



**WATERFLOOD FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR THE
PROPOSED QUAIL QUEEN UNIT
(QQU)**

**LEA COUNTY,
NEW MEXICO**

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

AUGUST, 2007

WATERFLOOD FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR THE QUAIL

QUEEN UNIT (QQU) PROJECT

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Quail Queen Waterflood Feasibility Study

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Quail Queen Waterflood Feasibility Study

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

QUAIL QUEEN UNIT (QQU)

PROPOSED WATERFLOOD

I. Purpose

Determine the feasibility of unitizing and implementing secondary recovery operations in the Queen sandstone in the Quail Field in Lea County, New Mexico.

II. Description

Location	Lea Co., NM
Producing Formation	Queen
Number of Wells	12 Active, 3 TA, 5 P&A, 1 DH
Daily Production (average over three mos.)	23 BO, 0 MCF, 56 BW
Reservoir Parameters	
Depth, average	5,100'
Productive Area	1,150 acres
Unitized Area	840 acres
Reservoir Temperature	113°F
Initial Reservoir Pressure	1,848 Psi
Bubble Point Pressure	1255 Psi
Current Reservoir Pressure	450 Psi
Oil Gravity	33° API
Gas Gravity	0.9
Initial Solution GOR, est.	300 Scf/Bbl

III. Recovery and Reserves

Original Oil In Place	4,467 Mbo
Cumulative Primary Recovery 7/1/2007	788 Mbo
Cumulative Secondary Recovery, estimated to 7/1/2007	11.4 Mbo
Remaining Developed Primary	78.7 Mbo
Proved Behind Pipe	0 Mbo
Ultimate Primary	867 Mbo
Ultimate Primary Recovery Efficiency	19 %
Percent of Primary Recovered to 7/1/2007	91 %
Secondary Reserves	725 Mbo
Estimate of Total Recovery	1,592 Mbo
Estimate of Total Recovery Efficiency	36 %

IV. Capital Requirements

Initial Phase (Phase I) Capital Requirement:

Convert six wells to injection (\$100k, each)	\$ 600,000
Re-Enter and Restore Csg Integrity, Quail State SWD 1	\$ 125,000
Injection Lines 10,030 feet x \$12/ft	\$ 120,360

Water Supply, Hornet St 1 Workover/Pipeline.....	\$ 250,000
Battery Upgrades/Centralization.....	\$ 500,000
Injection Facility	\$ 500,000

Sub-Total \$ 2,095,360

Second Phase (Phase II) Capital Requirement:

Drill 1 Injector (\$1MM) & One Producer(\$1.2MM).....	\$ 2,200,000
Re-Enter Mobil 1 as injection well	\$ 200,000
Battery Upgrades/Centralization.....	\$ 500,000

Sub Total..... \$ 2,900,000

Grand Total \$ 4,995,360

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this engineering and geological study is to determine the feasibility of conducting secondary recovery waterflood operations in the Queen sand in the Quail Field; and whether these waterflood operations can recover additional reserves in sufficient quantities to be economically successful.

The Quail Field is located approximately 25 miles southwest of Hobbs, New Mexico in Lea County as shown in Attachment No. 1. The field was discovered in 1967 by Atlantic Richfield's State BG Well No. 1. After drilling to a total depth of 10,350' and finding the targeted Bone Springs non-commercial, the well was plugged back to the Queen, at 5,126'-5,336', and a completion was made in May, 1967.

The Queen sands that are continuous throughout the field and the most consistently productive have been sub-divided into two distinct zones, B and C. These two Queen sands will be the focus of this study. The "C" sand has the most prolific pore volume and areal extent of the two intervals. Several wells were cored with a maximum permeability range of 20-40 md and maximum porosity range of 20-23%. Logs from eighteen of the twenty wells were analyzed by NuTech Energy Alliance. PVT data was determined based on petroleum engineering correlations and not actual reservoir samples due to the lack of early time fluid samples and the existing advanced state of reservoir depletion. The reservoir is solution gas drive based on production performance. The estimated original reservoir pressure was 1,848 psi and engineering correlations indicate a bubble point pressure of 1,255 psi. Estimated current reservoir pressure is between 400 and 500 psi based on recent testing in Atlantic Richfield No. 1 during 2006.

The proposed 840 acre unit is made up of 9 tracts in Sections 11, 13 and 14 in Township 19 South and Range 34 East. Participation in the unit by working interest and royalty owners is determined by prorating each tract's contribution to the unit in four categories including: useable wellbores, average rate of production, ultimate primary recovery and reservoir pore volume.

There are twelve current producers, three temporarily abandoned wells and three plugged and abandoned wells in the field. The field has been developed on forty acre spacing. Current

production is 23 Bopd, 0 Mcfpd and 56 Bwpd. Cumulative production from the Queen is 799,248 BO, 524,385 MCF and 1,590,829 BW. Remaining primary PDP reserves are 78.7 MSTBO. Current watercut is 70 percent.

Information upon which this study and the estimates are based was obtained from Chesapeake, third parties and public records and is assumed to be correct. The study was conducted utilizing methods and procedures regularly used by petroleum engineers to estimate oil and gas reserves for properties of this type and character. However, future performance is dependent on many variables and often unpredictable factors. For this reason, Chesapeake cannot be held liable for the accuracy or completeness of these estimates.

FIELD DEVELOPMENT

After the discovery by Atlantic Richfield's State BG No. 1 in 1967, development continued for several years with the drilling of five additional wells but during the early and mid-seventies development drilling stalled. With the rising oil prices in the late seventies there was a resurgence of drilling when the well count peaked at 15 wells by the early eighties. Since then, primary depletion occurred up until 1997 when disposal of the fields produced water began in the Queen sand that was opened in the Quail State SWD No. 1. The total disposal volume for the field increased to approximately 100 bwpd by the year 2000 and continued at this rate through 2003. Oil response was observed in several of the offsets to the SWD during 2000-2003. The disposal was decreased and sporadic from 2004 until 2005 when casing problems occurred and the disposal well was temporarily abandoned. The current field map is included as Attachment No. 2 with well names and locations. Oil production is currently 23 bopd from twelve wells declining at an exponential yearly rate of approximately 5 percent. The field production plot as well as the individual well production plots, are included in Appendix A.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The Quail Queen Field, covering approximately 800 acres, is situated locally in western central Lea County, New Mexico and regionally near the Northwest Shelf shelf margin of the Delaware Basin. The field consists of several thin north-northwest to south-southeast trending sandstones that pinch out to the east and west. The Queen Formation is Middle Guadalupian (Permian) in age overlain by the Seven Rivers and underlain by the Grayburg, both of which produce on the Northwest Shelf. During Guadalupian time, the Northwest Shelf was dominated by mixed shallow-water carbonate and siliciclastic sedimentation on a broad low-relief ramp.

DETAILED GEOLOGY

The Queen Formation was deposited on the Northwest Shelf in a backreef, shallow, evaporitic, marginal marine environment behind the Goat Seep shelf-edge complex. In general these deposits are composed of interfingering siliciclastics, carbonates, and evaporates (sandstone, dolomite, sandy and anhydritic dolomite, and shale). The Queen pay is described as a medium to fine-grained, subangular to subrounded friable sandstone with slight dolomite cement, silt, and occasional large round frosted quartz grains. Queen pay can get up to 10 feet thick with porosities ranging from 8-22%.

PRIMARY PERFORMANCE AND RESERVES

The current state of primary depletion is approximately 91 percent in this field and the average well produces a little less than 2 BOPD. The remaining primary reserves of approximately 79 MBO will predominantly come from three wells, the Quail State 2, State BG 2 and 3. The remaining nine active producers are at or near their ultimate primary performance capacity. Unless it is determined to waterflood this field soon, then the economic viability of this field will end. Attachment No. 3 is a structure map with the ultimate oil and gas recoveries along with the cumulative water production posted for each well. Ultimate recoveries were determined by decline curve analysis on each producing well. Production is more controlled by stratigraphy than structure as illustrated by the structure map. The structure dips from north to south at a rate of approximately 100 feet per mile. The best ultimate well in the field, the Atlantic Richfield No. 1 is one of the lowest structurally but is near the thickest part of the Queen sand. The average ultimate oil produced per well is approximately 44 MBO.

As mentioned earlier, the Queen sand has been subdivided into the Queen B and Queen C sands which are consistently present throughout the proposed unit area. Attachment 4 is a cross section with every well log in the field showing the Queen B & C which is the targeted common source of supply. This cross section also contains the perforated intervals for each well. Net isopach maps with over 14 percent density porosity over the Queen B and Queen C are included as Attachments 5 and 6. These maps were used to calculate the reservoir pore volume. Also shown is the proposed waterflood unit boundary. Average porosity and water saturations for the Queen B and Queen C were determined based on the Nu-Tech log analysis. Cross plots of porosity versus water saturation are included as Attachment Nos. 7 and 8. Volumetric original oil in place (OOIP) for the Queen B and Queen C sands has been calculated and is included in Appendix B. The OOIP for the Queen B is 988,800 STB and for the Queen C is 3,478,673 STB. The combined OOIP is 4,467,473 STB. Seventy-eight percent of the OOIP is in the Queen C sand.

Based on an investigation of all the pertinent data including well files, well logs and well histories, all of the current wells in the field have been perforated and adequately stimulated in the Queen B and Queen C sand intervals. Hence there are no remaining behind pipe or non-producing reserves in this field in the targeted waterflood sand intervals. The remaining secondary reserve potential and how best to recover it will be the focus as the study continues.

SECONDARY RESERVE ANALYSIS

Based on the historical performance, the Quail Queen Field is a solution gas drive reservoir. Primary recovery will be approximately 19 percent of the OOIP leaving 81 percent of the OOIP in play. The approach to water flood recovery potential in the Quail Queen Field includes the analysis of an actual case example, within the field, of sustained low volume disposal of produced water into the producing Queen zones of interest in the Quail State SWD #1. Also a nearby Queen waterflood analogy, the West Pearl Queen Unit, that was unitized and flooded beginning in 1964 will be evaluated. And lastly, a calculation of secondary performance utilizing generic relative permeability data, since this type core data is not available from any of the field wells, will be examined.

The Queen has been successfully flooded for years in the Permian Basin and, as mentioned, there is

a nearby analogy in the West Pearl Queen Unit approximately 2.5 to 3 miles to the southeast. In addition, the floodability of the Queen in the Quail field was demonstrated during the late nineties and early 2000's, when the Quail State No. 1 was converted to salt water disposal in the field's producing interval. Approximately 207,000 barrels of produced water, according to IHS records, was disposed of from 1997 to 2004 and oil increases as well as drastic GOR decreases were observed in several of the offset producing wells. Attachment No. 9 is a montage of the production plots for the four producers in the proposed eighty acre five spot pattern in this area. The field production curve as well as the individual plots on the State BG 3, Quail State 2, 3Y, 4 and 6 in Appendix B show clear evidence of moderate secondary response during the time of disposal into Quail State SWD #1. Approximately 22 percent, of the reservoir pore volume for this eighty acre five-spot pattern was injected into the center SWD well over a seven year period. During this time it is estimated that approximately 11,400 barrels of secondary oil was produced from five offset wells. The resulting positive response in five of the six direct producing offsets is an encouraging result that provides strong support to the waterflood program planned for this area. A waterflood analysis of the eighty acre five-spot pattern centered around the Quail State SWD #1 is included as Attachment No. 10. The disposal of produced water in the Quail State SWD #1 and subsequent results provide, in effect, a successful eighty acre five spot waterflood pilot for the field. Hence, there is a strong case for the secondary waterflood reserves developed for the proposed Quail Queen Unit (QQU) as being proven undeveloped when the unit order is received from the NMOCD.

The West Pearl Queen Unit (WPQU) was unitized in the summer of 1964. The proposed unitized interval in Quail Queen is correlative to the unitized interval in the WPQU and the reservoir parameters are similar. However, the upper part of the Queen is productive in West Pearl whereas it is wet or tight in the Quail area. The WPQU is located approximately 3 miles to the southeast of the Quail Field as shown in Attachment No. 11. It is approximately three times the size, at 2,520 acres, of the proposed Quail Queen Unit. The ultimate primary recovery in the WPQU was 2,686,000 STB which was 80 percent depleted upon unitization. In the 49 years since discovery, the WPQU has produced over 5 million barrels of oil. The secondary to primary (S:P) ratio is 0.88. The WPQU was developed on 40 acre spacing and the waterflood pattern for the WPQU was eighty acre five-spots which is also the proposed pattern for the QQU. If the QQU has a similar S:P ratio as the WPQU then the secondary reserves will be 763 MBO. Attachment No. 12 is a comparison of the proposed QQU to the analogous WPQU.

The last method used to estimate secondary recovery in the QQU is to calculate the recovery based on relative permeability data compiled by the 1984 National Petroleum Council. There is not any relative permeability data obtained from any of the core retrieved in the Quail Field area. Therefore it is necessary to use the default relative permeability relationships and parameters similar to those presented by Molina on page 2-23 to 2-24 of Smith & Cobb's "Waterflooding" text. These default relationships and parameters are based on the 1984 National Petroleum Council's Technical Committee recommendations. The waterflood calculations are presented in detail in Appendix No. C. The relative permeability curve, Attachment No. 13, was used to create the fractional flow curve which is shown in Attachment No. 14.

The volumetric sweep efficiency is a function of the mobility ratio and the permeability variation. The mobility ratio is 0.57 which is very favorable. The permeability variation, based on several of the cores taken in the Quail Field, is 0.828 and its calculation is shown in Attachment No. 15. The mobility ratio and permeability variation indicates a secondary recovery of 15.6 percent. The waterflood recovery is estimated to be 697,156 STB yielding a S:P ratio of 0.805 which is in reasonable agreement to the analogous WPQU S:P ratio of 0.88.

The injection rate per well, based on analogy, will be 200 – 300 BPD with initial injection pressures in the 1,500 to 2,000 psi range. As fillup is approached the injection pressures will increase so the injection system should be designed for 3,000 psi. Fillup volume is 1,423,862 BBLS with a current gas saturation of 14%. If an average injection rate of 200 BPD per injection well can be maintained then fillup will occur in less than three years.

UNIT PARTICIPATION

Attachment No. 16 is a tract map with the proposed 840 acre unit area shown. Noticeably missing from the proposed unit area is the 120 acre tract in the southeast quarter of Section 14. This 120 acre tract is a Federal tract that is unleased and cannot be nominated due to an ongoing sand dune lizard study scheduled for completion by 2009. Once this study is completed and if the results allow for the leasing of this tract, Chesapeake will make every effort to include this tract in the unit. Section 4 in the Unit Agreement stipulates the method for expansion of the unit and any future expansion of this unit will follow these guidelines.

There are nine tracts included in the unit with 100 percent of the minerals owned by the state of New Mexico. Participation in the unit by working interest and royalty owners is determined by prorating each tract's contribution to the unit in four categories including: useable wellbores, average rate of production, ultimate primary recovery and reservoir pore volume. The proposed weight factor for each category is as follows:

Useable Wellbores	40%
Average Monthly Rate (April - June, 2007).....	40%
Ultimate Primary Recovery as of July 1, 2007	10%
Reservoir Pore Volume.....	10%

The tract participation factors (TPF) for each of the nine tracts are shown in Attachment No. 17. A list of the working interest owners with their proposed unit participation, based on these tract participation factors, is shown in Attachment No. 18.

WATER SUPPLY

The maximum daily volume of injection water required is approximately 300 BPD for each of the six injection wells or 1,800 BPD. Two different sources of water have been determined. The first and most economical will come from the Chesapeake 100 % operated Hornet State No. 1 located approximately one mile to the northwest in section 3 of T-19S R-34E. This well, drilled in 2003 to a depth of 13,796 feet, is awaiting a recompletion to the 3rd Bone Spring(BS), 10,559-69 feet. It is currently shut-in after making an original completion in the Wolfcamp in early 2004. The 3rd BS is a 44 feet thick dolomitic zone with about ten feet on top of water. The water will be tested for compatibility with the Queen and an idea of what the water producing capacity of this dolomite is, will be determined. If compatible, the rest of the zone will be perforated upon such time as the water is needed for injection in the QQU. Hopefully, this zone will provide the needed water for the unit. However, if it proves to lack the ability to produce the volumes required, then the second source of supply will be pursued. The West/East and South Pearl Queen Units, 2 to 3 miles to the southeast are all operated by Xeric Oil and Gas Corporation. Chesapeake has contacted Xeric and

they are agreeable to provide additional water as needed up to the 2,100 BPD needed. This option will cost more than the Hornet State option due to having to install a longer distance pipeline and involves a major road crossing.

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The capital expenditures listed below are estimates by the Enhanced Oil Recovery Group based on industry experience and knowledge of the current market. The actual costs may be different depending on the market conditions at the time of expenditure. The operations group is currently reviewing these costs for accuracy. The capital costs are based on a two phase implementation process over 1.5 to 2 years. Due to the current state of useable wellbores in the proposed unit area no additional drill wells are proposed to be drilled in Phase one. Six producers will be converted to injection in Phase I. Attachments 19 and 20 are maps that show the proposed development plans, Phase I & II, respectively. Restoring the casing integrity of the Quail State SWD 1 in Phase I and the cost to install injection facilities and production facility upgrades are included for both phases. A two mile pipeline from the Hornet State No. 1 facility to the centralized QQU battery is included for delivery of 1,800 to 2,500 BWPd source water. Other costs in Phase II include drill cost for two wells and re-entry of the Mobil #1 as an injector

Initial Phase (Phase I) Capital Requirement:

Convert six wells to injection (\$100k, each)-----	\$ 600,000
Re-Enter and Restore Csg Integrity, Quail State SWD 1 -----	\$ 125,000
Injection Lines 10,030 feet x \$12/ft -----	\$ 120,360
Water Supply, Hornet St 1 Workover/Pipeline -----	\$ 250,000
Battery Upgrades/Centralization-----	\$ 500,000
Injection Facility -----	\$ 500,000

Sub-Total ----- \$ 2,095,360

Second Phase (Phase II) Capital Requirement:

Drill 1 Injector (\$1MM) & One Producer(\$1.2MM) -----	\$ 2,200,000
Re-Enter Mobil 1 as injection well -----	\$ 200,000
Battery Upgrades/Centralization-----	\$ 500,000

Sub Total----- \$ 2,900,000

Grand Total ----- \$ 4,995,360

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

The project evaluation has been based on future net cash flow, defined as that amount of future net income estimated to accrue to the 100% working interest and 79% net revenue interest by operating the project to the estimated limit of profitability.

