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ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORPORATION

NORTHEAST LEA DELAWARE FIELD SPECIAL POOL RULES (CASE 10,653) AND SPECIAL GAS-OIL RATIO (CASE 11,225)

MARCH 16, 1995

**BEFORE THE
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
Santa Fe, New Mexico**

Case Nos. 11225 and 10653 Exhibit No. 8
Consolidated
Submitted by: Armstrong Energy Corporation

Hearing Date: March 16, 1995

**PECOS PETROLEUM ENGINEERING, INC.
ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO**

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**ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORPORATION
NORTHEAST LEA DELAWARE FIELD
HEARING FOR SPECIAL POOL RULES (CASE # 10653)
HEARING FOR SPECIAL GAS-OIL RATIO (CASE #11225)**

March 16, 1995

The Delaware Mountain Group (Bell Canyon, Cherry Canyon and Brushy Canyon) has generally been classified as one common source of supply, subject to the standard 40 acre spacing pattern, standard depth bracket allowable (5000' to 5999'; 107 BOPD) and standard 2000 to 1 GOR limit. Development of the Northeast Lea Delaware Field has shown these Delaware pools can contain a multitude of separate reservoirs, each capable of producing the 107 BOPD allowable. In March 1994 temporary special pool rules were approved, which provided a 300 BOPD allowable for the Northeast Lea Delaware Pool. These special rules are necessary to allow efficient reservoir management and to protect correlative rights.

The Northeast Lea Delaware Field, as presented in Exhibit B-2, has twenty-six (26) producing wells, one (1) plugged well, one (1) Morrow well (Mark Federal #7) which is presently being completed in the Delaware, and one (1) new well drilled by Samson Resources. The list includes all Delaware Wells within a one mile radius of the Mobil Lea State wells and all other wells in the field.

First Sand Characterization

The First Sand, as identified on the type log, Exhibit C, from the Mobil Lea State #2, from 5520' to 5706', is productive or potentially productive in all wells in both pools except the West Pearl State #1 and the Mescalero Ridge Unit #3. The first sand is the main pay in the west side of the field with the Mobil Lea State #5, the West Pearl state #2, the Mark Federal #1, 2, 3, 5 & 6, the North Lea Federal #4, 5, 6, 7, 8 & 9, and the Snow Oil & Gas Company wells producing from this interval. The Armstrong Mobil Lea State #1, 2, 3 and 4 have good shows and log response from this interval and plans are being formulated to complete these intervals in the near future. The West Pearl State #2 was completed in the First Sand in December 1994. The results were disappointing because the reservoir pressure had been drawn down by the Mobil State #1 well. This completion resulted in an increase of 10 BOPD. The Mid Continent Energy, Inc. Mobil State #1 has produced approximately 79,600 barrels of oil from the first sand interval on the far east side of the Northeast Lea Delaware Field.

The First Sand has produced over 886,000 barrels of oil to date from the Northeast Lea Delaware Pool and the daily production is in excess of 800 BOPD. This sand indicates it may have a strong water drive as evidenced by low GOR's and low decline rates. A definite oil-water contact has not been established in the first sand, but water saturations gradually increase to 60% at -2043 in the North Lea Federal #1-Y in the SE/4 of section 10. This sand can be seen on logs of wells located in Sections 11, 15 and 14, indicating a large water leg in relation to the oil column. No gas cap

is present, indicating the reservoir is undersaturated and above bubble point.

The oil column of the first sand covers the SE/SE/4 of Section 4, NE/NE/4 Section 9, N/2 Section 10, N/2S/2 Section 10, S/2 Section 3, SE/4 Section 2, NW/NW/4 Section 11, NW/SE/4 section 2 and SW/NE/4 section 2. With the drilling of the Mark Federal #7 there is a strong indication the first sand may extend north into the N/2 of section 3. The reservoir area of the first sand totals approximately 1200 acres. The productive area of the First Sand covers approximately three times the area of the Third Sand.

Second Sand Characterization

The Second Sand from 5745' to 5840', as identified on the type log, Exhibit C, from the Mobil Lea State #2 log, has good porosity and shows, but has been determined to be wet over this area by tests in the West Pearl State #2 and Mark Federal #5 and #8. This interval produces in the Mallon Oil Company Mescalero Ridge Unit #3, but is an equivalent limestone zone. The Mescalero Ridge Unit #3 has produced 26,000 BO.

Third Sand Characterization

The Third Sand from 5870' to 6048' as indicated on the type log, Exhibit C, from the Mobil Lea State #2 log, is the main producing pay in the east side of the Northeast Lea Field. The North Lea Federal #6 and #10 and the Mark Federal #4 produce from this zone, as well as the Mobil Lea State #1, 2, 3, and 4. The North Lea Federal #5 and #8 produce from a limestone which is equivalent to the Third Sand. An oil-water contact has been established in the third sand at -2269', water saturations start to increase and at -2275' the saturations are over 60% and the zone is considered wet. No gas cap is present, indicating the reservoir was originally undersaturated and above bubble point. The reservoir dips to the South or Southeast at approximately 2 to 2.5 degrees (+/- 200 ft. per mile).

The Third Sand has produced over 569,000 barrels of oil to date and the daily production is in excess of 750 BOPD. This zone is believed to have a strong water drive as evidenced by constant GOR's on wells close to the oil-water contact, stable BHP, flat production rates and Material Balance Analysis. Evidence of this sand can be seen in logs in Section 11, SE/4 of Section 10 and NE/4 of Section 15, indicating an extensive water leg.

The Third Sand produces in N/2/NE/4 Section 10, SE/SE/4 Section 3, SW/4 Section 2, SW/NE/4 Section 2 and NE/NE/4 Section 2. This area totals approximately 400 acres. The Third Sand reservoir covers approximately one third the area the First Sand covers.

Additioal Producing Zones

A Fourth Sand produces in two wells, the North Lea Federal #5 and the SCJ Federal #1. This zone has not been a significant producer in this field. The Mark Federal #7 is testing a Upper Brushy Canyon sand from 7502' to 7512' which swab tested 25 BO per hour.

Producing Zone Summary

Therefore, there are two main sources of supply in the Northeast Lea Delaware Field. The First and Third Sands are the main pay zones and they are separated by the Second Sand, which is wet.

There are four other zones which make a minor contribution to production in these fields, the Second Sand lime equivalent, the Third Sand Lime equivalent, the Fourth Sand, and possibly a Upper Brushy Canyon zone which could be capable of producing over the 107 BOPD allowable.

Producing Characteristics

The First and Third Sands in the Northeast Lea Fields are some what unique among Delaware Reservoirs. Most Delaware Sand reservoirs produce by solution gas drive with minor contributions from water influx. A typical Delaware well has a high initial production rate with a steep decline for the first year. This is flush production generated by the initial stimulation procedure with the primary energy coming from reservoir fluid and rock compressibility. After the flush production is expended and the decline rate moderates bubble point is reached and gas-oil ratios increase. A moderate decline rate is observed for approximately two years, which is related to linear flow around the induced fracture. After producing for a total of three years production stabilizes at a low decline rate for the remaining life of the well, this period occurs when the zone is producing under radial flow conditions.

The good wells producing from the Northeast Lea Delaware field do not exhibit a typical Delaware production decline. The edge wells, with lower permeability, less net pay and less influx of water do exhibit typical production curves. The good wells exhibit constant producing rates, low GOR's, high fluid levels and steady water production. Using the Material Balance Equation to account for compressibility, fluid removal, and gas expansion it becomes evident that a strong water drive is present, which causes constant producing rates, maintains the reservoir pressure above bubble point and consequently keeps gas in solution.

Because of the high quality of the pay in the First and Third sands, almost every well completed in either or both sands is capable or was capable of producing at rates over 100 BOPD. The North Lea Federal #5, 6 and 9, Mark Federal #1 and 5 and Mobil Lea State #1, 2 , 3 and 4 all currently produce at rates in excess of 100 BOPD. The North Lea Federal #4 produced at a rate over 100 BOPD until January 1993, when a casing leak was discovered and subsequently squeezed, this leak resulted in a 30 BOPD drop in production.

Water Production

Water production in the Northeast Lea Field has been characterized by stable rates and in some wells a decrease in water cut. The Mobil Lea State #1 had a initial water cut of 15% and after two years of production the cut is 10%. The Mobil Lea State #2 had an initial water cut of 10 % and still has a 10% cut. During production tests as high as 300 BOPD no increases were seen in the water cuts. We attribute this to the laminated nature of the Delaware Sands, with thin shale beds dispersed throughout the sand body creating barriers to vertical permeability. Therefore, water influx will be from the edge and efficiently displace the oil. The reduction of water cut seen in some wells can be attributed to reduction of mobile water down to the irreducible water saturation.

Water production in the west side of the field has exhibited similar production traits. The North Lea Federal #4 had an initial water cut of 20% and now has a 2% cut. The Mark Federal #1 has exhibited a constant water cut of 40%. A few wells have shown increases in water cut, this can

be attributed to opening additional pay zones, stimulation treatments which went out of zone and wells close to the oil-water contact are starting to see the advancing water front, such as the North Lea Federal #10, Exhibit G-10.

Mobility Ratio

With the presence of a strong water drive the displacement of the oil by the water is important. The calculated mobility ratio between the oil and water is 1.78. This indicates the oil has a tendency to move through the formation almost twice as easily as the water, at the present oil saturation of 55%. Therefore, the oil should be efficiently displaced by the water influx. The Mobility Ratio was derived by determining the mobility of the oil by dividing the percentage permeability to oil at 45% water saturation, 45%, divided by the viscosity of the oil, 1.4 cp. The same calculation was performed to determine the mobility of the water phase. The permeability to water at 45% water saturation is 18% and the viscosity of formation water is 1.004 cp. this results in .45/1.4 divided by .18/1.004, which results in the mobility ratio of 1.78.

The conclusion we arrived at is, water influx will be from the edge of the reservoir and problems associated with coning should not be a major factor in producing these reservoirs because of the laminated nature of the Delaware and the resulting reduction of vertical permeability. Water rates should not increase until the water influx cusps into the producing wells.

Gas-Oil Ratio

The Gas-Oil Ratio exhibited by wells producing from the First and Third sand in the Northeast Lea Delaware Field was initially 375 to 400 cu. ft./bbl. Due to the planned drawdown of the north end of the third sand zone, the Mobil Lea state wells have had an increase in GOR to 2000 to 1. The wells in the First Sand had initial GOR's of 350 to 400 cu.ft./bbl., GOR's have increases to 750 cu.ft./bbl in the past year. This indicates some areas of the first sand are now below the bubble point.

The reduction of reservoir pressure in the north end of the third sand zone will cause this part of the reservoir to be produced under solution gas drive until water influx occurs. Under a typical solution gas drive mechanism the G.O.R. increases as reservoir pressure is drawndown.

The SPE Petroleum Engineers Handbook¹ discusses in detail solution gas drive reservoirs and simulation studies by Mr. R.L Ridings and his conclusions concerning solution gas drive reservoirs. Mr. Ridings concluded:

- 1) "Ultimate recovery is essentially independent of rate and spacing, and agrees closely with recovery predicted by the conventional Muskat method."
- 2) "GOR depends somewhat on rate and spacing. For high rates or close spacing, GOR's initially are higher, but later become lower than a Muskat prediction would indicate. At low rates or wide spacing, GOR behavior approaches a Muskat prediction."
- 3) Computed depletion time agreed closely with conventional analysis (productivity index method) at low pressure drawdown, but differed more for high drawdowns. This is in

qualitative agreement with results obtained by Vogel.

- 4) "Intermittent operation greatly affects instantaneous GOR behavior, but the cumulative GOR is not affected significantly. Also, oil recovery is not affected." This refers to the cumulative oil recovery, not the amount of oil recovered in a given time period.

These conclusions are substantiated by analysis of the material balance equation. All of the variables except the produced gas-oil ration are a function of pressure and the properties of the reservoir fluids. Since the nature of the reservoir fluids are fixed, the recovery is fixed by the PVT properties of the reservoir fluid and produced gas-oil ratio. Since the cumulative GOR is not significantly affected by rate the ultimate recovery will not be significantly affected by the production rate.

Production of the north end of the third sand zone by solution gas drive is the most efficient method of recovery of reserves in the updip portion of the reservoir. By lowering the pressure, gas expansion will move these reserves to the producing wells. Later in the life of the zone water influx will sweep downdip oil to the producers.

A constant GOR is indicative of high bottom hole pressure which keeps the reservoir pressure above the bubble point and does not allow any free gas to form in the reservoir. The wells which have indicated modest increases in GOR, for example the Mark Federal # 2 had an initial GOR of 280 and has increased to 700 and the North Lea Federal #4 had an initial GOR of 350 and has increased to 900. These increases may indicate the bottom hole pressure is at the bubble point close to the wellbores of these wells. There are now two rows of producers between these wells and the influx of water from the South, indicating a possible draw down of pressure in the Northwest quadrant of the First Sand Reservoir.

Bottom Hole Pressure

The initial bottom hole pressure in the First and Third Sands was estimated from Drill Stem Test Data. The pressure gradient is calculated to be .43 psi/ft., which indicates a Bottom Hole Pressure of 2539 psi in the Mobil Lea State #1.

Volumetric Analysis

To make later calculations using the Material Balance Equation, a volume of oil-in-place was calculated using Volumetric Analysis. The reservoir was characterized and digitized, Exhibit F-1, a water saturation is 45% and the oil formation volume factor is 1.24 were used to calculate the OOIP. The resulting calculation indicates there is 5,450,353 barrels of oil in place in the Third Sand Reservoir. A similar calculation, Exhibit D-1, indicates there is 20,925,000 bbls. of OOIP in the First Sand Reservoir.

Third Sand Material Balance Analysis

Using the Material Balance Equation for initially undersaturated oil reservoirs, with an active water drive, above bubble point, we can estimate the volume of reserves recoverable from each drive mechanism. Exhibit H-9 is a model of the third sand reservoir used to determine the effects of pressure and water influx. This model indicates approximately 250,000 BO would be recovered

by the reduction of reservoir pressure to the bubble point. The estimated present status of the reservoir, with a 1300 psi reduction in average reservoir pressure and at the present recovery of 569,000 BO (total voidage is estimated at 1,120,000 barrels) an approximate water influx of 450,000 BW and recovery due to compressibility of 226,000 BO. Daily voidage is approximately 1800 barrels and water influx at this pressure differential is approximately 1500 barrels per day.

Third Sand Reservoir Management Plan

The initial analysis of the Third Sand indicates a reservoir with a strong water drive and the resulting high bottom hole producing pressures, oil in the updip part of the reservoir on the opposite side of the wells from the water influx was essentially trapped and no mechanism was available to move these reserves from this updip position to a producing well. This was attributable to the laminated nature of the reservoir and the reduction of vertical permeability eliminating a bottom water drive and the high bottom hole producing pressures limiting the expansion of the reservoir fluids due to compressibility and gas expansion. Of the 240,000 BO which could be recovered due to expansion of reservoir fluids over half, 120,000 BO, would come from the updip part of the reservoir opposite the water influx and from the area between wells where the water influx cusps toward the producers.

To maximize recovery from the Third Sand a management plan was developed to bring the North end of the reservoir to the bubble point pressure any further reduce the pressure to liberate free gas from solution. This process would be advantageous to recovery of additional reserves in the updip part of the reservoir and areas between wells not swept by the water influx. A gas cap could be formed against the updip permeability pinchout which could efficiently displace reserves from the updip position. In March 1994 producing rates were increased, the resulting increase in GOR's indicated the BHP reached the bubble point. In May 1994 production rates were decreased to maintain BHP in the south part of the reservoir at or above the bubble point. On June 1, 1994 the BHP pressure in the Mobil Lea State #1 was measured at 930 psi. This indicated the reservoir pressure had been lowered as planned and production rates could be used to reduce the BHP. The maximum efficient production rate is determined to be the rate which allows the north end of the field to produce under gas expansion and the south part of the field to take advantage of the water drive and keep the reservoir pressure at the bubble point.

As the pressure is decreased in the north part of the field GOR's will increase. The GOR's have increased from 350 to 400 cu. ft/bbl. to 2000 cu.ft./bbl. GOR's have started leveling out and are not expected to increase above 3000 to 1. A special field rule increasing the allowable GOR to 3000 to 1 will be needed to continue the draw down of the north part of the field.

The Mobil Lea State #3 well was chosen as the control well, BHP measurements have been taken periodically and production rates adjusted to maintain a mid-field reservoir pressure above the bubble point. a history of these measurements is presented in Exhibit H-7. Presently the BHP is believed to be above 2000 PSI in the Southern water leg, 1300 psi in the middle of the zone and approximately 600 psi in the north end of the zone. A representation of this pressure gradient is presented in Exhibit H-8.

Water influx is estimated by the Material Balance Equation, and compares to actual field results.

Because of a thinning and reduced reservoir quality along a line running just west of the north-south section line, the Third Sand is divided into two fingers, considering the production in each finger and predicting the advancement of the water front, production histories match the model. The water front is predicted to be almost to the North Lea Federal #6 and 10 wells. These wells have shown an increase in water production in the past few months. The water front is predicted to still be south of the Mobil Lea State #3 and 4 wells, they have not seen any increase in water production.

It is planned to continue drawing down the north end of the third sand zone to recover the maximum amount of reserves due to solution gas drive. Withdrawal will be regulated to maintain the reservoir at bubble point in the south part of the zone. Water influx will continue sweep oil to the updip wells. Ultimate recovery from the third sand reservoir is estimated to be greater than 27% of the original-oil-in-place.

Correlative Rights

Correlative rights of all producers in this pool would be better served with a higher allowable. Because of the need for rates in excess of 100 BOPD, per zone, to manage these reservoirs to maximize recovery, higher allowables would allow each operator to produce their wells at an optimum rate. Under the present allowable system the operators can not manage their reservoirs to maximize recovery and compete with offset operators in all of the different pay zones. For example, the First Sand is being produced in some wells and the Third Sand in other wells, this leads to depletion of a reservoir before an operator has a chance to produce the zone on his lease.

We therefore respectfully request permanent field rules to allow a 300 BOPD allowable which would provide a mechanism to maximize recoveries of oil and gas and protect correlative rights.

1 Bradley, Harold B.: Petroleum Engineers Handbook, Society of Petroleum Engineers, Richardson, Texas (1987), p. 37-21.

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<p>Drg 6. Marg Peterson (P.T. Balog, et al) U.S. 57285 P109 0.4 DFB 08 2/17/59</p> <p>Expo. (P.T. Balog, et al) U.S. 57285 P109 0.4 Fed. 57285 P109 0.4</p> <p>Strata Prod. U.S. 57285 Fed. U.S.</p> <p>Strata Prod. U.S. 57285 Fed. U.S.</p>	<p>WO P41</p> <p>Marg Peterson (P.T. Balog, et al) U.S. 57285 P109 0.4 Fed. 57285 P109 0.4</p> <p>Strata Prod. U.S. 57285 Fed. U.S.</p> <p>Mallon (P.B.) PSQ (Devon Ener.) 6 HBU 052 11 096</p>	<p>62</p> <p>180</p> <p>NORTHEAST LEA-DELAWARE POOL Lea County, New Mexico</p> <p>Order No. R-8233, June 1, 1986, Establishing Pool, as Amended by Order No. R-8340, November 1, 1986; Order No. R-9843, March 1, 1993; Order No. R-10072, March 10, 1994; Order No. R-10177, September 1, 1994.</p>	<p>Hanson Mescalero Ridge Unit TD 5160</p> <p>Stevens Sup. Fed. TO 5092 SWB 597</p> <p>Gulf Lgo. St. 2003</p> <p>TOCO, LLC Lea, St. 105 1 099</p>
<p>T-19-S. R-34-E SE/4 Sec. 35.</p> <p>T-20-S. R-34-E Sec. 2; S/2 Sec. 3; SE/4 Sec. 4; NE/4 Sec. 9; (W/2, NE/4 Sec. 10.)</p>	<p>15 M.Peterson (P.T. Balog, et al) Mallon Fee 10 0</p>	<p>Devon Ener., et al TD 5197 S.I. (W.O.) 6 Dual (Hanson Oil) 052</p>	<p>Mallon Oil, et al F 605 P10</p>
<p>Hudson Read & Stevens Hudson</p>	<p>15 M.Peterson (P.T. Balog, et al) Mallon Fee 10 0</p>	<p>Mescalero Ridge Unit Xene 3900 10016 16 1 16</p>	<p>Mallon (P.B.) F 605 P10</p>
<p>ginal. 1.5</p>	<p>QUAIL RIDGE-DELAWARE POOL Lea County, New Mexico</p>	<p>Order No. R-8901, April 1, 1989, Establishing Pool, as Amended by Order No. R-9472, April 1, 1991; Order No. R-9646, April 1, 1992; Order No. R-9843, March 1, 1993; Order No. R-9937, August 1, 1993.</p>	<p>Order No. R-8901, April 1, 1989, Establishing Pool, as Amended by Order No. R-9472, April 1, 1991; Order No. R-9646, April 1, 1992; Order No. R-9843, March 1, 1993; Order No. R-9937, August 1, 1993.</p>
<p>D Pool abolished by Order No. R-10072, March 10, 1994.</p>	<p>R.S. Hanagan Sia-Fed.</p>	<p>Driscoll (P.B.) 1 (P.B.) 1</p> <p>PUL-E (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p> <p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p> <p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p> <p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p> <p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p> <p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
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<p>2 27 59 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>F. Common, et al) 1/2 (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>11/10, 1/2) 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>41 4 UFST (47 MILS)</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>U.S.</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>Steve Sell 5.1.99 V.4364 8125</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>B.P. B-154</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>exaco</p>	<p>1/4 1/4, - (B.Fenn) Powell Fed. Del. Disc.</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>	<p>TD 5278 (Mobil) 1 (Mobil) 1</p>
<p>16 MAP</p>	<p>15</p>	<p>16 NORTHEAST LEA DELAWARE FIELD MAP</p>	<p>EXHIBIT B-1</p>

DELAWARE WELLS LOCATED IN THE NORR1 HEAS, LEA FIELD AND WELL TEST

OPERATOR	WELL NAME	LOCATION	PERFORATIONS	
			UPPER	LOWER
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #1	K-2-T20S-R34E	5890	5930 3rd SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #2	L-2-T20S-R34E	5890	5930 3rd SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #3	M-2-T20S-R34E	5918	5946 3rd SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #4	N-2-T20S-R34E	5910	5940 3rd SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #5	E-2-T20S-R34E	5910	5940 1st SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	W.PEARL ST. #1	A-2-T20S-R34E	5890	5910 3rd SAND
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	W.PEARL ST. #2	G-2-T20S-R34E	5928	5948 3rd SAND
			5744	5805 2nd SAND, WET
			5596	5610 1st SAND DECEMBER 1994
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #4	D-10-T20S-R34E	5618	5651 1st SAND CASING LEAK 4059-4090
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #5	C-10-T20S-R34E	6058	6078 4th SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #6	B-10-T20S-R34E	5636	5668 1st SAND 3rd SAND LIME EQUIVELENT CASING LEAKS, 4399-4248 & 3892-4029
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #7	G-10-T20S-R34E	5900	5920 3rd SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #8	F-10-T20S-R34E	5602	5656 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #9	H-10-T20S-R34E	5514	5548 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #10	A-10-T20S-R34E	5942	5962 3rd SAND, WET
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #1	M-3-T20S-R34E	5620	5674 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #2	N-3-T20S-R34E	5556	5592 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #3	O-3-T20S-R34E	5934	5960 3rd SAND LIME EQUIVELENT
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #4	P-3-T20S-R34E	5636	5660 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #5	K-3-T20S-R34E	5892	5904 LIME, WET
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #6	L-3-T20S-R34E	5610	5676 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #7	J-3-T20S-R34E	5644	5664 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #8	I-3-T20S-R34E	5610	5640 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.			5628	5680 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.			5534	5546 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.			5912	5922 3rd SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.			5650	5670 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.			5652	5674 1st SAND
READ & STEVENS INC.				1st SAND, MORROW WELL
READ & STEVENS INC.			6030	6038 4th SAND, WET
READ & STEVENS INC.			5910	5986 3rd SAND, WET
READ & STEVENS INC.			5698	5727 2nd SAND, WET
READ & STEVENS INC.			5548	5572 1st SAND, MORROW TEST, SHOW IN DELAWARE
	HUDSON FEDERAL #1	H-4-T20S-R34E		

OPERATOR	WELL NAME	LOCATION	LIMA, LIMA, LIMA	
			UPPER	LOWER
MALLON OIL COMPANY	MESCALERO RIDGE #3 P-35-T19S-R34E	5780	5805	2nd SAND LIME EQUIVELENT
MID-CONTINENT ENERGY	MOBIL ST #1	J-2-T20S-R34E	5625	5695 1st SAND
SPECTRUM 7 EXPL.	MOBIL STATE #2	N-2-T20S-R34E	5698	5716 1st SAND P/A, -2081'
SNOW OIL & GAS INC.	FED. SCJ #1	A-9-T20S-R34E	5662	5682 1st SAND
SNOW OIL & GAS INC.	POWELL FED. #1	P-4-T20S-R34E	6075	6100 4th SAND
SNOW OIL & GAS INC.	UNION "A" FED. #2	K-10-T20S-R34E	5658	5674 1st SAND
SNOW OIL & GAS INC.			5660	5690 1st SAND
SAMSON RESOURCES	#5 FEDERAL	E-11-T20S-R34E		3 RD SAND WET, TESTING FIRST SAND
MALLON OIL COMPANY	#1 MALLON "34" FED. D-34-T190S-R34	5094	5138	GRAYBURG IPP 50 BO, 100 BWPD, 9/27/94
MALLON OIL COMPANY	#2 MALLON "34" FED. A-34-T190S-R34	5878	5946	DELAWARE IPP 192 BO, 768 BWPD, 10/22/94
MALLON OIL COMPANY	#3 MALLON "34" FED. I-34-T190S-R34	5842	5882	DELAWARE IPP 254 BO, 80 BW, 80 MCF, 11/23/94

NORTHEAST LEA DELAWARE FIELD PRODUCTION
THROUGH 12-31-94

OPERATOR	WELL NAME	1 st SAND			3 rd SAND		
		OIL	GAS	WAVER	OIL	GAS	WATER
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #1				122,122	90,020	9,188
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #2				98,481	97,450	8,211
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #3				63,952	66,136	9,697
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #4				50,535	62,520	3,200
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	MOBIL LEA ST. #5	4,373	3,184	1,687	9,697		
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	W.PEARL ST. #1				38,087	24,447	5,123
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.	W.PEARL ST. #2	300	120	0	16,993	9,661	20,351
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #4	81,668	34,189	299			
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #5	119,668	57,441	9,580			
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #6				95,807	29,681	104,056
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #7	70,972	28,285	51,401			
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #8	40,629	22,289	71,062			
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #9	64,663	25,620	63,039			
READ & STEVENS INC.	N. LEA FED. #10				43,398	30,526	56,192
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #1	145,292	68,963	7,854			
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #2	125,161	45,056	121			
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #3	33,000	15,983	36,499			
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #4				28,983	14,754	2,981
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #5	47,904	13,700	22,874			
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #6	19,367	13,676	24,059			
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #7				1,360	1,774	10,903
READ & STEVENS INC.	MARK FED. #8						
MALLON OIL COMPANY	MESCALERO RIDGE #3						
MID-CONTINENT ENERGY	MOBIL ST #1	79,633	62,060	1,054			
SPECTRUM 7 EXPL.	MOBIL STATE #2						
	FED. SCJ #1	3,176	100	3,105			
	POWELL FED. #1	46,676	23,970	583			
	UNION "A" FED. #2	4,356	135	9,376			
TOTAL		886,838	414,771	302,593	569,415	426,969	229,902
1 st SAND ESTIMATED OOIP, BBLS							
1 st SAND ESTIMATED OGP, MCF		20,925,000	4.24%	5.29%			
7,846,875							
3 rd SAND ESTIMATED OOIP, BBLS							
3 rd SAND ESTIMATED OGP, MCF		5,450,353					
2,043,882							
					10.45%		
					20.89%		

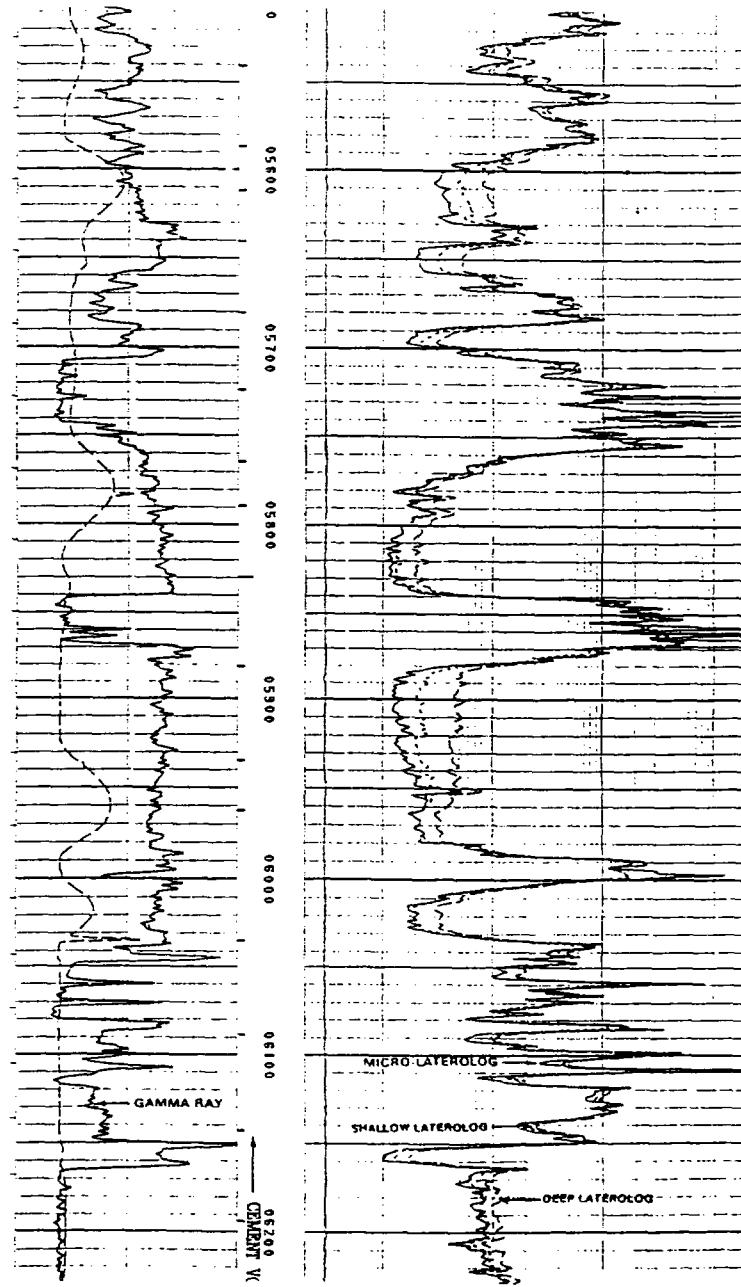
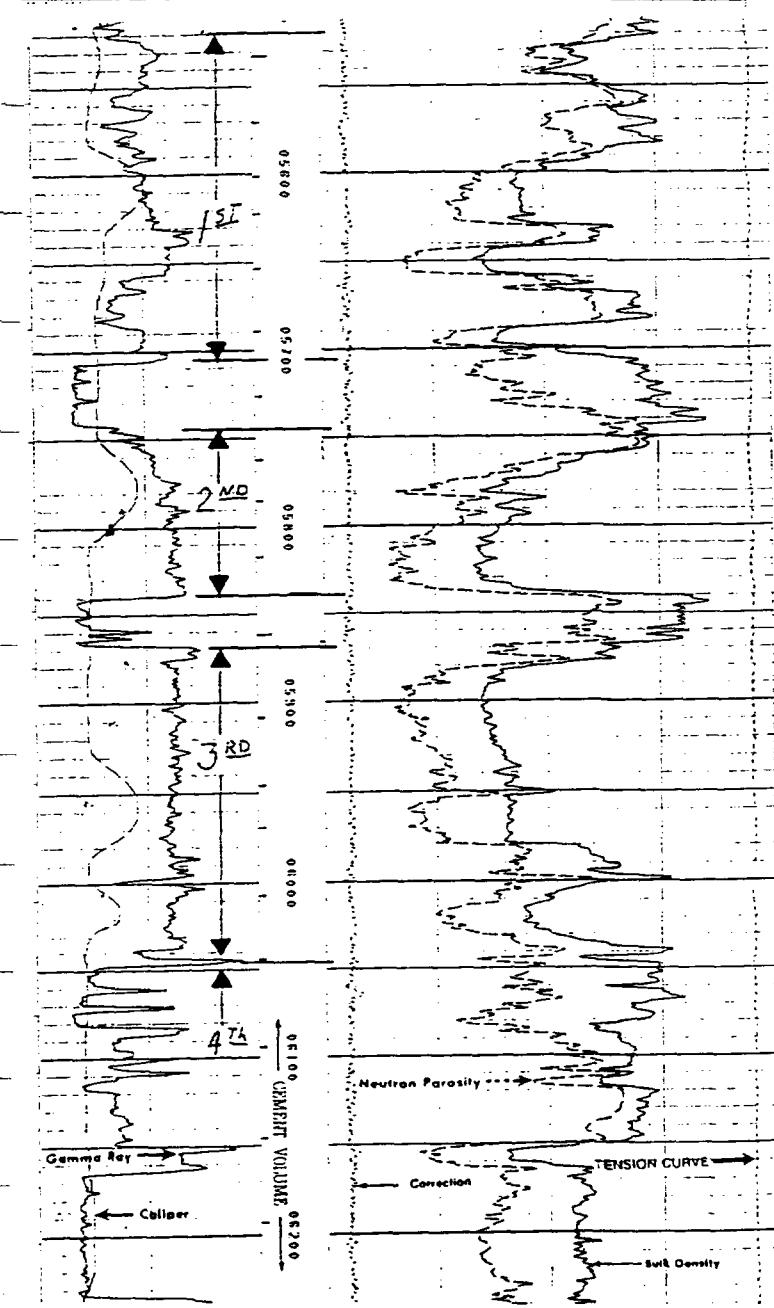
EXHIBIT B-3

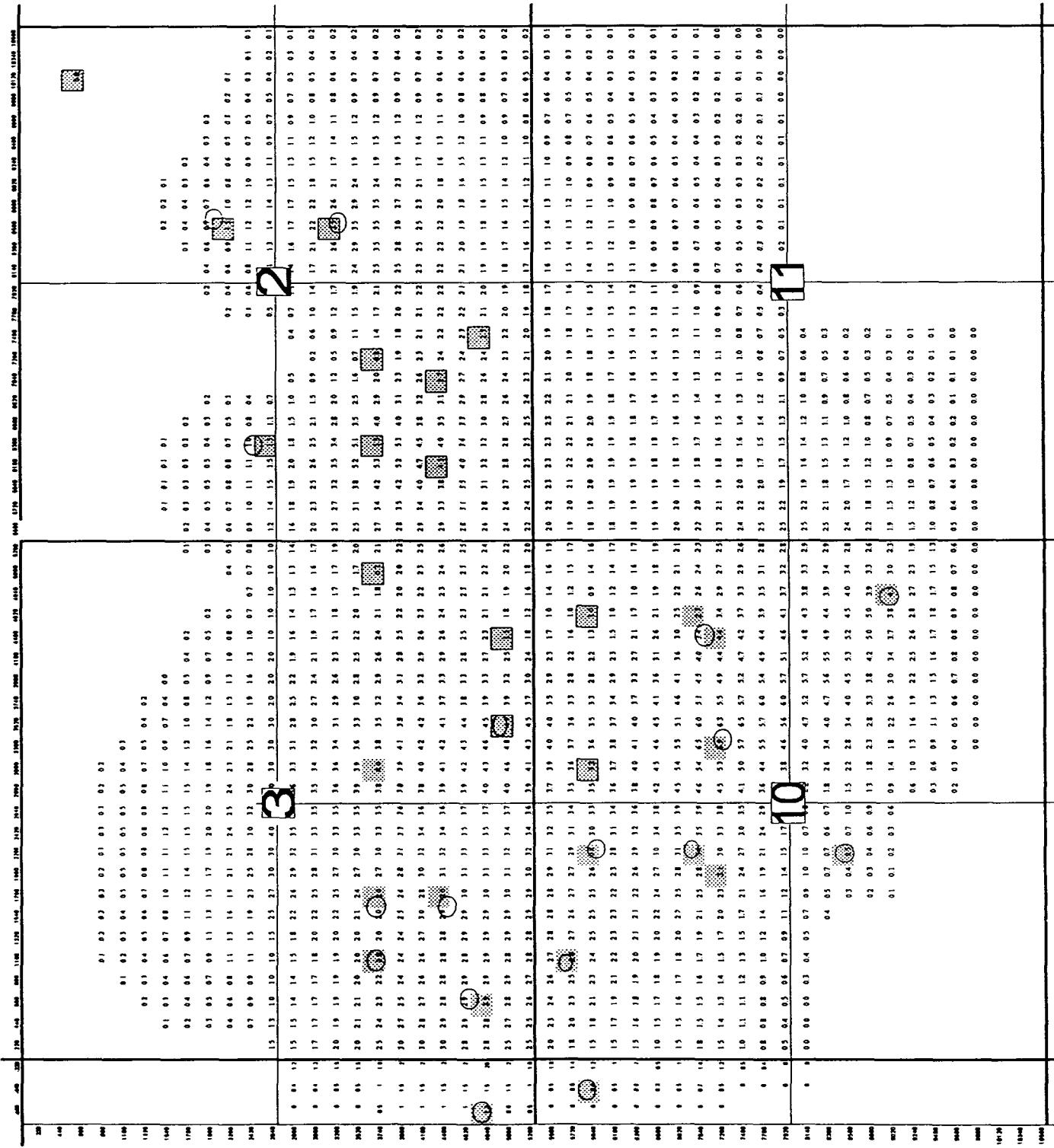
ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.

