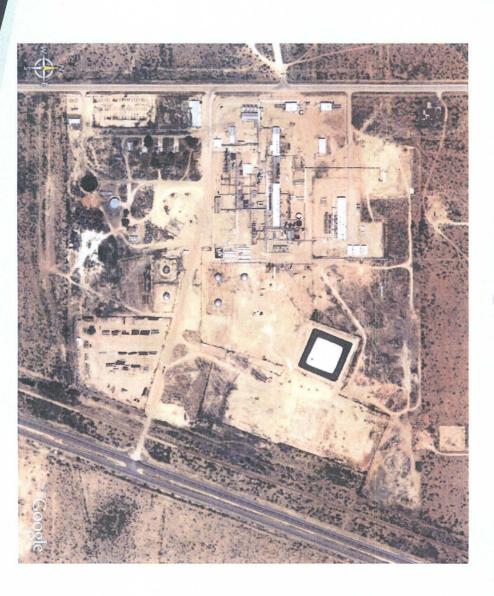


NMOCC Hearing on Case 14575 December 9, 2010

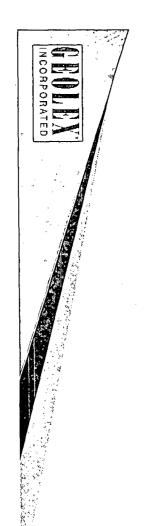






Executive Summary

- Targa is requesting authority to inject mixed acid gas and wastewater:
- At a maximum rate of 4075 bbl/day and maximum operating pressure of 1292 psig
- For a duration of 30-years or until a cumulative 44.65 million barrels has been injected, whichever is greater
- anticipated area affected after 30 years and location of This request provides a 500% safety margin between wells penetrating San Andres



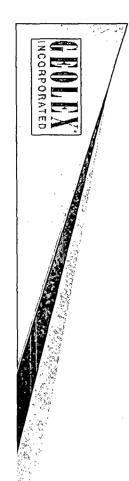
Presentation Goals

- Demonstrate environmental benefits and overall safety Plant of Targa's AGI/SWD project at the South Eunice Gas
- Describe relevant Site geology and AGI system design
- Summarize all required components of application as documented in C-108 application
- \triangle Address specific Concerns and Recommendations from Oil Conservation Division Pre-Hearing Statement
- Point-by-point discussion of Concerns and Recommendations at end of presentation



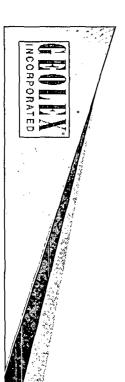
Key Elements of Targa's C-108

- AGI project has substantial environmental benefits of which otherwise would be released to atmosphere greenhouse gas reduction due to sequestration of ${
 m CO}_2$
- AGI project reduces waste and potential air emission sulfur in sour gas upsets by eliminating sulfur production as control for
- Nearby oil and gas wells, nearby water wells and surface water will be protected by well design and geologic factors
- Wells penetrating the San Andres will be protected by limiting the total injection volume or permit duration

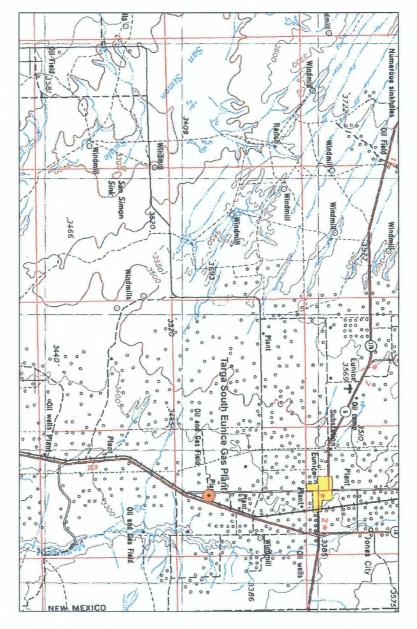


Key Elements of Targa's C-108 (cont.)