The product prices, operating costs and capital requirements were estimated by Chesapeake Energy

Corporation. An initial oil price of \$70 per barrel was held constant throughout the life of the project. Initial operating expenses started at current levels and were escalated in proportion to the escalating fluid volumes. Severance taxes appropriate for the state of New Mexico were applied to the oil and gas revenue. No provision was made for depreciation, depletion or State and Federal income taxes. No consideration was given to possible surplus and/or salvage values or to the cost of properly plugging and abandoning the wells at the conclusion of secondary operations. Attachment No. 21 includes a total unit plot including the estimated secondary performance. Attachment No. 22 are the total project economics including both phase I and phase II to the 100 percent unit working interest.

Economic data and parameters associated with the secondary operations are:

Revenue and Expense Forecast

Gross revenue less severance/ad valorem tax -----	\$36,321,230
Operating expense -----	<u>\$ 4,255,307</u>
Net operating income -----	\$32,065,923

Present Worth

Discounted at 10% -----	\$9,094,7480
Discounted at 25% -----	\$2,878,1220

Rate of Return ----- 78.09%

Discounted Return on Investment ----- 3.28

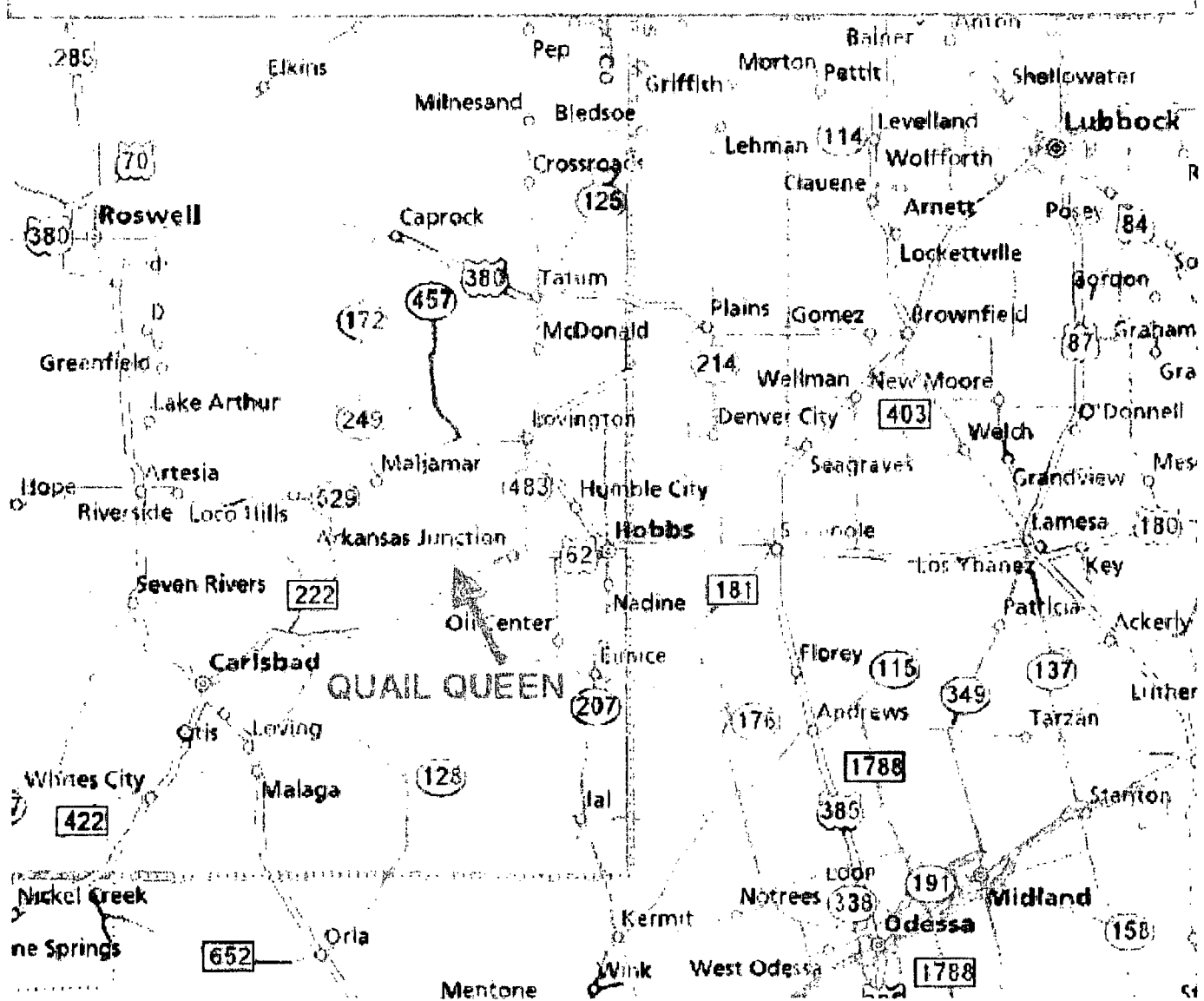
CONCLUSIONS

1. The field is a strong flood candidate
2. Waste will occur and up to 763 MBO in secondary reserves will be lost, if not flooded.
3. The fields primary reserves are 91 percent depleted.
4. There has been a case example in the field of response to water injection.
5. There is strong economic incentive to flood the field now.

RECOMMENDATIONS

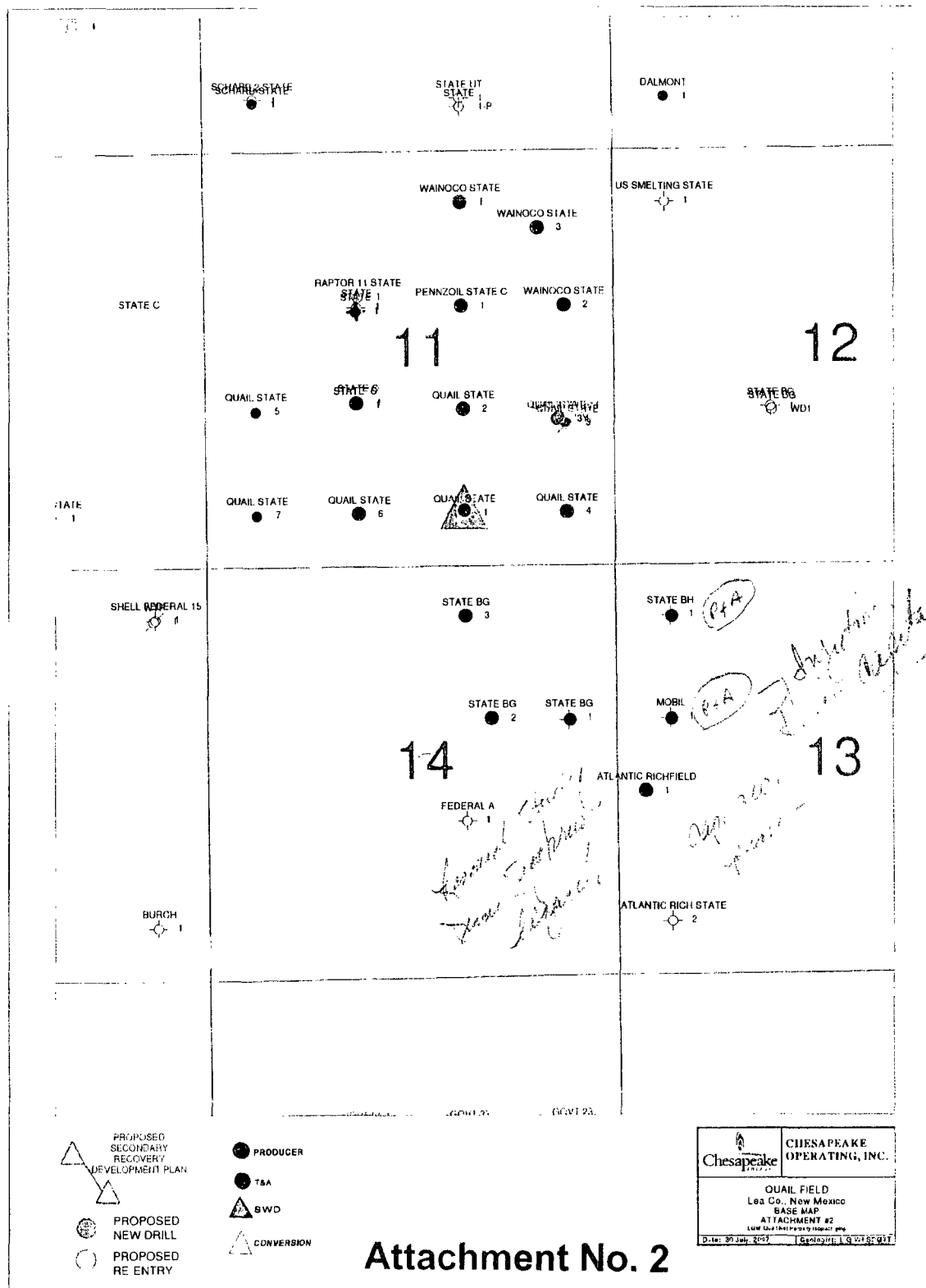
1. Form a unit as soon as possible.
2. Implement Phase I of the flood plan.
3. Observe and analyze the initial flood behavior
4. Perform additional drilling and conversions as needed.

QUAIL QUEEN LOCATOR MAP

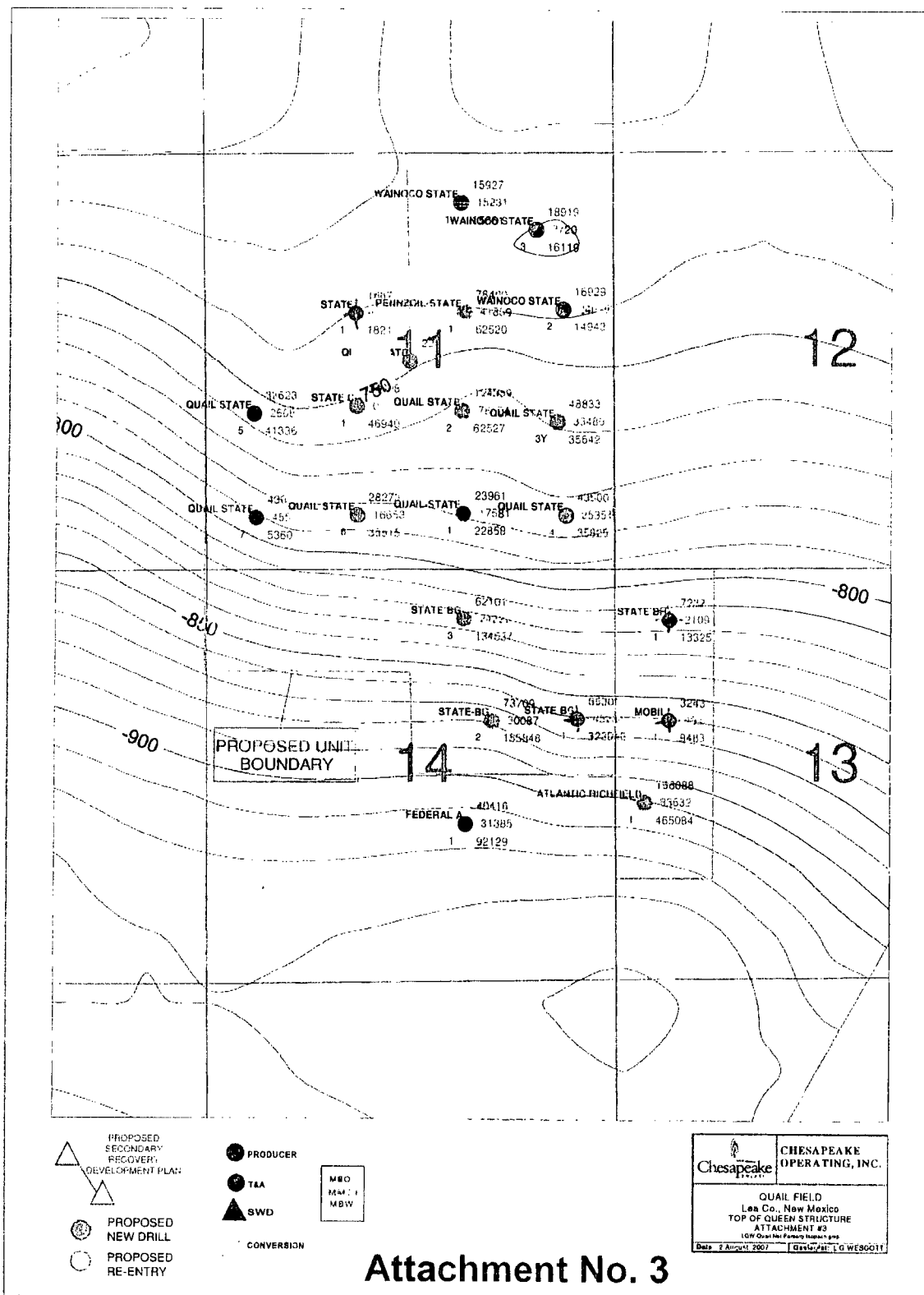


ATTACHMENT #1

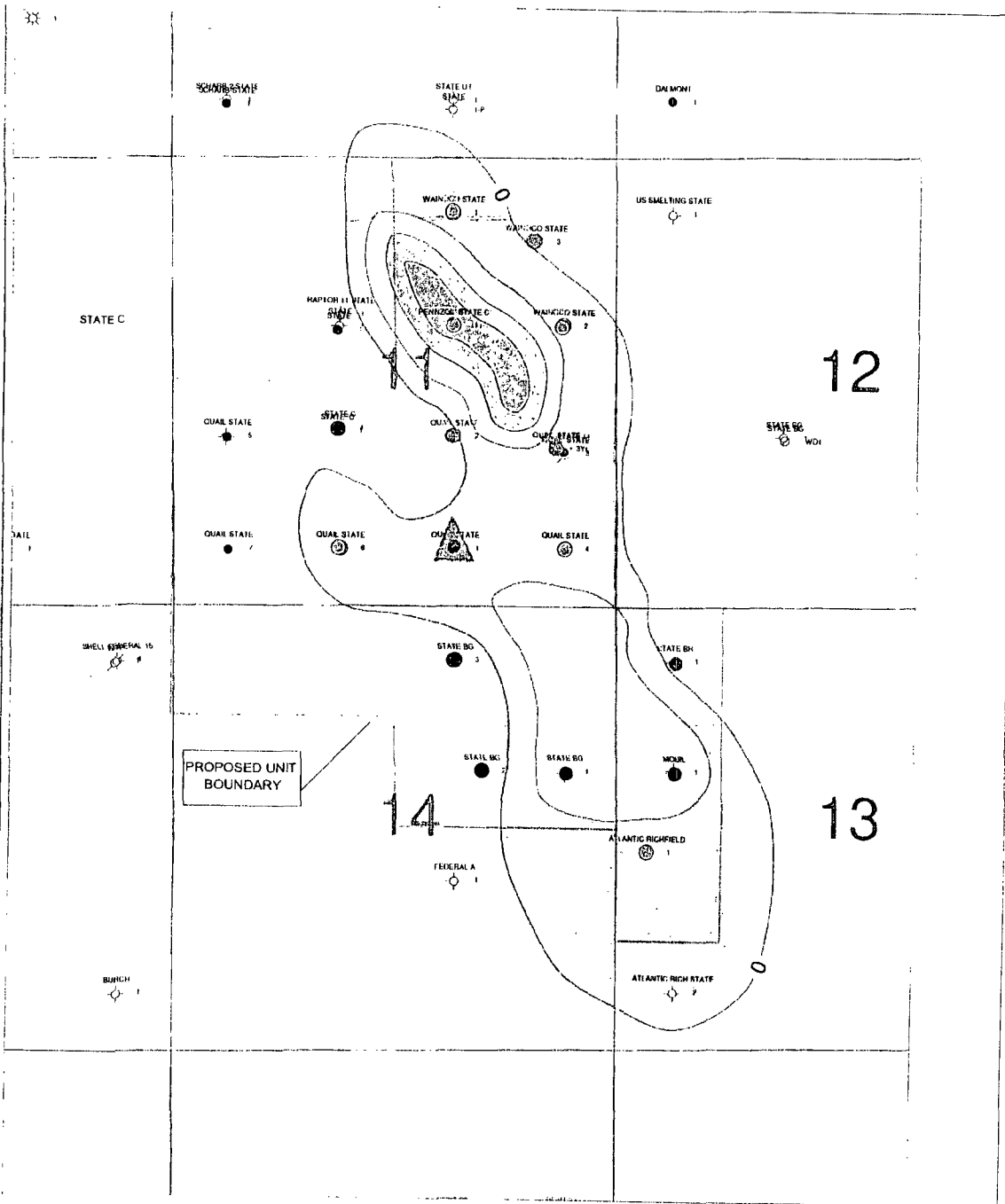
Attachment No. 1



Attachment No. 2



Attachment No. 3



PROPOSED UNIT
BOUNDARY

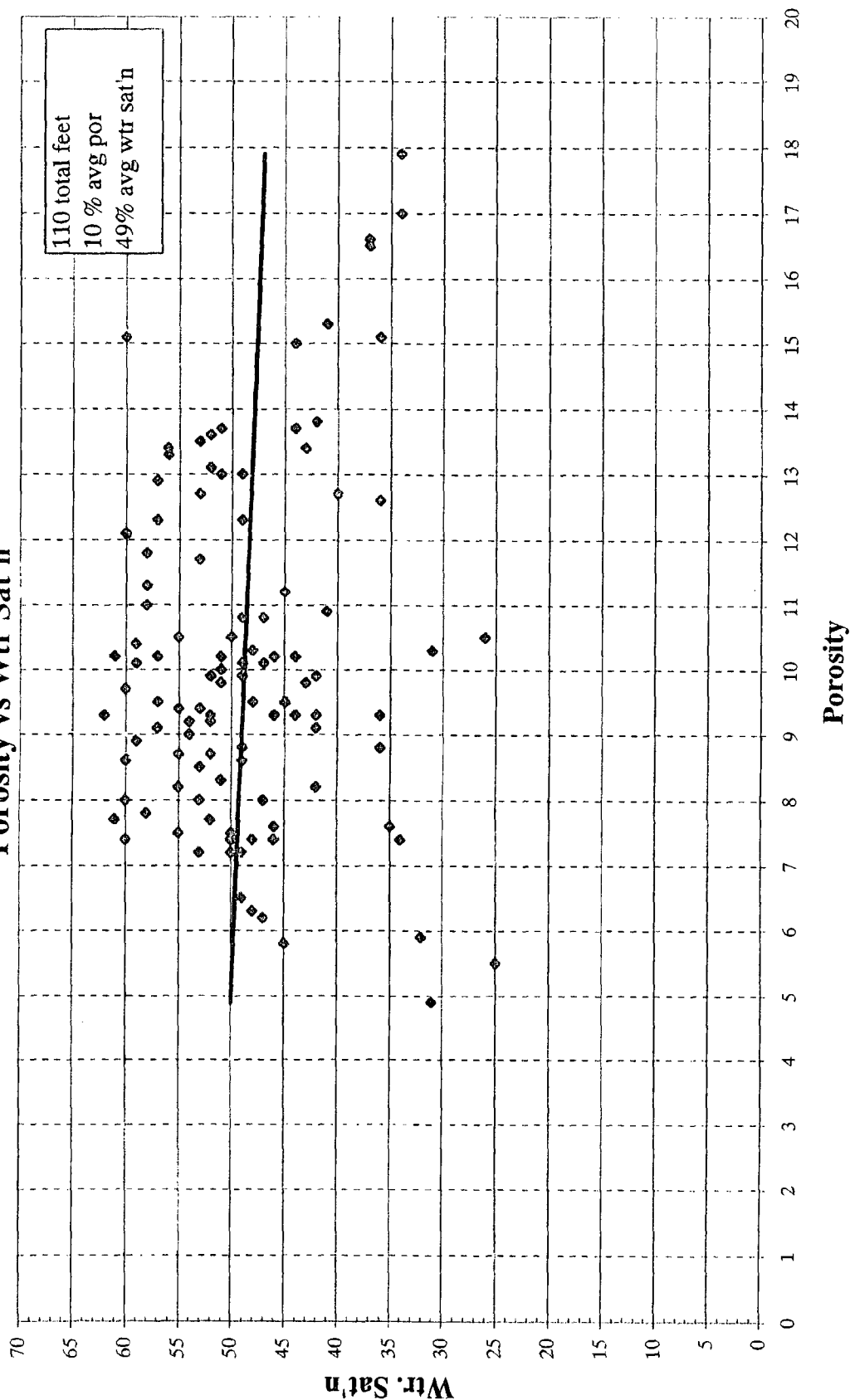
- PROPOSED
SECONDARY
RECOVERY
DEVELOPMENT PLAN
- PROPOSED
NEW DRILL
- PROPOSED
RE-ENTRY