TYPICAL LOG NORTHEAST LEA FIELD LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

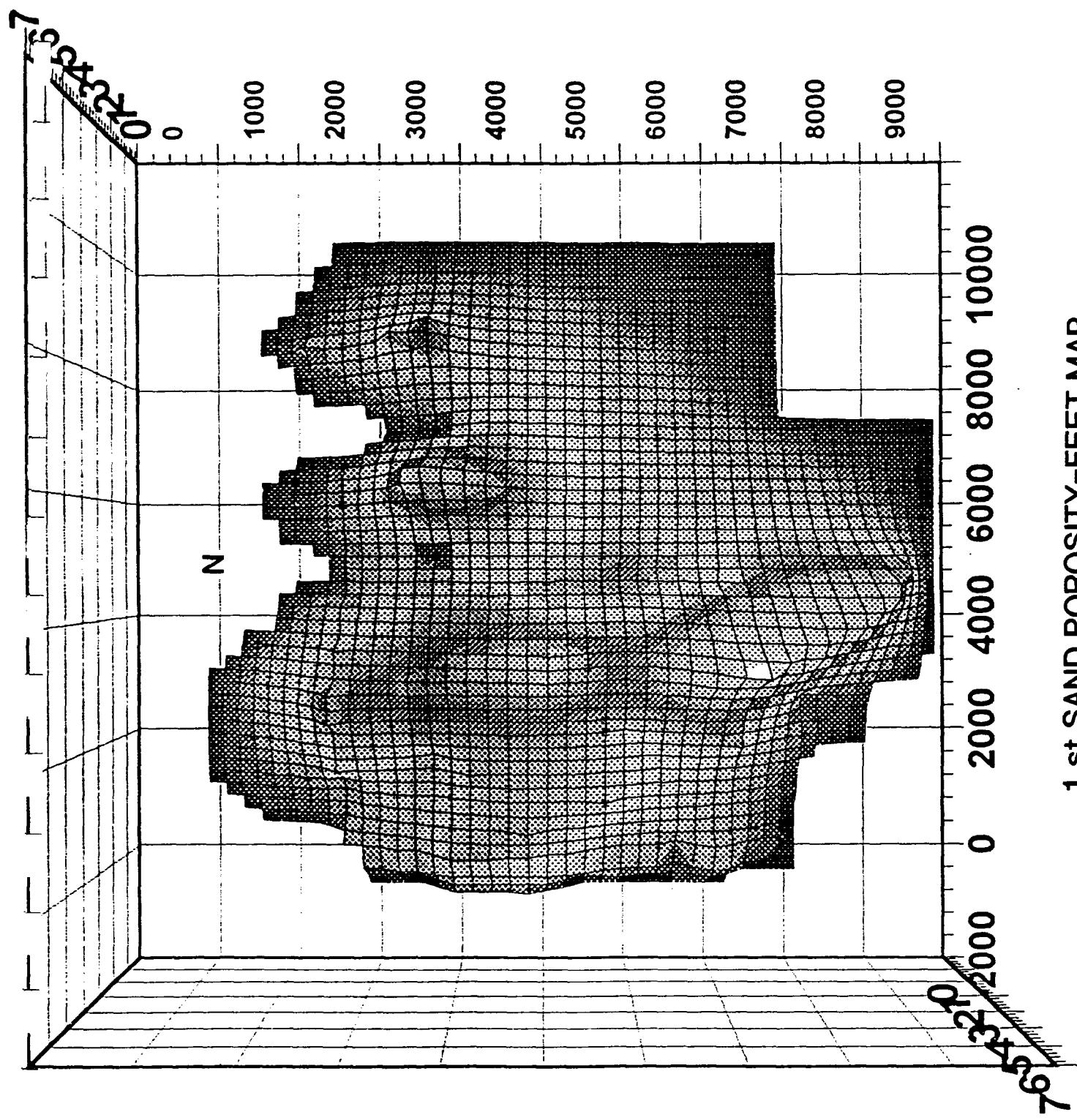
EXHIBIT C

 ATLAS WIRELINE SERVICES <small>WE SERVE THE AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL MARKET</small>		COMPENSATED T-DENSLOG COMPENSATED NEUTRON GAMMA RAY & CALIPER	
1011-80 7/14 4014 114-0 COMPANY LEA		COMPANY: ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORPORATION STATE: MOBIL LEA STATE NO. 2 N.E. LEA DELAWARE LEA COUNTY: SOUTHERN NEW MEXICO	
FINAL PRINT 510-2		DRILLING: 1000' - 150' X 1000' - 150' DRAULIC: 1000' - 150' RIG: 144-1 LOG NUMBER: 11111111 DATE: 10/10/85 DEPTH: 1000' FROM SURFACE	
		0100' 0200' 0300' 0400' 0500' 0600' 0700' 0800' 0900' 1000'	

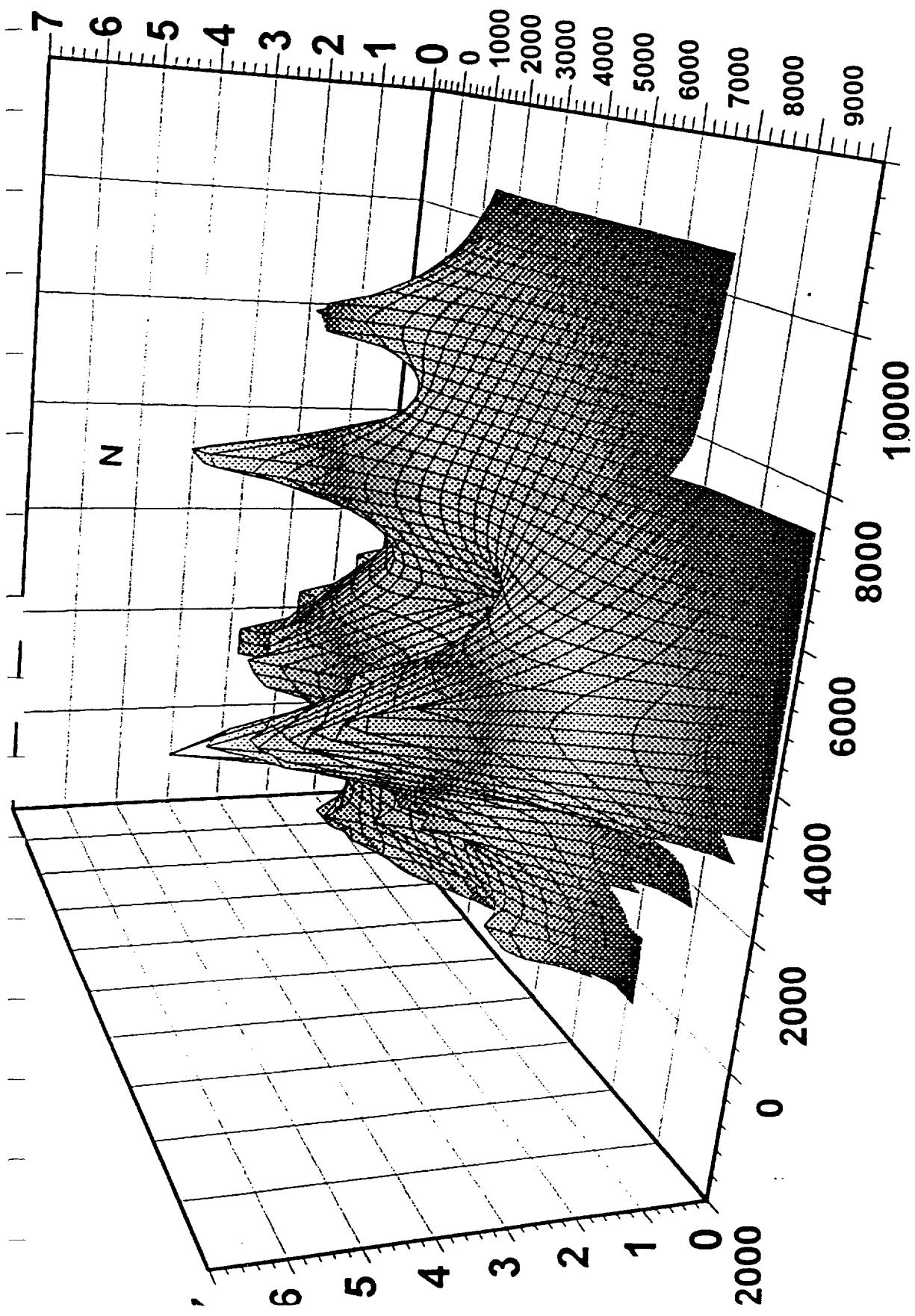




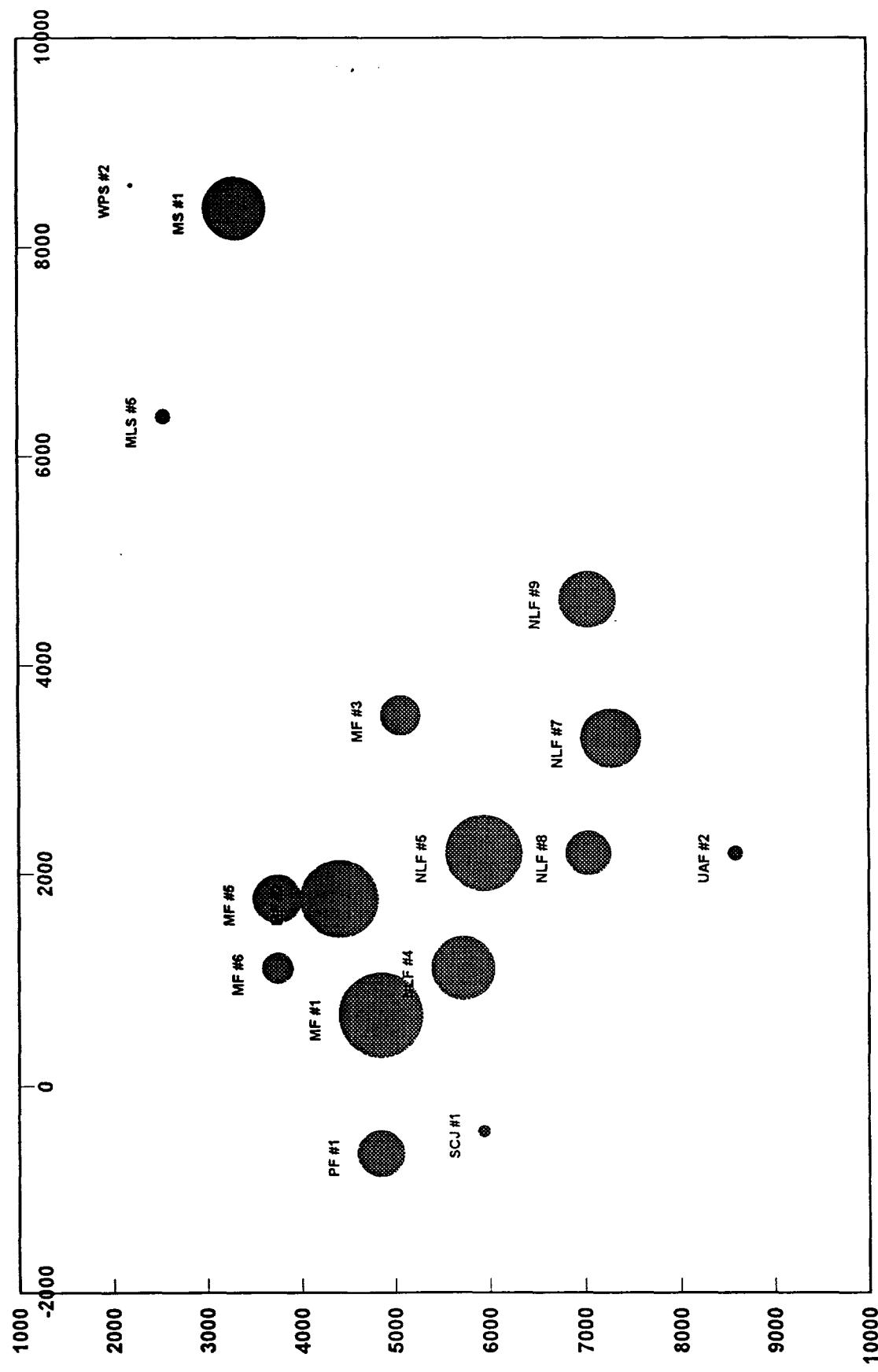
1st SAND POROSITY-FEET MAP



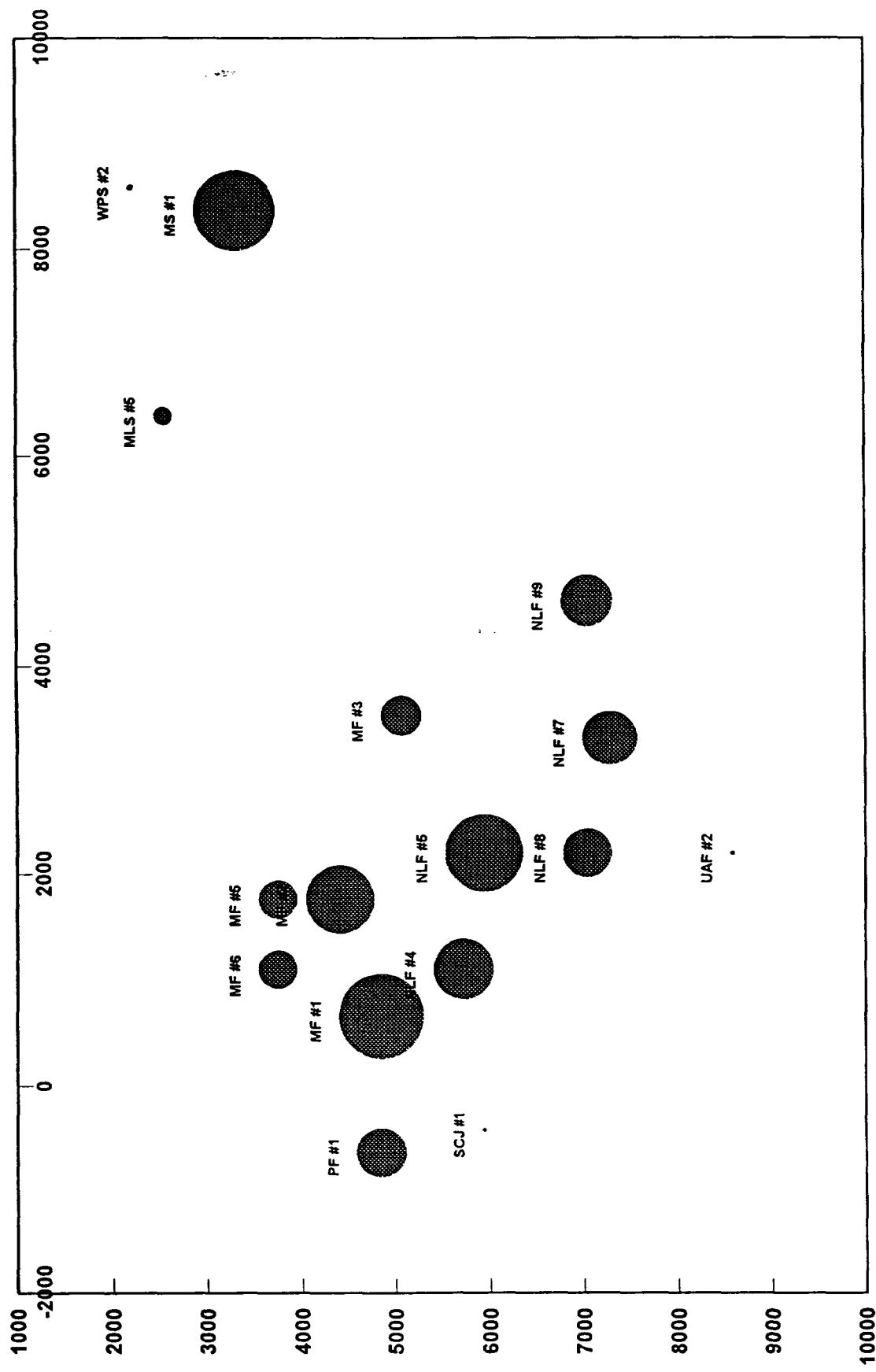
1 ST SAND POROSITY-FEET MAP



1st SAND OIL PRODUCTION



1st SAND GAS PRODUCTION



1st SAND WATER PRODUCTION

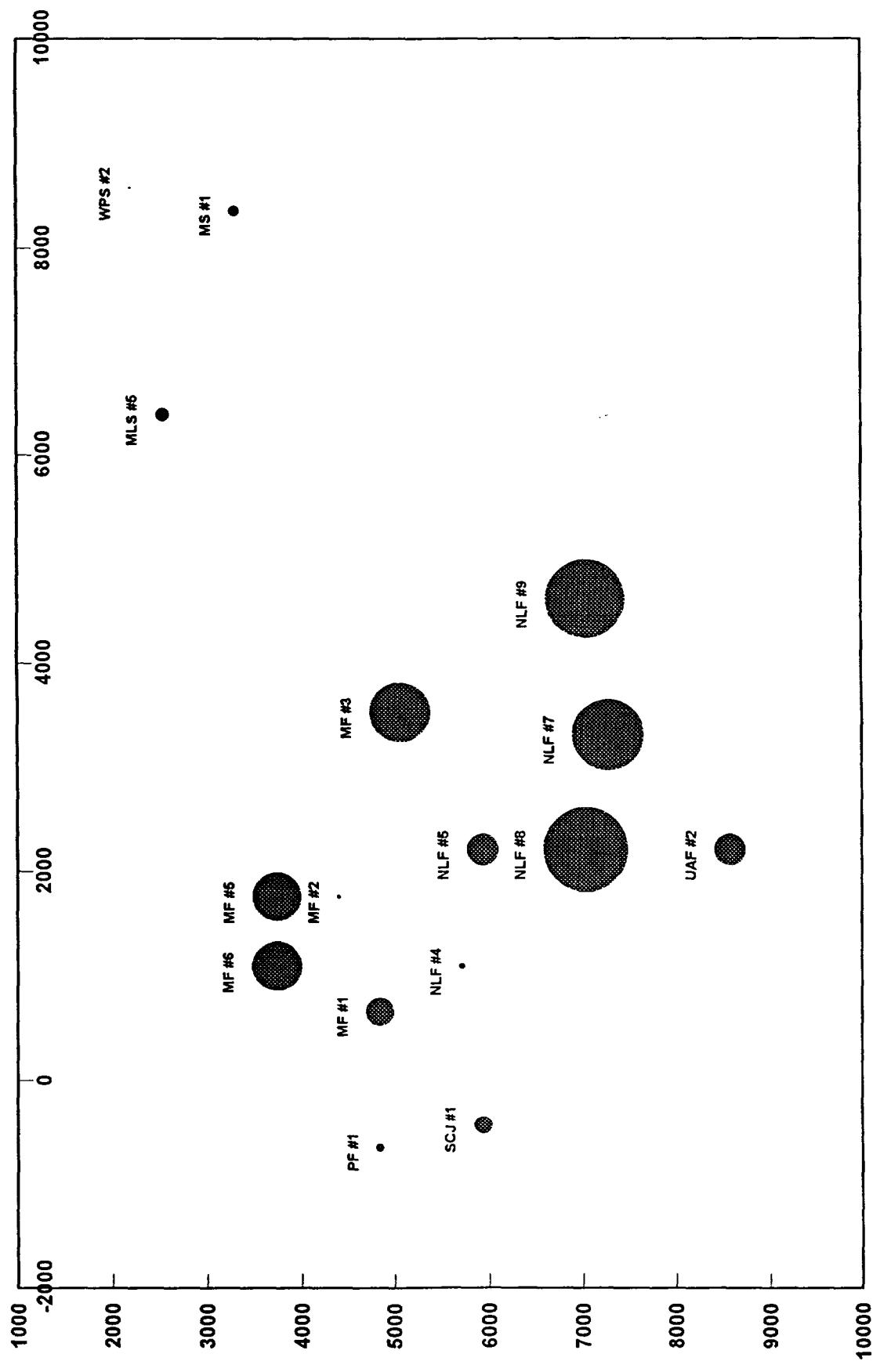


EXHIBIT D-7

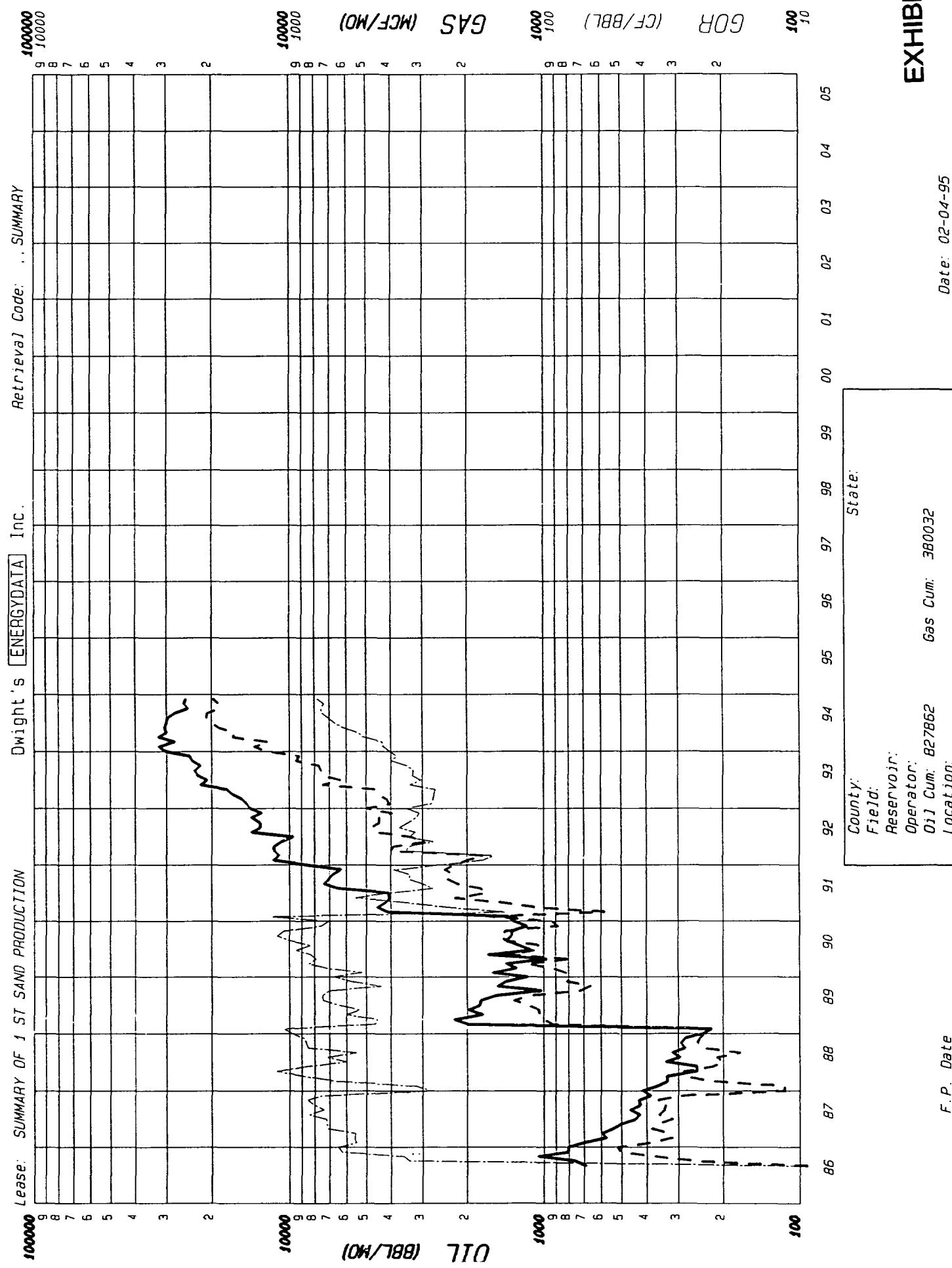


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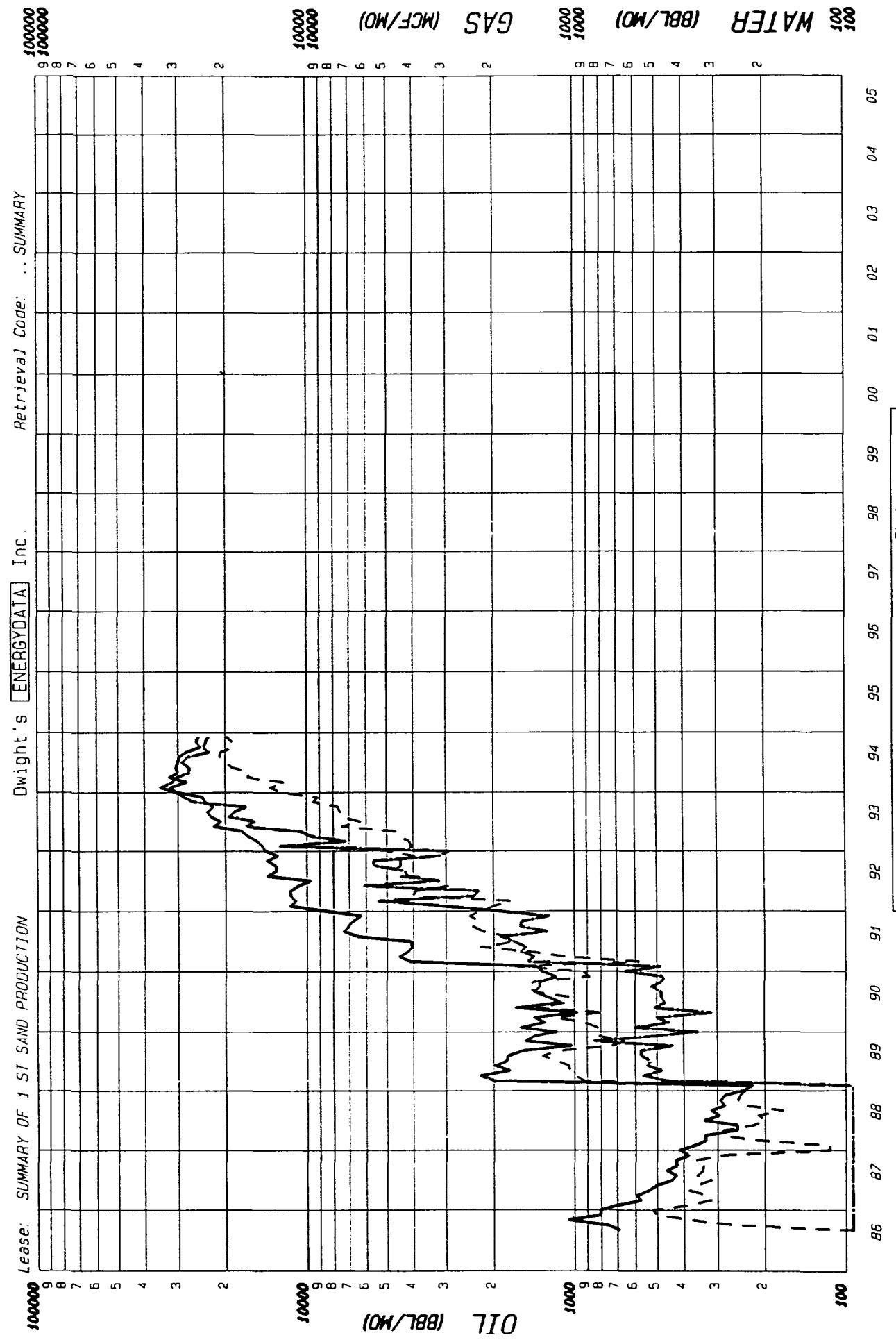
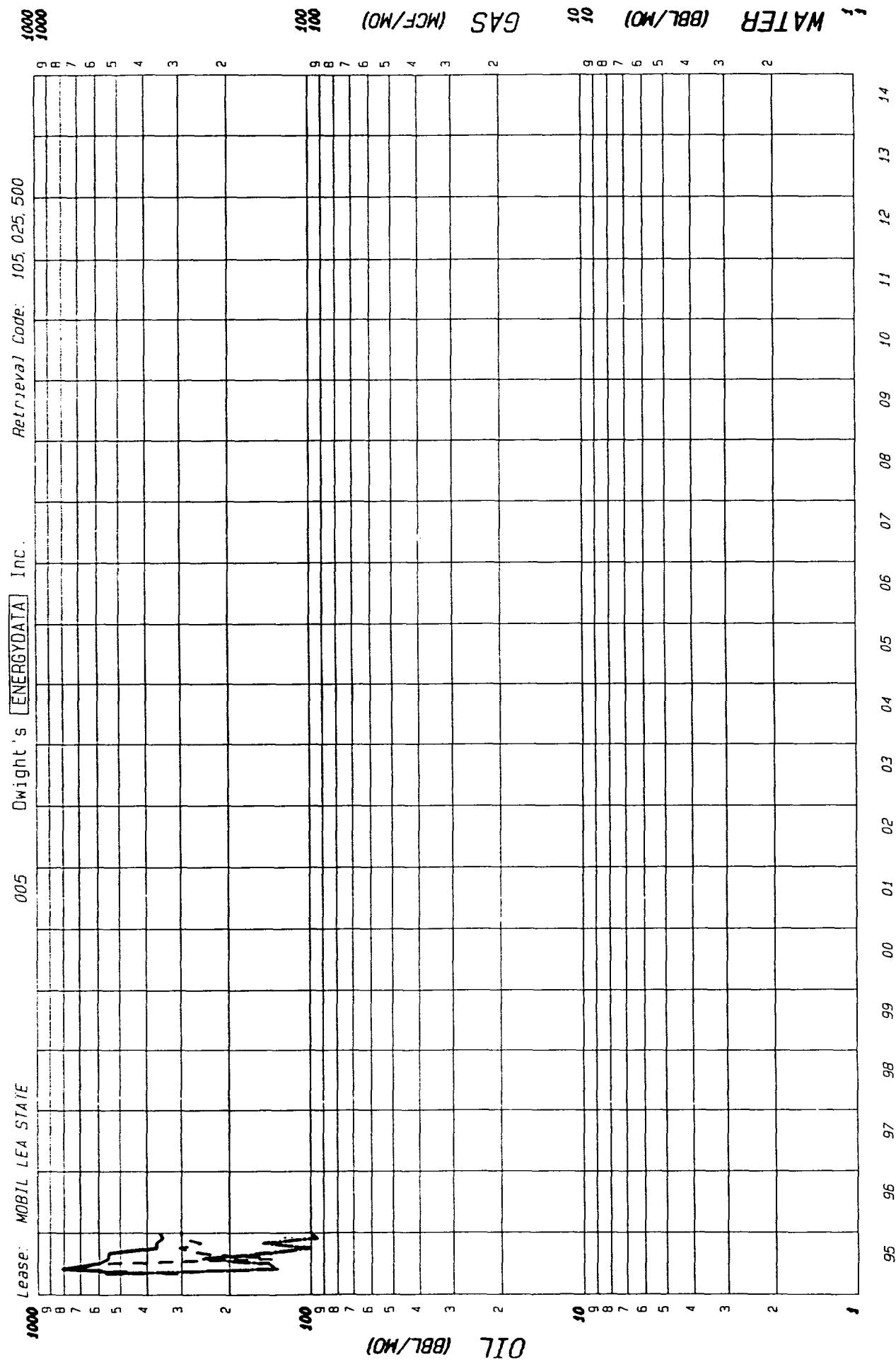
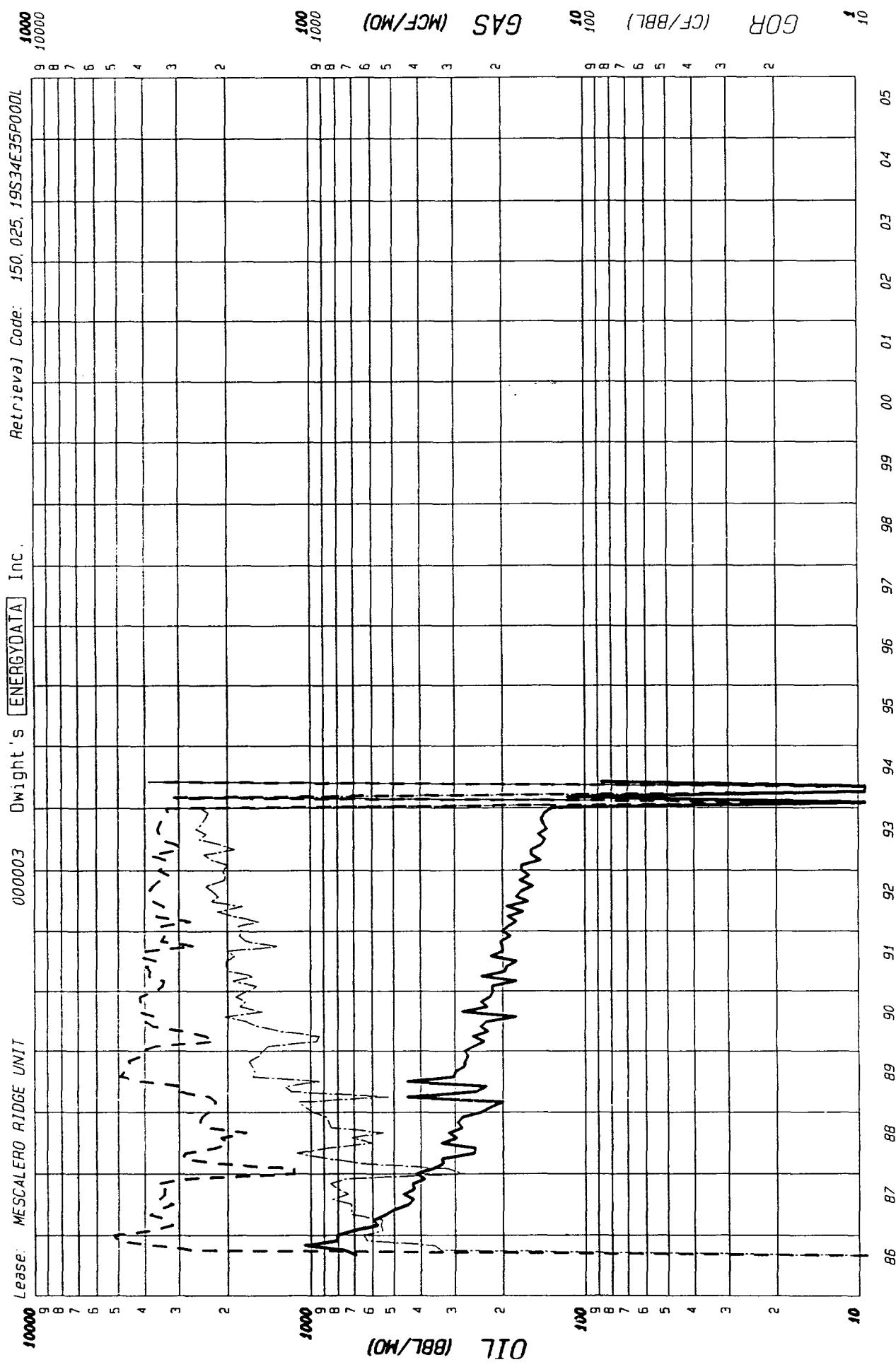


EXHIBIT E-1



County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	LEA NE (DELAWARE) DL		
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.		
Oil Cum:	4373	Gas Cum:	3184
Location:	2E 20S 34E		

