

WORKPLANS Date: /0-//-/3

P.O. Box 2948, Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967 RECENTE COD

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October 11th, 2013

Mr. Edward Hansen

New Mexico Energy, Minerals, & Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division, Environmental Bureau 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

RE: Investigation and Characterization Plan (ICP) Rice Operating Company – BD SWD System BD E-18 vent EOL (1R426-221): UL/E sec. 18 T22S R37E Formerly: BD XTO A.L. Christmas 'C' vent EOL

Mr. Hansen:

RICE Operating Company (ROC) has retained Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) to address potential environmental concerns at the above-referenced site in the BD Salt Water Disposal (SWD) system. The site was previously referred to as the BD XTO A.L. Christmas 'C' vent EOL. However, to reflect the geographical location of the site, the name has been changed to the BD E-18 vent EOL. All future correspondence will reference BD E-18 vent EOL.

ROC is the service provider (agent) for the BD SWD System and has no ownership of any portion of the pipeline, well, or facility. The system is owned by a consortium of oil producers, System Parties, who provide all operating capital on a percentage ownership/usage basis.

For all such environmental projects, ROC will choose the path forward that:

- Protects public health,
- Provides the greatest net environmental benefit,
- Complies with NMOCD Rules, and
- Is supported by good science.

Each site shall generally have three submissions:

- 1. This <u>Investigation and Characterization Plan</u> (ICP) is proposed for gathering data and site characterization and assessment.
- 2. Upon evaluating the data and results from the ICP, a recommended remedy will be submitted in a <u>Corrective Action Plan</u> (CAP), if warranted.
- 3. Finally, after implementing the remedy, a <u>Termination Request</u> with final documentation will be submitted.

Background and Previous Work

The site is located approximately 2.5 miles southwest of Eunice, New Mexico at UL/E sec. 18 T22S R37E as shown on the Site Location Map and Geographical Location Map (Figure 1 and 2). NM OSE records indicate that groundwater will likely be encountered at a depth of approximately 190 +/- feet.

In 2007, ROC initiated work on the former BD E-18 EOL junction box, which contained a vent. The site was delineated using a backhoe to form a 30 ft x 30 ft x 12 ft deep excavation and soil samples were screened at regular intervals for both hydrocarbons and chlorides. From the excavation, the four-wall composite and the bottom composite were taken to a commercial laboratory for analysis. Laboratory tests of the four-wall composite showed a chloride reading of 1,760 mg/kg and a gasoline range organics (GRO) reading and a diesel range organics (DRO) reading of non-detect. The bottom composite showed a chloride laboratory reading of 2,690 mg/kg and a GRO and DRO reading of non-detect. The excavated soil was blended on site and a sample of the blended soil was taken to a commercial laboratory for analysis. The laboratory chloride reading of the blended soil returned a result of 1,230 mg/kg and a GRO and DRO reading of non-detect. The site was backfilled with the blended soil to 6 ft bgs where a 1 foot thick clay layer was installed and properly seated. The site was backfilled with the remaining blended soil to ground surface and the area was contoured to the surrounding landscape with clean, imported soil. The site was seeded with a blend of native vegetation. A new watertight junction box was moved 10 ft south of the former junction box location. NMOCD was notified of potential groundwater impact on August 4th, 2008 and a junction box disclosure report (Appendix A) was submitted to NMOCD with all the 2008 junction box closures and disclosures.

ROC proposes additional investigative work at the site to determine if there is potential for groundwater degradation from residual chlorides at the site.

