage:** Operator will perform bradenhead squeeze and top-out. Cement to surface. If cement does not reach surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified.

Operator has proposed to pump down Surface X Intermediate 1 annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus OR operator shall run a CBL from TD of the Intermediate 1 casing to tieback requirements listed above after the second stage BH to verify TOC. Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

Design C production casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **A: 5-1/2 / B: 6 w 5-1/2 taper / C: 6 / D: 5-1/2** inch production casing is at least **300** feet into previous casing string (tieback increased due to string not meeting 0.422" clearance requirement per 43 CFR 3172 on all four designs.) Operator shall provide method of verification.
 - If cement does not circulate to surface on the previous casing, this string must come to surface.
 - Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to the presence of cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash features.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).

2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi**. **Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.**
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172 must be followed.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Offline Cementing

Contact the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

BOPE Break Testing Variance

THIS WELL HAS INTERVALS WITH A MASP OVER 5000 PSI. BREAK TESTING IS ONLY ALLOWED ON THOSE INTERVALS WHOSE MASP IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDER 5M PSI.

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for intervals utilizing a 5M BOPE or less. (**Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP.**)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (**575-706-2779**) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-689-5981 Lea County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per **43 CFR 3172**.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Contact Lea County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following

conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
 - v. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - i. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
 - iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per **43 CFR 3172**.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Operator Certification Data Report

11/19/2025

Operator

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: SHEA BAILEY**Signed on:** 11/20/2024**Title:** Regulatory Contractor**Street Address:** 5509 CHAMPIONS BLVD**City:** MIDLAND**State:** TX**Zip:** 79707**Phone:** (432)214-9797**Email address:** SHEA_BAILEY@EOGRESOURCES.COM

Field

Representative Name:**Street Address:****City:****State:****Zip:****Phone:****Email address:**



APD ID: 10400102144

Submission Date: 11/22/2024

Highlighted data
reflects the most
recent changes
[Show Final Text](#)

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - General

APD ID: 10400102144

Tie to previous NOS?

Submission Date: 11/22/2024

BLM Office: Carlsbad

User: SHEA BAILEY

Title: Regulatory Contractor

Federal/Indian APD: FED

Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM26079

Lease Acres:

Surface access agreement in place?

Allotted?

Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO

Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Keep application confidential? N

Permitting Agent? NO

APD Operator: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Operator letter of

Operator Info

Operator Organization Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Operator Address: 600 17TH STREET, SUITE 1000 N

Zip: 80202

Operator PO Box:

Operator City: DENVER State: CO

Operator Phone: (303)262-9894

Operator Internet Address:

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO

Master Development Plan name:

Well in Master SUPO? NO

Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO

Master Drilling Plan name:

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Well API Number:

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool

Field Name: WC-025 G-09
S253309PPool Name: UPPER
WOLFCAMP

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? N New surface disturbance?

Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL

Multiple Well Pad Name:
STREETCAR 15 FEDNumber: 722H, 743H, 744H,
753H

Well Class: HORIZONTAL

Number of Legs: 1

Well Work Type: Drill

Well Type: OIL WELL

Describe Well Type:

Well sub-Type: INFILL

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town:

Distance to nearest well: 33 FT

Distance to lease line: 100 FT

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 320 Acres

Well plat: LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_C_102_S_20241120084633.pdf

Well work start Date: 12/25/2025

Duration: 25 DAYS

Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number:

Reference Datum: KELLY BUSHING

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this
SHL Leg #1	751	FSL	1517	FEL	25S	33E	15	Tract O	32.1253606	-103.5565607	LEA	NEW MEXICO	NEW MEXICO	F	NMMN 26079	3355			Y
KOP Leg #1	50	FSL	2175	FEL	25S	33E	15	Tract O	32.1234336	-103.5586883	LEA	NEW MEXICO	NEW MEXICO	F	NMMN 26079	-8814	12245	12169	Y
PPP Leg #1-1	100	FSL	2175	FEL	25S	33E	15	Tract O	32.1235711	-103.5586882	LEA	NEW MEXICO	NEW MEXICO	F	NMMN 26079	-9026	12466	12381	Y

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVd	Will this well produce from this
EXIT Leg #1	100	FNL	2175	FEL	25S	33E	15	Tract B	32.1375292	-103.558681	LEA	NEW MEXICO	NEW MEXICO	F	NMMN 26079	-9291	17646	12646	Y
BHL Leg #1	100	FNL	2175	FEL	25S	33E	15	Tract B	32.1375292	-103.558681	LEA	NEW MEXICO	NEW MEXICO	F	NMMN 26079	-9291	17646	12646	Y

C-102 Submit Electronically Via OCD Permitting	State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION		Revised July 9, 2024
		Submittal Type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Initial Submittal <input type="checkbox"/> Amended Report <input type="checkbox"/> As Drilled

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

API Number 30-025- 55541	Pool Code 98180	Pool Name WC-025 G-09 S253309P; UPR WOLFCAMP	
Property Code 315310	Property Name STREETCAR 15 FED		Well Number 722H
OGRID No. 7377	Operator Name EOG RESOURCES, INC.		Ground Level Elevation 3355'
Surface Owner: <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Fee <input type="checkbox"/> Tribal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Federal		Mineral Owner: <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Fee <input type="checkbox"/> Tribal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Federal	

Surface Location

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
O	15	25-S	33-E	-	751' S	1517' E	N 32.1253606	W 103.5565607	LEA

Bottom Hole Location

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
B	15	25-S	33-E	-	100' N	2175' E	N 32.1375292	W 103.5586810	LEA

Dedicated Acres 320.00	Infill or Defining Well DEFINING	Defining Well API PENDING	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N) N	Consolidated Code C
Order Numbers LEASE WELL			Well Setbacks are under Common Ownership: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

Kick Off Point (KOP)

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
O	15	25-S	33-E	-	50' S	2175' E	N 32.1234336	W 103.5586883	LEA

First Take Point (FTP)

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
O	15	25-S	33-E	-	100' S	2175' E	N 32.1235711	W 103.5586882	LEA

Last Take Point (LTP)

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
B	15	25-S	33-E	-	100' N	2175' E	N 32.1375292	W 103.5586810	LEA

Unitized Area or Area of Uniform Interest Unitized Area	Spacing Unity Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Horizontal <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical	Ground Floor Elevation 3380'
---	--	--

OPERATOR CERTIFICATION <p>I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; and, if the well is a vertical or directional well, that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.</p> <p>If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has received the consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.</p> <p><i>Shea Bailey</i> 11/15/24</p>		SURVEYORS CERTIFICATION <p>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.</p> <p><i>PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR</i> 24508</p> <p>9/11/2024 3:59:47 PM</p>	
Signature Shea Bailey Print Name shea_bailey@eogresources.com E-mail Address 		Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor Date 	
		Certificate Number 	Date of Survey 08/15/2024

C-102

Submit Electronically
Via OCD PermittingState of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

Revised July 9, 2024

Submittal Type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Initial Submittal
	<input type="checkbox"/> Amended Report
	<input type="checkbox"/> As Drilled

Property Name and Well Number

STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SURFACE LOCATION (SHL)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983
X=781803 Y=410209
LAT.: N 32.1253606
LONG.: W 103.5565607

NAD 1927
X=740617 Y=410151
LAT.: N 32.1252360
LONG.: W 103.5560890

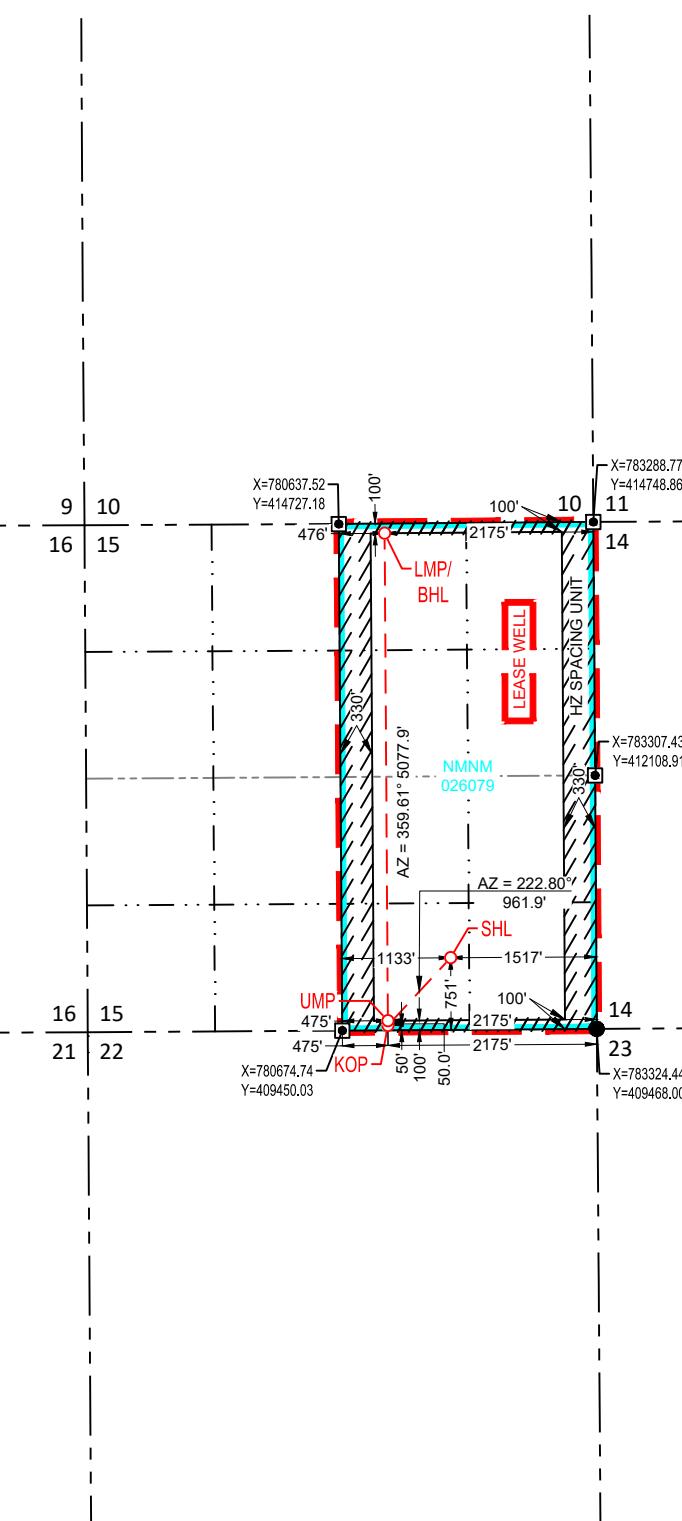
751' FSL 1517' FEL

KICK OFF POINT (KOP)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983
X=781149 Y=409503
LAT.: N 32.1234336
LONG.: W 103.5586883

NAD 1927
X=739963 Y=409445
LAT.: N 32.1233090
LONG.: W 103.5582166

50' FSL 2175' FEL

**UPPER MOST PERF. (UMP)**

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983
X=781149 Y=409553
LAT.: N 32.1235711
LONG.: W 103.5586882

NAD 1927
X=739963 Y=409495
LAT.: N 32.1234465
LONG.: W 103.5582166

100' FSL 2175' FEL

**LOWER MOST PERF. (LMP)
BOTTOM HOLE LOCATION (BHL)**

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983
X=781115 Y=414631
LAT.: N 32.1375292
LONG.: W 103.5586810

NAD 1927
X=739929 Y=414573
LAT.: N 32.1374047
LONG.: W 103.5582085

100' FNL 2175' FEL

SURVEYORS CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.
08/15/2024

Date of Survey

Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor:





APD ID: 10400102144

Submission Date: 11/22/2024

Highlighted data
reflects the most
recent changes

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

[Show Final Text](#)

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
15735064	PERMIAN	3355	0	0	ALLUVIUM	NONE	N
15735065	RUSTLER	2274	1081	1081	ANHYDRITE	NONE	N
15735066	TOP OF SALT	1932	1423	1423	SALT	NONE	N
15735067	BASE OF SALT	-1476	4831	4831	SALT	NONE	N
15735068	LAMAR	-1642	4997	4997	LIMESTONE	NONE	N
15735069	BELL CANYON	-1661	5016	5016	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15735070	CHERRY CANYON	-2747	6102	6102	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15735071	BRUSHY CANYON	-4236	7591	7591	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15735072	BONE SPRING LIME	-5814	9169	9169	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15735073	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6790	10145	10145	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15735074	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7318	10673	10673	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15735075	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8488	11843	11843	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15735076	WOLFCAMP	-8857	12212	12212	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10M

Rating Depth: 12646

Equipment: The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000 psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top. EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system. A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized. After running the 9-5/8 surface casing, a 9-5/8 BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Onshore Order No. 2. The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi. The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendors representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM. The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendors representative. All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or Jpacker type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized. A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5000 psi. Casing strings will be tested as per Onshore Order No. 2 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: NOT ALL VARIANCES FIT IN THIS SPACE, SEE VARIANCE REQUEST ATTACHMENT: Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 7-5/8" casing in the 8-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 8-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 5-1/2" casing by 7-5/8" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement. EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions: - Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings. - Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section. EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 7-5/8" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,619') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 270 sacks of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter. Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line). Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack. Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-3/4" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 6" casing by 8-3/4" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement. EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions: - Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings. - Annular clearance I

Testing Procedure: EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following: Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad. Full BOPE test every 20 days per Onshore Order No. 2. Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2. Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation. After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad. TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H

See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a -Offline Cement Intermediate Operational Procedure" Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe. EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program. EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

10M_Choke_Manifold_20230317082136.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

EOG_BLM_Variance_3a_b___BOP_Break_test_and_Offline_Intermediate_Cement_8.15.2023_20240703081508.pdf

EOG_BLM_10M_Annular_Variance___9.625_in_20230317082158.pdf

Wellhead_3_string_10.750x8.750x6.000_Cactus_SDT_3141_1_20230317082158.pdf

Gates_Co_Flex_Hose_Test_Chart_and_Certifications_20241001081444.pdf

Wellhead_9.675x7.625x5.500in_csg_20230317082158.pdf

VARIANCE_WOLFCAMP_DOCUMENT_20230511080619.pdf

EOG_BLM_Variance_2a___Intermediate_Bradenhead_Cement_8.15.2023_20240703081508.pdf

EOG_BLM_Variance_2b___Wolfcamp_Intermediate_Casing_Setpoint_2024.06.26_20241001081526.pdf

Blanket_Casing_Design___Streetcar_15_Fed_DEEP_11.13.2024_20241119132722.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Variances_20241120085010.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	1182	0	1182	3355	2173	1182	J-55	36	LT&C	1.125	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
2	PRODUCTION	6.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	11802	0	11722	3182	-8367	11802	P-110	20	OTHER - DWC/C IS MS	1.125	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
3	INTERMEDIATE	8.75	7.625	NEW	API	N	0	12302	0	12222	3583	-8867	12302	OTH ER - ICY P-110	29.7	OTHER - MO FXL	1.125	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
4	PRODUCTION	6.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	12302	17646	12222	12646	-8867	-9291	5344	P-110	20	OTHER - VAM Sprint SF	1.125	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
5	PRODUCTION	6.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	12302	17646	12222	12646	-8852	-9291	5344	P-110	20	OTHER - DWC/C IS MS	1.125	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H**Casing Attachments****Casing ID:** 1 **String** SURFACE**Inspection Document:****Spec Document:****Tapered String Spec:****Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

See_previously_attached_Drill_Plan_20241120085209.pdf

9.625in_36lbf_J_55_LTC_20241120085209.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Permit_Info__Dual__20241120085209.pdf

Casing ID: 2 **String** PRODUCTION**Inspection Document:****Spec Document:****Tapered String Spec:****Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

5.500in_20.00ppf_VST_P110EC_DWC_C_IS_MS_CDS_AB_20241120085257.pdf

Casing ID: 3 **String** INTERMEDIATE**Inspection Document:****Spec Document:****Tapered String Spec:****Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

7.625in_29.700lbf__HCP110_FXL_20241120085141.pdf

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4 String PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:**Spec Document:****Tapered String Spec:****Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

5.500in_20.00lbf_P110_EC_DWC_C_IS_MS_20241120085233.pdf

Casing ID: 5 String PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:**Spec Document:****Tapered String Spec:****Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

5.500in_20.00lbf_P110_EC_VAM_SPRINT_SF_20241120085354.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
PRODUCTION	Lead		7390	0	580	1.11	14.2	643.8	25	Class C	1st Stage (Tail): Class C + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7390')
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	1230 2	1000	1.5	14.8	1500	25	Class C	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	982	330	1.73	13.5	570.9	25	Class C	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
SURFACE	Tail		982	1182	100	1.34	14.8	134	25	Class C	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 936')
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	1036 9	1403	2.05	12.5	2876. 15	25	Class C	1st Stage (Tail): Class C + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface')
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		1036 9	1764 6	565	1.47	13.2	827.6 1	25	Class C	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ 10369)

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times. (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times. (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: The highest mud weight needed to balance formation is expected to be 11.5 ppg. In order to maintain hole stability, mud weights up to 14.0 ppg may be utilized. An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate. Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

Circulating Medium Table

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	pH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
1224 5	1264 6	OIL-BASED MUD	10	14							
0	1182	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	8.8							
1182	1128 9	SALT SATURATED	10	10.2							
1128 9	1224 5	OIL-BASED MUD	8.7	9.4							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.

GRCC will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY,

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 9206

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 6423

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 196

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geohazards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_H2S_Plan_Summary_20241120085558.pdf

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Planning_Report_20241120085612.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Wall_Plot_20241120085612.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both A and B sections). The weld will be tested to 1,000 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

10.750in_40.5ppf_J55_STC_20230317084233.pdf

10M_BOP_Diagram_11.000in_20230317084234.pdf

10M_Choke_Manifold_20230317084235.pdf

5.500in_20.00lbf_P110_EC_DWC_C_IS_MS_20230317084223.pdf

5.500in_20.00lbf_P110_EC_VAM_SPRINT_SF_20230317084223.pdf

6.000in_22.30ppf_VST_P110EC_DWC_20230317084223.pdf

7.625in_29.700lbf_HCP110_FXL_20230317084223.pdf

8.750in_38.5ppf_P110EC_SPRINT_SF_20230317084223.pdf

9.625in_36lbf_J_55_LTC_20230317084223.pdf

Wellhead_3_string_10.750x8.750x6.000_Cactus_SDT_3141_1_20230317084235.pdf

Wellhead_9.675x7.625x5.500in_csg_20230317084236.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Rig_Layout_20241120085627.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Variances_20241120085627.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Permit_Info__Dual__20241120085627.pdf

Other Variance request(s): Y

Other Variance attachment:

EOG_BLM_Variance_3a__Offline_Cement_Intermediate_Operational_Procedure_20230317084842.pdf

BLM_Waste_Management_Plan_Lea_County_20241003135648.pdf

Blanket_Casing_Design__Streetcar_15_Fed_DEEP_11.13.2024_20241119133800.pdf

EOG_BLM_10M_Annular_Variance__9.625_in_20240703083311.pdf

EOG_BLM_Variance_2a__Intermediate_Bradenhead_Cement_8.15.2023_20240703083311.pdf

EOG_BLM_Variance_3a_b__BOP_Break_test_and_Offline_Intermediate_Cement_8.15.2023_20240703083311.pdf

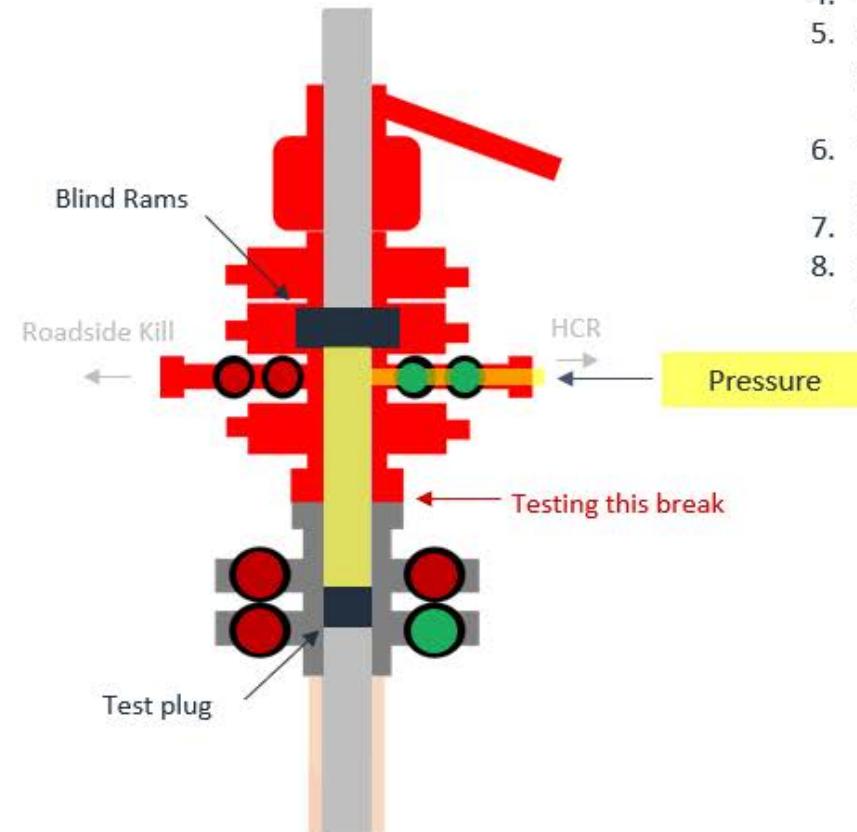
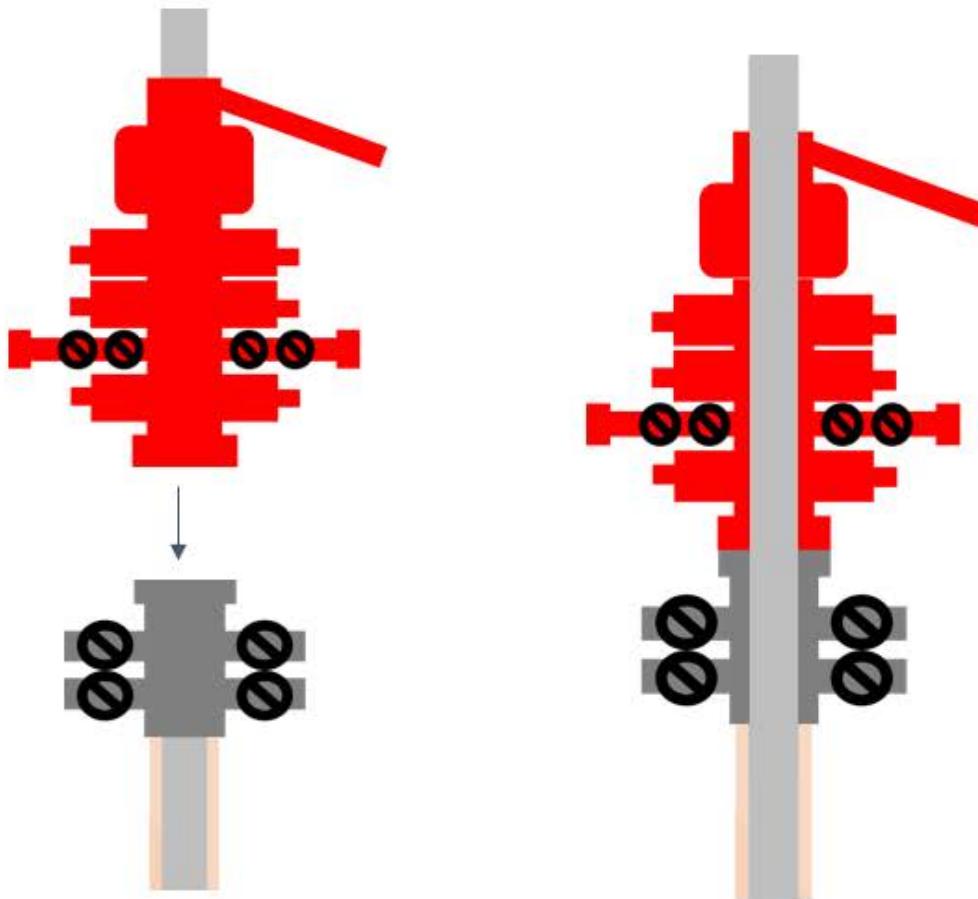
Gates_Co_Flex_Hose_Test_Chart_and_Certifications_20241004063412.pdf

**Break-test BOP & Offline Cementing:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of ECFR Title 43 Part 3172.6(b)(9)(iv) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days.
- This test will be conducted for 5M rated hole intervals only.
- Each rig requesting the break-test variance is capable of picking up the BOP without damaging components using winches, following API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth edition, December 2018, Annex C. Table C.4) which recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice.
- Function tests will be performed on the following BOP elements:
 - Annular à during each full BOPE test
 - Upper Pipe Rams à On trip ins where FIT required
 - Blind Rams à Every trip
 - Lower Pipe Rams à during each full BOPE test
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.

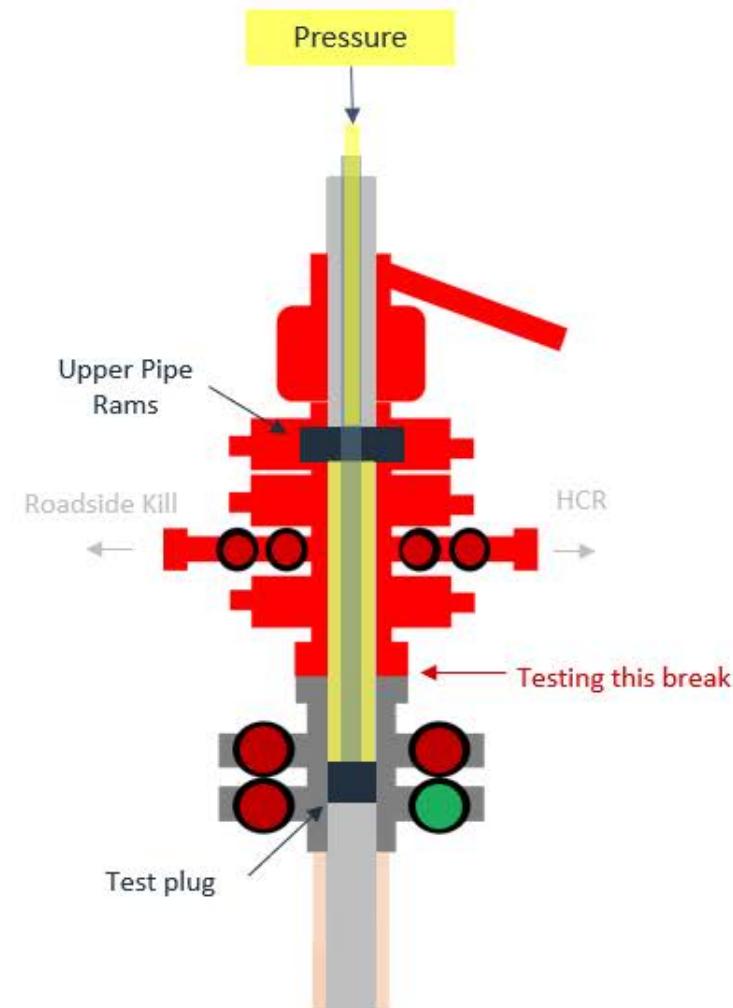
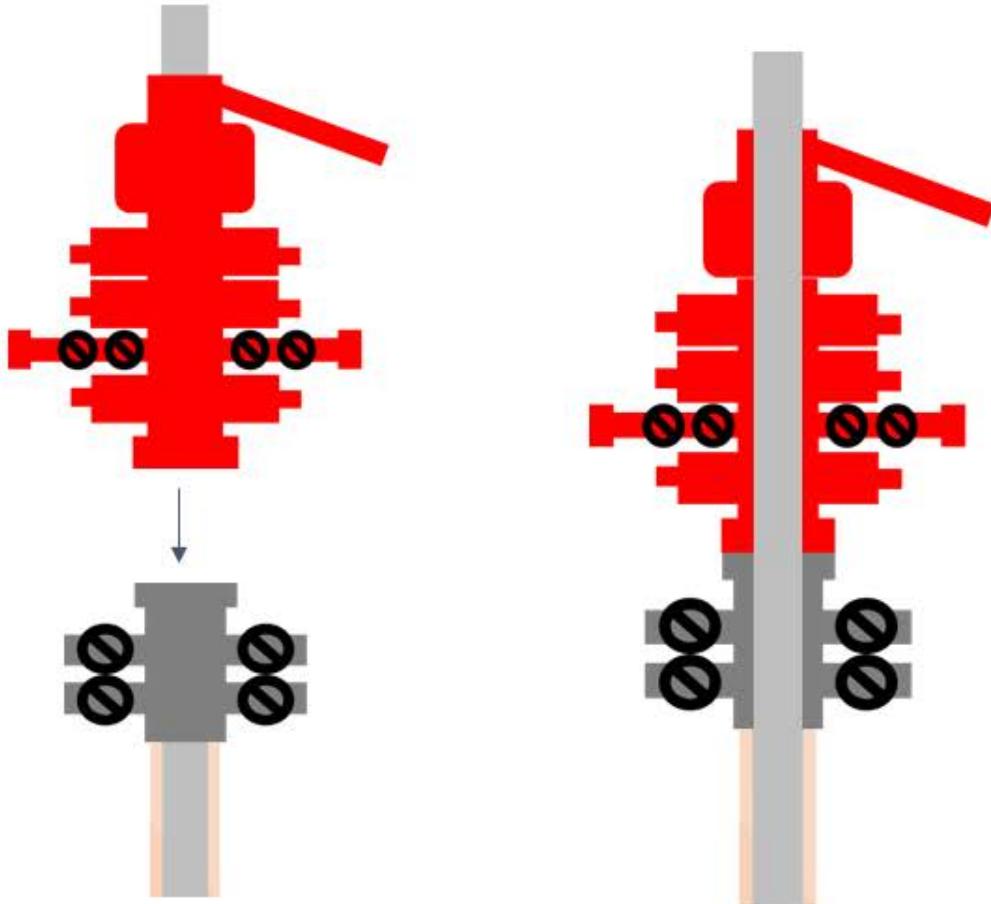
Break Test Diagram (HCR valve)



Steps

1. Set plug in wellhead (lower barrier)
2. Close Blind Rams (upper barrier)
3. Close roadside kill
4. Open HCR (pressure application)
5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to main choke manifold crown valve
7. Pressure up to test break
8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit

Break Test Diagram (Test Joint)



Steps

1. Set plug in with test joint wellhead (lower barrier)
2. Close Upper Pipe Rams (upper barrier)
3. Close roadside kill
4. Close HCR
5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to top of test joint
7. Pressure up to test break
8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit



Cement Program

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing

1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
 - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
 - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the **casing will be cemented online**.
3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
 - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
 - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
4. Set pack-off
 - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
 - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
 - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
 - a. **Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nipped down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.**
7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
 - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
 - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
 - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
 - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nipped back up for any further remediation.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

2/24/2022

- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
 - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
 - b. If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
 - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
11. Install offline cement tool.
 - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
 - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
 - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
 - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
14. Pump cement job as per plan.
 - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
 - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
 - a. With floats holding and backside static:
 - i. Remove cement head.
 - b. If floats are leaking:
 - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
 - c. If there is flow on the backside:
 - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
16. Remove offline cement tool.
17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



Example Well Control Plan Content

A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the **5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well**, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nipped up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

B. Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

General Procedure While Circulating

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

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6. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

General Procedure While Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
9. Read and record the following
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

General Procedure After Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
3. Confirm shut-in.
4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead



Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

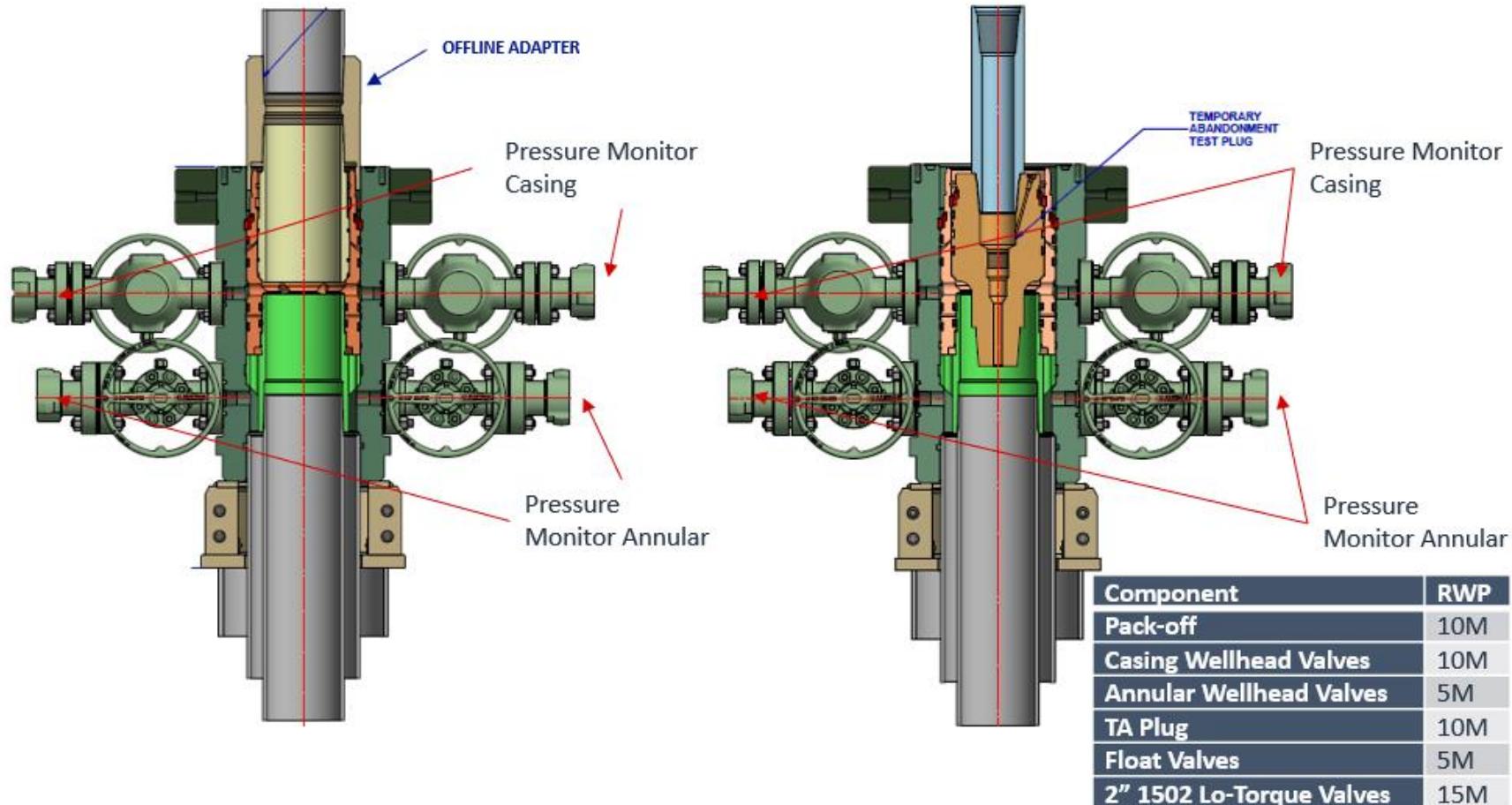
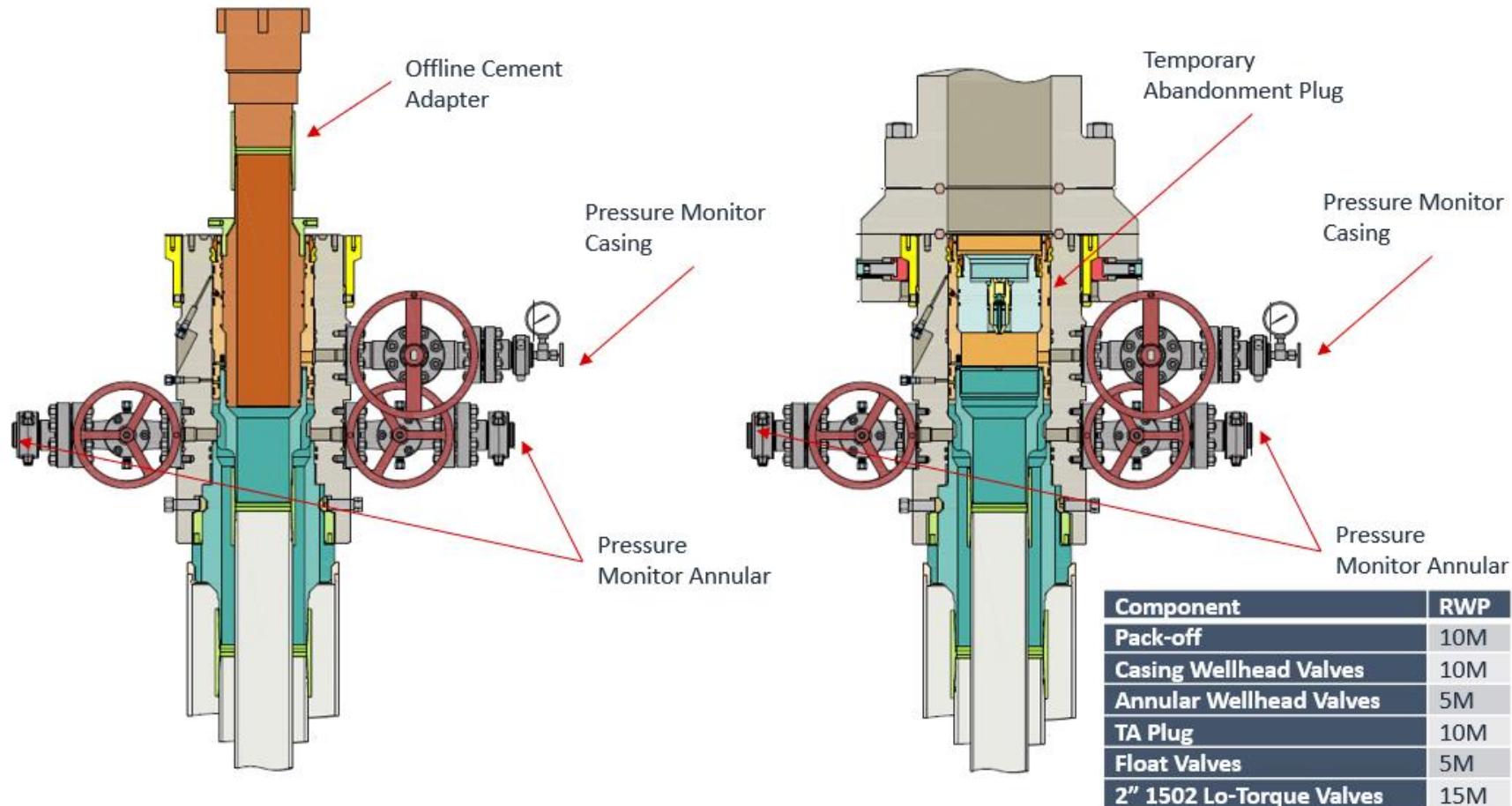
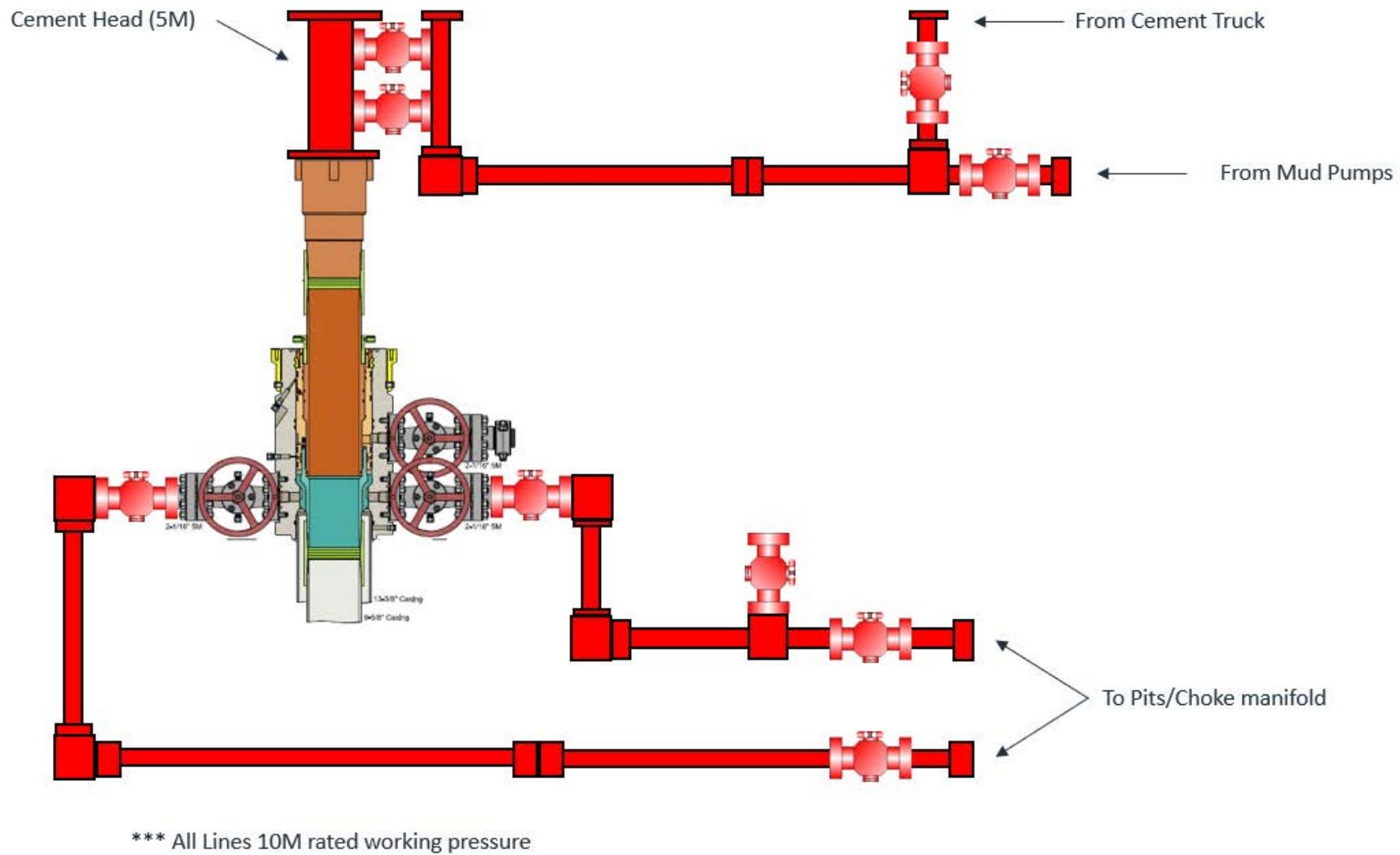
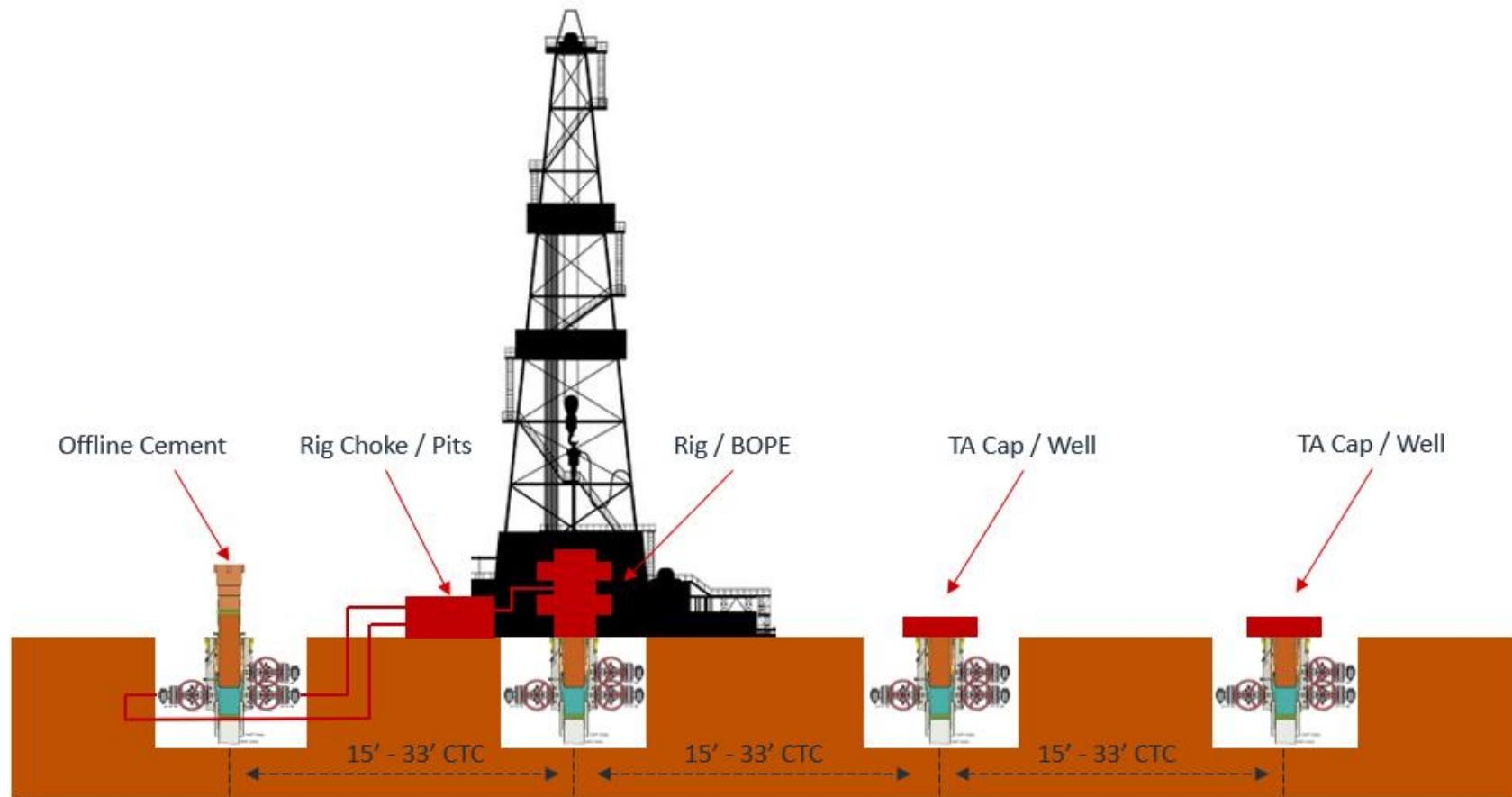




Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic



**Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up**

**Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram**

10,000 PSI BOP Annular Variance Request

EOG Resources request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

The tables below outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

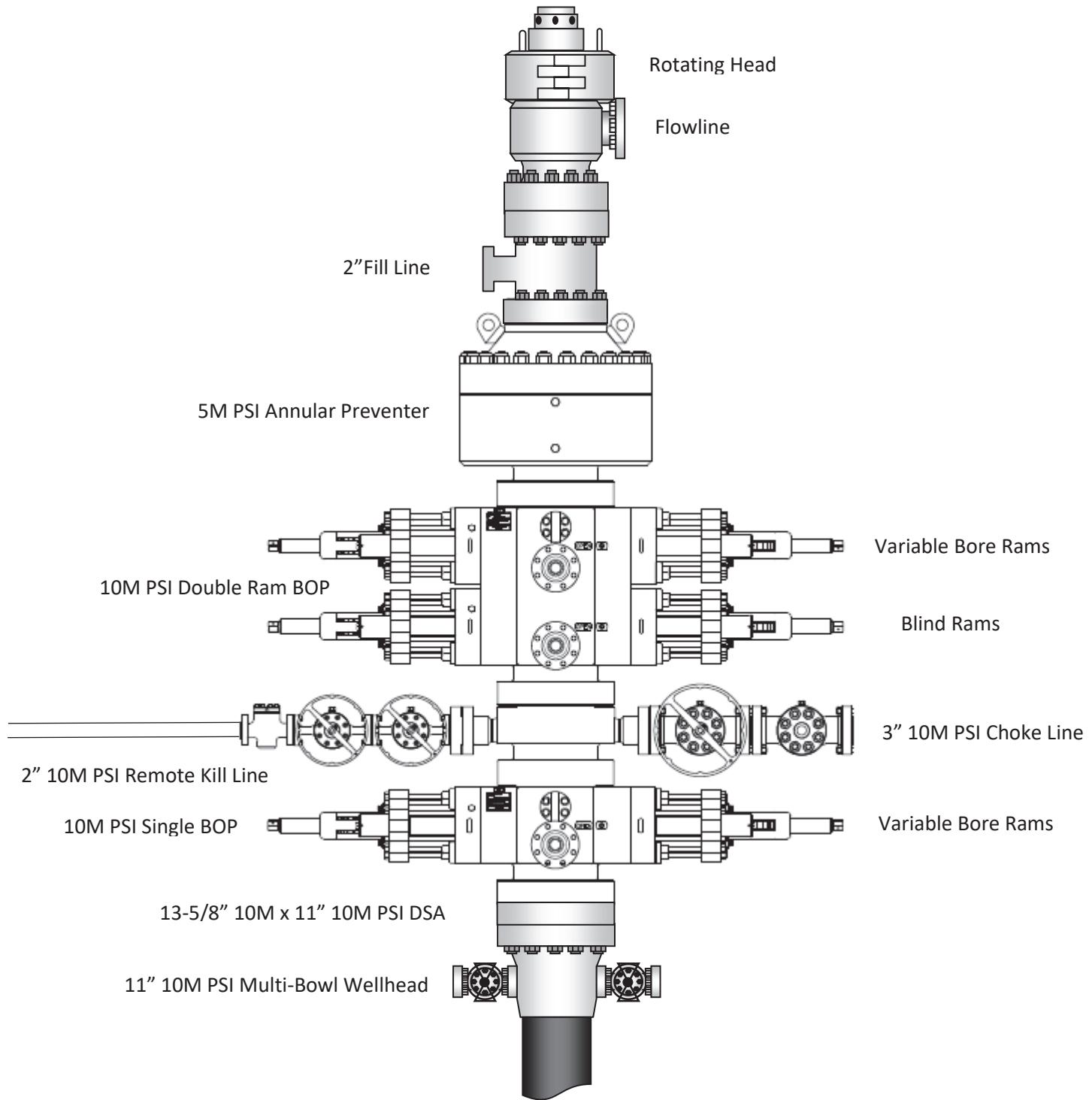
9-7/8" & 8-3/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Jars	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500 – 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	6.750 – 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Intermediate casing	7.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

6-3/4" Production Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
DCs and MWD tools	4.750 – 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Mud Motor	4.750 – 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Mud Motor	5.500 – 5.750"	Annular	5M	-	-
Production casing	5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

EOG Resources

11" 10M PSI BOP Stack



2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the EOG Resources drilling supervisor's office on location, and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 100% of its RWP.

General Procedure While Drilling

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Space out drill string
3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
4. Shut-in Well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Tripping

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out drill string
4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Running Production Casing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out string

4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Shut-in with blind rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
3. Confirm shut-in
4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
6. Regroup and identify forward plan

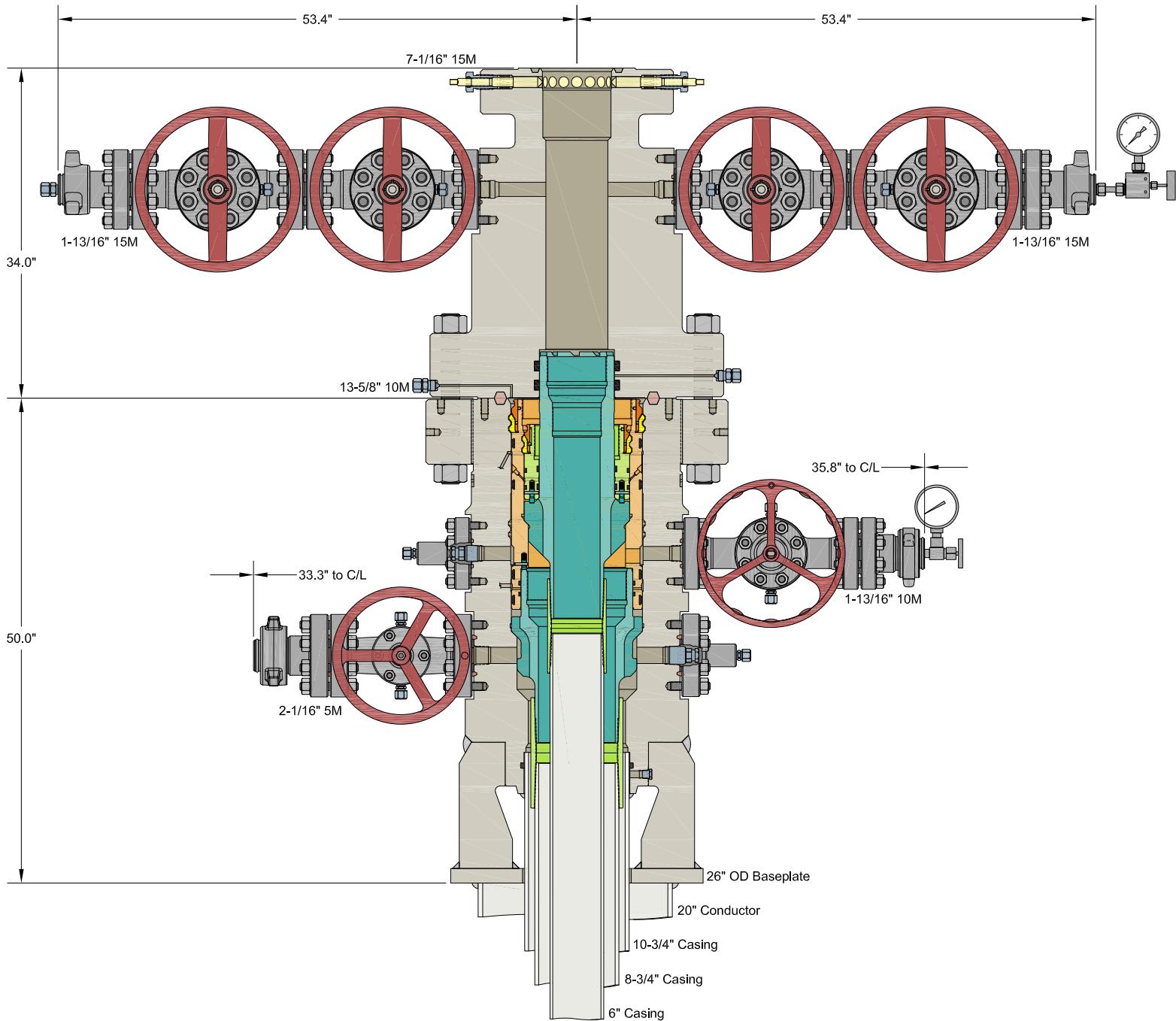
General Procedures While Pulling BHA thru Stack

1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe thru the stack.
 - a. Perform flowcheck, if flowing:
 - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - c. Stab full opening safety valve and close
 - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
 - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
 - f. Confirm shut-in
 - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - h. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
 - i. Regroup and identify forward plan
2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
 - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
 - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
 - e. Confirm shut-in
 - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - g. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP

- ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
- h. Regroup and identify forward plan

3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.

- a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" scenario.
- c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull the string clear of the stack:
- d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe, and full opening safety valve and close
- e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram.
- f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- g. Confirm shut-in
- h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- i. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
- j. Regroup and identify forward plan



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ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC

10-3/4" x 8-3/4" x 6" MBU-3T-SF-SOW Wellhead System
With 8-5/8" & 6" Pin Bottom Mandrel Casing Hangers
And 13-5/8" 10M x 7-1/16" 15M CTH-DBLHPS Tubing Head

EOG RESOURCES

DRAWN	DLE	14APR21
APPRV		
DRAWING NO.		SDT-3141-1



BLACK GOLD®

Nabors 1210
Choke hose
10-28-22

GATES ENGINEERING & SERVICES NORTH AMERICA
7603 Prairie Oak Dr.
Houston, TX. 77086

PHONE: +1 (281) 602-4100
FAX: +1 (281) 602-4147
EMAIL: gesna.quality@gates.com
WEB: www.gates.com/oilandgas

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

This is to verify that the items detailed below meet the requirements of the Customer's Purchase Order referenced herein, and are in Conformance with applicable specifications, and that Records of Required Tests are on file and subject to examination. The following items were inspected and hydrostatically tested at **Gates Engineering & Services North America** facilities in Houston, TX, USA.

CUSTOMER: NABORS DRILLING TECHNOLOGIES USA DBA NABORS DRILLING USA

CUSTOMER P.O.#: 15485579 (NABORS PO#15485579 SN 73981ASSET 66-1486)

CUSTOMER P/N: IMR RETEST SN 73981 ASSET #66-1486

PART DESCRIPTION: RETEST OF CUSTOMER 3" X 45 FT 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY C/W 4 1/16" 10K FLANGES

SALES ORDER #: 525500

QUANTITY: 1

SERIAL #: 73981 H3-101822-15

SIGNATURE:

QUALITY ASSURANCE

TITLE:

DATE:

10/18/2022



H3-10667

10/18/2022 11:48:25 AM

TEST REPORT

CUSTOMER

Company: Nabors Industries Inc.

TEST OBJECT

Serial number: H3-101822-15

Production description:

Sales order #: 525500

Lot number:

Customer reference:

FG0144

Description:

TEST INFORMATION

Test procedure: GTS-04-053

Hose ID: 3.0 CK03 16C 10K

Test pressure: 15000.00 psi

Part number: 3.0 x 4-1/16 10K

Test pressure hold: 3600.00 sec

Description:

Work pressure: 10000.00 psi

Fitting 1:

Work pressure hold: 900.00 sec

Part number:

Length difference: 0.00 %

Description:

Length difference: 0.00 inch

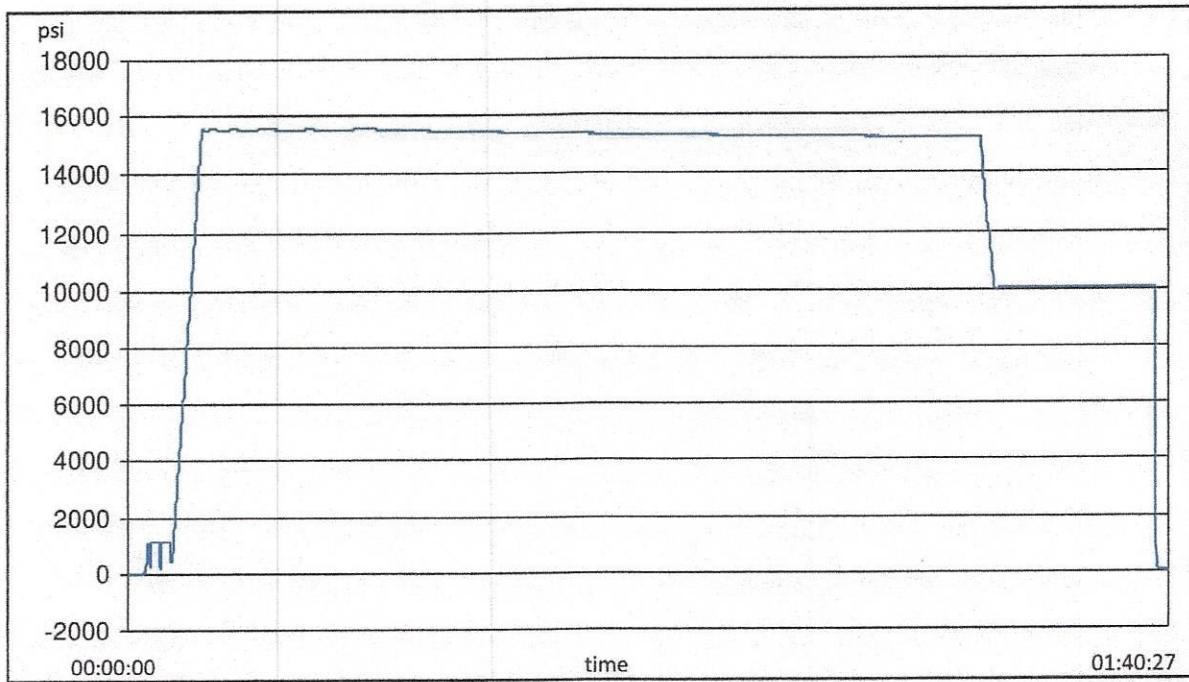
Visual check:

Length: 45 feet

Pressure test result: PASS

Length measurement result:

Test operator: Martin





H3-10667

10/18/2022 11:48:25 AM

TEST REPORT

GAUGE TRACEABILITY

Description	Serial number	Calibration date	Calibration due date
S-25-A-W	110AMCL2	2022-01-10	2023-01-10
S-25-A-W	110APO2K	2022-01-10	2023-01-10

Comment



Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram

License Number: 7K-0519

ORIGINAL

The American Petroleum Institute hereby grants to

**GATES ENGINEERING AND SERVICES
7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX
United States**

the right to use the Official API Monogram® on manufactured products under the conditions in the official publications of the American Petroleum Institute entitled API Spec Q1® and **API-7K** and in accordance with the provisions of the License Agreement.

In all cases where the Official API Monogram is applied, the API Monogram shall be used in conjunction with this certificate number: **7K-0519**

The American Petroleum Institute reserves the right to revoke this authorization to use the Official API Monogram for any reason satisfactory to the Board of Directors of the American Petroleum Institute.

The scope of this license includes the following: High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses at FSL 0, at FSL 1, at FSL 2

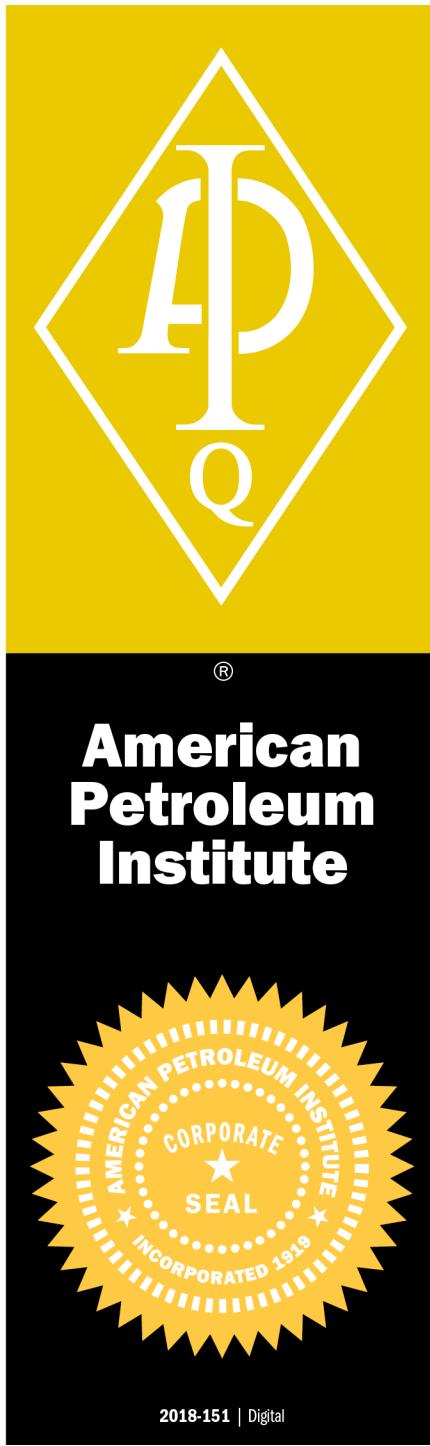
QMS Exclusions: Servicing

**Effective Date: DECEMBER 18, 2021
Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2024**

To verify the authenticity of this license, go to www.api.org/compositelist.

A handwritten signature in black ink.

Vice President of Product Management



Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram

License Number: 16C-0485

ORIGINAL

The American Petroleum Institute hereby grants to

**GATES ENGINEERING AND SERVICES
7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX
United States**

the right to use the Official API Monogram® on manufactured products under the conditions in the official publications of the American Petroleum Institute entitled API Spec Q1® and **API-16C** and in accordance with the provisions of the License Agreement.

In all cases where the Official API Monogram is applied, the API Monogram shall be used in conjunction with this certificate number: **16C-0485**

The American Petroleum Institute reserves the right to revoke this authorization to use the Official API Monogram for any reason satisfactory to the Board of Directors of the American Petroleum Institute.

The scope of this license includes the following: Flexible Choke and Kill Lines at FSL 0, FSL 1, FSL 2, FSL 3

QMS Exclusions: Servicing

**Effective Date: DECEMBER 18, 2021
Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2024**

To verify the authenticity of this license, go to www.api.org/compositelist.



Vice President of Product Management



American
Petroleum
Institute

REGISTRATION NO. Q1-3650

Certificate of Registration

The American Petroleum Institute certifies that the quality management system of

GATES ENGINEERING AND SERVICES
7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX
United States

has been assessed by the American Petroleum Institute and found to be in conformance with the following:

API Spec Q1, 9th Edition

The scope of this registration and the approved quality management system applies to the:

Assembly and Pressure Test of High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses, Flexible Choke and Kill Lines, and General Rubber Hydraulic Hose Assemblies

API approves the organization's justification for excluding:

Servicing

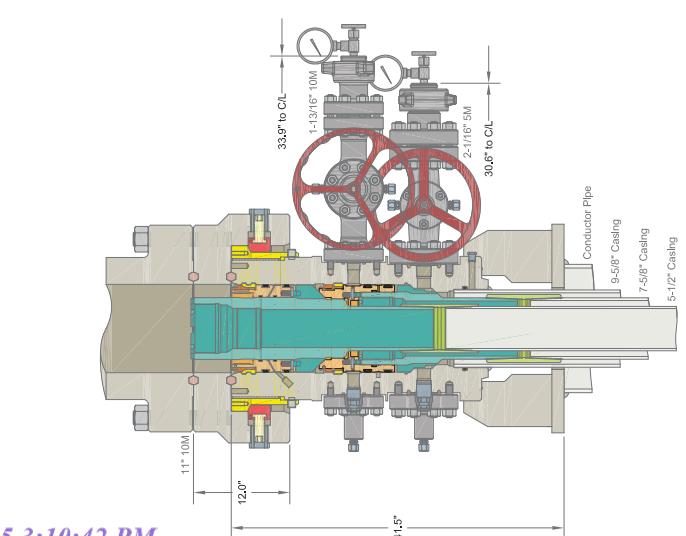
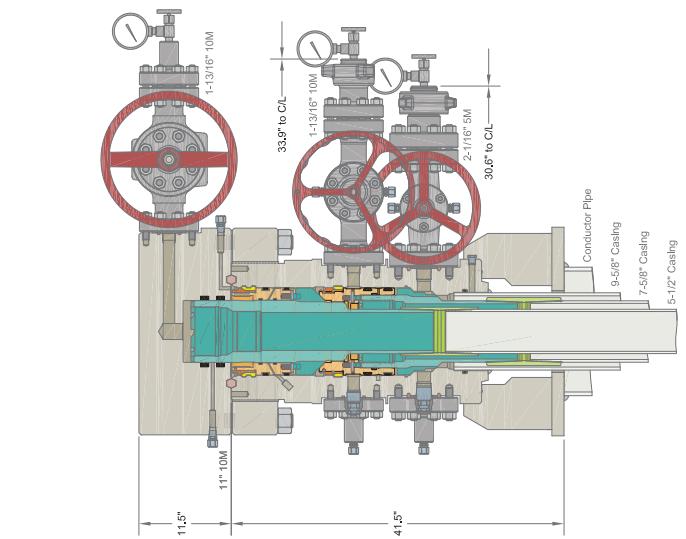
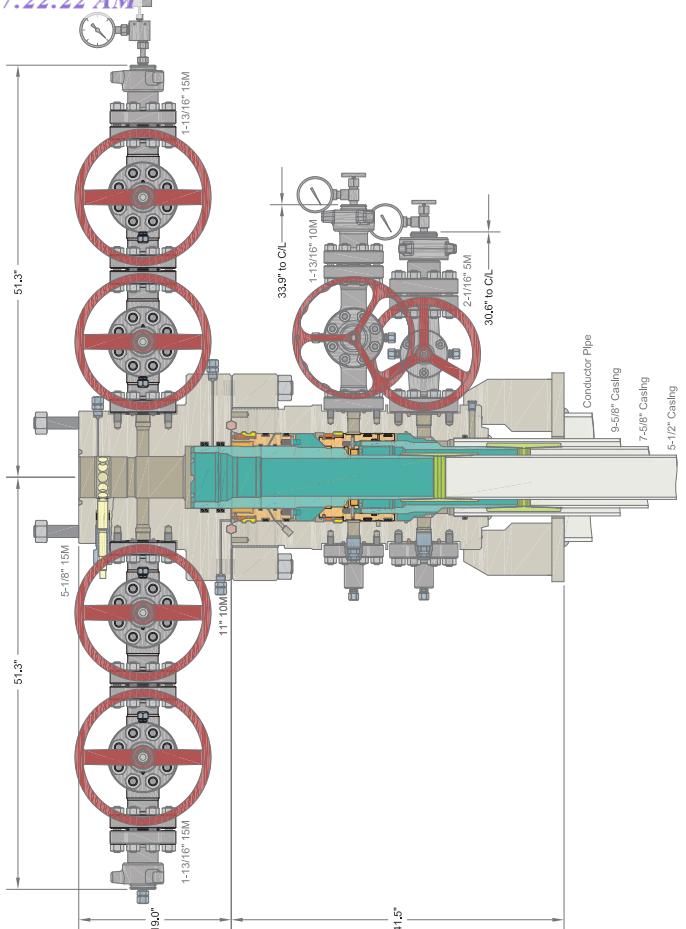


Effective Date:
Expiration Date:
Registered Since:

DECEMBER 18, 2021
DECEMBER 18, 2024
DECEMBER 18, 2018

Vice President of Product Management

This certificate is valid for the period specified herein. The registered organization must continually meet all requirements of API Spec Q1, *Specification for Quality Management System Requirements for Manufacturing Organizations for the Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry*, and the requirements of the Registration Agreement. Registration is maintained and regularly monitored through annual full system audits. This certificate has been issued from API offices located at 200 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20001-5571, U.S.A. It is the property of API, and must be returned upon request. **To verify the authenticity of this certificate, go to www.api.org/compositelist.**



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CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC

EOG RESOURCES DELAWARE

ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

20" x 9-5/8" x 7-5/8" x 5-1/2" MBU-T-SF SOW Wellhead System
With 11" 10M x 5-1/8" 15M CMT-DBLHPS-SB Tubing Head,
Mandrel Hangers, Quick Connect Drilling Adapter And TA Cap

DRAWN	DLE	23OCT18
APPRV		

DRAWING NO.

HBE00000010

VARIANCE REQUEST LIST

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 7-5/8" casing in the 8-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 8-3/4 hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 5-1/2" casing by 7-5/8" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 7-5/8" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,520') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 250 sacks of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2.

VARIANCE REQUEST LIST

- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.
- See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a -Offline Cement Intermediate Operational Procedure"

EOG respectively requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

- 19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING REQUIREMENTS:

J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-3/4" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 6" casing by 8-3/4" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 8-3/4" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the

VARIANCE REQUEST LIST

calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,520') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 420 sacks of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

**Intermediate Bradenhead Cement:**

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon and the second stage performed as 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top of cement will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.



Wolfcamp Intermediate Casing Setpoint:

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.



EOG Batch Casing

Pad Name: Streetcar 15 Fed DEEP

SHL: Section 15, Township 25-S, Range 33-E, LEA County, NM

Well Name	API #	Surface		Intermediate		Production	
		MD	TVD	MD	TVD	MD	TVD
Streetcar 15 Fed #721H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,277	12,222	17,625	12,646
Streetcar 15 Fed #722H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,302	12,222	17,646	12,646
Streetcar 15 Fed #741H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,570	12,498	17,970	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #742H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,648	12,498	18,039	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #743H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,550	12,498	17,949	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #744H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,634	12,498	18,029	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #751H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,671	12,605	18,073	13,082
Streetcar 15 Fed #752H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,657	12,605	18,055	13,082
Streetcar 15 Fed #753H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,655	12,605	18,057	13,082



EOG Batch Casing

Variances

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d - Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 2b - Wolfcamp Intermediate Casing Setpoint
- EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement



EOG Batch Casing

GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Rustler	1,081'
Tamarisk Anhydrite	1,157'
Top of Salt	1,423'
Base of Salt	4,831'
Lamar	4,997'
Bell Canyon	5,016'
Cherry Canyon	6,102'
Brushy Canyon	7,591'
Bone Spring Lime	9,169'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'
3rd Bone Spring Carb	11,189'
3rd Bone Spring Sand	11,843'
Wolfcamp	12,212'

ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0- 400'	Fresh Water
Bell Canyon	5,016'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	6,102'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,591'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting surface casing at 1,190' and circulating cement back to surface.

**Streetcar 15 Fed 722H API #: 30-025-***** Variances**

EOG respectfully requests the below variances to be applied to the above well:

- Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the intermediate casing in the intermediate hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the intermediate interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

- Variance is also requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the production casing in the production hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the production interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

- EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation or the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

- Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

- Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

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A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement

- EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement

Metal One Corp. Metal One	MO-FXL Connection Data Sheet	Page	MCTP																																																																																																																																					
		Date	3-Nov-16																																																																																																																																					
		Rev.	0																																																																																																																																					
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See previously attached Drill Plan



GENERIC MILL
U.S. Steel Tubular Products
9.625" 36.00lbs/ft (0.352" Wall) J55

2/9/2021 7:39:08 AM



MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	--	--	--	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	--	--	--	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	--	--	--	psi
DIMENSIONS	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	9.625	10.625	10.625	10.625	in.
Wall Thickness	0.352	--	--	--	in.
Inside Diameter	8.921	8.921	8.921	8.921	in.
Standard Drift	8.765	8.765	8.765	8.765	in.
Alternate Drift	--	--	0.000	--	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	36.00	--	--	--	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	34.89	--	--	--	lbs/ft
PERFORMANCE	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,520	3,520	3,520	3,520	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	564	--	--	--	1,000 lbs
Joint Strength	--	639	453	394	1,000 lbs
Reference Length	--	11,833	8,389	7,288	ft
MAKE-UP DATA	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	--	4.81	4.75	3.38	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	--	--	3,400	2,960	ft-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	--	--	5,660	4,930	ft-lbs



Legal Notice

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U. S. Steel Tubular Products
460 Wildwood Forest Drive, Suite 300S
Spring, Texas 77380
1-877-893-9461
connections@uss.com
www.usstubular.com



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Rustler	1,081'
Tamarisk Anhydrite	1,157'
Top of Salt	1,423'
Base of Salt	4,831'
Lamar	4,997'
Bell Canyon	5,016'
Cherry Canyon	6,102'
Brushy Canyon	7,591'
Bone Spring Lime	9,169'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'
3rd Bone Spring Carb	11,189'
3rd Bone Spring Sand	11,843'
Wolfcamp	12,212'
TD	12,646'

3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0- 400' Fresh Water
Lamar	4,997' Oil
Cherry Canyon	6,102' Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,591' Oil
Bone Spring Lime	9,169' Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227' Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145' Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358' Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673' Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 9-5/8" or 10-3/4" casing at 1,182' and circulating cement back to surface.



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4. CASING PROGRAM - Design A

Hole Size	Interval MD From (ft)	Interval MD To (ft)	Interval TVD From (ft)	Interval TVD To (ft)	Csg OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
12-1/4"	0	1,182	0	1,182	9-5/8"	36#	J-55	LTC
8-3/4"	0	12,302	0	12,222	7-5/8"	29.7#	ICYP-110	MO FXL
6-3/4"	0	11,802	0	11,722	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS
6-3/4"	11,802	12,302	11,722	12,222	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint SF
6-3/4"	12,302	17,646	12,222	12,646	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 7-5/8" casing in the 8-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 8-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 5-1/2" casing by 7-5/8" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Depth MD	No. Sacks	Wt. ppg	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description
1,182' 9-5/8"	330	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	100	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 982')
12,302' 7-5/8"	580	14.2	1.11	1st Stage (Tail): Class C/H + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7,390')
	1000	14.8	1.5	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
17,646' 5-1/2" 5-1/2"	1403	12.5	2.05	Lead: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface)
	565	13.2	1.47	Tail: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 10,369')



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Additive	Purpose
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator
MagOx	Expansive agent
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator
FL-62	Fluid loss control
Halad-344	Fluid loss control
Halad-9	Fluid loss control
HR-601	Retarder
Microbond	Expansive Agent

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 7-5/8" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,591') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 100 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

6. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL:

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000 psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top.



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system.

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe.

7. TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM:

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal.

The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Depth	Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 1,182'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
1,182' – 11,289'	Brine	10.0-10.2	28-34	N/c
11,289' – 12,245'	Oil Base	8.7-9.4	58-68	N/c - 6
12,245' – 17,646' Lateral	Oil Base	10.0-14.0	58-68	4 - 6

The highest mud weight needed to balance formation is expected to be 11.5 ppg. In order to maintain hole stability, mud weights up to 14.0 ppg may be utilized.

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT:

- (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.



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9. LOGGING, TESTING AND CORING PROGRAM:

Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.

GR-CCL Will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

10. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

The estimated bottom-hole temperature (BHT) at TD is 196 degrees F with an estimated maximum bottom-hole pressure (BHP) at TD of 9,206 psig and a maximum anticipated surface pressure of 6,424 psig (based on 14.0 ppg MW). No hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. Severe loss circulation is expected from 7,591' to intermediate casing point.

11. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

12. WELLHEAD:

A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized.

After running the surface casing, a BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Onshore Order No. 2.

The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi.

The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendor's representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendor's representative.

All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or J-packer type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized.

A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5,000 psi.

Casing strings will be tested as per Onshore Order No. 2 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.
- See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement 8.15.2023"



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

13. TUBING REQUIREMENTS

EOG respectfully requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

- 19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING REQUIREMENTS:
J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.