EXHIBIT E-2

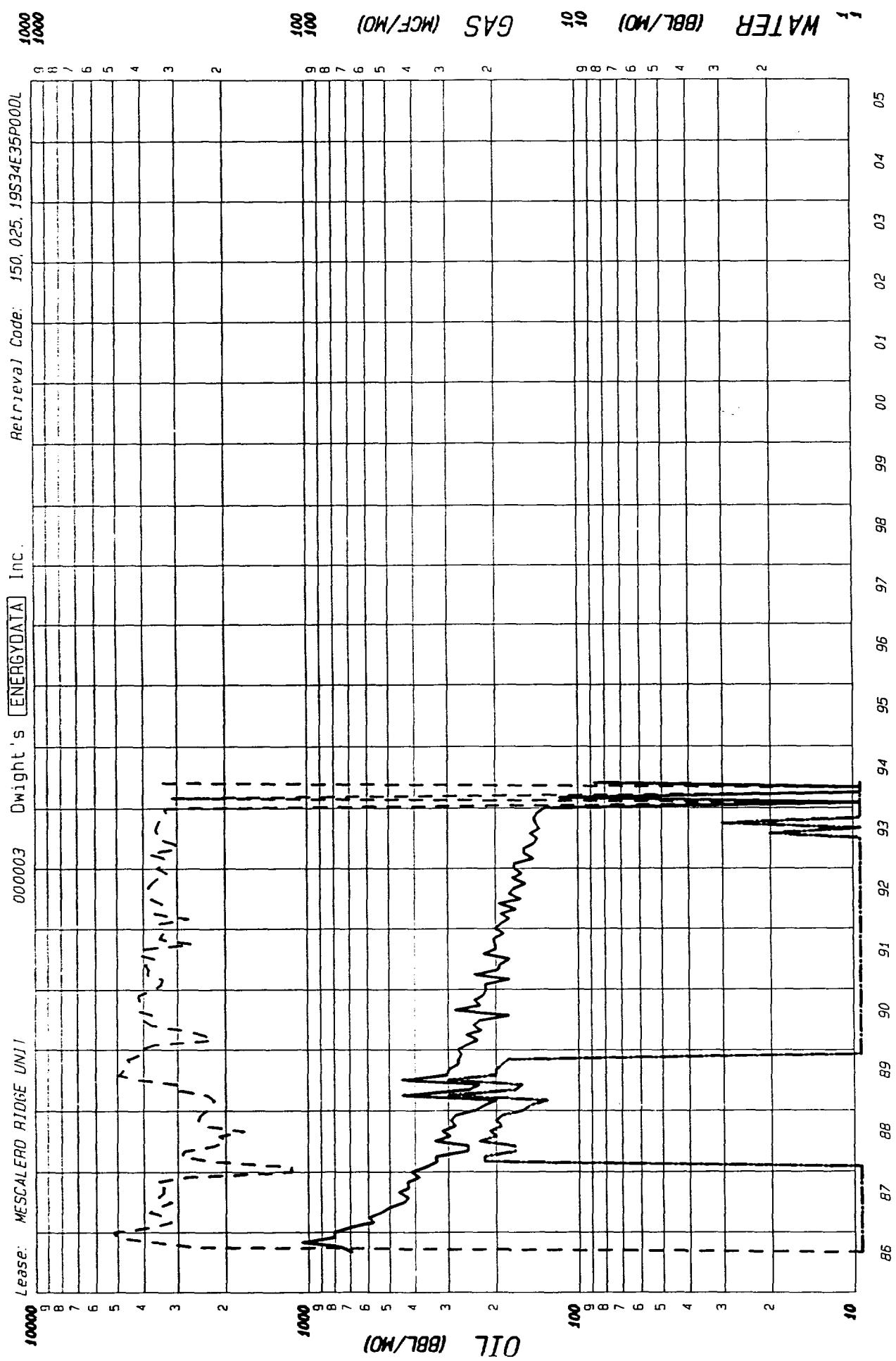


County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	LEA NE (DELAWARE) DL		
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	MALLON OIL CO		
Oil Cum:	26330	Gas Cum:	30182
Location:	35P 19S 34E		

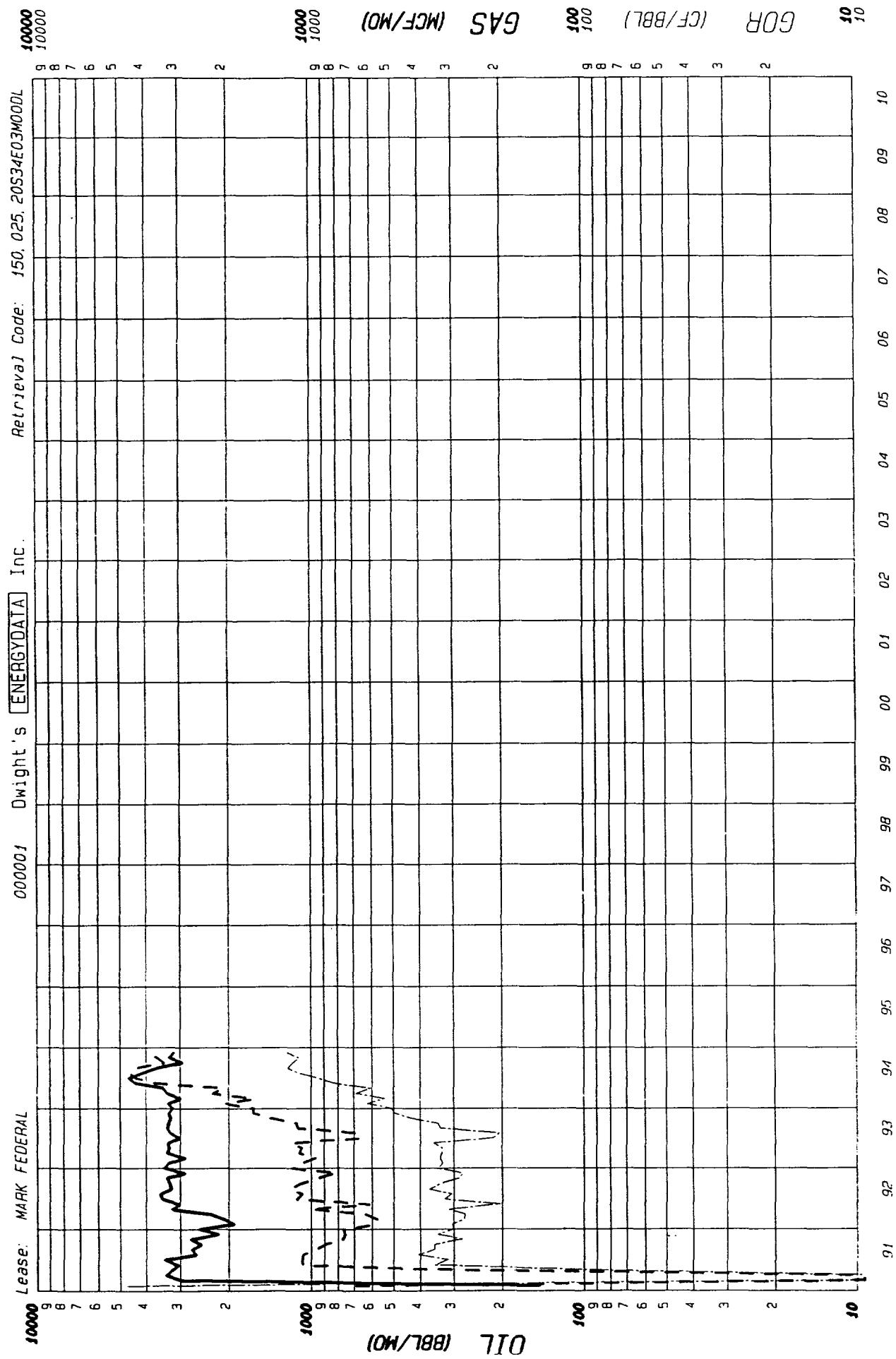
F.P. Date 08-86

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-3



County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	LEA NE (DELAWARE) DL		
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	MALLON OIL CO		
Oil Cum:	26330	Gas Cum:	30182
Location:	35P 19S 34E		



County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	RAND S STEVENS INC
Oil Cum:	14292	Gas Cum:	61963
Total Oil:	1M BBL	Total Gas:	1MMcf

LEASE: MARK FEDERAL

0000001 Dwight's ENERGYDATA Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150, 025, 20534E03M0DL

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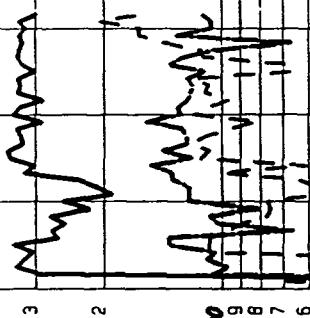
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County: LEA Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir: DELAWARE Operator: READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum: 11225B Gas Cum: 36493
Location: 3M 20S 34E

F P Date 01-91

EXHIBIT E-5

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-6

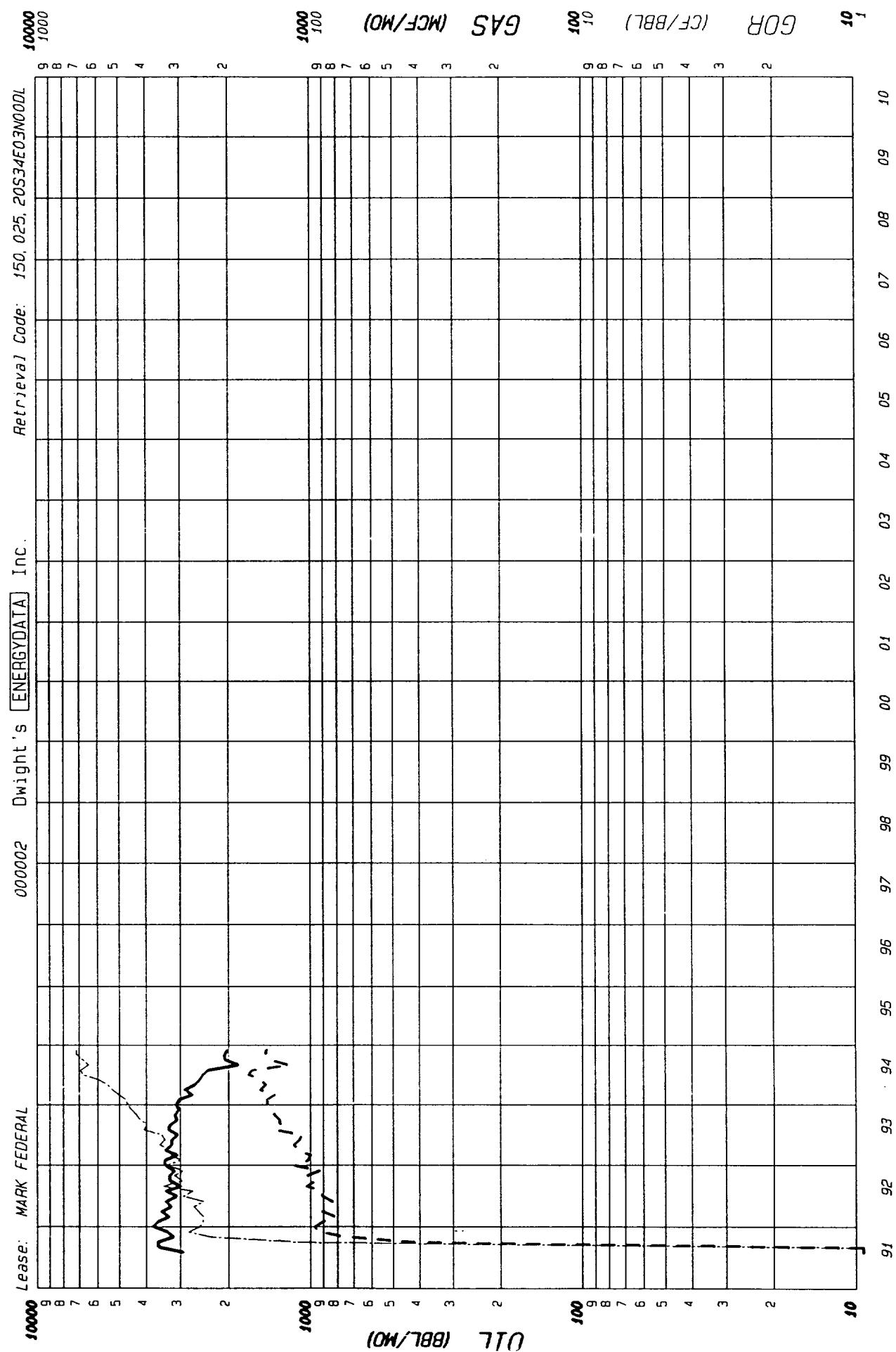
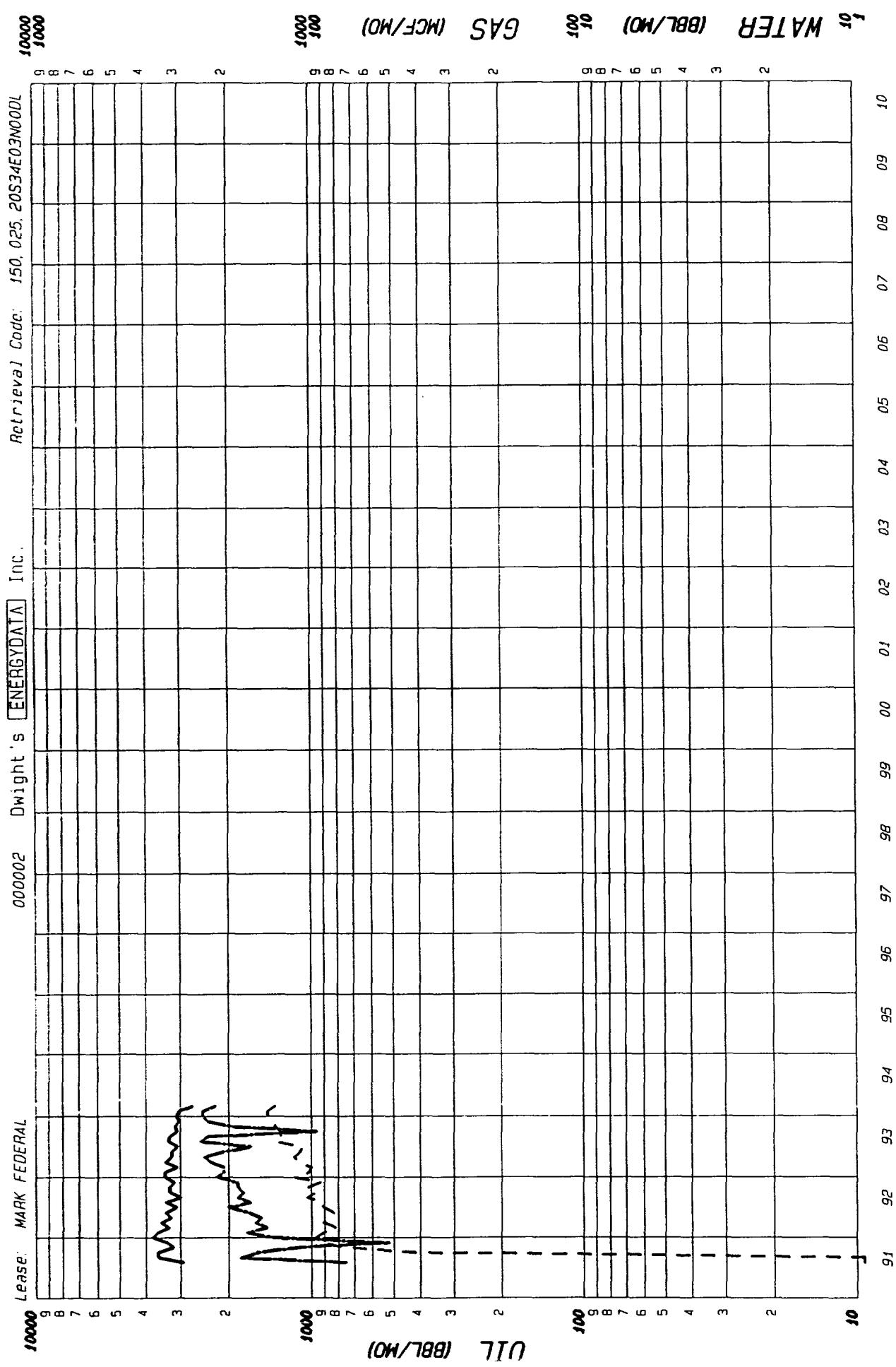


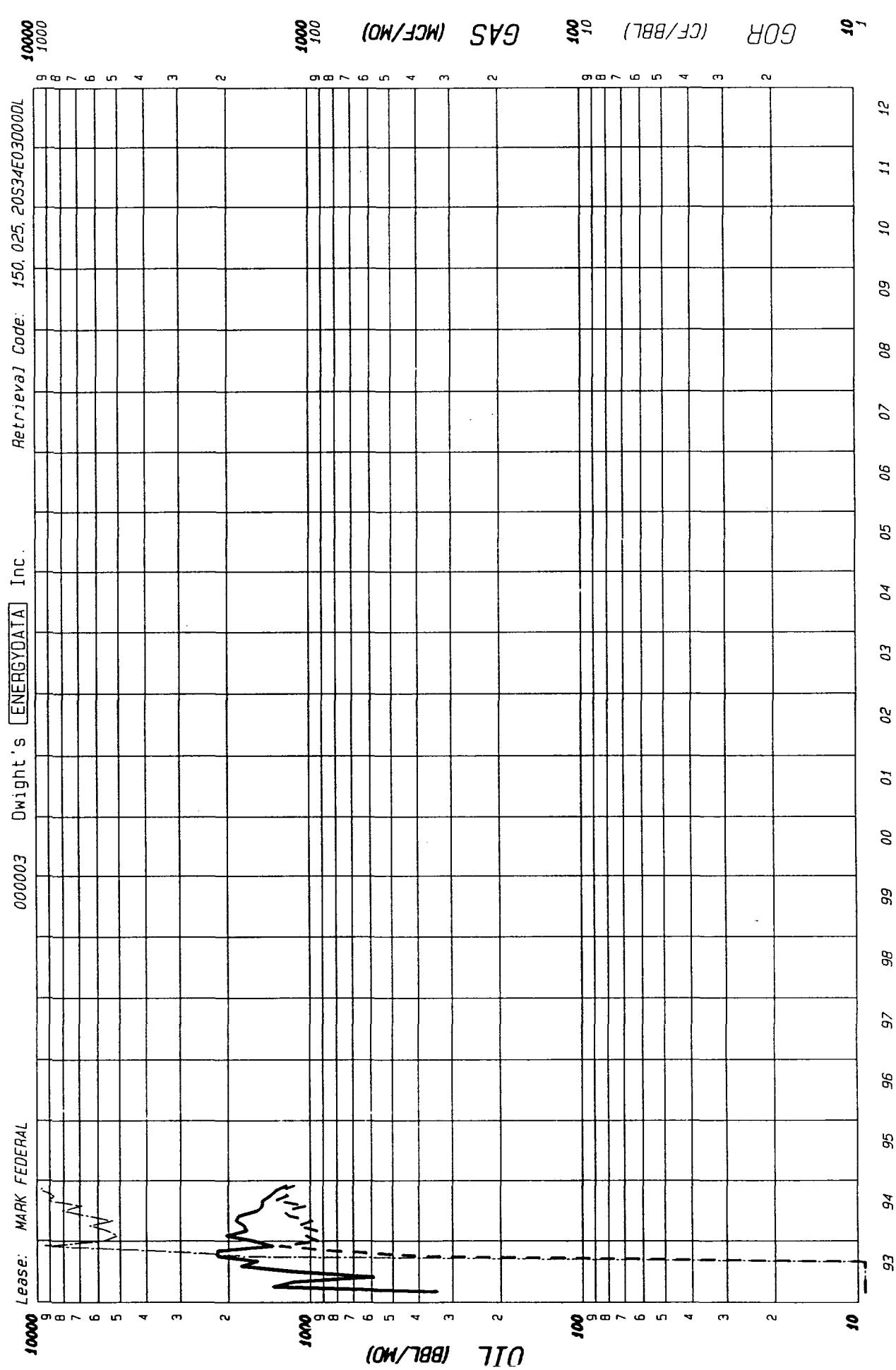
EXHIBIT E-7



County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	DL	
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC		
Oil Cum:	104210	Gas Cum:	31694
Location:	3N 20S	34E	

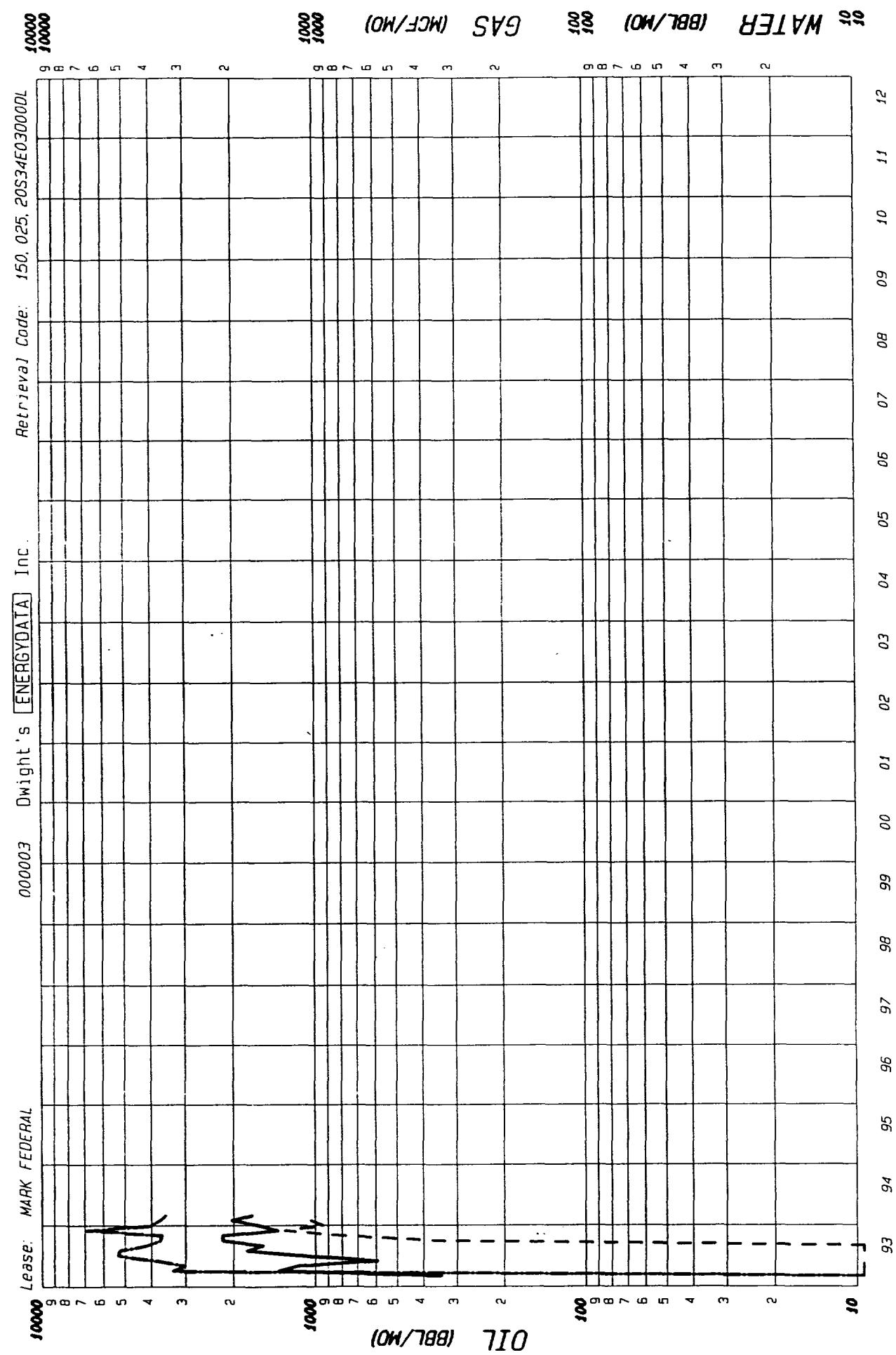
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Date: 01-29-95



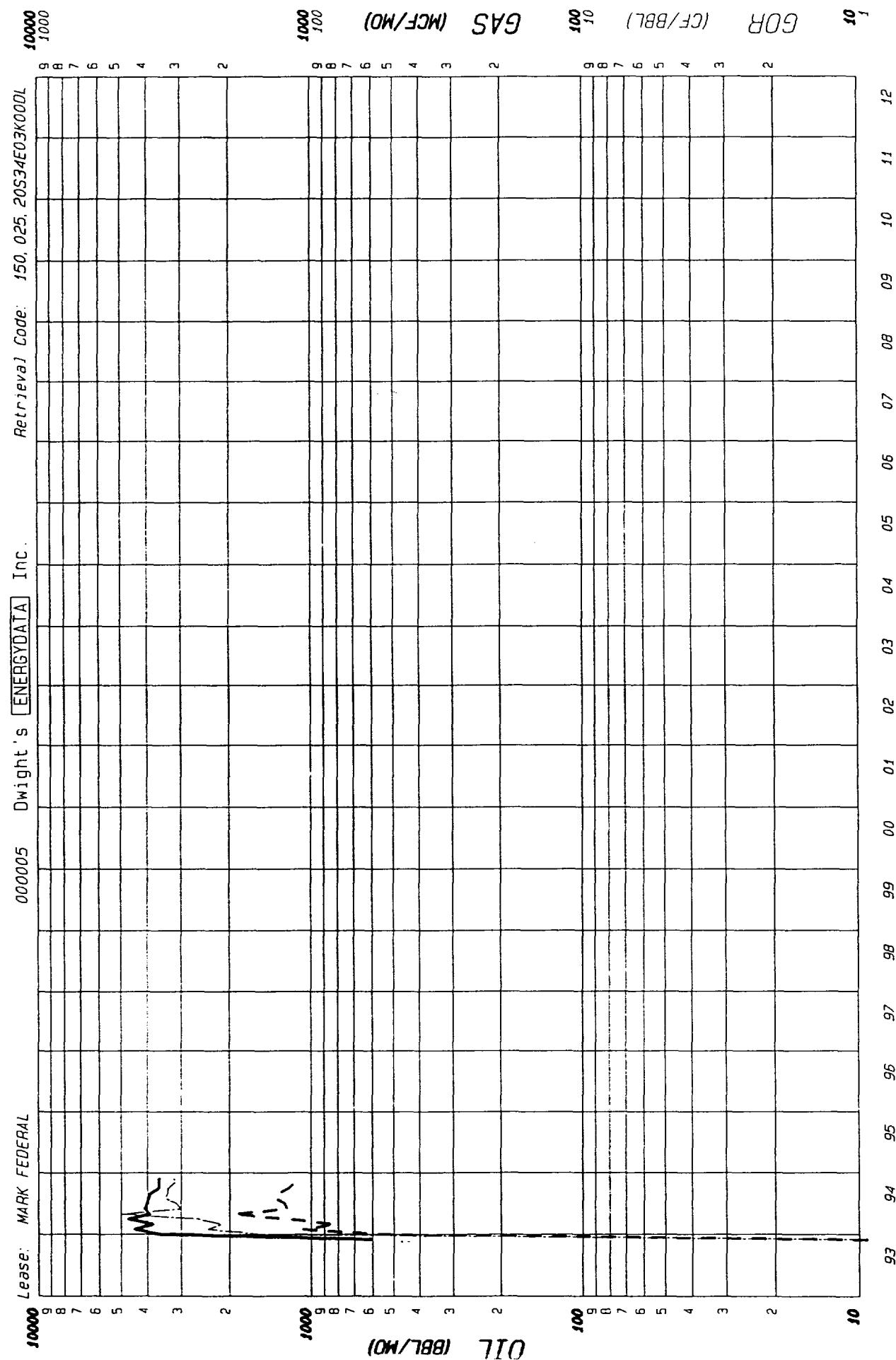
County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	State:	NM
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC		
Oil Cum:	33000	Gas Cum:	15983		
Location:	3D 20S 34E				

EXHIBIT E-5



County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC	
Oil Cum: 19080	Gas Cum: 5402	
Injection: 30 20S 34E		

EXHIBIT E-10



County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum:	47904	Gas Cum:	14243
Location:	3K 205	Location:	34E

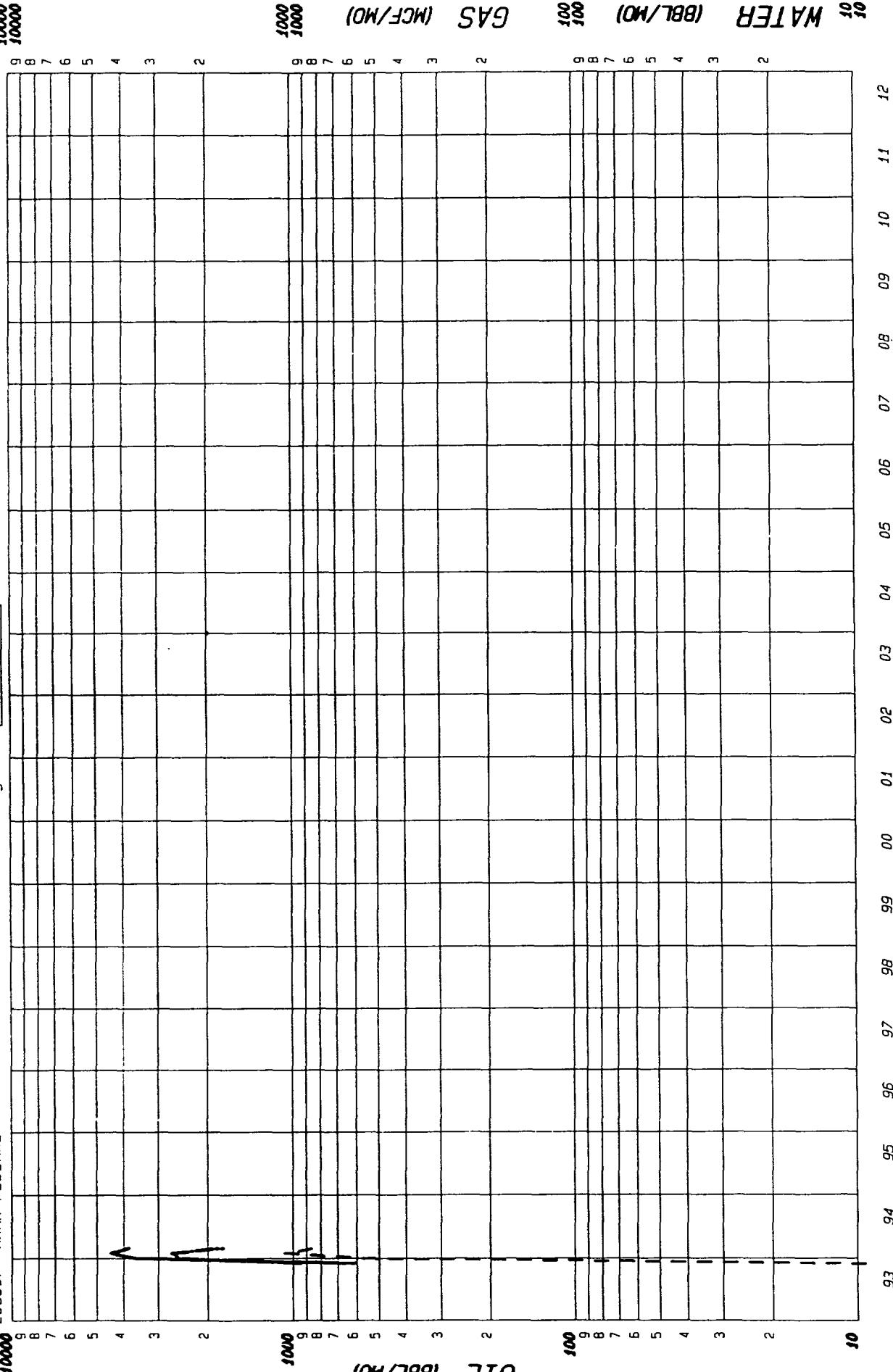
F.P. Date 11-93

Date: 01-29-95

Lease: MARK FEDERAL

0000005 Dwight's ENERGYDATA Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150_025_20534E03K00DL
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County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum:	12498	Gas Cum:	2429
Location:	3K 205 34E		

F P Date: 11-93

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-11

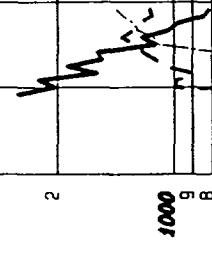
Lease: MARK FEDERAL

000006 Dwight's ENERGYDATA Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150_025_20S34E03L00DL

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OIL (BBL/MO)

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GCR (CF/BBL)

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County: LEE State: NM

Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL

Reservoir: DELAWARE

Operator: READ & STEVENS INC

Oil Cum: 19367 Gas Cum: 13676

Location: 3L 20S 34E

F.P. Date 11-93

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-12

Lease: MARK FEDERAL

000006 Dwight's ENERGYDATA Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150_025_20S34E03L000DL

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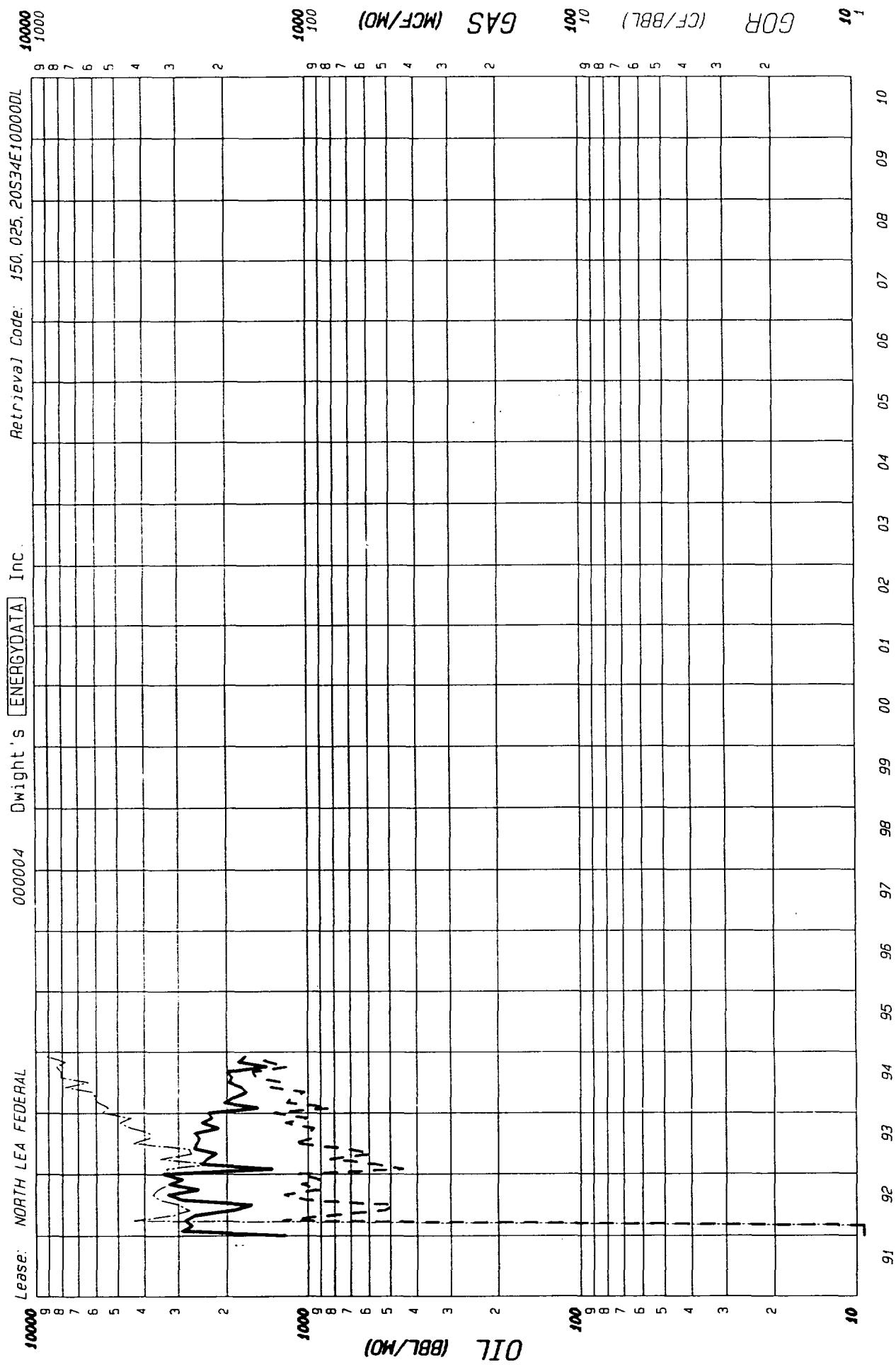
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County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum:	8385	Gas Cum:	2873
Location:	3L 20S 34E		