- Adequacy of San Andres as injection reservoir has been demonstrated by successful injection of produced water in existing SWD well and Jal#3 SUGS AGI/SWD well also completed in San Andres Formation
- needed to approve the installation of AGI well Targa's C-108 application details the full information
- Corrected and verified records of injection by existing SWD well have already been submitted NMOCD
- H₂S Contingency Plan for proposed AGI has been submitted for approval by NMOCD on October 8, 2010
- Adjacent operators support project and surface owners have received proper notice



Existing SWD Well Location of Targa's South Eunice







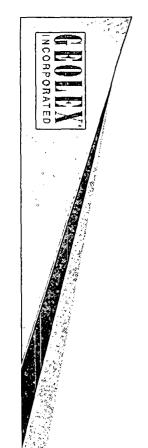






For CO₂ and Acid Gas Sequestration? What Are We Looking For in a Reservoir

- Geologic seal to permanently contain gas
- Isolated from any fresh groundwater
- No effect on existing or potential production
- Laterally extensive, permeable, good porosity
- Compatible fluid chemistry



Geologic Evaluation Summary

- Section 4) Identify background regional geologic data (C-108,
- Identify, locate and evaluate all wells in local area (C-108, Section 5 and Appendix C)
- and Figures 5-10) Evaluate stratigraphic information to confirm that reservoir meets basic geologic criteria (C-108, Section 4
- Construct cross-sections with available logs (C-108, Figures 7,8,10)
- Review SWD disposal well test data (C-108, Section 4)
- Prepare C-108, H₂S Contingency Plan and submit to NMOCD for approval
- NMOCD previously approved this project under Order R-12809 modified to SWD-1161

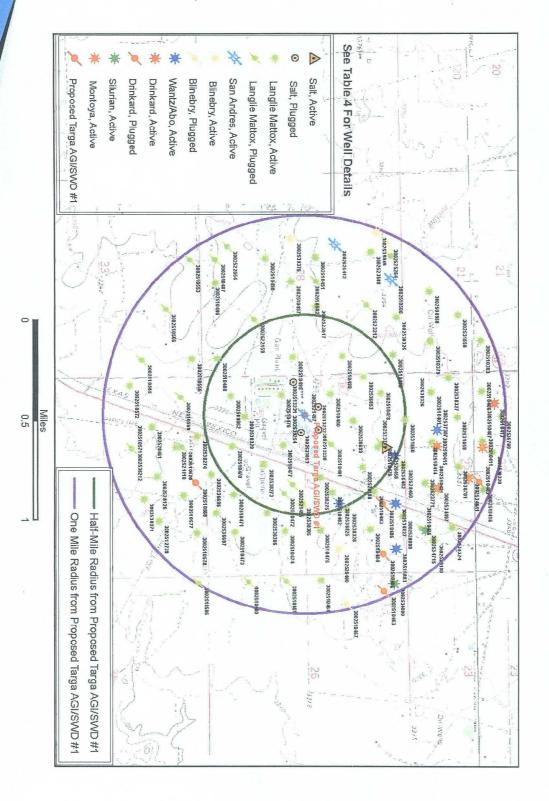


Stratigraphy & Geologic Structure in the Identification & Characterization of Wells, Targa AGI/SWD Area

- Producing wells in area of review primarily in shallower Langlie-Mattix Unit
- Targa SWD well used in injectivity evaluation
- Based on stratigraphic analysis and evaluation of existing SWD wells and previous AGI experience, San Andres is excellent acid gas/wastewater reservoir
- Stratigraphic analysis indicates recommended recompletion of existing SWD well
- maximum permitted pressure using NMOCD guidelines for calculation (1292 psi) Data from existing SWD well and Jal#3 AGI/SWD demonstrate ability to take fluid well under calculated
- San Andres is preferable injection zone rather than other potential deeper or shallower targets

