District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

# State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 NM OIL CONSERVATION
ARTESIA DISTRICT
AUG 09, 2017 Form C-141
RECEIVED Revised August 8, 2011
Submit Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

## **Release Notification and Corrective Action**

NABI	12263	30437		A	0	OPERA'	ГOR		✓ Initia	al Report	⊠ Fina	al Report	
Name of Co		WPX Energy	1 <i>340389</i>		Contact Karolina Blaney								
Address		ena Vista Di			Telephone No. 970 589 0743								
Facility Name: RDX 21-42 Facility Type: Well Pad													
Surface Ow	ner: Fede	ral	Mineral C	)wner: ]	Federal API				No. 30- 015-40643				
	LOCATION OF RELEASE												
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the Nor					North/	South Line	Feet from the	East/W	est Line	County			
N	21	26S	30E	660	FSI		1650	FWL		Eddy			
Latitude: 32.02248202N Longitude: -103.88951437W NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Rele	ase. Oil		Volume of Release: 448 Bbls Volum				ne Recovered: 448 Bbls						
Source of Re									and Hour of Discovery				
Tank Battery Was Immedia		7:9			8/1/2017 8/1/2017 – 11:00 hrs MT  If YES, To Whom?								
was immedia	ate Notice C	No Not R											
By Whom? Karolina Blaney							Date and Hour: 8/2/2017 – 7:20 hrs MT						
Was a Water	course Read			If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.									
		] No	N/A Please refer to the New Mexico Oil										
If a Watercou	ırse was Im	* N/A	Conservation Division Website for										
					updated form(s) at: http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/								
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*							OCD/ forms.html Thank you						
The cause of this spill was equipment failure. The Section 5 injection facility went down and there is no automatic shut in system in place that would trigger the transfer pumps from individual facilities to shut down. The water transfer line at the RDX 21-42 battery got over pressured and the line clamps came off. 448 bbls of produced water was spilled inside lined containment. The containment liner was inspected immediately after the spill occurred. Based on the inspection, there is no evidence that the spilled fluids have left the containment.													
Describe Are	a Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tal	ken.*			•						
The environm	The environment was not impacted by this spill. All fluids were contained inside lined SPCC containment.												
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.													
Kanlina Blaney Signature:						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
						<i>I</i> /							
Printed Name: Karolina Blaney						Approved by Environ Recial State Description							
Title: Environmental Specialist						Approval Da	te: 8(10/17	F	Expiration	Date: NIA	r		
E-mail Address: Karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com  Date: 8/9/2017 Phone: 970-589-0743  * Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary						Conditions o	f Approval:	.10/		Attached A	ام م	1401	
						Conditions of Approval: FINAL			· 2RP-4334P				
T Auach Addi	uonai She	ets II Necess	ary										

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 8/9/2017 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number APP-4334 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in ARTESIA on or before 9/9/2017. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold
OCD Environmental Bureau Chief
1220 South St. Francis Drive
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505
505-476-3465
jim.griswold@state.nm.us

## **Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD**

From: Blaney, Karolina < Karolina.Blaney@wpxenergy.com>

**Sent:** Wednesday, August 9, 2017 2:28 PM **To:** Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; 'Tucker, Shelly'

**Cc:** Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

**Subject:** RE: WPX RDX 21-42 spill notification

Attachments: RDX 21-42 - C-141.doc

#### Hello,

Attached is the C-141 spill report for the RDX 21-42 spill. Please let me know if you need any additional information in order to close this spill. Thank you and have a great afternoon,

## Karolina Blaney

Environmental Specialist WPX Energy Office: (575) 885-7514

Office: (575) 885-7514 Cell: (970) 589-0743

karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com

From: Blaney, Karolina

Sent: Wednesday, August 02, 2017 7:19 AM

To: 'Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD' < Crystal. Weaver@state.nm.us>; 'Tucker, Shelly' < stucker@blm.gov>

Cc: 'Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD' <mike.bratcher@state.nm.us>

Subject: WPX RDX 21-42 spill notification

#### Good morning

WPX had a spill yesterday, 8/1/17, discovered at 11 am, at the RDX 21-42 well pad. API # 30-015-40643, N-21-26S-30E. The cause of this spill was equipment failure. The Section 5 injection facility went down and there is no automatic shut in system in place that would trigger the transfer pumps from individual facilities to shut down. The water transfer line at the RDX 21-42 battery got over pressured and the line clamps came off. 448 bbls of produced water was spilled inside lined containment. All spill fluids were recovered. The environment was not impacted by this spill.

The C-141 report will be submitted in the next 15 days.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns. Thank you,

## Karolina Blaney

Environmental Specialist WPX Energy Office: (575) 885-7514

Cell: (970) 589-0743

karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com

## Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD

From: Blaney, Karolina < Karolina.Blaney@wpxenergy.com>

**Sent:** Wednesday, August 2, 2017 7:19 AM **To:** Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; 'Tucker, Shelly'

**Cc:** Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

**Subject:** WPX RDX 21-42 spill notification

#### Good morning

WPX had a spill yesterday, 8/1/17, discovered at 11 am, at the RDX 21-42 well pad. API # 30-015-40643, N-21-26S-30E. The cause of this spill was equipment failure. The Section 5 injection facility went down and there is no automatic shut in system in place that would trigger the transfer pumps from individual facilities to shut down. The water transfer line at the RDX 21-42 battery got over pressured and the line clamps came off. 448 bbls of produced water was spilled inside lined containment. All spill fluids were recovered. The environment was not impacted by this spill.

The C-141 report will be submitted in the next 15 days.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns. Thank you,

## Karolina Blaney

Environmental Specialist WPX Energy Office: (575) 885-7514

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karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com