Proposed Work Elements

- 1. Conduct vertical and lateral delineation of residual chlorides and hydrocarbons from samples taken using a drill rig, hand augur and/or backhoe (see Appendix B for Quality Procedures).
 - a. Vertical sampling will be conducted until of the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. Three samples in which the chloride concentration decreases and the third sample has a chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm; and,
 - ii. Three samples in which PID readings decrease and the third sample has a PID reading of ≤ 100 ppm; or,
 - iii. The sampling reaches the capillary fringe.
 - b. Lateral sampling will be conducted until the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. A decrease is observed in chloride concentrations between lateral bores at similar depths; and,
 - ii. A chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm is observed in a lateral surface sample; or,

- iii. Safety concerns impede further lateral delineation
- 2. If warranted, install a monitor well to provide direct measurement of the potential groundwater impact at the site. (All monitor wells will be installed by EPA, NMOCD, and industry standards.)
- 3. Evaluate the risk of groundwater impact based on the information obtained.

If the evaluation of the site shows no threat to groundwater from residual chlorides, then only a vadose zone remedy will be undertaken. However, if groundwater shows impact from residual chlorides, a CAP will be developed to address these concerns.

RECS appreciates the opportunity to work with you on this project. Please call Hack Conder at (575) 393-2967 or me if you have any questions or wish to discuss the site.

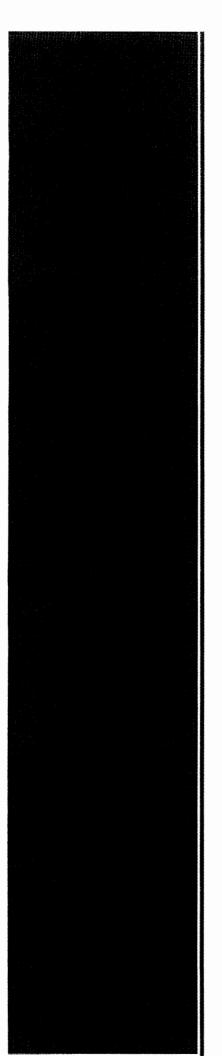
Sincerely,

ACW

Lara Weinheimer Project Scientist RECS (575) 441-0431

Attachments:

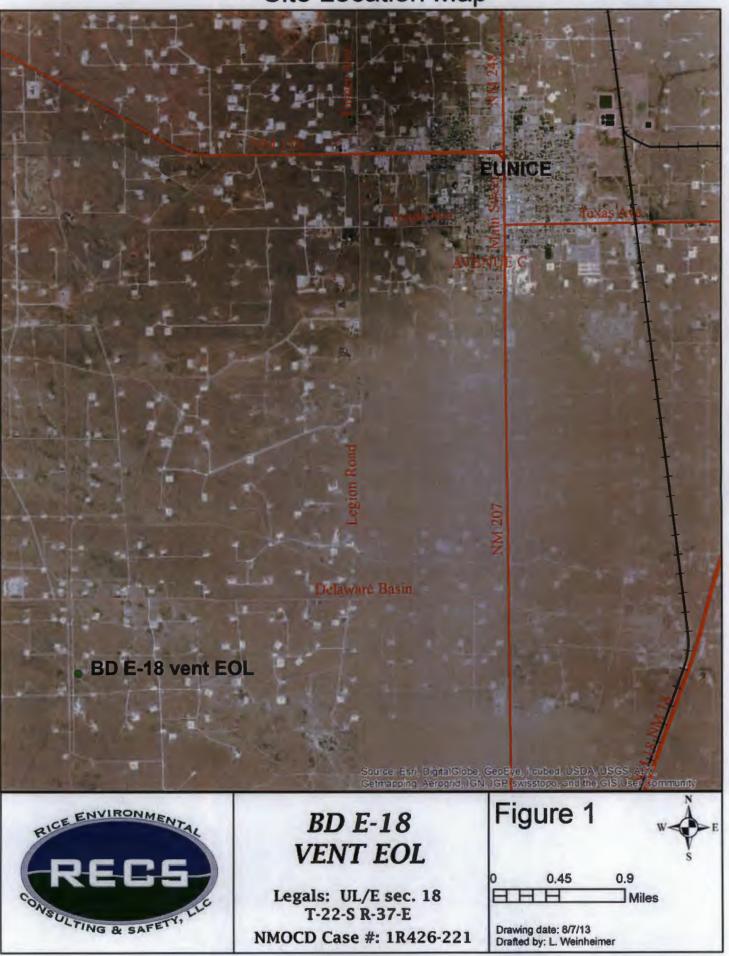
Figure 1 – Site Location Map Figure 2 – Geographical Location Map Appendix A – Junction Box Disclosure Report Appendix B – Quality Procedures