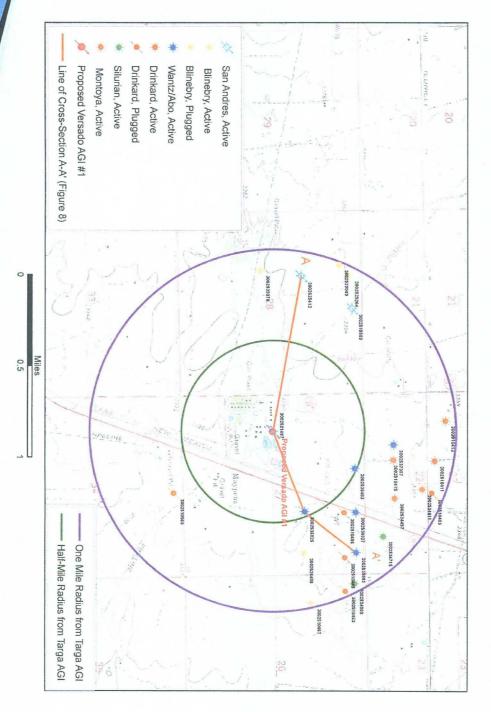


All Wells Within Area of Review





Within Area of Review Wells Penetrating the San Andres

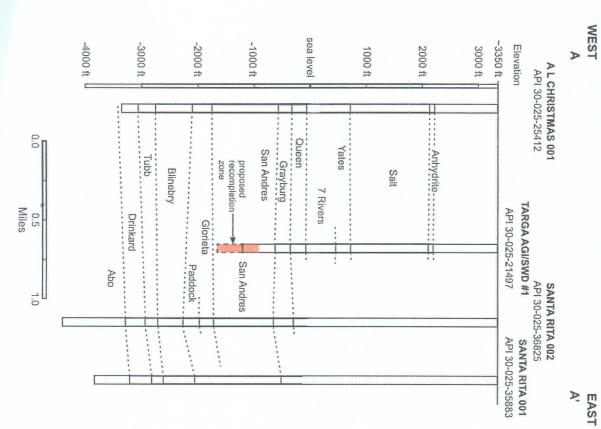




Schematic Regional Cross Section (West-East)

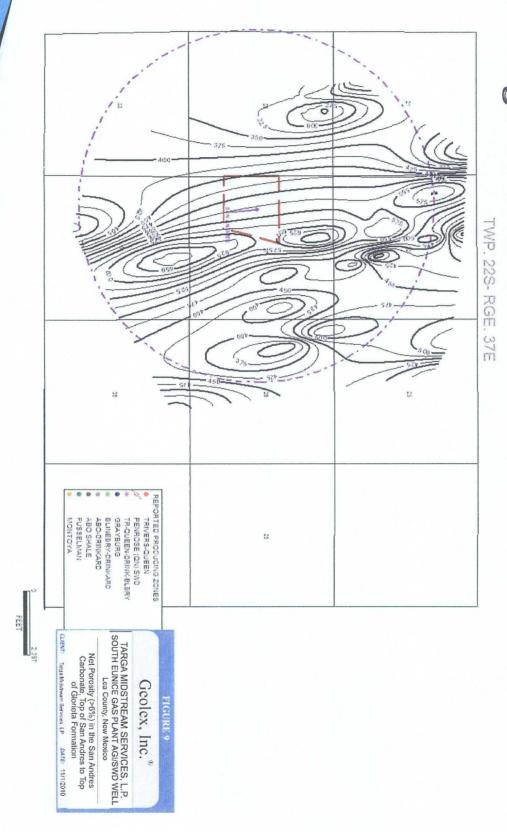
Local production is in the Langlie-Mattix (7 Rivers-Queen) and in the Blinebry-Abo

San Andres is used as an SWD reservoir — the closest SWD well is 0.8 miles away

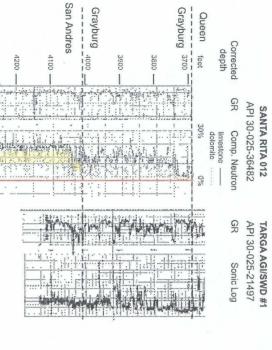




a Range of 7-12% Porosity of San Andres Formation Varies Within







Well Logs Showing San Andres Injection Zone in Vicinity of Proposed Targa AGI/SWD #1