14. VARIANCE REQUESTS:

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- Intermediate Bradenhead Cement: see attached "EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement 8.15.2023" document
- Break-test BOP and Offline Cementing: see attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement 8.15.2023" document
- Production Offline Cement - EOG BLM Variance 3d document
- EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin. See attached "EOG BLM Variance 2b - Wolfcamp Intermediate Casing Setpoint 2024.06.26" document



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

751' FSL
1517' FEL
Section 15
T-25-S, R-33-E

Proposed Wellbore
API: 30-025-*****

KB: 3380'
GL: 3355'

Bit Size: 12-1/4"

9-5/8", 36#, J-55, LTC
@ 0' - 1,182'

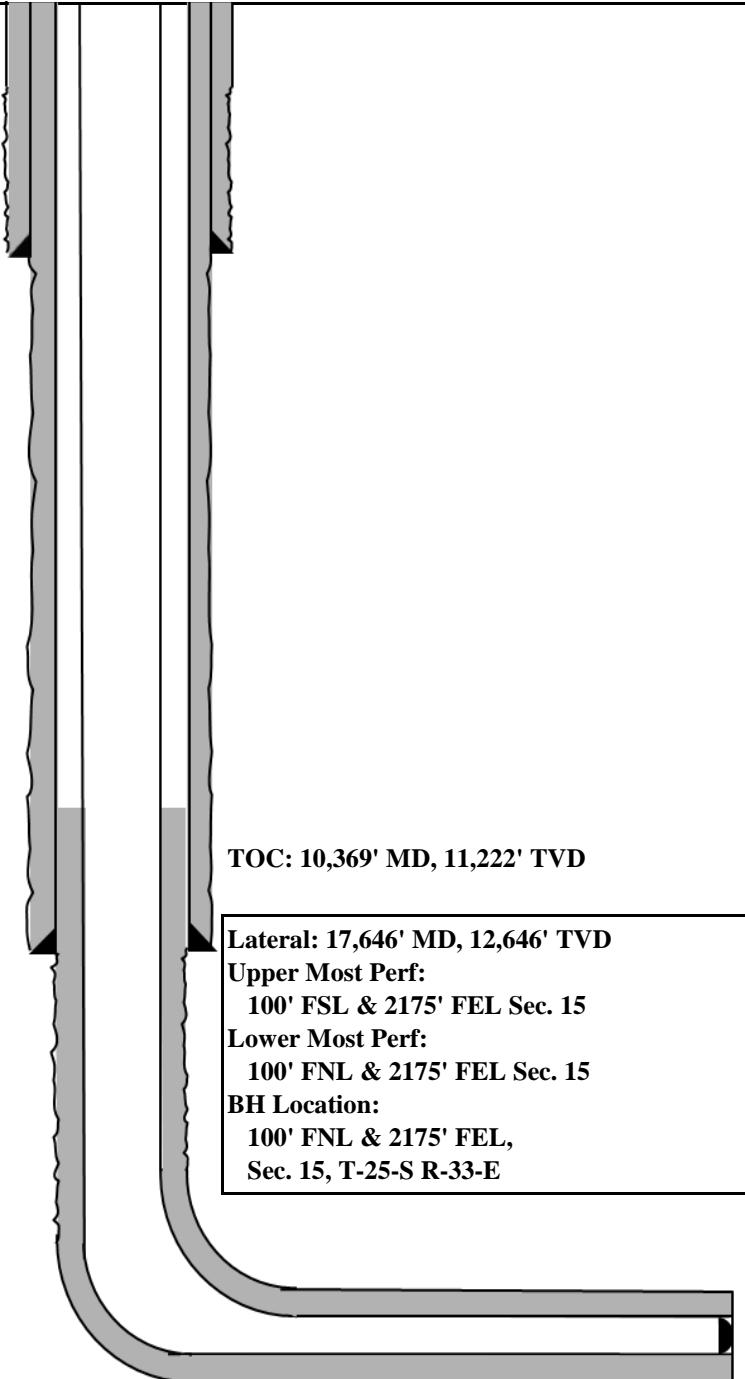
Bit Size: 8-3/4"

7-5/8", 29.7#, ICYP-110, MO FXL
@ 0' - 12,245'

Bit Size: 7.875|6-3/4"

5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 0' - 11,722'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint SF
@ 11,722' - 12,222'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 12,222' - 17,646'

KOP: 12,245' MD, 12,169' TVD
EOC: 12,995' MD, 12,646' TVD





Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

Design B**4. CASING PROGRAM**

Hole Size	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)				
13"	0	1,182	0	1,182	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	12,302	0	12,222	8-3/4"	38.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-SF
7-7/8"	0	11,802	0	11,722	6"	22.3#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS
6-3/4"	11,802	17,646	11,722	12,646	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

**For highlighted rows above, variance is requested to run entire string of either 6" or 5-1/2" casing string above.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-3/4" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings by 8-3/4" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Depth MD	No. Sacks	Wt. ppg	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description
1,182' 10-3/4"	300	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	100	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 982')
12,302' 8-3/4"	650	14.2	1.11	1st Stage (Tail): Class C/H + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7,390')
	1000	14.8	1.5	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
17,646' 6" 5-1/2"	1010	12.5	2.05	Lead: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface)
	570	13.2	1.47	Tail: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 10,369')



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 8-3/4" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,591') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 100 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

6. WELLHEAD:

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 20 days per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.
- See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a -Offline Cement Intermediate Operational Procedure"



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

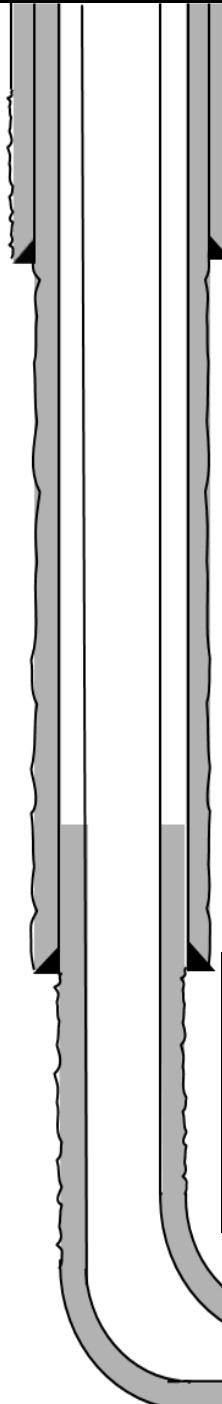
751' FSL
1517' FEL
Section 15
T-25-S, R-33-E

Proposed Wellbore
API: 30-025-*****

KB: 3380'
GL: 3355'

Bit Size: 13"

10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC,
0' - 1,182'



Bit Size: 9-7/8"

8-3/4", 38.5#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint-SF
@ 0' - 12,222'

Bit Size: 7-7/8" | 6-3/4"

6", 22.3#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS
@ 0' - 11,722'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 11,722' - 17,646'

KOP: 12,245' MD, 12,169' TVD
EOC: 12,995' MD, 12,646' TVD

TOC: 10,369' MD, 11,222' TVD

Lateral: 17,646' MD, 12,646' TVD
Upper Most Perf:
100' FSL & 2175' FEL Sec. 15
Lower Most Perf:
100' FNL & 2175' FEL Sec. 15
BH Location:
100' FNL & 2175' FEL,
Sec. 15, T-25-S R-33-E

Issued on: 08 Jul. 2020 by Wesley Ott



OD 5 1/2 in.	Weight 20.00 lb/ft	Wall Th. 0.361 in.	Grade P110EC	API Drift: 4.653 in.	Connection VAM® SPRINT-SF
-----------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------	-------------------------	------------------------------

PIPE PROPERTIES	
Nominal OD	5.500 in.
Nominal ID	4.778 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	5.828 sqin.
Grade Type	High Yield
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi

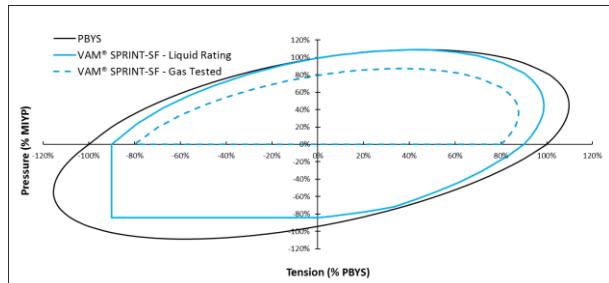
CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
Connection Type	Semi-Premium Integral Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	5.783 in.
Connection ID (nom):	4.717 in.
Make-Up Loss	5.965 in.
Critical Cross Section	5.244 sqin.
Tension Efficiency	90.0 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency	90.0 % of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES	
Tensile Yield Strength	656 klb
Compression Resistance	656 klb
Internal Yield Pressure	14,360 psi
Collapse Resistance	12,080 psi
Max. Structural Bending	89 °/100ft
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30 °/100ft

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	20,000	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	22,500	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	25,000	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	40,000	ft.lb

* 87.5% RBW

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a full string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows VAM® like VAM®

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Over 140 VAM® Specialists available worldwide 24/7 for Rig Site Assistance





Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

Hydrogen Sulfide Plan Summary

A. All personnel shall receive proper H2S training in accordance with Onshore Order III.C.3.a.

B. Briefing Area: two perpendicular areas will be designated by signs and readily accessible.

C. Required Emergency Equipment:

■ **Well control equipment**

- a. Flare line 150' from wellhead to be ignited by flare gun.
- b. Choke manifold with a remotely operated choke.
- c. Mud/gas separator

■ **Protective equipment for essential personnel:**

- a. Breathing Apparatus:
 - i. Rescue Packs (SCBA) — 1 unit shall be placed at each breathing area, 2 shall be stored in the safety trailer.
 - ii. Work/Escape packs —4 packs shall be stored on the rig floor with sufficient air hose not to restrict work activity.
 - iii. Emergency Escape Packs —4 packs shall be stored in the doghouse for emergency evacuation.
- b. Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:
 - i. Stretcher
 - ii. Two OSHA full body harness
 - iii. 100 ft 5/8 inch OSHA approved rope
 - iv. 1-20# class ABC fire extinguisher

■ **H2S Detection and Monitoring Equipment:**

The stationary detector with three sensors will be placed in the upper dog house if equipped, set to visually alarm @ 10 ppm and audible @ 14 ppm. Calibrate a minimum of every 30 days or as needed. The sensors will be placed in the following places: Rig floor / Bell nipple / End of flow line or where well bore fluid is being discharged. (Gas sample tubes will be stored in the safety trailer)

■ **Visual Warning System:**

- a. One color code condition sign will be placed at the entrance to the site reflecting the possible conditions at the site.
- b. A colored condition flag will be on display, reflecting the current condition at the site at the time.
- c. Two wind socks will be placed in strategic locations, visible from all angles.



Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

■ **Mud Program:**

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H₂S circulated to surface. The operator will have the necessary mud products to minimize hazards while drilling in H₂S bearing zones.

■ **Metallurgy:**

All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H₂S service.

■ **Communication:**

Communication will be via cell phones and land lines where available.



Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

Emergency Assistance Telephone List

PUBLIC SAFETY:	911 or
Lea County Sheriff's Department	(575) 396-3611
Corey Helton	
Fire Department	
Carlsbad	(575) 885-3125
Artesia	(575) 746-5050
Hospitals	
Carlsbad	(575) 887-4121
Artesia	(575) 748-3333
Hobbs	(575) 392-1979
Dept. of Public Safety/Carlsbad	(575) 748-9718
Highway Department	(575) 885-3281
U.S. Department of Labor	(575) 887-1174
Bureau of Land Management - Hobbs (Lea Co)	(575) 393-3612
PET On Call - Hobbs	(575) 706-2779
Bureau of Land Management - Carlsbad (Eddy Co)	(575) 234-5972
PET On Call - Carlsbad	(575) 706-2779
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - Artesia	(575) 748-1283
Inspection Group South - Gilbert Gordero	(575) 626-0830
EOG Resources, Inc.	
EOG Midland	(432) 686-3600
Company Drilling Consultants:	
Jett Dueitt	(432) 230-4840
Blake Burney	
Drilling Engineers	
Stephen Davis	(432) 235-9789
Matt Day	(210) 296-4456
Drilling Managers	
Branden Keener	(210) 294-3729
Drilling Superintendents	
Lance Hardy	(432) 215-8152
Ryan Reynolds	(432) 215-5978
Steve Kelly	(210) 416-7894
H&P Drilling	
H&P Drilling	(432) 563-5757
Nabors Drilling	
Nabors Drilling	(432) 363-8180
Patterson UTI	
Patterson UTI	(432) 561-9382
EOG Safety	
Brian Chandler (HSE Manager)	(817) 239-0251



Midland

Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Streetcar 15 Fed

#722H

OH

Plan: Plan #0.1 RT

Standard Planning Report

30 October, 2024



Planning Report

Database:	PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company:	Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project:	Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site:	Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	#722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH		
Design:	Plan #0.1 RT		

Project	Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)		
Map System:	US State Plane 1983	System Datum:	Mean Sea Level
Geo Datum:	North American Datum 1983		
Map Zone:	New Mexico Eastern Zone		

Site	Streetcar 15 Fed			
Site Position:		Northing:	409,714.00 usft	Latitude: 32° 7' 26.337 N
From:	Map	Easting:	782,680.00 usft	Longitude: 103° 33' 13.460 W
Position Uncertainty:	0.0 usft	Slot Radius:	13-3/16 "	

Well	#722H				
Well Position	+N/S +E/W	0.0 usft	Northing: Easting:	410,209.00 usft 781,803.00 usft	Latitude: Longitude: 32° 7' 31.298 N 103° 33' 23.616 W
Position Uncertainty		0.0 usft	Wellhead Elevation:	usft	Ground Level: 3,355.0 usft
Grid Convergence:		0.41 °			

Wellbore	OH				
Magnetics	Model Name	Sample Date	Declination (°)	Dip Angle (°)	Field Strength (nT)
	IGRF2020	10/30/2024	6.13	59.70	47,085.62816474

Design	Plan #0.1 RT			
Audit Notes:				
Version:	Phase:	PLAN	Tie On Depth:	0.0
Vertical Section:	Depth From (TVD) (usft)	+N/S (usft)	+E/W (usft)	Direction (°)
	0.0	0.0	0.0	351.16

Plan Survey Tool Program	Date	10/30/2024		
Depth From (usft)	Depth To (usft)	Survey (Wellbore)	Tool Name	Remarks
1	0.0	17,646.0 Plan #0.1 RT (OH)	EOG MWD+IFR1 MWD + IFR1	



Planning Report

Database: PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company: Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site: Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well: #722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore: OH		
Design: Plan #0.1 RT		

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,769.4	9.39	222.81	1,767.3	-28.2	-26.1	2.00	2.00	0.00	222.81	
7,198.5	9.39	222.81	7,123.7	-677.8	-627.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7,667.9	0.00	0.00	7,591.0	-706.0	-654.0	2.00	-2.00	0.00	180.00	
12,245.4	0.00	0.00	12,168.5	-706.0	-654.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	KOP(Streetcar 15 Fed)
12,465.9	26.46	0.00	12,381.2	-656.0	-654.0	12.00	12.00	0.00	0.00	FTP(Streetcar 15 Fed)
12,995.4	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	-228.5	-656.0	12.00	12.00	-0.07	-0.44	
17,646.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,422.0	-688.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL(Streetcar 15 Fe)



Planning Report

Database:	PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company:	Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project:	Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site:	Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	#722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH		
Design:	Plan #0.1 RT		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/S (usft)	+E/W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.0	2.00	222.81	1,400.0	-1.3	-1.2	-1.1	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,500.0	4.00	222.81	1,499.8	-5.1	-4.7	-4.3	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,600.0	6.00	222.81	1,599.5	-11.5	-10.7	-9.7	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,700.0	8.00	222.81	1,698.7	-20.5	-18.9	-17.3	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,769.4	9.39	222.81	1,767.3	-28.2	-26.1	-23.8	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,800.0	9.39	222.81	1,797.5	-31.8	-29.5	-26.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	9.39	222.81	1,896.2	-43.8	-40.6	-37.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	9.39	222.81	1,994.8	-55.7	-51.6	-47.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.0	9.39	222.81	2,093.5	-67.7	-62.7	-57.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	9.39	222.81	2,192.1	-79.7	-73.8	-67.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.0	9.39	222.81	2,290.8	-91.6	-84.9	-77.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	9.39	222.81	2,389.5	-103.6	-96.0	-87.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	9.39	222.81	2,488.1	-115.6	-107.1	-97.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	9.39	222.81	2,586.8	-127.5	-118.2	-107.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	9.39	222.81	2,685.4	-139.5	-129.2	-118.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	9.39	222.81	2,784.1	-151.5	-140.3	-128.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.0	9.39	222.81	2,882.8	-163.4	-151.4	-138.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	9.39	222.81	2,981.4	-175.4	-162.5	-148.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.0	9.39	222.81	3,080.1	-187.4	-173.6	-158.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.0	9.39	222.81	3,178.7	-199.3	-184.7	-168.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.0	9.39	222.81	3,277.4	-211.3	-195.8	-178.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.0	9.39	222.81	3,376.1	-223.3	-206.8	-188.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	9.39	222.81	3,474.7	-235.2	-217.9	-199.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0	9.39	222.81	3,573.4	-247.2	-229.0	-209.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	9.39	222.81	3,672.0	-259.2	-240.1	-219.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.0	9.39	222.81	3,770.7	-271.2	-251.2	-229.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	9.39	222.81	3,869.4	-283.1	-262.3	-239.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0	9.39	222.81	3,968.0	-295.1	-273.4	-249.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.0	9.39	222.81	4,066.7	-307.1	-284.4	-259.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.0	9.39	222.81	4,165.3	-319.0	-295.5	-269.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.0	9.39	222.81	4,264.0	-331.0	-306.6	-279.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.0	9.39	222.81	4,362.7	-343.0	-317.7	-290.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.0	9.39	222.81	4,461.3	-354.9	-328.8	-300.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.0	9.39	222.81	4,560.0	-366.9	-339.9	-310.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	9.39	222.81	4,658.6	-378.9	-350.9	-320.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	9.39	222.81	4,757.3	-390.8	-362.0	-330.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.0	9.39	222.81	4,856.0	-402.8	-373.1	-340.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	9.39	222.81	4,954.6	-414.8	-384.2	-350.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	9.39	222.81	5,053.3	-426.7	-395.3	-360.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.0	9.39	222.81	5,152.0	-438.7	-406.4	-371.0	0.00	0.00	0.00



Planning Report

Database:	PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company:	Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project:	Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site:	Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	#722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH		
Design:	Plan #0.1 RT		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/S (usft)	+E/W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
5,300.0	9.39	222.81	5,250.6	-450.7	-417.5	-381.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.0	9.39	222.81	5,349.3	-462.6	-428.5	-391.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	9.39	222.81	5,447.9	-474.6	-439.6	-401.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	9.39	222.81	5,546.6	-486.6	-450.7	-411.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0	9.39	222.81	5,645.3	-498.5	-461.8	-421.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.0	9.39	222.81	5,743.9	-510.5	-472.9	-431.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0	9.39	222.81	5,842.6	-522.5	-484.0	-441.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0	9.39	222.81	5,941.2	-534.4	-495.1	-452.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.0	9.39	222.81	6,039.9	-546.4	-506.1	-462.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	9.39	222.81	6,138.6	-558.4	-517.2	-472.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.0	9.39	222.81	6,237.2	-570.3	-528.3	-482.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	9.39	222.81	6,335.9	-582.3	-539.4	-492.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	9.39	222.81	6,434.5	-594.3	-550.5	-502.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	9.39	222.81	6,533.2	-606.2	-561.6	-512.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	9.39	222.81	6,631.9	-618.2	-572.7	-522.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	9.39	222.81	6,730.5	-630.2	-583.7	-532.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	9.39	222.81	6,829.2	-642.1	-594.8	-543.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	9.39	222.81	6,927.8	-654.1	-605.9	-553.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.0	9.39	222.81	7,026.5	-666.1	-617.0	-563.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,198.5	9.39	222.81	7,123.7	-677.8	-627.9	-573.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.0	9.36	222.81	7,125.2	-678.0	-628.1	-573.4	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,300.0	7.36	222.81	7,224.1	-688.7	-638.0	-582.4	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,400.0	5.36	222.81	7,323.5	-696.8	-645.5	-589.3	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,500.0	3.36	222.81	7,423.2	-702.4	-650.7	-594.0	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,600.0	1.36	222.81	7,523.1	-705.4	-653.5	-596.6	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,667.9	0.00	0.00	7,591.0	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,700.0	0.00	0.00	7,623.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.0	0.00	0.00	7,723.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	0.00	0.00	7,823.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.0	0.00	0.00	7,923.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.0	0.00	0.00	8,023.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.0	0.00	0.00	8,123.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	0.00	0.00	8,223.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	0.00	0.00	8,323.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	0.00	0.00	8,423.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0	0.00	0.00	8,523.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.0	0.00	0.00	8,623.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.0	0.00	0.00	8,723.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0	0.00	0.00	8,823.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.0	0.00	0.00	8,923.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.0	0.00	0.00	9,023.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.0	0.00	0.00	9,123.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	0.00	0.00	9,223.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.0	0.00	0.00	9,323.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.0	0.00	0.00	9,423.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.0	0.00	0.00	9,523.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.0	0.00	0.00	9,623.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.0	0.00	0.00	9,723.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.0	0.00	0.00	9,823.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.0	0.00	0.00	9,923.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100.0	0.00	0.00	10,023.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,200.0	0.00	0.00	10,123.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300.0	0.00	0.00	10,223.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400.0	0.00	0.00	10,323.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00



Planning Report

Database:	PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company:	Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project:	Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site:	Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	#722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH		
Design:	Plan #0.1 RT		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/S (usft)	+E/W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
10,500.0	0.00	0.00	10,423.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,600.0	0.00	0.00	10,523.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,700.0	0.00	0.00	10,623.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,800.0	0.00	0.00	10,723.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,900.0	0.00	0.00	10,823.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000.0	0.00	0.00	10,923.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100.0	0.00	0.00	11,023.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200.0	0.00	0.00	11,123.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,300.0	0.00	0.00	11,223.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400.0	0.00	0.00	11,323.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500.0	0.00	0.00	11,423.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.0	0.00	0.00	11,523.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.0	0.00	0.00	11,623.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	0.00	0.00	11,723.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.0	0.00	0.00	11,823.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.0	0.00	0.00	11,923.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	0.00	0.00	12,023.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	0.00	0.00	12,123.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,245.4	0.00	0.00	12,168.5	-706.0	-654.0	-597.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,250.0	0.55	0.00	12,173.1	-706.0	-654.0	-597.0	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,275.0	3.55	0.00	12,198.1	-705.1	-654.0	-596.2	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,300.0	6.55	0.00	12,223.0	-702.9	-654.0	-594.0	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,325.0	9.55	0.00	12,247.7	-699.4	-654.0	-590.5	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,350.0	12.55	0.00	12,272.2	-694.6	-654.0	-585.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,375.0	15.55	0.00	12,296.5	-688.5	-654.0	-579.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,400.0	18.55	0.00	12,320.4	-681.2	-654.0	-572.5	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,425.0	21.55	0.00	12,343.9	-672.6	-654.0	-564.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,450.0	24.55	0.00	12,366.9	-662.8	-654.0	-554.4	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,465.9	26.46	0.00	12,381.2	-656.0	-654.0	-547.7	12.00	12.00	0.00
12,475.0	27.55	359.98	12,389.3	-651.9	-654.0	-543.6	12.00	12.00	-0.20
12,500.0	30.55	359.94	12,411.2	-639.7	-654.0	-531.6	12.00	12.00	-0.17
12,525.0	33.55	359.90	12,432.4	-626.4	-654.0	-518.5	12.00	12.00	-0.15
12,550.0	36.55	359.87	12,452.8	-612.1	-654.1	-504.3	12.00	12.00	-0.12
12,575.0	39.55	359.84	12,472.5	-596.7	-654.1	-489.0	12.00	12.00	-0.11
12,600.0	42.55	359.82	12,491.4	-580.3	-654.1	-472.8	12.00	12.00	-0.10
12,625.0	45.55	359.80	12,509.3	-562.9	-654.2	-455.6	12.00	12.00	-0.08
12,650.0	48.55	359.78	12,526.4	-544.6	-654.3	-437.5	12.00	12.00	-0.08
12,675.0	51.55	359.76	12,542.4	-525.4	-654.3	-418.6	12.00	12.00	-0.07
12,700.0	54.55	359.75	12,557.4	-505.4	-654.4	-398.8	12.00	12.00	-0.06
12,725.0	57.55	359.73	12,571.4	-484.7	-654.5	-378.3	12.00	12.00	-0.06
12,750.0	60.55	359.72	12,584.3	-463.3	-654.6	-357.1	12.00	12.00	-0.06
12,775.0	63.55	359.70	12,596.0	-441.2	-654.7	-335.3	12.00	12.00	-0.05
12,800.0	66.55	359.69	12,606.5	-418.5	-654.9	-312.9	12.00	12.00	-0.05
12,825.0	69.55	359.68	12,615.9	-395.3	-655.0	-289.9	12.00	12.00	-0.05
12,850.0	72.55	359.67	12,624.0	-371.7	-655.1	-266.6	12.00	12.00	-0.05
12,875.0	75.55	359.66	12,630.8	-347.7	-655.3	-242.8	12.00	12.00	-0.04
12,900.0	78.55	359.65	12,636.4	-323.3	-655.4	-218.7	12.00	12.00	-0.04
12,925.0	81.55	359.64	12,640.8	-298.7	-655.6	-194.3	12.00	12.00	-0.04
12,950.0	84.55	359.62	12,643.8	-273.9	-655.7	-169.8	12.00	12.00	-0.04
12,975.0	87.55	359.61	12,645.5	-248.9	-655.9	-145.1	12.00	12.00	-0.04
12,995.4	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	-228.5	-656.0	-125.0	12.00	12.00	-0.04
13,000.0	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	-223.9	-656.1	-120.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	-123.9	-656.8	-21.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	-23.9	-657.4	77.4	0.00	0.00	0.00



Planning Report

Database: PEDMB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well #722H
Company: Midland	TVD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)	MD Reference:	kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Site: Streetcar 15 Fed	North Reference:	Grid
Well: #722H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore: OH		
Design: Plan #0.1 RT		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
13,300.0	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	76.1	-658.1	176.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.00	359.61	12,645.9	176.1	-658.8	275.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	276.0	-659.5	374.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	376.0	-660.2	473.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	476.0	-660.9	572.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	576.0	-661.6	670.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	676.0	-662.3	769.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	776.0	-662.9	868.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	876.0	-663.6	967.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	976.0	-664.3	1,066.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,076.0	-665.0	1,165.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,176.0	-665.7	1,264.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,276.0	-666.4	1,363.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,376.0	-667.1	1,462.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,476.0	-667.7	1,561.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,576.0	-668.4	1,660.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,676.0	-669.1	1,759.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,776.0	-669.8	1,857.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,876.0	-670.5	1,956.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	1,976.0	-671.2	2,055.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,076.0	-671.9	2,154.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,176.0	-672.6	2,253.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,276.0	-673.2	2,352.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,376.0	-673.9	2,451.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,476.0	-674.6	2,550.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,576.0	-675.3	2,649.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,676.0	-676.0	2,748.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,776.0	-676.7	2,847.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,876.0	-677.4	2,945.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	2,976.0	-678.1	3,044.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,076.0	-678.7	3,143.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,176.0	-679.4	3,242.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,276.0	-680.1	3,341.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,376.0	-680.8	3,440.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,476.0	-681.5	3,539.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,576.0	-682.2	3,638.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,676.0	-682.9	3,737.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,776.0	-683.6	3,836.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,876.0	-684.2	3,935.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	3,976.0	-684.9	4,034.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,076.0	-685.6	4,132.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,176.0	-686.3	4,231.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,276.0	-687.0	4,330.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,376.0	-687.7	4,429.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,646.0	90.00	359.61	12,646.0	4,422.0	-688.0	4,475.2	0.00	0.00	0.00



Planning Report

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	PEDMB Midland Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME) Streetcar 15 Fed #722H OH Plan #0.1 RT	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference: Survey Calculation Method:	Well #722H kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft Grid Minimum Curvature
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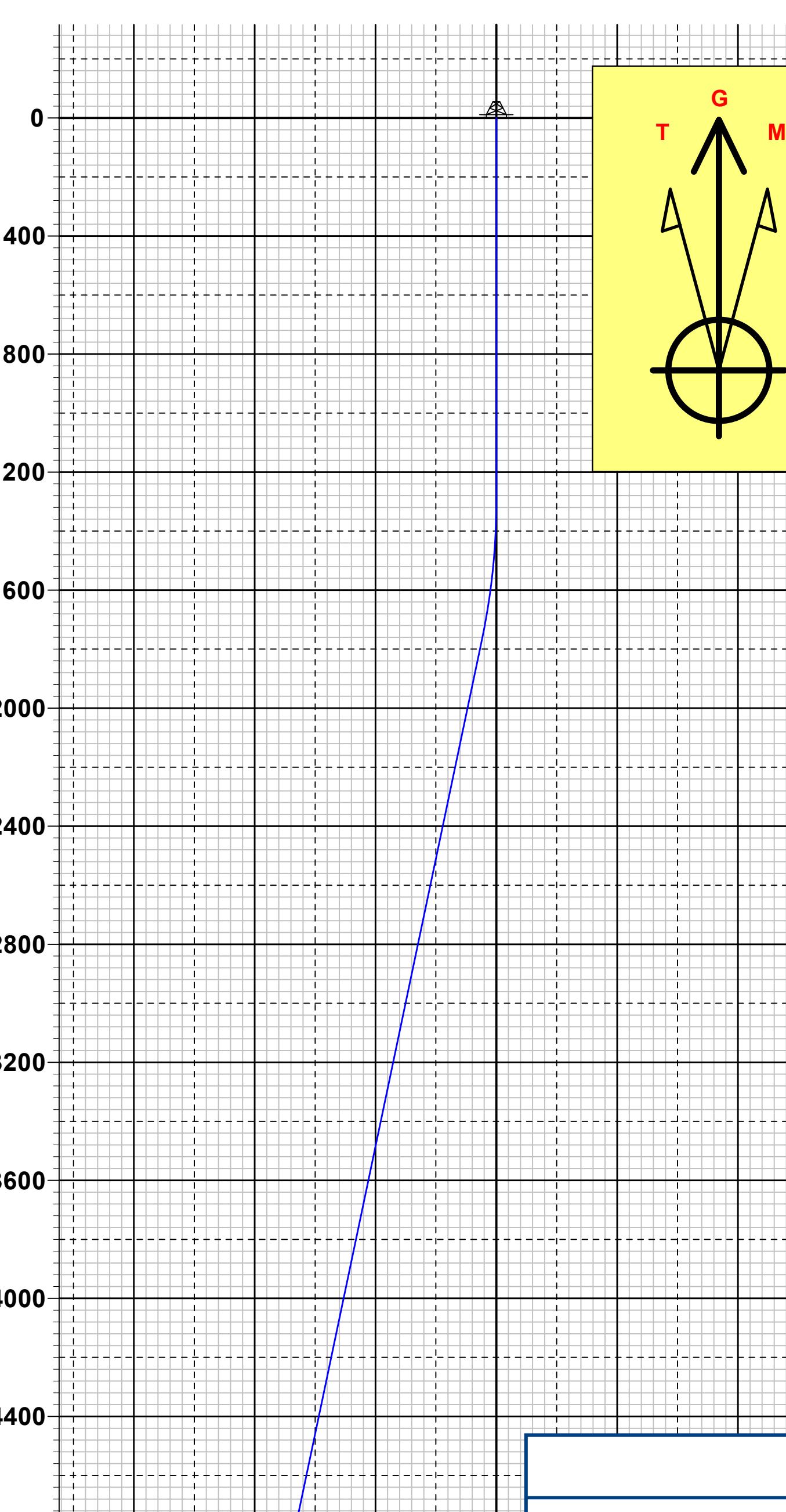
Design Targets										
Target Name		Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/S (usft)	+E/W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
KOP(Streetcar 15 Fed #	- hit/miss target	0.00	0.00	12,168.5	-706.0	-654.0	409,503.00	781,149.00	32° 7' 24.359 N	103° 33' 31.280 W
- plan hits target center	- Shape									
- Point										
FTP(Streetcar 15 Fed #	- hit/miss target	0.00	0.00	12,381.2	-656.0	-654.0	409,553.00	781,149.00	32° 7' 24.853 N	103° 33' 31.276 W
- plan hits target center	- Shape									
- Point										
PBHL(Streetcar 15 Fed :	- hit/miss target	0.00	0.00	12,646.0	4,422.0	-688.0	414,631.00	781,115.00	32° 8' 15.104 N	103° 33' 31.246 W
- plan hits target center	- Shape									
- Point										



Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

Plan #0.1 RT



Azimuths to Grid North
True North: -0.41°
Magnetic North: 5.72°

Magnetic Field
Strength: 47085.6nT
Dip Angle: 59.70°
Date: 10/30/2024
Model: IGRF2020

To convert a Magnetic Direction to a Grid Direction, Add 5.72°
To convert a Magnetic Direction to a True Direction, Add 6.13° East
To convert a True Direction to a Grid Direction, Subtract 0.41°

PROJECT DETAILS: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983
Datum: North American Datum 1983
Ellipsoid: GRS 1980
Zone: New Mexico Eastern Zone
System Datum: Mean Sea Level

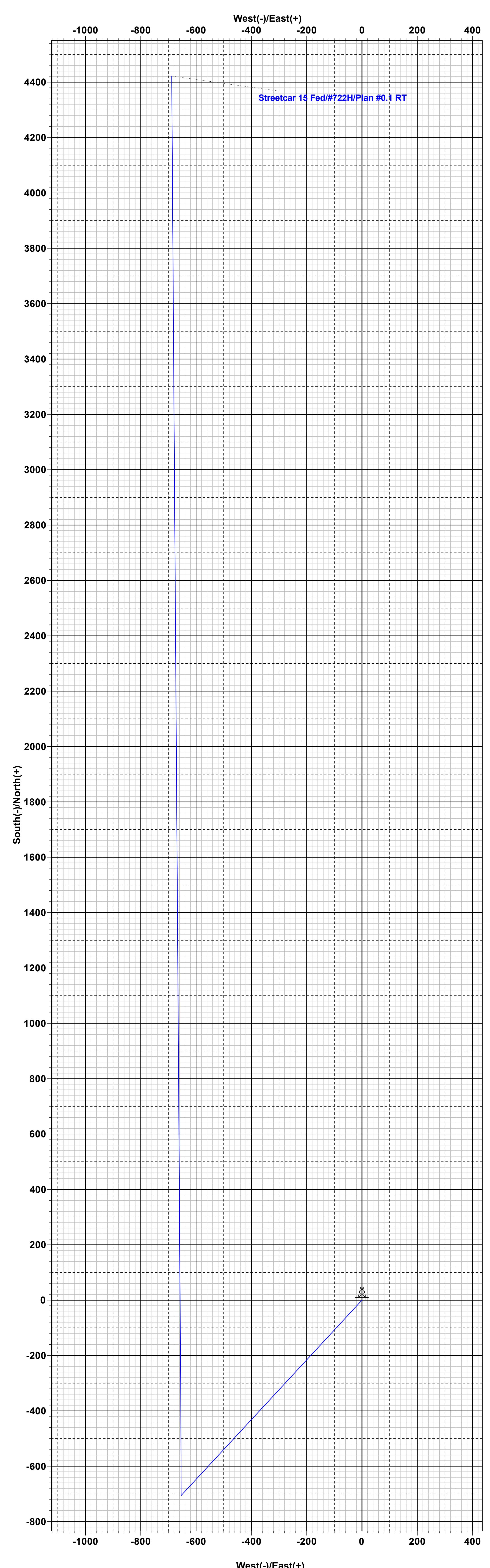
WELL DETAILS: #722H

3355.0
Northing 410209.00 kb = 26' @ 3381.0usft
Easting 781803.00 Latitude 32° 7' 31.298 N
Longitude 103° 33' 23.616 W

SECTION DETAILS

Sec	MD	Inc	Azi	TVD	+N/S	+E/W	Dleg	TFace	VSect	Target
1	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	
2	1300.0	0.00	0.00	1300.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	
3	1769.4	9.39	222.81	1767.3	-28.2	-26.1	2.00	222.81	-23.8	
4	7198.5	9.39	222.81	7123.7	-677.8	-627.9	0.00	0.00	-573.3	
5	7667.9	0.00	0.00	7591.0	-706.0	-654.0	2.00	180.00	-597.1	
6	12245.4	0.00	0.00	12168.5	-706.0	-654.0	0.00	0.00	-597.1	KOP(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)
7	12465.9	26.46	0.00	12381.2	-656.0	-654.0	12.00	0.00	-547.7	FTP(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)
8	12995.4	90.00	359.61	12645.9	-228.5	-656.0	12.00	-0.44	-125.0	
9	17646.0	90.00	359.61	12646.0	4422.0	-688.0	0.00	0.00	4475.2	PBHL(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)

WELLBORE TARGET DETAILS (MAP CO-ORDINATES)					
Name	TVD	+N/S	+E/W	Northing	Easting
KOP(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)	12168.5	-706.0	-654.0	409503.00	781149.00
FTP(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)	12381.2	-656.0	-654.0	409553.00	781149.00
PBHL(Streetcar 15 Fed #722H)	12646.0	4422.0	-688.0	414631.00	781115.00



Streetcar 15 Fed #722H/Plan #0.1 RT

Vertical Section at 351.16°

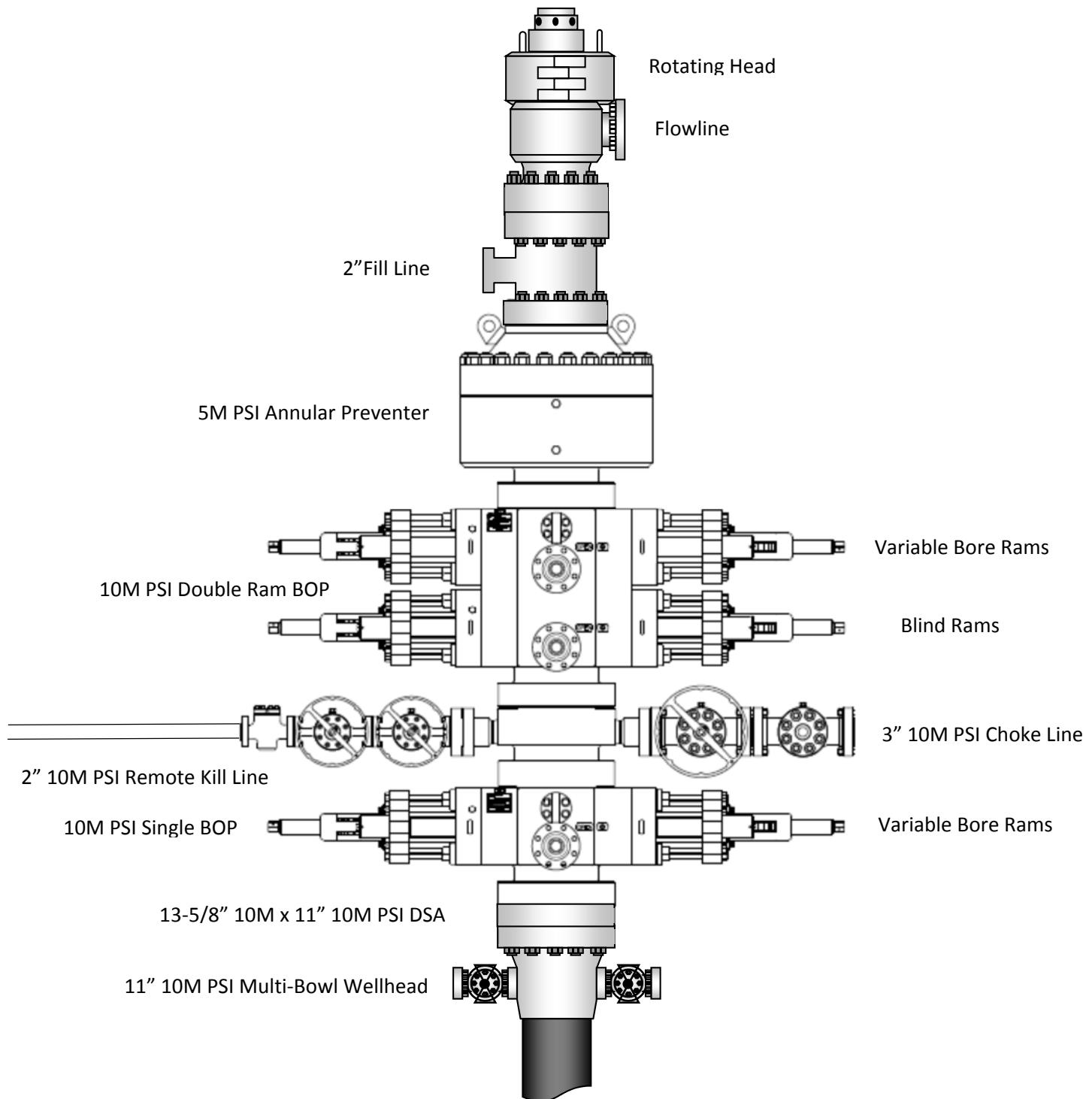
10.750 40.50/0.350 J55

[New Search »](#)[« Back to Previous List](#)USC Metric

6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM

Mechanical Properties		Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength		55,000	--	--	--	psi
Maximum Yield Strength		80,000	--	--	--	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength		75,000	--	--	--	psi
Dimensions		Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter		10.750	11.750	--	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness		0.350	--	--	--	in.
Inside Diameter		10.050	10.050	--	10.050	in.
Standard Drift		9.894	9.894	--	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift		--	--	--	--	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C		40.50	--	--	--	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight		38.91	--	--	--	lbs/ft
Performance		Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure		1,580	1,580	--	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure		3,130	3,130	--	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength		629.00	--	--	--	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		--	700	--	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length		--	11,522	--	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data		Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss		--	4.81	--	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque		--	--	--	3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 12/8/2025 3:10:42 PM		--	--	--	5,250	ft-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque		--	--	--	--	

Exhibit 1
EOG Resources
11" 10M PSI BOP Stack



Issued on: 08 Jul. 2020 by Wesley Ott



OD 5 1/2 in.	Weight 20.00 lb/ft	Wall Th. 0.361 in.	Grade P110EC	API Drift: 4.653 in.	Connection VAM® SPRINT-SF
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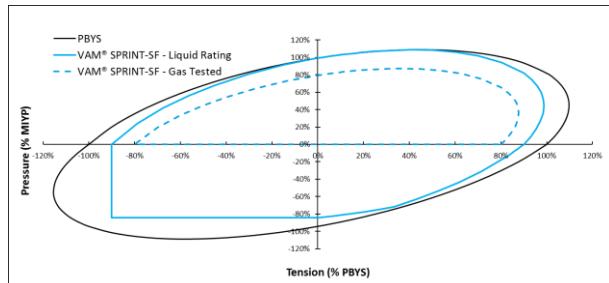
PIPE PROPERTIES		CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
Nominal OD	5.500 in.	Connection Type	Semi-Premium Integral Semi-Flush
Nominal ID	4.778 in.	Connection OD (nom):	5.783 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	5.828 sqin.	Connection ID (nom):	4.717 in.
Grade Type	High Yield	Make-Up Loss	5.965 in.
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi	Critical Cross Section	5.244 sqin.
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi	Tension Efficiency	90.0 % of pipe
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi	Compression Efficiency	90.0 % of pipe
		Internal Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe
		External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES		
Tensile Yield Strength	656 klb	
Compression Resistance	656 klb	
Internal Yield Pressure	14,360 psi	
Collapse Resistance	12,080 psi	
Max. Structural Bending	89 °/100ft	
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30 °/100ft	

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	20,000 ft.lb	
Opt. Make-up torque	22,500 ft.lb	
Max. Make-up torque	25,000 ft.lb	
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	40,000 ft.lb	

* 87.5% RBW

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a full string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



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Over 140 VAM® Specialists available worldwide 24/7 for Rig Site Assistance



Metal One Corp. Metal One	MO-FXL Connection Data Sheet	Page	MCTP				
		Date	3-Nov-16				
		Rev.	0				
MO-FXL		Geometry	Imperial	S.I.			
Pipe Body							
		Grade	P110HC *1				
		Pipe OD (D)	7 5/8	in			
		Weight	29.70	lb/ft			
		Actual weight	29.04				
		Wall Thickness (t)	0.375	in			
		Pipe ID (d)	6.875	in			
		Pipe body cross section	8.537	in ²			
		Drift Dia.	6.750	in			
			174.63	mm			
			5,508	mm ²			
			171.45	mm			
Connection							
		Box OD (W)	7.625	in			
		PIN ID	6.875	in			
		Make up Loss	4.219	in			
		Box Critical Area	5.714	in ²			
		Joint load efficiency	70	%			
		Thread Taper	1 / 10 (1.2" per ft)				
		Number of Threads	5 TPI				
Performance							
		Performance Properties for Pipe Body					
		S.M.Y.S. *1	1,067	kips			
		M.I.Y.P. *1	10,760	psi			
		Collapse Strength *1	7,360	psi			
		Note	S.M.Y.S. = Specified Minimum YIELD Strength of Pipe body				
			M.I.Y.P. = Minimum Internal Yield Pressure of Pipe body				
			*1 Based on VSB P110HC (YS=125~140ksi)				
Performance Properties for Connection							
		Tensile Yield load	747 kips (70% of S.M.Y.S.)				
		Min. Compression Yield	747 kips (70% of S.M.Y.S.)				
		Internal Pressure	8,610 psi (80% of M.I.Y.P.)				
		External Pressure	100% of Collapse Strength				
		Max. DLS (deg./100ft)	40				
Recommended Torque							
		Min.	15,500	ft-lb			
		Opti.	17,200	ft-lb			
		Max.	18,900	ft-lb			
		Operational Max.	23,600	ft-lb			
			21,000	N-m			
			23,300	N-m			
			25,600	N-m			
			32,000	N-m			
Note : Operational Max. torque can be applied for high torque application							