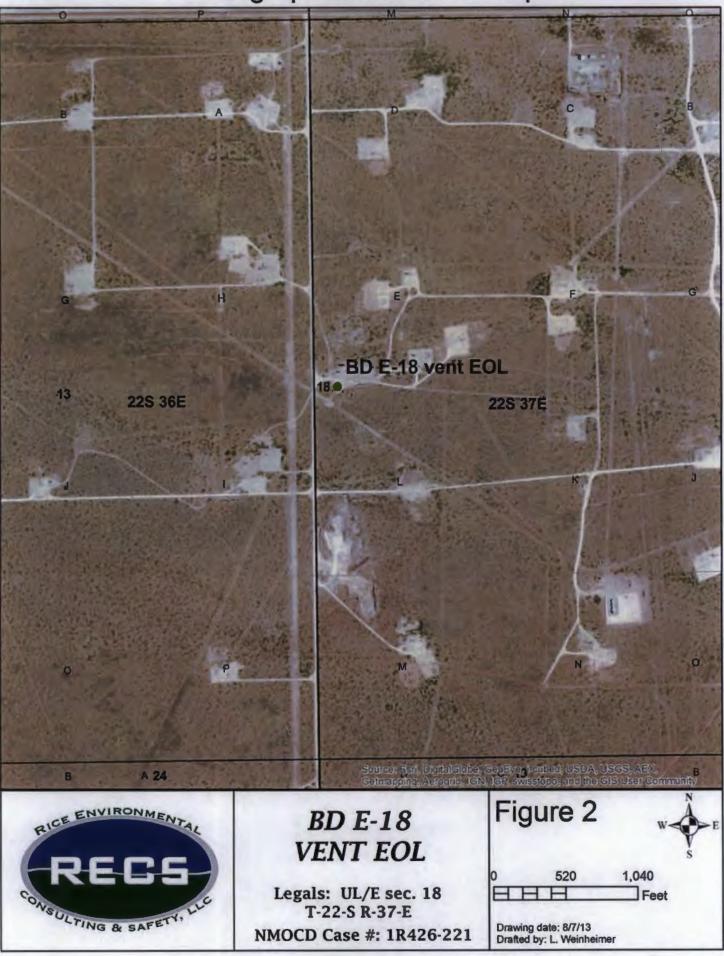
Figures

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948, Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

Site Location Map



Geographical Location Map



Appendix A Junction Box Disclosure Report

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

RICE OPERATING COMPANY JUNCTION BOX DISCLOSURE* REPORT

				BOX LOCA	TION				
SWD SYSTEM	JUNCTION	UNIT	SECTION	TOWNSHIP	RANGE	COUNTY	BOX D	IMENSIONS	- FEET
Blinebry-Drinkard	XTO A L. Christmas	E	18	22S	37E	Lea	Length	Width	Depth
(BD)	'C' vent EOL						m	oved 10 ft so	buth
LAND TYPE: E	3LM	STATE	FEE LAI	NDOWNER	Mill	ard Deck	OTHER		onnen m
Depth to Grour	ndwater	190	feet	NMOCE	SITE ASS	ESSMENT	RANKING S	CORE:	20
Date Started	4/24/	/2007	Date Co	mpleted	5/14/2007		Vitness	n)
Soil Excavated	400	сиріс уа	rds Exc	avation Le	ngth 30	Width	30	Depth	fee
Soil Disposed	84	cubic ya	rds Of	fsite Facility	Sund	dance	Location	Eun	ice, NM
AL ANALYT	ICAL RE	SULTS:	Sample	e Date	5/7/200	7	Sample De	epth	12 ft

Procure 5-point composite sample of bottom and 4-point composite sample of sidewalls. TPH and Chloride laboratory test results completed by using an approved lab and testing procedures pursuant to NMOCD guidelines.