Logs from Santa Rita #12 indicate average porosities of 10% for the proposed injection interval of 4250'-4950'

Laura J May #1 used by NMOCD to determine average porosity is East of well. Santa Rita #12 is closest with porosity log data

Santa Rita #12

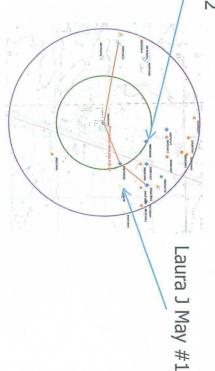
proposed injection interval

ave, porosity in injection interval 10% net porosity of approximately 70 feet

Note injection interval is 150' above base of San Andres

San Andres

Glorieta





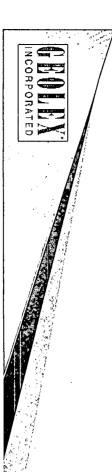
Confirmatory Data Collection

- Cores of San Andres will be collected during drilling
- New open hole geophysical logs will be collected for Targa AGI/SWD #1, including:
- Gamma, Resistivity, Porosity
- Formation Micro-Imaging Log
- Injection Tests/Survey will be performed using water, including:
- Temperature survey
- Step-rate tests
- Data analysis will be performed to refine understanding of reservoir area affected

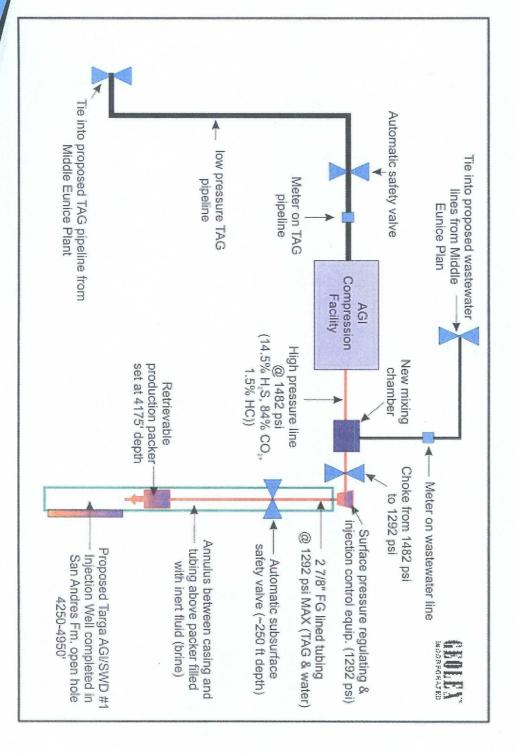


Generalized Design of AGI System

- Conceptual design shown on Figures 3 and 4 of Targa's C-108 application. The following safety features are included:
- Lined injection tubing
- Automated subsurface safety valve
- Choke and regulating pressure valves
- Annulus between casing and tubing loaded with inert fluid and pressure monitored (brine not diesel)
- Corrosion resistant joint and packer
- Meters will be included to record volumes of acid gas and water injected
- Layout of plant including H₂S monitors shown in H₂S Contingency Plan