Issued on: 09 Dec. 2020 by Wesley Ott



OD 8 3/4 in.	Weight (lb/ft) Nominal: 38.50 Plain End: 36.98	Wall Th. 0.415 in.	Grade P110EC	Spec. Drift: 7.875 in.	Connection VAM® SPRINT-SF
------------------------	--	------------------------------	------------------------	----------------------------------	-------------------------------------

PIPE PROPERTIES	
Nominal OD	8.750 in.
Nominal ID	7.920 in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	10.867 sqin.
Grade Type	High Yield
Min. Yield Strength	125 ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140 ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135 ksi

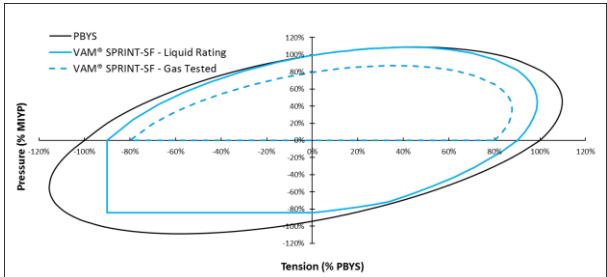
CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
Connection Type	Integral Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	9.009 in.
Connection ID (nom):	7.945 in.
Make-Up Loss	4.905 in.
Critical Cross Section	9.970 sqin.
Tension Efficiency	89.0 % of pipe
Compression Efficiency	80.0 % of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	87 % of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100 % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES		
Tensile Yield Strength	1,209	klb
Compression Resistance	1,086	klb
Internal Yield Pressure	9,030	psi
Collapse Resistance	5,210	psi
Max. Structural Bending	55 °/100ft	
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30 °/100ft	

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	20,750	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	23,250	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	25,750	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	50,000	ft.lb

* 87.5% RBW

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a full string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



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GENERIC MILL
U.S. Steel Tubular Products
9.625" 36.00lbs/ft (0.352" Wall) J55

2/9/2021 7:39:08 AM



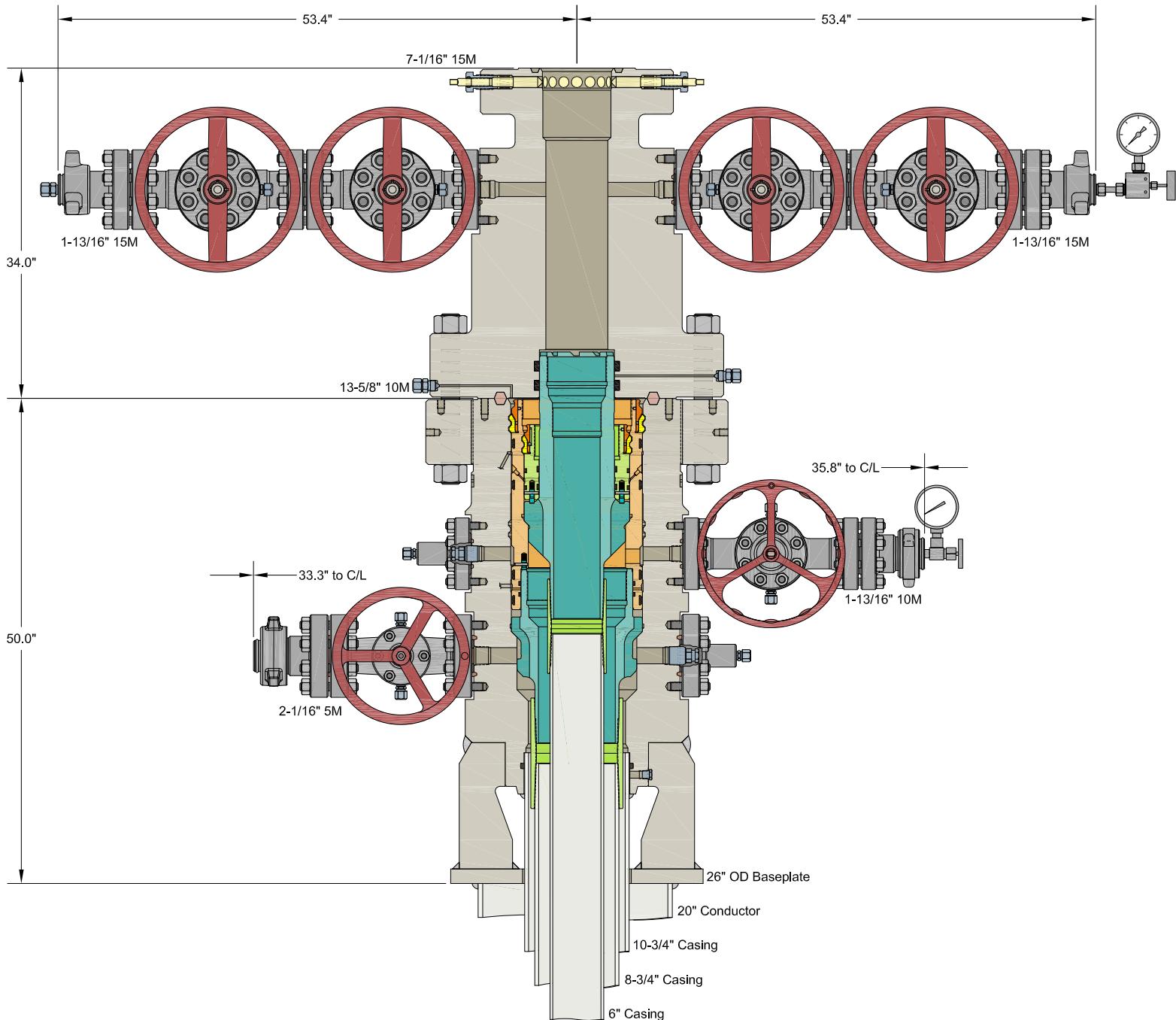
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	--	--	--	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	--	--	--	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	--	--	--	psi
DIMENSIONS	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	9.625	10.625	10.625	10.625	in.
Wall Thickness	0.352	--	--	--	in.
Inside Diameter	8.921	8.921	8.921	8.921	in.
Standard Drift	8.765	8.765	8.765	8.765	in.
Alternate Drift	--	--	0.000	--	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	36.00	--	--	--	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	34.89	--	--	--	lbs/ft
PERFORMANCE	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,520	3,520	3,520	3,520	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	564	--	--	--	1,000 lbs
Joint Strength	--	639	453	394	1,000 lbs
Reference Length	--	11,833	8,389	7,288	ft
MAKE-UP DATA	Pipe	BTC	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	--	4.81	4.75	3.38	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	--	--	3,400	2,960	ft-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	--	--	5,660	4,930	ft-lbs



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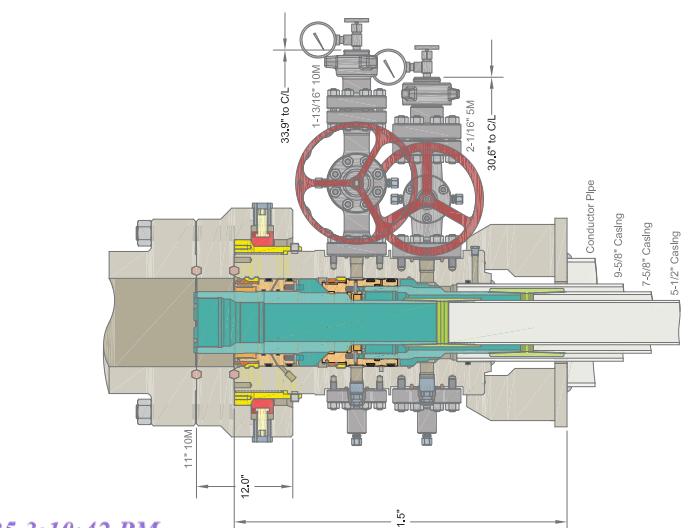
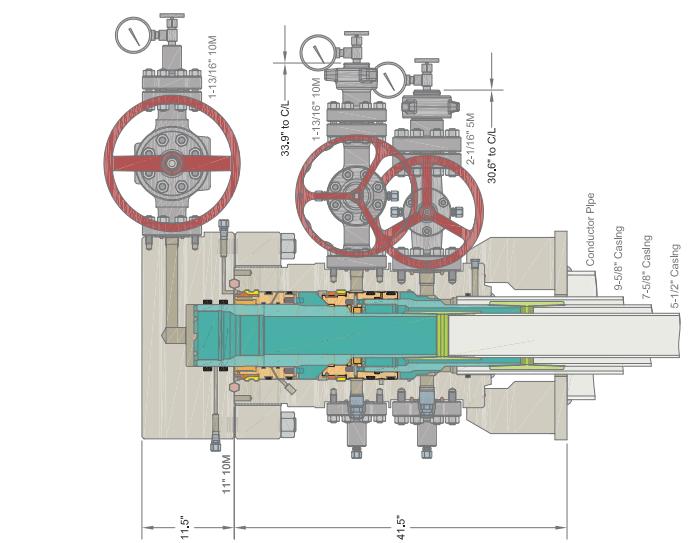
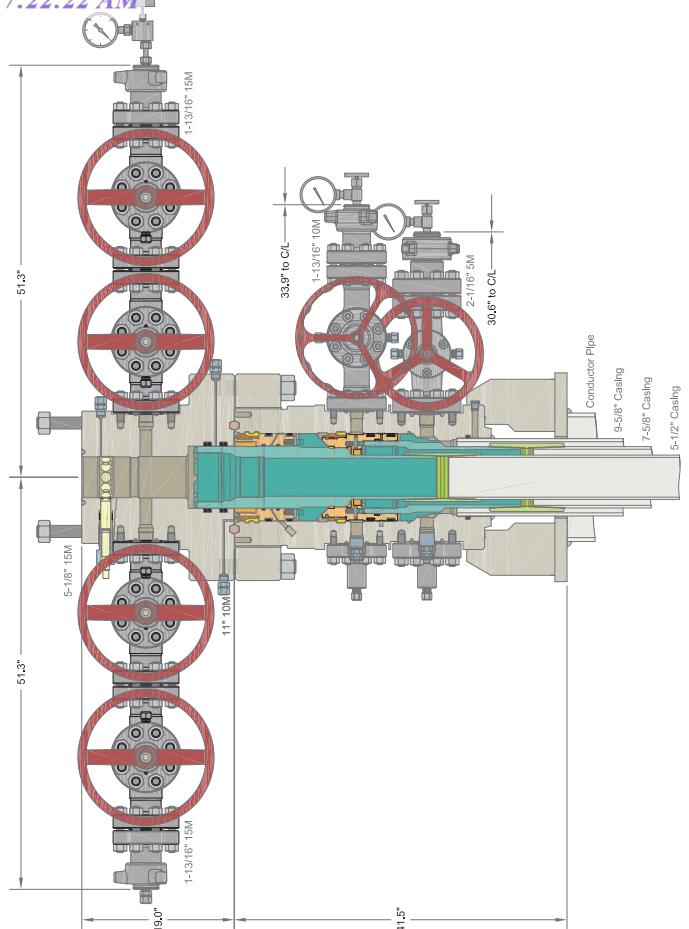
ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC

10-3/4" x 8-3/4" x 6" MBU-3T-SF-SOW Wellhead System
With 8-5/8" & 6" Pin Bottom Mandrel Casing Hangers
And 13-5/8" 10M x 7-1/16" 15M CTH-DBLHPS Tubing Head

EOG RESOURCES

DRAWN	DLE	14APR21
APPRV		
DRAWING NO.		SDT-3141-1



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20" x 9-5/8" x 7-5/8" x 5-1/2" MBU-T-SF SOW Wellhead System
With 11" 10M x 5-1/8" 15M CMT-DBLHPS-SB Tubing Head,
Mandrel Hangers, Quick Connect Drilling Adapter And TA Cap

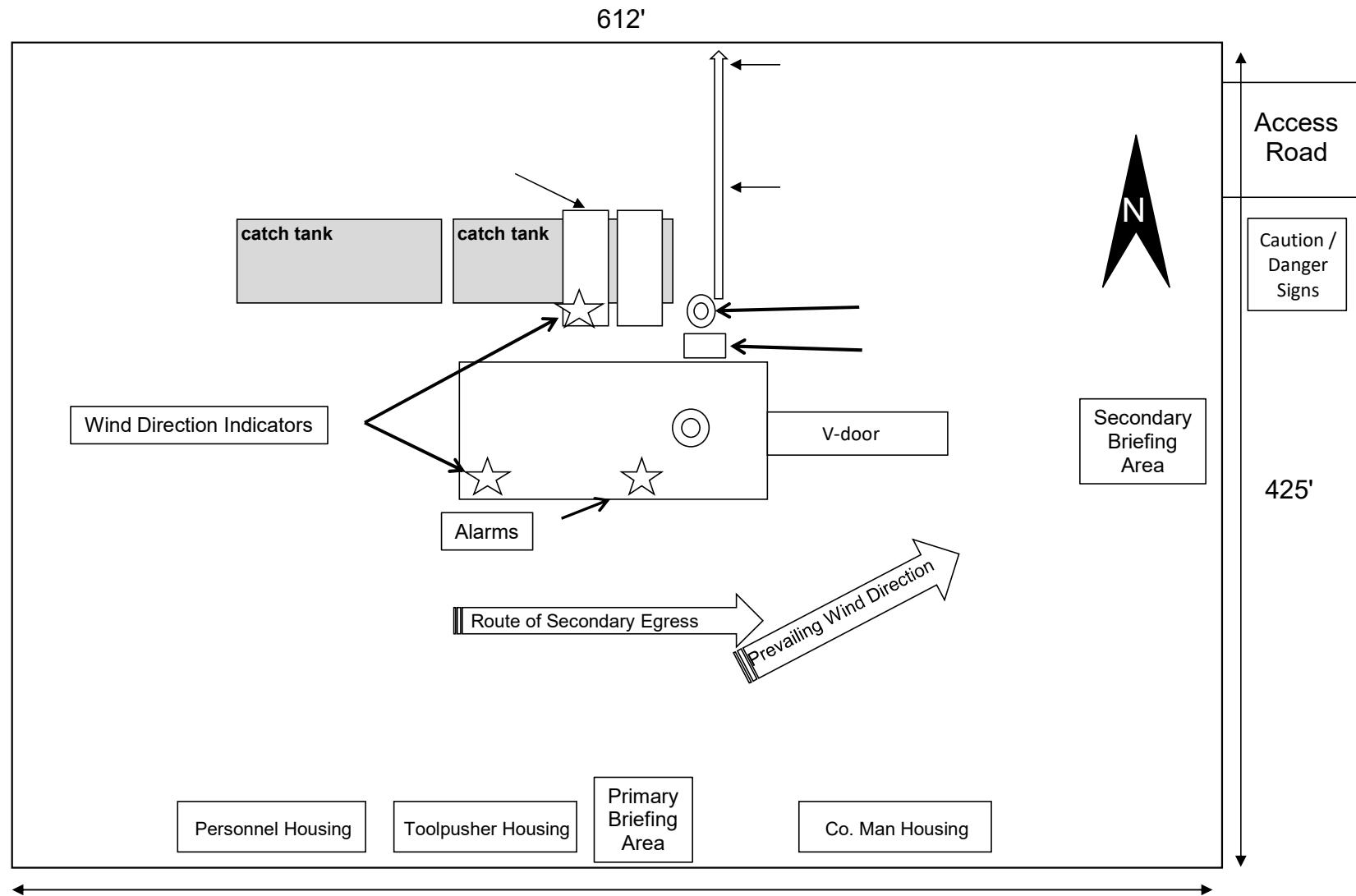
DRAWN	DLE	23OCT18
APPRV		

DRAWING NO.

HBE0000010

Exhibit 4
EOG Resources
Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

Well Site Diagram



**Streetcar 15 Fed 722H API #: 30-025-***** Variances**

EOG respectfully requests the below variances to be applied to the above well:

- Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the intermediate casing in the intermediate hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the intermediate interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

- Variance is also requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the production casing in the production hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the production interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

- EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation or the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

- Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

- Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

- EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed.

A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement

- EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Rustler	1,081'
Tamarisk Anhydrite	1,157'
Top of Salt	1,423'
Base of Salt	4,831'
Lamar	4,997'
Bell Canyon	5,016'
Cherry Canyon	6,102'
Brushy Canyon	7,591'
Bone Spring Lime	9,169'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'
3rd Bone Spring Carb	11,189'
3rd Bone Spring Sand	11,843'
Wolfcamp	12,212'
TD	12,646'

3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0- 400' Fresh Water
Lamar	4,997' Oil
Cherry Canyon	6,102' Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,591' Oil
Bone Spring Lime	9,169' Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227' Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145' Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358' Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673' Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 9-5/8" or 10-3/4" casing at 1,182' and circulating cement back to surface.



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

4. CASING PROGRAM - Design A

Hole Size	Interval MD From (ft)	Interval MD To (ft)	Interval TVD From (ft)	Interval TVD To (ft)	Csg OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
12-1/4"	0	1,182	0	1,182	9-5/8"	36#	J-55	LTC
8-3/4"	0	12,302	0	12,222	7-5/8"	29.7#	ICYP-110	MO FXL
6-3/4"	0	11,802	0	11,722	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS
6-3/4"	11,802	12,302	11,722	12,222	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint SF
6-3/4"	12,302	17,646	12,222	12,646	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 7-5/8" casing in the 8-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 8-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 5-1/2" casing by 7-5/8" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Depth MD	No. Sacks	Wt. ppg	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description
1,182' 9-5/8"	330	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	100	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 982')
12,302' 7-5/8"	580	14.2	1.11	1st Stage (Tail): Class C/H + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7,390')
	1000	14.8	1.5	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
17,646' 5-1/2" 5-1/2"	1403	12.5	2.05	Lead: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface)
	565	13.2	1.47	Tail: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 10,369')



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

Additive	Purpose
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator
MagOx	Expansive agent
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator
FL-62	Fluid loss control
Halad-344	Fluid loss control
Halad-9	Fluid loss control
HR-601	Retarder
Microbond	Expansive Agent

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 7-5/8" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,591') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 100 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

6. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL:

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000 psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top.



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system.

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe.

7. TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM:

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal.

The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Depth	Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 1,182'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
1,182' – 11,289'	Brine	10.0-10.2	28-34	N/c
11,289' – 12,245'	Oil Base	8.7-9.4	58-68	N/c - 6
12,245' – 17,646' Lateral	Oil Base	10.0-14.0	58-68	4 - 6

The highest mud weight needed to balance formation is expected to be 11.5 ppg. In order to maintain hole stability, mud weights up to 14.0 ppg may be utilized.

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT:

- (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.



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9. LOGGING, TESTING AND CORING PROGRAM:

Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.

GR-CCL Will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

10. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

The estimated bottom-hole temperature (BHT) at TD is 196 degrees F with an estimated maximum bottom-hole pressure (BHP) at TD of 9,206 psig and a maximum anticipated surface pressure of 6,424 psig (based on 14.0 ppg MW). No hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. Severe loss circulation is expected from 7,591' to intermediate casing point.

11. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

12. WELLHEAD:

A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized.

After running the surface casing, a BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Onshore Order No. 2.

The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi.

The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendor's representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendor's representative.

All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or J-packer type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized.

A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5,000 psi.

Casing strings will be tested as per Onshore Order No. 2 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.
- See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement 8.15.2023"



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13. TUBING REQUIREMENTS

EOG respectfully requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

- 19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING REQUIREMENTS:
J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.

14. VARIANCE REQUESTS:

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- Intermediate Bradenhead Cement: see attached "EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement 8.15.2023" document
- Break-test BOP and Offline Cementing: see attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement 8.15.2023" document
- Production Offline Cement - EOG BLM Variance 3d document
- EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin. See attached "EOG BLM Variance 2b - Wolfcamp Intermediate Casing Setpoint 2024.06.26" document



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

751' FSL
1517' FEL
Section 15
T-25-S, R-33-E

Proposed Wellbore
API: 30-025-*****

KB: 3380'
GL: 3355'

Bit Size: 12-1/4"

9-5/8", 36#, J-55, LTC
@ 0' - 1,182'

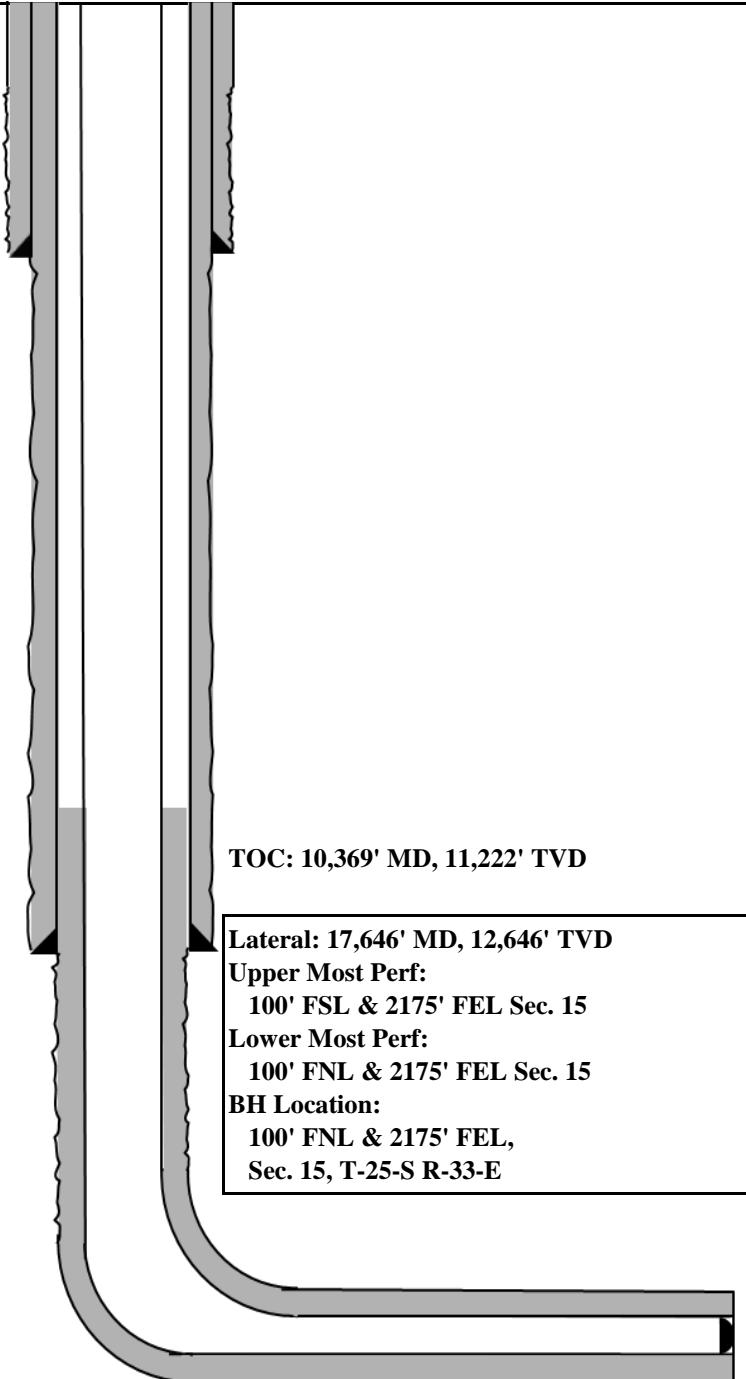
Bit Size: 8-3/4"

7-5/8", 29.7#, ICYP-110, MO FXL
@ 0' - 12,245'

Bit Size: 7.875|6-3/4"

5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 0' - 11,722'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint SF
@ 11,722' - 12,222'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 12,222' - 17,646'

KOP: 12,245' MD, 12,169' TVD
EOC: 12,995' MD, 12,646' TVD





Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

Design B**4. CASING PROGRAM**

Hole Size	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)				
13"	0	1,182	0	1,182	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	12,302	0	12,222	8-3/4"	38.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-SF
7-7/8"	0	11,802	0	11,722	6"	22.3#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS
6-3/4"	11,802	17,646	11,722	12,646	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

**For highlighted rows above, variance is requested to run entire string of either 6" or 5-1/2" casing string above.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-3/4" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive the annular clearance requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings by 8-3/4" casing annulus to the proposed top of cement.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- Annular clearance to meet or exceed 0.422" between intermediate casing ID and production casing coupling only on the first 500' overlap between both casing strings.
- Annular clearance less than 0.422" is acceptable for the production open hole section.

5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Depth MD	No. Sacks	Wt. ppg	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description
1,182' 10-3/4"	300	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	100	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 982')
12,302' 8-3/4"	650	14.2	1.11	1st Stage (Tail): Class C/H + 0.6% Halad-9 + 0.45% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7,390')
	1000	14.8	1.5	2nd Stage (Bradenhead squeeze): Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
17,646' 6" 5-1/2"	1010	12.5	2.05	Lead: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface)
	570	13.2	1.47	Tail: Class C/H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 10,369')



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 8-3/4" intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,591') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 100 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests a variance to set the intermediate casing shoe in the Bone Spring formation OR the Wolfcamp formation, depending on depletion in the area and well conditions. EOG will monitor the well and ensure the well is static before casing operations begin.

6. WELLHEAD:

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 20 days per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2.
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.
- See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a -Offline Cement Intermediate Operational Procedure"



Streetcar 15 Fed 722H

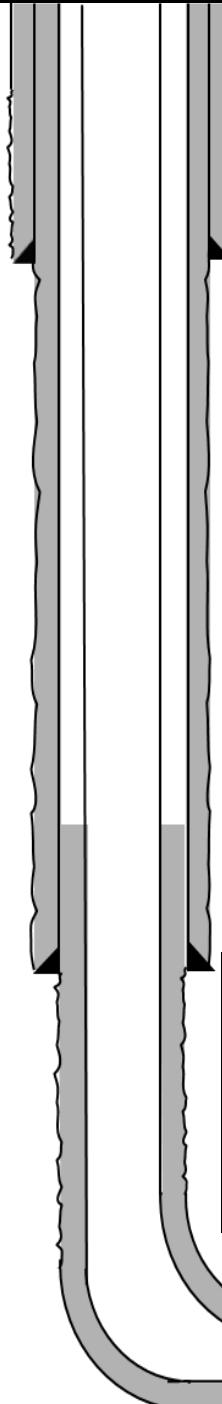
751' FSL
1517' FEL
Section 15
T-25-S, R-33-E

Proposed Wellbore
API: 30-025-*****

KB: 3380'
GL: 3355'

Bit Size: 13"

10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC,
0' - 1,182'



Bit Size: 9-7/8"

8-3/4", 38.5#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint-SF
@ 0' - 12,222'

Bit Size: 7-7/8" | 6-3/4"

6", 22.3#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS
@ 0' - 11,722'
5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS
@ 11,722' - 17,646'

KOP: 12,245' MD, 12,169' TVD
EOC: 12,995' MD, 12,646' TVD

TOC: 10,369' MD, 11,222' TVD

Lateral: 17,646' MD, 12,646' TVD
Upper Most Perf:
100' FSL & 2175' FEL Sec. 15
Lower Most Perf:
100' FNL & 2175' FEL Sec. 15
BH Location:
100' FNL & 2175' FEL,
Sec. 15, T-25-S R-33-E



Cement Program

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing

1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
 - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
 - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the **casing will be cemented online**.
3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
 - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
 - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
4. Set pack-off
 - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
 - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
 - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
 - a. **Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nipped down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.**
7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
 - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
 - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
 - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
 - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nipped back up for any further remediation.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

2/24/2022

- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
 - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
 - b. If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
 - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
11. Install offline cement tool.
 - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
 - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
 - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
 - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
14. Pump cement job as per plan.
 - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
 - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
 - a. With floats holding and backside static:
 - i. Remove cement head.
 - b. If floats are leaking:
 - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
 - c. If there is flow on the backside:
 - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
16. Remove offline cement tool.
17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



Example Well Control Plan Content

A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the **5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well**, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nipped up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

B. Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

General Procedure While Circulating

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

2/24/2022

6. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

General Procedure While Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
9. Read and record the following
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

General Procedure After Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
3. Confirm shut-in.
4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead



Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

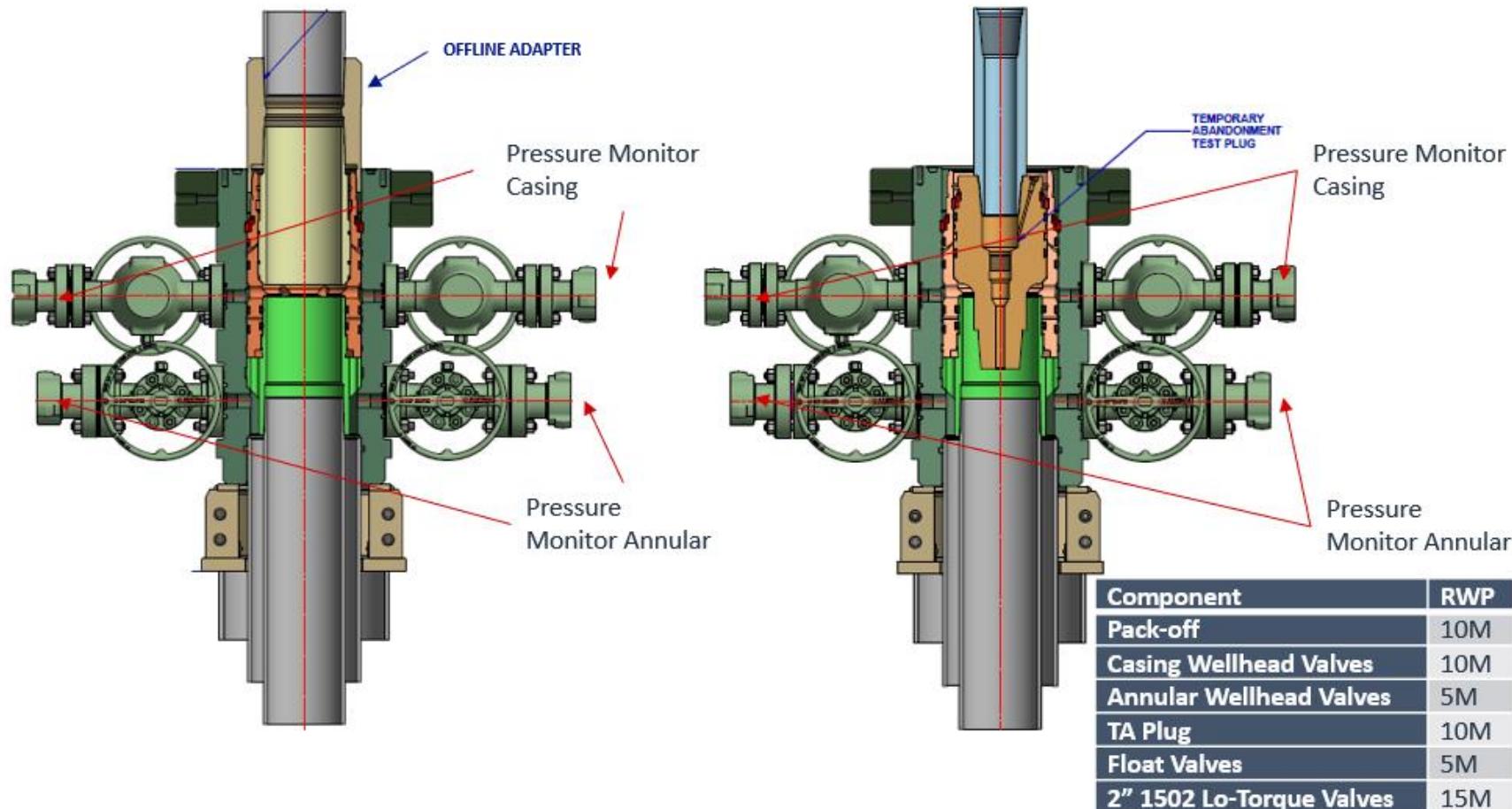
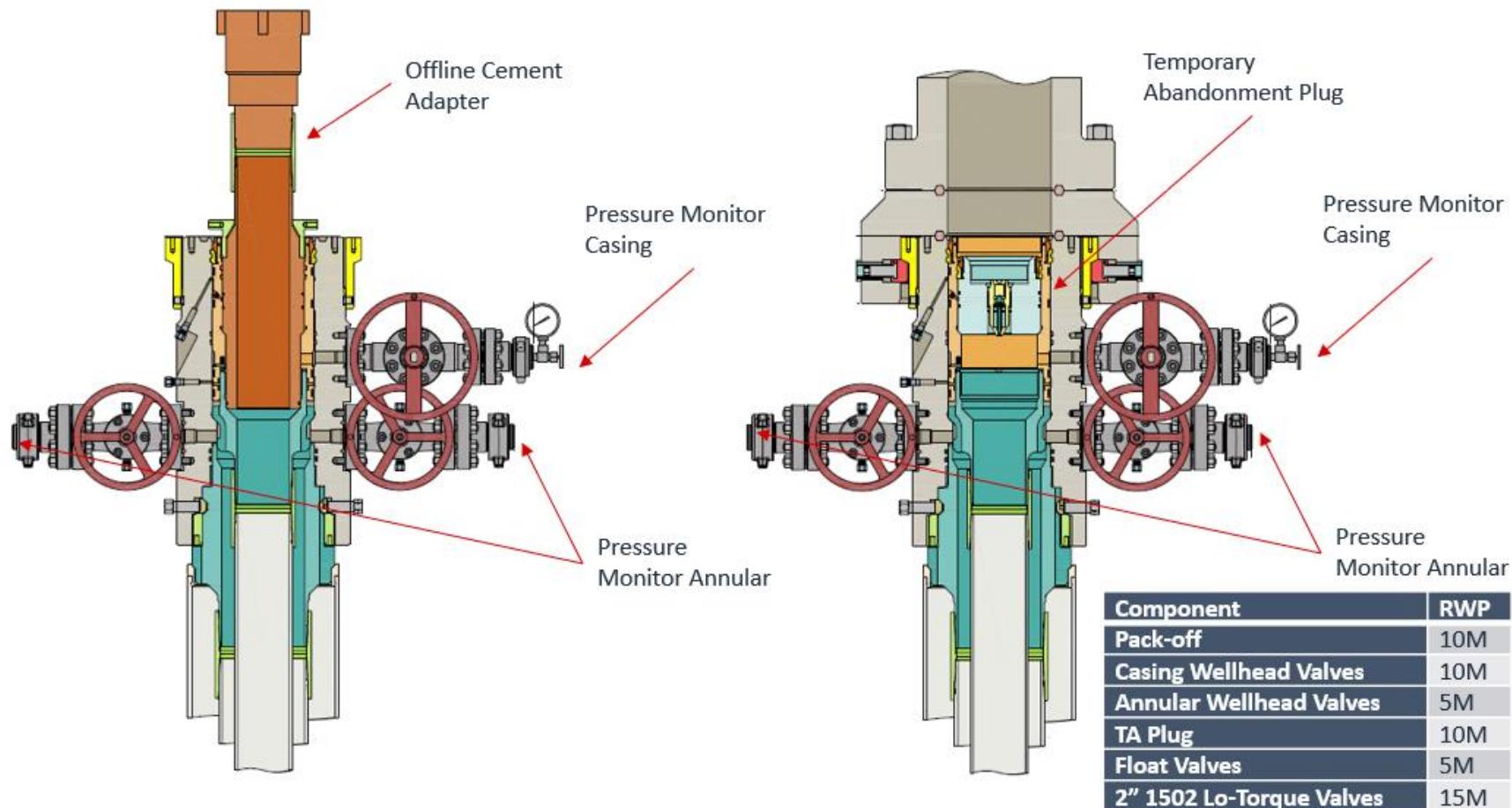




Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic



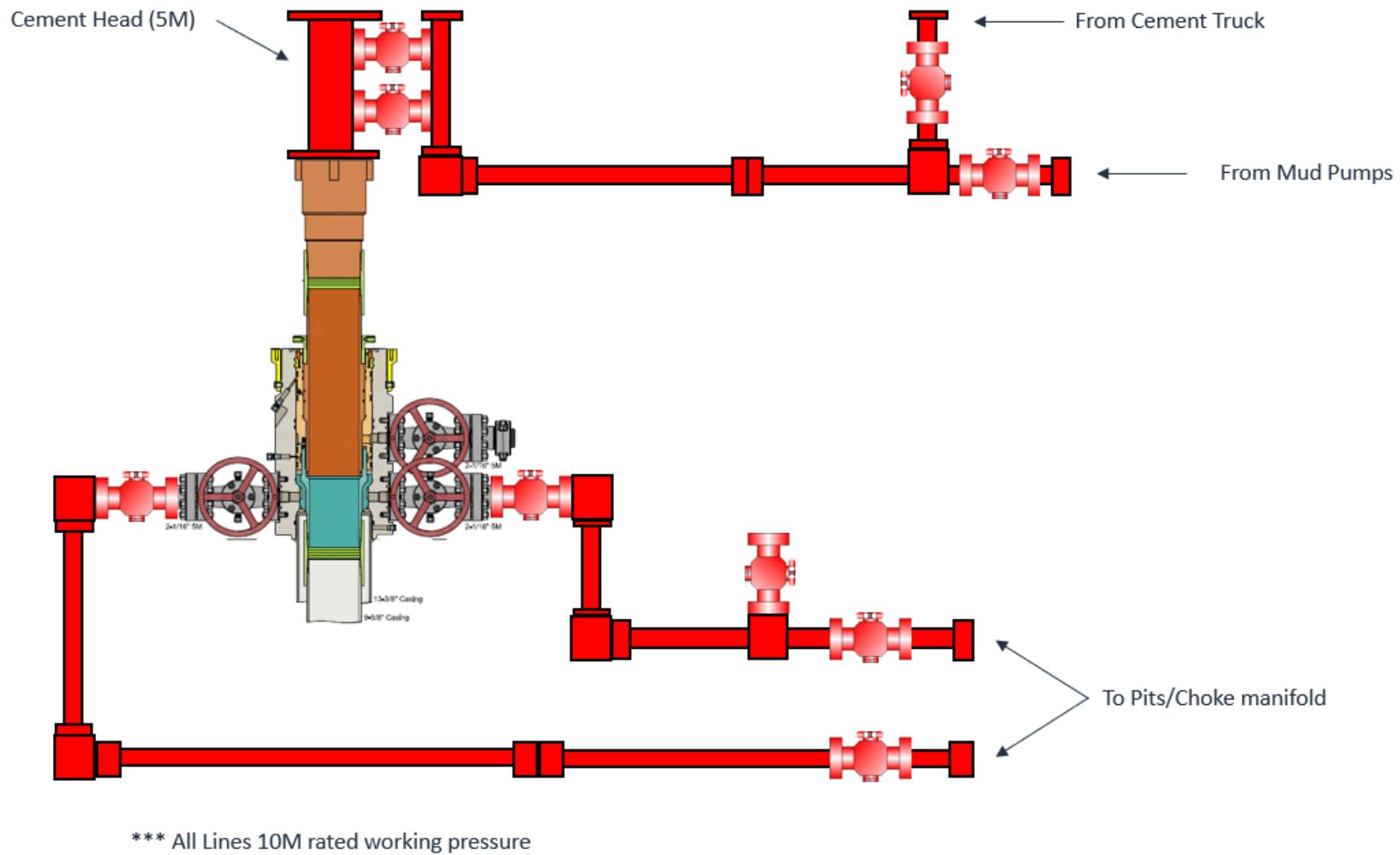
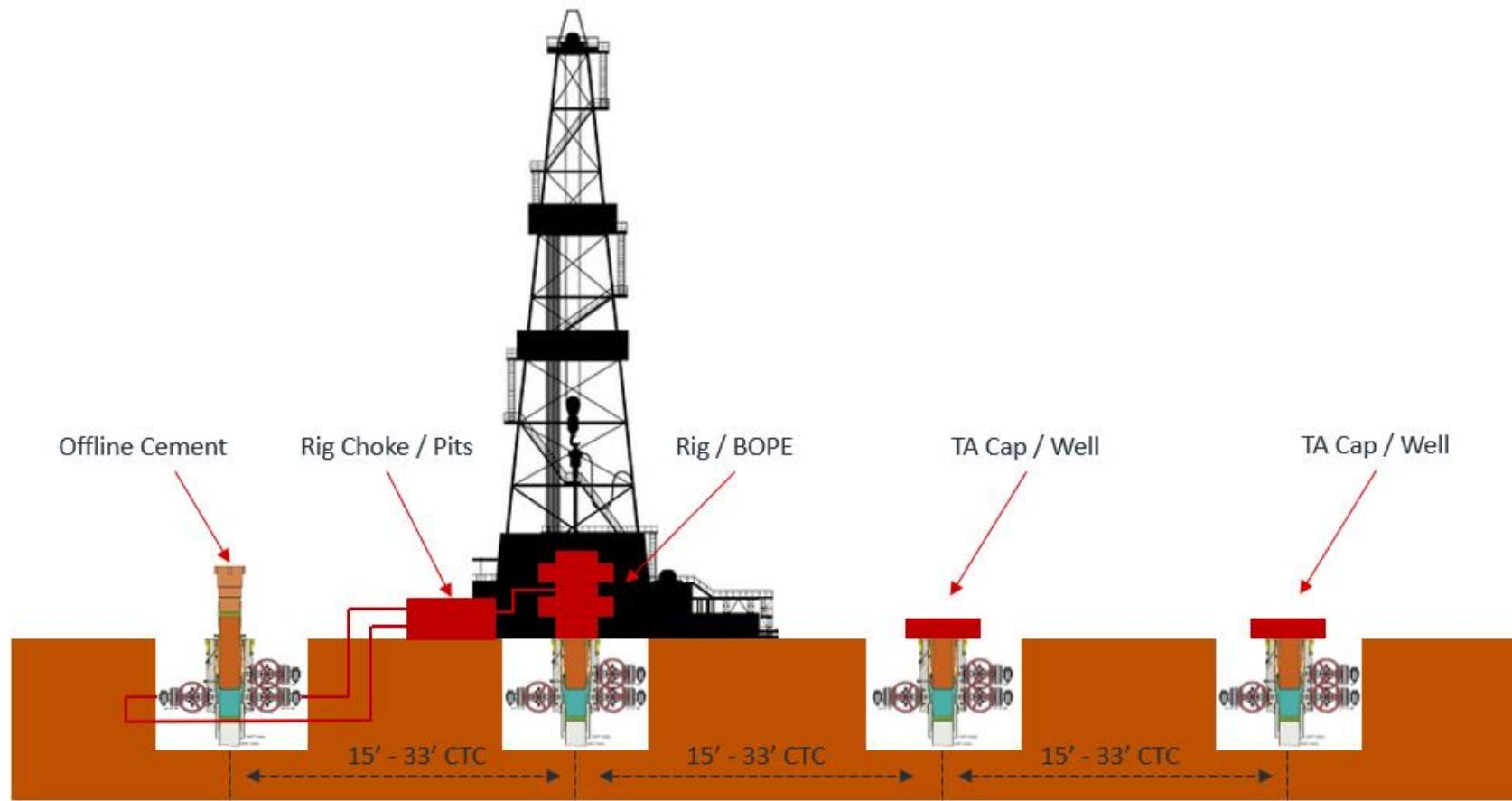
**Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up**



Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram



BLM: Waste Management Plan

Lea County

43 CFR 3162.3-1(j)

(1) initial oil production estimates and decline,

(2) initial gas production estimates and decline

The charts below illustrate the requested anticipated production decline over the first three years of gas and oil production.