Sample	PID (field)	GRO	DRO	Chloride
Location	ppm	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
4-WALL COMP.	14.9	<10.0	<10.0	1760
BOTTOM COMP.	13	<10.0	<10 0	2690
BACKFILL	13.4	<10.0	<10 0	1230

General Description of Remedial Action:

CHLORIDE FIELD TESTS

LOCATION	DEPTH	mg/kg
4-wall comp.	n/a	389
bottom comp.	12'	622
	1'	282
	2'	319
	3'	653
	4'	802
vertical delineation	5'	1339
trench 15 ft	6'	2181
west of	7'	2135
junction (source)	8.	2537
(000,000)	9,	2311
	10'	2324
	11'	2542
	12'	3027

the pipeline replacement/upgrade program. A new, watertight junction box was installed 10 ft south of the former. After the former box was removed, an investigation was conducted using a backhoe to collect soil samples at regular intervals producing a 30x30x12-ft-deep hole. Chloride field tests were performed on each sample, which

yielded elevated levels of chloride that did not relent with depth. Organic vapors were measured using a PID, which yielded low concentrations. Representative composite samples were sent to a commercial laboratory for analysis. The excavated soil was

blended on-site and returned to the excavation up to 6 ft below ground surface. At 6-5

ft BGS, a 1-ft-thick clay barrier was installed. The remaining fill was then returned to

the excavation to ground surface. Clean, imported soil was used to top cap the site and

to contour to the surrounding area. On 5/21/2007, the site was seeded with a blend of native vegetation and is expected to return to a

productive capacity at a normal rate. NMOCD was notified of potential groundwater impact on 8/4/2008

This junction was addressed as part of

ADDITIONAL EVALUATION IS HIGH PRIORITY

enclosures photos, cross-section, lab results, PID screenings, chloride curve

(HERE	BY CERTIFY THAT TH		TION ABOVE IS DWLEDGE AND	TRUE AND COMPLET BELIEF	TE TO THE	BEST OF MY
SITE SUPERVISOR	Damell Mitchell	SIGNATURE	Darrell	Mitchell	COMPANY	RICE OPERATING COMPANY
REPORT ASSEMBLED BY	Katie Jones		KJ	L		
PROJECT LEADER	Larry Bruce Baker Jr.	SIGNATURE	Lang &	nue Bacher Jo	DATE	8-5-08

*This site is a "DISCLOSURE * It will be placed on a prioritized list of similar sites for further consideration.

BD XTO Christmas 'C' vent EOL



undisturbed junction box, facing north

1/27/2006



squaring excavation

5/3/2007

Unit E, Section 18, T22S, R37E



taking samples of excavation

5/01/2007



backfilling excavation up to 6 ft BGS

5/11/2007

BD XTO Christmas 'C' vent EOL



clay barrier installed



seeding backfilled site

5/21/2007

Unit E, Section 18, T22S, R37E



5/18/2007



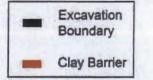
site complete with new, watertight junction box in background 5/21/2007