- PRODUCER
- T&A
- CONVERSION
- SWD

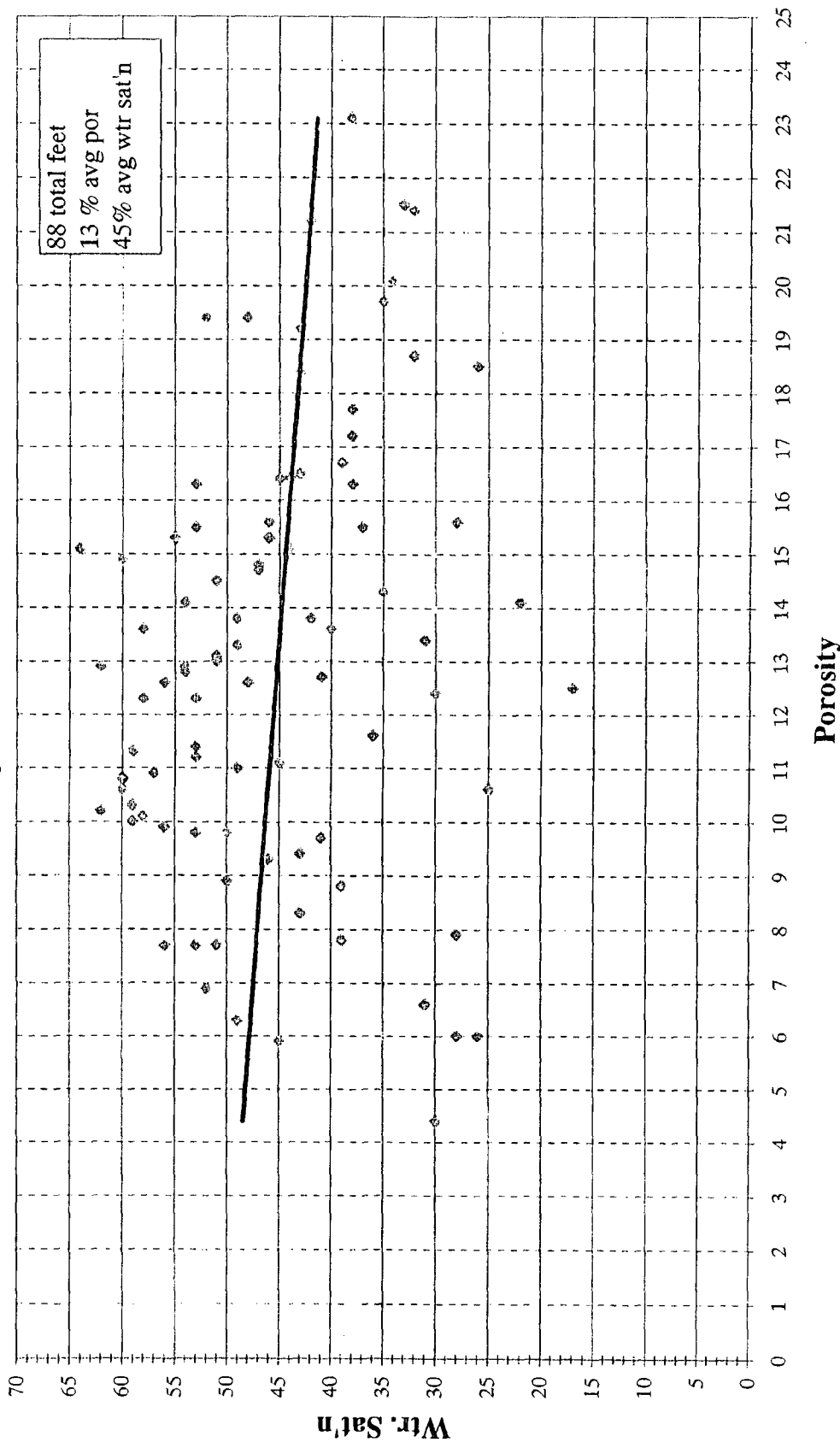
Attachment No. 5

	CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
	QUAIL FIELD Lea Co., New Mexico OIL & GAS PROPERTIES, INC. C/O - ATLANTIC RICHFIELD 1000 LAMAR STREET, SUITE 1000 DALLAS, TEXAS 75201-1000

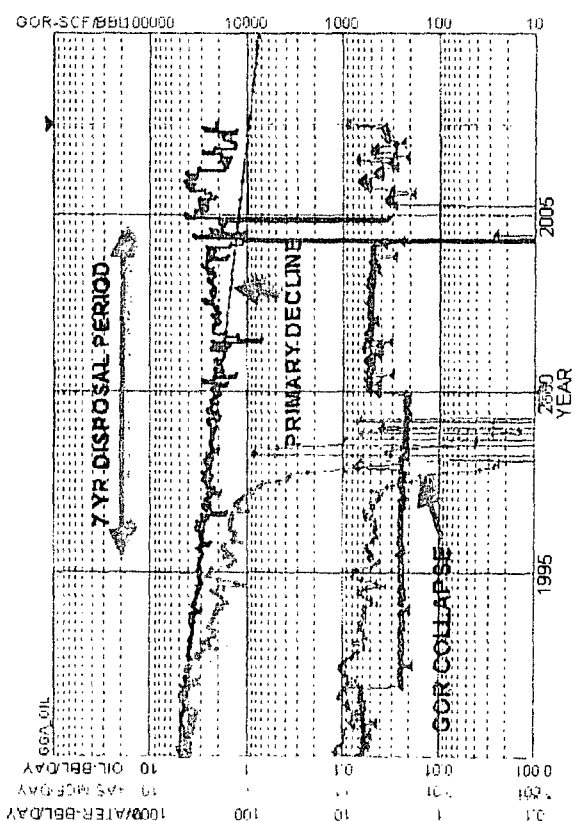
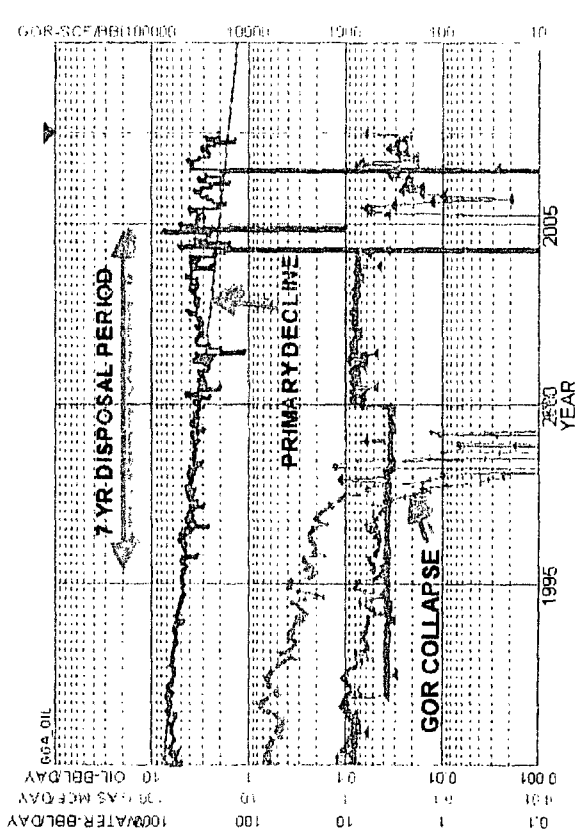
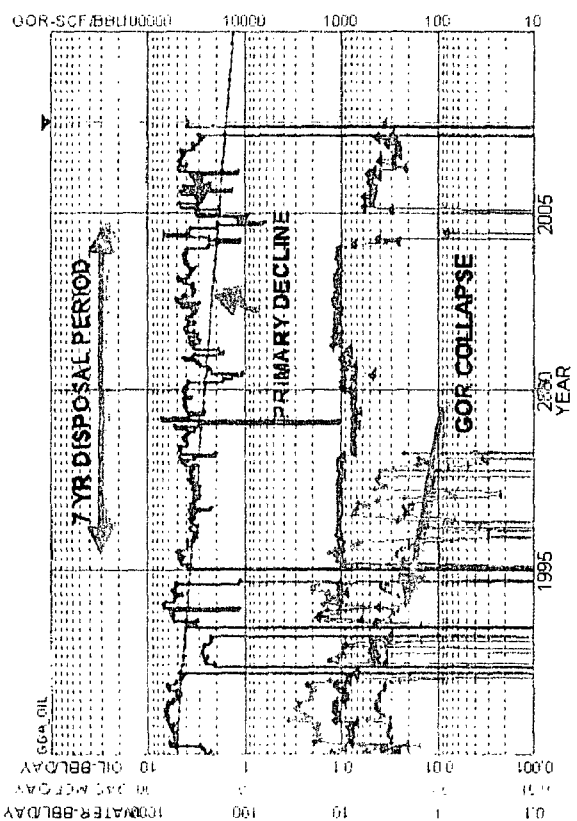
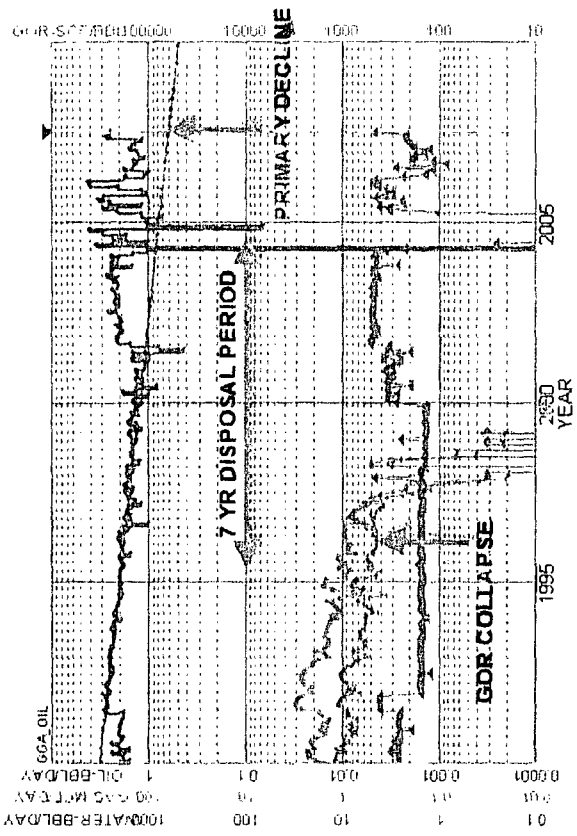
Quail Queen B - Nu-Tech
Porosity vs Wtr Sat'n



Quail Queen C - Nu-Tech Porosity vs Wtr Sat'n



4 WELL MONTAGE CENTERED AROUND QUAIL STATE SWD #1



Attachment No. 9

Quail Queen Waterflood Analysis **of the Eighty Acre Five-Spot Pattern Centered** **Around Quail State #1**

Well	Primary to 7/1/2007			Secondary to 7/1/2007			Total Pattern Oil,BBLS
	Oil,BBLS	Pattern Fraction	Pattern Oil,BBLS	Oil,BBLS	Pattern Fraction	Pattern Oil,BBLS	
Quail State 2	105,378	0.25	26,345	1,764	1.00	1,764	28,109
Quail State 4	37,307	0.25	9,327	2,061	1.00	2,061	11,388
State BG 3	40,894	0.25	10,224	3,227	1.00	3,227	13,451
Quail State 6	23,878	0.25	5,970	2,230	1.00	2,230	8,200
Quail State 1	23,961	1.00	23,961	-	1.00	-	23,961
	231,418		75,825	9,282		9,282	85,107

OOIP reservoir parameters for the 80 acre pattern:

Acres = 80

Avg height = 12.5 feet

Average porosity = 12%

Average water sat'n = 45%

Pore Volume (PV) = $7758 \cdot A \cdot h \cdot \Phi$
 $= 7758 \cdot 80 \cdot 12.5 \cdot 0.12$
 $= 930,960 \text{ BBLS}$

OOIP = $(PV \cdot (1 - S_w)) / \beta_{oi}$
 $= (930,960 \cdot (1 - 0.45)) / 1.15$
 $= 445,242 \text{ STB}$

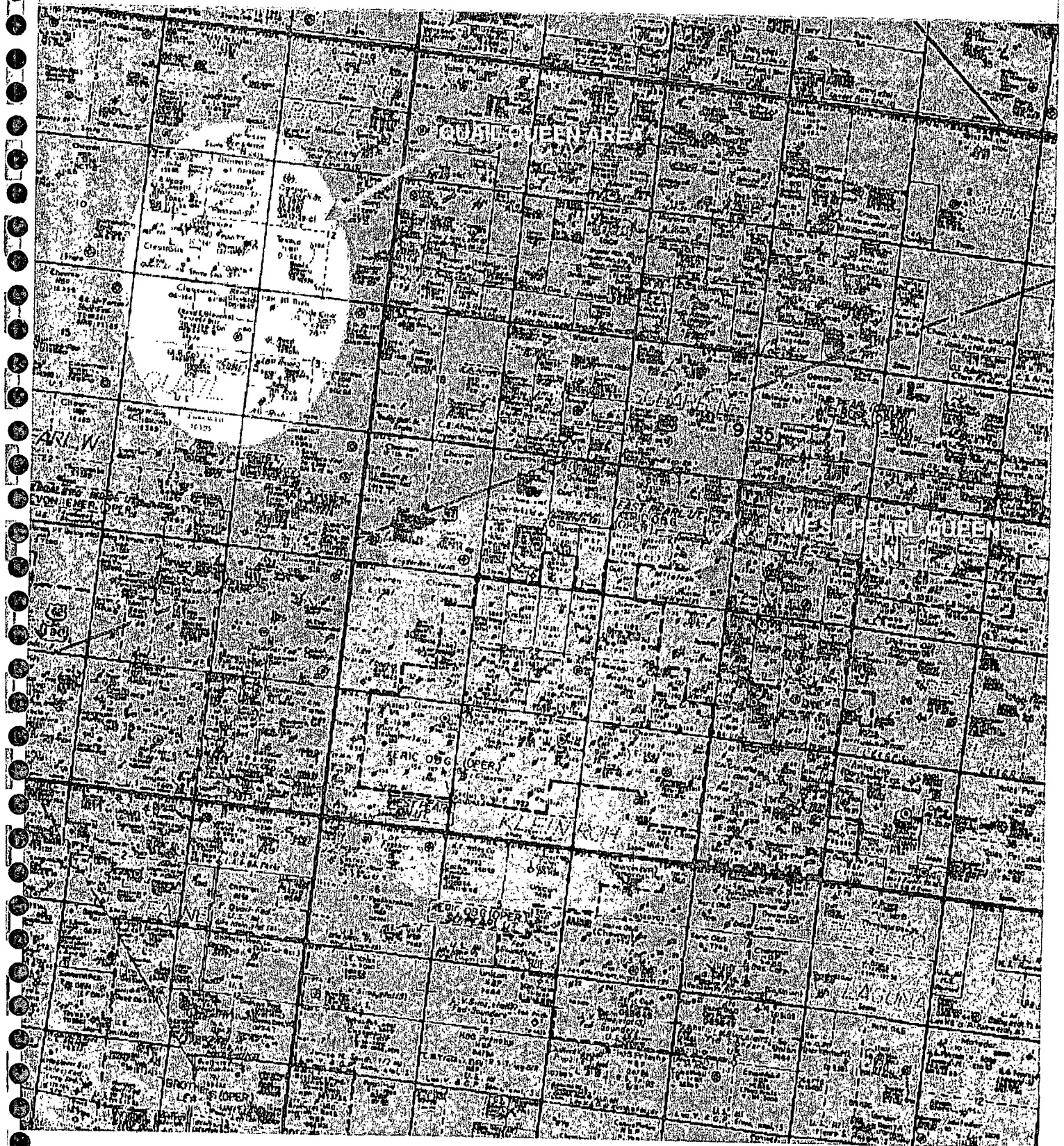
SWD/Injection to Date:

206,908 BBLS water injected over seven years
 0.22 pore volumes injected

As of 7/1/2007:

Primary Recovery Efficiency	17.03 %	
Secondary Recovery Efficiency	2.08 %	with 22% of PV injected
Total	19.11 %	