Production Days	LNRD Pool Gross Oil (BOPD)	LNRD Pool Gross Gas (MCFD)	WFMP Pool Gross Oil (BOPD)	WFMP Pool Gross Gas (MCFD)
1	-	-	-	-
30	1,032	1,774	1,372	3,520
60	1,868	4,422	1,711	4,696
91	1,088	3,766	992	2,915
121	780	3,334	724	2,252
152	626	3,132	609	1,861
182	511	2,819	527	1,663
212	429	2,451	472	1,509
243	344	1,967	437	1,416
273	306	1,722	398	1,317
304	278	1,497	371	1,226
334	269	1,403	342	1,142
364	265	1,403	319	1,078
395	258	1,517	299	1,020
425	246	1,559	278	967
456	234	1,621	266	937
486	220	1,590	258	932
516	205	1,575	249	899
547	191	1,418	241	869
577	181	1,352	231	834
608	171	1,272	229	834
638	165	1,323	214	791
668	161	1,303	208	775
699	155	1,265	200	745
729	148	1,209	194	725
760	142	1,145	187	708
790	134	1,048	181	689
820	137	1,094	180	683
851	133	1,036	168	647
881	131	1,054	165	631
912	126	1,047	163	623
942	122	1,005	160	615
972	118	1,018	155	601
1003	115	1,008	153	593
1033	113	1,015	148	582
1064	105	894	144	582
1094	67	240	141	557



(3) certification that the operator has an executed gas sales contract to sell 100 percent of the produced oil-well gas

In accordance with the requirements set forth in 43 CFR subpart 3178, we hereby certify that we have entered into sales contracts to sell 100% of the produced oil-well gas, less the gas anticipated for use on-lease pursuant to 43 CFR Subpart 3178.

(4) any other information demonstrating the operator's plans to avoid the waste of gas.

In an effort to avoid the waste of gas production, EOG Resources utilizes the following equipment/procedures as part of its facilities and operations:

- Instrument Air Compressors
- Wellhead Autochokes

- iSense Continuous Leak Detection
- Tank Vapor Capture
- Audio, Visual, & Olfactory (AVO) Inspections
- Optical Gas Imaging (OGI) Inspections
- High- & Low-Pressure Gas Capture Tracking
- Vapor Recovery Unit Monitoring



EOG Batch Casing

Pad Name: Streetcar 15 Fed DEEP

SHL: Section 15, Township 25-S, Range 33-E, LEA County, NM

Well Name	API #	Surface		Intermediate		Production	
		MD	TVD	MD	TVD	MD	TVD
Streetcar 15 Fed #721H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,277	12,222	17,625	12,646
Streetcar 15 Fed #722H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,302	12,222	17,646	12,646
Streetcar 15 Fed #741H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,570	12,498	17,970	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #742H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,648	12,498	18,039	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #743H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,550	12,498	17,949	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #744H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,634	12,498	18,029	12,975
Streetcar 15 Fed #751H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,671	12,605	18,073	13,082
Streetcar 15 Fed #752H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,657	12,605	18,055	13,082
Streetcar 15 Fed #753H	30-025-*****	1,182	1,182	12,655	12,605	18,057	13,082



EOG Batch Casing

Variances

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a - Intermediate Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d - Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 2b - Wolfcamp Intermediate Casing Setpoint
- EOG BLM Variance 3a_b - BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement



EOG Batch Casing

GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Rustler	1,081'
Tamarisk Anhydrite	1,157'
Top of Salt	1,423'
Base of Salt	4,831'
Lamar	4,997'
Bell Canyon	5,016'
Cherry Canyon	6,102'
Brushy Canyon	7,591'
Bone Spring Lime	9,169'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'
3rd Bone Spring Carb	11,189'
3rd Bone Spring Sand	11,843'
Wolfcamp	12,212'

ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0- 400'	Fresh Water
Bell Canyon	5,016'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	6,102'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,591'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,227'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,145'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,358'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,673'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting surface casing at 1,190' and circulating cement back to surface.

10,000 PSI BOP Annular Variance Request

EOG Resources request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

The tables below outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

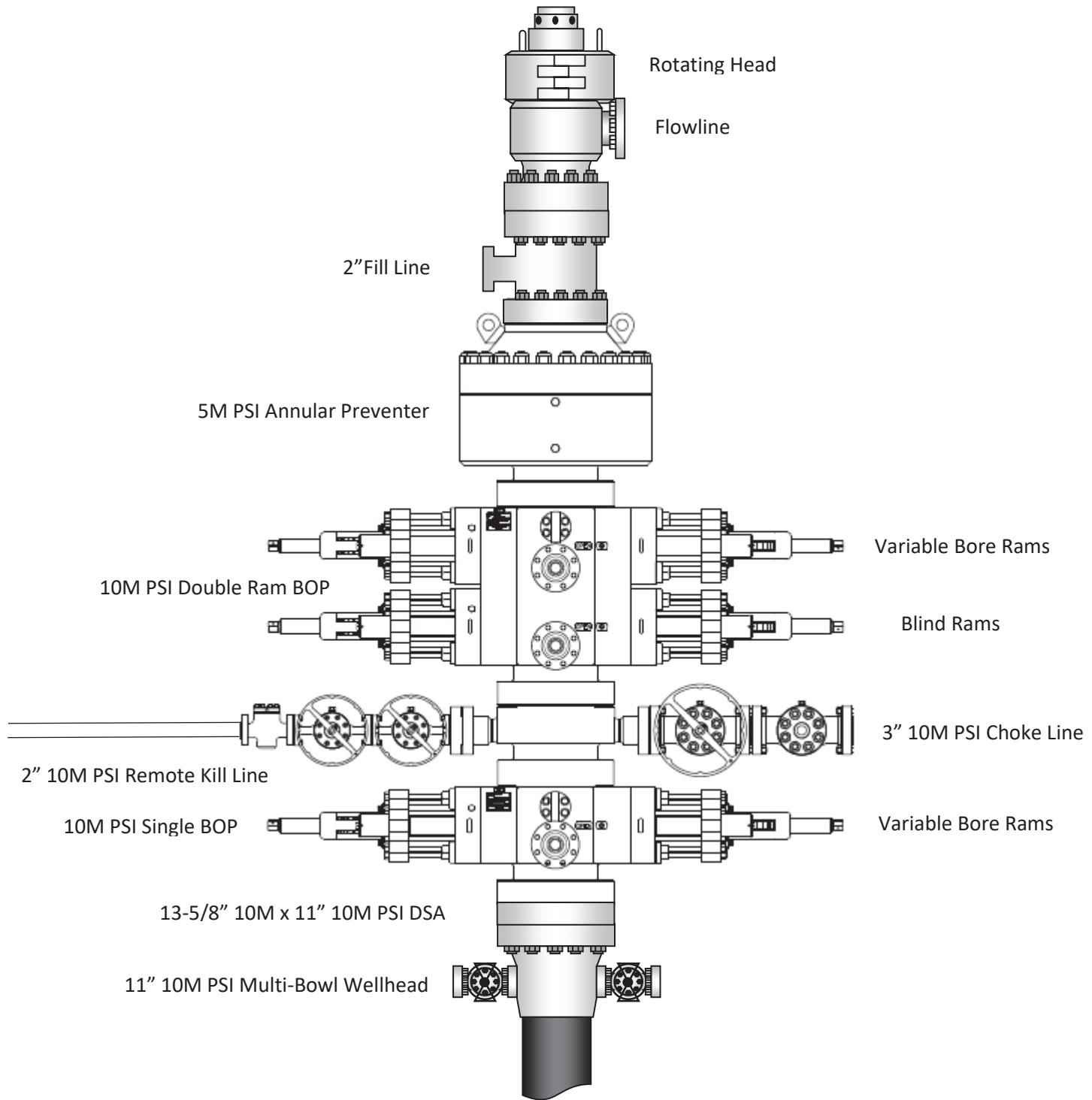
9-7/8" & 8-3/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Jars	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500 – 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	6.750 – 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Intermediate casing	7.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

6-3/4" Production Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
DCs and MWD tools	4.750 – 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Mud Motor	4.750 – 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Mud Motor	5.500 – 5.750"	Annular	5M	-	-
Production casing	5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

EOG Resources

11" 10M PSI BOP Stack



2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the EOG Resources drilling supervisor's office on location, and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 100% of its RWP.

General Procedure While Drilling

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Space out drill string
3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
4. Shut-in Well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Tripping

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out drill string
4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Running Production Casing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
3. Space out string

4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP and SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Shut-in with blind rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
3. Confirm shut-in
4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
6. Regroup and identify forward plan

General Procedures While Pulling BHA thru Stack

1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe thru the stack.
 - a. Perform flowcheck, if flowing:
 - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - c. Stab full opening safety valve and close
 - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
 - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
 - f. Confirm shut-in
 - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - h. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
 - i. Regroup and identify forward plan
2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
 - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
 - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
 - e. Confirm shut-in
 - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - g. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP

- ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
- h. Regroup and identify forward plan

3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.

- a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" scenario.
- c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull the string clear of the stack:
- d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe, and full opening safety valve and close
- e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram.
- f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- g. Confirm shut-in
- h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- i. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP and SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
- j. Regroup and identify forward plan

**Intermediate Bradenhead Cement:**

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the intermediate casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon and the second stage performed as 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (2.30 yld, 12.91 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top of cement will be verified by Echo-meter.

EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program.

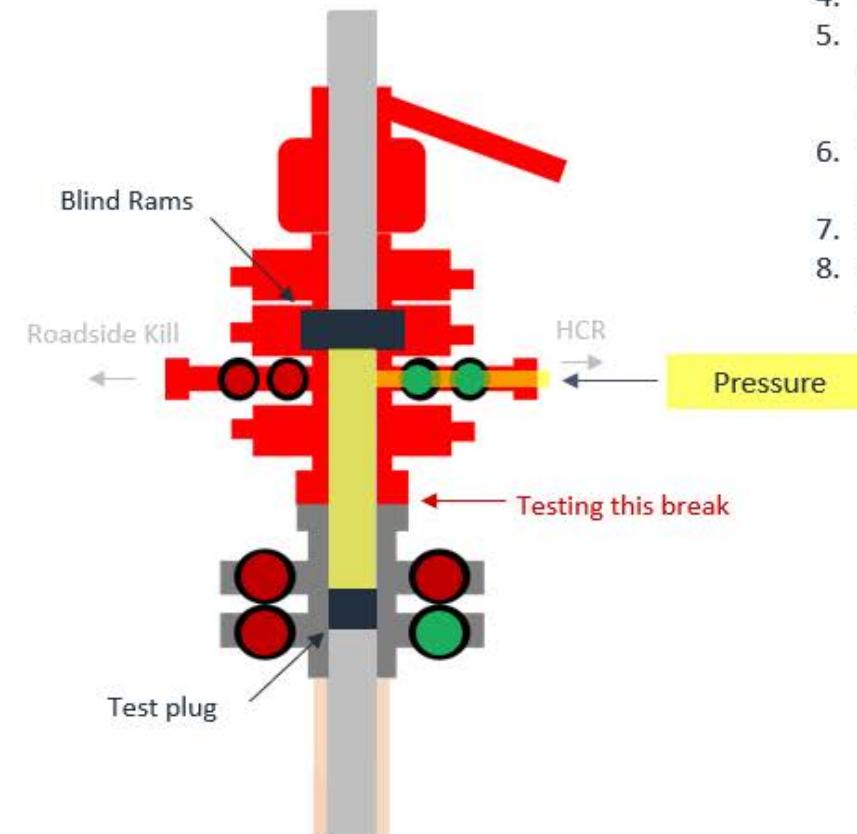
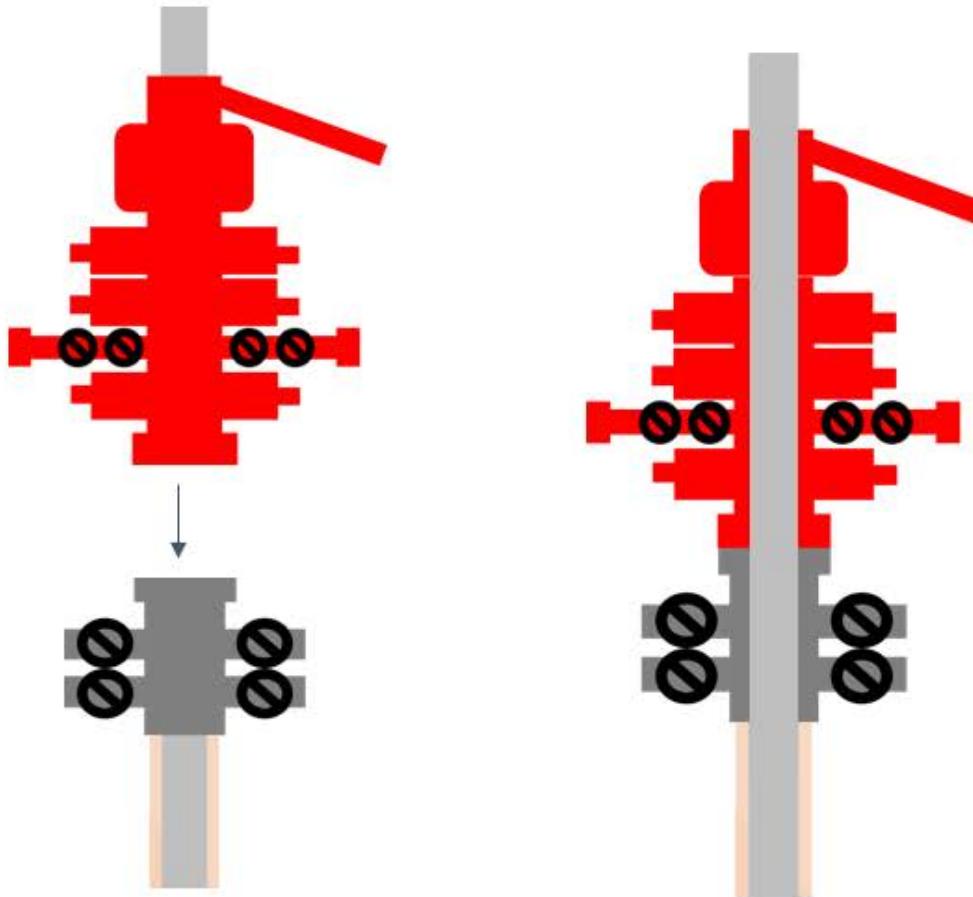
EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

**Break-test BOP & Offline Cementing:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of ECFR Title 43 Part 3172.6(b)(9)(iv) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days.
- This test will be conducted for 5M rated hole intervals only.
- Each rig requesting the break-test variance is capable of picking up the BOP without damaging components using winches, following API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth edition, December 2018, Annex C. Table C.4) which recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice.
- Function tests will be performed on the following BOP elements:
 - Annular & during each full BOPE test
 - Upper Pipe Rams & On trip ins where FIT required
 - Blind Rams & Every trip
 - Lower Pipe Rams & during each full BOPE test
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops.

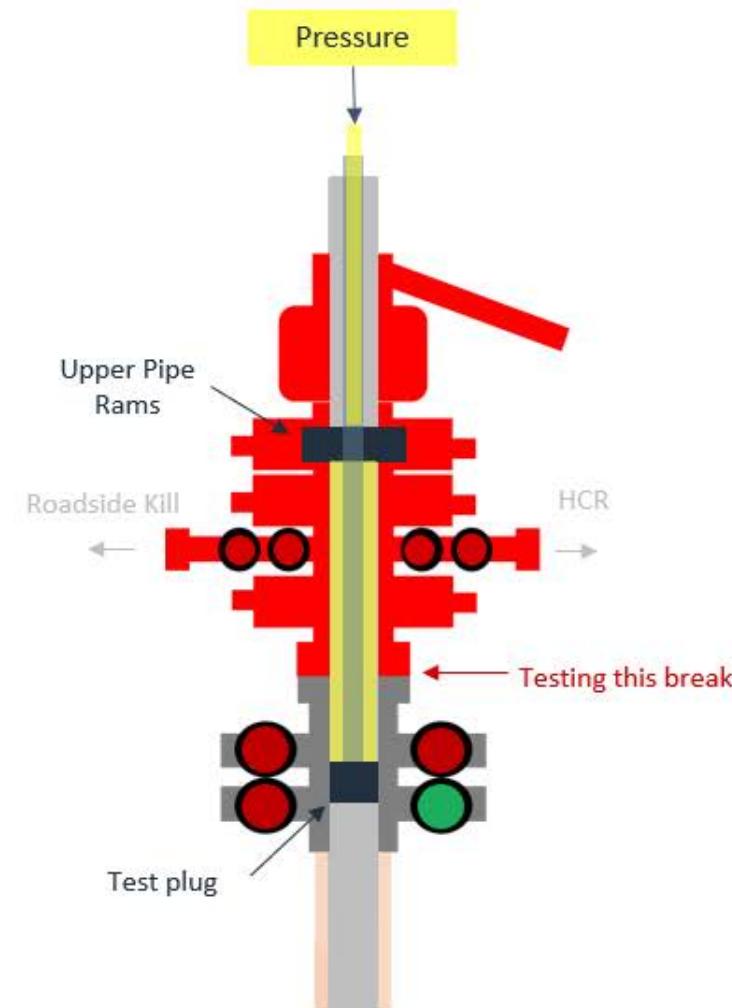
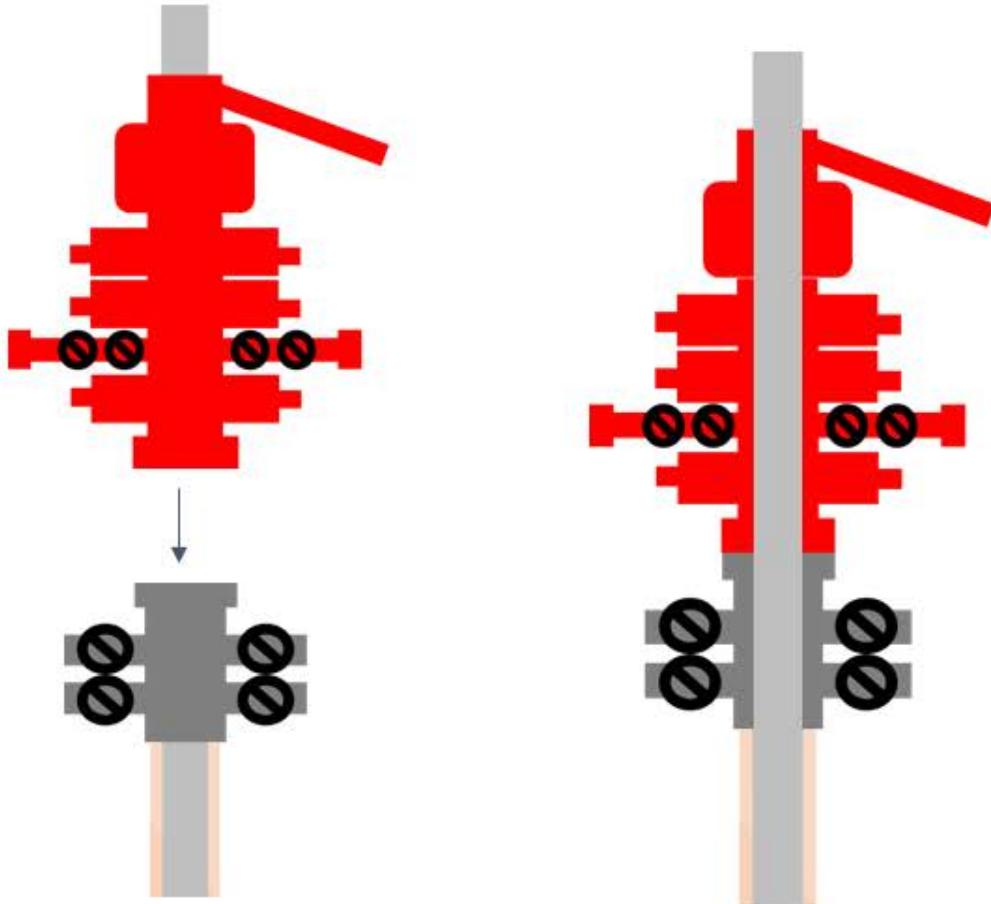
Break Test Diagram (HCR valve)



Steps

1. Set plug in wellhead (lower barrier)
2. Close Blind Rams (upper barrier)
3. Close roadside kill
4. Open HCR (pressure application)
5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to main choke manifold crown valve
7. Pressure up to test break
8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit

Break Test Diagram (Test Joint)



Steps

1. Set plug in with test joint wellhead (lower barrier)
2. Close Upper Pipe Rams (upper barrier)
3. Close roadside kill
4. Close HCR
5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to top of test joint
7. Pressure up to test break
8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit



Cement Program

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing

1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
 - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
 - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the **casing will be cemented online**.
3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
 - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
 - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
4. Set pack-off
 - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
 - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
 - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
 - a. **Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nipples down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.**
7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
 - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
 - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
 - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
 - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nipples back up for any further remediation.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

2/24/2022

- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
 - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
 - b. If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
 - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
11. Install offline cement tool.
 - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
 - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
 - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
 - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
14. Pump cement job as per plan.
 - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
 - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
 - a. With floats holding and backside static:
 - i. Remove cement head.
 - b. If floats are leaking:
 - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
 - c. If there is flow on the backside:
 - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
16. Remove offline cement tool.
17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



Example Well Control Plan Content

A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the **5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well**, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nipped up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

B. Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

General Procedure While Circulating

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.



Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

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6. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

General Procedure While Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut down pumps.
3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
4. Confirm shut-in.
5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
9. Read and record the following
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

General Procedure After Cementing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
3. Confirm shut-in.
4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP and AP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
 - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead



Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

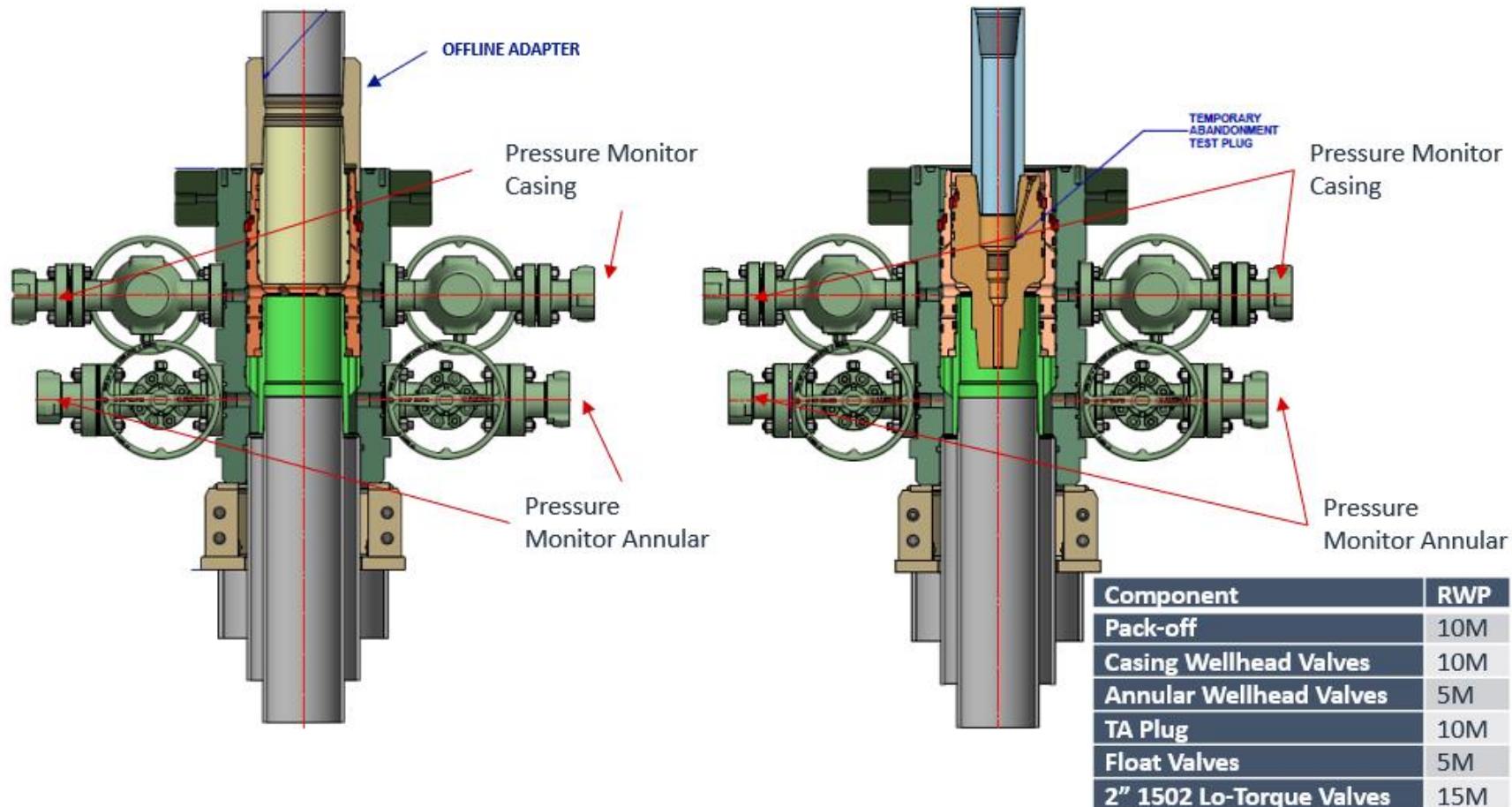
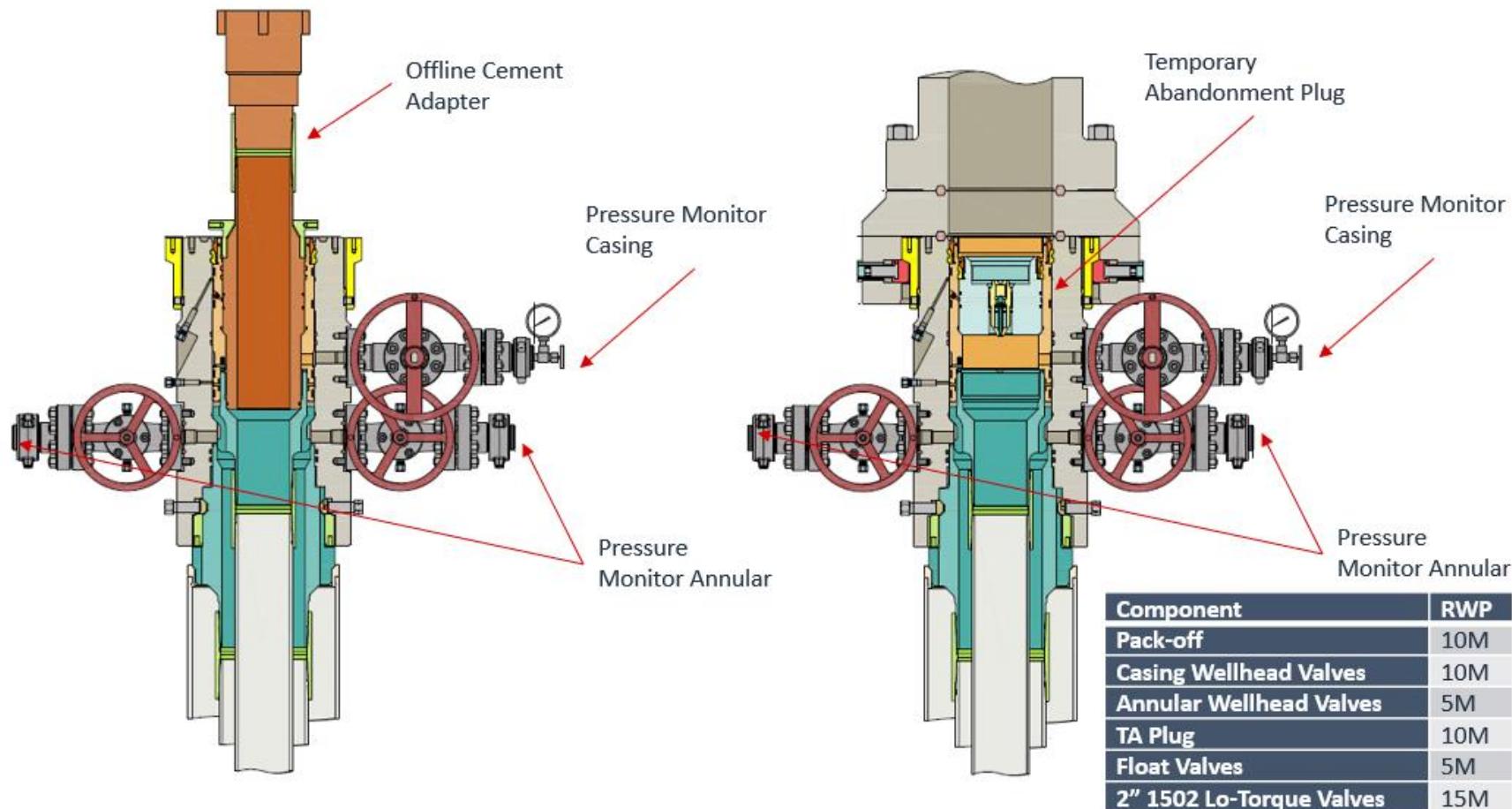
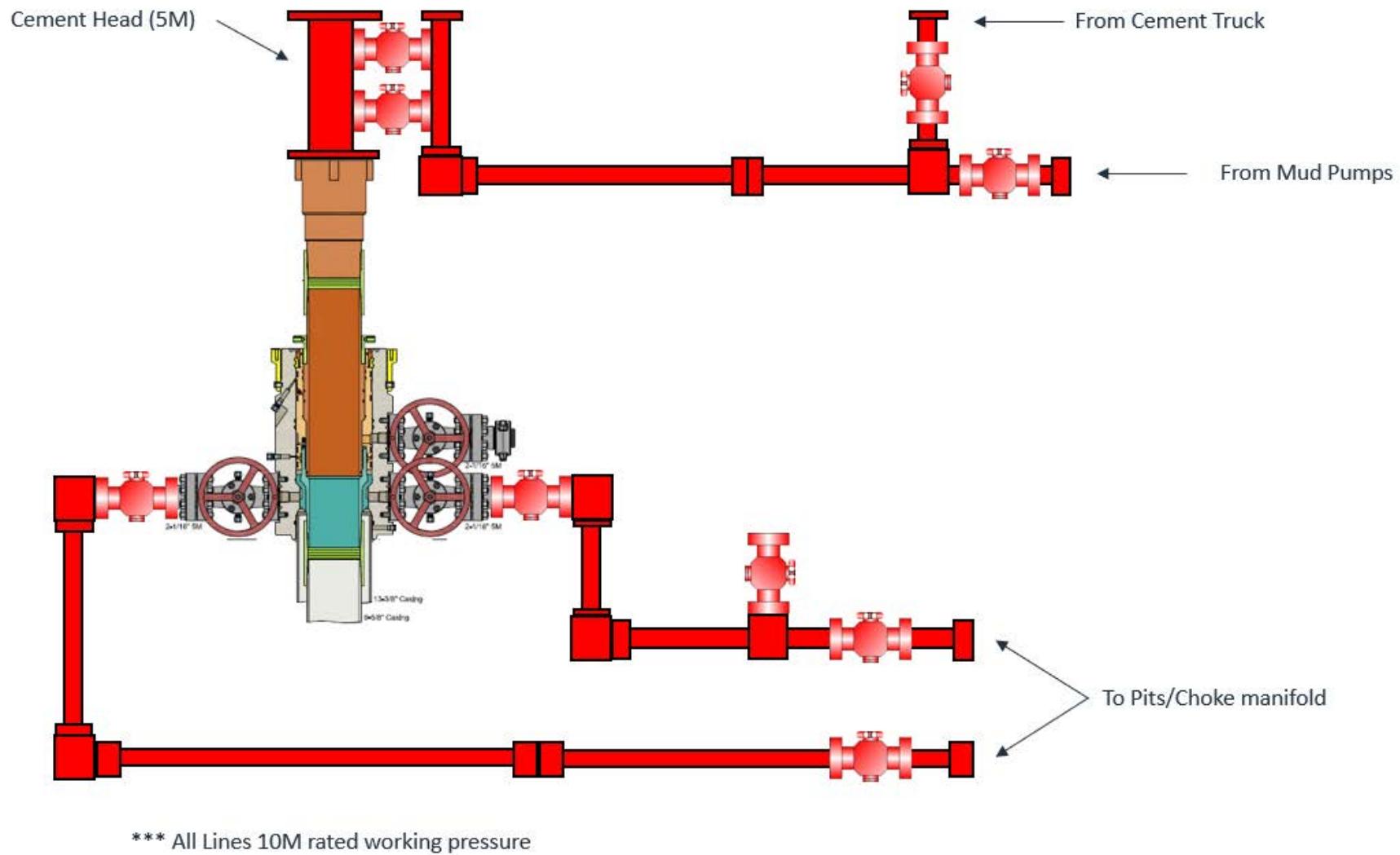
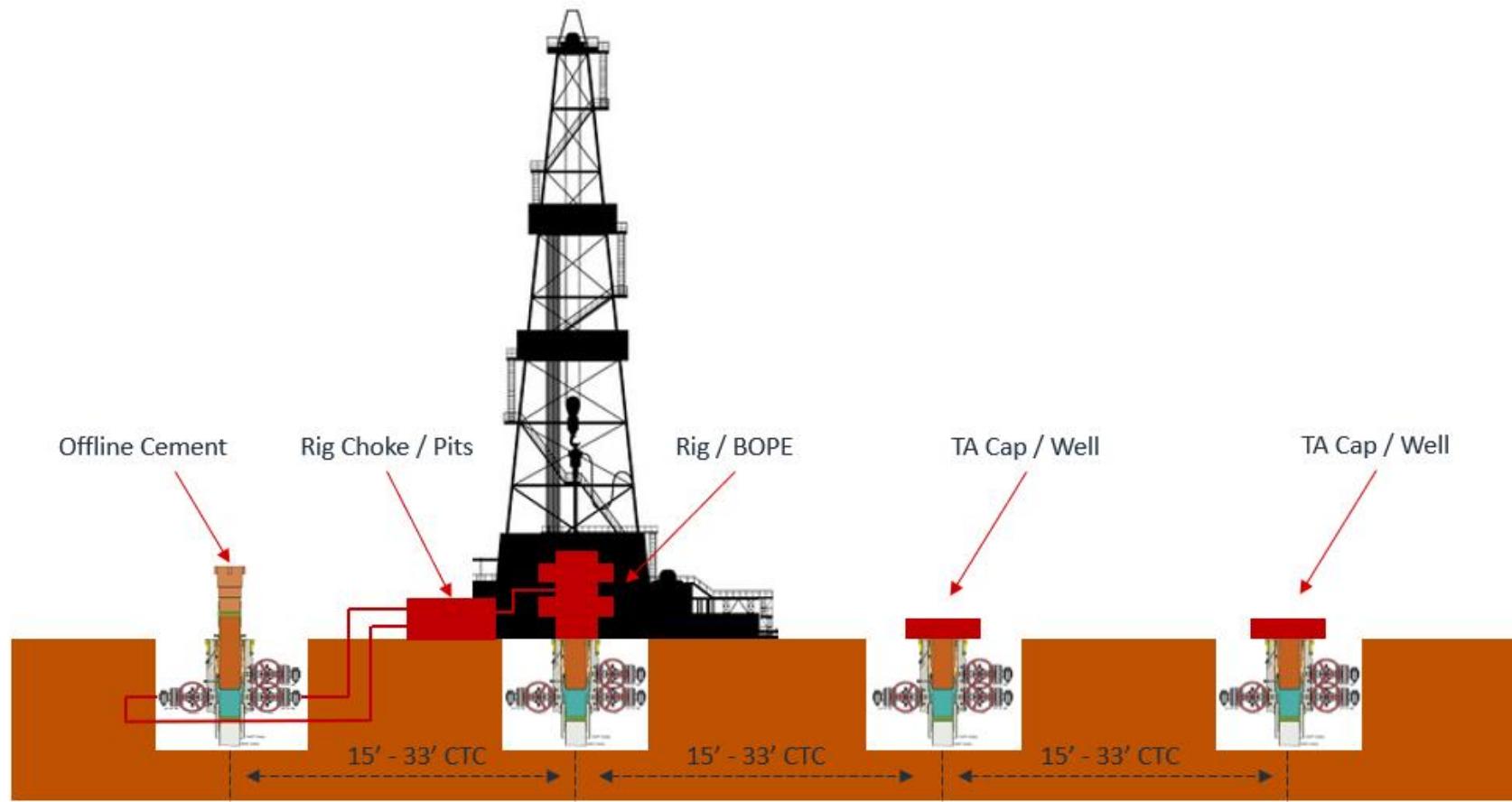




Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic



**Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up**

**Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram**



BLACK GOLD®

Nabors 1210
Choke hose
10-28-22

GATES ENGINEERING & SERVICES NORTH AMERICA
7603 Prairie Oak Dr.
Houston, TX. 77086

PHONE: +1 (281) 602-4100
FAX: +1 (281) 602-4147
EMAIL: gesna.quality@gates.com
WEB: www.gates.com/oilandgas

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

This is to verify that the items detailed below meet the requirements of the Customer's Purchase Order referenced herein, and are in Conformance with applicable specifications, and that Records of Required Tests are on file and subject to examination. The following items were inspected and hydrostatically tested at **Gates Engineering & Services North America** facilities in Houston, TX, USA.

