NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

JAN 17 2017

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Subject Centre of appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action												
NAB1701954911						OPERATOR						
Name of Company Judah Oil 345873						Contact Blaise Campanella						
						Telephone No. 575-748-5488						
racility Nai	ne Ford	State #2			Facility Typ	e oil						
Surface Owner State Mineral Owner						API No. 30-015-22714						
LOCATION OF RELEASE												
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the	North/	South Line	Feet from the	East/West Line	County			
F	02	22s	28e	1650		FNL	1650	FWL	Eddy			
			La	titude <u>32.4249</u>	8	Longitud	e104.06112					
NATURE OF RELEASE												
Type of Rele						Volume of Release 5bbl/oil 5bbl/pw Volume Recovered 0						
Source of Re		owline				Date and Hour of Occurrence 1/10/11 Date and Hour of Discovery 1/10/17						
Was Immediate Notice Given?							If YES, To Whom?					
By Whom?						Mike Bratcher Date and Hour 1/10/17 in the A.M. call from B. Campanella						
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
☐ Yes ⅓ No												
Describe Are	ea Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tal 0' just to t		producti	ion pad. The		d soil has been scr	aped and hav	uled to an N	NMOCD	
regulations a public health should their	Il operators or the envi operations h nment. In a	are required tronment. The lave failed to	o report an acceptant adequately	nd/or file certain r ce of a C-141 report investigate and r	elease no ort by the emediate	otifications and NMOCD me contaminati	nd perform correct arked as "Final Roon that pose a three the operator of the correct of the cor	nderstand that pur- tive actions for rel- eport" does not rel- eat to ground wateresponsibility for c	eases which ieve the ope r, surface wa ompliance v	may endar rator of lial ater, humar vith any otl	nger bility n health	
$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Signature ur	: In	<u>~/ ()</u>	ing				Sizned	By Alle	L'acram.	. www.		
Printed Name: Blaise Campanella						Approved by Environmental Specialist 1/4 Branches						
Title: Member/Manager						Approval Date:						
E-mail Addr	ess:jud	ahoil@yahoo.	com			Conditions of	Approval:		Attached	. [7]		
Date: 1/17	/2017		Phone	: 575-748-5488		Sel	attach	ed_	Attached	· ⊔		
Attach Addi	tional She	ets If Necess								2RP	4081	

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on $\frac{1}{17/17}$ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number $\frac{2RP-408}{1}$ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in 4 of on or before 2/17/17. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

From:

Heather Patterson < heather.patterson@soudermiller.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, January 17, 2017 1:10 PM

To:

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD; Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD

Cc:

Austin Weyant; judahoil@yahoo.com

Subject:

C-141 initial ford state #2

Attachments:

C-141fordstate2.pdf

Hey Mike and Crystal,

I hope all is well!

Please find the attached C-141 for the Judah Oil release at the Ford State #2. I don't have a business phone yet, but y'all know my number. Call if you have any questions.

See you soon,

Heather Patterson