WEST PEARL QUEEN LOCATOR MAP

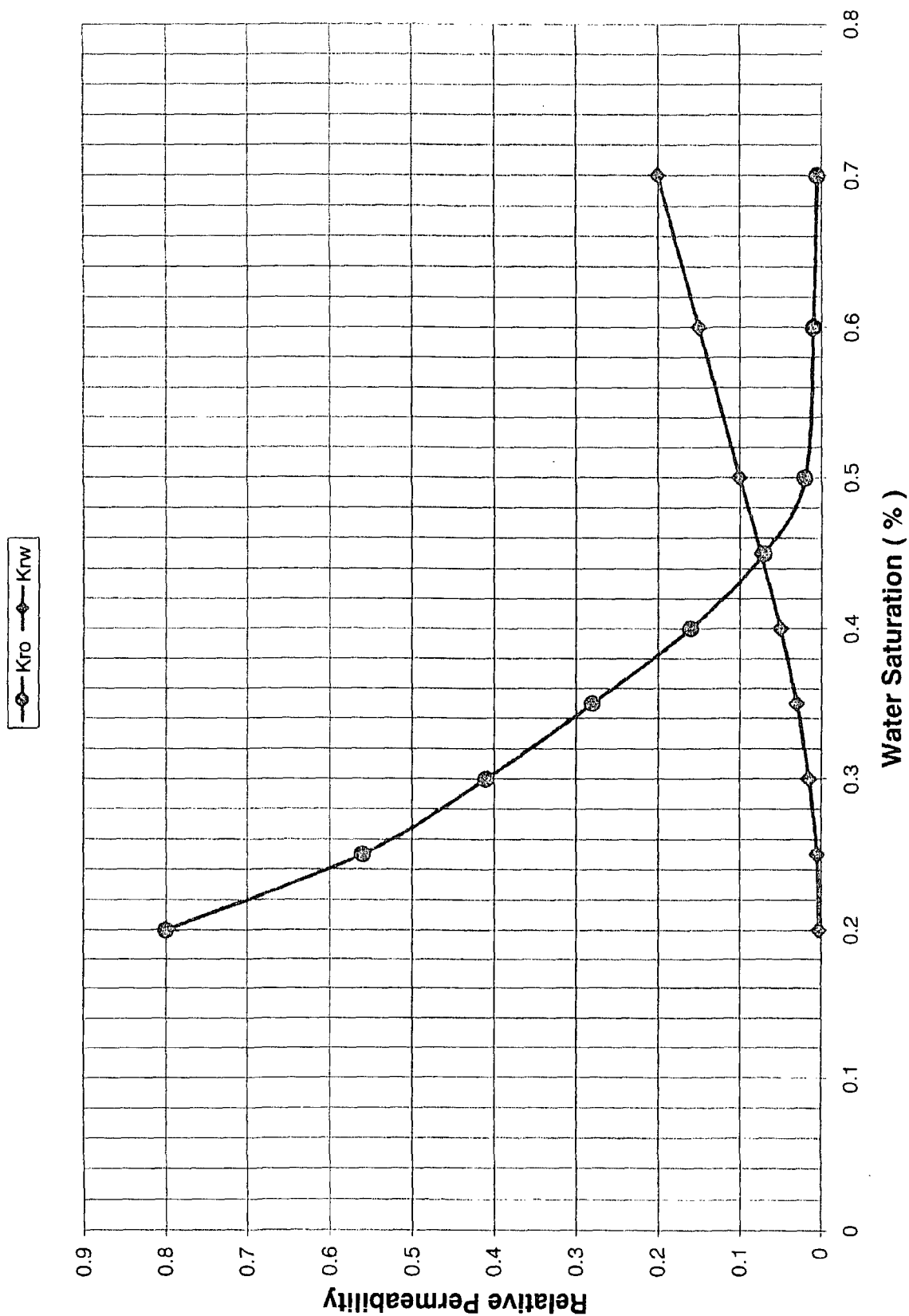


ATTACHMENT #11

QQU vs WPQU Waterflood Analogy

Item of Comparison	Proposed QQU	Existing WPQU
Net Area (acres)	840	2,520
Thickness (feet)	12.5	18
Depth (feet)	5,100	4,900
Line Pressure (psia)	1,848	1,776
Bubble Point (psia)	1,255	1,400
B_{oi}	1.15	1.18
Porosity (%)	13	16.7
Φh	1.625	3.0
Volume (ΦA_{cft})	1,365	7,560
S_w (%)	45	54
OOIP (MBO)	4,467	22,763
Primary (MBO)	867	2,686
% Primary	19.4	11.8
Secondary (MBO)	725	2,374
% Secondary	16	10
Sec: Pri	0.83	0.88
Total (MBO)	1,592	5,060
% Total	0.36	0.22

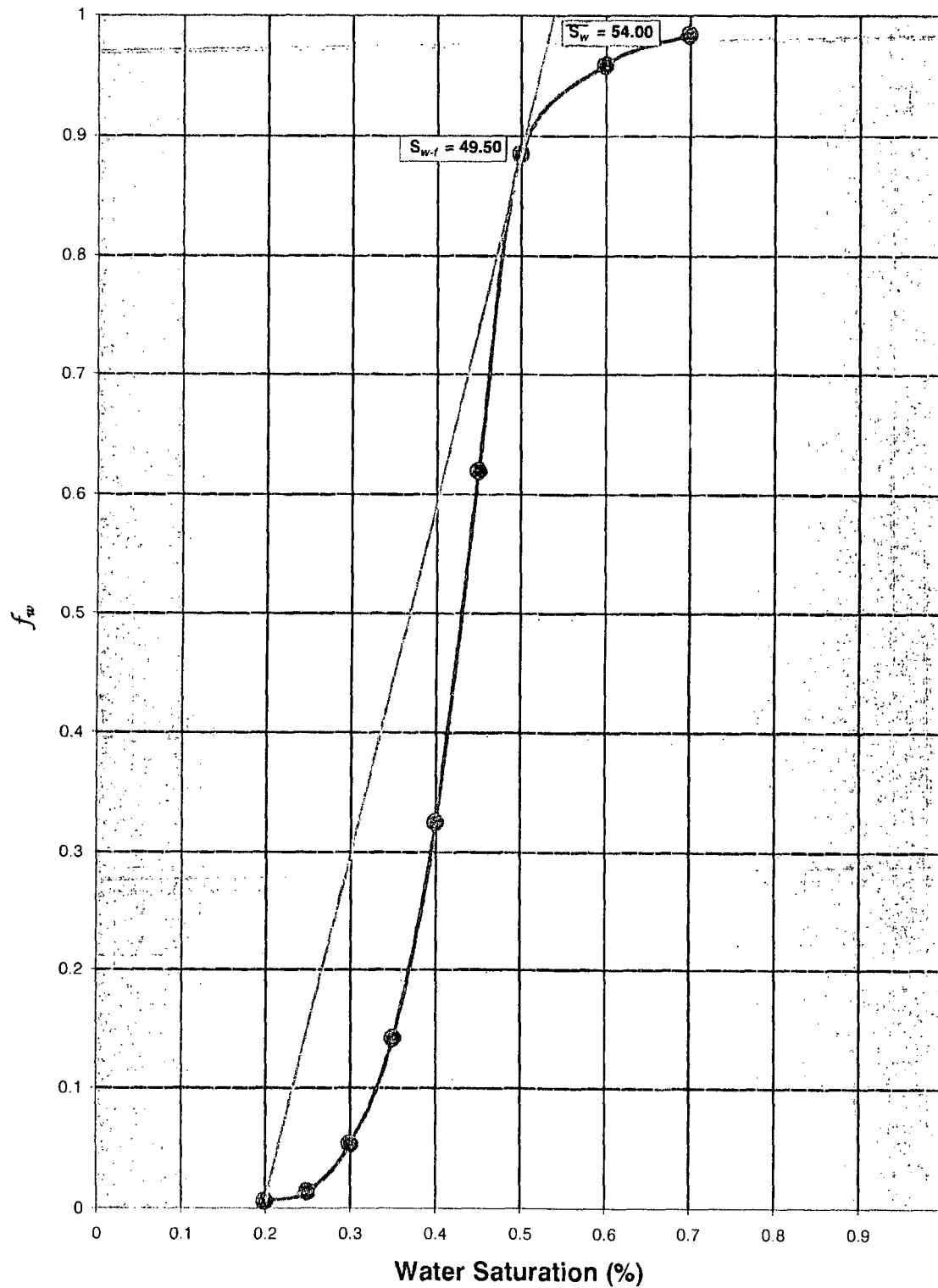
Generic Sandstone Relative Permeability Curves



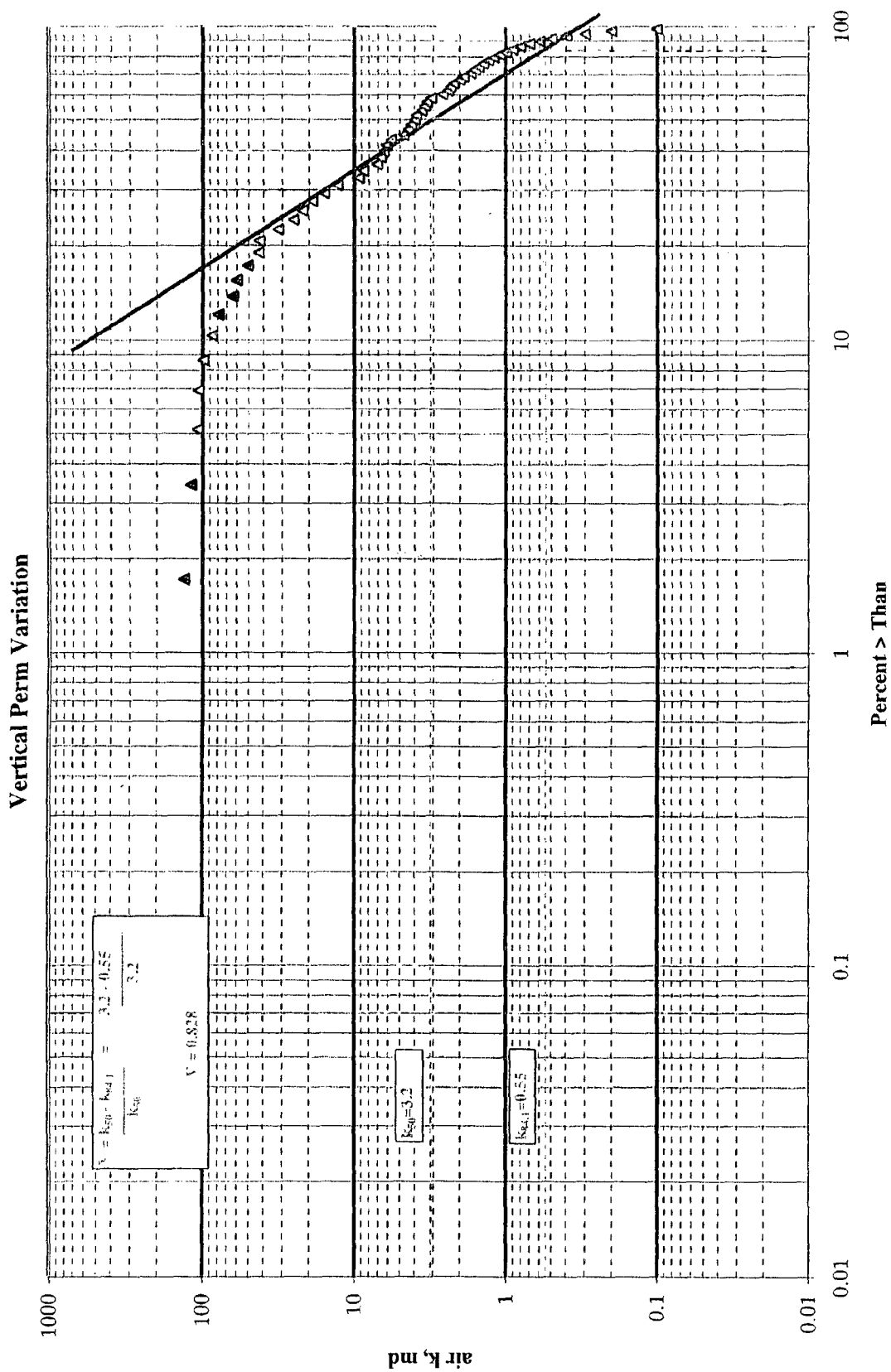
Attachment No. 13

Fractional Flow Curve

Based on Generic Sandstone Relative Permeability Data
Fractional Flow Curve



Quail Queen Field

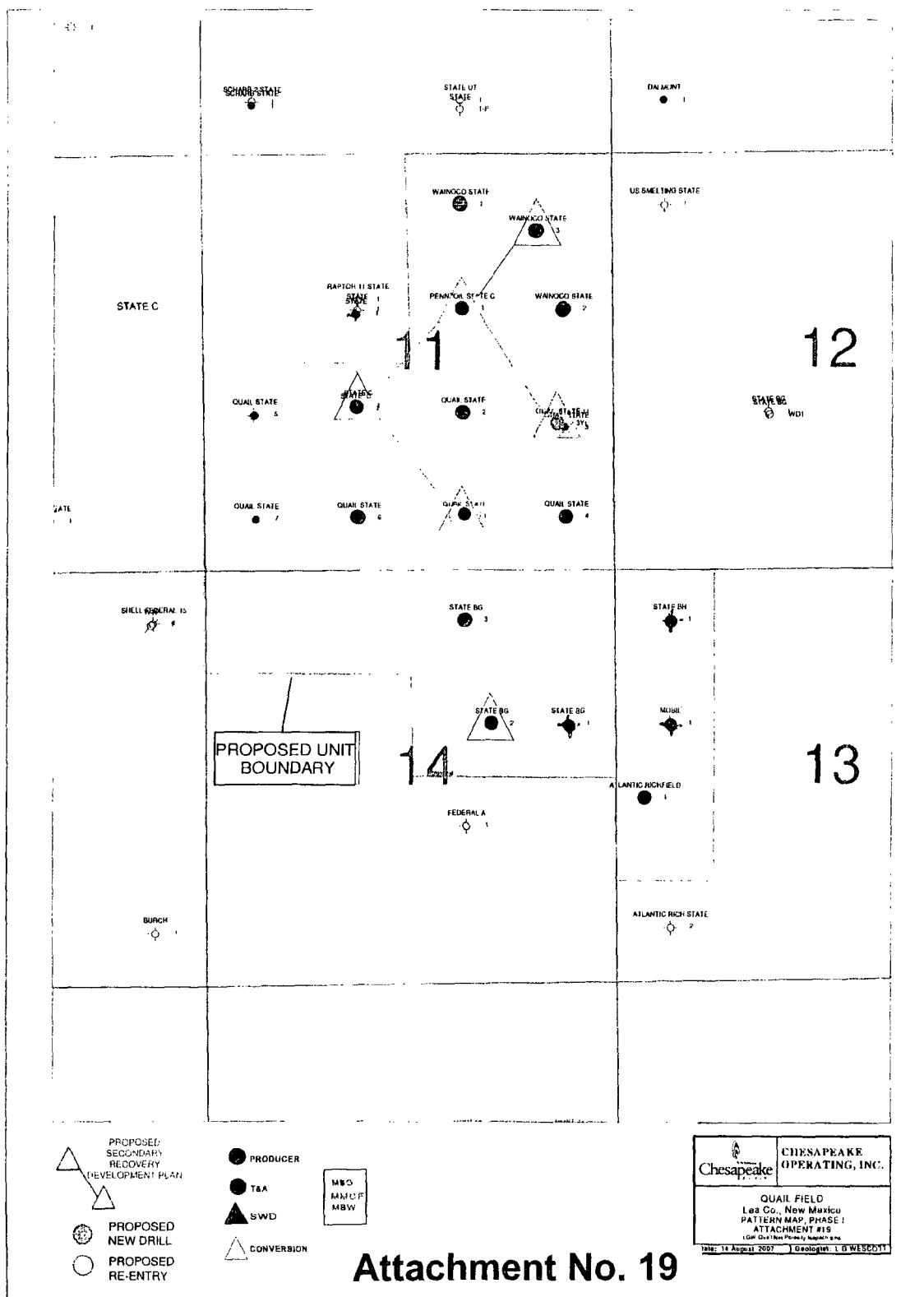


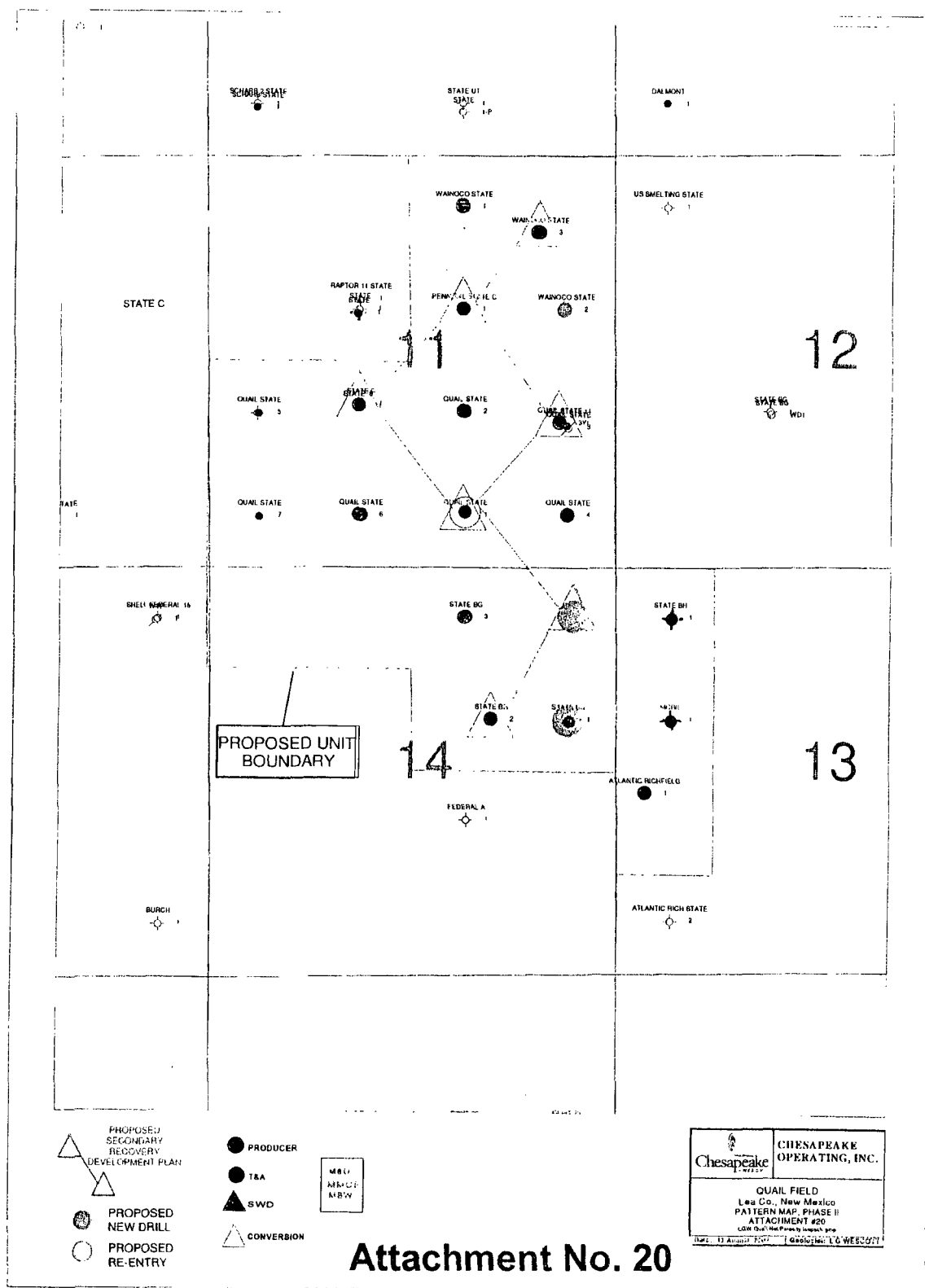
Proposed Quail Queen Unit Tract Participation Factors