F.P. Date 11-93

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EXHIBIT E-14



County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	Reservoir: DL	State: NM
Operator: READ & STEVENS INC			
Oil Cum: 81668	Gas Cum:	34189	
Location: 10D 20S	34E		

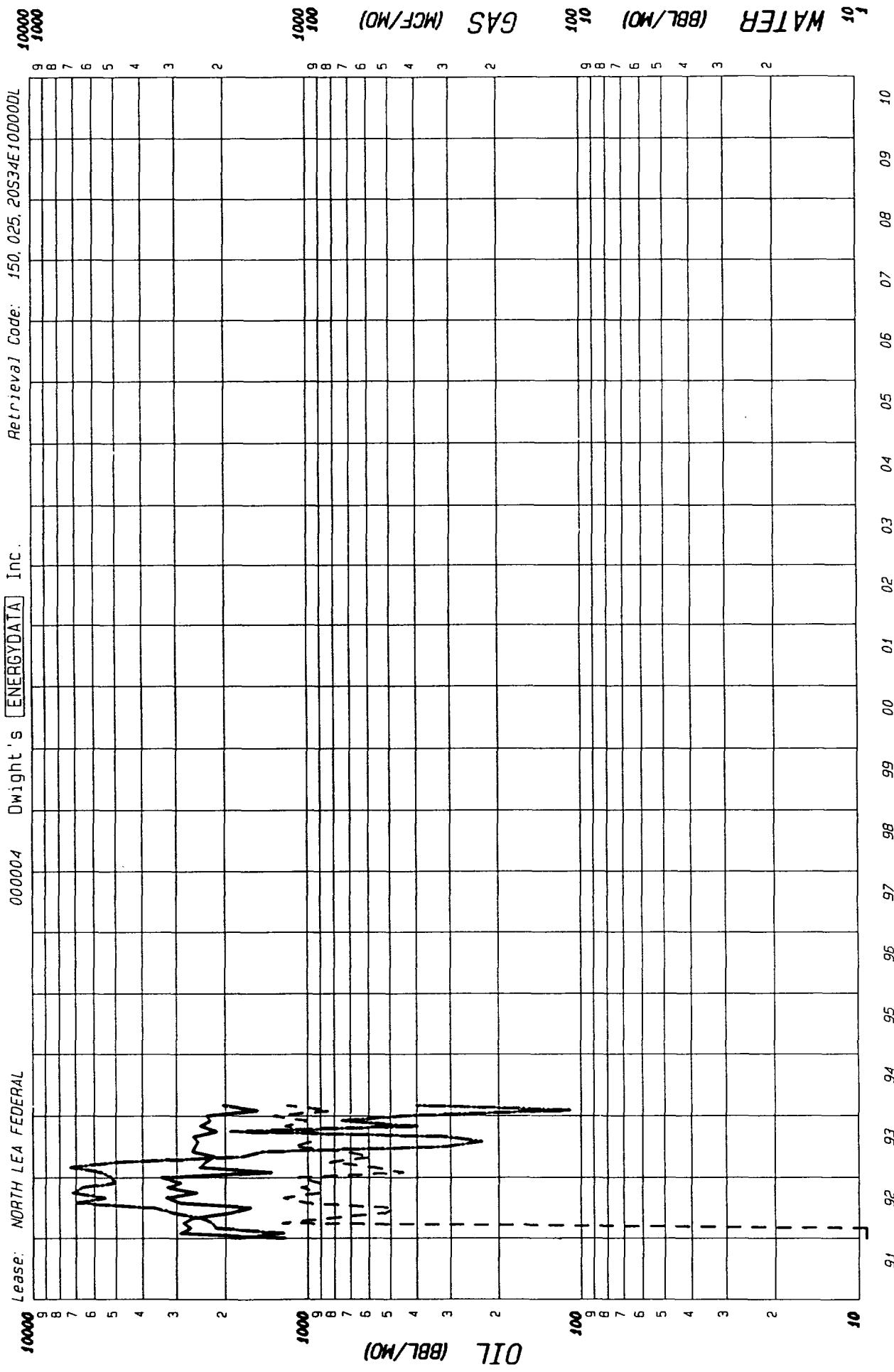
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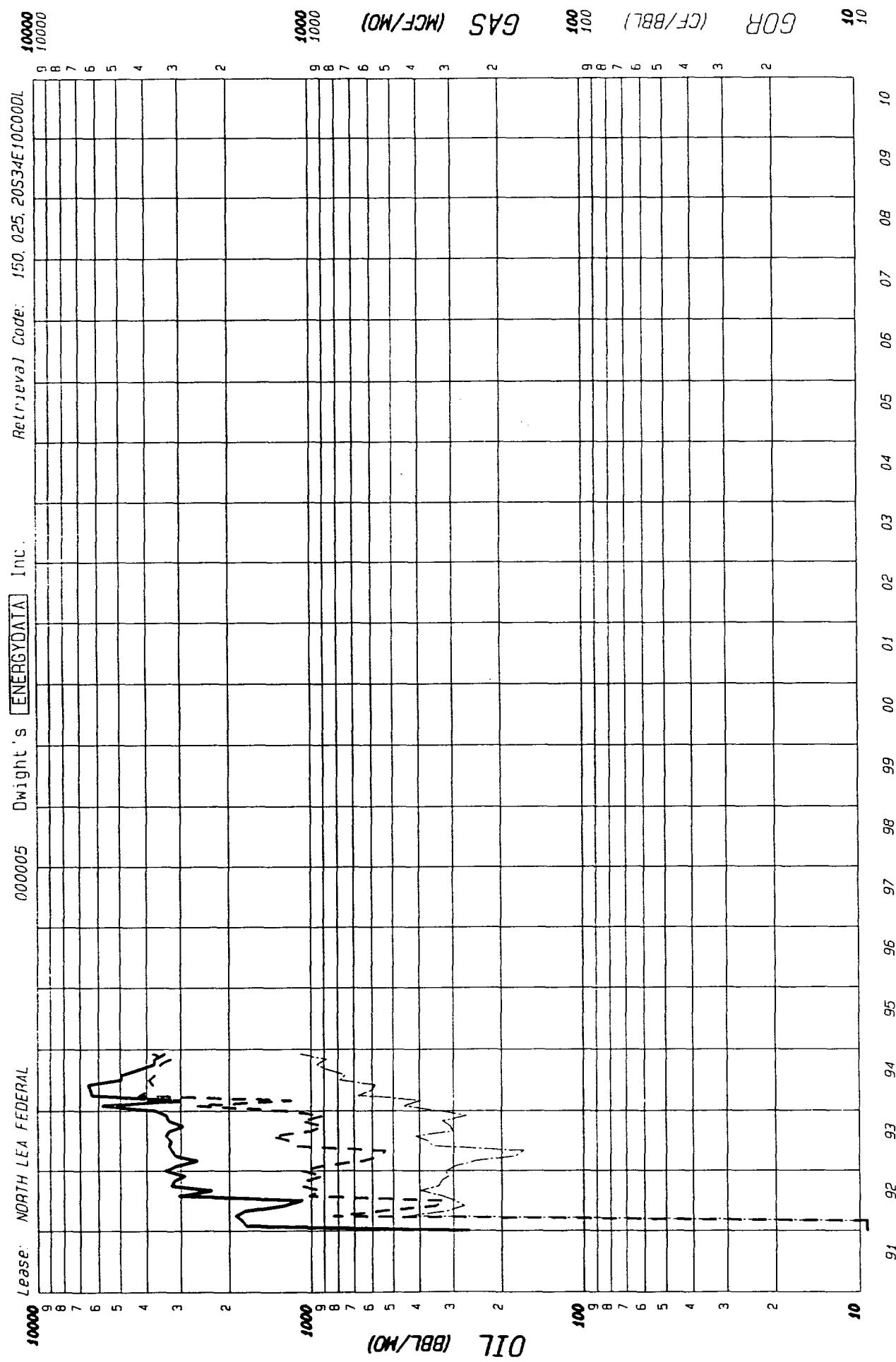
Date: 01-29-95

Date: 01-29-95

F P Date 1/29/95

County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC	
Oil Cum: 65511	Gas Cum: 22052	
Injection: 107 205	34E	

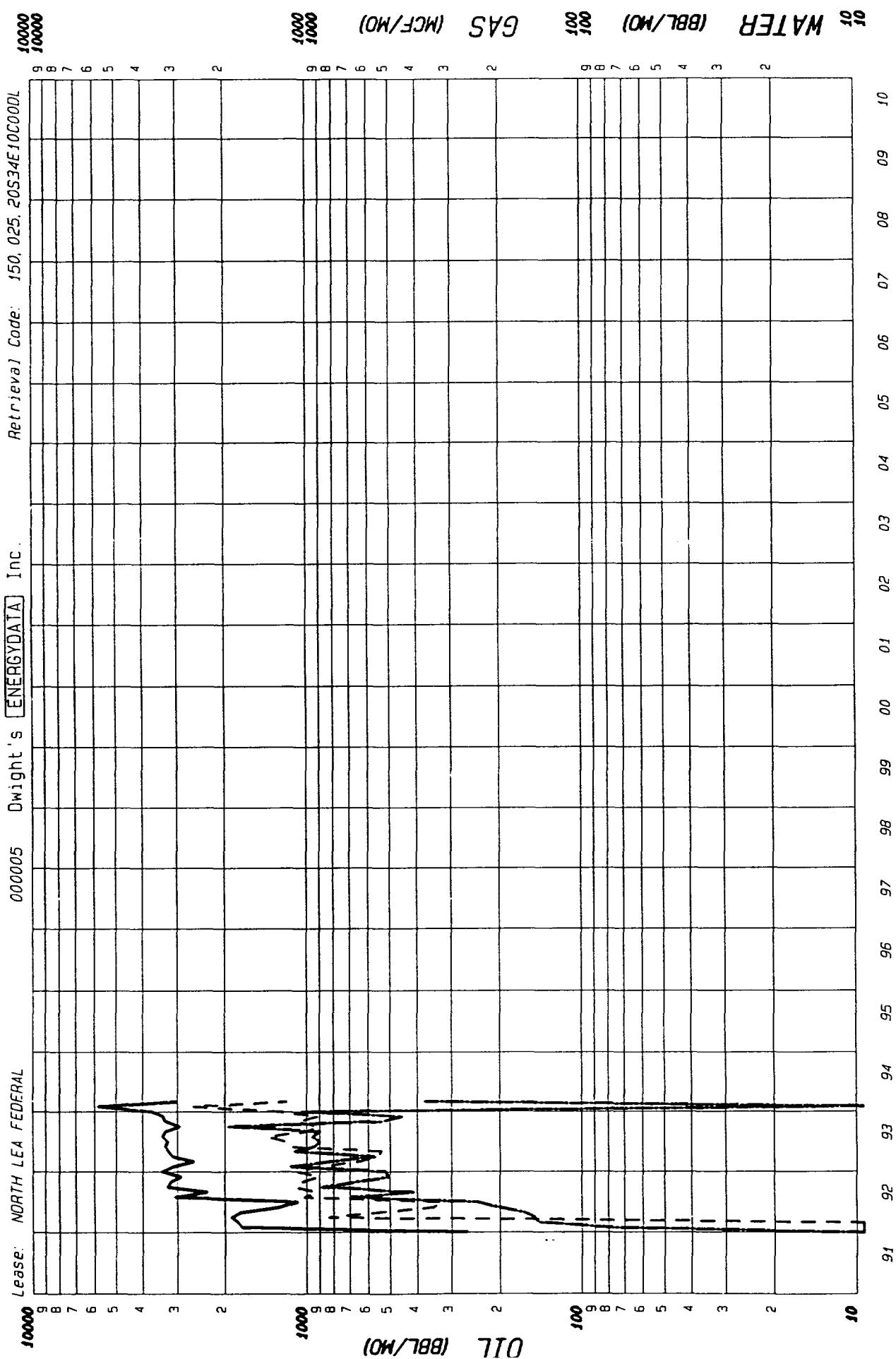




County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC	
Oil Cum: 119668	Gas Cum: 57441	
Location: 10C 20S 34E		

F P Date 12-91

Date: 01-29-95



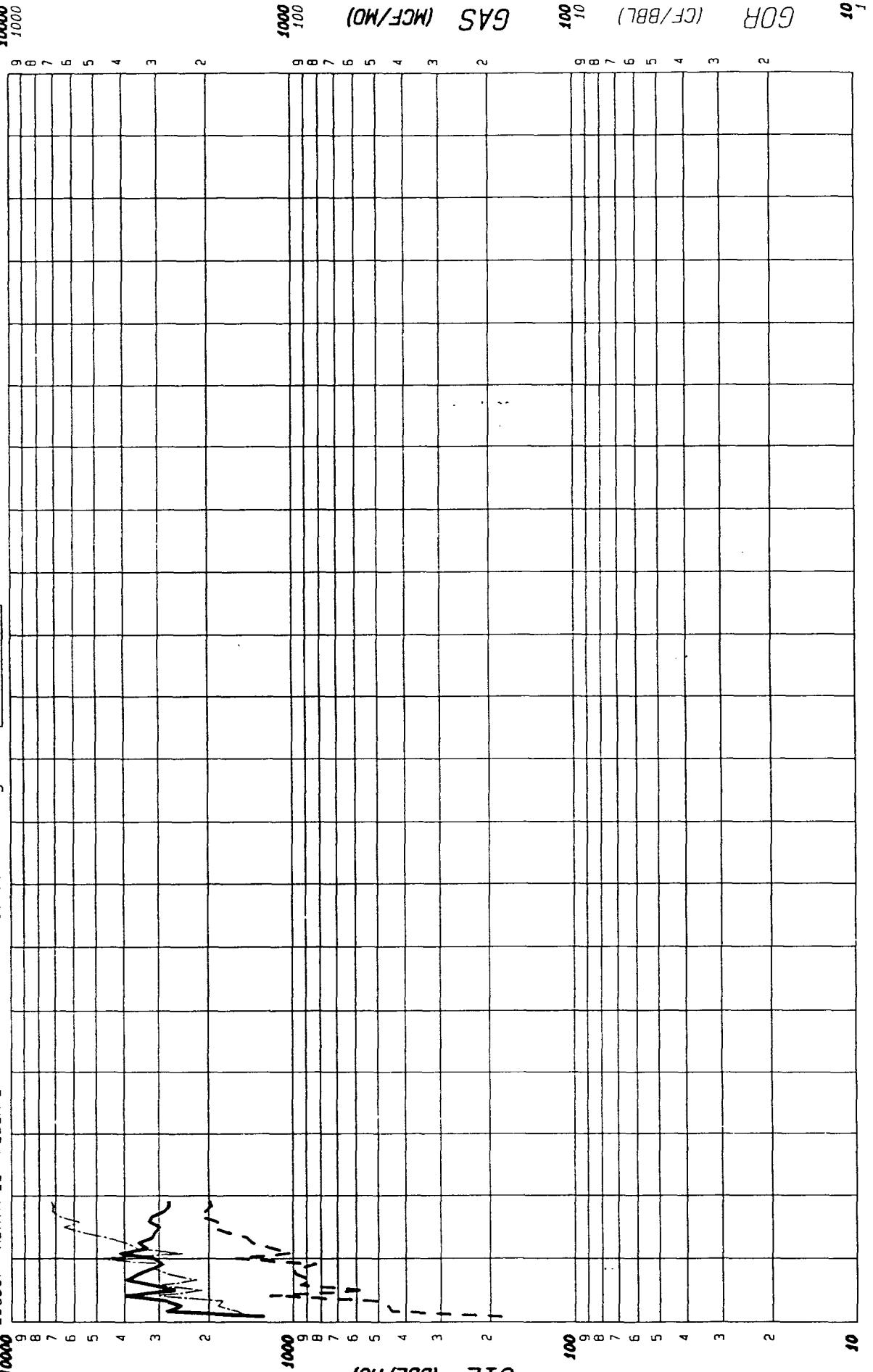
County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL		
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC		
Oil Cum:	75393	Gas Cum:	23579
Location:	10C 205 34E		

File Date: 01-29-95

Lease: NORTH LEA FEDERAL

0000007 Dwight's [ENERGYDATA] Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150_025_20S34E106000DL
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1000
100
10
1

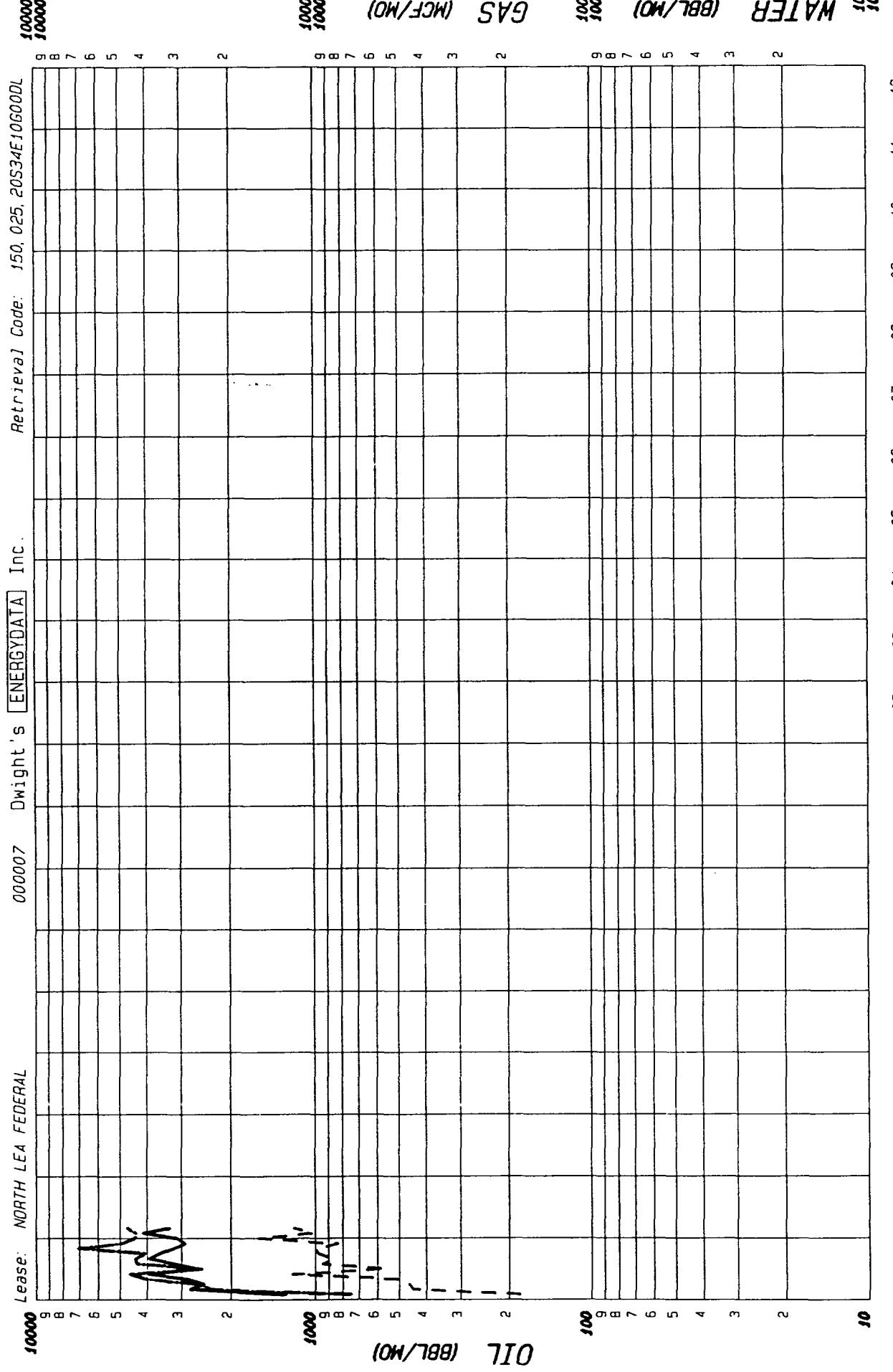


County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC	
Oil Cum: 70972	Gas Cum: 28285	
Location: 106 205 34E		

F.P Date 01-93

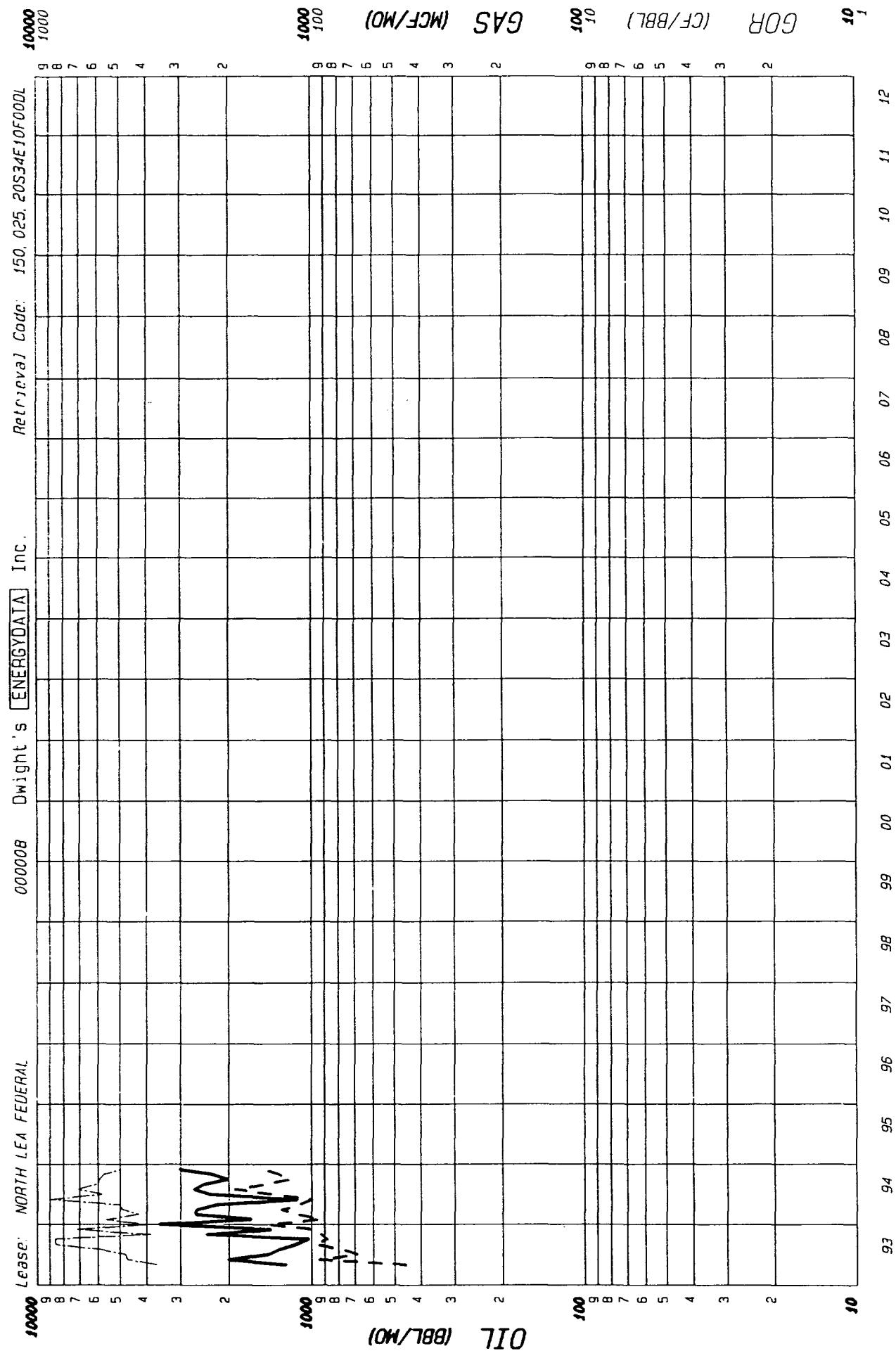
Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-18



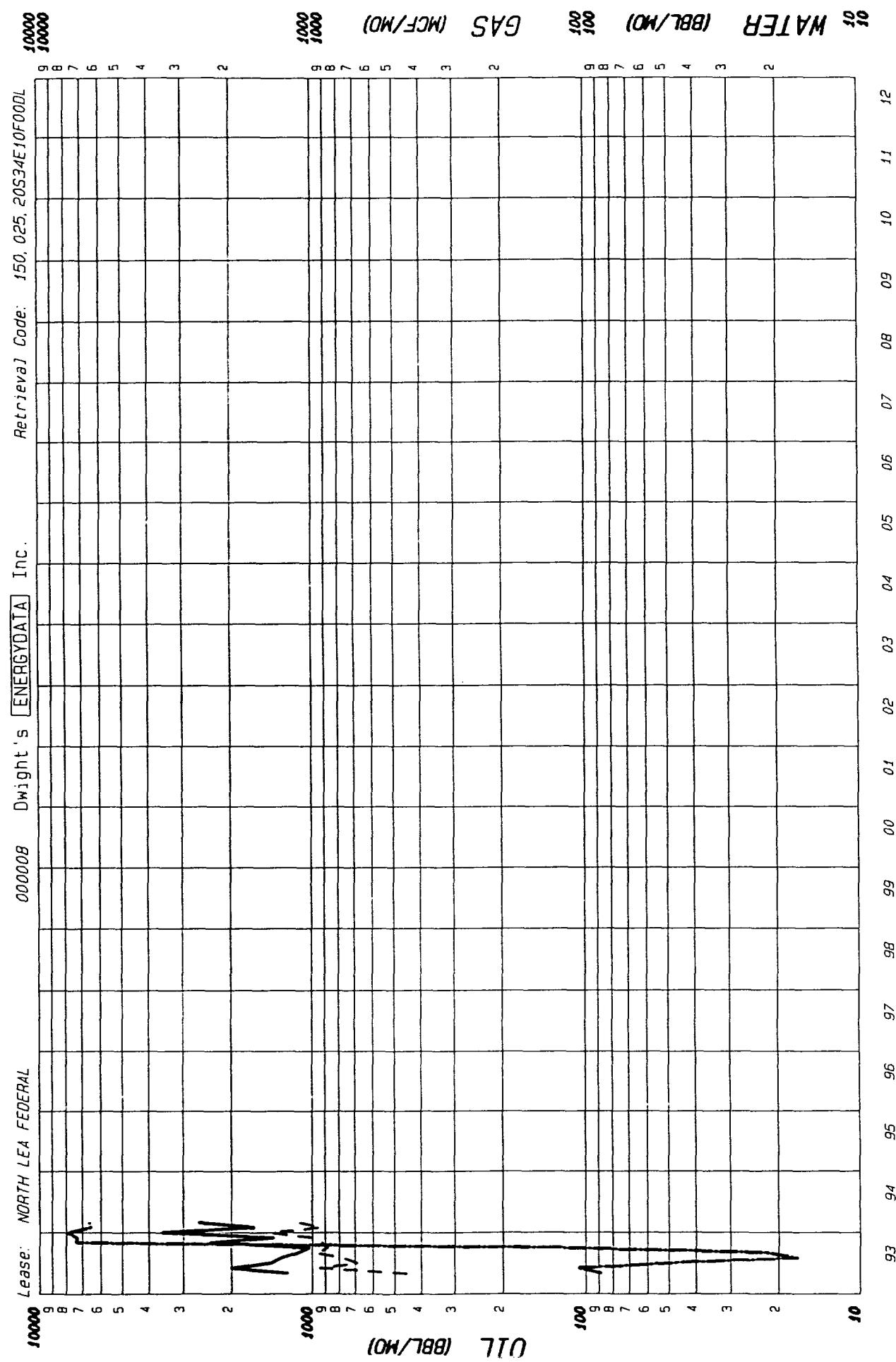
County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	DL	
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC		
Oil Cum:	43359	Gas Cum:	11773
Location:	106 20S 34E		

EXHIBIT E-20



Country: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	State: NM
Field: QUAIL RIDGE	Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum: 40629	Gas Cum: 22289	Date: 01-29-95
Location: 10F 20S	34E	

EXHIBIT E-21



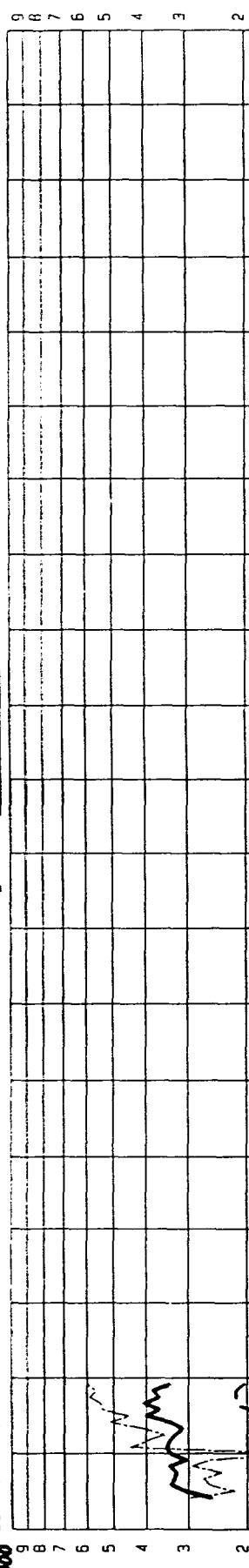
County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: READ & STEVENS INC	
Oil Cum: 19807	Gas Cum: 10117	
Location: 10F 20S 34E		

Lease: NORTH LEA FEDERAL

000009 Dwight's ENERGYDATA Inc.

Retrieval Code: 150_025_20534E10H00DL

10000
1000



OIL (BBL/MO)

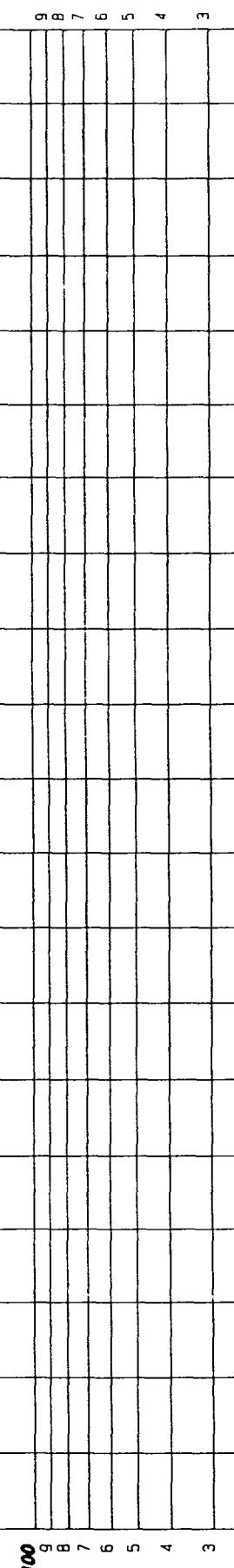
10000
1000



GAS (MCF/MO)

1000

1000
100



GOR (CF/BBL)

1000
100
10

10

County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC
Oil Cum:	64663	Gas Cum:	25620
Location:	10H 20S	34E	

F.P. Date 05-93

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-22

Lease: NORTH LEA FEDERAL

000009

Retrieval Code: 150, 025, 20534E10H00DL
10000
10000

9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2

M
M
M

3
2

10000
10000
GAS (MCF/MO)
1000
1000
WATER (BBL/MO)
100
100
10
10

OIL (BBL/MO) 710

10

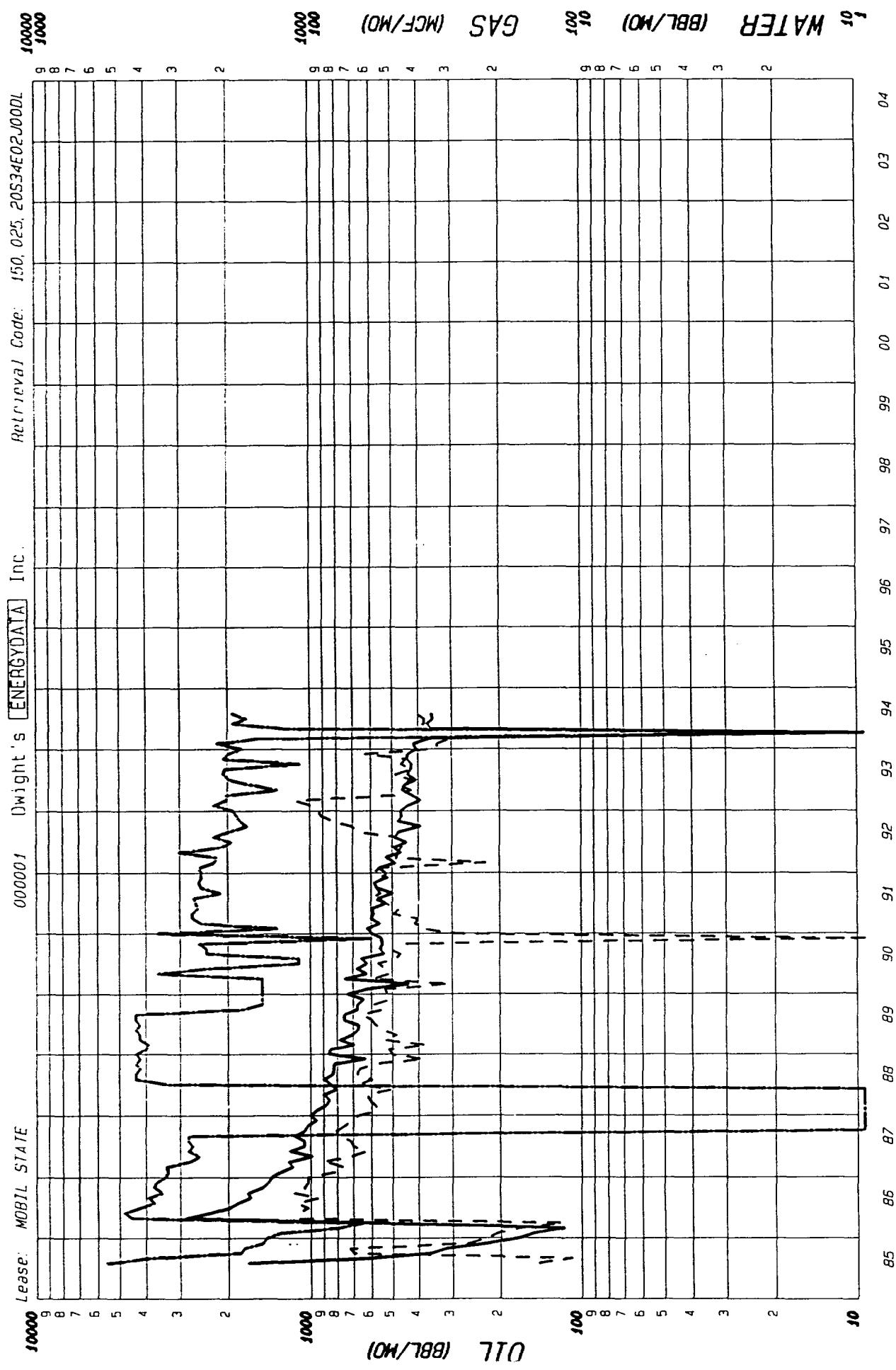
93
94
95
96
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98
99
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County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	DL	
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	READ & STEVENS INC		
Oil Cum:	32264	Gas Cum:	9112
Location:	10H 20S	34E	