BD XTO A.L. Christmas 'C' vent EOL

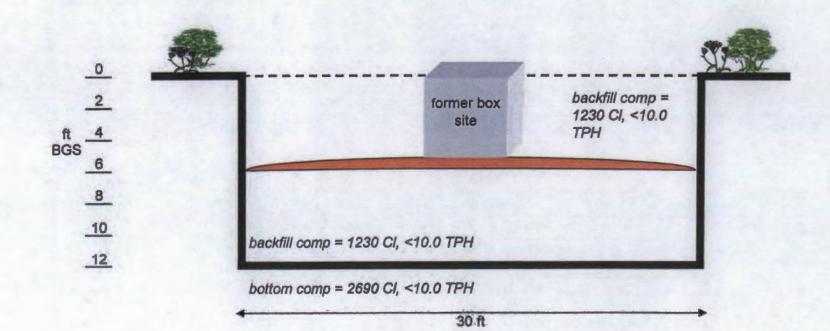
Unit E, Section 18, T22S, R37E

Excavation Cross-Section

W



D





PHEINE (525) 673-7001 + 2111 BEECHWOOD + ABILENE TX 79603

PHONE (505: 393 2.8% + 101 E. MARLAND + HOBBS. NM 88240

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR RICE OPERATING CO ATTN: ROY R. RASCON 122 W TAYLOR HOBBS, NM 88240 FAX TO: (505) 397-1471

Receiving Date: 05/08/07 Reporting Date: 05/09/07 Project Number NOT GIVEN Project Name: NOT GIVEN Project Location: B.D. XTO A.1 CHRISTMAS C EO1.

RECEIVED

MAY 1 1 2007

RICE OPERATING HOBBS NM Sampling Date: 05/07/07 Sample Type: SOIL Sample Condition: COOL & INTACT Sample Received By: AB Analyzed By: BC/AB

LAB NUMBER SAMPLE ID	GRO (C ₆ -C ₁₀) (mg/Kg)	DRO (>C ₁₀ -C ₂₈) (mg/Kg)	CI* (mg/Kg)
ANALYSIS DATE	05/08/07	05/08/07	05/08/07
H12568-1 BOTTOM 5PT. COMPOSITE	<10.0	<10.0	2690
H12568-2 4 WALL COMPOSITE	<10.0	<10.0	1760
H12568-3 BLENDED BACKFILL	<10 0	<10.0	1230
BTIM & 12' BGS 4 WALL & BC'LX BO'W > RKR			
Quality Control	776	758	500
True Value QC	800	800	500
% Recovery	96 9	94.8	100
Relative Percent Difference	31	5,4	1.0

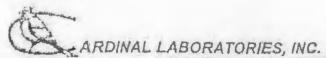
METHODS: TPH GRO & DRO: EPA SW-846 8015 M; CI1: Std. Methods 4500-CI1B *Analyses performed on 114 w:v aqueous extracts.

Bussett A. Caly Chemiso

Date

H12568 RICE

FreEASE NOTE. Liability and Damages. Cardinal's labelity and client's exclusive rotated, for any claim arcang, writefore our edits core during friend below and the account of the claims. Including frace and not necessary and client's exclusive rotated to any claim arcang, writefore our edits core during friend below and the account of the claims. Including fraces for negligence and any other claims what the event shall be deemed wavest made in writing and receivest by Cardinal writin tarty (30) days after completion of the claims the service in the event shall be deemed wavest methods, writing and receivest by Cardinal writing and receivest by Cardinal behavior to account of the claims the service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the claims are service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the action and the service in the event shall be doed by the performance of services bereather by Cardinal regardless of whether work claims a brief action any of the above stated reasons or otherwise actions of services bereather by Cardinal regardless of whether work claims a brief action approximate the service in the event shall be action action actions and of the related reasons or otherwise actions are actions and of the related to the performance of services bereather by Cardinal regardless of whether work claims actions and of the related to the performance of services bereather by Cardinal regardless of whether work claims actions and of the actions are stated reasons or otherwise actions actions actions are services areas and the service actions actions are stated reasons.