Tract No.	Usable Wells No.	Tract %	Well Name	Avg. Rate (BOE/D)			Est. Ultimate Primary Oil				Res Pore Vol, Queen R.C		Tract Participation		Wells
				Well	Tract	Tract %	MBO	MBOE	Tract	Tract %	Ac-Feet	Volume	Tract %	Factor (%)	
1A															0.40000000
1B															0.40000000
2	2	16.67	State BG 2												0.10000000
			State BG 3												0.10000000
3	1	8.33	Atlantic Richfield 1												0.10000000
4															0.10000000
5A	3	25.00	Wainoco St. 1												0.40000000
			Wainoco St. 2												0.40000000
			Wainoco St. 3												0.40000000
5B	1	8.33	Permian SCI												0.40000000
6A	1	8.33	State C 1												0.40000000
6B	4	33.33	Quail St. 2												0.40000000
			Quail St. 3												0.40000000
			Quail St. 4												0.40000000
			Quail St. 6												0.40000000
12	12	100.00													100.00000000

QUAIL QUEEN UNIT
WIO Unit Participation BASED ON TPF'S

Tracts Unit Participation Fraction Working Interest Owner	Total of All Tract's TPF 1.0000	
	UNIT WI	UNIT NRI
Chesapeake Exploration LP	0.88926063	0.70642158
Roy G. & Opal Barton Revocable Trust, Roy G. Barton Jr., aka George Barton Trust	0.00321336	0.00250642
Pintail Production Company, Inc.	0.02570688	0.02005137
New Mexico Western Mineral, Inc.	0.00642672	0.00501284
Read & Stevens, Inc.	0.00671780	0.00524708
Joe M. & Nancy Wigley	0.00022952	0.00017903
MRT Ltd	0.00022952	0.00017903
William D. Bradshaw	0.00022952	0.00017903
CLM Production Company	0.00022952	0.00017903
Patricia L. Pruitt	0.00022952	0.00017903
Laura K. Read	0.00022952	0.00017903
Marion P. Riley	0.00022952	0.00017903
Pride Energy Company	0.01426171	0.01188476
First Century Oil Inc.	0.00365079	0.00285275
Fisco Inc.	0.00365079	0.00285275
Gene A. Snow Operating	0.00182572	0.00142683
All Tex Royalty Ltd	0.04367894	0.03275921
	1.00000000	0.79226879

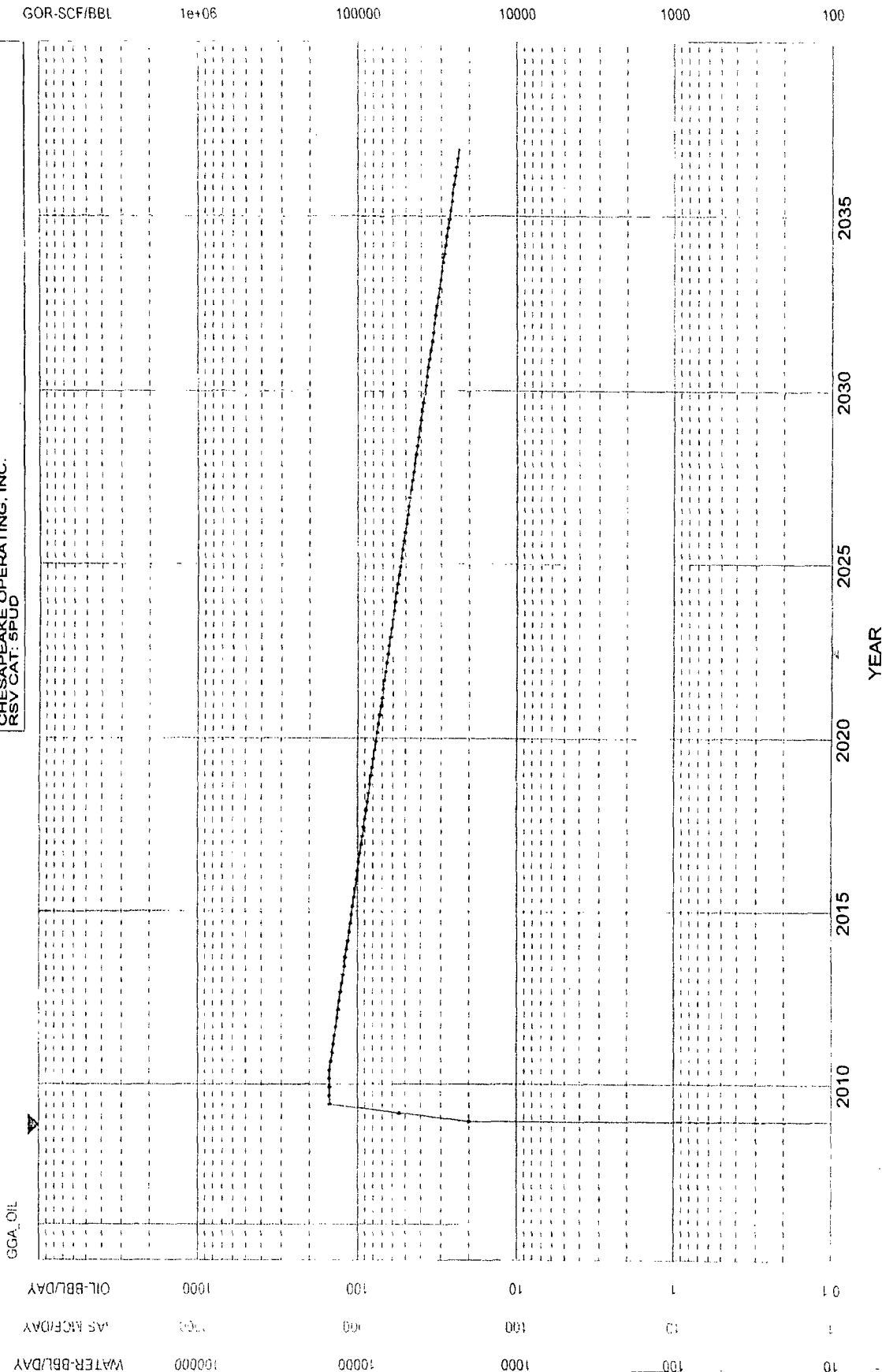




Attachment No. 20

SEQ #:1380 QUAIL QUEEN UNIT WATERFLOOD CASE

QUAIL
LEASING
OPERATING, INC.
RSV CAT: SPUD



OIL-BBL/DAY	GAS-MCF/DAY	WATER-BBL/DAY	GOR-SCF/BBL
Qual= GGA0306	Ref= 11/2008	Ref= 11/2008	Ref= 11/2008
Ref= 11/2008	Cum= 0	Cum= 0	Cum= 0
Cum= 725061			
Rem= 725062			
EUR= 28.164			
Qref= 0.0			
De= 0.000000			
Dmin= 0.000			
b= 0.000000			
Qab= 23.1			

Lease: QUAIL QUEEN UNIT WATERFLO
 Field: QUAIL
 Operator: CHESAPEAKE OPERATING,
 County: LEA State: NM
 Oil Differential: 0.000000 \$/BBL
 Gas Differential: 1.080663 \$/MCF

DATE : 08/14/2007
 TIME : 16:34:58
 DBS : CHK0101
 SETTINGS : CHK0707M
 SCENARIO : GGA0707

RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

AS OF DATE: 07/2007

--END-- MO-YEAR	GROSS OIL PRODUCTION -----MMBLS-----	GROSS GAS PRODUCTION -----MMCF-----	NET OIL PRODUCTION -----MMBLS-----	NET GAS PRODUCTION -----MMCF-----	NET OIL PRICE -----\$/BBL-----	NET GAS PRICE -----\$/MCF-----	NET OIL SALES -----M\$-----	NET GAS SALES -----M\$-----	TOTAL NET SALES -----M\$-----
07-2007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	70.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.002
12-2007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	70.000	0.000	0.008	0.000	0.008
12-2008	0.723	0.000	0.573	0.000	70.000	0.000	40.108	0.000	40.108
12-2009	42.989	0.000	34.056	0.000	70.000	0.000	2383.930	0.000	2383.930
12-2010	54.104	0.000	42.861	0.000	70.000	0.000	3000.277	0.000	3000.277
12-2011	50.745	0.000	40.200	0.000	70.000	0.000	2814.001	0.000	2814.001
12-2012	47.299	0.000	37.470	0.000	70.000	0.000	2622.930	0.000	2622.930
12-2013	44.088	0.000	34.926	0.000	70.000	0.000	2444.833	0.000	2444.833
12-2014	41.094	0.000	32.555	0.000	70.000	0.000	2278.830	0.000	2278.830
12-2015	38.304	0.000	30.344	0.000	70.000	0.000	2124.097	0.000	2124.097
12-2016	35.703	0.000	28.284	0.000	70.000	0.000	1979.871	0.000	1979.871
12-2017	33.279	0.000	26.363	0.000	70.000	0.000	1845.437	0.000	1845.437
12-2018	31.019	0.000	24.573	0.000	70.000	0.000	1720.132	0.000	1720.132
12-2019	28.913	0.000	22.905	0.000	70.000	0.000	1603.335	0.000	1603.335
12-2020	26.950	0.000	21.350	0.000	70.000	0.000	1494.469	0.000	1494.469
S TOT	475.209	0.000	376.461	0.000	70.000	0.000	26352.260	0.000	26352.260
AFTER	249.852	0.000	197.933	0.000	70.000	0.000	13855.293	0.000	13855.293
TOTAL	725.061	0.000	574.394	0.000	70.000	0.000	40207.551	0.000	40207.551

--END-- MO-YEAR	AD VALOREM TAX -----M\$-----	PRODUCTION TAX -----M\$-----	DIRECT OPER EXPENSE -----M\$-----	INTEREST PAID -----M\$-----	CAPITAL REPAYMENT -----M\$-----	EQUITY INVESTMENT -----M\$-----	FUTURE NET CASHFLOW -----M\$-----	CUMULATIVE CASHFLOW -----M\$-----	CUM. DISC. CASHFLOW -----M\$-----
07-2007	0.000	0.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-4.999	-4.999	-4.979
12-2007	0.000	0.001	25.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	-24.993	-29.992	-29.288
12-2008	0.552	3.325	63.616	0.000	0.000	0.000	-27.385	-57.376	-55.471
12-2009	32.795	197.628	274.947	0.000	0.000	2095.360	-216.799	-274.175	-332.955
12-2010	41.273	248.723	450.519	0.000	0.000	2900.000	-640.239	-914.414	-810.559
12-2011	38.711	233.281	553.724	0.000	0.000	0.000	1988.286	1073.872	548.844
12-2012	36.082	217.441	236.496	0.000	0.000	0.000	2132.911	3206.783	1874.447
12-2013	33.632	202.677	220.438	0.000	0.000	0.000	1988.087	5194.870	2997.714
12-2014	31.349	188.915	205.470	0.000	0.000	0.000	1853.096	7047.965	3949.530
12-2015	29.220	176.088	191.519	0.000	0.000	0.000	1727.271	8775.236	4756.064
12-2016	27.236	164.131	178.515	0.000	0.000	0.000	1609.989	10385.225	5439.492
12-2017	25.387	152.987	166.394	0.000	0.000	0.000	1500.670	11885.895	6018.603
12-2018	23.663	142.599	155.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	1398.775	13284.670	6509.321
12-2019	22.056	132.916	144.564	0.000	0.000	0.000	1303.798	14588.468	6925.138
12-2020	20.559	123.891	134.749	0.000	0.000	0.000	1215.270	15803.738	7277.485
S TOT	362.515	2184.602	3006.047	0.000	0.000	4995.360	15803.738	15803.738	7277.485
AFTER	190.600	1148.604	1249.260	0.000	0.000	10.000	11256.827	27060.566	9094.750
TOTAL	553.115	3333.206	4255.307	0.000	0.000	5005.360	27060.564	27060.566	9094.750

	OIL	GAS		P.W. %	P.W., M\$
GROSS WELLS	1.0	0.0	LIFE, YRS.	29.50	5.00
GROSS ULT., MB & MMF	725.062	0.000	DISCOUNT %	10.00	8.00
GROSS CUM., MB & MMF	0.000	0.000	UNDISCOUNTED PAYOUT, YRS.	3.96	10.00
GROSS RES., MB & MMF	725.061	0.000	DISCOUNTED PAYOUT, YRS.	4.10	12.00
NET RES., MB & MMF	574.394	0.000	UNDISCOUNTED NET/INVEST.	6.41	14.00
NET REVENUE, M\$	40207.555	0.000	DISCOUNTED NET/INVEST.	3.28	16.00
INITIAL PRICE, \$	70.000	0.000	RATE-OF-RETURN, PCT.	78.09	25.00
INITIAL N.I., PCT.	79.220	0.000	INITIAL W.I., PCT.	100.000	40.00
				60.00	276.008
				100.00	-154.909

APPENDIX A

**FIELD PRODUCTION PLOT WITH PRIMARY
FORECAST**

**INDIVIDUAL WELL PRODUCTION PLOTS WITH
PRIMARY FORECAST**

**PROPOSED QUAIL QUEEN UNIT
WATERFLOOD FEASIBILITY STUDY**

AUGUST, 2007

WELL COUNT 10000 1000 100 10 1

GOR SCF/BBL 100000 10000 1000 100 10

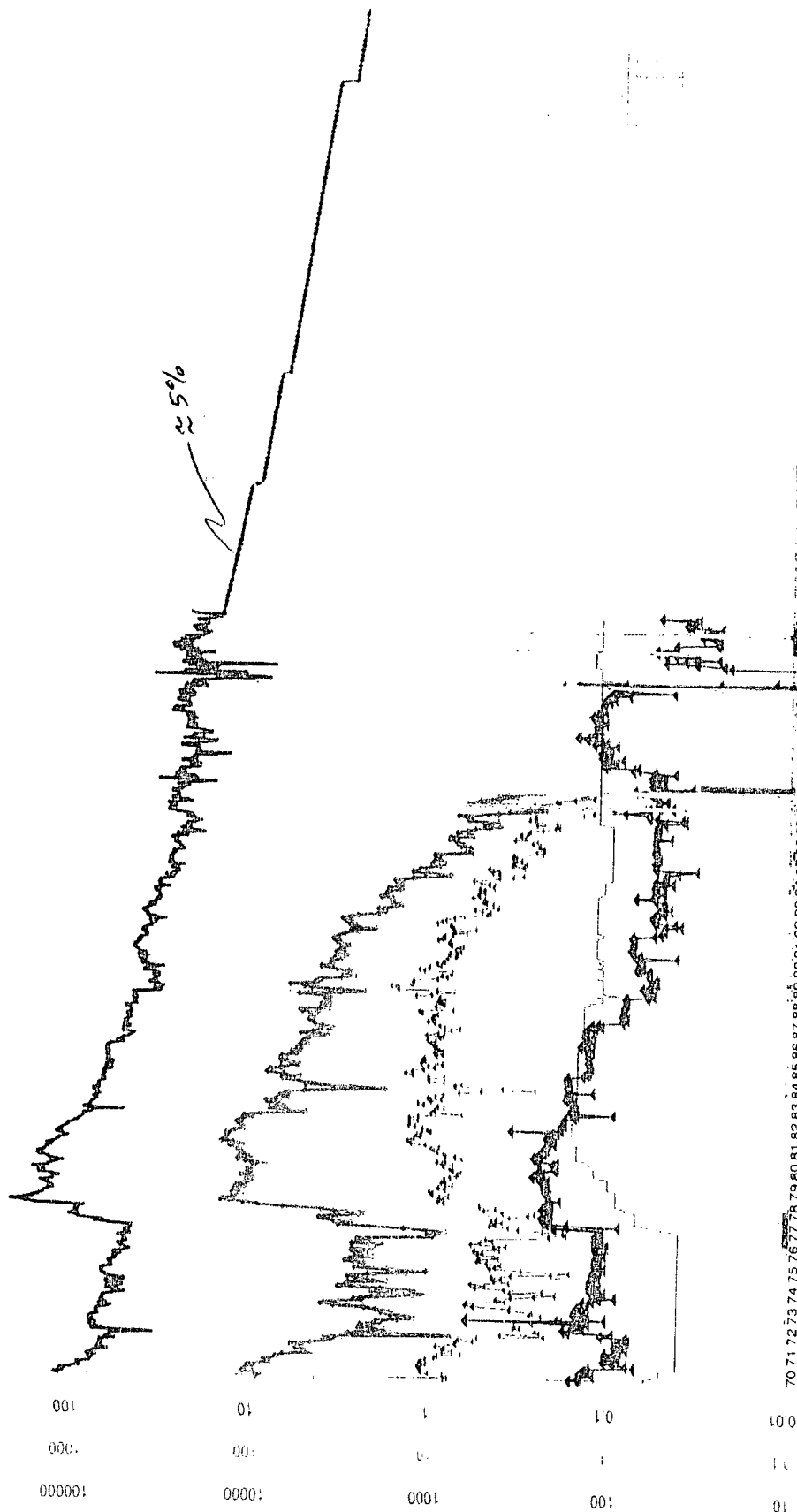
QUAIL TOTAL FIELD
12 ACTIVE WELLS PLUS
8 INACTIVE WELLS