F.P. Date 05-93

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-23

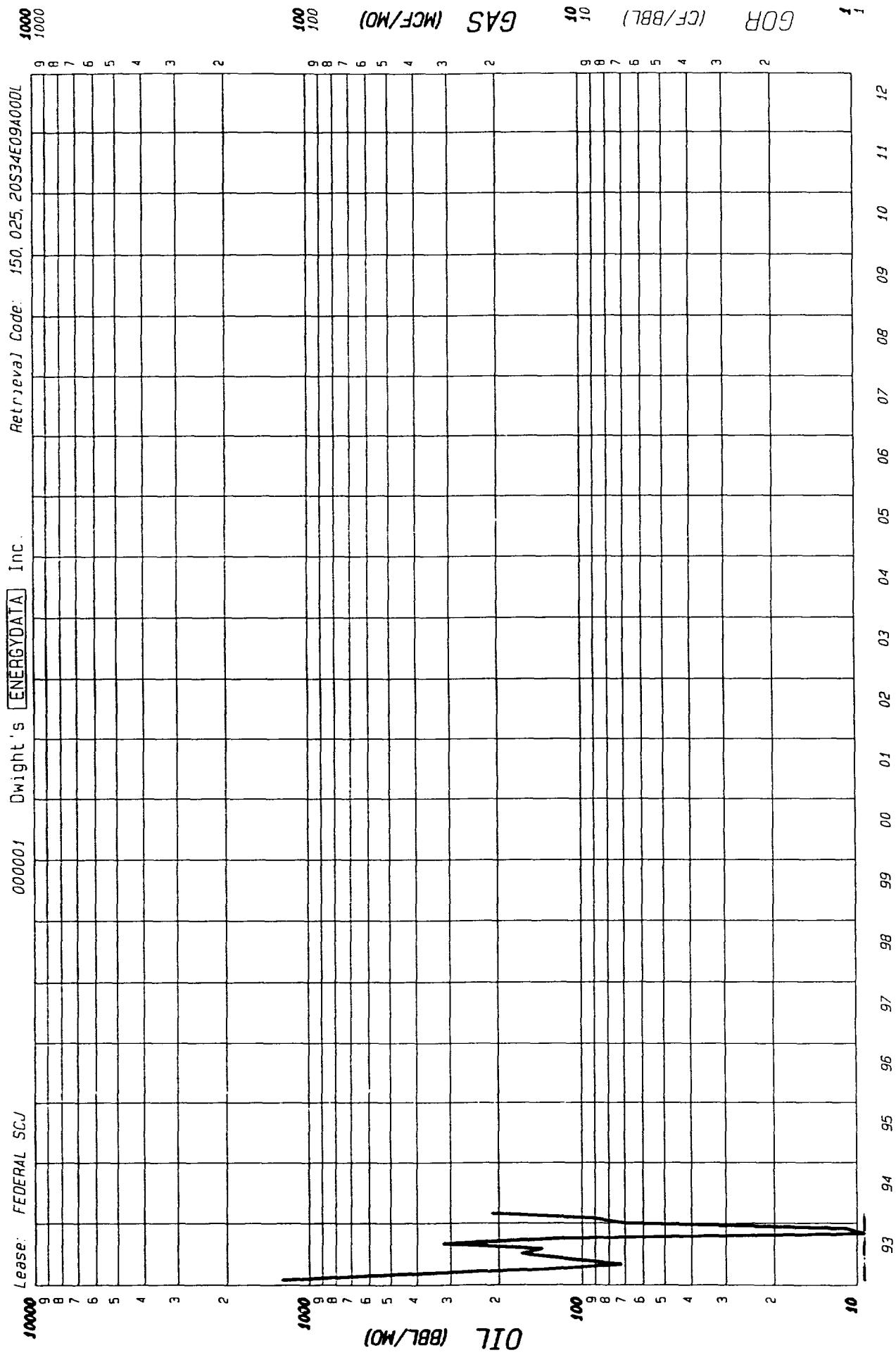


County: LEA	Field: LEA NE (DELAWARE) DL	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: MID CONTINENT ENERGY INC	
Oil Cum: 79633	Gas Cum: E2060	
Location: 2J 20S 34E		

F.P. Date 07-85

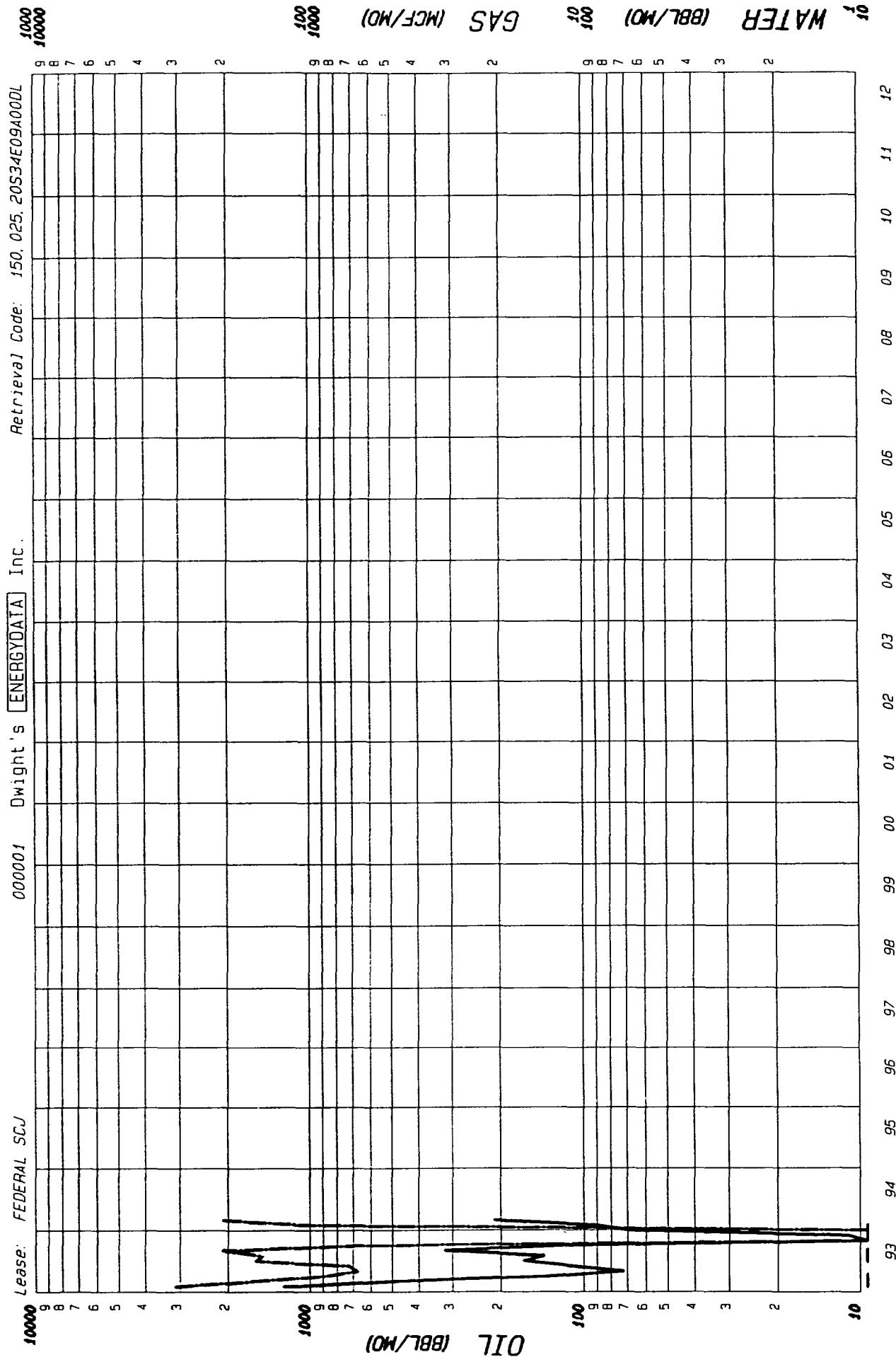
Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-25



County: LEA	State: NM
Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL	
Reservoir: DELAWARE	
Operator: SNOW OIL & GAS INC	
Oil Cum: 3176	Gas Cum: 0
Location: 94 20S 34E	

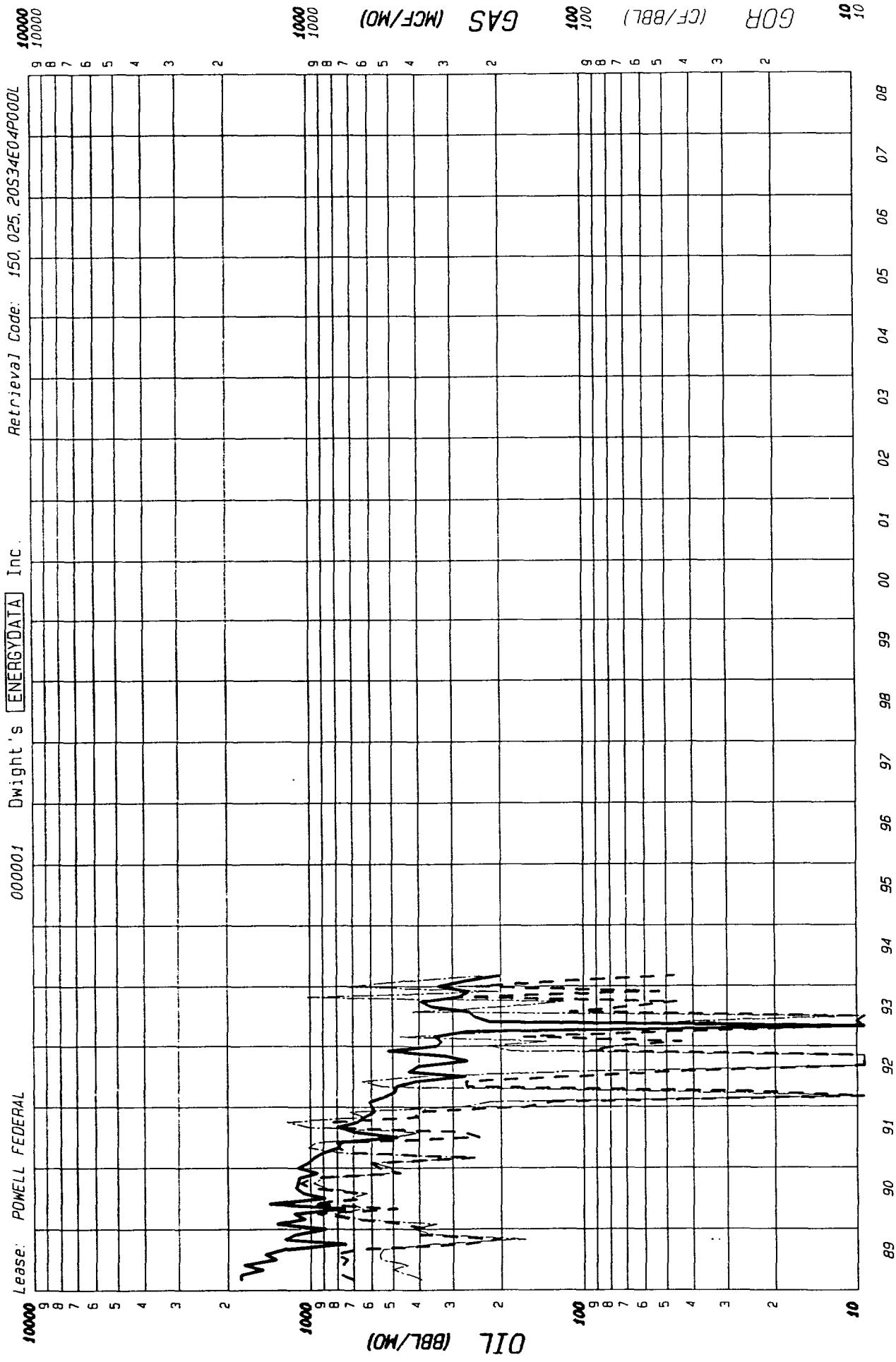
EXHIBIT E-26



County:	LEA	State:	NM
Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	DL	
Reservoir:	DELAWARE		
Operator:	SNOW OIL & GAS INC		
Oil Cum:	3176	Gas Cum:	0
Location:	9A 20S	34E	

F.P. Date 01-29-95

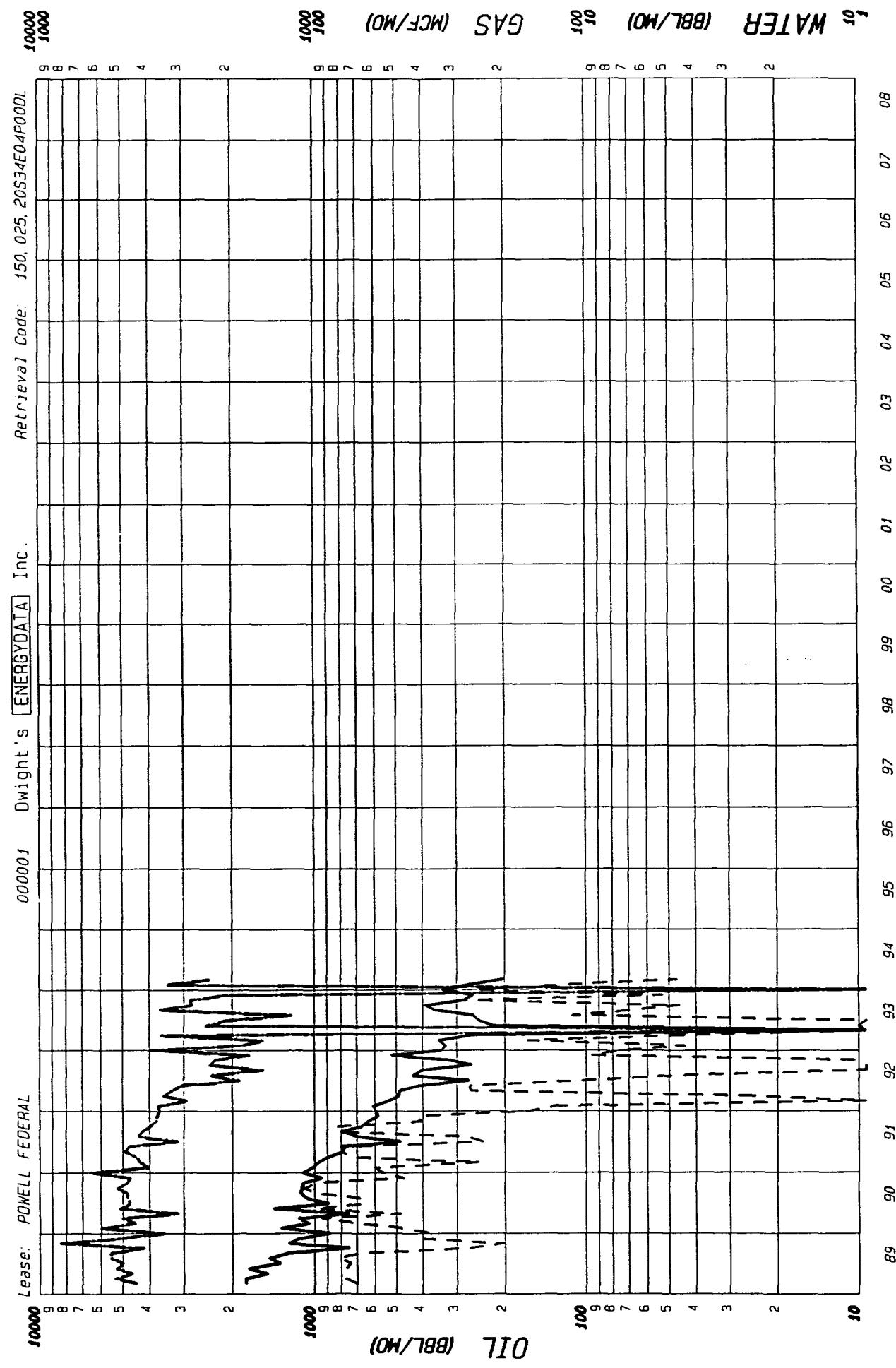
Date: 01-29-95



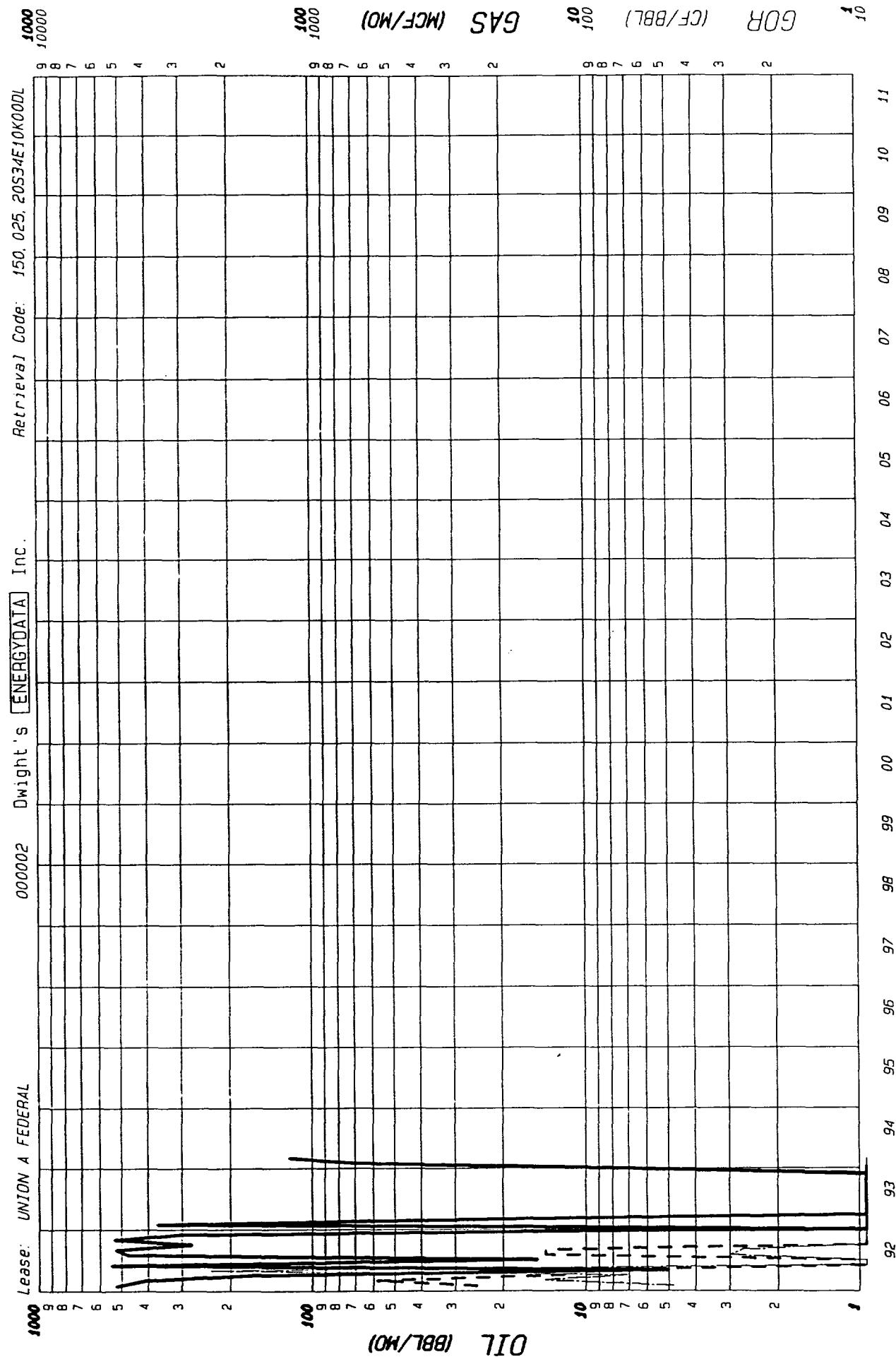
County: LEA
Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir: DELAWARE
Operator: SNOW OIL & GAS INC
01 Cum: 45676 Gas Cum: 23970
Location: 40° 20' N; 74° 30' W

Date: 01-29-95

EXHIBIT E-28



County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	State:	NM
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	SNOW OIL & GAS INC		
Oil Cum:	45676	Gas Cum:	23970		
Location:	4P 20S 34E				



County: LEA	Field: QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE)	State: NM
Reservoir: DELAWARE	Operator: SNOW OIL & GAS INC	
Oil Cum: 4356	Gas Cum: 135	
In ration: 10K 205 34E		

PP Date: 01-29-95

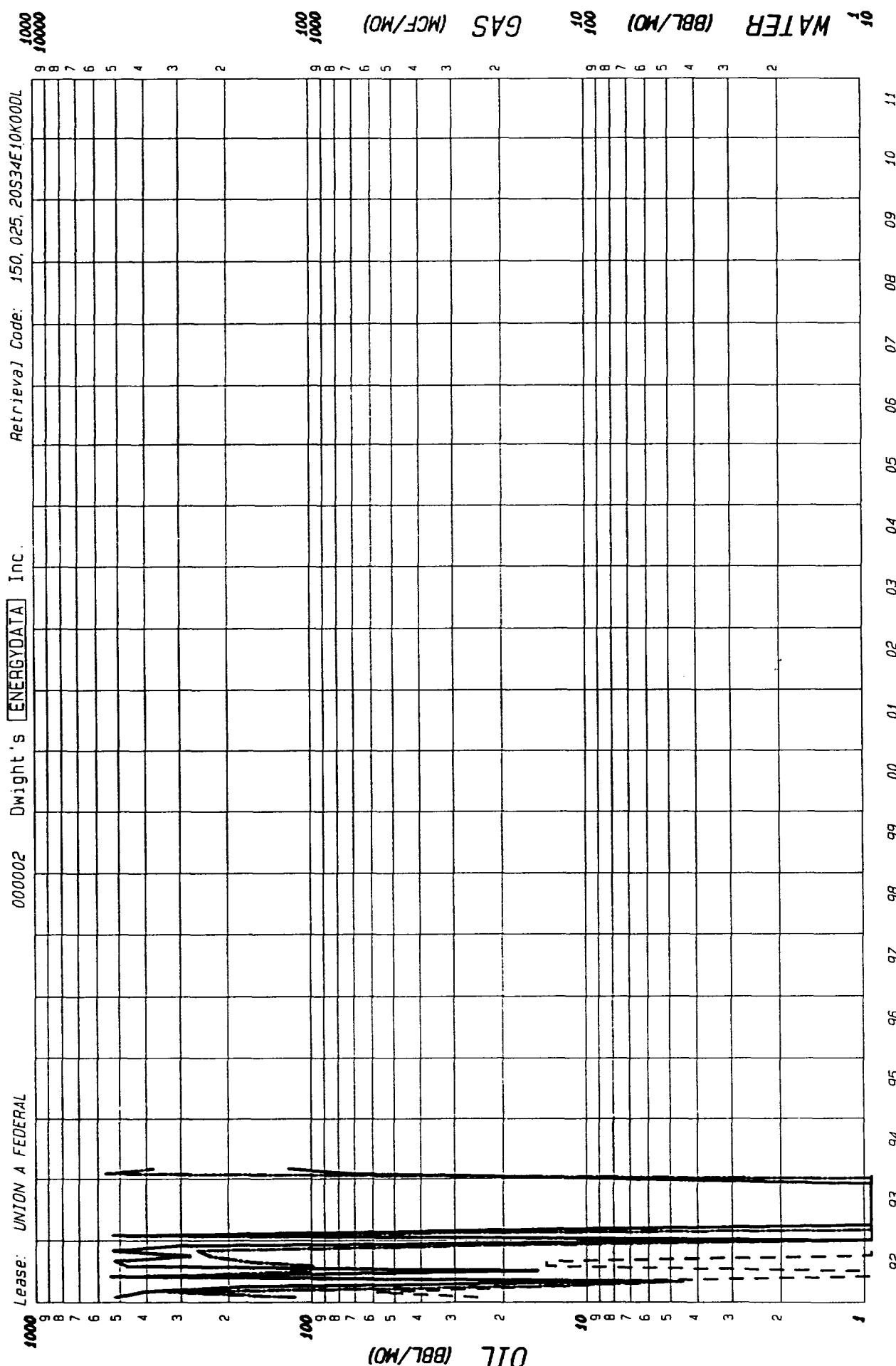
EXHIBIT E-30

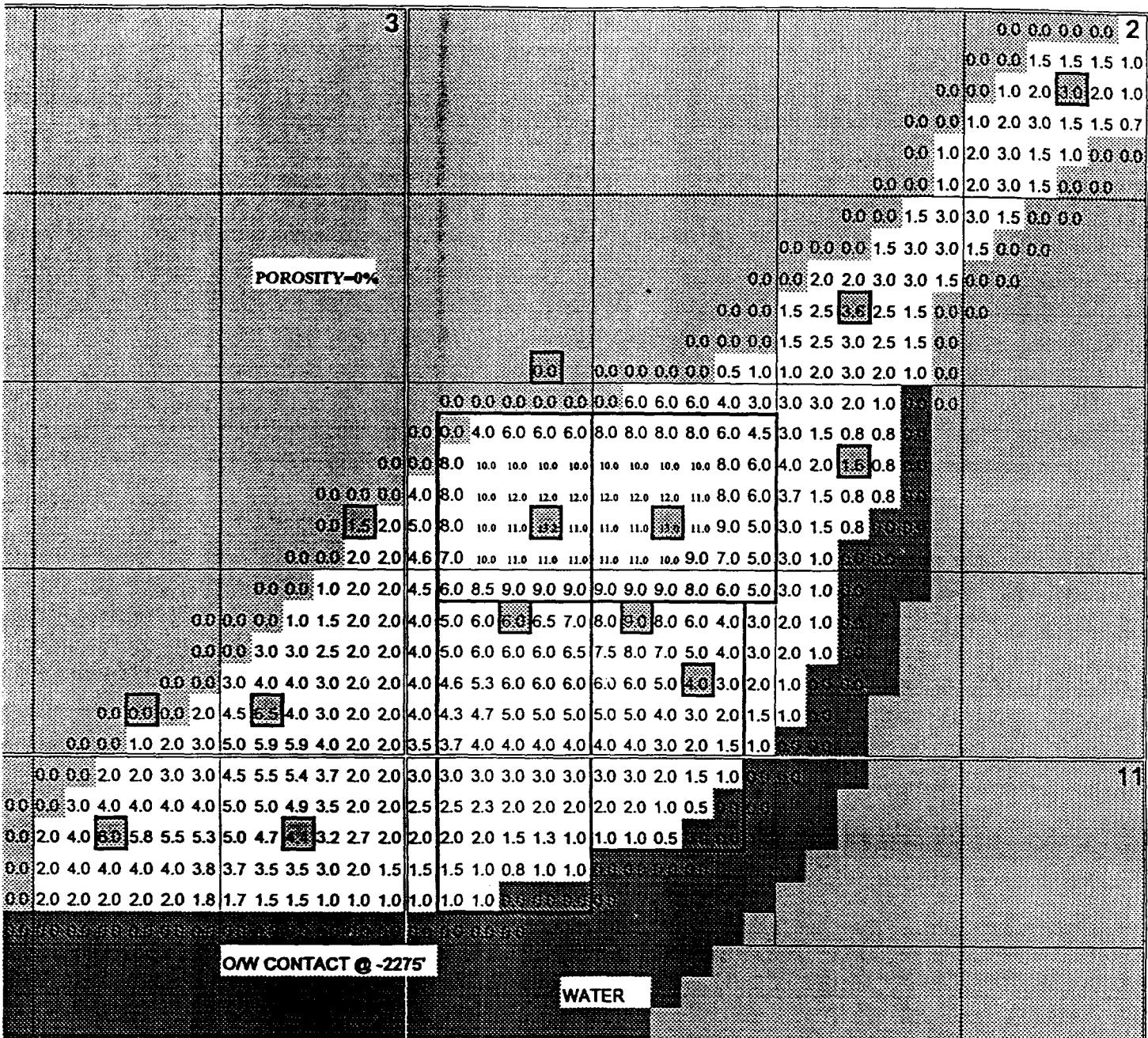
Date: 01-29-95

Incration: 10K 20S 34E

F P NatP 01-92

County:	LEA	Field:	QUAIL RIDGE (DELAWARE) DL
Reservoir:	DELAWARE	Operator:	SNOW OIL & GAS INC
Oil Cum:	4356	Gas Cum:	135
Incration:	10K 20S 34E		





POROSITY-FEET MAP OF THE THIRD SAND

WELL

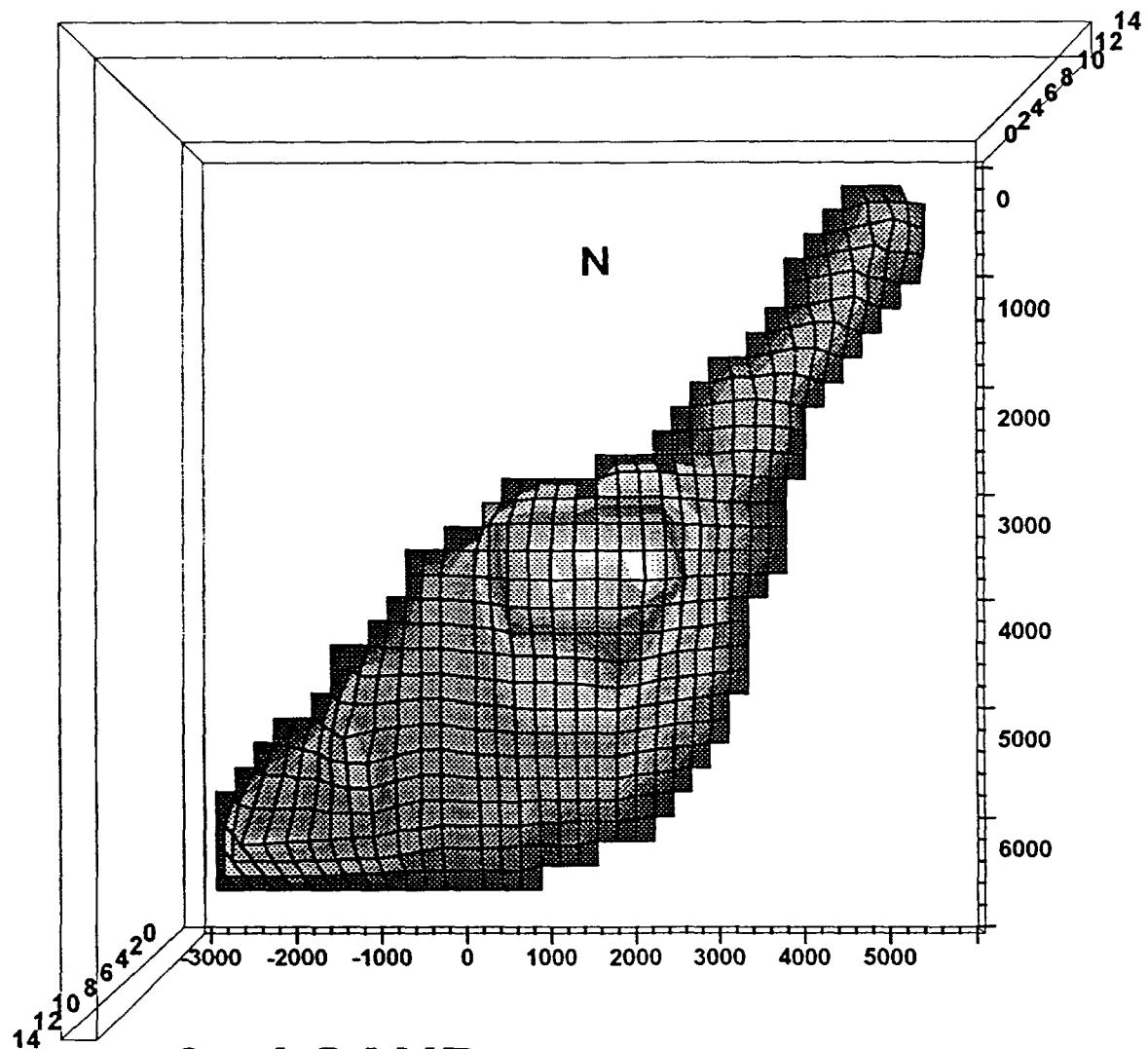
220X220' = 1.111 ACRES

POROSITY PINCHOUT

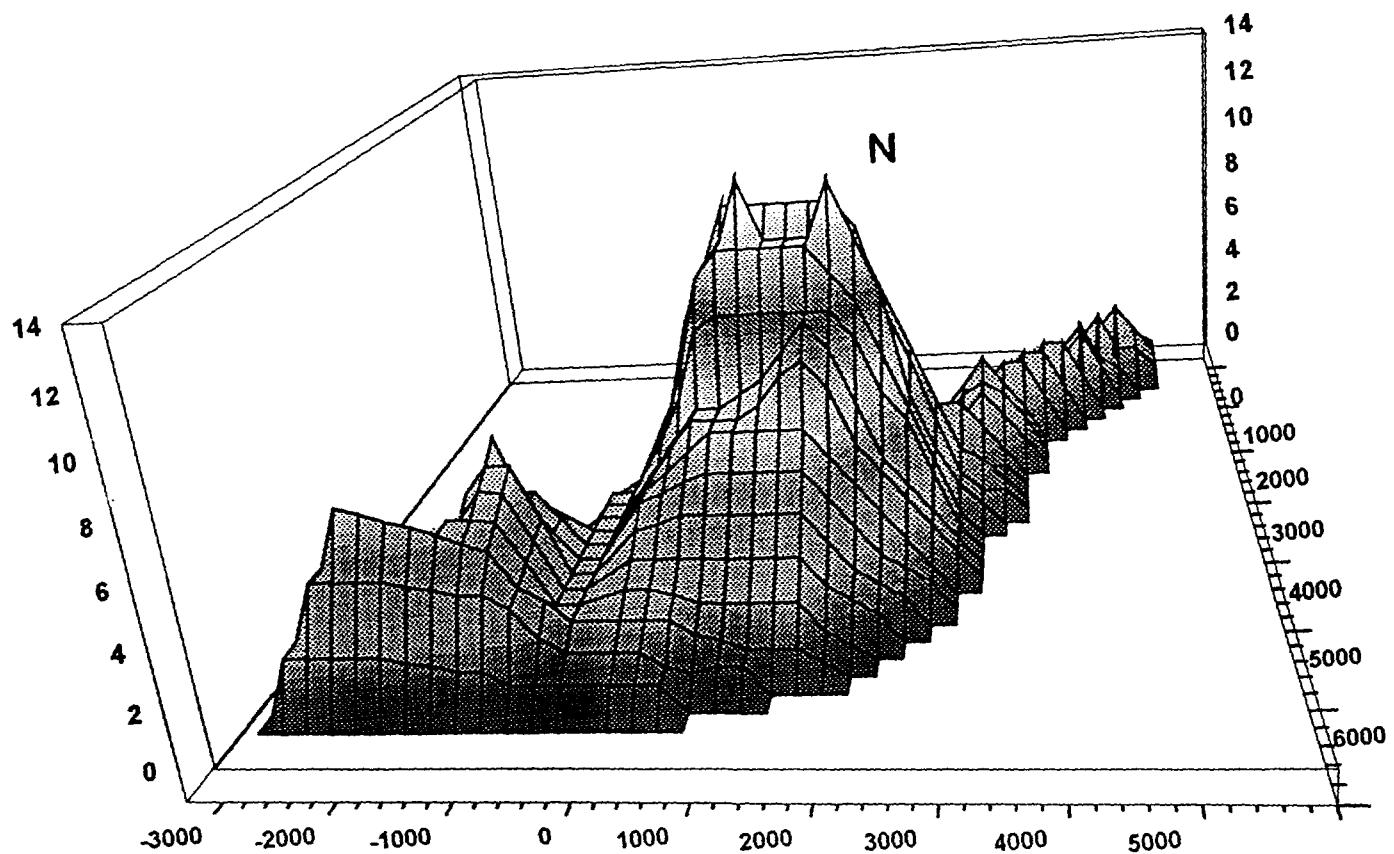
OIL - WATER CONTACT

WELL	BHP	BQ	FACTOR	ACREAGE		RECOVERY FACTOR	RECOVERABLE RESERVES
				POROSITY-FEET	OOIP		
1	2539	1.24	1.11	352	1,210,102	27%	330,028
2	2539	1.24	1.11	299	1,027,344	27%	280,185
3	2539	1.24	1.11	192	659,343	27%	179,821
4	2539	1.24	1.11	158	544,833	27%	148,591
RES.	2539	1.24	1.11	1583.9	5,450,353	100%	5,450,353

DATA	
OIL VISCOSITY	1.4 cp
FORMATION WATER VISCOSITY	1.004 cp
S.G. FORMATION WATER	1.14
Cl	132,995 PPM
RES. @70 F	0.057 OHMS-M
RW @ BHT	0.04 OHMS-M
O/W CONTACT	-2275.00 FT.
GAS BTU	1488.00 DRY
GAS S.G.	0.972
OIL DENSITY	44.7858 LBM/CU.FT.
OIL GRAVITY	38 DEG. API
Bg @ 2500 PSI	0.0035
Bg @ 1200 PSI	0.0080
Bg @ 800 PSI	0.0150
Bg @ 500 PSI	0.0320
BUBBLE POINT	1200 PSI
Boi	1.24 BO/BSTO
Cf	3.70E-06
Co	0.0000119
Cw	3.03E-06