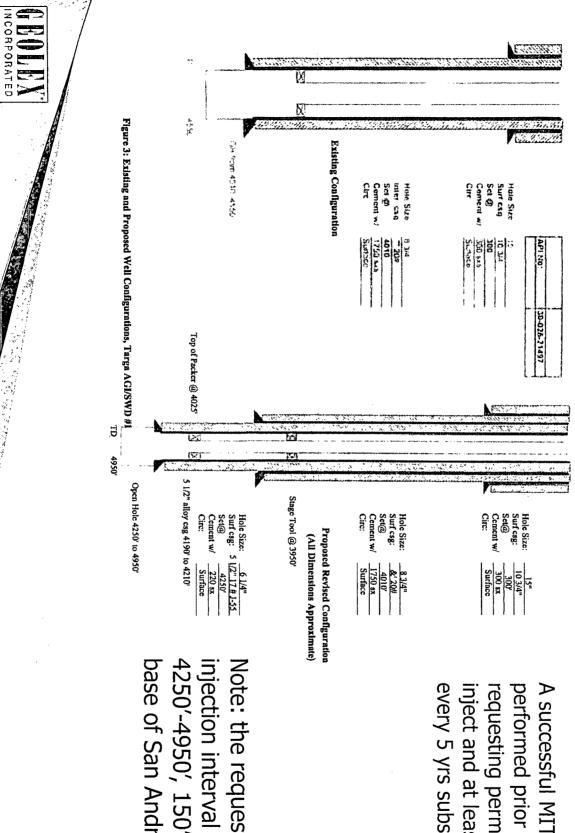


Schematic of Proposed AGI System





Existing and Recompleted Well Configurations

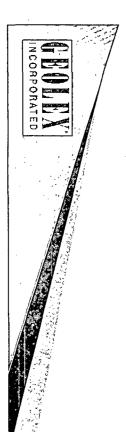


every 5 yrs subsequent performed prior to A successful MIT will be inject and at least once requesting permission to

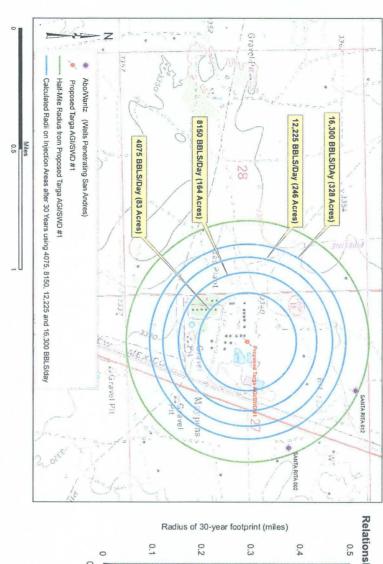
injection interval is 4250'-4950', 150' above Note: the requested base of San Andres

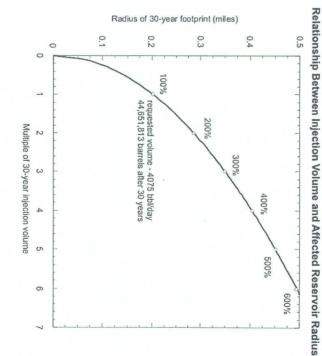
njection Fluid Volume Considerations

- ▶ Initial design for 2500 bbl/d acid gas mixed with up to 1575 bbl/day wastewater and produced water
- This amount is greater than the 1500 bbl/day limit from Order R-5003 issued in 1975 to protect a nearby LPG well
- This limitation is no longer relevant as Targa has plugged the LPG well in 2008



Safety Margins for Calculations of Reservoir Area Affected after 30-Years

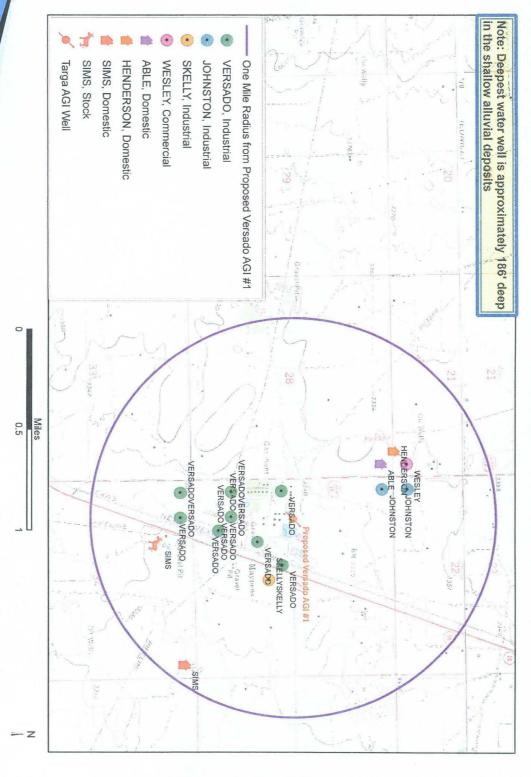




While the simple plug model is an idealized approximation of area affected, the requested rate of 4075 bbl/day for 30-years has a 500% safety margin before reaching the half-mile radius where the first wells penetrating the zone are located