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Y wall Composit	1,3		
Bottom 5pt Comp 4 wall Compasit BrackE-11 Blend	13.4		

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DATE: 5-7-07

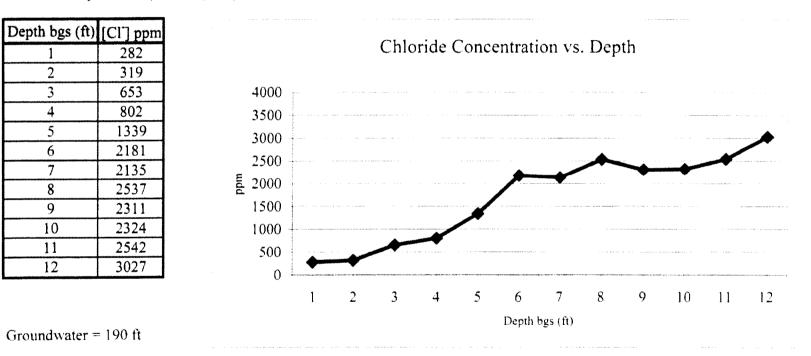
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BD XTO A.L. Christmas 'C' vent EOL

unit 'E', Sec. 18, T22S, R37E

Backhoe samples at 15 ft west of the junction (source)



Appendix B _{Quality Procedures}

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

Quality Procedures

Table of Contents

- QP-1 Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory
- QP-2 Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution
- QP-3 Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells
- QP-4 Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well
- QP-5 Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for TPH and Chloride Analysis
- QP-6 Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in soil
- QP-7 Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for BTEX
- QP-8 Procedure for Plugging and Abandonment of Cased Water-Monitoring wells

Quality Procedure Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining soil samples to be taken to a laboratory for analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.
- 3.2 If collecting TPH, BTEX, RCRA 8 metals, cation /anions or O&G, the sample jar may be a clear 4 oz. container with Teflon lid. If collecting PAH's, use an amber 4 oz. container.

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1 Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any contamination.
- 5.2 Go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil.

- 5.3 Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label.
- 5.4 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.5 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

QUALITY PROCEDURE Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentration of chloride in soil.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil chloride concentrations.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Collect at least 80 grams of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample for soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
- 3.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag. Care should be taken to insure that no cross-contamination occurs between the soil sample and the collection tools or sample processing equipment.
- 3.3 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods.

4.0 Sample Preparation

- 4.1 Tare a clean glass vial having a minimum 40 ml capacity. Add at least 10 grams of the soil sample and record the weight.
- 4.2 Add at least 20 grams of reverse osmosis water to the soil sample and shake well.
- 4.3 Allow the sample to set for a period of 5 minutes or until the separation of soil and water.

5.0 Titration Procedure

- 5.1 Using a graduated pipette, remove 10 ml extract and dispense into a clean plastic cup.
- 5.2 Add 2-3 drops potassium chromate (K_2CrO_4) to mixture if necessary.

- 5.3 Using a 1 ml pipette, carefully add .282 normal silver nitrate (one drop at a time) to the sample while constantly agitating it. Stop adding silver nitrate when the solution begins to change from yellow to red. Be consistent with endpoint recognition.
- 5.4 Record the ml of silver nitrate used.

6.0 Calculation

To obtain the chloride concentration, insert measured data into the following formula:

<u>.282 X 35,450 X ml AgNO3</u>	Х	grams of water in mixture
ml water extract		grams of soil in mixture

Using Step 5.0, determine the chloride concentration of the RO water used to mix with the soil sample. Record this concentration and subtract it from the formula results to find the net chloride in the soil sample.

Record all results on the delineation form.

Quality Procedure Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to develop cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Prior to development, the static water level and height of the water column within the well casing will be measured with the use of an electric D.C. probe.
- 3.2 All measurements will be recorded within a field log notebook.
- 3.3 All equipment used to measure the static water level will be decontaminated after each use by means of Liquinox, a phosphate free laboratory detergent, and water to reduce the possibility of crosscontamination. The volume of water in each well casing will be calculated.

4.0 Purging

- 4.1 Wells will be purged by using a 2" decontaminated submersible pump or dedicated one liter Teflon bailer. Wells should be purged until the pH and conductivity are stabilized and the turbidity has been reduced to the greatest extent possible.
- 4.2 If a submersible is used the pump will be decontaminated prior to use by scrubbing the outside surface of tubing and wiring with a Liquinox water mixture, pumping a Liquinox-water mixture through the pump, and a final flush with fresh water.