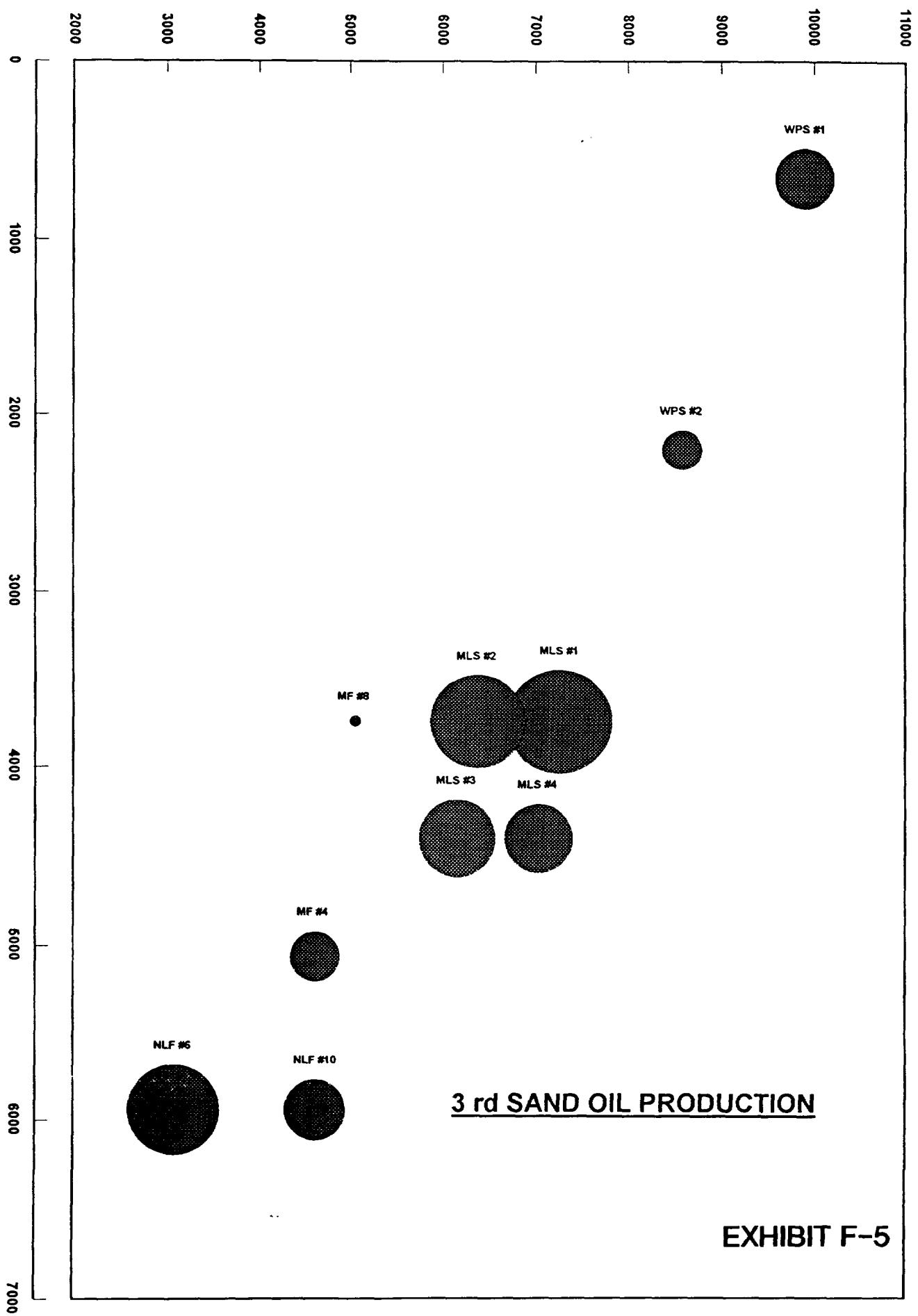


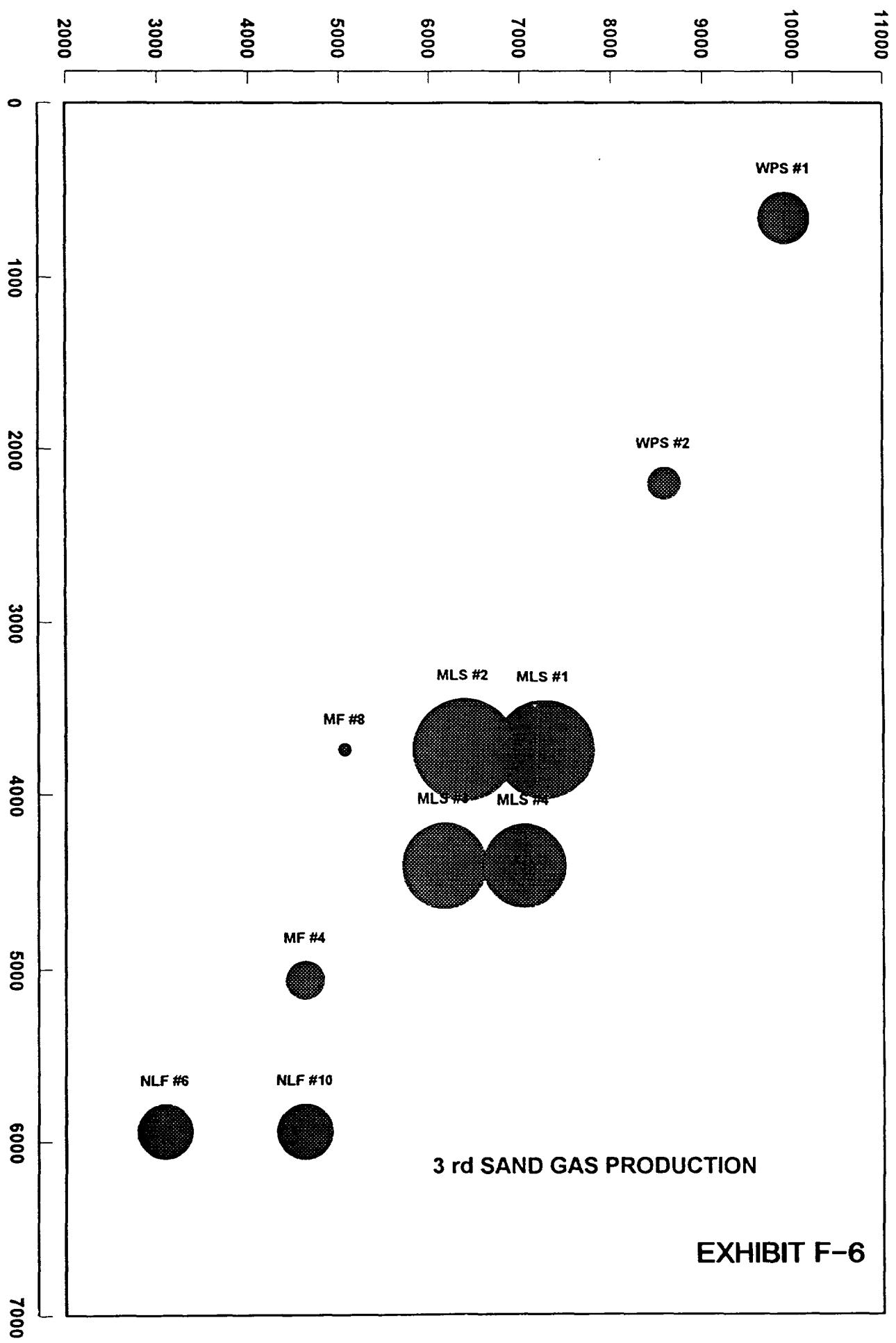
3 rd SAND - PORISITY-FEET MAP

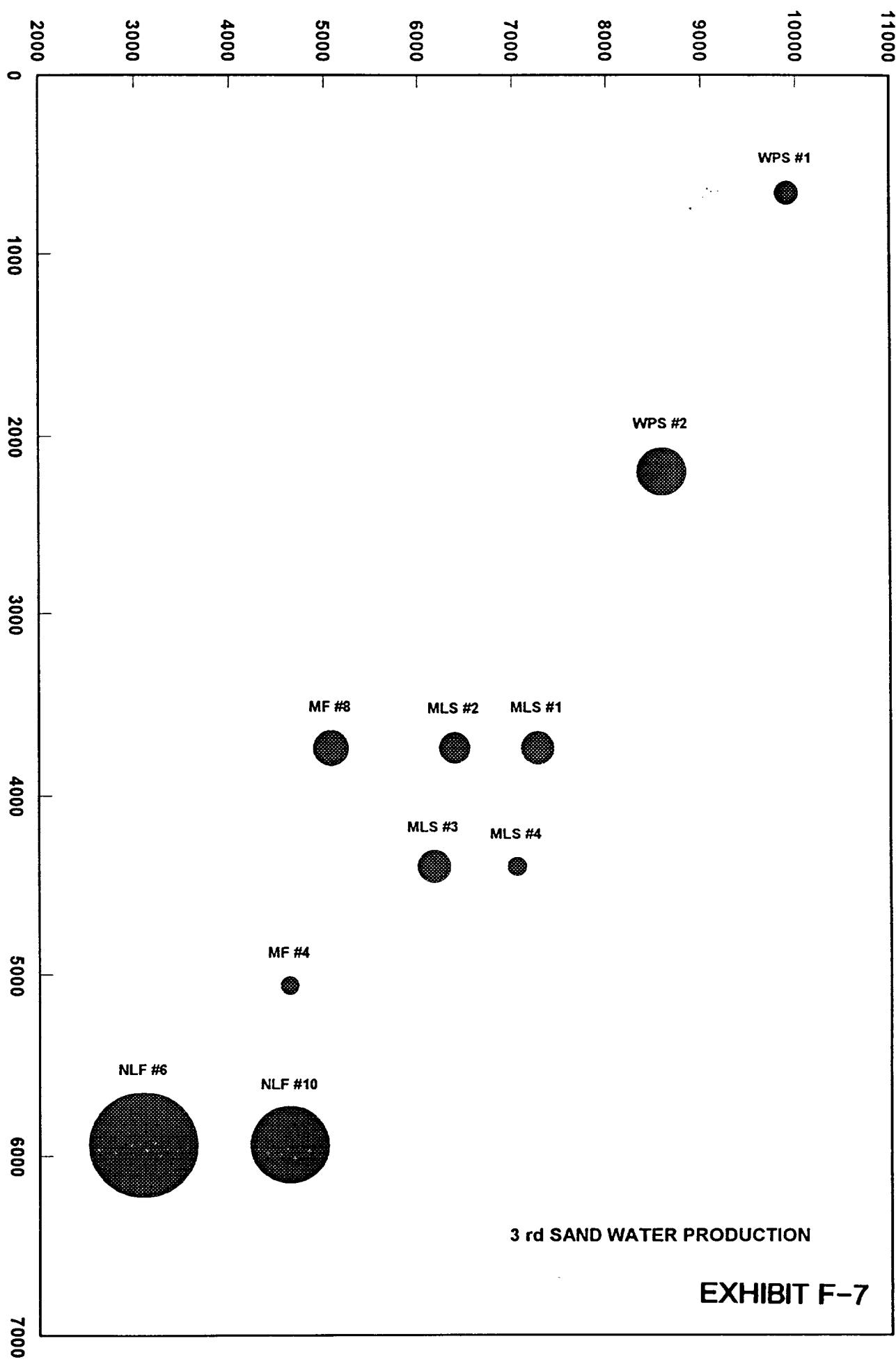


3 rd SAND - POROSITY-FEET MAP

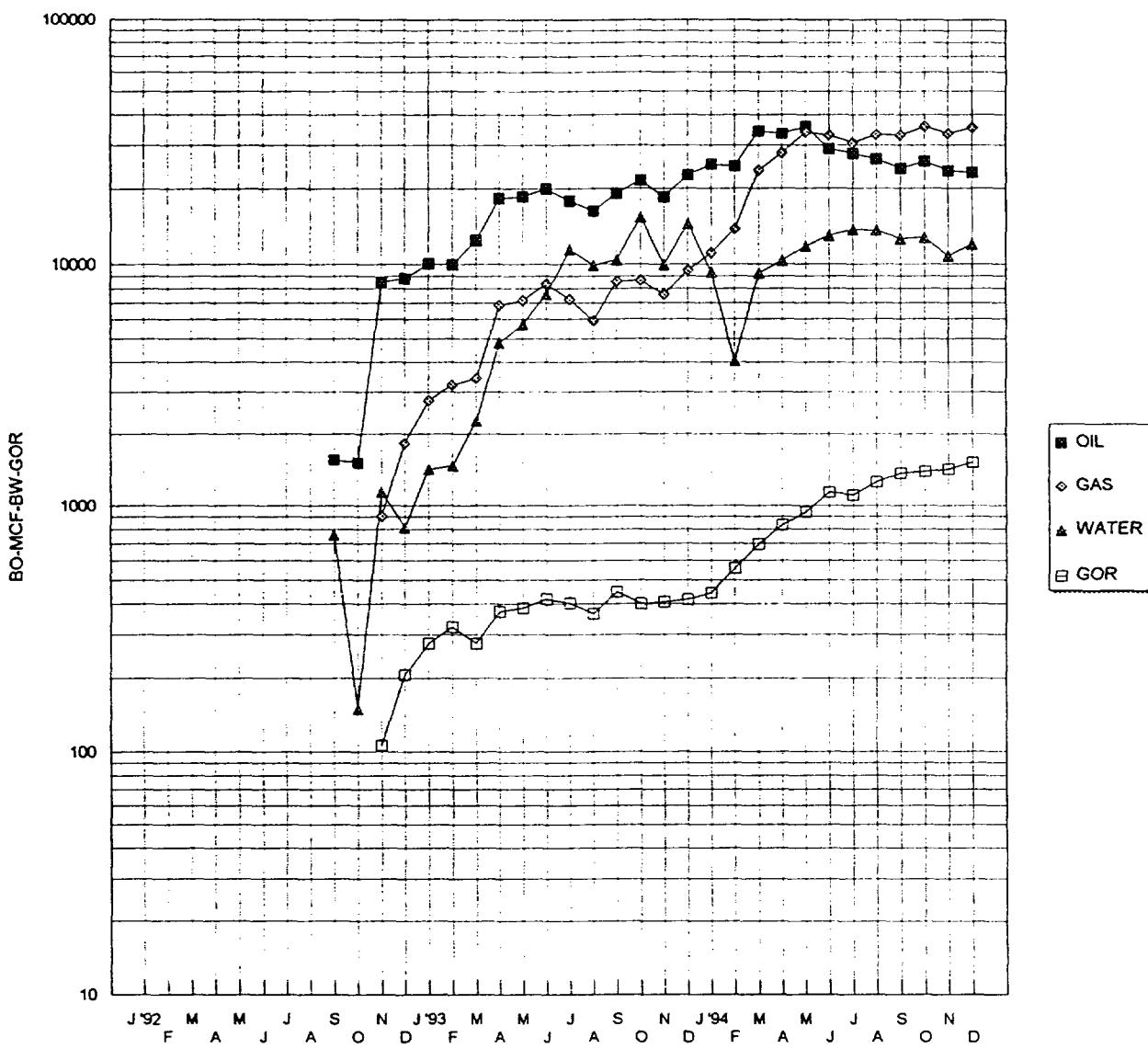
EXHIBIT I







THIRD SAND SUMMARY
NORTHEAST LEA DELAWARE POOL



OIL AND WATER CUT

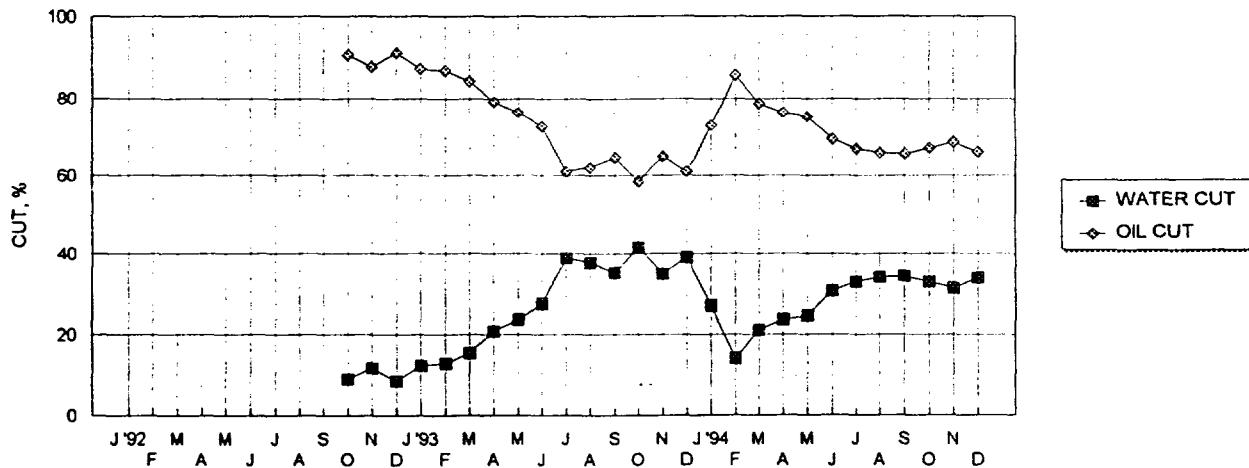
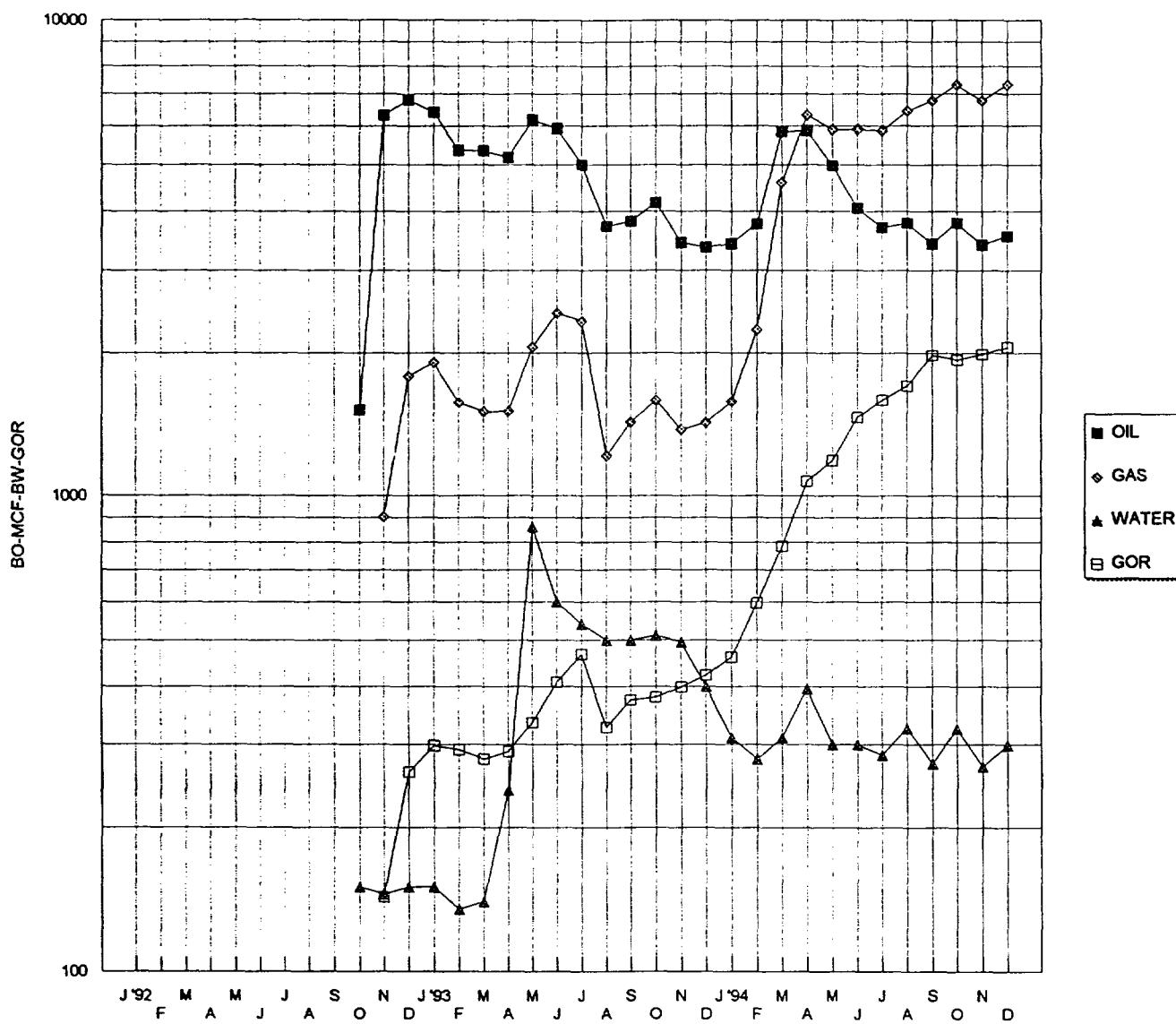


EXHIBIT F-1

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
MOBIL LEA STATE #1



OIL AND WATER CUT

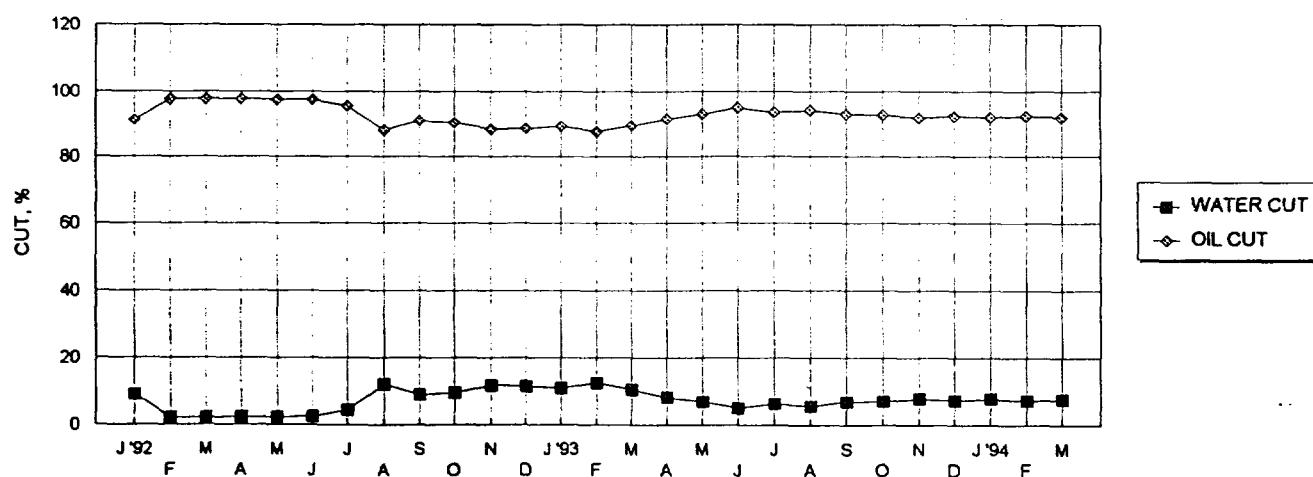
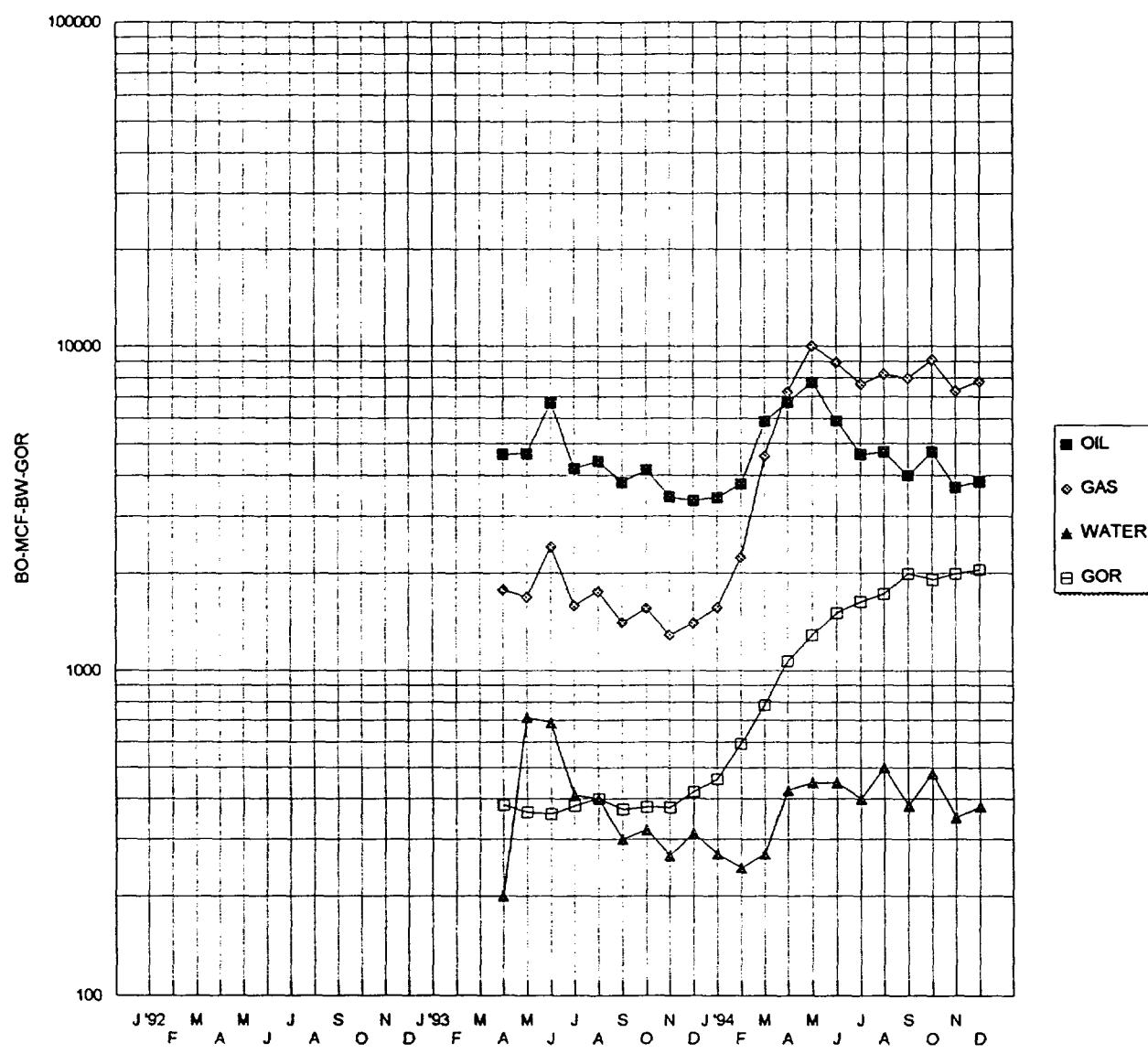


EXHIBIT G-

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
MOBIL LEA STATE #2



OIL AND WATER CUT

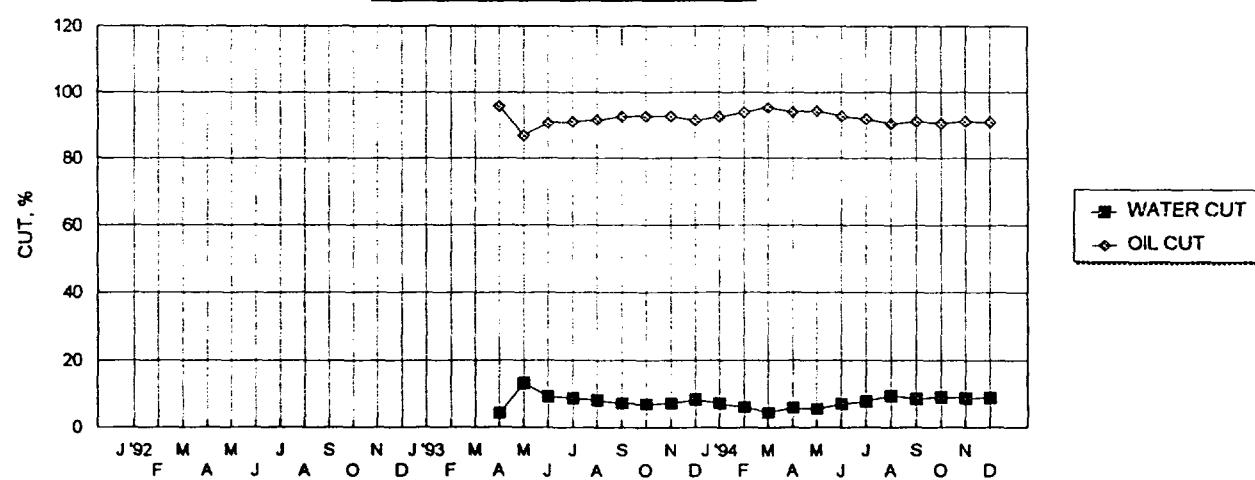
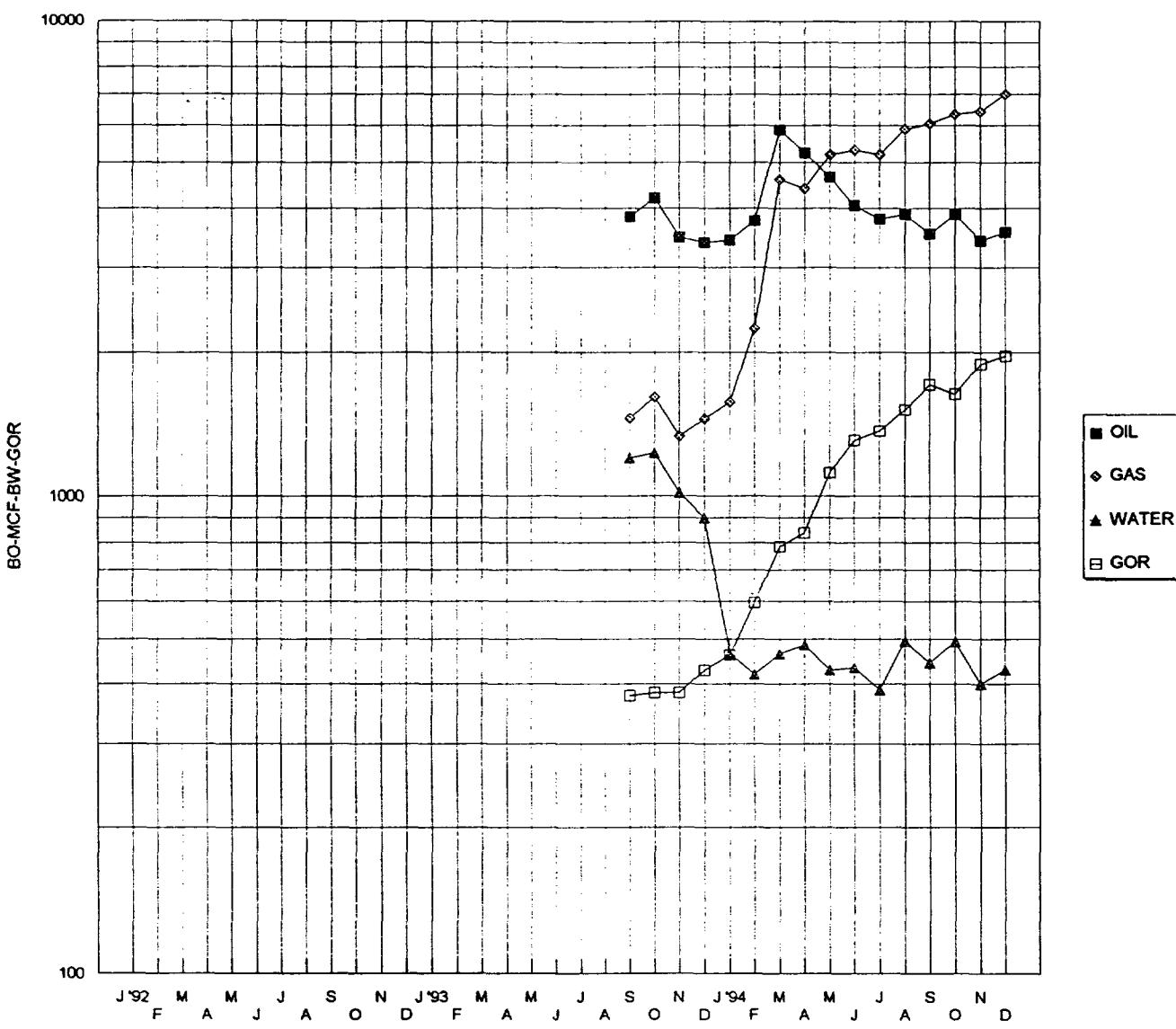


EXHIBIT G-2

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
MOBIL LEA STATE #3



OIL AND WATER CUT

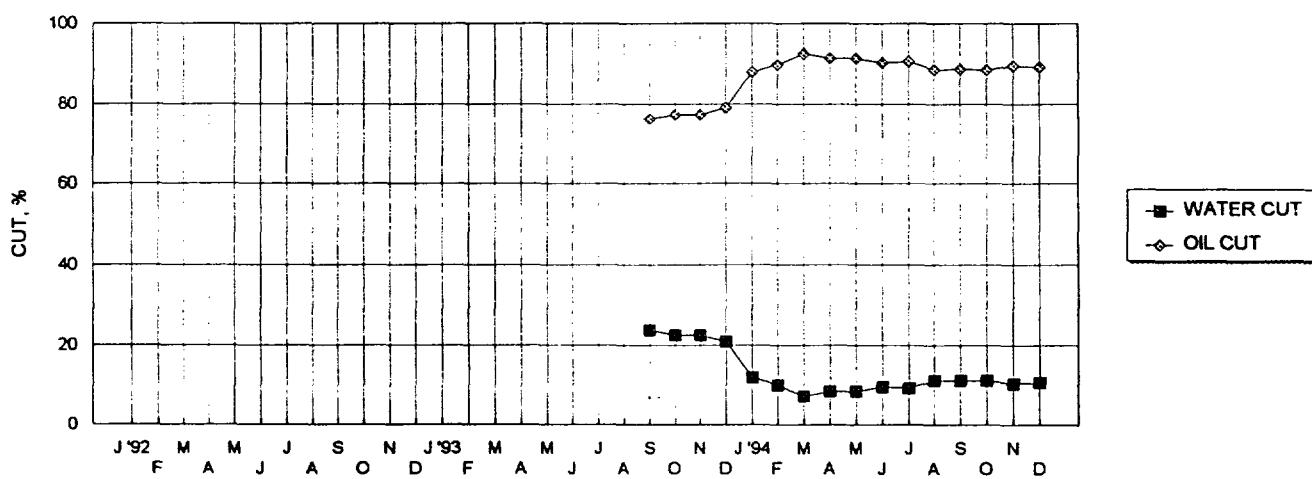
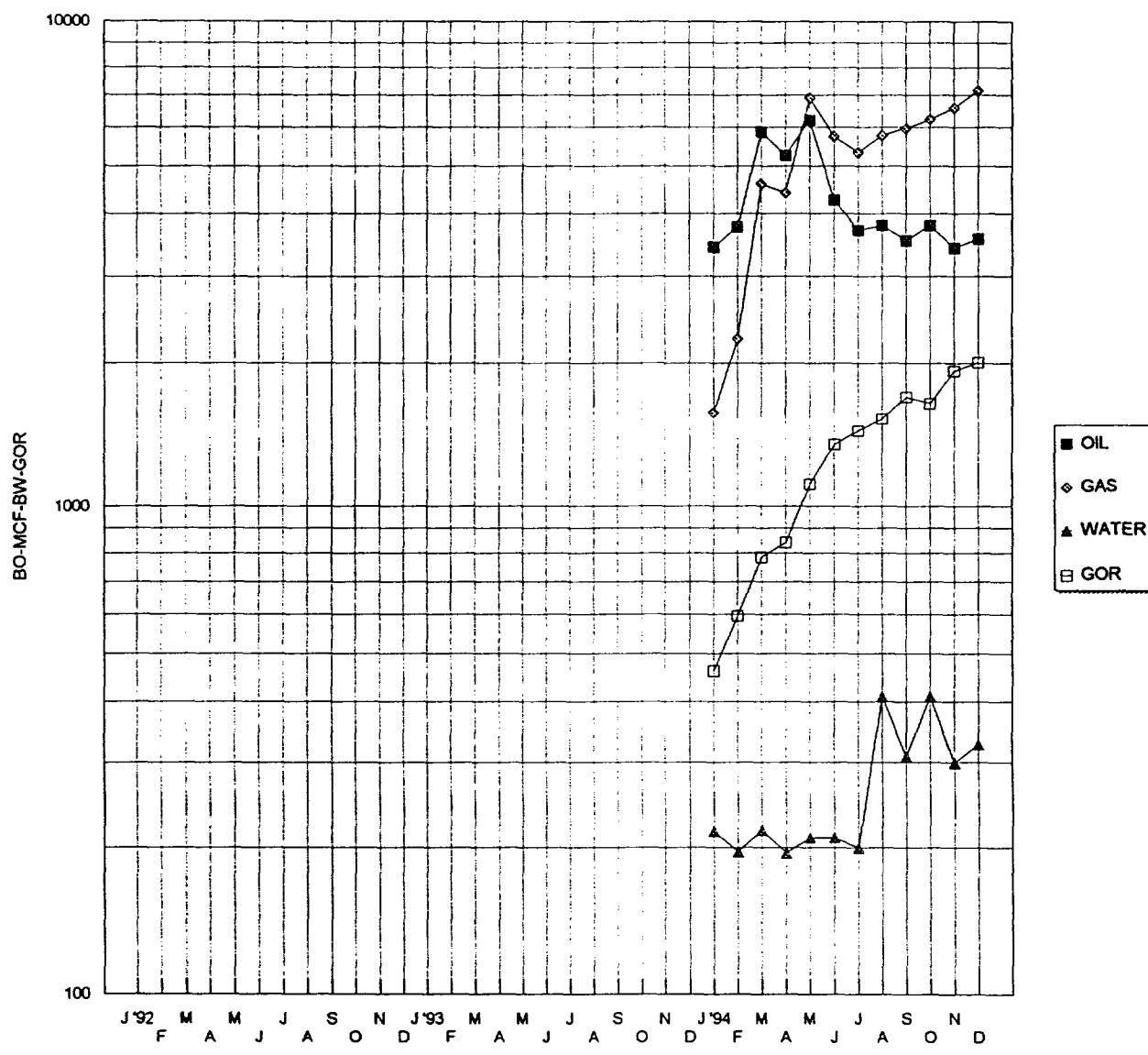