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY
100000
10000
1000
100
10

GAS MCF/DAY
100000
10000
1000
100
10

OIL-BBL/DAY
100
10
1
0.1
0.01



YEAR

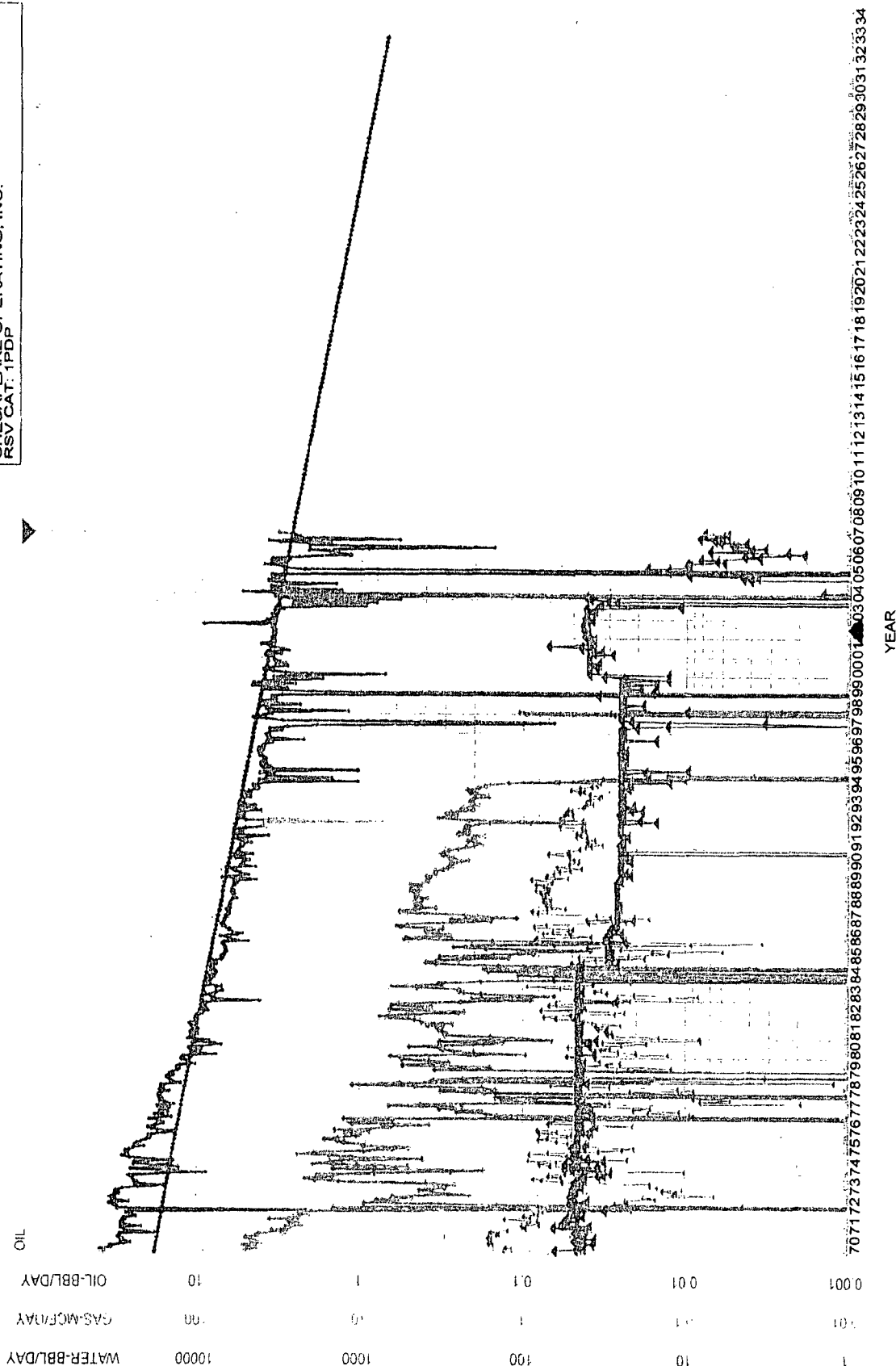
OIL-BBL/DAY				GAS-MCF/DAY				WATER-BBL/DAY				GOR-SCF/BBL				WATER INJ-BB				WELL COUNT - 1			
Qual=	GGA0707	Ref=	7/2007	Qual=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Qual=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Qual=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Qual=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Qual=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007
Cum=	799248	Cum=	78720	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0	Cum=	0
EUR=	877968	EUR=	31663	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0	EUR=	0
Yrs=	15.4	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000	Yrs=	0.000
De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000
b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000
Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0

70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36

10

NEW YORK

RSV CAT: 1PDP



OIL-BBL/DAY	GAS-MCF/DAY	WATER-BBL/DA	GOR-SCF/BBL
Qual=	Ref=	Ref=	Ref=
GGA0707	7/2007	7/2007	7/2007
Rem=	Cum=	Cum=	Cum=
152273	83682	465004	24326
EUR=			
166088			
Yrs=			
25.997			
Qref=			
2.6			
De=			
5.000000			
Ormin=			
0.000			
b=			
0.000000			
Qab=			
0.7			

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:1363 WAINOCO STATE 1

QUAIL QUEEN

LEA, NM

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.

RSV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

OIL-BBL/DAY

GAS-MCF/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY

10

100

10000

1

10

1000

0.1

1

100

0.01

1

10

0.001

1

10

YEAR

78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12

OIL-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 15927

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 15231

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 15898

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

WATER-BBL/DAY
1000

GAS-MCF/DAY
100

OIL-BBL/DAY
10

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #1362 WAINOCO STATE 2

QUAIL QUEEN
LEASING OPERATING, INC.
RSV CAT: 1PDP



OIL-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 16929

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 24075

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 15188

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

09

08

07

06

05

04

03

02

01

00

99

98

97

96

95

94

93

92

91

90

89

88

87

86

85

84

83

82

81

80

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY 7/2007 Ref= 18919 Cum= 0
 GAS-MCF/DAY 7/2007 Ref= 27209 Cum= 0
 WATER-BBL/DAY 7/2007 Ref= 16399 Cum= 0
 GOR-SCF/BBL 7/2007 Ref= 0 Cum= 0

OIL-BBL/DAY

10

1

0.1

0.01

0.001

GAS-MCF/DAY

1000

100

10

1

0.1

WATER-BBL/DAY

10000

1000

100

10

1

SLQ #1361 WAINOCO STATE 3

QUEEN

LEA NM

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.

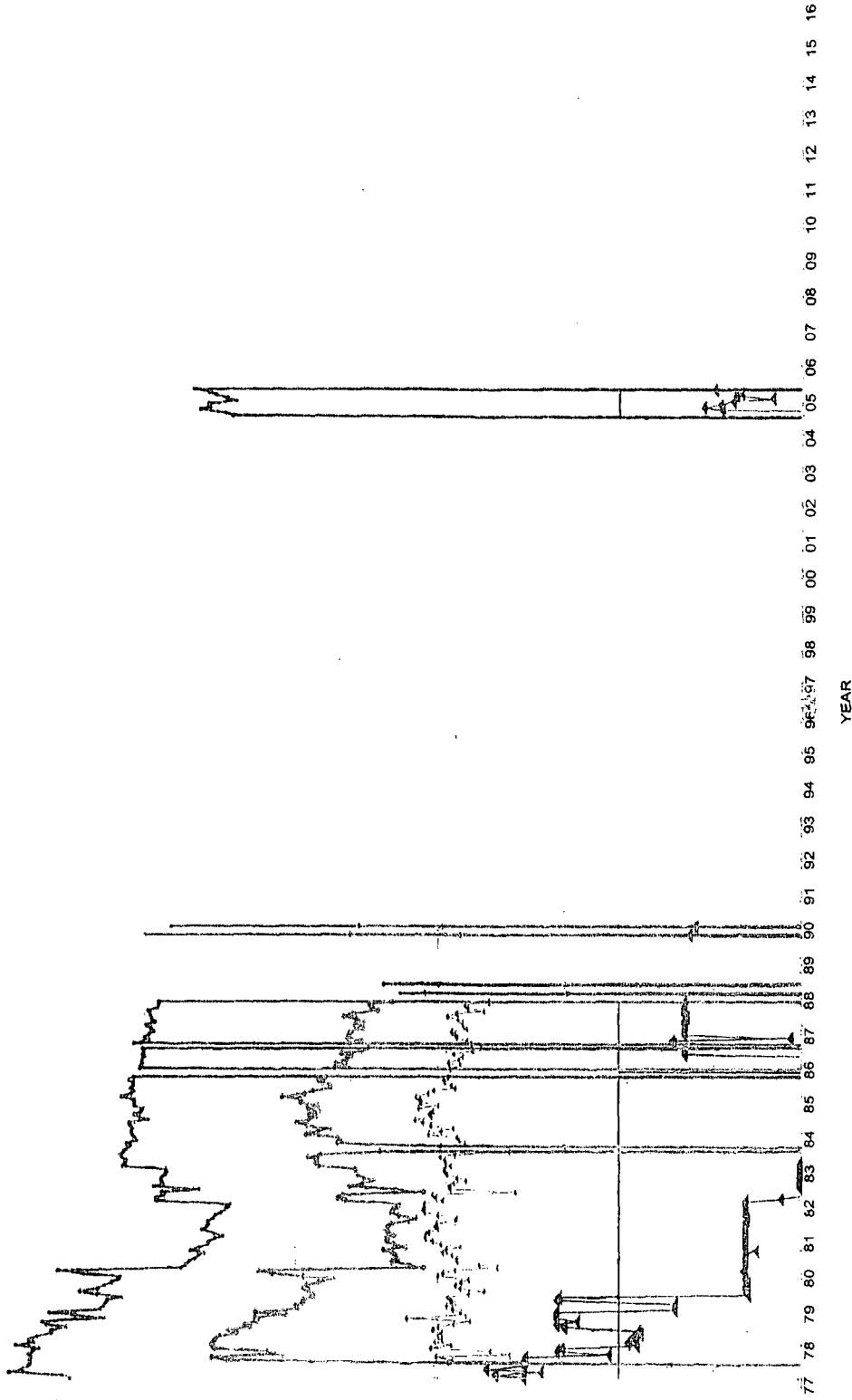
RSV CAT: 1PDP

WELL COUNT	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GOR-SCF/BBL	100000	10000	1000	100	10

SEQ #:1370 QUAIL STATE 1 SI INJ
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA NM
 CHESSA
 RESV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY	10000	1000	100	10	1
GAS-MCF/DAY	100	10	1	0.1	0.01
OIL-BBL/DAY	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001



YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY	Qual= CEC0407	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 23961	EUR= 23961	Yrs= 0.419	Qref= 0.0	De= 0.000000	Dmin= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0
GAS-MCF/DAY	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 17581	EUR= 17581	Yrs= 0.0	Qref= 0.000000	De= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0		
WATER-BBL/DAY	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 23472	EUR= 23472	Yrs= 0.0	Qref= 0.000000	De= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0		
GOR-SCF/BBL	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 0	EUR= 0	Yrs= 0.0	Qref= 0.000000	De= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0		
WATER-INJ-BB	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 206908	EUR= 206908	Yrs= 0.0	Qref= 0.000000	De= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0		
WELL COUNT	Ref= 7/2007	Cum= 142	EUR= 142	Yrs= 0.0	Qref= 0.000000	De= 0.000	b= 0.000000	Qab= 0.0		

GOR SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

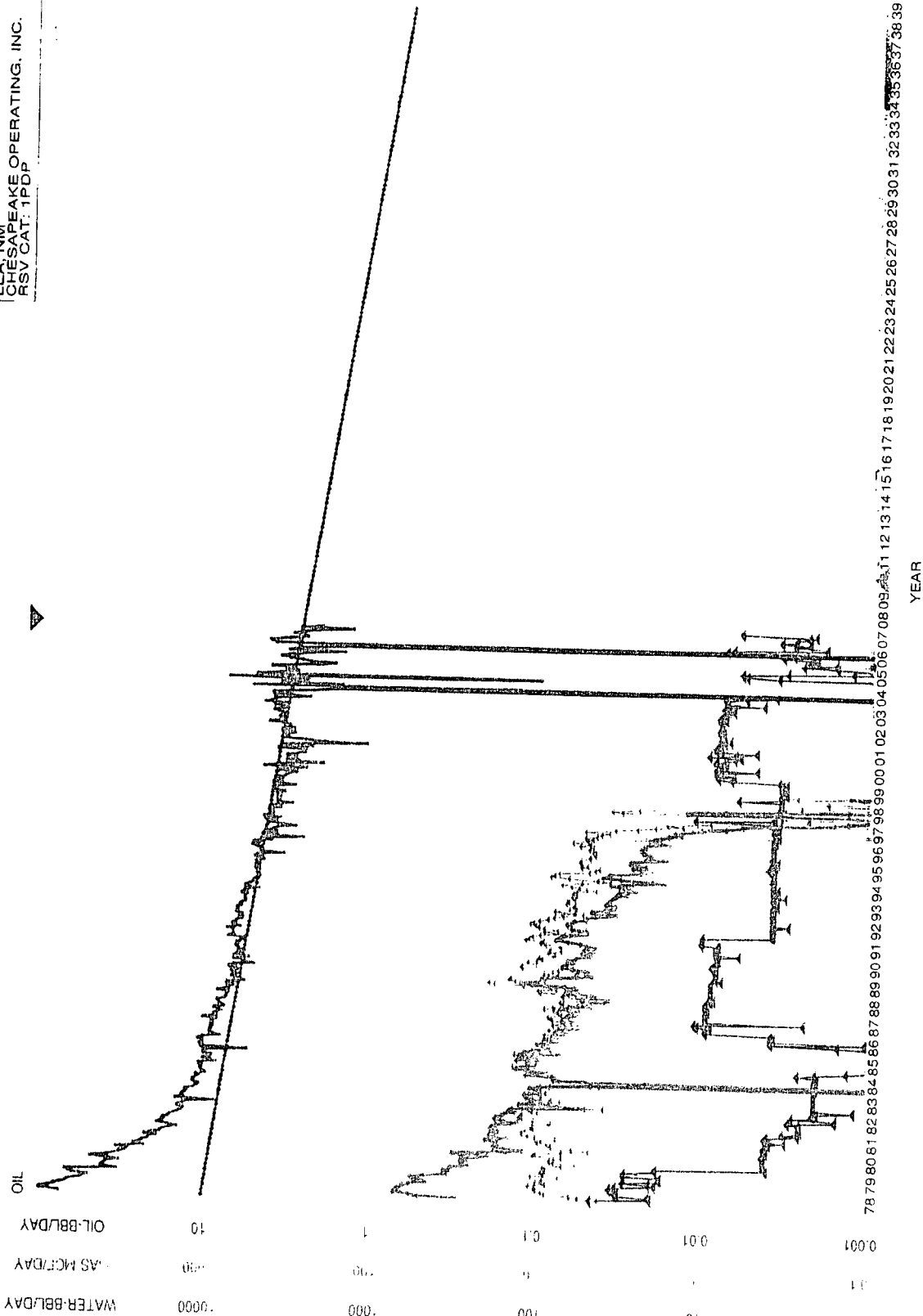
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10

SEQ # 1369 QUAIL STATE 2

QUAIL
LEA, NM
QUEEN

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
RSV CAT: 1PDP



OIL-BBL/DAY
Qual= GGA0707
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 107142
Rem= 17227
EUR= 124369
Yrs= 31.663
Qref= 2.7
De= 4.239793
Dmin= 0.000
b= 0.000000
Qab= 0.7

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 78634

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 62942

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

GOR SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:1368 QUAIL STATE 3Y

QUAIL QUEEN

LEA NM

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.

RSV CAT:1PDP

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY
GAS-MCF/DAY
OIL-BBL/DAY

10000
1000
10

1000
100
1

100
10
0.1

10
1
0.01

1
0.1
0.001

YEAR

79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

OIL-BBL/DAY
Qual= GGA0707
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 46709
EUR= 2124
Yrs= 6.249
Qref= 1.3
De= 12.408345
Dmin= 0.000
b= 1.100000
Qab= 0.7

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 33480

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 36129

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:1367 QUAIL STATE 4

QUAIL QUEEN

LEA NM

CHE SAPIEAKE OPERATING, INC.

RSV CAT: PDF

OIL

OIL-BBL/DAY

GAS-MCF/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY

10

100

10000

1

10

1000

0.1

1

100

0.01

0.1

10

0.001

0.01

1

79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
Qual= GGA0707
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 39368
EUR= 4132
Yrs= 43500
Qref= 11.748
De= 1.4
Dmin= 8.362479
b= 0.000
Qab= 1.100000
0.7

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 25358

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 36434

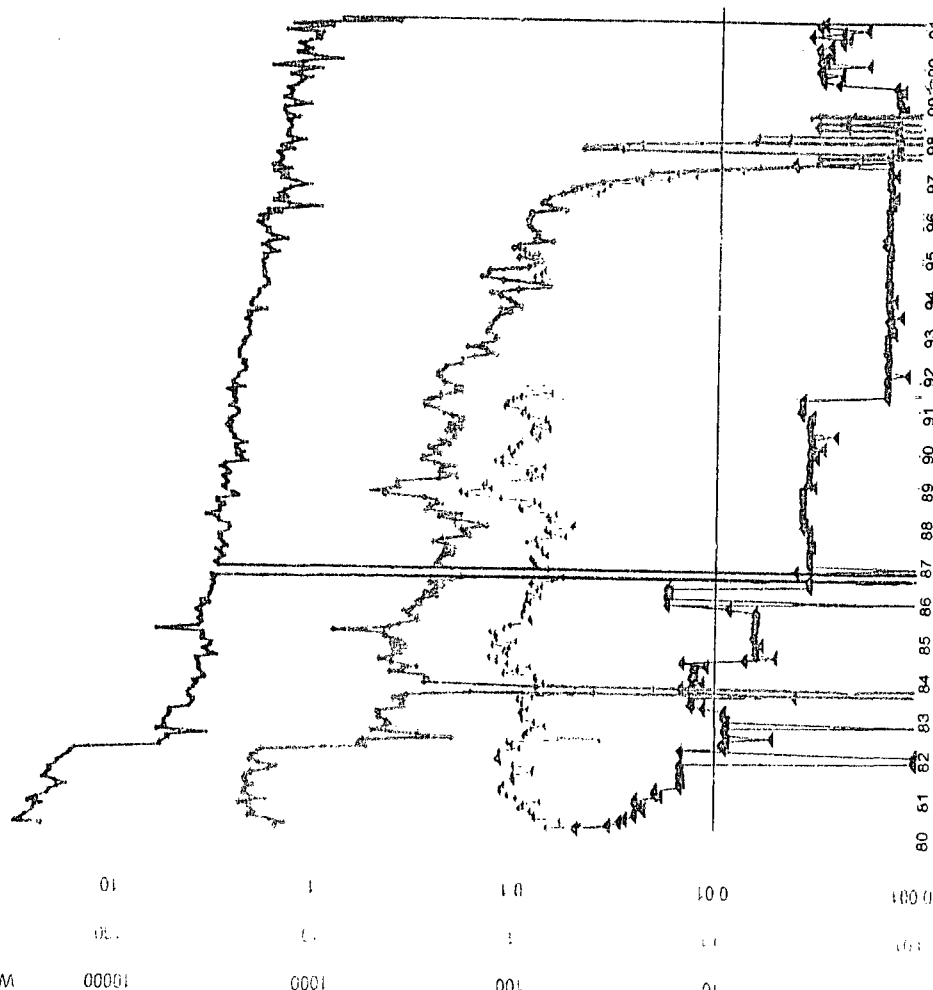
GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