5.0 Water Disposal

5.1 All purge and decontamination water will be temporarily stored within a portable tank to be later disposed of in an appropriate manner.

6.0 Records

6.1 Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety will record the amount of water removed from the well during development procedures. The purge volume will be reported to the appropriate regulatory authority when filing the closure report.

Quality Procedure Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed in obtaining water samples from cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the water.
- 3.2 The following table shall be used to select the appropriate sampling container, preservative method and holding times for the various elements and compounds to be analyzed.

Compound to be	Sample Container	Sample Container	Cap Requirements	Preservative	Maximum Hold Time
Analyzed	Size	Description	•		
BTEX	40 ml	VOA Container	Teflon Lined	HCL	14 days
TPH (8015 Extended)	40 ounces	(2) 40ml VOA vials	Teflon Lined	HCL and Ice	14 days
РАН	1 liter	amber glass	Teflon Lined	Ice	7 days
Cation/Anion	1 liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	48 Hrs
Metals	I liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice/HNO ₃	28 Days
TDS	300 ml	clear glass or 250 ml HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice	7 Days
Cl-	500 ml	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	28 Days

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the well identification and the individual tests to be performed at that location. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label). Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Bailing Procedure

- 5.1 Identify the well from the sites schematics. Place pre-labeled jar(s) next to the well. Remove the plastic cap from the well bore by first lifting the metal lever and then unscrewing the entire assembly.
- 5.2 Using a dedicated one liter Teflon bailer or submersible pump, purge a minimum of three well volumes. Place the water in storage container for transport to a ROC disposal facility.
- 5.3 If using a bailer, take care to insure that the bailing device and string does not become cross-contaminated. A clean pair of nitrile gloves should be used when handling either the retrieval string or bailer. The retrieval string should not be allowed to come into contact with the ground.

6.0 Sampling Procedure

- 6.1 Once the well has been bailed in accordance with 5.2 of this procedure, a sample may be decanted into the appropriate sample collection jar directly from the bailer or submersible pump.
- 6.2 Note the time of collection on the sample jar with a fine Sharpie.
- 6.3 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory. The preceding table shows the maximum hold times between collection and testing for the various analyses.

6.4 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

7.0 Documentation

- 7.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - A. Project and sample name.
 - B. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - C. Results of the requested analyses
 - D. Test Methods employed
 - E. Quality Control methods and results

Calculation for Determining the Minimum Bailing Volume for Monitor Wells Formula V= (πr²h) 2" well [V/231=gal] X 3 = Purge Volume

V=Volume π=pi r=inside radius of the well bore h=maximum height of well bore in water table

Example:

π	r ²	h(in)	V(cu.in)	V(gal)	X 3 Volumes	Actual
3.1416	1	180	565.488	2.448	7.34 gal	>10 gal

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For TPH and Chloride Analysis

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for TPH and Chloride analysis.

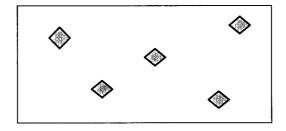
2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used in conjunction with *Quality Procedure – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory* and will be inserted at subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure.

3.0 Sampling Procedure

Follow *Quality Procedure – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory* for all Sections and subparagraphs until subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure. Instead of 5.2 instructions, perform the composite sample collection procedure as follows:

- 3.1 Go to the excavation with a new plastic baggie. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)
- 3.2 Sidewall samples
 - 3.2.1 On each sidewall, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 3.2.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a labeled baggie.
- 3.2.3 Repeat steps 3.2.1 through 3.2.4 for each remaining sidewall.
- 3.2.4 From each labeled baggie, procure a 5 oz portion and pour into a baggie labeled "Sidewall Composite". Blend this soil mixture completely.
- 3.2.5 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Sidewall Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.
- 3.3 Bottom Sample
 - 3.3.1 From bottom of excavation, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern as illustrated above.
 - 3.3.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a clean baggie.
 - 3.3.3 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Bottom Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.