CUSTOMER: NABORS DRILLING TECHNOLOGIES USA DBA NABORS DRILLING USA

CUSTOMER P.O.#: 15485579 (NABORS PO#15485579 SN 73981ASSET 66-1486)

CUSTOMER P/N: IMR RETEST SN 73981 ASSET #66-1486

PART DESCRIPTION: RETEST OF CUSTOMER 3" X 45 FT 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY C/W 4 1/16" 10K FLANGES

SALES ORDER #: 525500

QUANTITY: 1

SERIAL #: 73981 H3-101822-15

SIGNATURE:

TITLE: QUALITY ASSURANCE

DATE: 10/18/2022

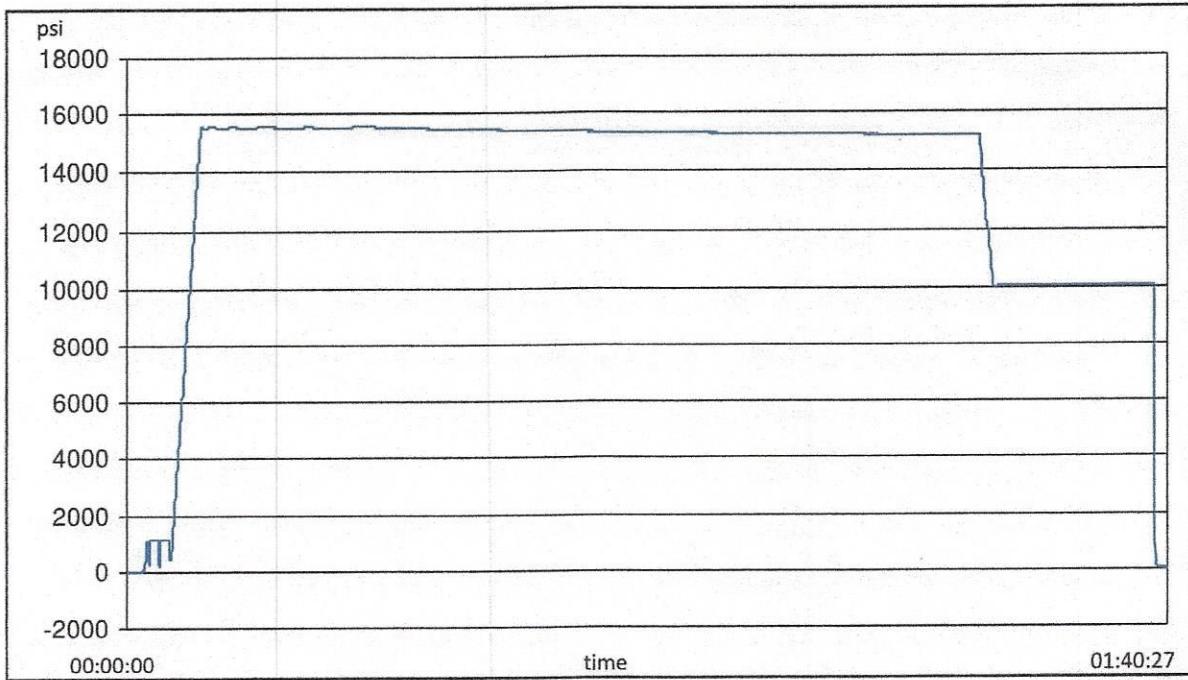


H3-10667

10/18/2022 11:48:25 AM

TEST REPORT

CUSTOMER		TEST OBJECT	
Company:	Nabors Industries Inc.	Serial number:	H3-101822-15
Production description:		Lot number:	
Sales order #:	525500	Description:	
Customer reference:	FG0144 NABORS PO#15485579 SN 73981 ASSET 66-1486	Hose ID:	3.0 CK03 16C 10K
Part number:			
TEST INFORMATION			
Test procedure:	GTS-04-053	Fitting 1:	3.0 x 4-1/16 10K
Test pressure:	15000.00 psi	Part number:	
Test pressure hold:	3600.00 sec	Description:	
Work pressure:	10000.00 psi	Fitting 2:	3.0 x 4-1/16 10K
Work pressure hold:	900.00 sec	Part number:	
Length difference:	0.00 %	Description:	
Length difference:	0.00 inch		
Visual check:		Length:	45 feet
Pressure test result:	PASS		
Length measurement result:			
Test operator:	Martin		





H3-10667

10/18/2022 11:48:25 AM

TEST REPORT

GAUGE TRACEABILITY

Description	Serial number	Calibration date	Calibration due date
S-25-A-W	110AMCL2	2022-01-10	2023-01-10
S-25-A-W	110APO2K	2022-01-10	2023-01-10

Comment



Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram

License Number: 7K-0519

ORIGINAL

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7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX
United States**

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The scope of this license includes the following: High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses at FSL 0, at FSL 1, at FSL 2

QMS Exclusions: Servicing

**Effective Date: DECEMBER 18, 2021
Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2024**

To verify the authenticity of this license, go to www.api.org/compositelist.



Vice President of Product Management



Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram

License Number: 16C-0485

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The scope of this license includes the following: Flexible Choke and Kill Lines at FSL 0, FSL 1, FSL 2, FSL 3

QMS Exclusions: Servicing

Effective Date: DECEMBER 18, 2021

Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2024

To verify the authenticity of this license, go to www.api.org/compositelist.



Jim H. Hester
Vice President of Product Management



American
Petroleum
Institute

REGISTRATION NO. Q1-3650

Certificate of Registration

The American Petroleum Institute certifies that the quality management system of

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7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX
United States

has been assessed by the American Petroleum Institute and found to be in conformance with the following:

API Spec Q1, 9th Edition

The scope of this registration and the approved quality management system applies to the:

Assembly and Pressure Test of High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses, Flexible Choke and Kill Lines, and General Rubber Hydraulic Hose Assemblies

API approves the organization's justification for excluding:

Servicing



Effective Date:
Expiration Date:
Registered Since:

DECEMBER 18, 2021
DECEMBER 18, 2024
DECEMBER 18, 2018

Vice President of Product Management

This certificate is valid for the period specified herein. The registered organization must continually meet all requirements of API Spec Q1, *Specification for Quality Management System Requirements for Manufacturing Organizations for the Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry*, and the requirements of the Registration Agreement. Registration is maintained and regularly monitored through annual full system audits. This certificate has been issued from API offices located at 200 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20001-5571, U.S.A. It is the property of API, and must be returned upon request. **To verify the authenticity of this certificate, go to www.api.org/compositelist.**

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

New road access plan or profile prepared? N

New road access plan

Access road engineering design? N

Access road engineering design

Turnout? N

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: OFFSITE

Access surfacing type description: 6" compacted caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth:

Offsite topsoil source description: See attached SUPO

Onsite topsoil removal process:

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

Other Description: Crown and ditched

Drainage Control comments: N/A

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: N/A

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Existing Well map Attachment:

LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_MILE_RADIUS_20241120085653.pdf

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description: SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H**Production Facilities map:**

BO_STREETCAR_15_FED_582H_741H_511H_721H_751H_583H_512H_EXPANSION_S_20241119134100.pdf
 BO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_743H_753H_744H_EXPANSION_S_20241119134100.pdf
 BO_STREETCAR_15_FED_742H_584H_752H_513H_EXPANSION_S_20241119134100.pdf
 EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_582H_741H_511H_721H_FL_GL_FO_S_20241119134100.pdf
 EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_582H_741H_511H_721H_FUEL_GAS_S_20241119134100.pdf
 EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_743H_753H_744H_FL_GL_FO_S_20241119134100.pdf
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 EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_751H_583H_512H_FUEL_GAS_S_20241119134101.pdf

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply**Water Source Table****Water source type:** RECYCLED**Water source use type:** OTHER

Describe use type: The source and location of the water location will be drilled using a combination of water mud program. (i) Water will be obtained from commercial water to the location by trucks using existing and proposed roads attached. (ii) Water may be supplied from frac ponds and temporary above-ground surface lines as shown on the map. 4-inch polyethylene or layflat lines and up to six 12-inch lines will be used to transport water. Freshwater is defined as containing less than 1000 mg/L total dissolved solids (TDS), exhibiting no petroleum sheen when standing, and no mechanical processes that expose it to heavy metals or salts. To utilize up to six 4-inch polyethylene or layflat lines and transport treated produced water is defined as the reclamation of reusable form and may include mechanical and chemical processes. RESOLUTE FRAC POND, SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 23, RANGE 33 EAST. Use Water Source: DAUNTLESS RISER, SECTION 7, TOWNSHIP 23, RANGE 33 EAST. Temporary surface lines would originate from locations in the surrounding area of the proposed action and ground with minimal disturbance. Temporary surface lines would be located at least 100 feet from the edge of the existing disturbance (i.e., edge of a road, or two-track road, or other man-made addition to the landscape). A mechanism will be used. All vehicle equipment will remain in the same location. Map or maps showing the locations of the temporary surface lines (e.g., APD and included in the Environmental Assessment. An electronic KMZ file) shall be submitted with the Environmental Assessment.

Source latitude:**Source longitude:****Source datum:****City:****Water source permit type:** WATER RIGHT

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H

follows: * -An adequate amount of topsoil/root zone (usually top 6 inches of soil) will be stripped from the proposed well location and stockpiled along the side of the well location as depicted on the well site diagram/survey plat. -An area within the proposed well site dimensions will be used to excavate caliche. Subsoil will be removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad dimensions. -Once caliche/surfacing mineral is found, the mineral material will be excavated and stockpiled within the approved drilling pad dimensions. -Then, subsoil will be pushed back in the excavated hole, and caliche will be spread accordingly across the entire well pad and road (if available). -Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside the well pad dimensions. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat. * If no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM-approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired before obtaining mineral material from BLM pits or federal land.

Construction Materials source location

Caliche_Map_20241119134248.pdf

Section 7 - Methods for Handling

Waste type: SEWAGE

Waste content description: Human grey water waste

Amount of waste: 1 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Weekly

<style isBold="true">Safe containment description:</style> Safe containment description: Human waste managed by third-party vendors. ROW construction waste contained in on-site portable toilets maintained by third party vendor. During drilling activities waste is managed by third party vendor utilizing onsite aerobic (treatment) wastewater management. Liquids treated through the aerobic system are transferred to via water line to CTBs for reuse by EOG. All solid waste remaining after treatment process are pumped into an enclosed waste transfer truck at the time of rig down and taken to one of the following disposal facilities by the third party vendor: Qual Run Services LLC (a Licensed Waste Management Service Facility in Reeves County, Texas) or ReUse OilField Services (a Licensed Waste Management Facility in Mentone, TX)

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** COMMERCIAL

Disposal type description:

<style isBold="true">Disposal location description:</style> Disposal location description: Human waste managed by third-party vendors. ROW construction waste contained in on-site portable toilets maintained by third party vendor. During drilling activities waste is managed by third party vendor utilizing onsite aerobic (treatment) wastewater management. Liquids treated through the aerobic system are transferred to via water line to CTBs for reuse by EOG. All solid waste remaining after treatment process are pumped into an enclosed waste transfer truck at the time of rig down and taken to one of the following disposal facilities by the third party vendor: Qual Run Services LLC (a Licensed Waste Management Service Facility in Reeves County, Texas) or ReUse OilField Services (a Licensed Waste Management Facility in Mentone, TX)

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Drill fluids and produced oil and water from the well during drilling and completion operations will be stored safely and disposed of properly in an NMOCD approved disposal facility. Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations will be collected in a trash container and disposed of properly. Human waste and grey water will be properly contained of and disposed of properly. After drilling and completion operations; trash, chemicals, salts, frac sand, and other waste material will be removed and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility.

Amount of waste: 0 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: STEEL TANKS

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL **Disposal location ownership:** COMMERCIAL FACILITY

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: TRUCKED TO NMOCD APPROVED DISPOSAL FACILITY

Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: trash generated by onsite personnel

Amount of waste: 1 pounds

Waste disposal frequency : Weekly

Safe containment description: Trash dumpsters are utilized to contain garbage onsite. Dumpsters are maintained by a third party vendor. All trash is hauled to Lee County landfill.

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: OTHER

Disposal location ownership: OTHER

Disposal type description: LEE COUNTY LANDFILL

Disposal location description: LEE COUNTY LANDFILL

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) **Reserve pit width (ft.)**

Reserve pit depth (ft.) **Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)**

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? Y

Description of cuttings location Closed Loop System. Drill cuttings will be disposed of into steel tanks and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal facility.

Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

Cuttings area liner

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H**Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description****Section 8 - Ancillary****Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?:** N**Ancillary Facilities****Comments:****Section 9 - Well Site****Well Site Layout Diagram:**

LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_SITE_20241120085734.pdf

LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_BOUNDARY_20241120085734.pdf

Streetcar_15_Fed_722H_Rig_Layout_20241120085734.pdf

LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_WELLSITE_20241120085734.pdf

Comments: Exhibit 2A-Wellsite, Exhibit 2B-Padsite, Exhibit 4-Rig Layout**Section 10 - Plans for Surface****Type of disturbance:** New Surface Disturbance**Multiple Well Pad Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Multiple Well Pad Number:** 722H, 743H, 744H, 753H**Recontouring**

LO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_RECLAMATION_20241120085745.pdf

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff, and siltation of the surrounding area.**Drainage/Erosion control reclamation:** The interim reclamation will be monitored periodically to ensure that vegetation has reestablished and that erosion is controlled.**Well pad proposed disturbance (acres):** 0**Well pad interim reclamation (acres):** 0 **Well pad long term disturbance (acres):** 0**Road proposed disturbance (acres):** 0 **Road interim reclamation (acres):** 0**Road long term disturbance (acres):** 0**Powerline proposed disturbance (acres):** 0**Powerline interim reclamation (acres):** 0 **Powerline long term disturbance (acres):** 0**Pipeline proposed disturbance (acres):** 0**Pipeline interim reclamation (acres):** 0 **Pipeline long term disturbance (acres):** 0**Other proposed disturbance (acres):** 0 **Other interim reclamation (acres):** 0**Other long term disturbance (acres):** 0**Total proposed disturbance:** 0**Total interim reclamation:** 0**Total long term disturbance:** 0**Disturbance Comments:** All Interim and Final reclamation must be within 6 months. Interim must be within 6 months of completion and final within 6 months of abandonment plugging. Dual pad operations may alter timing.

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H

Reconstruction method: In areas planned for interim reclamation, all the surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads. Areas planned for interim reclamation will be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.

Topsoil redistribution: Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts and fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds, will be used. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.

Soil treatment: Re-seed according to BLM standards. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, and that erosion is controlled.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: Grass, forbs, and small woody vegetation, such as mesquite will be excavated as the topsoil is removed. Large woody vegetation will be stripped and stored separately and respreads evenly on the site following topsoil respreading. Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad

Existing Vegetation Community at the road: All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

Existing Vegetation Community at the road

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline: All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances: All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances

Non native seed used? N

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? N

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? N

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed

Seed Table

Seed Summary

Total pounds/Acre:

Seed Type	Pounds/Acre
------------------	--------------------

Seed reclamation

Operator Contact/Responsible Official

First Name:

Last Name:

Phone:

Email:

Seedbed prep:

Seed BMP:

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? N

Existing invasive species treatment description:

Existing invasive species treatment

Weed treatment plan description: All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, erosion is controlled, and free of noxious weeds. Weeds will be treated if found.

Weed treatment plan

Monitoring plan description: Reclamation will be completed within 6 months of well plugging. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, erosion is controlled, and free of noxious weeds.

Monitoring plan

Success standards: N/A

Pit closure description: N/A

Pit closure attachment:

Section 11 - Surface

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H**Disturbance type:** WELL PAD**Describe:****Surface Owner:** BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT**Other surface owner description:****BIA Local Office:****BOR Local Office:****COE Local Office:****DOD Local Office:****NPS Local Office:****State Local Office:****Military Local Office:****USFWS Local Office:****Other Local Office:****USFS Region:****USFS Forest/Grassland:****USFS Ranger District:**

Section 12 - Other

Right of Way needed? N**Use APD as ROW?****ROW Type(s):****ROW**

SUPO Additional Information: The onsite meeting was conducted at the BLM CFO on 09/24/2024. Goshawk will be the Environmental Consultant used on this Well Package. We plan to use eight 12-inch lay flat hoses to transport water and eight 4-inch polylines or layflat for drilling and frac operations. The well will be produced using gas lift as the artificial lift method. Produced water will be transported via pipeline to the EOG produced water gathering system. Streetcar 15 Fed #742H, #584H, #752H, #513H Pad Expansion: 1.84-acre pad site within BLM surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico Streetcar 15 Fed #582H, #741H, #511H, #721H, #751H, #583H, #512H Pad Expansion: 4.76-acre pad site within BLM surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico Streetcar 15 Fed #722H, #743H, #753H, #744H Pad Expansion: 1.68-acre pad site within BLM surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico Four-inch Low Pressure Gas Fuel Line for Drilling Rig: Streetcar 15 Fed #582H, #741H, #511H, & #721H - Total footage 2777.50 or 168.33 rods BLM Surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED**Well Name:** STREETCAR 15 FED**Well Number:** 722H

County, New Mexico Streetcar 15 Fed #722H, #743H, #753H, & 744H Total footage 1143.90 or 69.33 rods BLM Surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico Streetcar 15 Fed #742H, #584H, #752H, & #513H Total footage 471.35 or 28.57 rods BLM Surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea, Count, New Mexico Streetcar 15 Fed #751H, 583H, 512H Total footage 2701.64 or 163.74 rods BLM Surface Section 15, Township 25S, Range 33E, Lea, Count, New Mexico Caliche Pit Option: Desert Ram Holdings LLC caliche located in the NWNW of Section 23, Township 25-South, Range 33-East, Lea County, New Mexico. Fresh and Reuse Options EOG Reuse Pit and Freshwater Pit located in the SENEW of Section 26, Township 25 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico.

Use a previously conducted onsite? N**Previous Onsite information:****Other SUPO**

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SUPO_STREETCAR_15_FED_722H_20241120085902.pdf

EXHIBIT 5

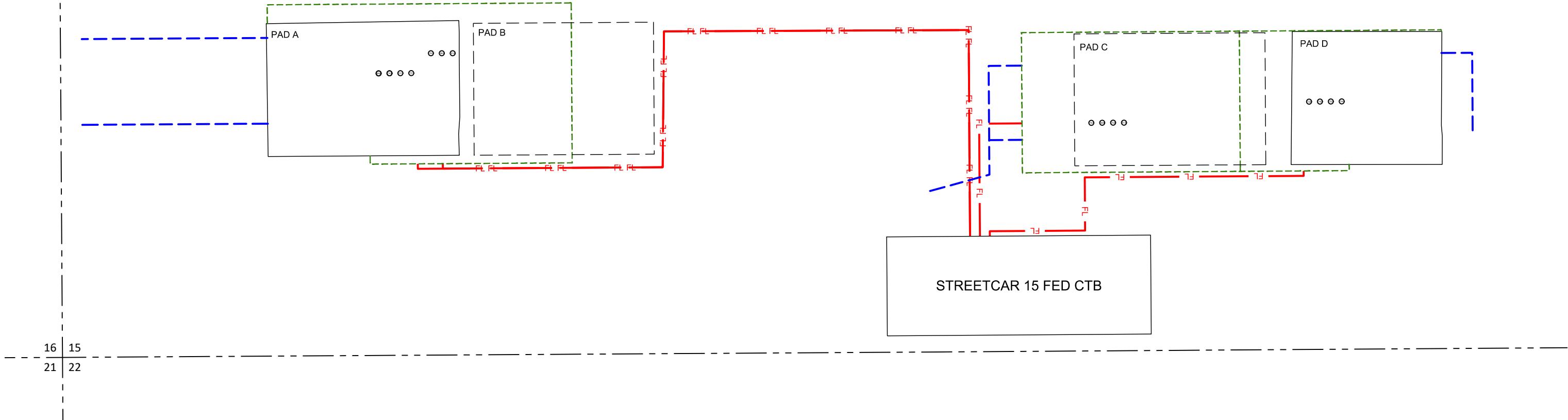
SECTION 15 TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

STREETCAR 15 FED
AREA SKETCH

SCALE: 1" = 300'
0' 150' 300'

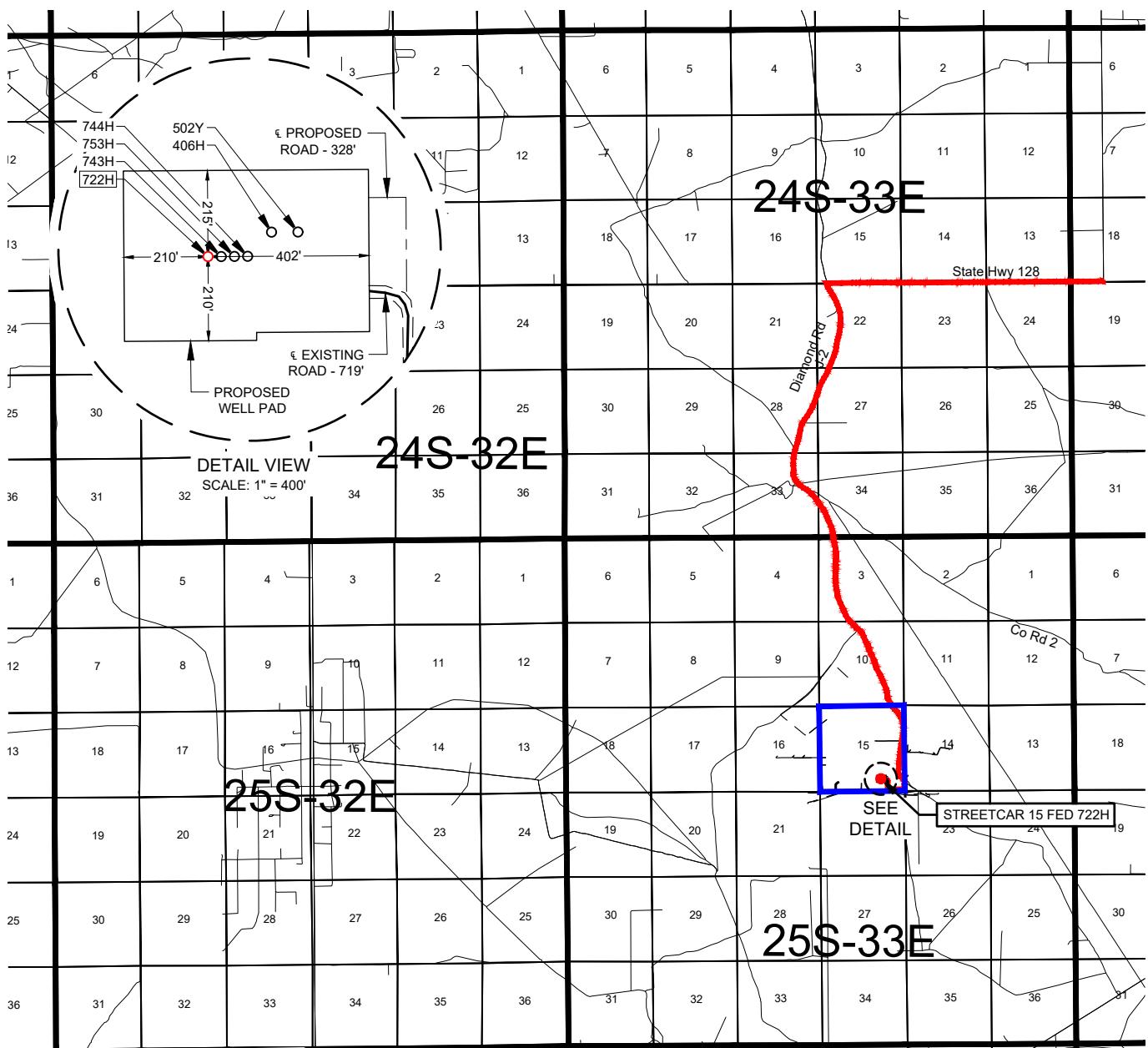
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STREETCAR 15 FED AREA SKETCH	REVISION:
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DRAWN BY: TCG	
SHEET: 1 OF 1	

EXHIBIT 2
VICINITY MAP

LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SECTION 15 TWP 25-S RGE 33-E SURVEY N.M.P.M.
COUNTY LEA STATE NM
DESCRIPTION 751' FSL & 1517' FEL

DISTANCE & DIRECTION

FROM INT. OF NM-128 E & DELAWARE BASIN RD., GO WEST ON NM-128 E \pm 3.3 MILES, THENCE SOUTH (LEFT) ON DIAMOND RD./J-2 \pm 2.5 MILES, THENCE SOUTHEAST (LEFT) ON CO. RD. 2 \pm 0.2 MILES, THENCE CONTINUE SOUTHEAST (RIGHT) ON A LEASE RD. \pm 1.8 MILES, THENCE CONTINUE SOUTHEAST (LEFT) ON A LEASE RD. \pm 2.1 MILES, THENCE WEST (RIGHT) ON A LEASE RD. \pm 0.2 MILES, THENCE NORTH (RIGHT) ON AN EXISTING LEASE RD. \pm 719 FEET TO A POINT \pm 412 FEET SOUTHEAST OF THE LOCATION.

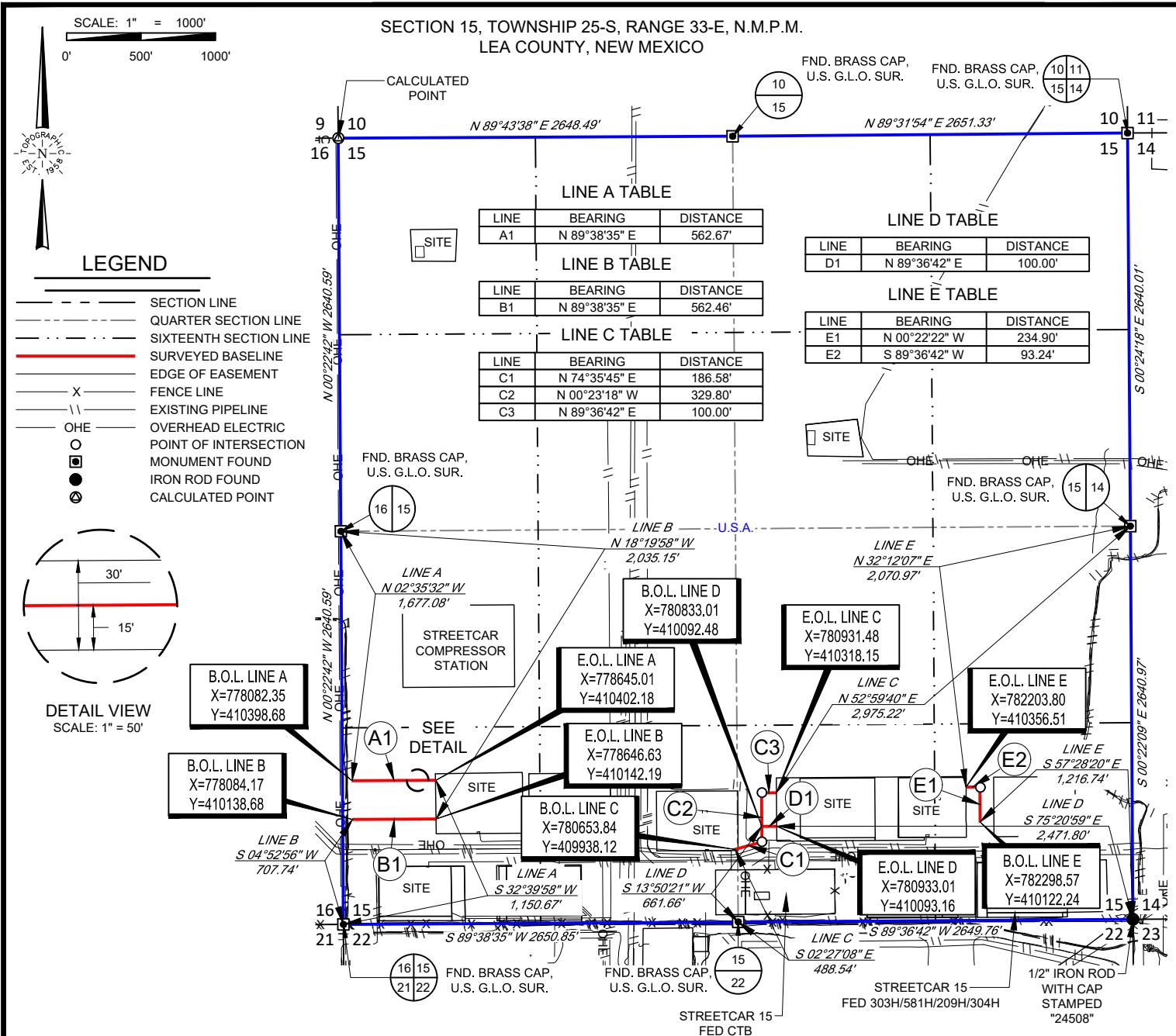
THIS EASEMENT/SERVITUDE LOCATION SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN SURVEYED ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND AT THE TIME OF SURVEY, AND DATA PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. THIS CERTIFICATION IS MADE AND LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE. THIS SURVEY IS CERTIFIED FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.

ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREON ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET.



SCALE: 1" = 10000'
0' 5000' 10000'

TOPOGRAPHIC
LOYALTY INNOVATION LEGACY
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STREETCAR 15 FED 511H-513H/582H-584H/721H
722H/741H-744H/751H-753H ROADS

Being several proposed road easements being 30 feet in width, 15 feet left, and 15 feet right of the above platted centerline total line footage containing 2169.65 feet or 131.49 rods, containing 1.50 acres more or less.



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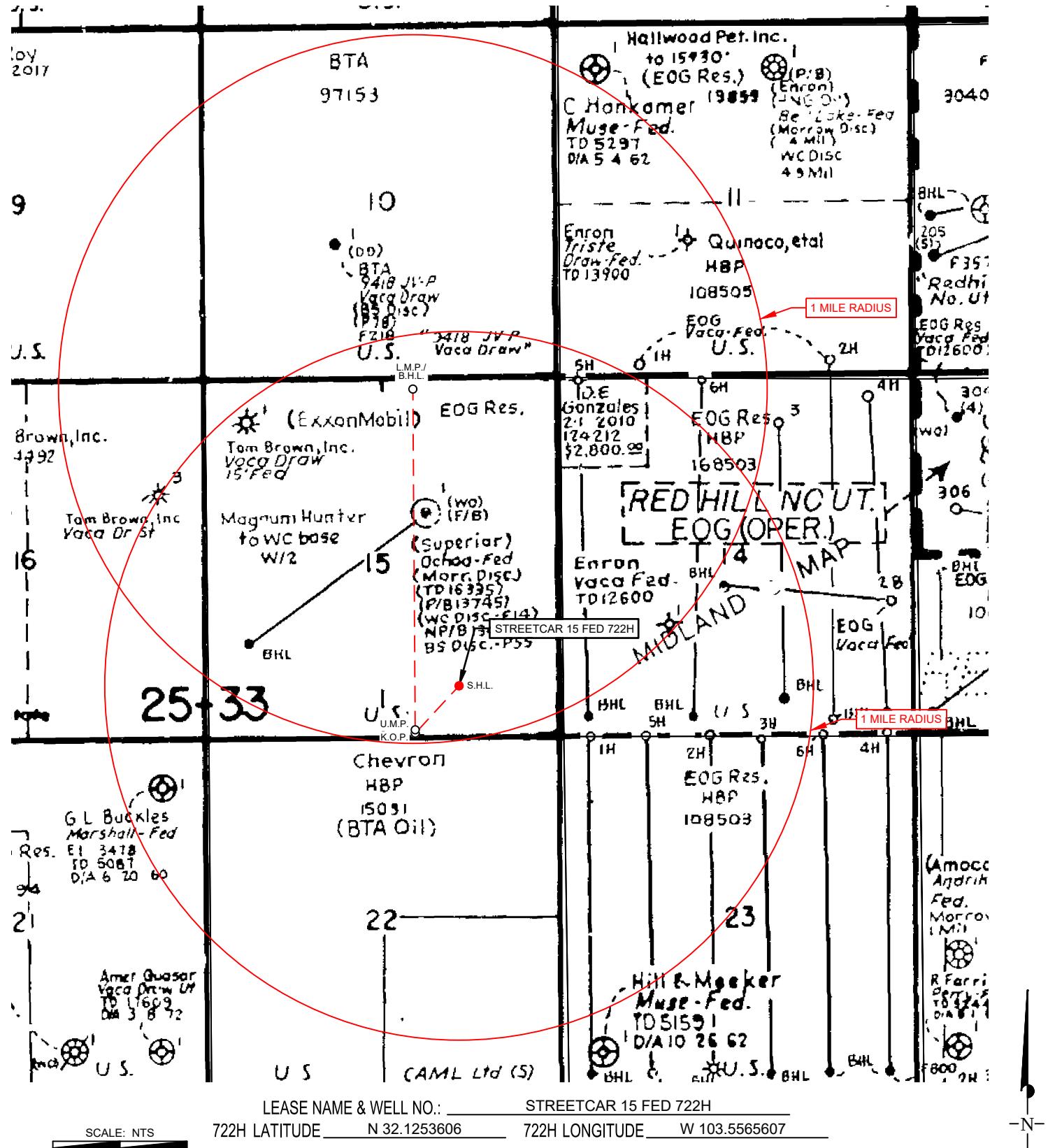
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STREETCAR 15 FED 511H-513H/582H-584H/721H 722H/741H-744H/751H-753H ROADS		REVISION: INT DATE		<p>NOTES:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11" 2. ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983 EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET. 3. CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY, MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY. 4. ADJOINER INFORMATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. 5. B.O.L./P.O.B. = BEGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF BEGINNING 6. E.O.L./P.O.E. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT
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FILE: EP STREETCAR 15 FED 511H-513H/582H-584H/721H 722H/741H-744H/751H-753H ROADS				
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SHEET: 1 OF 1				

EXHIBIT 3

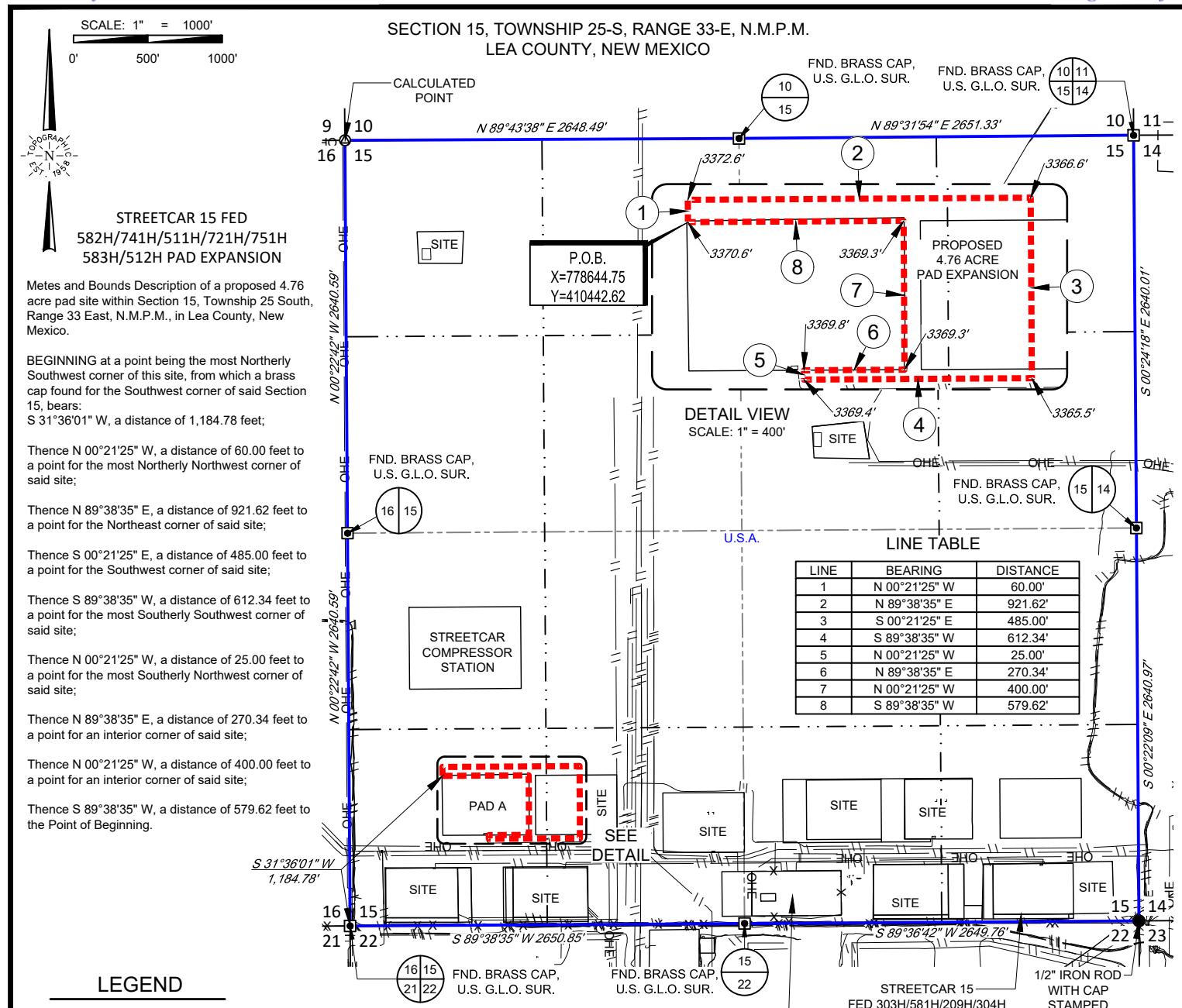
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SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



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UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND AT THE TIME OF
SURVEY, AND DATA PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. THIS CERTIFICATION IS MADE AND LIMITED
TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE.
THIS SURVEY IS CERTIFIED FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.