EXHIBIT G-3

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
MOBIL LEA STATE #4



OIL AND WATER CUT

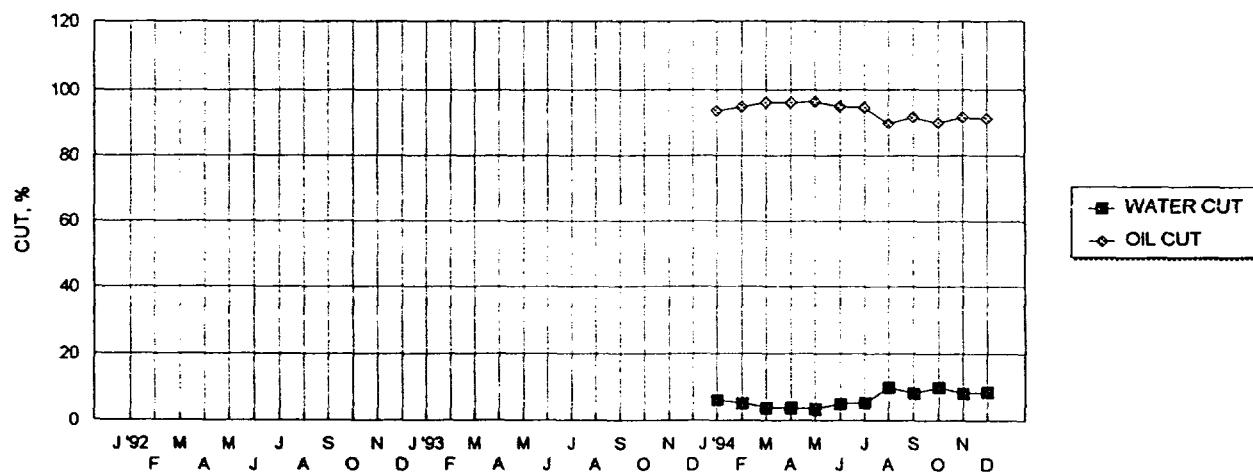
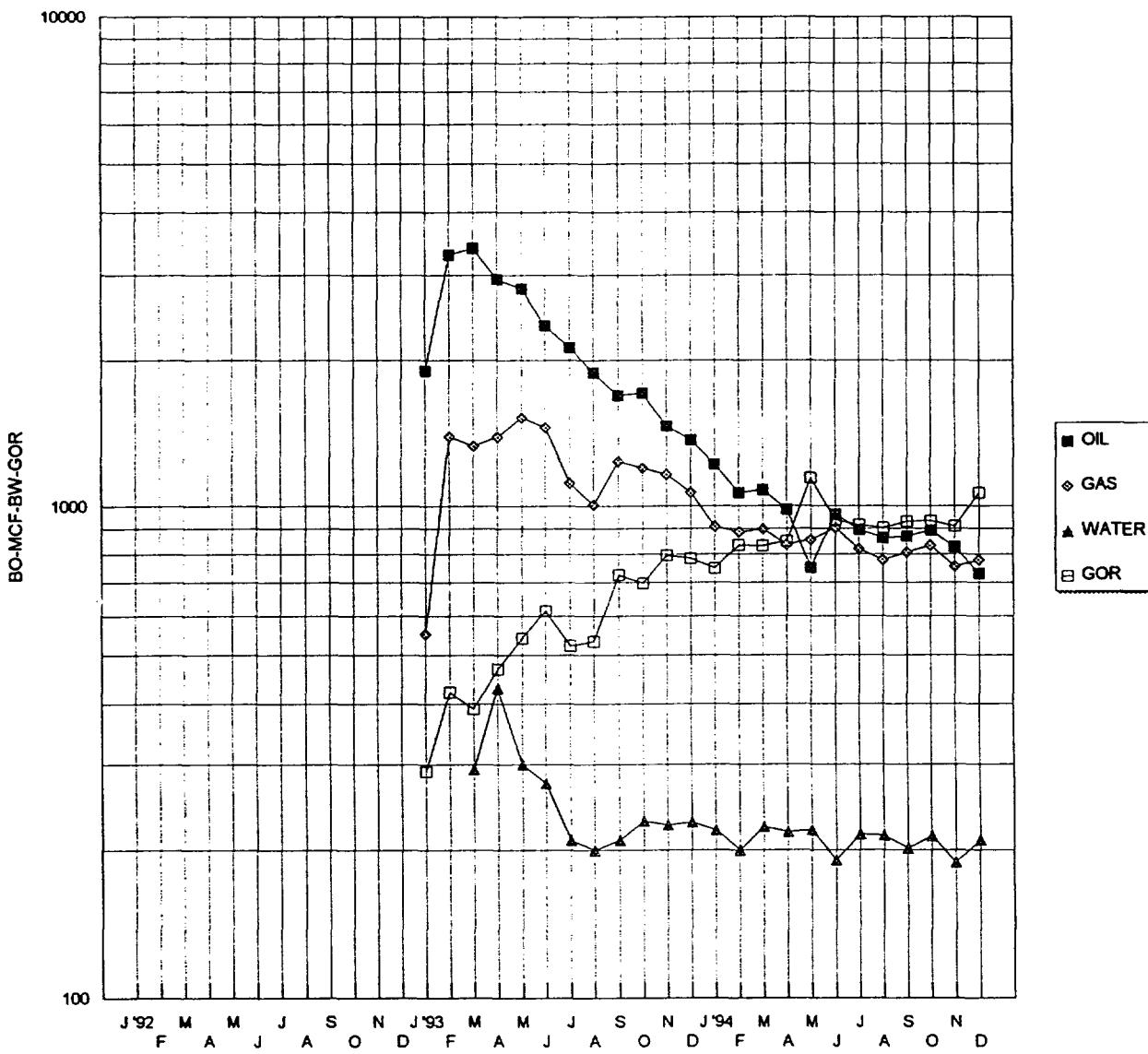


EXHIBIT G-4

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
WEST PEARL STATE #1



OIL AND WATER CUT

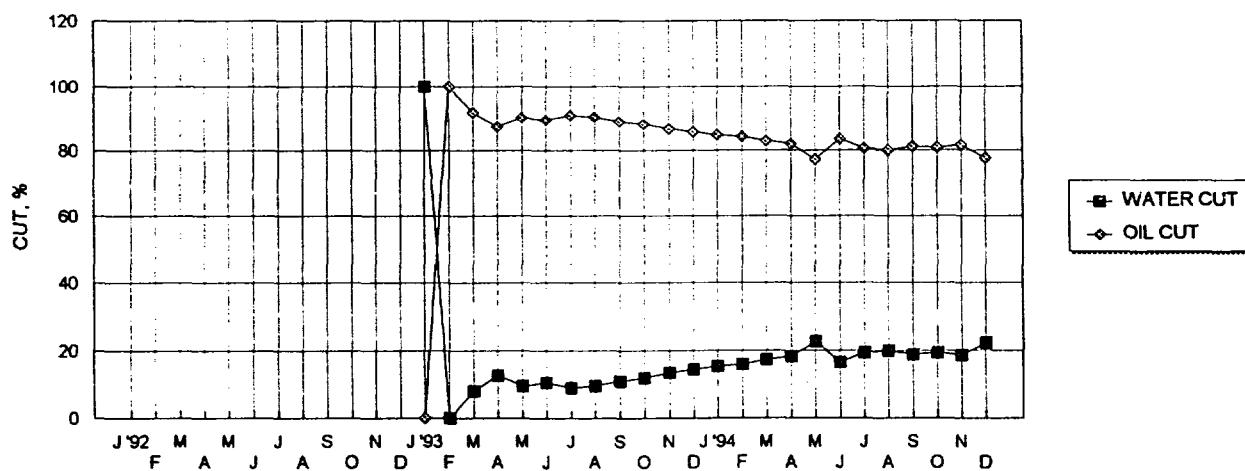
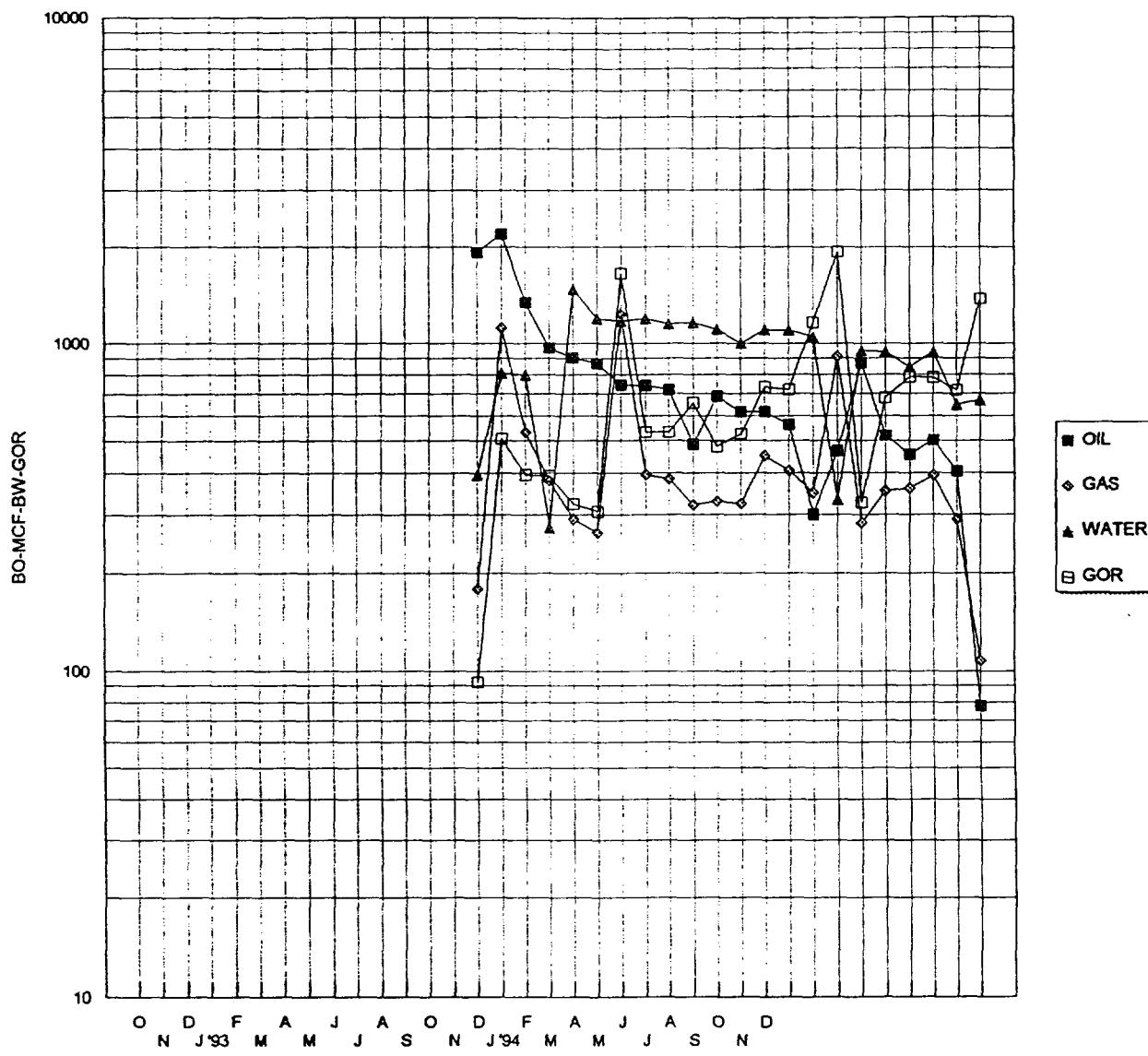


EXHIBIT G-5

ARMSTRONG ENERGY CORP.
WEST PEARL STATE #2



OIL AND WATER CUT

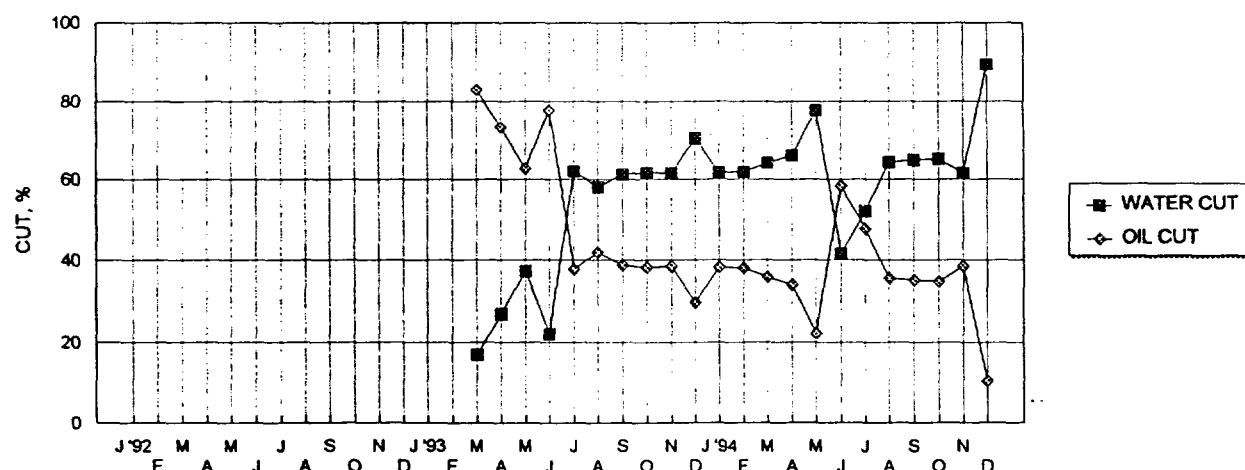
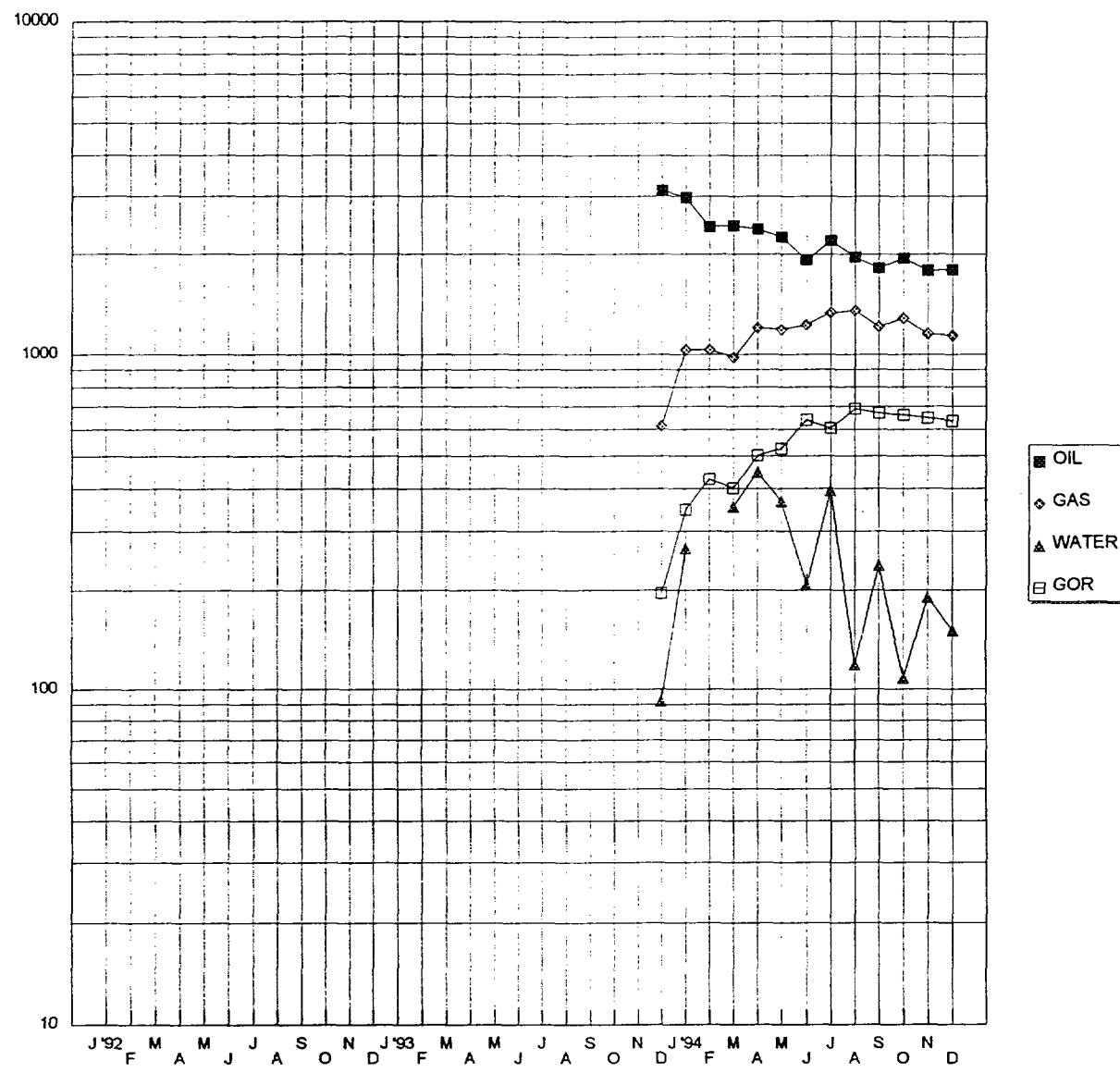


EXHIBIT G-6

READ & STEVENS, INC.
MARK FEDERAL #4



OIL AND WATER CUT

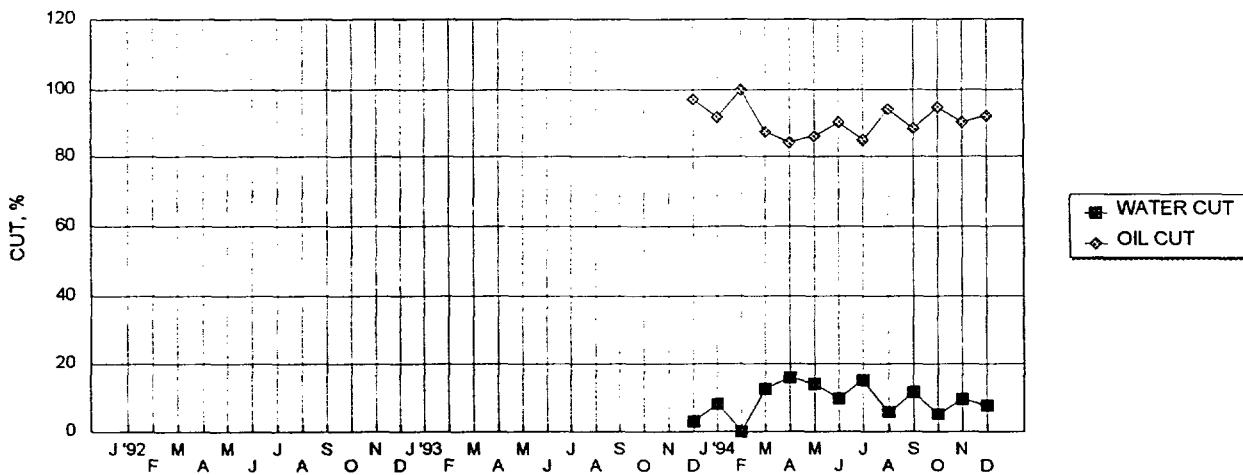
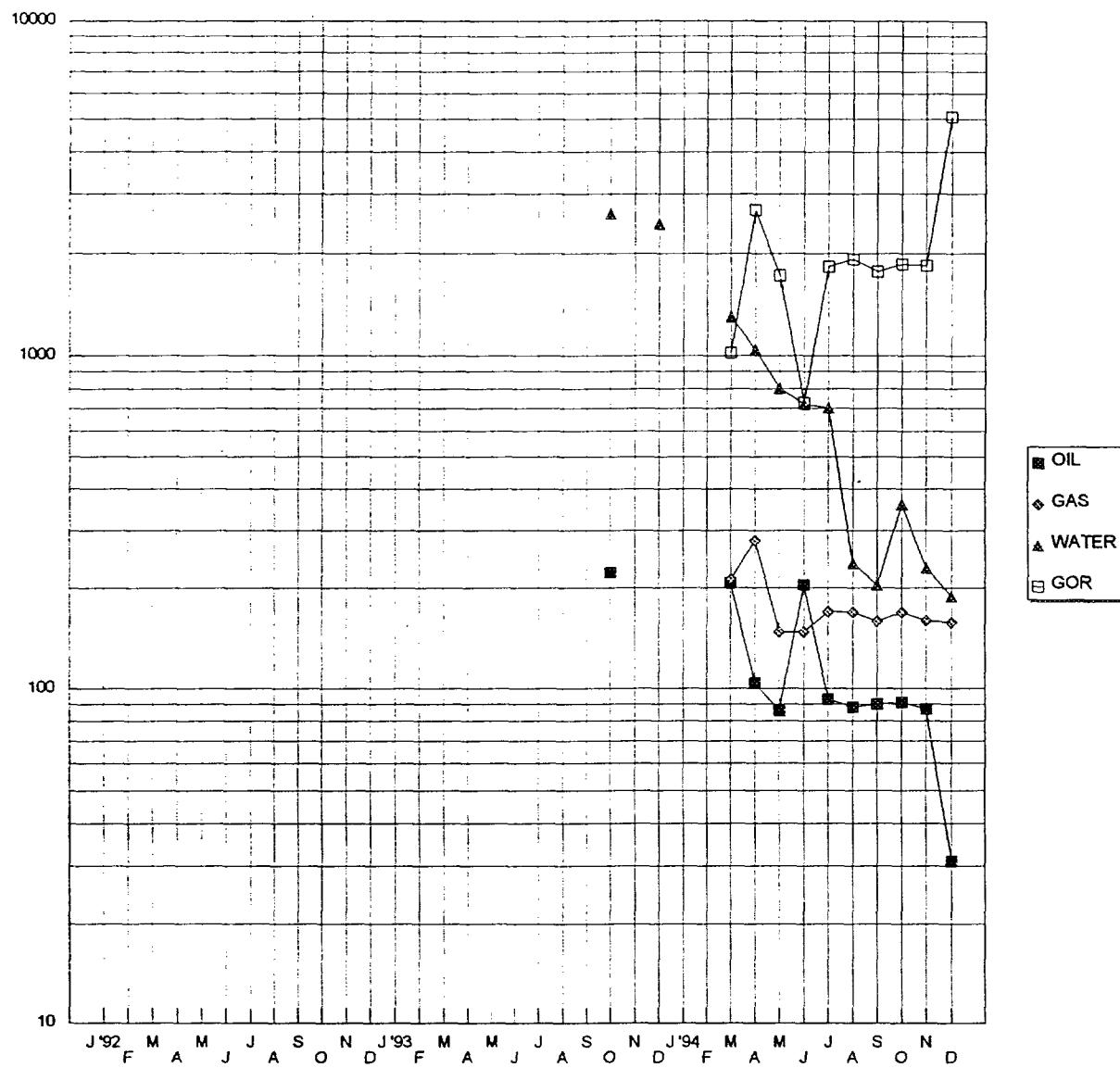


EXHIBIT G-7

READ & STEVENS, INC.
MARK FEDERAL #8



OIL AND WATER CUT

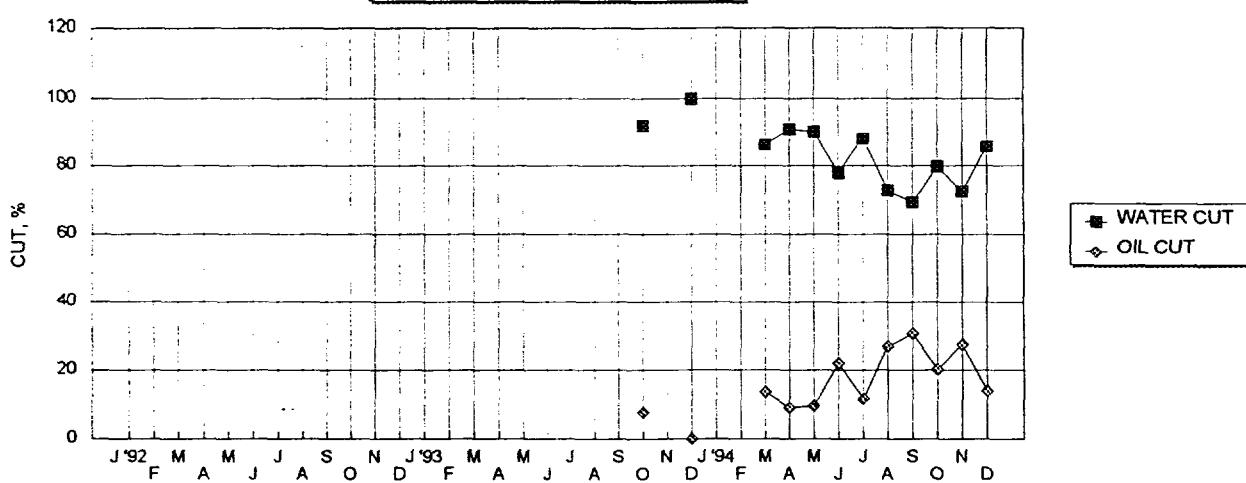
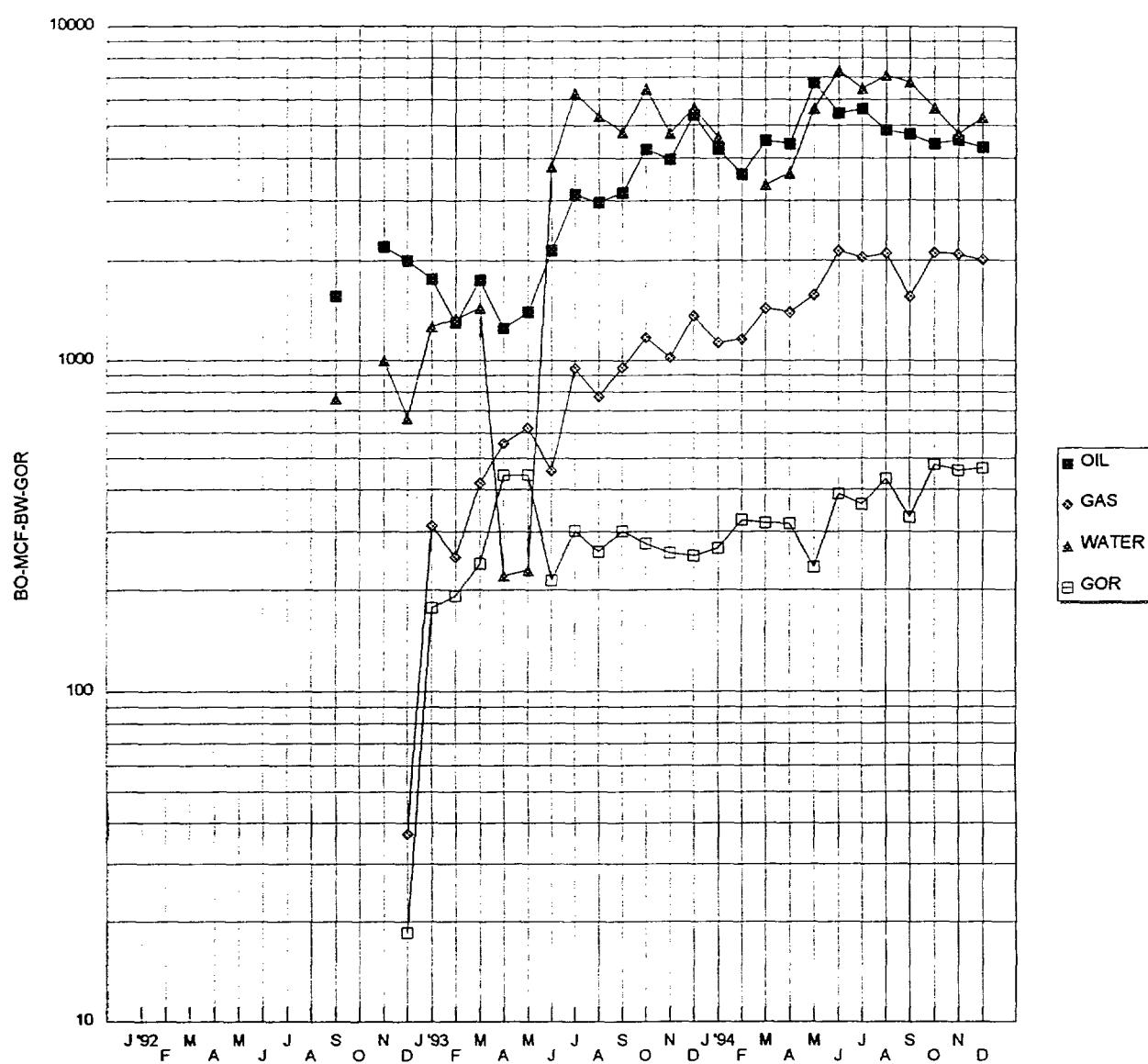


EXHIBIT G-

READ & STEVENS, INC.

NORTH LEA FEDERAL #6



OIL AND WATER CUT

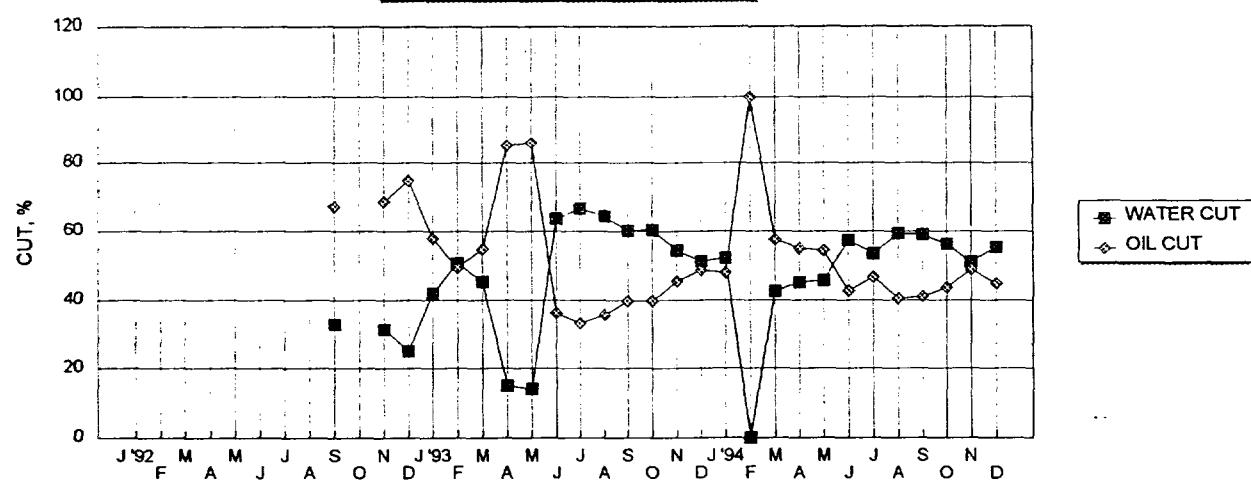
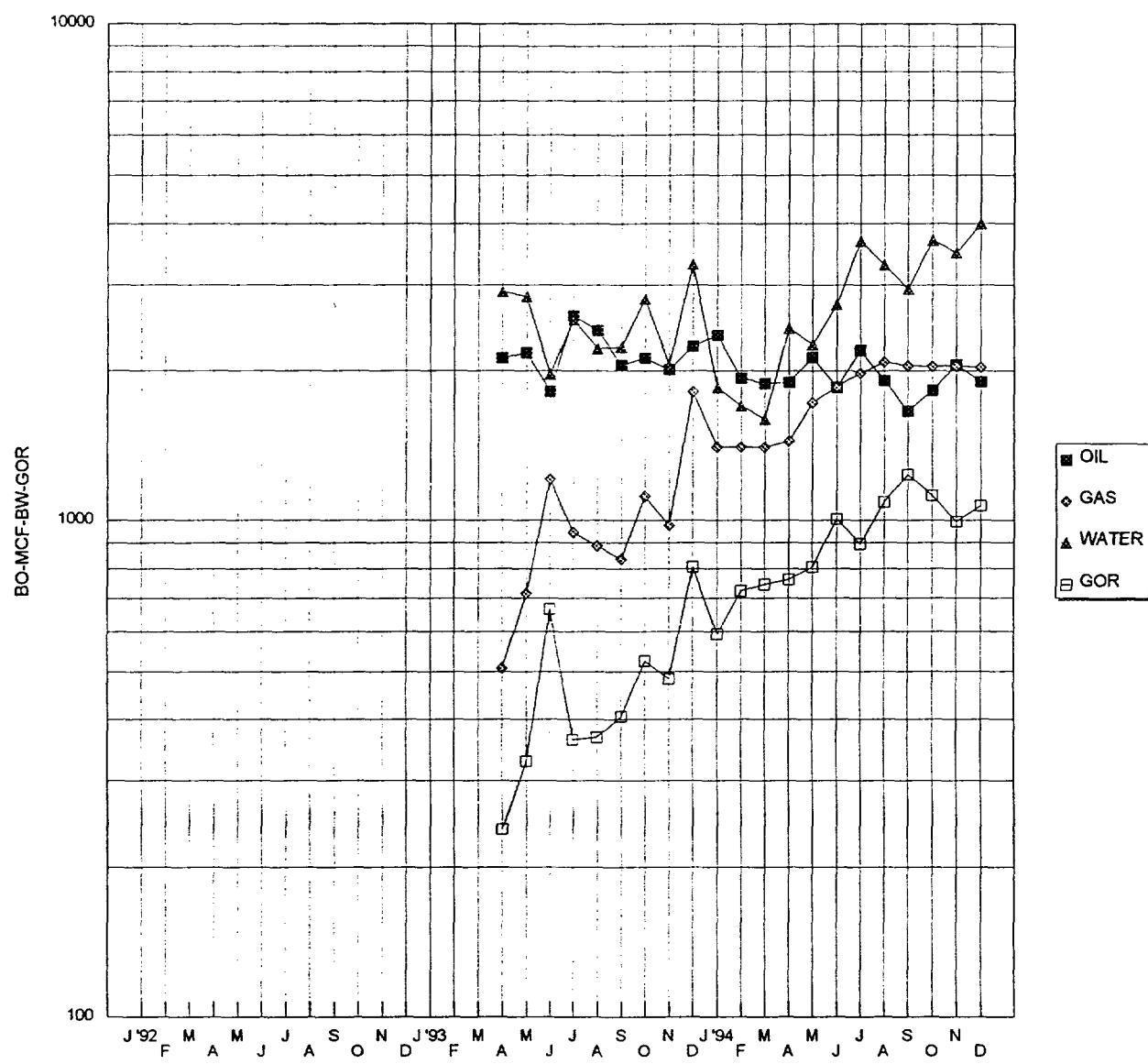
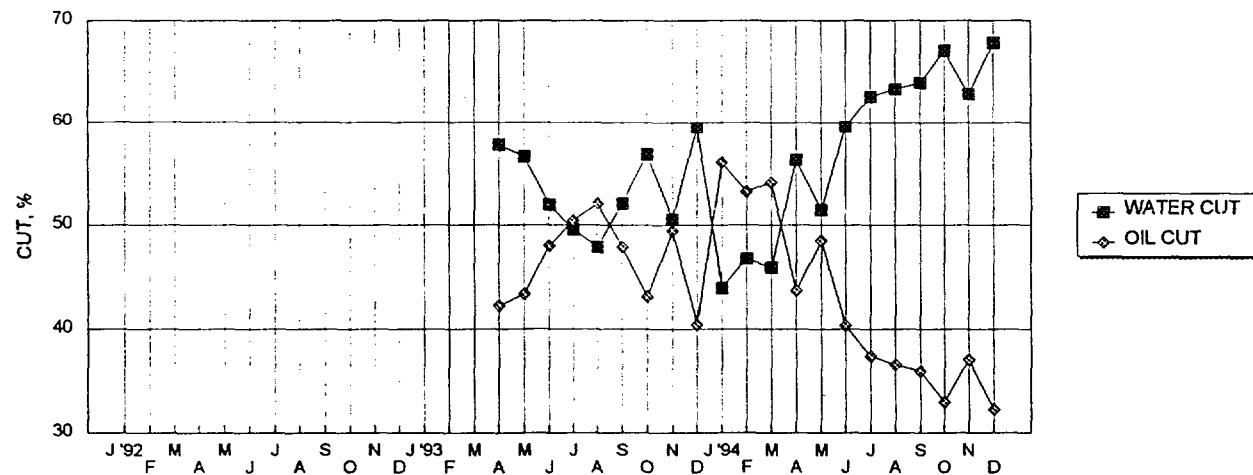