WELL COUNT	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GOR-SCF/BBL	100000	10000	1000	100	10

SEQ #1366 QUAIL STATE 5 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 CHESSMAN
 CHESSMAN PEAK OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: 2PDSI

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY
 GAS-MCF/DAY
 OIL-BBL/DAY



YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
 Qual= CEC0407
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 32623
 EUR= 32623
 Yrs= 0
 Qref= 0.419
 De= 0.0
 Dmin= 0.000000
 b= 0.000000
 Qab= 0.0

GAS-MCF/DAY
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 26687

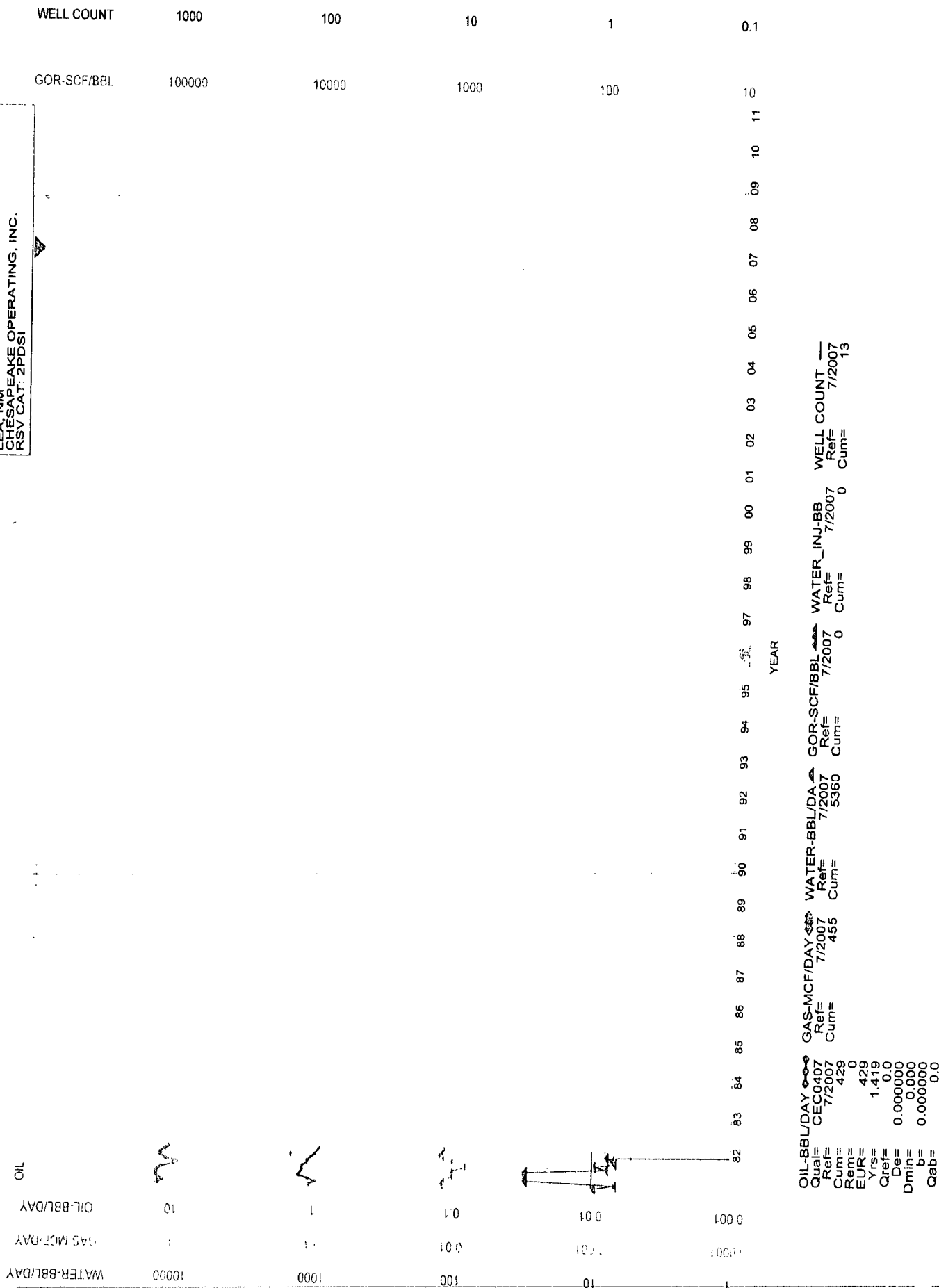
WATER-BBL/DA
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 41336

GOR-SCF/BBL
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 0

WATER_INJ-BB
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 0

WELL COUNT
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 257

SEQ #:1364 QUAIL STATE 7 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA NM
 CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: 2PDSI



OIL-BBL/DAY
 Qual= CEC0407
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 429
 Rem= 0
 EUR= 1.419
 Yrs= 0.0
 Qref= 0.000000
 De= 0.000
 Dmin= 0.000
 b= 0.000000
 Qab= 0.0

GAS-MCF/DAY
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 455
 Rem= 0

WATER-BBL/DA
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 5360
 Rem= 0

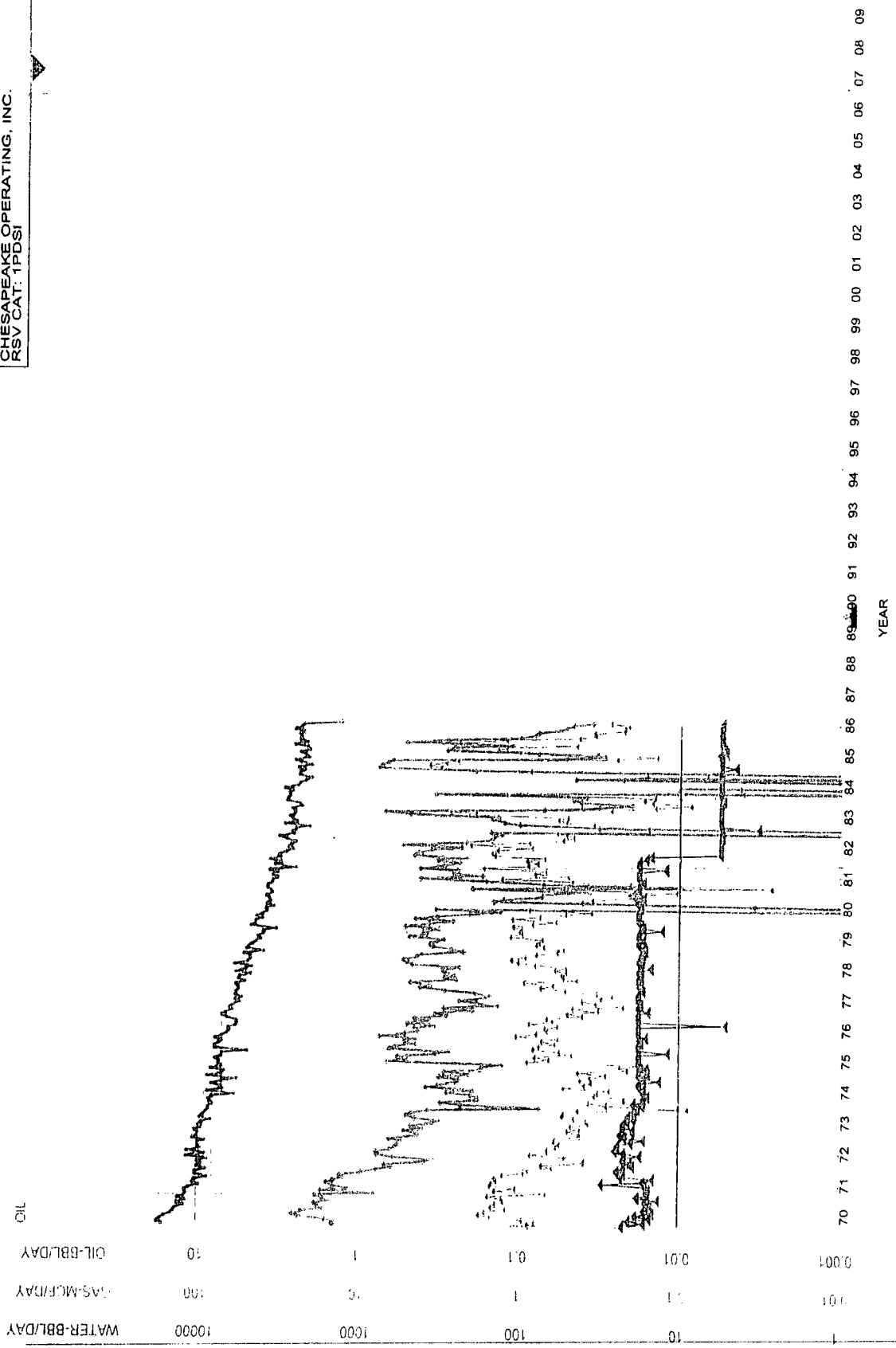
GOR-SCF/BBL
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 0

WATER_INJ-BB
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 0

WELL COUNT
 Ref= 7/2007
 Cum= 13

SEQ #:1376 FEDERAL A 1 SI
 CAIL QUEEN
 CRESNAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: 1PDSI

WELL COUNT	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GOR-SCF/BBL	100000	10000	1000	100	10



OIL-BBL/DAY	CEC0407	7/2007	40416	0	40416	0.419	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
Ref=	7/2007	31385	Cum=	7/2007	92129	Ref=	7/2007	5088	Cum=	7/2007	4462
WATER-BBL/DAY	7/2007	92129	Cum=	7/2007	5088	Ref=	7/2007	4462	Cum=	7/2007	197
GOR-SCF/BBL	7/2007	5088	Cum=	7/2007	4462	Ref=	7/2007	197	Cum=	7/2007	197
WATER-INJ-BB	7/2007	4462	Cum=	7/2007	197	Ref=	7/2007	197	Cum=	7/2007	197

GOR-SCF/BBL

1000000

100000

10000

1000

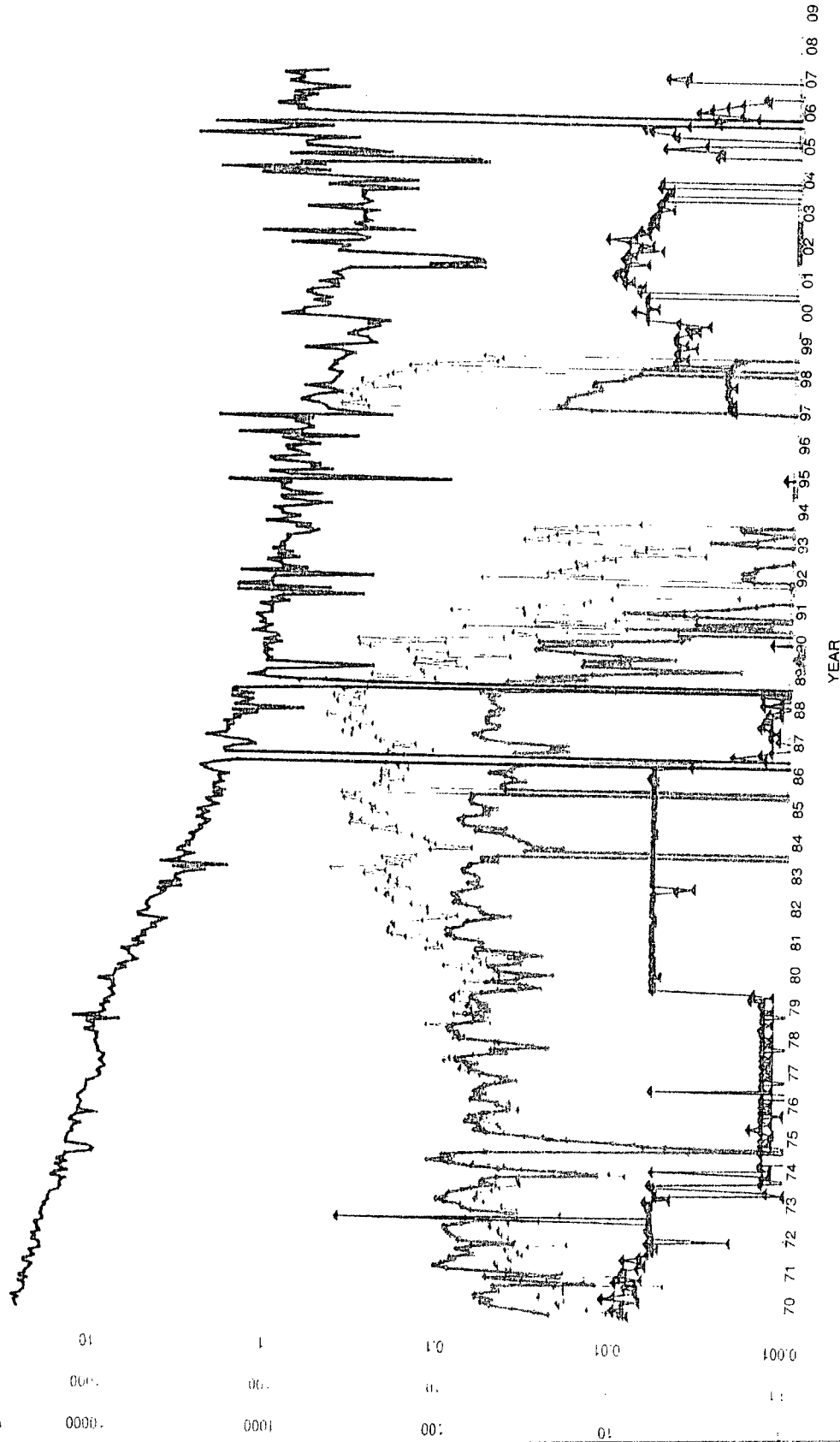
100

10

SEQ # 901 PENNZOIL STATE 1

QUAIL
LEA, NM
CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
RSV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY
GAS-MCF/DAY
OIL-BBL/DAY

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 78460

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 41859

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 62870

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 10772

SEQ #:1379 STATE BH 1 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA, NM
 CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: UNKNOWN

	WELL COUNT	1e+07	1e+06	100000	10000	1000
GOR-SCF/BBL	100000	10000	1000	100	10	10
						09 08 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00 99 98 97 96 95 94 93 92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71
OIL						
OIL-BBL/DAY	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	
GAS MCF/DAY	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	
WATER-BBL/DAY	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY	Qual=	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=
CEC0407	7/2007	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	0.0
GAS-MCF/DAY	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=	
7/2007	2109	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	
WATER-BBL/DAY	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=	
7/2007	13333	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	
GOR-SCF/BBL	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=	
7/2007	13325	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	
WATER-INJ-BB	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=	
7/2007	13325	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	
WELL COUNT	Ref=	Cum=	EUR=	Yrs=	De=	Dmin=	b=	Qab=	
7/2007	13325	7232	0	0.419	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0	

WELL COUNT	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GOR-SCF/BBU	100000	10000	1000	100	10

SEQ #:1374 MOBIL 1 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA NM
 CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: 2PDSI

OIL

WATER-BBL/DAY	10000	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GAS-MCF/DAY	100	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001
OIL-BBL/DAY	10	1	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001

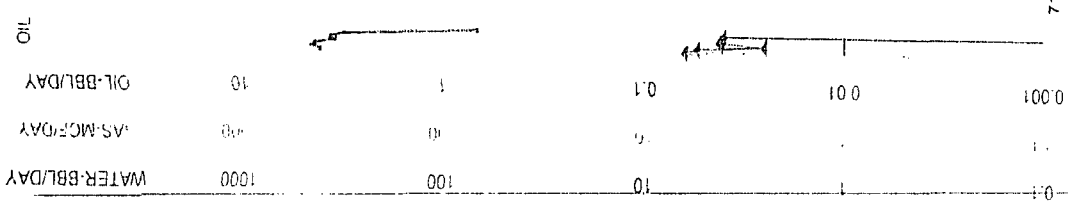
71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY	CEC0407	7/2007	3243	0	3243	0.419	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
Water	Ref=	7/2007	492	0	492	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
GAS-MCF/DAY	Ref=	7/2007	492	0	492	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
GOR-SCF/BBU	Ref=	7/2007	9483	0	9483	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
WATER-BBL/DAY	Ref=	7/2007	2969	0	2969	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
WATER-INJ-BB	Ref=	7/2007	8039	0	8039	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
WELL COUNT	Ref=	7/2007	8039	0	8039	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0
	Cum=	7/2007	8039	0	8039	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.0

SEQ #:1377 STATE 1 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA, NM
 CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: 2PDSI

WELL COUNT	1000	100	10	1	0.1
GOR-SCF/BBL	100000	10000	1000	100	10



YEAR																	
OIL-BBL/DAY			GAS-MCF/DAY			WATER-BBL/DAY			GOR-SCF/BBL			WATER INJ-BB			WELL COUNT		
Qual=	CEC0407		Ref=	7/2007	Cum=	Ref=	7/2007	Cum=	Ref=	7/2007	Cum=	Ref=	7/2007	Cum=	Ref=	7/2007	
Ref=	7/2007		Cum=	0		Cum=	1821		Cum=	962		Cum=	1020		Cum=	7	
Cum=	1667																
Rem=	0																
EUR=	1667																
Yrs=	0.419																
Qref=	0.0																
De=	0.000000																
Dmin=	0.000																
b=	0.000000																
Qab=	0.0																

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:922 STATE C 1

QUAIL
LEA, NM
CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
RSV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