Water Wells in Area of Review





Integrity and Safety of Proposed Summary of Geologic Factors Assuring

- No faults or structural pathways identified in the area of review
- 2 Caprock (Grayburg) is low porosity dolomite and recrystallized limestone which is effective barrier above injection zone
- $\dot{\omega}$ San Andres is preferred injection zone as deeper zones may be productive in adjacent areas
- 4 Proposed injection pressure is well below fracture pressure of reservoir and caprock
- ū demonstrate closed system Injection history of SWD wells in San Andres
- 9 No wellbores penetrated injection zone within the anticipated AGI footprint even after 30 years of injection
- Targa will recomplete and plug back the Langlie Mattix Penrose Sand Unit Well No 252



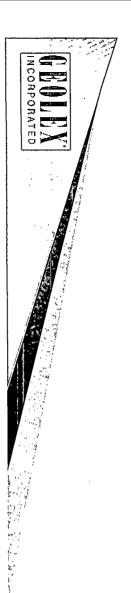
Summary of Well Design Factors Integrity and Safety of Proposed Assuring

- Surface casing set over 100' below deepest fresh water, cemented to surface
- 2 assure the integrity of the base of the production casing exposed New production casing to be set within surface casing and to acid gas in injection zone below the packer cemented to surface with CRA joints at base in which packer will
- Cement bond logs will assure casing seal to formations
- 4 production casing and stabbed into CRA packer with annular space potential tubing leak before it can affect production casing filled with inert fluid (brine) and monitored for pressure to indicate Corrosion resistant fiberglass-lined tubing will be inside the
- 5 designed, permitted and completed by Geolex Alberta, Canada, for many years including 4 such installations leakage problems at similar and deeper zones in SE NM, Texas and Similar designs have been implemented successfully without any

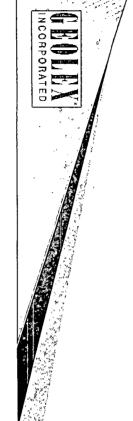


Adjacent Operators and Surface Owner Notification and Notice

- and was provided to all adjacent operators and surface owners within approve the recompletion of the SWD as a combined AGI/SWD well Requested 1 mile radius of proposed well via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Targa's C-108 application details the full information needed to
- Surface owners and operators have confirmed receipt of notice and application link (included as Exhibit 2)
- Notice was published in Lovington Paper as required by NMOCC
- Adjacent operators support project which will allow increased throughput and increase royalties to State of New Mexico
- and Geolex NMOCD Environmental Bureau was provided H₂S Contingency Plan for proposed AGI operation on October 8, 2010 at meeting with Targa



Pre-Hearing Statement



a Mocd Concern A

Langlie Mattix Penrose Sand Unit Well No 252 should be repaired

Targa's Response:

 Reopen and repair well as proposed in Targa's C-108 application



Potential impact on wells penetrating the San Andres outside of the ½ mile radius

- Proposed injection volume after 30 years only extends to 0.2 miles from well
- 500% safety margin is still within ½ mile
- Base of injection zone 150' above "thief zone"
- Injection fluid buffered by San Andres



a voco concerno

Prediction of reservoir area affected is sensitive to model assumptions

- Existing model has 500% safety margin within ½ mile radius
- Confirmatory data collection part of well C-108 application re-completion program as proposed in Targa's



Two Concern D

Existing logs not sufficient to characterize injection zone

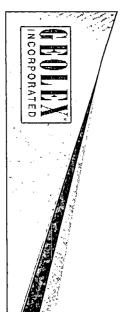
- Full logging program proposed in Targa's C-108 formation porosity application, as part of re-completion, will confirm
- Side-wall cores will be collected to directly measure porosity