EXHIBIT G-

READ & STEVENS, INC.
NORTH LEA FEDERAL #10

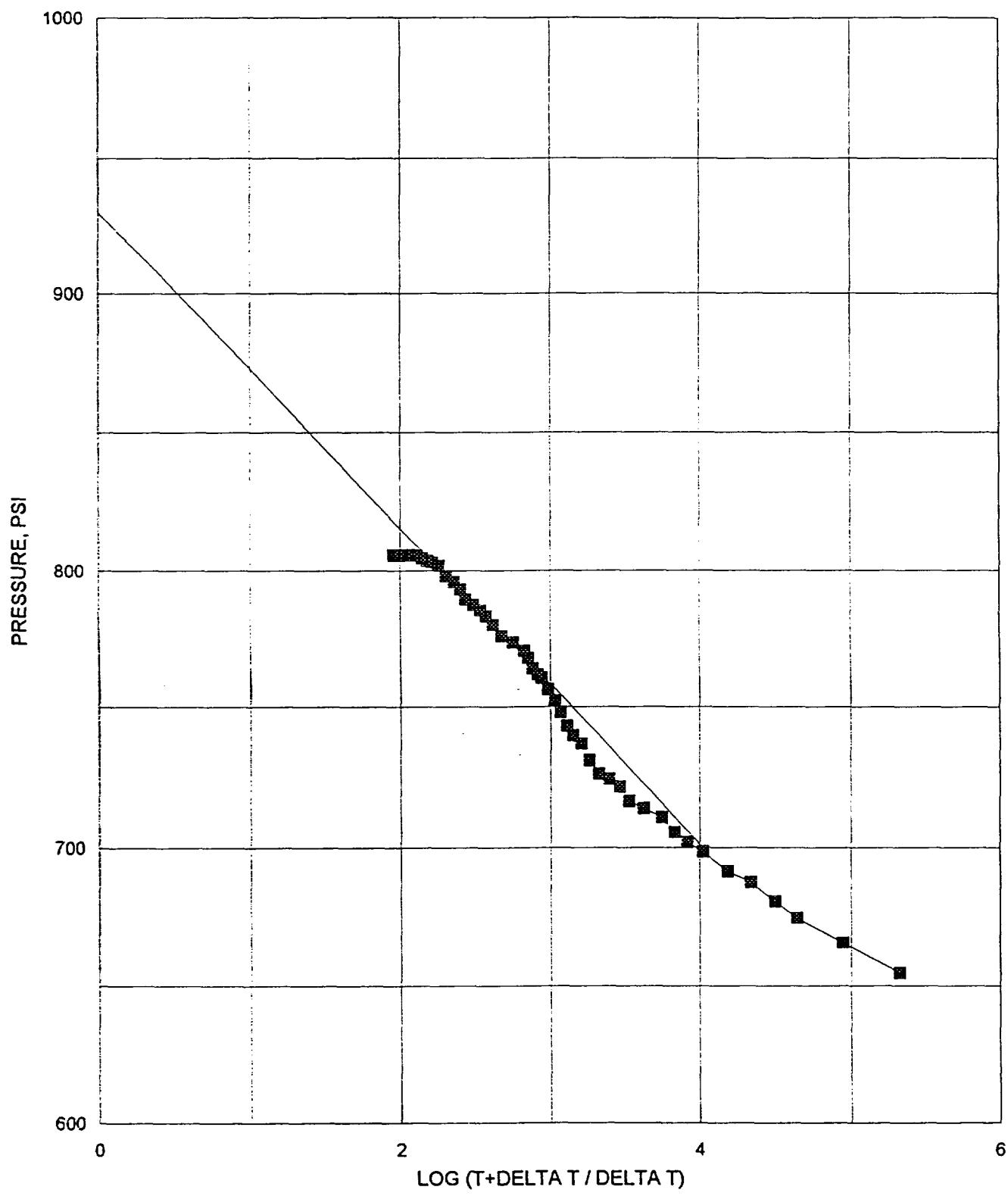


OIL AND WATER CUT



MOBIL LEA STATE #1

BHP TEST 5-26-94 TO 6-1-94



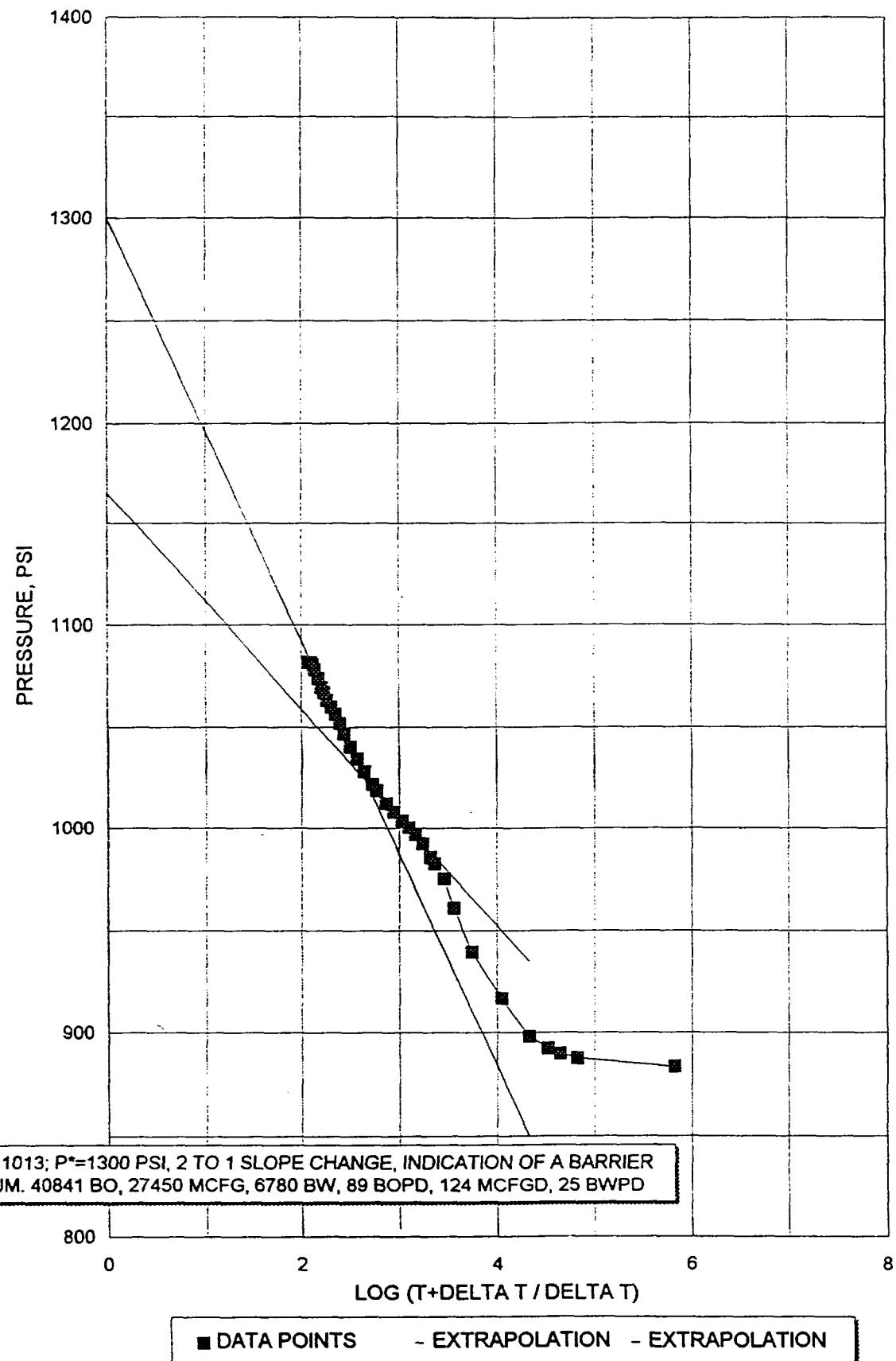
■ DATA POINTS - EXTRAPOLATION

T=12079 HRS.; P*=930 PSI

CUM. 96135 BO, 43630 MCFG, 7111 BW, 191 BOPD, 227 MCFGD, 12 BWPD

MOBIL LEA STATE #3

BHP TEST 6-28-94 TO 7-3-94



RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION

$$R_i = \sqrt{0.00105 \frac{k}{\text{POROSITY} \times \text{VIS.} \times \text{COMP.}}} t$$

k= PERMEABILITY

t= SHUT-IN TIME

k=24.6MD

t=20 HRS.

POROSITY= 20%

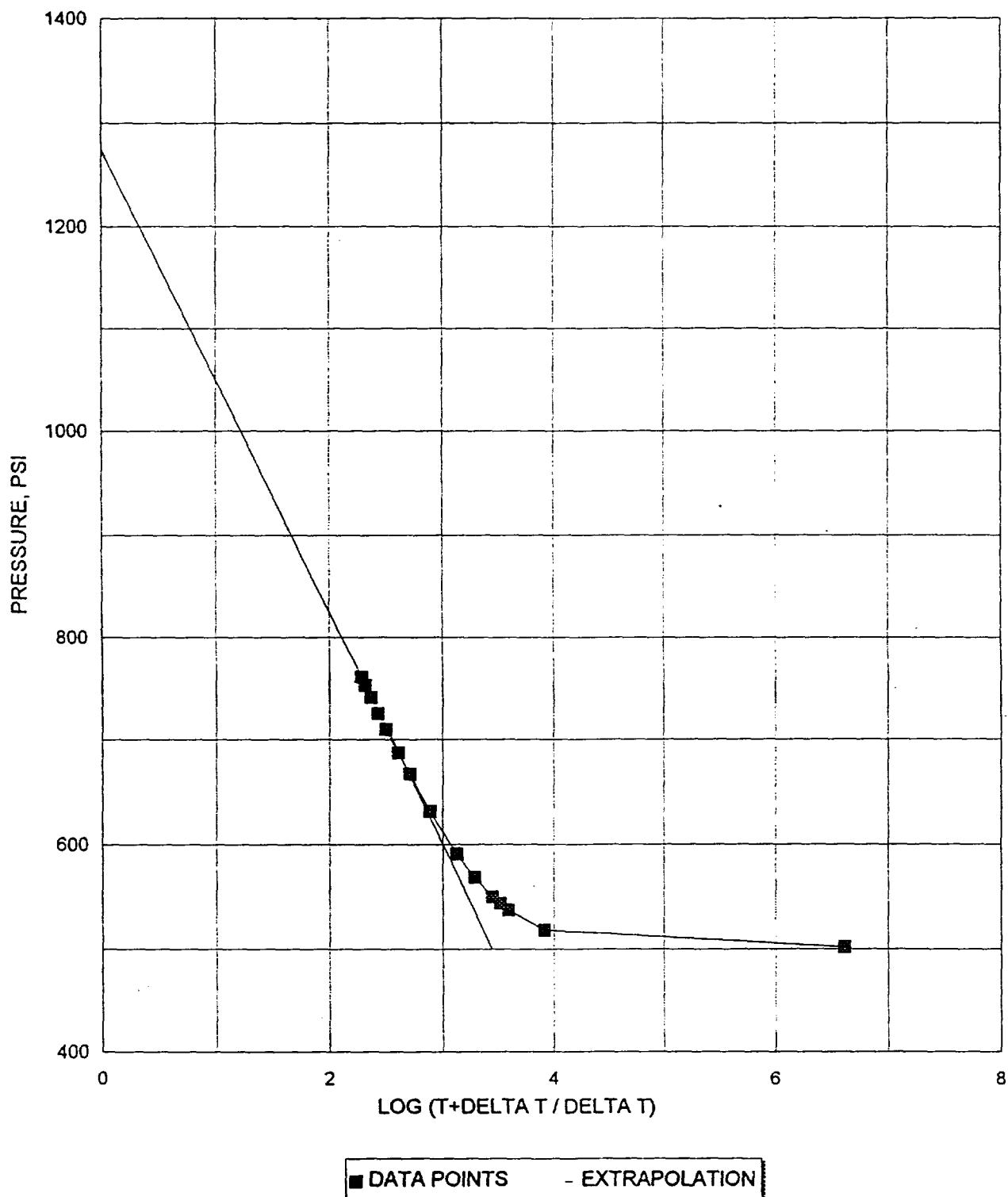
VISCOSITY=.9 cp.

COMPRESSIBILITY= 6.0E-06

$$R_i = 691.6 \text{ FEET}$$

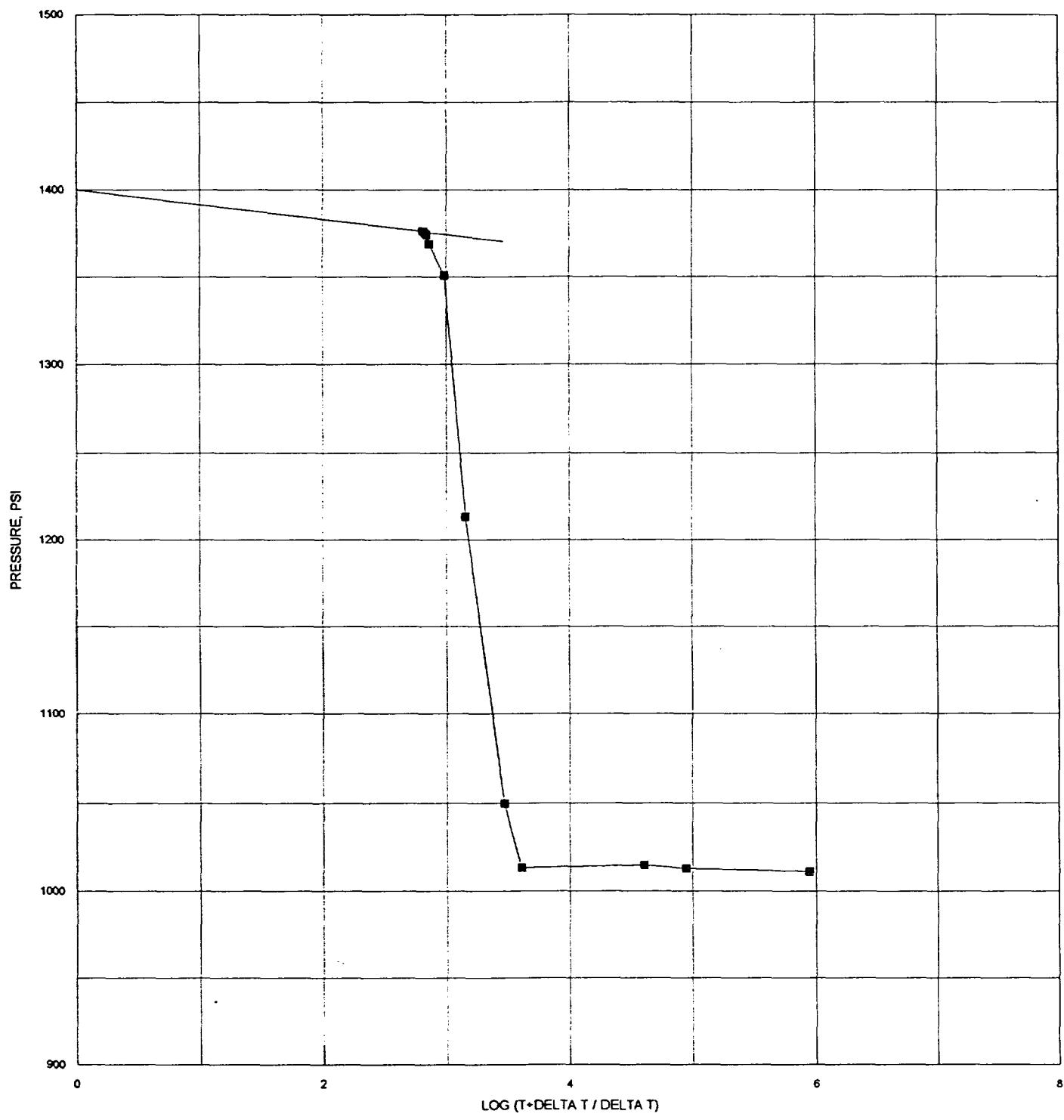
MOBIL LEA STATE #3

BHP TEST 10-4-94 TO 10-6-94



T=8250 HRS. P*=1275 PSI
CUM. 49841 BO, 38450 MCFG, 8580 BW, 145 BOPD, 278 MCFGD, 15 BWPD

MOBIL LEA STATE #3
BHP TEST 11-28-94 TO 11-30-94



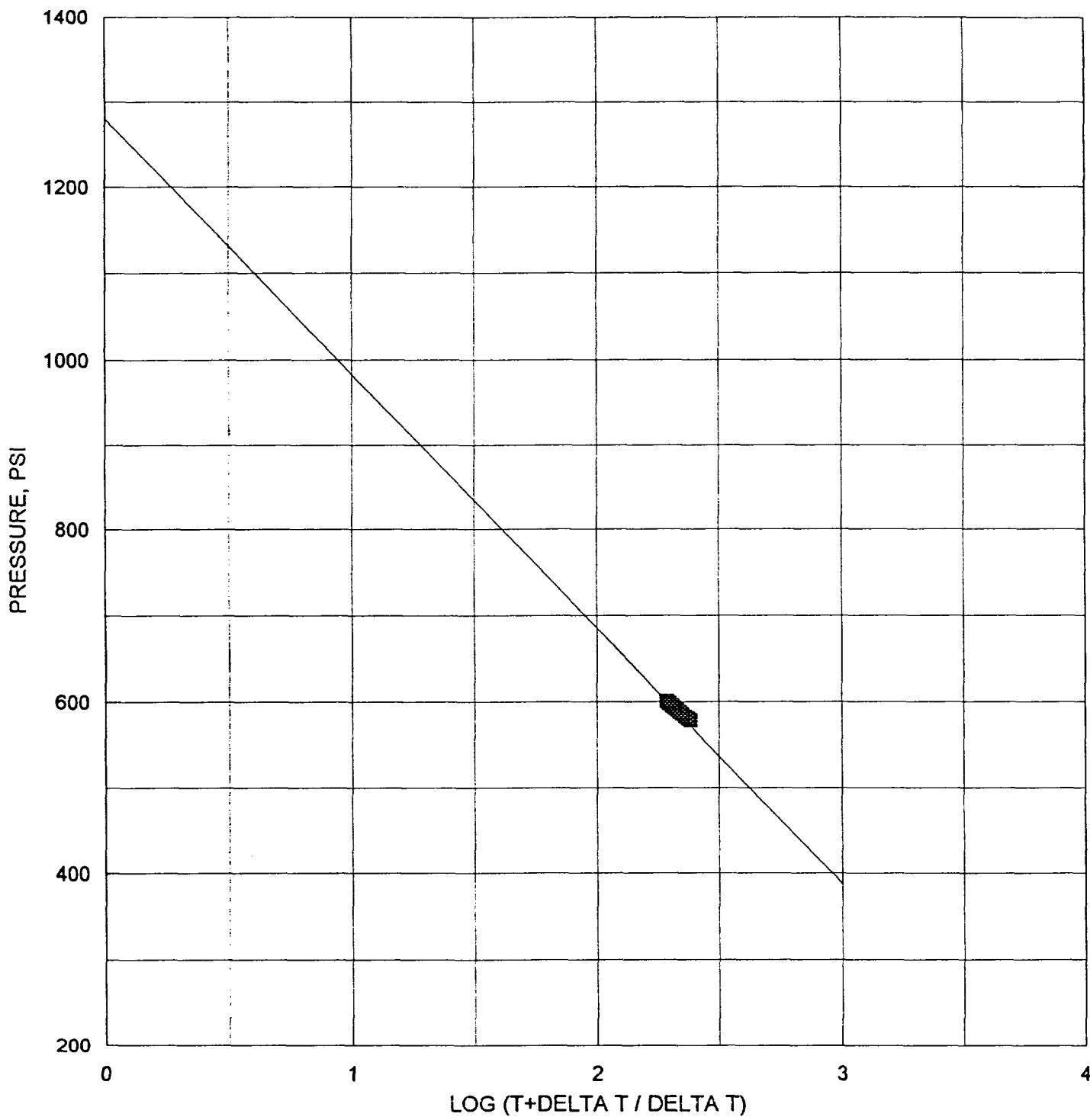
■ DATA POINTS - EXTRAPOLATION

T=14736 HRS. P*=1400 PSI
CUM. 54647 BO, 45146 MCFG, 9390 BW, 89 BOPD, 124 MCFGD, 15 BWPD

EXHIBIT H-5

MOBIL LEA STATE #3

BHP TEST 1-9-95 TO 1-13-95



■ DATA POINTS - EXTRAPOLATION

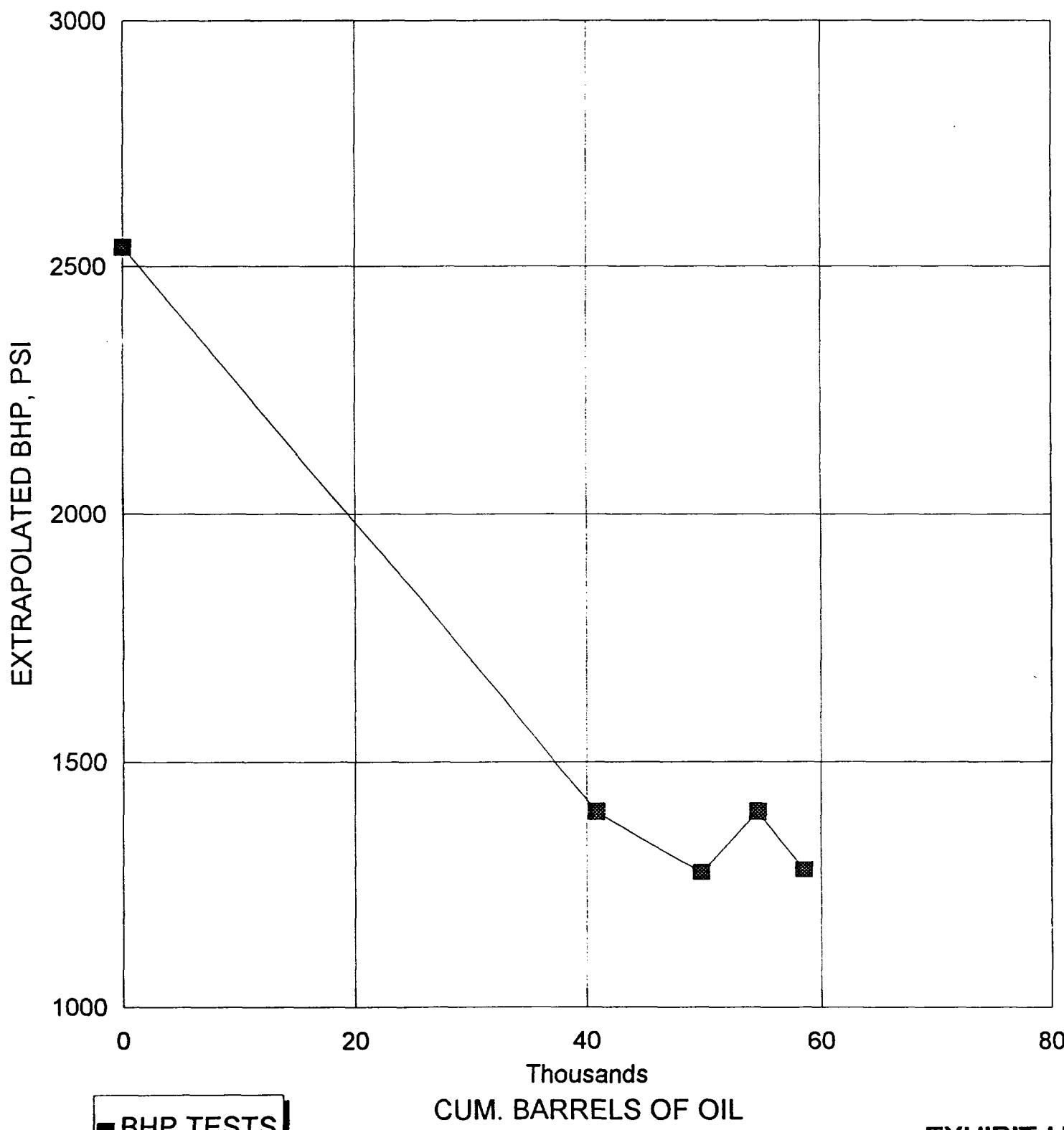
T=13378 HRS. P*=1280 PSI
CUM. 58532 BO, 52879 MCFG, 9945 BW, 105 BOPD, 209 MCFGD, 15 BWPD

EXHIBIT H-1

MOBIL LEA STATE #3

PRESSURE HISTORY

PRESSURE vs. CUMMULATIVE PRODUCTION



■ BHP TESTS

EXHIBIT H-

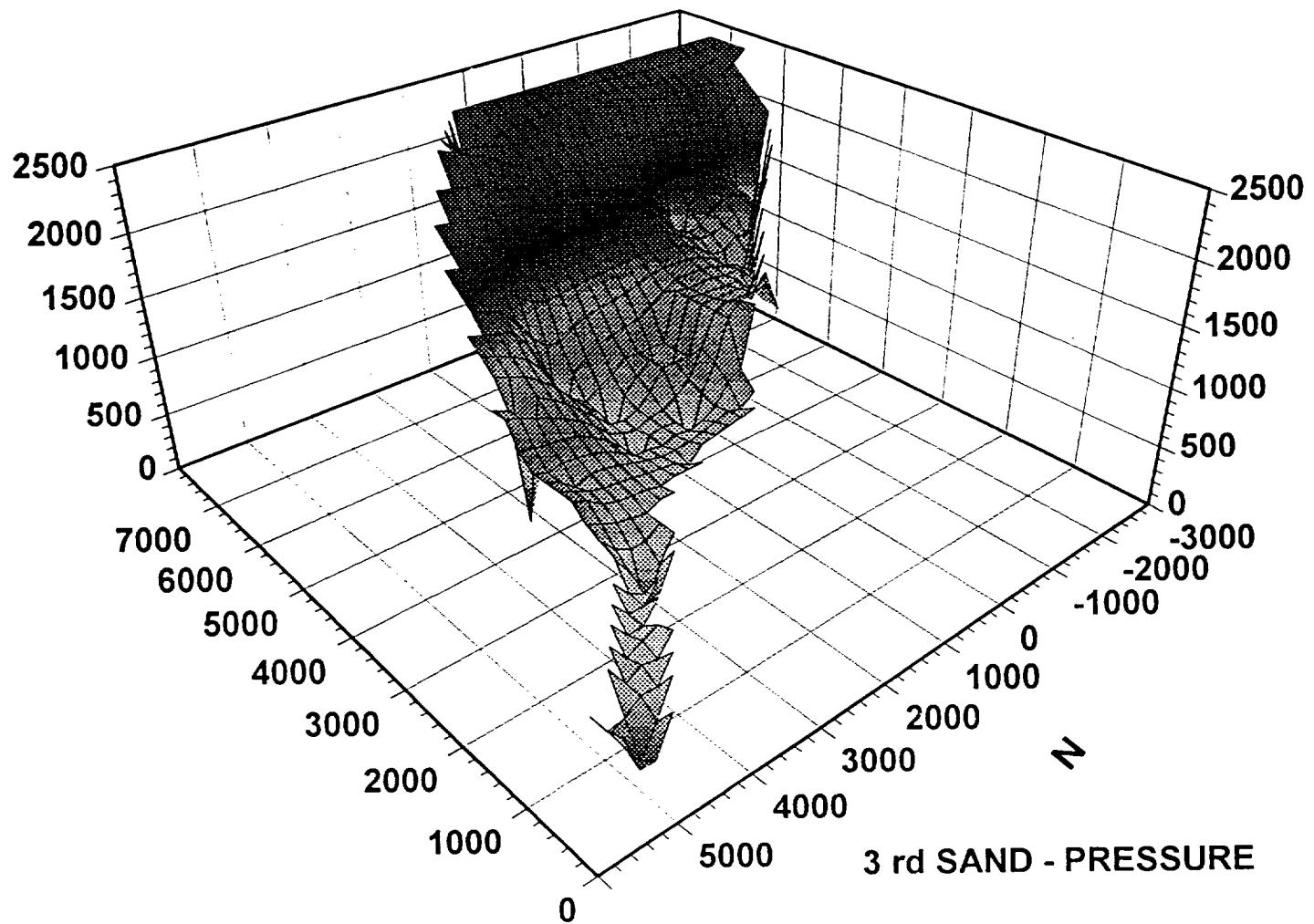


EXHIBIT H-8

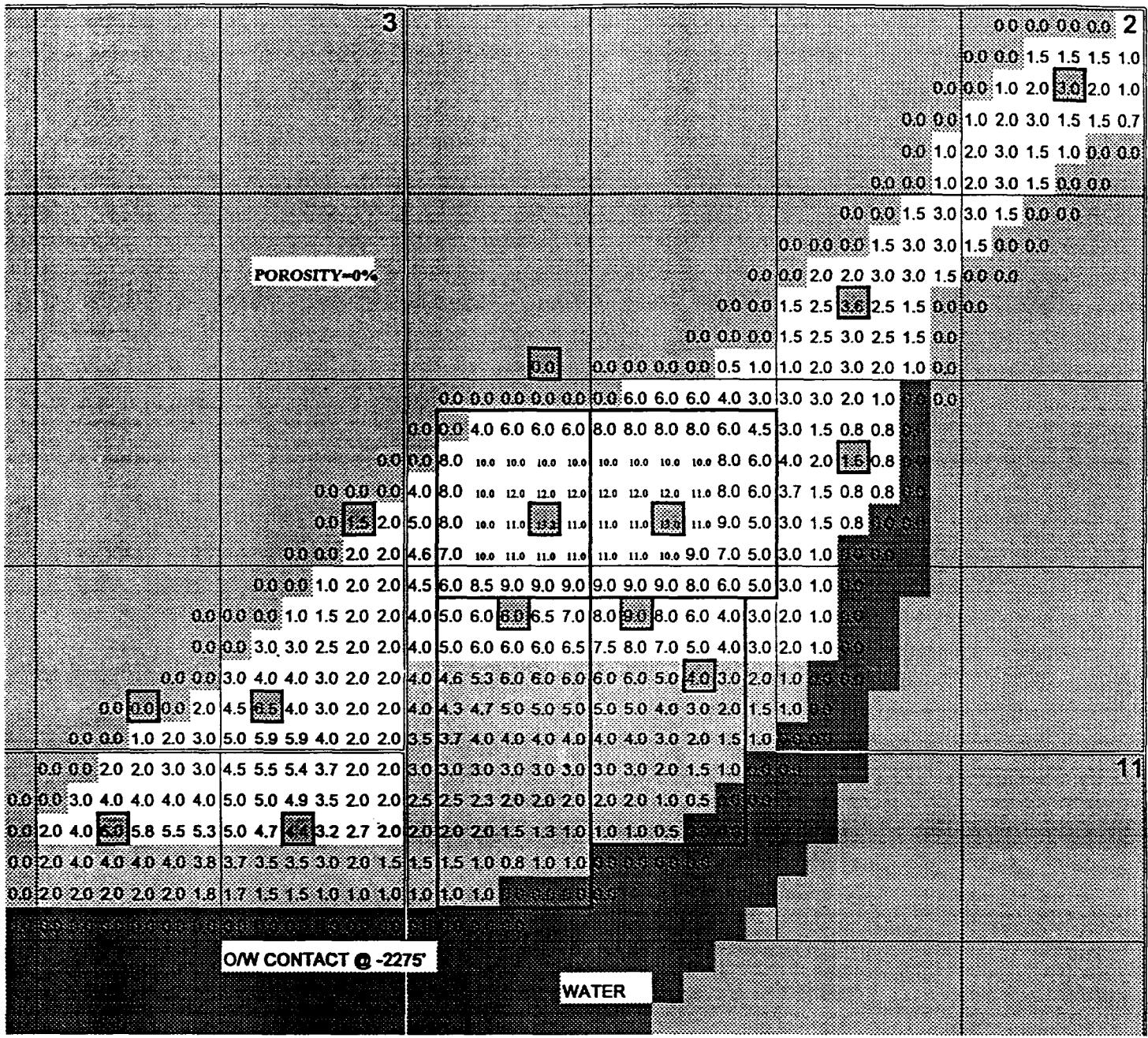
MATERIAL BALANCE MODEL WITH WATER INFLUX

TOTAL OIL
TOTAL GA
TOTAL WA
GOR
BO/BW

CUM. OIL
CUM. GAS
CUM. WTR

DATA

OIL VISCOSITY	1.4 cp	OOIP
FORMATION WATER VISCOSITY	1.004 cp	OIL FORMATION VOLUME FACTOR
S.G. FORMATION WATER	1.14	B_o AT INITIAL PRESSURE
C_f	132,995 PPM	INITIAL SOLUTION GAS-OIL RATIO
RES. @70 F	0.057 OHMS-METER	SOLUTION GAS-OIL RATIO
RW @ BHT	0.04 OHMS-METER	GAS FORMATION VOLUME FACTOR
OWW CONTACT	-2275.00 FT.	
GAS BTU	1488.00 DRY	IRREDUCIBLE WATER SATURATION
GAS S.G.	0.972	CHANGE IN PRESSURE
OIL DENSITY	44.7858 LBM/CU.FT.	CUMULATIVE GAS PRODUCTION
OIL GRAVITY	38 DEGREES API	
B_g @ 2500 PSI	0.0035 CU.FT./CU.FT.	GAS FVF @ P_i
B_g @ 1200 PSI	0.0080 CU.FT./CU.FT.	CUMULATIVE WATER PRODUCTION
B_g @ 800 PSI	0.0150 CU.FT./CU.FT.	RESERVOIR PRESSURE
B_g @ 500 PSI	0.0320 CU.FT./CU.FT.	GAS DEVIATION FACTOR
BUBBLE POINT	1200 PSI	TEMPERATURE DEGREES F
B_{oi}	1.225 BO/BSTO	
C_f	3.7000E-06	BHP
C_o	0.00001188	Z = @ ? PS
C_w	3.0310E-06	2500
INITIAL BHP	2539 PSI	2400
POROSITY	20.0%	2300
WATER SATURATION	45.0%	2200
IRREDUCIBLE WATER SATURATION	40.0%	2100
ORIGINAL OIL IN PLACE	5,450,959 STBO	2000
ORIGINAL GOR	350 CU.FT./BBL.	1900
		1800
		1700
		1600
		1500
		1400
		1300
		1200
		1100
		1000
		900
		800
		700
		600
		500
		400
		300
		200
		100
		0
TOTAL RESERVOIR VOLUME	60,703,862 BARRELS	
OIL VOLUME - RESERVOIR BARRELS	6,677,425 BARRELS	OIL EXPAN
WATER VOLUME	5,463,348 BARRELS	IRREDUCIBLE WATER
POROSITY VOLUME	12,140,772 BARRELS	MOBIL WATER
ROCK VOLUME	48,563,089 BARRELS	WATER INFLUX
GAS VOLUME	1,907,835,650 CU.FT.	POROSITY
		SOLUTION GAS
		FREE GAS
		GOR FACT
		BARRELS
		OIL PROD
		GAS PROD
		WATER PR
		GAS ADJU
		TOTAL WA



T20S-R34E

POROSITY-FEET MAP OF THE THIRD SAND

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | WELL | | 220'X220' = 1.111 ACRES |
| | POROSITY PINCHOUT | | |
| | OIL - WATER CONTACT | | |

CALCULATED WATER INFLUX MAP