OIL-BBL/DAY

GAS-MCF/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY

10

1000

10000

1

10

1000

0.1

10

100

0.01

0.01

10

1001

10

10

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 24898

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 47219

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 866

	1e+07	1e+06	100000	10000	1000
WELL COUNT					
GOR-SCF/BDL	1e+00	100000	10000	1000	100

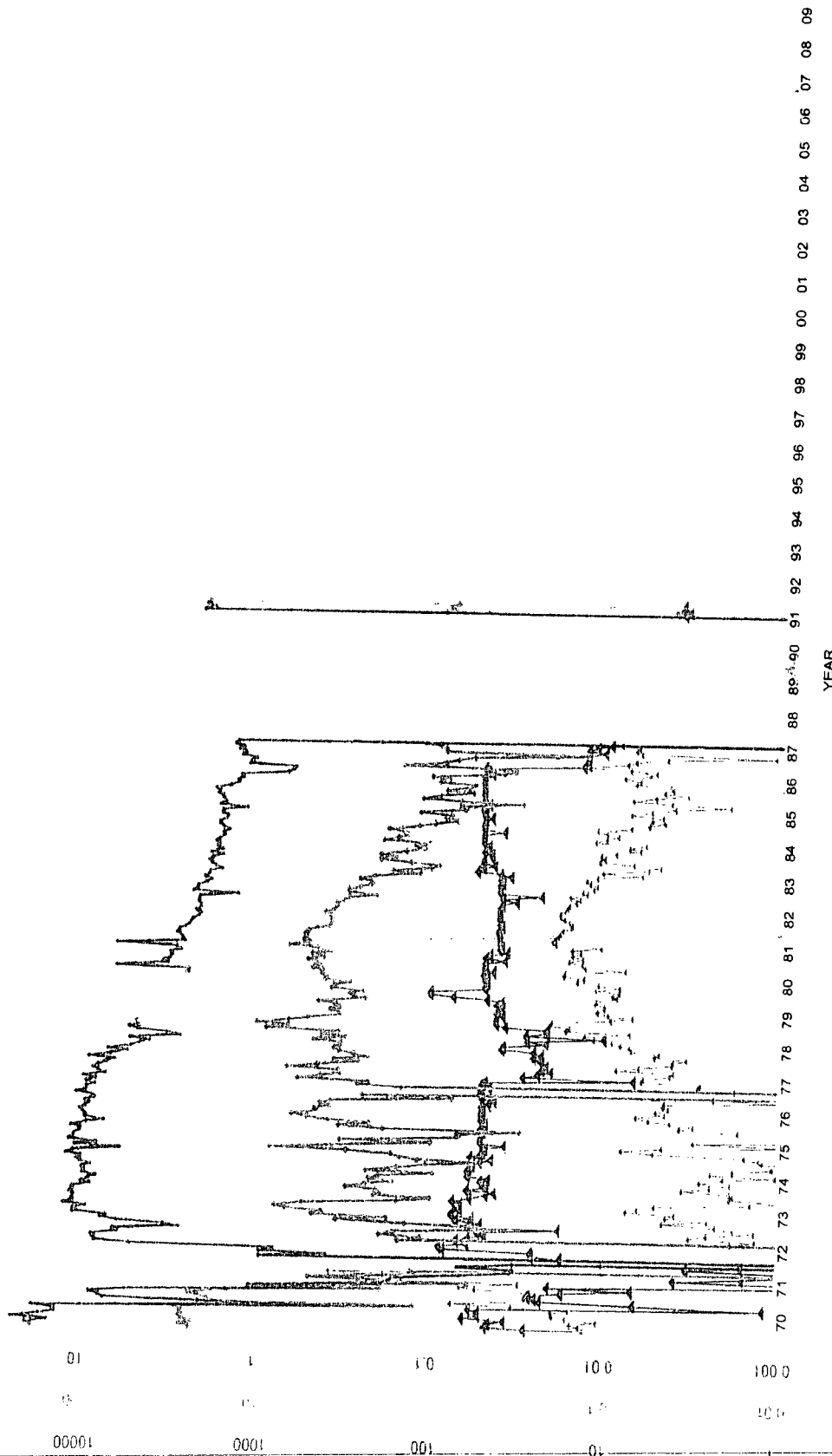
SEQ #:1378 STATE BG 1 SI
 QUAIL QUEEN
 LEA, NM
 CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.
 RSV CAT: UNKNOWN

OIL

OIL-BBL/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY



YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY	Qual=	CEC0407	WATER-BBL/DAY	Qual=	CEC0407	WATER-INJ-BBL	Qual=	CEC0407	WELL COUNT	—
Ref=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	Ref=	7/2007	0
Cum=	66301	Cum=	45236	Cum=	321428	Cum=	33805	Cum=	57047	
EUR=	66301	EUR=	45236	EUR=	321428	EUR=	33805	EUR=	57047	
Yrs	66301	Yrs	45236	Yrs	321428	Yrs	33805	Yrs	57047	
Oref=	0.419	Oref=	0.419	Oref=	0.419	Oref=	0.419	Oref=	0.419	
De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	De=	0.000000	
Dmin=	0.000	Dmin=	0.000	Dmin=	0.000	Dmin=	0.000	Dmin=	0.000	
b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	b=	0.000000	
Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	Qab=	0.0	

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:1372 STATE BG 2

QUAIL QUEEN

LEA, NM

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.

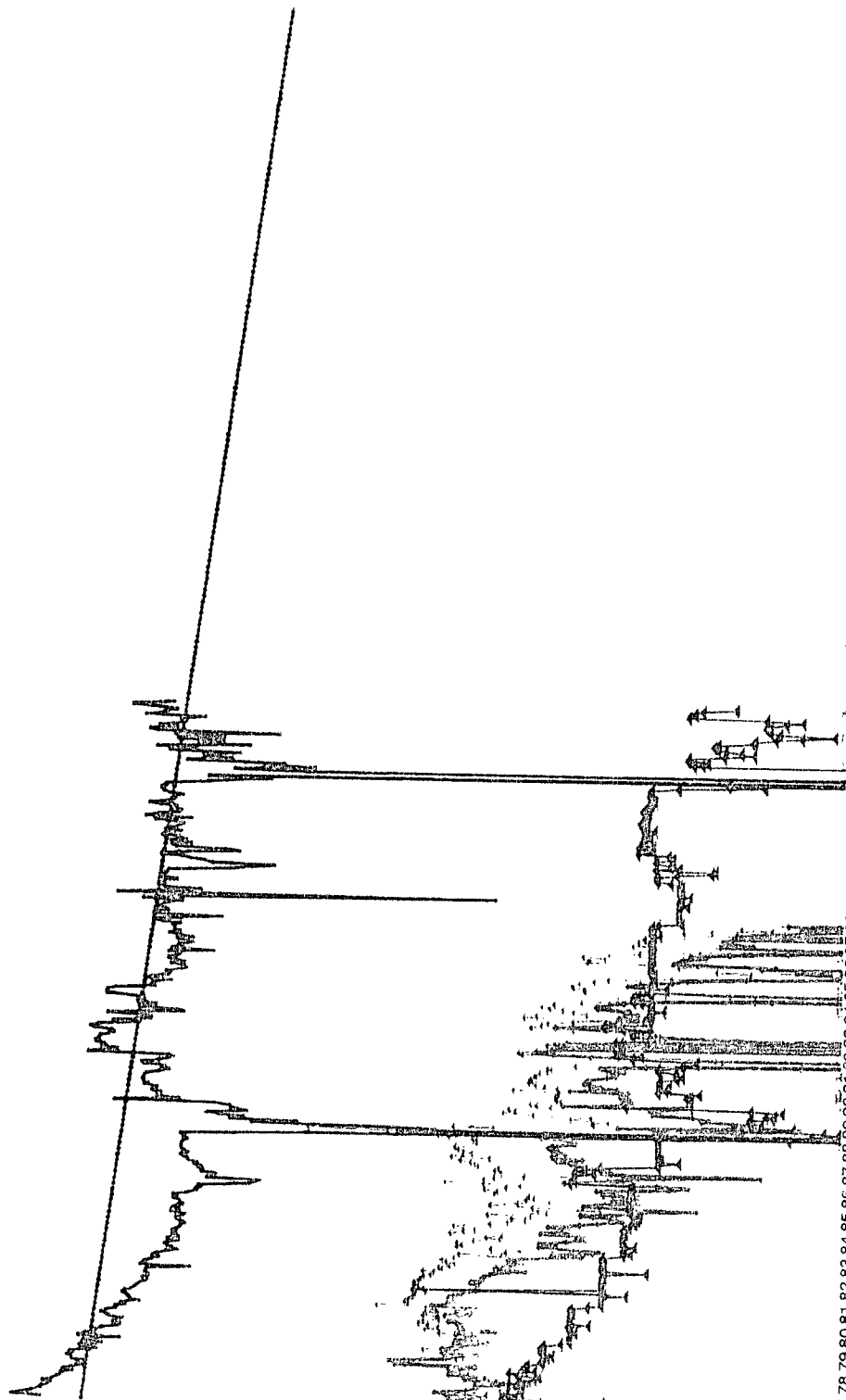
RSV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

OIL BBL/DAY

-AS MCF/DAY

WATER-BBL/DAY



77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
Qual= CEC0407
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 52522
EUR= 21187
Yrs= 30.082
De= 3.2
Dmin= 3.700000
b= 0.000000
Qad= 1.0

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 30087

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 156536

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

GOR-SCF/BBL

100000

10000

1000

100

10

SEQ #:1371 STATE BG 3

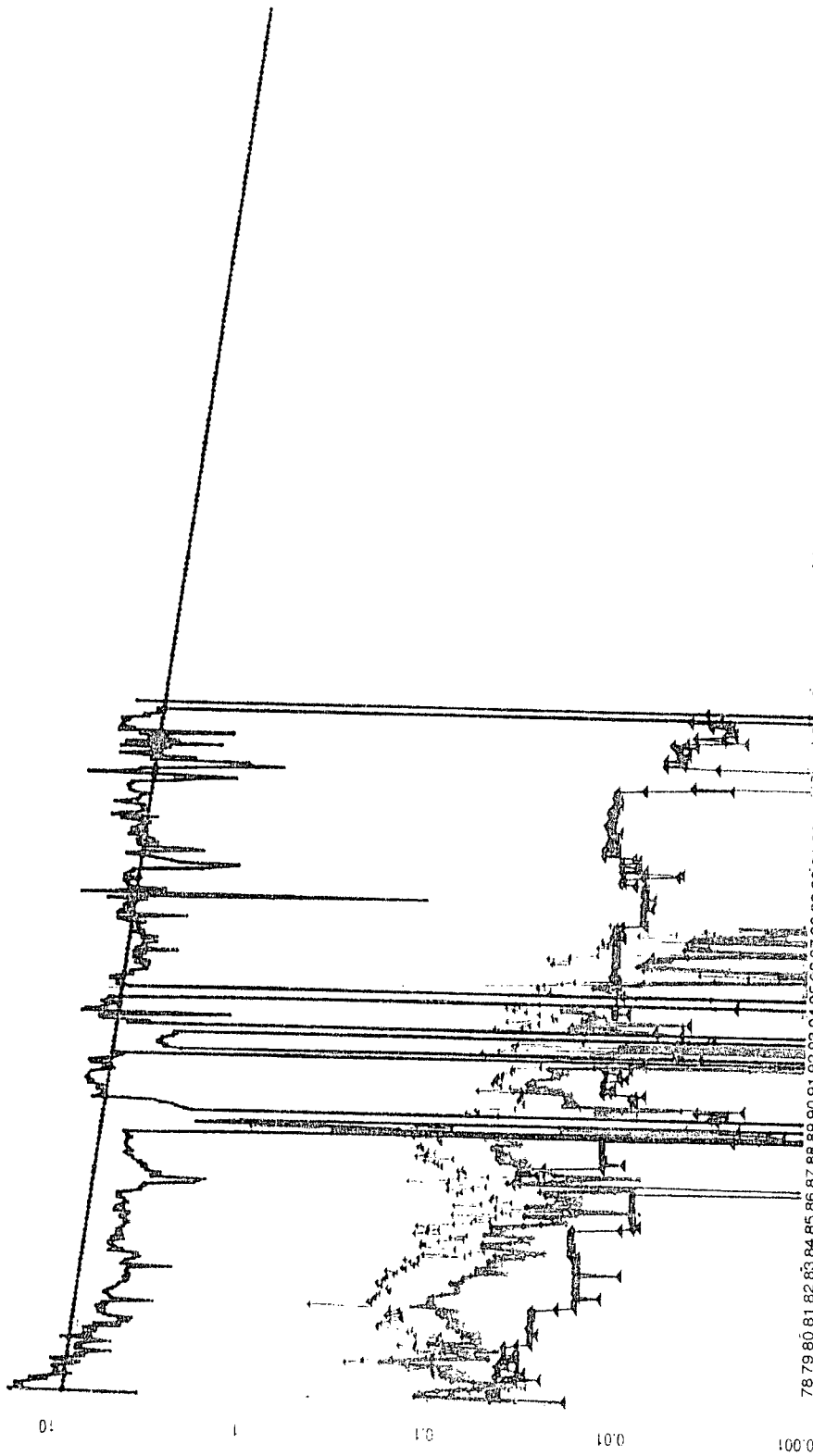
QUAIL QUEEN

LEA NM

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC.

RSV CAT: 1PDP

OIL

OIL-BBL/DAY
GAS-MCF/DAY
WATER-BBL/DAY

78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39

YEAR

OIL-BBL/DAY
Qual= GGA0707
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 44121
EUR= 17980
Yrs= 62101
Orel= 30.082
De= 2.7
Dmin= 3.678537
b= 0.000
Cab= 0.000000
0.9

GAS-MCF/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 24222

WATER-BBL/DAY
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 135030

GOR-SCF/BBL
Ref= 7/2007
Cum= 0

Quail Queen Field OOIP Calculation

Appendix B

Reservoir Parameters:

BHT = 113°F	$p_i = 1,848$ psi	$P_{sp} \text{ (est.)} = 100$ psi
$p_b = 1,255$ psi	$T_{sp} \text{ (est.)} = 90^\circ\text{F}$	$R_{si} = 300$ cf/bbl
Gas G = 0.9	$\beta_{oi} = 1.15$	Oil G = 33° API
$\beta_{ob} = 1.15$	$p_{ab} = 250$ psi	$\beta_{oab} = 1.04$
$p_{cur} = 450$ psi	$\beta_{ocur} = 1.06$	

OOIP Calculation:

Queen B

$$\text{OOIP} = \frac{7758 * Ah * \Phi * (1 - S_w)}{\beta_{oi}} = \frac{7758 * 2874 * 0.10 * (1 - 0.49)}{1.15}$$
$$= 988,800 \text{ STB}$$

Queen C

$$\text{OOIP} = \frac{7758 * Ah * \Phi * (1 - S_w)}{\beta_{oi}} = \frac{7758 * 7212 * 0.13 * (1 - 0.45)}{1.15}$$
$$= 3,478,673 \text{ STB}$$

Queen B and Queen C

$$\text{OOIP} = 988,800 + 3,478,673 = \boxed{4,467,473 \text{ STB}}$$

Appendix C

Proposed Quail Queen Unit Waterflood Calculations

Reservoir Parameters:

BHT = 113°F	$p_i = 1,848$ psi	P_{sp} (est.) = 100 psi
$p_b = 1,255$ psi	T_{sp} (est.) = 90°F	$R_{si} = 300$ cf/bbl
Gas G = 0.9	$\beta_{oi} = 1.15$	Oil G = 33° API
$\beta_{ob} = 1.15$	$p_{ab} = 250$ psi	$\beta_{oab} = 1.04$
$p_{cur} = 450$ psi	$\beta_{ocur} = 1.06$	$\mu_{ocur} = 4.21$ cp
$\mu_{wcur} = 0.915$		

1. As previously calculated in Appendix B

$$OOIP = N = 4,467,473 \text{ STB}$$

2. Oil Saturation at primary abandonment pressure of 250 psi

$$\begin{aligned} S_{or-pri} &= (1 - \Delta N_p / N) (\beta_{oab} / \beta_{oi}) (1 - S_w) \\ &= [1 - (866,568 / 4,467,473)] (1.04 / 1.15) (1 - 0.45) \\ &= (0.8060) (0.9043) (0.55) \\ &= 0.4009 \end{aligned}$$

Estimating water injection to start by July 1, 2008 then oil saturation at start of flood is calculated with current pressure and another 8,390 bbls of oil produced.

$$\begin{aligned} S_{ocur} &= [1 - (874,958 / 4,467,473)] (1.06 / 1.15) (1 - 0.45) \\ &= (0.8041) (0.9217) (0.55) \\ &= 0.4077 \end{aligned}$$

3. Mobility Ratio = $\lambda_w/\lambda_o = (k_{rw}/\mu_w) / (k_{ro}/\mu_o)$

Mobility of the water in the water bank

The fractional flow curve shows the average water saturation in the water bank is 54 percent. At this water saturation the relative permeability curve shows the k_{rw} to be 0.12. The viscosity of the water at 450 psi is 0.915.

$$\lambda_w = k_{rw}/\mu_w = 0.12/0.915 = 0.13$$

Mobility of the oil in the oil bank

In the oil bank the relative permeability to oil is 100 percent.

$$\lambda_o = k_{ro}/\mu_o = 1.0/4.21 = 0.23$$

$$\text{Mobility Ratio} = M = 0.13/0.23 = \boxed{0.57}$$

M is less than 1 which is favorable for waterflooding because it is easier for water to displace oil in the reservoir.

4. Permeability Variation (See Attachment No. 15)

$$V = \frac{k_{50} - k_{84}}{K_{50}} = \frac{3.2 - 0.55}{3.2} = \frac{2.65}{3.2} = \boxed{0.828}$$

V less than 0.75 is good, so this value indicates a fairly high level of variation.

5. Volumetric Sweep Efficiency

Empirical correlation with 100 layer Higgins-Leighton streamtube model show WOR = 25, $E_v = 70\%$ and at a WOR = 50, $E_v = \boxed{72\%}$

Refer to Fig.'s 6.22 and 6.23, Page 206, Wilhite's SPE Text Vol. 3.

6. Waterflood Recovery

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Secondary Reserves} &= 7758 Ah \Phi (S_{or-pri} - S_{or}) E_v / \beta_{ocut} \\ &= [7758 * 10,086 * 0.13 (0.4009 - 0.30) 0.72] / 1.06 \\ &= \boxed{697,156 \text{ STB}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Secondary Recovery Factor} = 697,156/4,467,473 = \boxed{0.156}$$

$$\text{Secondary : Primary Ratio} = 697,156/866,568 = \boxed{0.805}$$

7. Gas Saturation estimated at start of flood

Assume injection begins July 1, 2008

$$\begin{aligned} S_{oc} &= (1 - \Delta N_p / N) (\beta_{ocur} / \beta_{oi}) (1 - S_w) \\ &= (1 - (866,568/4,467,473)) (1.06 / 1.15) (1 - 0.45) \\ &= 0.806 * 0.9217 * 0.55 \\ &= \boxed{0.4085} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{gc} &= 1 - S_{oc} - S_w \\ &= 1 - 0.4085 - 0.45 \\ &= \boxed{0.14} \end{aligned}$$

8. Water Injection at Fillup

$$\begin{aligned} W_{if} &= 7758 A\Phi h S_{gc} \\ &= 7758 (1788) (0.13) (5.64) (0.14) \\ &= \boxed{1,423,862 \text{ BBLS}} \end{aligned}$$