NOCD Concern E

Perfect plug-like displacement by injection fluids is unlikely

- Potential uncertainties in simple plug model are well within 500% safety margin
- Confirmatory data will be gathered during well reapplication completion as proposed in Targa's C-108
- Results of analysis will be supplied to NMOCD

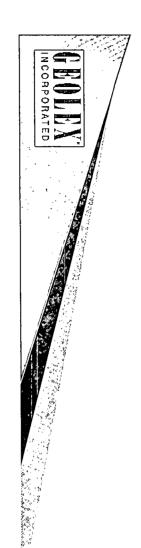


YWOCD Concern F

Additional data gathering

Targa's Response:

 Confirmatory data will be gathered during well application re-completion as proposed in Targa's C-108

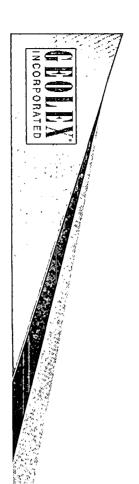


NWOCD Concern G

Vertical safety factor required to protect possible thief zone at base of San Andres — top of Glorieta

Targa's Response:

 Injection interval of 4250'-4950' proposed in factor of safety Targa's C-108 application provides 150' vertical



Y SOCO CONCERN H

Proposed injection volume exceeds 1500 bbl/day limit set by R-5003

Targa's Response:

 This 1975 Order no longer applies since the LPG well was plugged by Targa in 2008

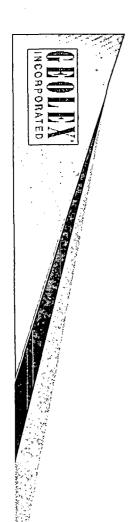


Nuocd Recommendation A

Construction and Testing Requirements

Targa's Response:

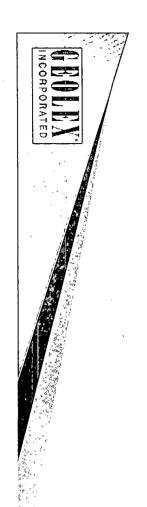
All Construction and Testing Requirements except recommended injection survey, which already included in Targa's C-108 application Targa has agreed to perform following logging



NOCD Recommendation

Operational Requirements

- Order 5003 is no longer applicable
- 0 included in Targa's C-108 application Remaining operational requirements are already

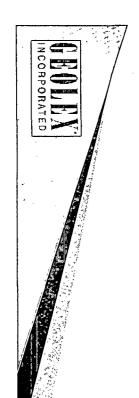


Nuoco Recommendation C

Remedial Work on Langlie Mattix Penrose Sand Unit Well No 252

Targa's Response:

 Remedial work are already included in Targa's C-108 application



NI OCD Recommendation D

Confirm Targa's Compliance with Well Construction and Data Collection

- Targa will provide certification by company officer that all well construction and data collection requirements have been completed prior to injection
- Targa will submit refined calculation of area of year of Targa's certification reservoir affected over injection period within one



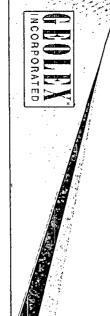
NIVOCO Recommendation E

Amendment to NMOCC Order Confirming Injection Limit

- Predicted area affected has a 500% safety margin
- NMOCC Order should set a maximum of 30 years million barrels, whichever is greater of injection or a cumulative volume of 44.65
- Alternatively, an administrative amendment may volume or permit time limit, if needed be issued to address updated estimate of injection



Surface Owner Comments



Targa's Request for NWOCC Order

- application Test and recomplete well as specified in Targa's C-108
- Inject mixed acid gas and wastewater:
- At a maximum rate of 4075 bbl/day and maximum operating pressure of 1292 psig
- For a duration of 30-years or until a cumulative 44.65 million barrels has been injected, whichever is greater
- Draft Order has been provided to NMOCC Counsel