LEGEND

- SECTION LINE
- QUARTER SECTION LINE
- SIXTEENTH SECTION LINE
- TRACT BORDER
- PROPOSED SITE
- FENCE LINE
- EXISTING PIPELINE
- OHE
- OVERHEAD ELECTRIC MONUMENT FOUND
- IRON ROD FOUND
- CALCULATED POINT



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11/11/2024 11:51:01

AM

Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508

STREETCAR 15 FED
582H/741H/511H/721H/751H
583H/512H PAD EXPANSION

REVISION:

INT DATE

DATE: 11/06/2024

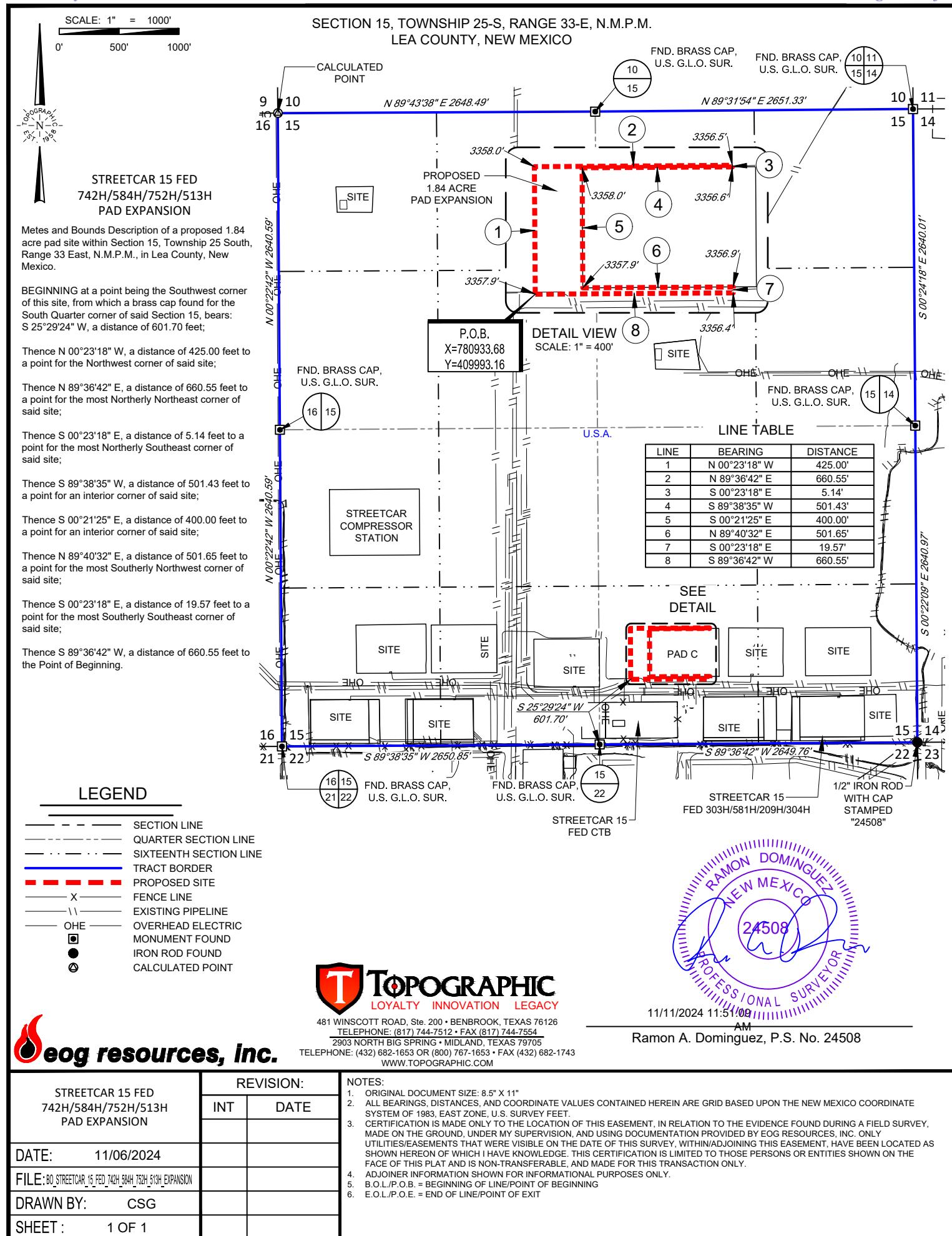
FILE: BO STREETCAR 15 FED 582H 741H 511H 721H 751H 583H 512H EXPANSION

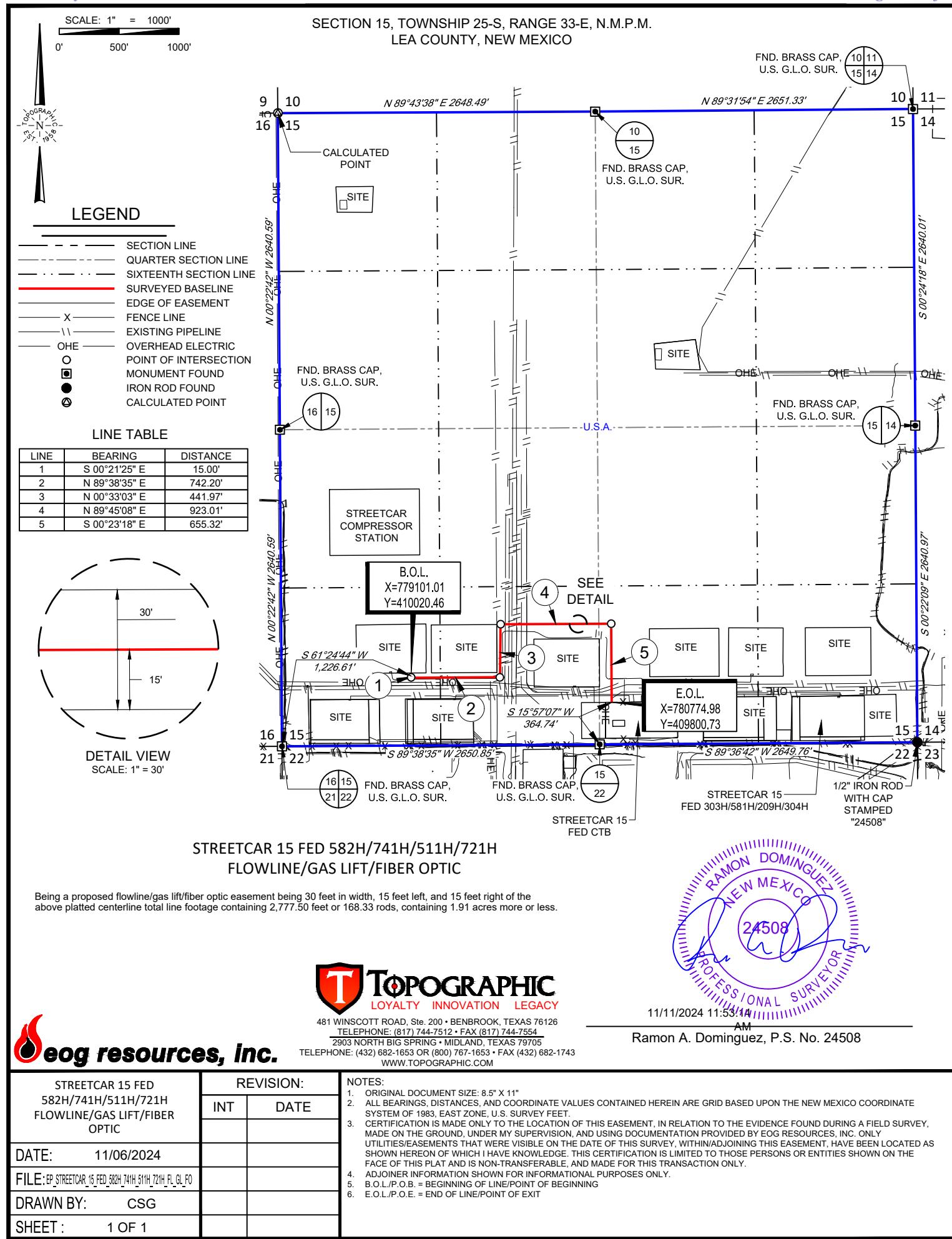
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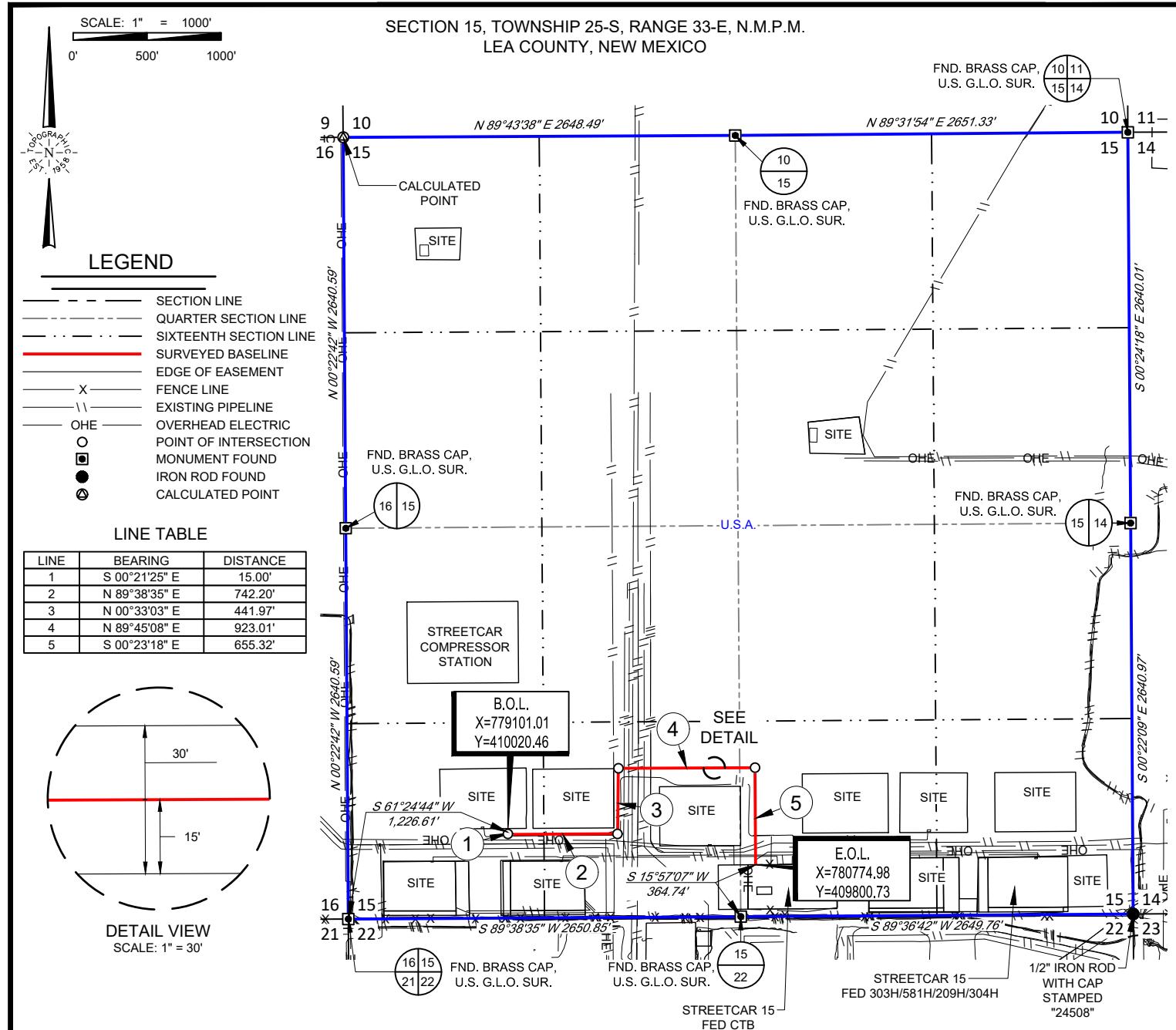
SHEET: 1 OF 1

NOTES:

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STREETCAR 15 FED 582H/741H/511H/721H
4 INCH ABOVE GROUND FUEL GAS LINE
(POLY OR FLEXSTEEL LOW PRESSURE)

Being a proposed fuel gas easement being 30 feet in width, 15 feet left, and 15 feet right of the above platted centerline total line footage containing 2,777.50 feet or 168.33 rods, containing 1.91 acres more or less.



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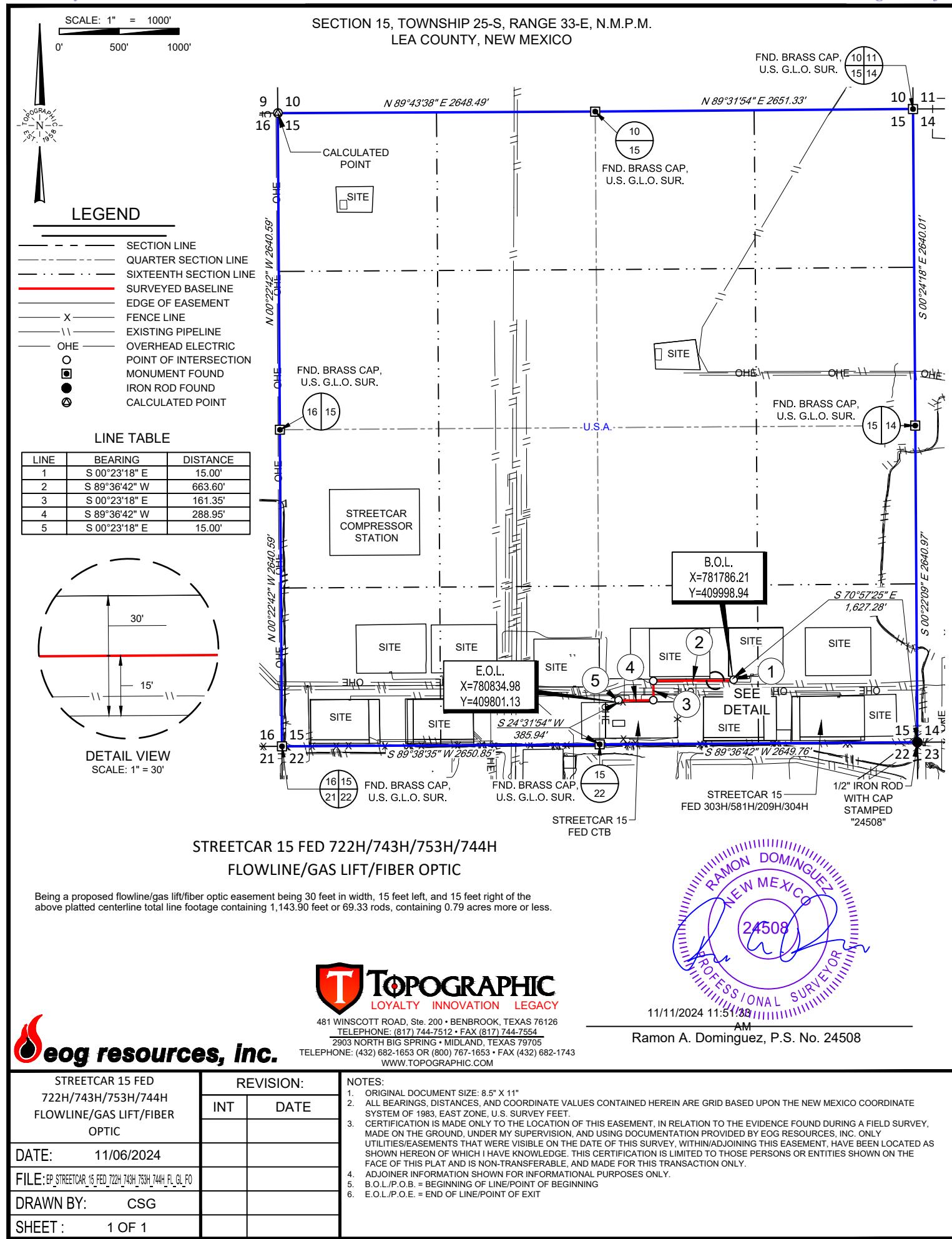
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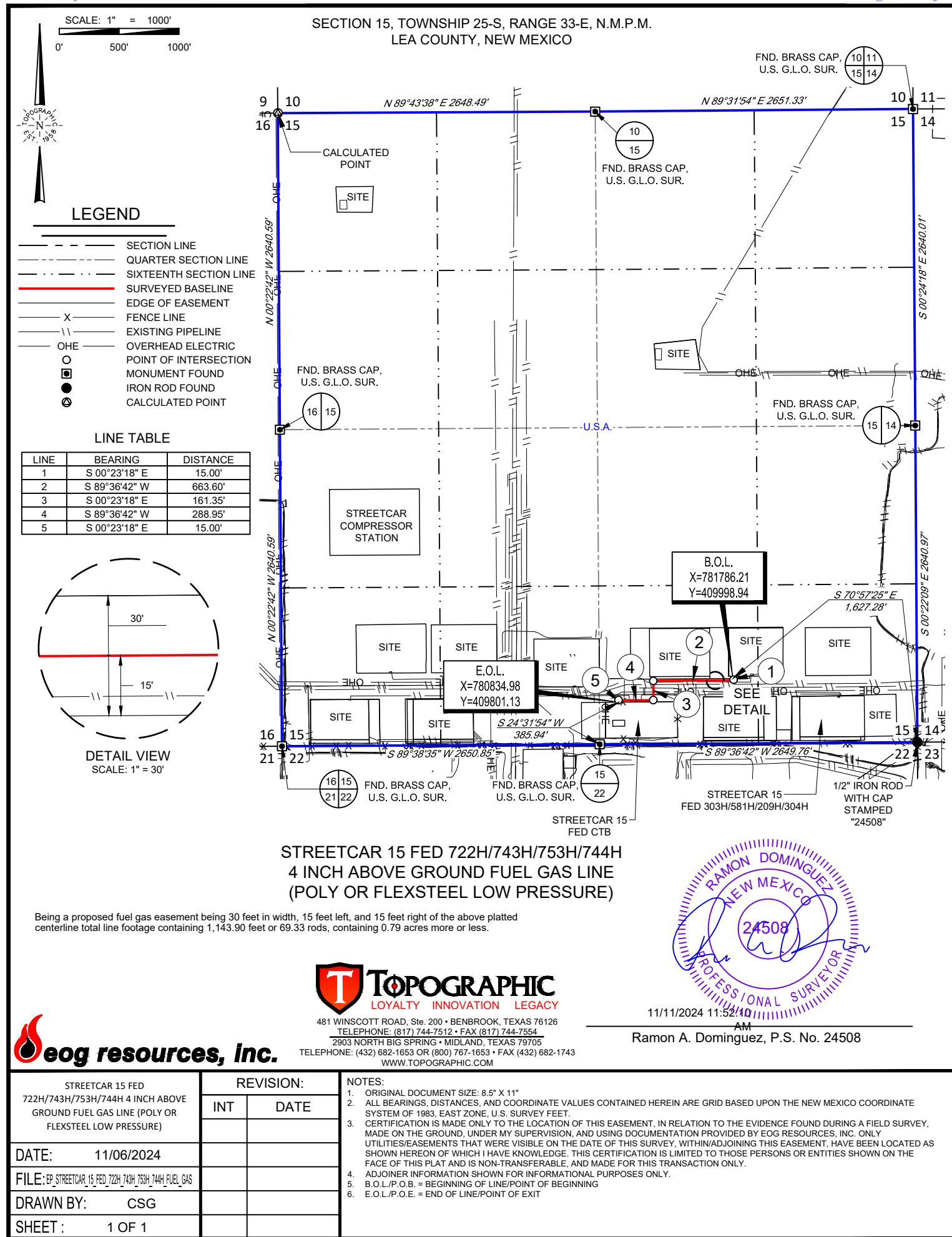
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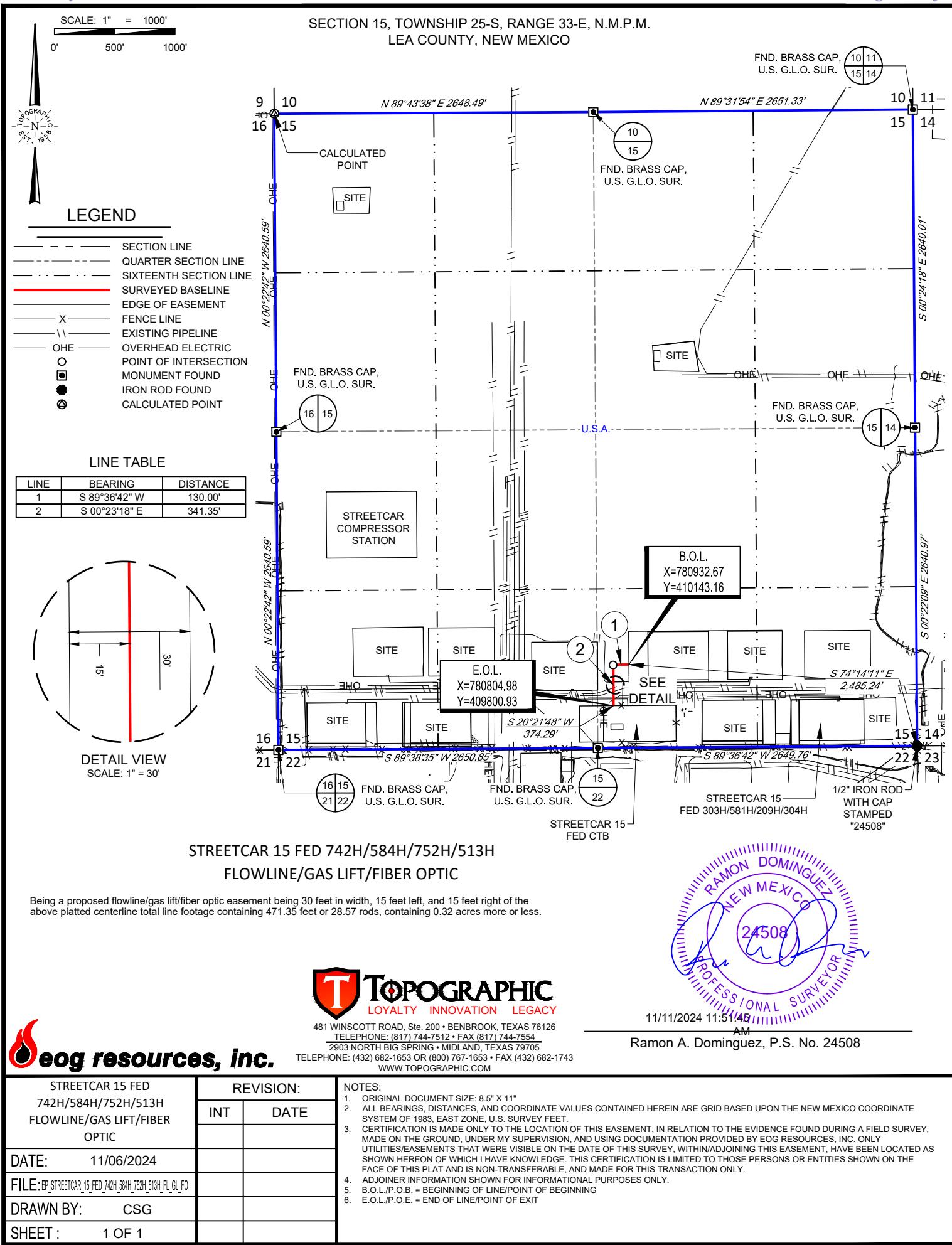
Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508



STREETCAR 15 FED 582H/741H/511H/721H 4 INCH ABOVE GROUND FUEL GAS LINE (POLY OR FLEXSTEEL LOW PRESSURE)		REVISION:	
		INT	DATE
DATE: 11/06/2024			
FILE: EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_582H_741H_511H_721H_FUEL_GAS			
DRAWN BY: CSG			
SHEET: 1 OF 1			
<p>NOTES:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11" 2. ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983 EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET. 3. CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY, MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY. 4. ADJOINER INFORMATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. 5. B.O.L./P.O.B. = BEGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF BEGINNING 6. E.O.L./P.O.E. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT 			

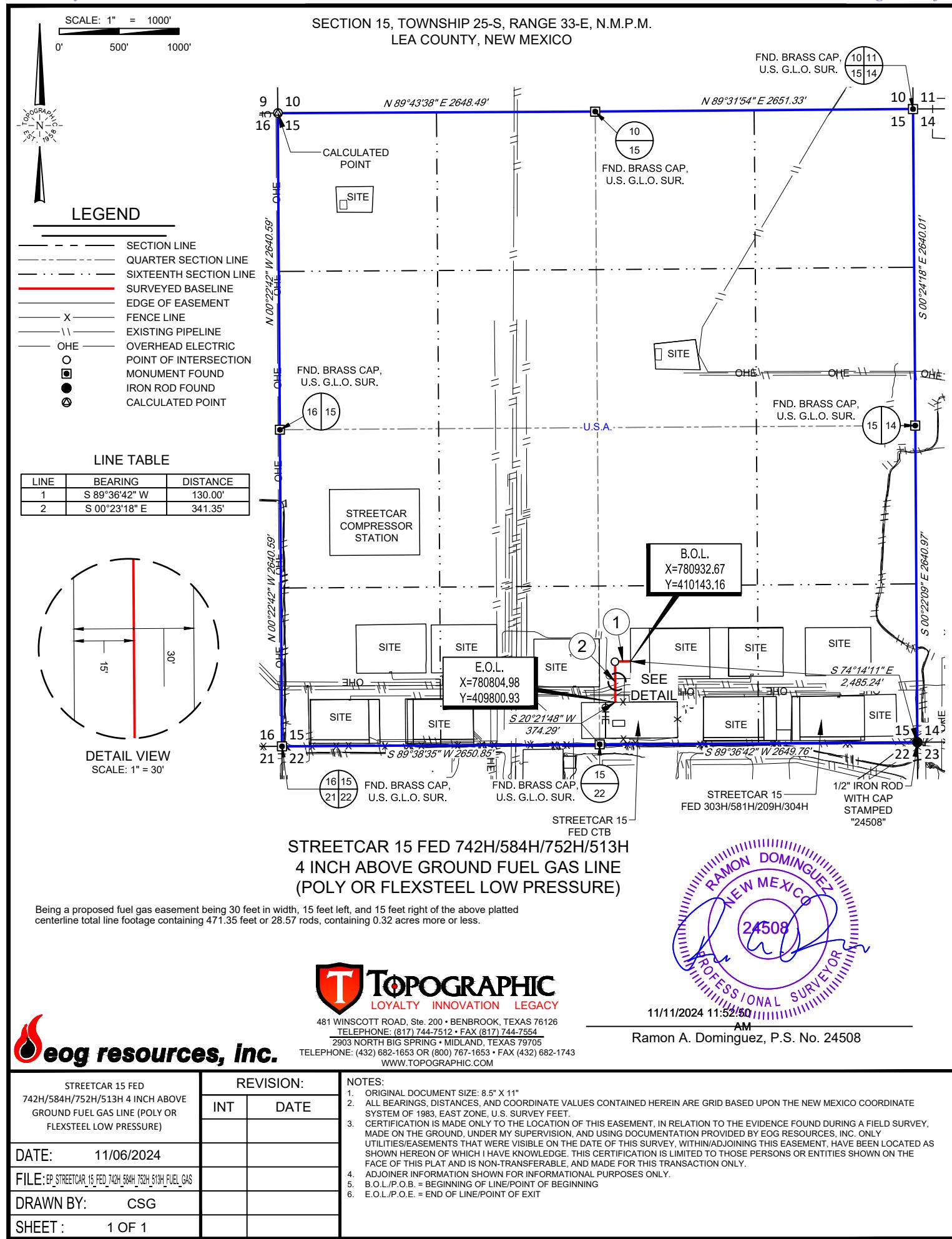


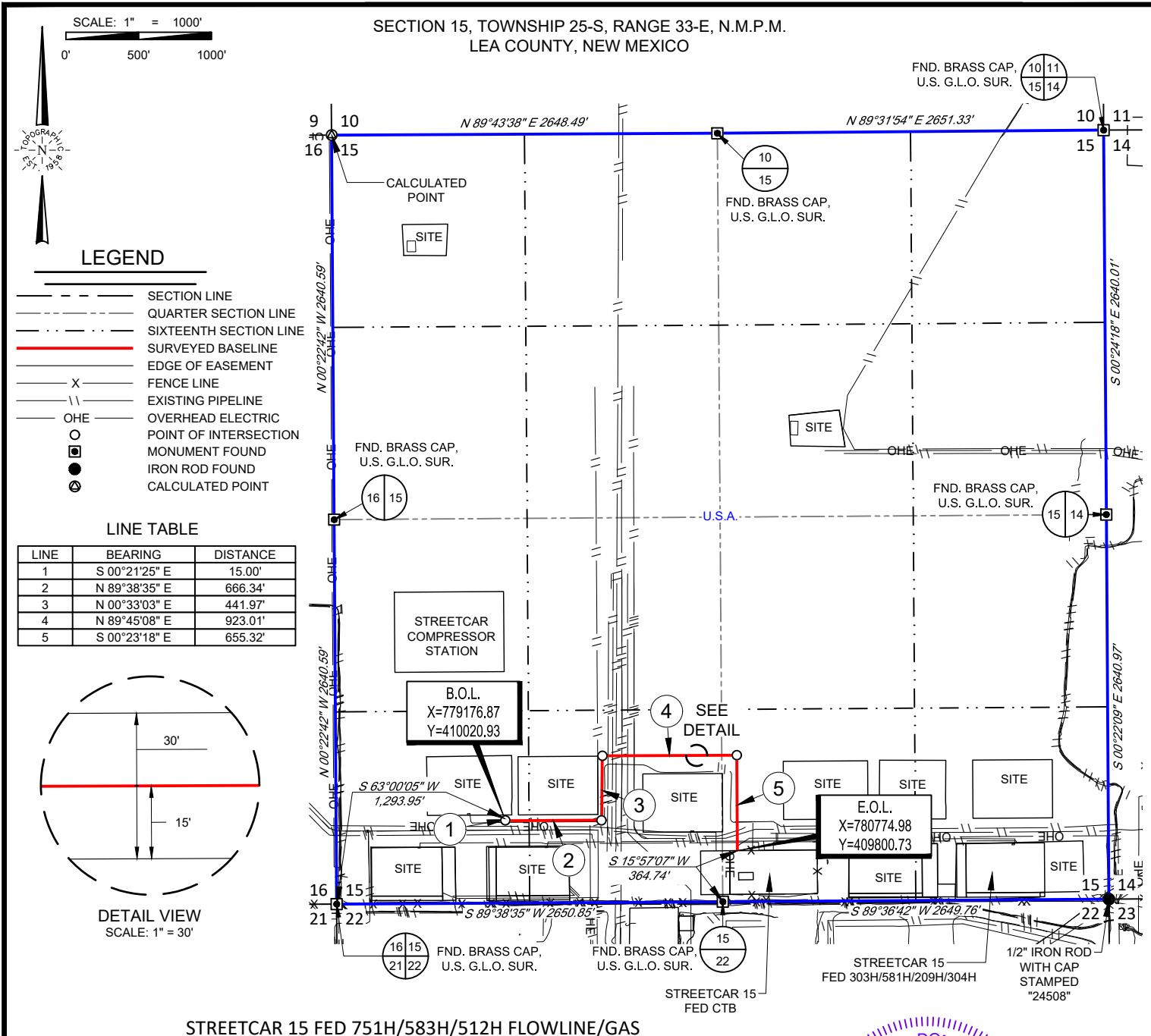




eoq resources, inc.

STREETCAR 15 FED 742H/584H/752H/513H FLOWLINE/GAS LIFT/FIBER OPTIC	REVISION:		NOTES:
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DATE: 11/06/2024			1. ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11" 2. ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET. 3. CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY, MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY. 4. ADJOINER INFORMATION SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. 5. B.O.L./P.O.B. = BEGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF BEGINNING 6. E.O.L./P.O.E. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT
FILE: EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_742H_584H_752H_513H_FL_GL_FO			
DRAWN BY: CSG			
SHEET: 1 OF 1			





Being a proposed flowline/gas lift/fiber optic easement being 30 feet in width, 15 feet left, and 15 feet right of the above platted centerline total line footage containing 2,701.64 feet or 163.74 rods, containing 1.86 acres more or less.

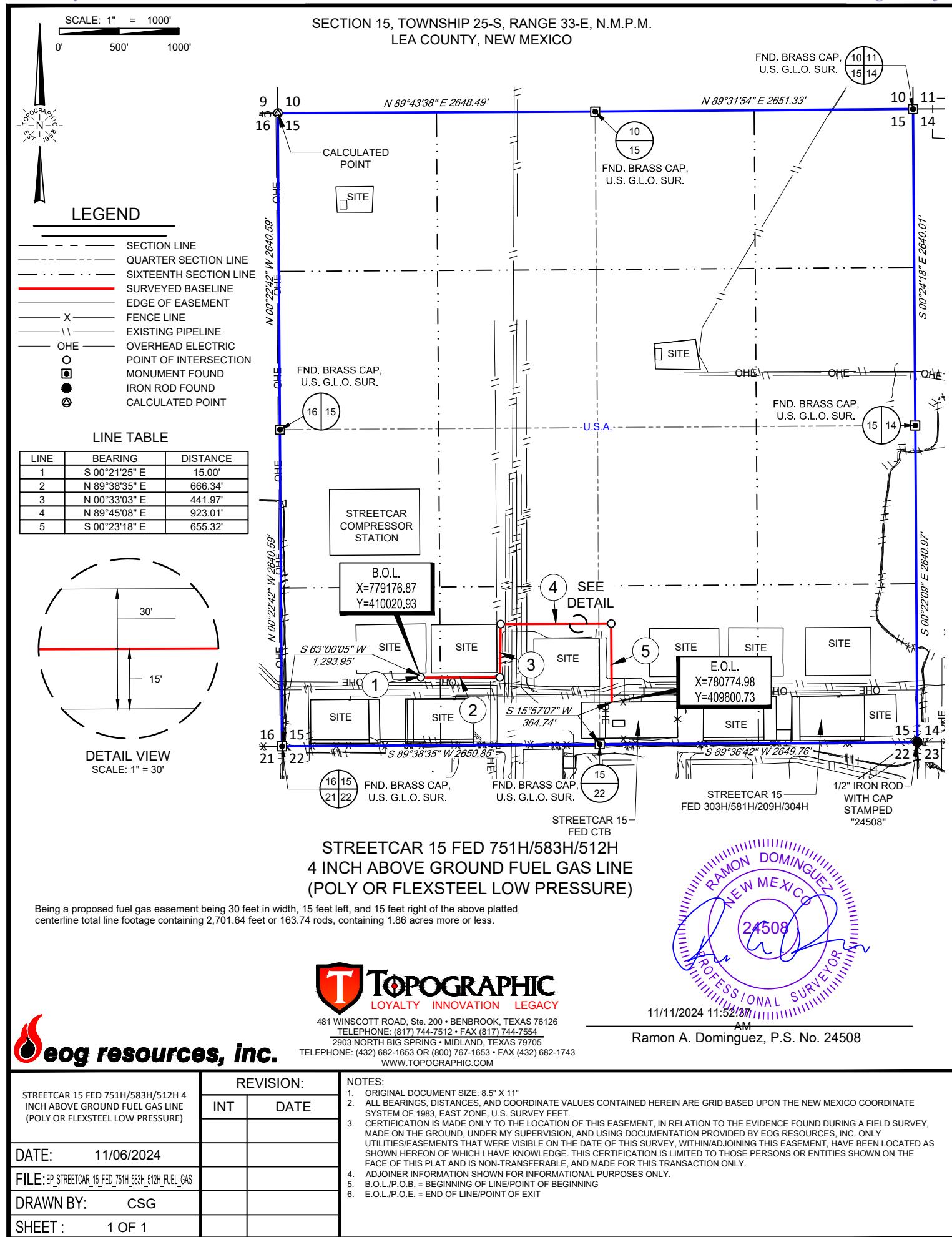


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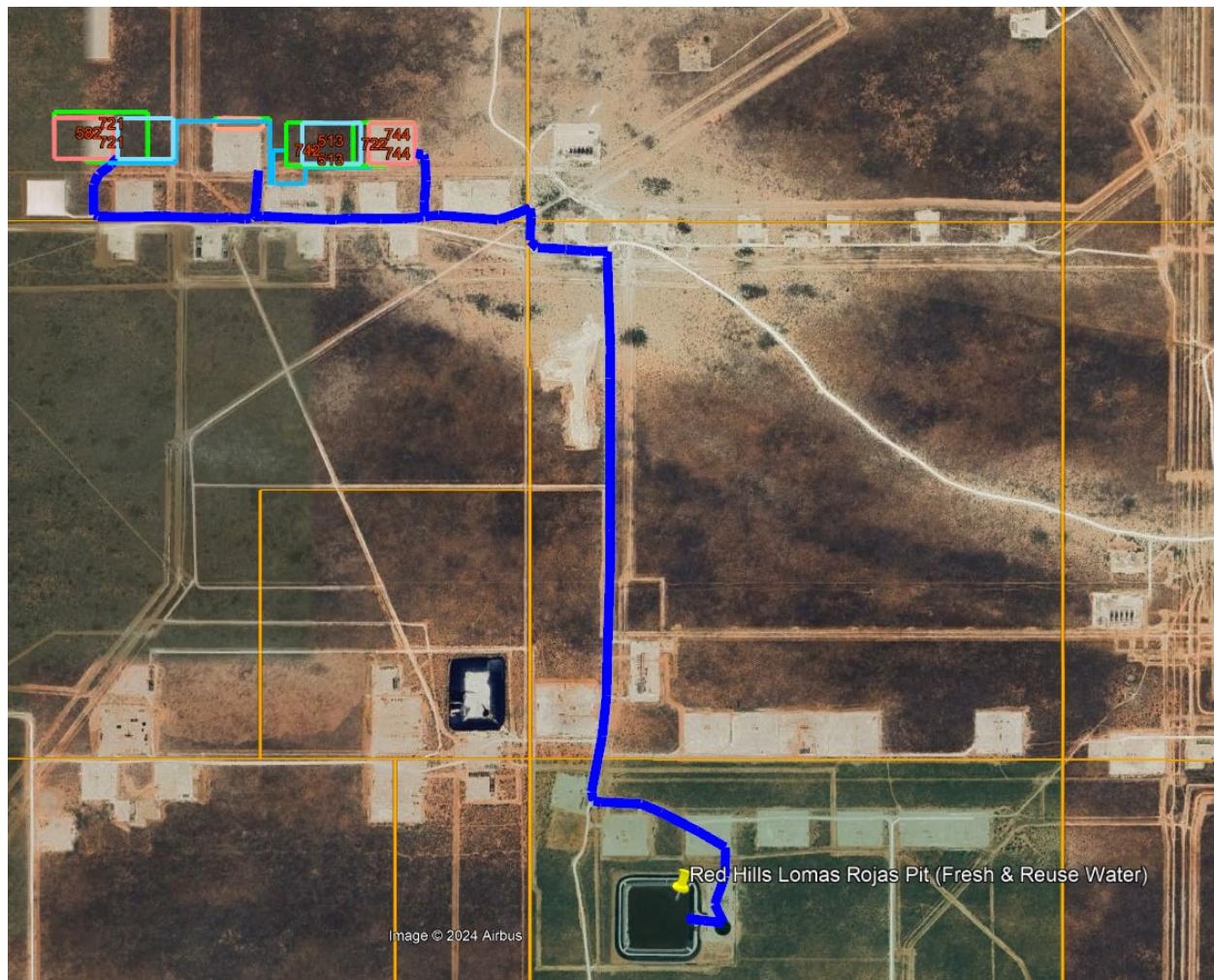
11/11/2024 11:53:01 AM Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508



STREETCAR 15 FED 751H/583H/512H FLOWLINE/GAS LIFT/FIBER OPTIC	REVISION:	
	INT	DATE
DATE: 11/06/2024		
FILE: EP_STREETCAR_15_FED_751H_583H_512H_FL_GL_FO		
DRAWN BY: CSG		
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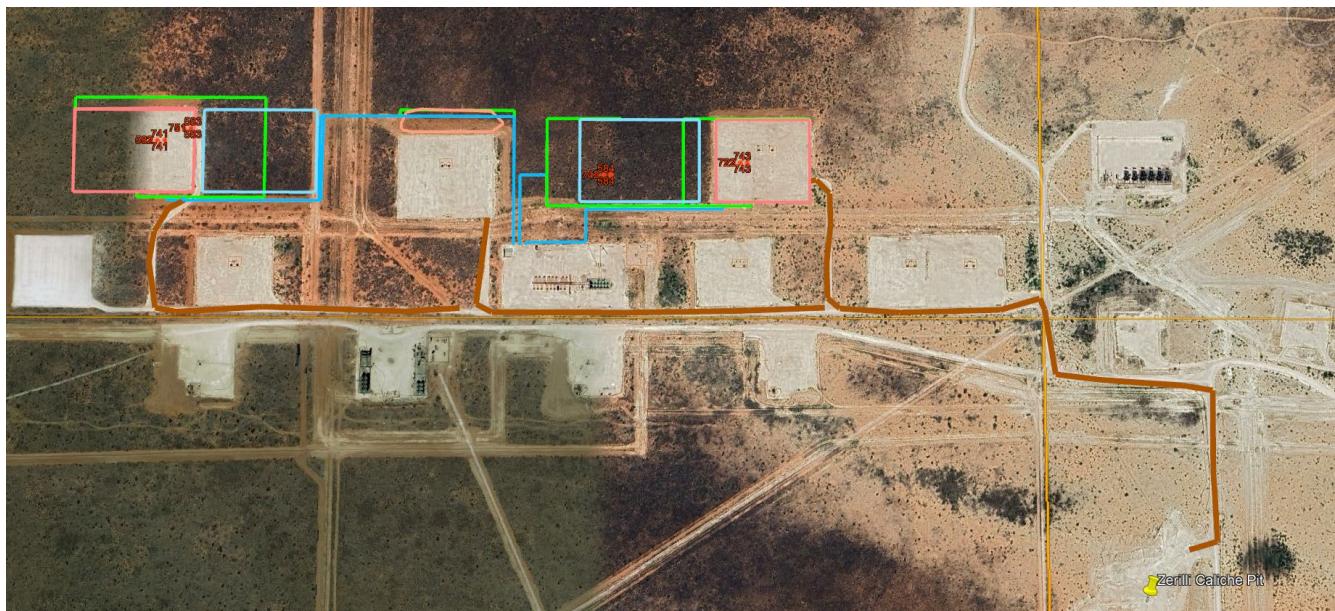


Streetcar 15 Fed Water Map



EOG Red Hills Lomas Rojas Pit (Fresh and Resue Water) located in the SENW of Section 26, Township 25 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico. Latitude: 32° 6'16.73"N, Longitude: 103°32'48.91"W

Streetcar 15 Fed Caliche Map



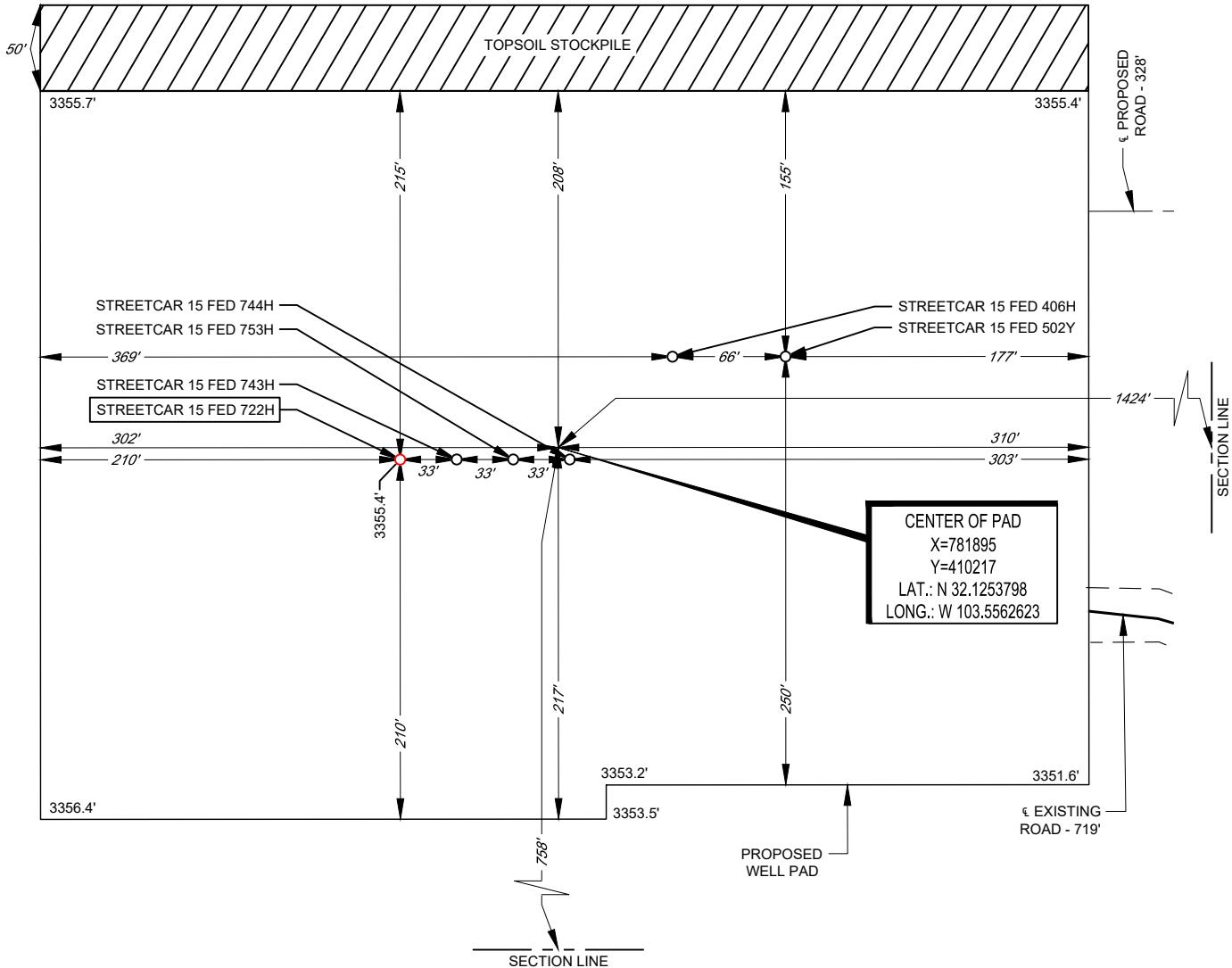
Desert Ram Holdings LLC caliche located in the NWNW of Section 23, Township 25-South, Range 33-East, Lea County, New Mexico. Latitude: 32° 7'10.41"N, Longitude: 103°33'0.37"W



LEGEND

- SECTION LINE
- PROPOSED ROAD
- ROAD WAY
- C/L OF ROAD

SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



9/11/2024 3:59:53 PM

Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508

LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: STREETCAR 15 FED 722H
 722H LATITUDE N 32.1253606 722H LONGITUDE W 103.5565607

CENTER OF PAD IS 758' FSL & 1424' FEL



SCALE: 1" = 100'
 0' 50' 100'

ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREON ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET. ELEVATIONS USED ARE NAVD88, OBTAINED THROUGH AN OPUS SOLUTION.