QUALITY PROCEDURE Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in Soil

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds in soils.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil VOC concentrations. It is not to be used as a substitute for full spectrographic speciation of organic compounds.

3.0 Procedure

- 3.1 Sample Collection and Preparation
 - 3.1.1 Collect at least 500 g. of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample of soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
 - 3.1.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag and sealed. When sealed, the bag should contain a nearly equal space between the soil sample and trapped air. Record the sample name and the time that the sample was collected on the Field Analytical Report Form.
 - 3.1.3 The sealed samples shall be allowed to set for a minimum of five minutes at a temperature of between 10-15 Celsius, (59-77⁰F). The sample temperatures may be adjusted by cooling the sample in ice, or by heating the sample within a generally controlled environment such as the inside of a vehicle. The samples should not be placed directly on heated surfaces or placed in direct heat sources such as lamps or heater vents.
 - 3.1.4 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods, and to provide the soil sample with as much exposed surface area as practically possible.

- 3.2 Sampling Procedure
 - 3.2.1 The instrument to be used in conducting VOC concentration testing shall be a RAE Systems Photoionization device. (Device will be identified on VOC Field Test Report Form.) Prior to use, the instrument shall be zeroed-out in accordance with the appropriate maintenance and calibration procedure outlined in the instrument operation manual. The PID device will be calibrated each day it's used.
 - 3.2.2 Carefully open one end of the collection bag and insert the probe tip into the bag taking care that the probe tip not touch the soil sample or the sidewalls of the bag.
 - 3.2.3 Set the instrument to retain the highest result reading value. Record the reading onto the Field Test Report Form.
 - 3.2.4 If the instrument provides a reading exceeding 100 ppm, proceed to QP-7. If the reading is 100 ppm or less, NMOCD BTEX guideline has been met and no further testing for BTEX is necessary. File the Field Test Report Form in the project file.

4.0 Clean-up

After testing, the soil samples shall be returned to the sampling location, and the bags collected for off-site disposal. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SAME BAG BE USED TWICE. EACH SAMPLE CONTAINER MUST BE DISCARDED AFTER EACH USE.

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For BTEX

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for BTEX analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory for BTEX analysis. This procedure is to be used only when the PID field-test results for OVM exceeds 100 ppm.

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 Obtain sterile, clear, 2 oz. glass containers with Teflon lid from a laboratory supply company or the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.

4.0 Chain of Custody

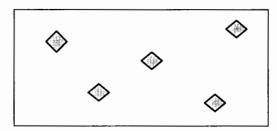
- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1.Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any cross-contamination.
- 5.2.If safe and within OSHA regulations, go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to

obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)

- 5.3.Sidewall Samples
 - 5.3.1.On each sidewall, procure a 2oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 5.4.Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label. Repeat for each sampling point.
- 5.5.Place the samples directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.6.Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

Procedure for Plugging & Abandonment of Cased Water Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to plug and abandon cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells located in the State of New Mexico

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 No well may be drilled, modified or plugged without NMOCD approval. Additional approvals may be required if the well is situated in a sensitive area, within municipal jurisdictions or on federal or tribal lands.

4.0 Plugging

4.1 Each bore will be filled with a 1% - 3% bentonite/concrete slurry to three feet bgs. The remaining three feet will be capped with concrete only.

4.2 All wellheads will be removed to below ground surface.

5.0 Records

5.1 The company plugging the well shall prepare a report on their company letter head listing the site name and describing general well construction including total depth of the well, the diameter of casing, material used to plug the well (e.g. bentonite/cement slurry), and date of the plugging operation.

5.2 It is recommended but not required that photographs of the final surface restoration be taken and included within the records.

5.3 Copies of the plugging report shall be submitted to all appropriate agencies and retained by the well operator for a minimum period of ten years.