THIS PROPOSED PAD SITE LOCATION SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN SURVEYED ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND AT THE TIME OF SURVEY, AND DATA PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. ONLY THE DATA SHOWN ABOVE IS BEING CERTIFIED TO. ALL OTHER INFORMATION WAS INTENTIONALLY OMITTED. THIS PLAT IS ONLY INTENDED TO BE USED FOR A PERMIT AND IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY. THIS CERTIFICATION IS MADE AND LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE. THIS SURVEY IS CERTIFIED FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"

Exhibit 4
EOG Resources
Streetcar 15 Fed #722H

Well Site Diagram

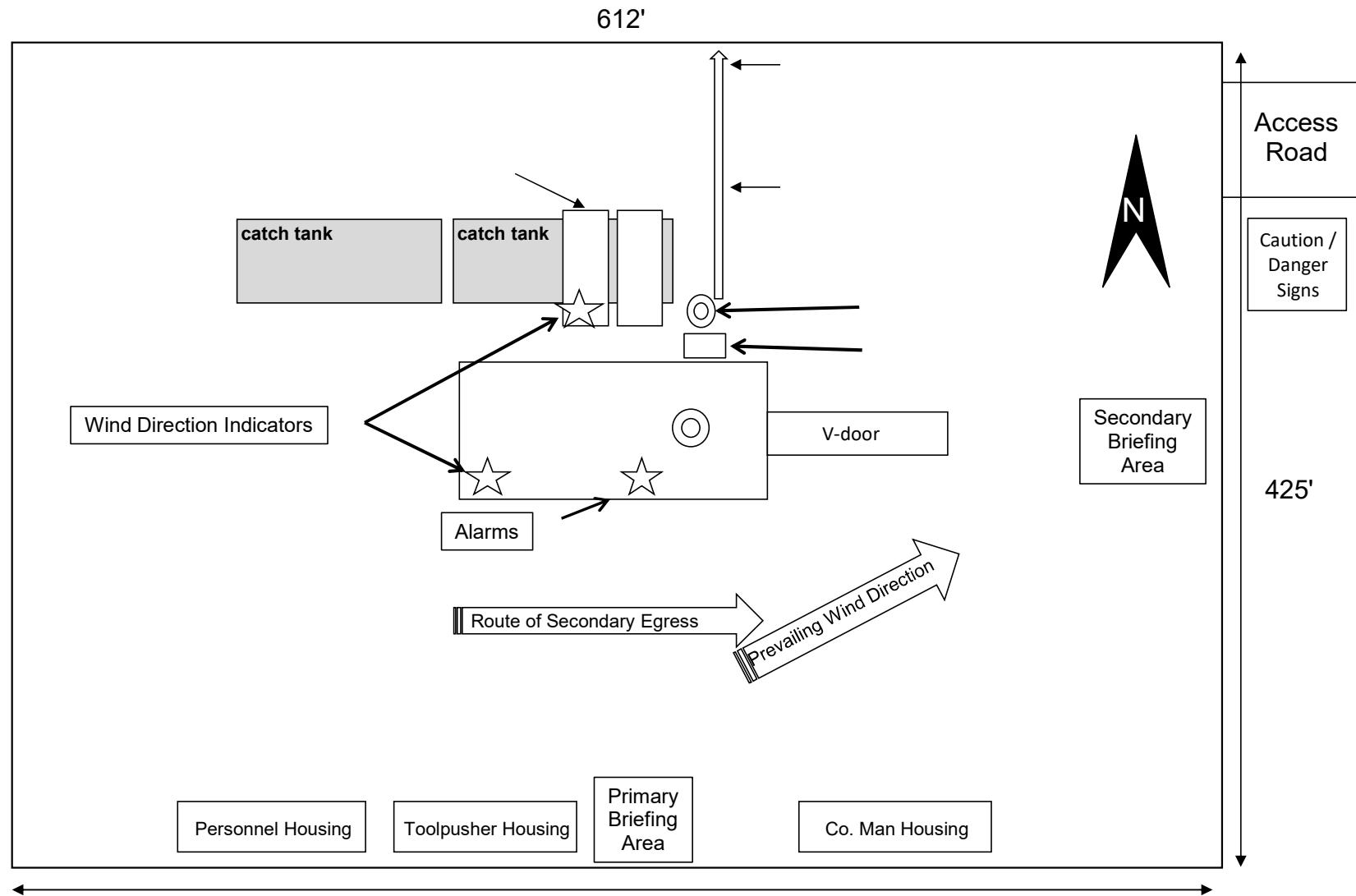
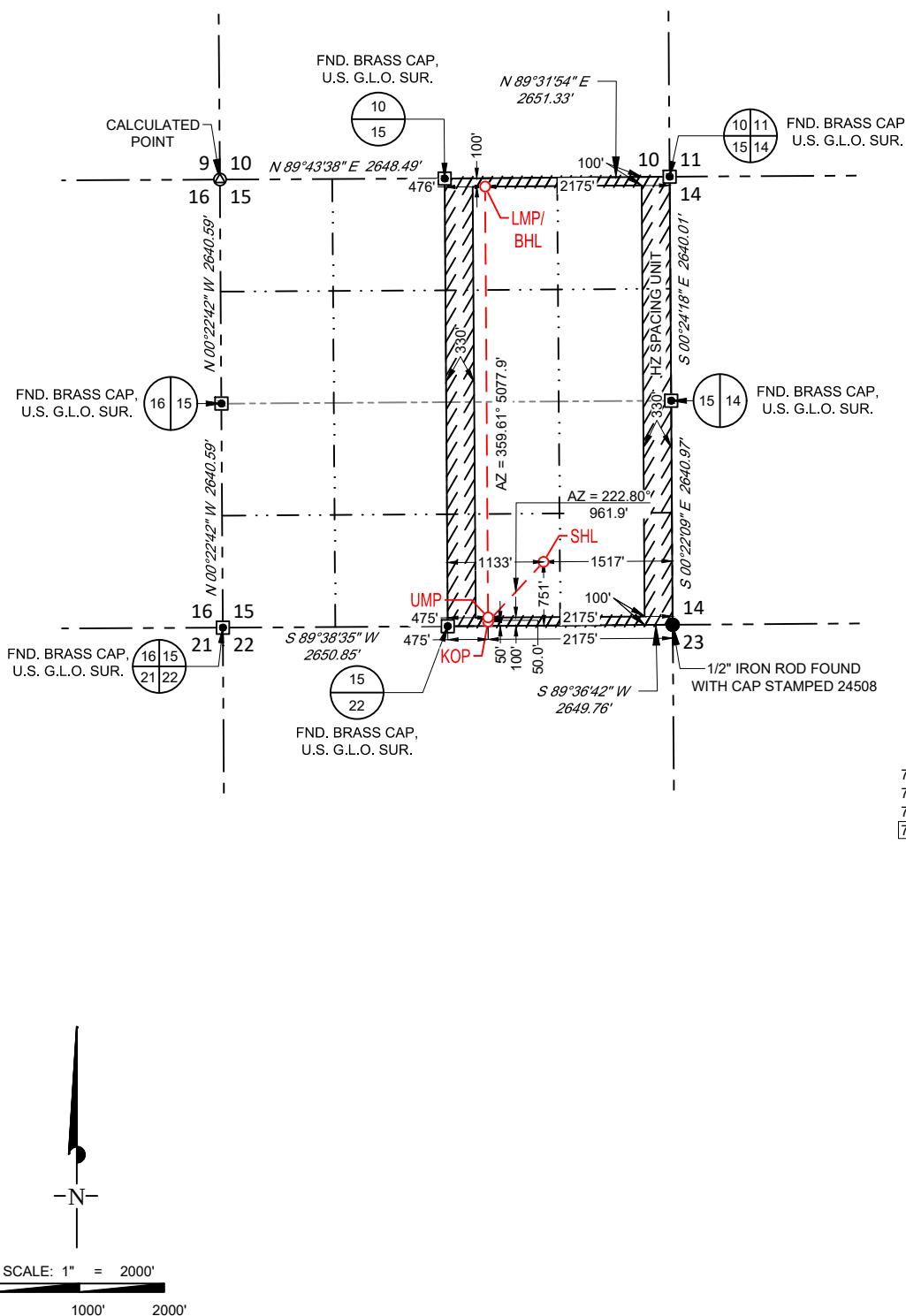




EXHIBIT 2A

SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



SURFACE LOCATION (SHL)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983

X=781803 Y=410209

LAT.: N 32.1253606

LONG.: W 103.5565607

751' FSL 1517' FEL

KICK OFF POINT (KOP)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983

X=781149 Y=409503

LAT.: N 32.1234336

LONG.: W 103.5586883

50' FSL 2175' FEL

UPPER MOST PERF. (UMP)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983

X=781149 Y=409553

LAT.: N 32.1235711

LONG.: W 103.5586882

100' FSL 2175' FEL

LOWER MOST PERF. (LMP)

BOTTOM HOLE LOCATION (BHL)

NEW MEXICO EAST
NAD 1983

X=781115 Y=414631

LAT.: N 32.1375292

LONG.: W 103.5586810

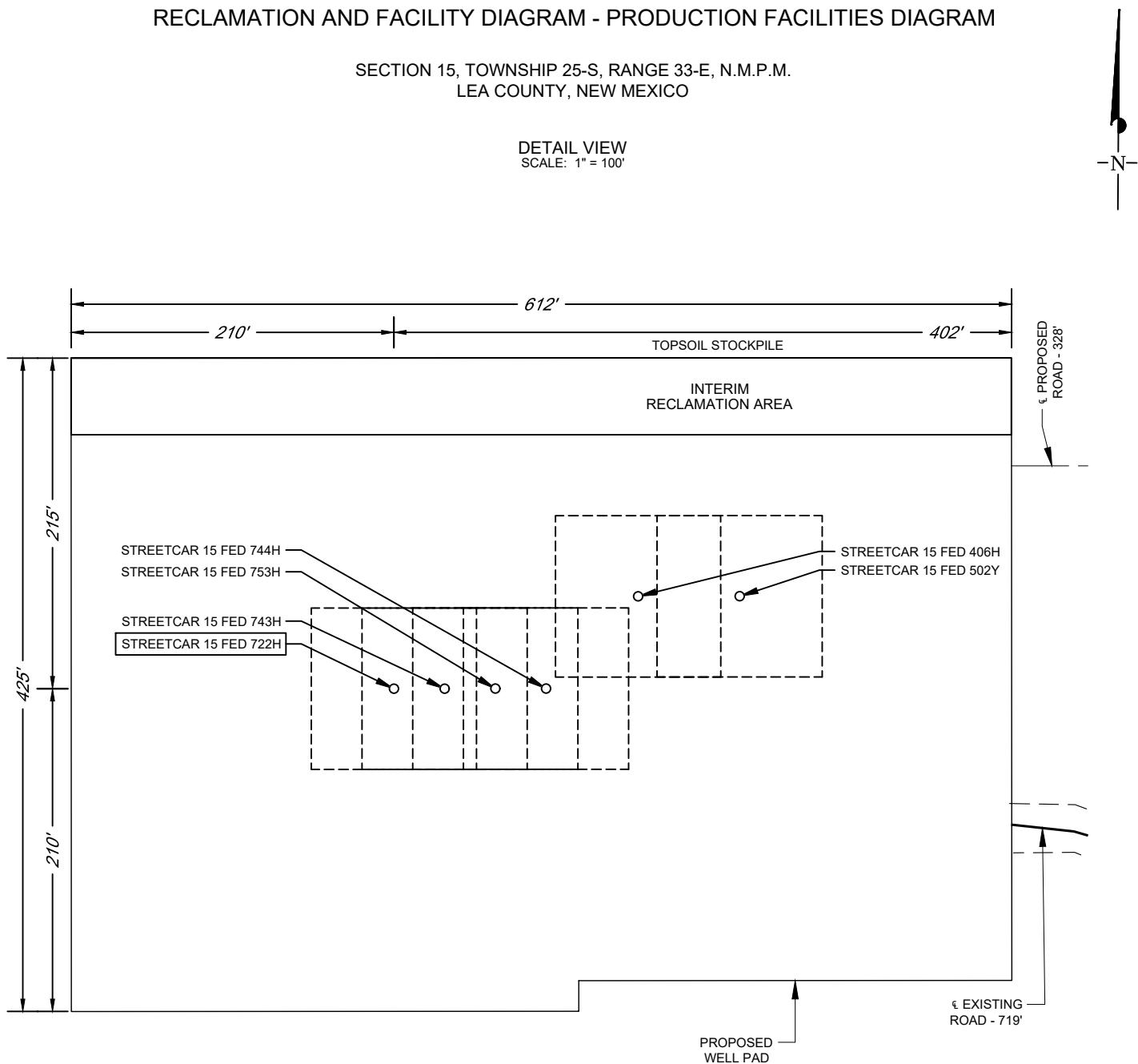
100' FNL 2175' FEL

100' F

RECLAMATION AND FACILITY DIAGRAM - PRODUCTION FACILITIES DIAGRAM

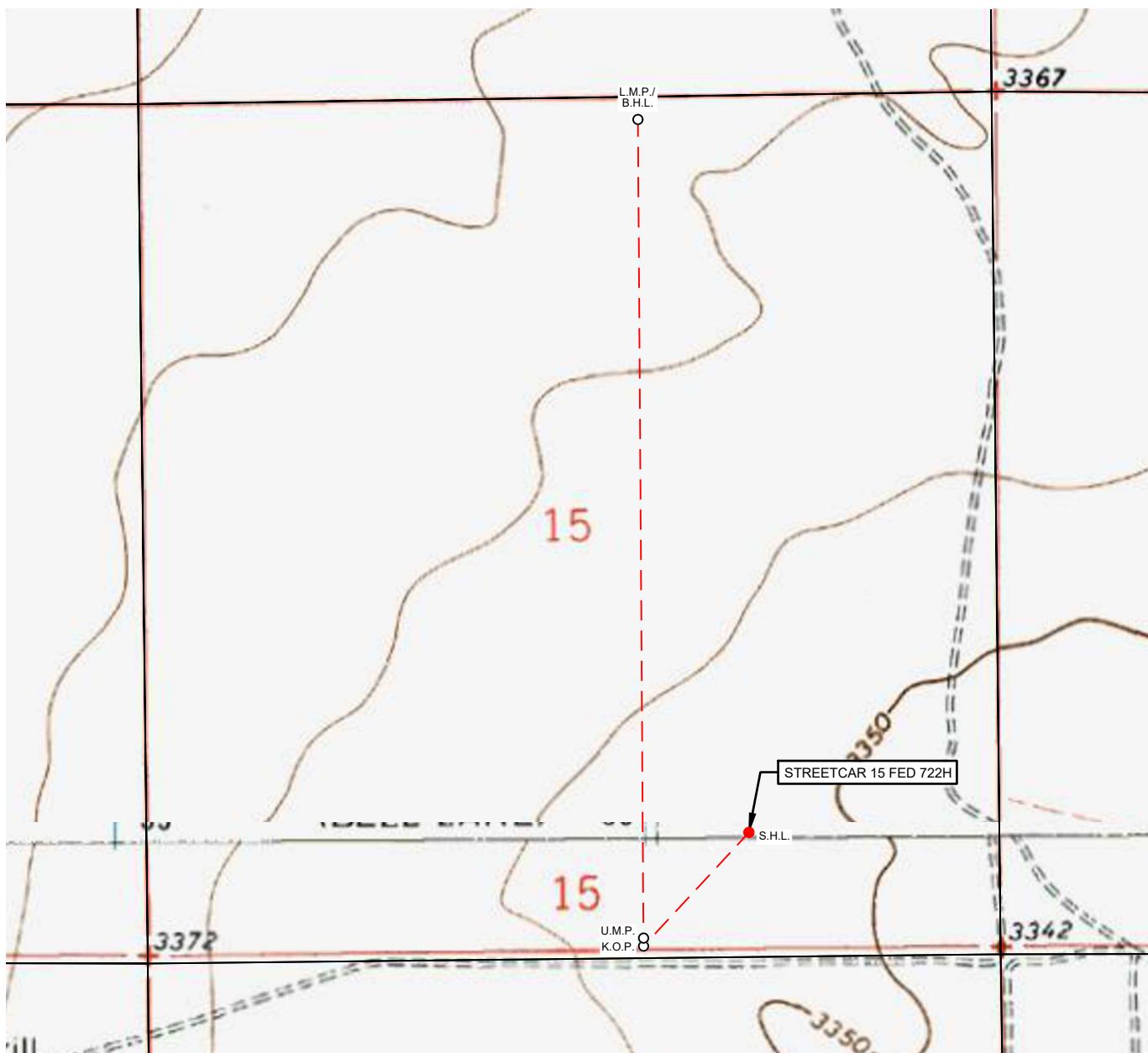
SECTION 15, TOWNSHIP 25-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M.
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

DETAIL VIEW
SCALE: 1" = 100'



LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: STREETCAR 15 FED 722H
722H LATITUDE N 32.1253606 722H LONGITUDE W 103.5565607

LOCATION & ELEVATION VERIFICATION MAP



LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SECTION 15 TWP 25-S RGE 33-E SURVEY N.M.P.M.
 COUNTY LEA STATE NM ELEVATION 3355'
 DESCRIPTION 751' FSL & 1517' FEL

LATITUDE N 32.1253606 LONGITUDE W 103.5565607



SCALE: 1" = 1000'
 0' 500' 1000'

THIS EASEMENT/SERVITUDE LOCATION SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN SURVEYED ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND AT THE TIME OF SURVEY, AND DATA PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. THIS CERTIFICATION IS MADE AND LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE. THIS SURVEY IS CERTIFIED FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.

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EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.

Surface Use Plan of Operations

Introduction

The following surface use plan of operations will be followed and carried out once the APD is approved. No other disturbance will be created other than what was submitted in this surface use plan. If any other surface disturbance is needed after the APD is approved, a BLM approved sundry notice or right of way application will be acquired prior to any new surface disturbance.

Before any surface disturbance is created, stakes or flagging will be installed to mark boundaries of permitted areas of disturbance, including soils storage areas. As necessary, slope, grade, and other construction control stakes will be placed to ensure construction in accordance with the surface use plan. All boundary markers will be maintained in place until final construction cleanup is completed. If disturbance boundary markers are disturbed or knocked down, they will be replaced before construction proceeds.

If terms and conditions are attached to the approved APD and amend any of the proposed actions in this surface use plan, we will adhere to the terms and conditions.

1. Existing Roads

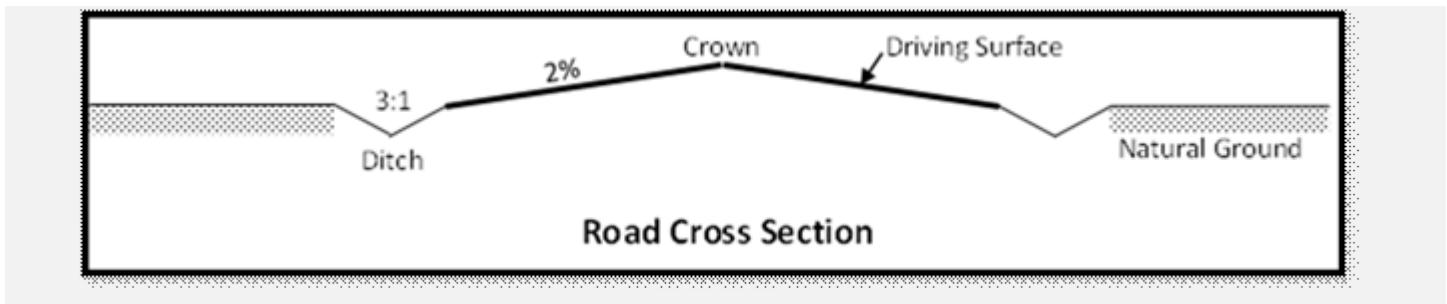
- a. The existing access road route to the proposed project is depicted on STREETCAR 15 FED 722H VICINITY. Improvements to the driving surface will be done where necessary. No new surface disturbance will be done, unless otherwise noted in the New or Reconstructed Access Roads section of this surface use plan..
- b. The existing access road route to the proposed project does not cross lease or unit boundaries, so a BLM right-of-way grant will not be acquired for this proposed road route.
- c. The operator will improve or maintain existing roads in a condition the same as or better than before operations begin. The operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattleguards, other range improvement projects, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use.
- d. We will prevent and abate fugitive dust as needed, whether created by vehicular traffic, equipment operations, or wind events. BLM written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads

- a. An access road will be needed for this proposed project. See the survey plat for the location of the access road.
- b. The length of access road needed to be constructed for this proposed project is about 2170 feet.
- c. The maximum driving width of the access road will be 30 feet. The maximum width of surface disturbance when constructing the access road will not exceed 25 feet. All areas outside of the driving surface will be revegetated.
- d. The access road will be constructed with 6 inches of compacted CALICHE.
- e. When the road travels on fairly level ground, the road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the road crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes. See Road Cross Section diagram below.

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.



- f. The access road will be constructed with a ditch on each side of the road.
- g. The maximum grade for the access road will be 20 percent.
- h. No turnouts will be constructed on the proposed access road.
- i. No cattleguards will be installed for this proposed access road.
- j. No BLM right-of-way grant is needed for the construction of this access road.
- k. No culverts will be constructed for this proposed access road.
- l. No low water crossings will be constructed for the access road.
- m. Since the access road is on level ground, no lead-off ditches will be constructed for the proposed access road.
- n. Newly constructed or reconstructed roads, on surface under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, will be constructed as outlined in the BLM "Gold Book" and to meet the standards of the anticipated traffic flow and all anticipated weather requirements as needed. Construction will include ditching, draining, crowning and capping or sloping and dipping the roadbed as necessary to provide a well-constructed and safe road.

3. Location of Existing Wells

- a. STREETCAR 15 FED 722H RADIUS of the APD depicts all known wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well.
- b. There is no other information regarding wells within a one mile radius.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

- a. All permanent, lasting more than 6 months, above ground structures including but not limited to pumpjacks, storage tanks, barrels, pipeline risers, meter housing, etc. that are not subject to safety requirements will be painted a non-reflective paint color, Shale Green, from the BLM Standard Environmental Colors chart, unless another color is required in the APD Conditions of Approval.
- b. If any type of production facilities are located on the well pad, they will be strategically placed to allow for maximum interim reclamation, recontouring, and revegetation of the well location.
- c. Production from the proposed well will be transported to the production facility named STREETCAR 15 FED CTE. The location of the facility is as follows: SEC 15 25S 33E.
- d. A pipeline to transport production will be installed from the proposed well to the existing production facility.
 - i. We plan to install a 6 inch buried FLEXPIPE/FLEXSTEEL pipeline from the proposed well to the offsite production facility. The proposed length of the pipeline will be 1144 feet. The working pressure of the pipeline will be about 1440 psi. A 30 feet wide work area will be needed to install the buried pipeline. In

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.

areas where blading is allowed, topsoil will be stockpiled and separated from the excavated trench mineral material. Final reclamation procedures will match the procedures in Plans for Surface Reclamation. When the excavated soil is backfilled, it will be compacted to prevent subsidence. No berm over the pipeline will be evident.

ii. STREETCAR 15 FED INFRASTRUCTURE MAP/SKETCH depicts the proposed production pipeline route from the well to the existing production facility.

iii. The proposed pipeline does not cross lease boundaries, so a right of way grant will not need to be acquired from the BLM.

If any plans change regarding the production facility or other infrastructure (pipeline, electric line, etc.), we will submit a sundry notice or right of way (if applicable) prior to installation or construction.

Electric Line(s)

a. No electric line will be applied for with this APD.

5. Location and Types of Water

a. The source and location of the water supply are as follows: The source and location of the water supply are as follows: This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the drilling program (i) Water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by trucks using existing and proposed roads as depicted on the road map attached (ii) Water may be supplied from frac ponds and transported to the location by temporary above ground surface lines a shown on the map EOG plans to utilize up to eight (8) twelve inch (12") layflat lines to transport fresh water Freshwater contains less than 10_000 mg/l Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)_ exhibits no petroleum sheen when standing_ and is not previously used in mechanical processes that expose it to heavy metals or other potential toxins EOG plans to utilize up to eight (8) twelve inch (12") to transport treated produced water_ defined as reconditioning produced water to a reusable form and may include mechanical and chemical processes Freshwater Source & Treated Produced Water Source:

EOG Red Hills Lomas Rojas Pit located in the SENW of Section 26_ Township 25 South_ Range 33 East_ Lea County_ New Mexico

Temporary surface lines would originate from a single or multiple water source locations in the surrounding area of the proposed action and be temporarily laid above ground with minimal disturbance

Temporary surface line(s) shall be laid no more than 10 feet from the edge of the existing disturbance (ie_ edge of bar_borrow ditch_ road surface or two track road_ or other man made addition to the landscape) A push off arm or another mechanism will be used All vehicle equipment will remain within the existing disturbance

Map or maps showing the locations of the temporary surface lines will be provided with the APD and included in the Environmental Assessment An electronic map file (shape file or KMZ file) shall be submitted with the Environmental Assessment.

b. STREETCAR 15 FED WATER AND CALICHE MAP depicts the proposed route for a 12 inch LAYFLAT LINE temporary (<90 days) water pipeline supplying water for drilling operations.

6. Construction Material

a. Caliche will be supplied from pits shown on the attached caliche source map.

Caliche utilized for the drilling pad will be obtained either from an existing approved mineral pit, or by benching into a hill, which will allow the pad to be level with existing caliche from the cut or extracted by "Flipping" the well location. A mineral material permit will be obtained from BLM prior to excavating any caliche on Federal Lands. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure for "Flipping" a well location is as follows:

*□

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.

- An adequate amount of topsoil/root zone (usually top 6 inches of soil) will be stripped from the proposed well location and stockpiled along the side of the well location as depicted on the well site diagram/survey plat.
- An area within the proposed well site dimensions will be used to excavate caliche.
- Subsoil will be removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad dimensions.
- Once caliche/surfacing mineral is found, the mineral material will be excavated and stockpiled within the approved drilling pad dimensions.
- Then, subsoil will be pushed back in the excavated hole, and caliche will be spread accordingly across the entire well pad and road (if available).
- Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside the well pad dimensions. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

*

If no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM-approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired before obtaining mineral material from BLM pits or federal land.

7. Methods for Handling Waste

- Drilling fluids and produced oil and water from the well during drilling and completion operations will be stored safely and disposed of properly in an NMOCD approved disposal facility.
- Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations will be collected in a trash container and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility. All trash on and around the well site will be collected for disposal.
- Human waste and grey water will be properly contained and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility.
- After drilling and completion operations, trash, chemicals, salts, frac sand and other waste material will be removed and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility.
- The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop system. Drill cutting will be properly disposed of into steel tanks and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal facility.

8. Ancillary Facilities

- No ancillary facilities will be needed for this proposed project.

9. Well Site Layout

- The following information is presented in the well site survey plat or diagram:
 - reasonable scale (near 1":50')
 - well pad dimensions
 - well pad orientation
 - drilling rig components
 - proposed access road
 - elevations of all points
 - topsoil stockpile
 - reserve pit location/dimensions if applicable

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.

- ix. other disturbances needed (flare pit, stinger, frac farm pad, etc.)
- x. existing structures within the 600' x 600' archaeological surveyed area (pipelines, electric lines, well pads, etc)
- b. The proposed drilling pad was staked and surveyed by a professional surveyor. The attached survey plat of the well site depicts the drilling pad layout as staked.
- c. A title of a well site diagram is STREETCAR 15 FED COM 722H RIG LAYOUT. This diagram depicts the RIG LAYOUT.
- d. Topsoil Salvaging
 - i. Grass, forbs, and small woody vegetation, such as mesquite will be excavated as the topsoil is removed. Large woody vegetation will be stripped and stored separately and respread evenly on the site following topsoil resurfacing. Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils. Contaminated soil will not be stockpiled, but properly treated and handled prior to topsoil salvaging.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation

Reclamation Objectives

- i. The objective of interim reclamation is to restore vegetative cover and a portion of the landform sufficient to maintain healthy, biologically active topsoil; control erosion; and minimize habitat and forage loss, visual impact, and weed infestation, during the life of the well or facilities.
- ii. The long-term objective of final reclamation is to return the land to a condition similar to what existed prior to disturbance. This includes restoration of the landform and natural vegetative community, hydrologic systems, visual resources, and wildlife habitats. To ensure that the long-term objective will be reached through human and natural processes, actions will be taken to ensure standards are met for site stability, visual quality, hydrological functioning, and vegetative productivity.
- iii. The BLM will be notified at least 3 days prior to commencement of any reclamation procedures.
- iv. If circumstances allow, interim reclamation and/or final reclamation actions will be completed no later than 6 months from when the final well on the location has been completed or plugged. We will gain written permission from the BLM if more time is needed.
- v. Interim reclamation will be performed on the well site after the well is drilled and completed. STREETCAR 15 FED 722H RECLAMATION depicts the location and dimensions of the planned interim reclamation for the well site.

Interim Reclamation Procedures (If performed)

1. Within 30 days of well completion, the well location and surrounding areas will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
2. In areas planned for interim reclamation, all the surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
3. The areas planned for interim reclamation will then be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

SHL: 751 FSL & 1517 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.
BHL: 100 FNL & 2175 FWL, Section: 15, T.25S., R.33E.

area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.

4. Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts & fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds, will be used. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
5. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
6. The interim reclamation will be monitored periodically to ensure that vegetation has reestablished and that erosion is controlled.

Final Reclamation (well pad, buried pipelines, etc.)

1. Prior to final reclamation procedures, the well pad, road, and surrounding area will be cleared of material, trash, and equipment.
2. All surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
3. All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, production facilities, and interim reclaimed areas will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.
4. After all the disturbed areas have been properly prepared, the areas will be seeded with the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
5. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the entire area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
6. All unused equipment and structures including pipelines, electric line poles, tanks, etc. that serviced the well will be removed.
7. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, and that erosion is controlled.

11. Surface Ownership

- a. The surface ownership of the proposed project is FEDERAL/PRIVATE.

12. Other Information

- a. The onsite meeting was conducted at the BLM CFO on 09/24/2024. Goshawk will be the Environmental Consultant used on this Well Package.

We plan to use eight 12-inch lay flat hoses to transport water and eight 4-inch polylines or layflat for drilling and frac operations.

EOG Resources, Inc.
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H

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The well will be produced using gas lift as the artificial lift method.

Produced water will be transported via pipeline to the EOG produced water gathering system.

Caliche Pit Option:

Desert Ram Holdings LLC caliche located in the NWNW of Section 23, Township 25-South, Range 33-East, Lea County, New Mexico.

Fresh and Reuse Options

EOG Reuse Pit and Freshwater Pit located in the SENW of Section 26, Township 25 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico.

13. Maps and Diagrams

STREETCAR 15 FED 722H VICINITY - Existing Road

STREETCAR 15 FED 722H RADIUS - Wells Within One Mile

STREETCAR 15 FED INFRASTRUCTURE MAP/SKETCH - Production Pipeline

STREETCAR 15 FED WATER AND CALICHE MAP - Drilling Water Pipeline

STREETCAR 15 FED COM 722H RIG LAYOUT - Well Site Diagram

STREETCAR 15 FED 722H RECLAMATION - Interim Reclamation

EOG Resources, Inc.

Surface Use Plan of Operations Section 7 Methods for Handling Waste Attachment

Human waste managed by third-party vendors. ROW construction waste contained in on-site portable toilets maintained by third party vendor. During drilling activities waste is managed by third party vendor utilizing onsite aerobic (treatment) wastewater management. Liquids treated through the aerobic system are transferred to via water line to CTBs for reuse by EOG. All solid waste remaining after treatment process are pumped into an enclosed waste transfer truck at the time of rig down and taken to one of the following disposal facilities by the third-party vendor: Qual Run Services LLC (a Licensed Waste Management Service Facility in Reeves County, Texas) or ReUse OilField Services (a Licensed Waste Management Facility in Mentone, TX)

Trash dumpsters are utilized to contain garbage onsite. Dumpsters are maintained by a third-party vendor. All trash is hauled to Lee County, NM landfill.

EOG utilizes a Closed Loop System, cuttings leave the rig and enter low/highwall cuttings bin. Cuttings are then transferred to trucks for transportation to a State of New Mexico approved disposal facility. Primary disposal location for EOG's NM operations is the North Delaware Basin Disposal Facility in Jal, New Mexico which is a privately owned commercial facility. Some EOG locations within New Mexico may require transportation of cuttings to other licensed commercial disposal facilities based on geographic location.

Drilling fluids and produced oil and water from the well during drilling and completion operations will be stored onsite in frac tanks and disposed of at the time of rig down. Primary disposal location for EOG's NM operations is the North Delaware Basin Disposal facility in Jal, New Mexico which is a privately owned commercial facility. Some EOG locations within New Mexico may require transportation of cuttings to other licensed commercial disposal facilities based on geographic location.



APD ID: 10400102144

Submission Date: 11/22/2024

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

Section 2 - Lined

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Lined pit PWD on or off channel:

Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Lined pit

Pit liner description:

Pit liner manufacturers

Precipitated solids disposal:

Describe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule

Lined pit reclamation description:

Lined pit reclamation

Leak detection system description:

Leak detection system

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

State

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information

Section 4 -

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

Injection well type:

Injection well number:

Injection well name:

Assigned injection well API number?

Injection well API number:

Injection well new surface disturbance (acres):

Minerals protection information:

Mineral protection

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?

UIC Permit

Section 5 - Surface

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD Surface Owner Description :

Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?

Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:

Surface Discharge site facilities information:

Surface discharge site facilities map:

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Number: 722H

Section 6 -

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD Surface Owner Description:

Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Other PWD type description:

Other PWD type

Have other regulatory requirements been met?

Other regulatory requirements



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Bond Info Data

11/19/2025

APD ID: 10400102144

Submission Date: 11/22/2024

Highlighted data
reflects the most
recent changes
[Show Final Text](#)

Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Number: 722H

Well Name: STREETCAR 15 FED

Well Work Type: Drill

Well Type: OIL WELL

Bond

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: NM2308

BIA Bond number:

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

BLM reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

Reclamation bond amount:

Reclamation bond rider amount:

Additional reclamation bond information attachment:

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically
Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

I. Operator: EOG Resources, Inc. **OGRID:** 7377 **Date:** 11/19/2025

II. Type: Original Amendment due to 19.15.27.9.D(6)(a) NMAC 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NMAC Other.

If Other, please describe: _____

III. Well(s): Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D	Anticipated Gas MCF/D	Anticipated Produced Water BBL/D
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H		O-15-25S-33E	751' FSL & 1517' FEL	+/- 1000	+/- 3500	+/- 3000

IV. Central Delivery Point Name: Streetcar 15 Fed CTB [See 19.15.27.9(D)(1) NMAC]

V. Anticipated Schedule: Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement Date	Initial Flow Back Date	First Production Date
STREETCAR 15 FED 722H		12/20/25	1/3/26	3/01/26	4/01/26	5/01/26

VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

Section 2 – Enhanced Plan
EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in

XI. Map. Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system will will not have capacity to gather 100% of the anticipated natural gas production volume from the well prior to the date of first production.

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator does does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

Attach Operator's plan to manage production in response to the increased line pressure.

XIV. Confidentiality: Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

Section 3 - Certifications

Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system.

If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:

Well Shut-In. Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

Venting and Flaring Plan. Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- (b) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

(a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

(b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.

2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: *Star L Harrell*

Printed Name: Star L Harrell

Title: Regulatory Advisor

E-mail Address: Star_Harrell@eogresources.com

Date: 11/19/2025

Phone: (432) 848-9161

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
(Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)

Approved By:

Title:

Approval Date:

Conditions of Approval:

Natural Gas Management Plan**Items VI-VIII****VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.**

- Separation equipment will be sized to provide adequate separation for anticipated rates.
- Adequate separation relates to retention time for Liquid – Liquid separation and velocity for Gas-Liquid separation.
- Collection systems are appropriately sized to handle facility production rates on all (3) phases.
- Ancillary equipment and metering is selected to be serviced without flow interruptions or the need to release gas from the well.

VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F 19.15.27.8 NMAC.**Drilling Operations**

- All flare stacks will be properly sized. The flare stacks will be located at a minimum 100' from the nearest surface hole location on the pad.
- All natural gas produced during drilling operations will be flared, unless there is an equipment malfunction and/or to avoid risk of an immediate and substantial adverse impact on safety and the environment, at which point the gas will be vented.

Completions/Recompletions Operations

- New wells will not be flowed back until they are connected to a properly sized gathering system.
- The facility will be built/sized for maximum anticipated flowrates and pressures to minimize waste.
- For flowback operations, multiple stages of separation will be used as well as excess VRU and blowers to make sure waste is minimized off the storage tanks and facility.
- During initial flowback, the well stream will be routed to separation equipment.
- At an existing facility, when necessary, post separation natural gas will be flared until it meets pipeline specifications, at which point it will be turned into a collection system.
- At a new facility, post separation natural gas will be vented until storage tanks can safely function, at which point it will be flared until it meets pipeline spec.

Production Operations

- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all facilities.
- All flares will be equipped with auto-ignition systems and continuous pilot operations.
- After a well is stabilized from liquid unloading, the well will be turned back into the collection system.
- All plunger lift systems will be optimized to limit the amount of waste.
- All tanks will have automatic gauging equipment installed.
- Leaking thief hatches found during AVOs will be cleaned and properly re-sealed.

Performance Standards

- Production equipment will be designed to handle maximum anticipated rates and pressure.
- All flared gas will be combusted in a flare stack that is properly sized and designed to ensure proper combustion.
- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all wells and facilities that produce more than 60 Mcfd.

Measurement & Estimation

- All volume that is flared and vented that is not measured will be estimated.
- All measurement equipment for flared volumes will conform to API 14.10.
- No meter bypasses will be installed.

- When metering is not practical due to low pressure/low rate, the vented or flared volume will be estimated.

VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

- During downhole well maintenance, EOG will use best management practices to vent as minimally as possible.
- Prior to the commencement of any maintenance, the tank or vessel will be isolated from the rest of the facilities.
- All valves upstream of the equipment will be closed and isolated.
- After equipment has been isolated, the equipment will be blown down to as low a pressure as possible into the collection system.
- If the equipment being maintained cannot be relieved into the collection system, it shall be released to a tank where the vapor can either be captured or combusted if possible.
- After downhole well maintenance, natural gas will be flared until it reaches pipeline specification.

Sante Fe Main Office
Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information
Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory
<https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us>

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Action 528680

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Operator: EOG RESOURCES INC 5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	OGRID: 7377
	Action Number: 528680
	Action Type: [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	I hereby certify that no additives containing PFAS chemicals will be added to the completion or recompletion of this well.
-------------------------------------	--

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State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

COMMENTS

COMMENTS

Operator: EOG RESOURCES INC 5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	OGRID: 7377
	Action Number: 528680
	Action Type: [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

COMMENTS

Created By	Comment	Comment Date
jeffrey.harrison	Submitted as defining well for spacing unit.	12/8/2025

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Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 528680

CONDITIONS

Operator: EOG RESOURCES INC 5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	OGRID: 7377
	Action Number: 528680
	Action Type: [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
sharrell1	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	11/21/2025
sharrell1	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	11/21/2025
jeffrey.harrison	NSP required if not included in an existing order or not an infill to an appropriate defining well in the same pool and spacing unit.	12/4/2025
jeffrey.harrison	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	12/8/2025
jeffrey.harrison	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	12/8/2025
jeffrey.harrison	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	12/8/2025
jeffrey.harrison	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	12/8/2025