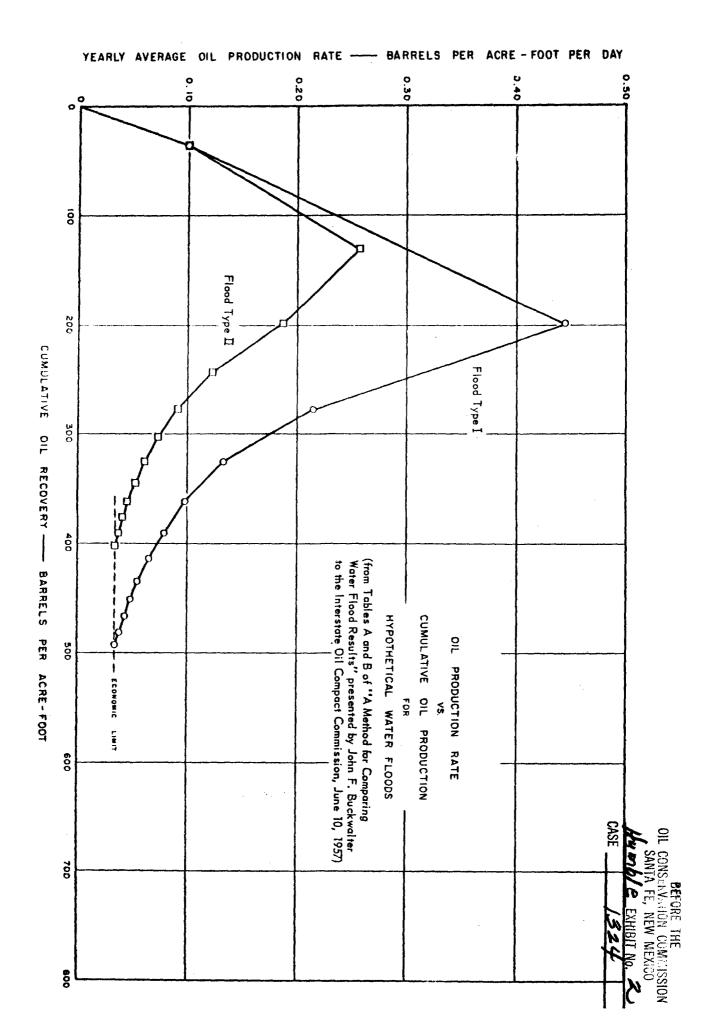
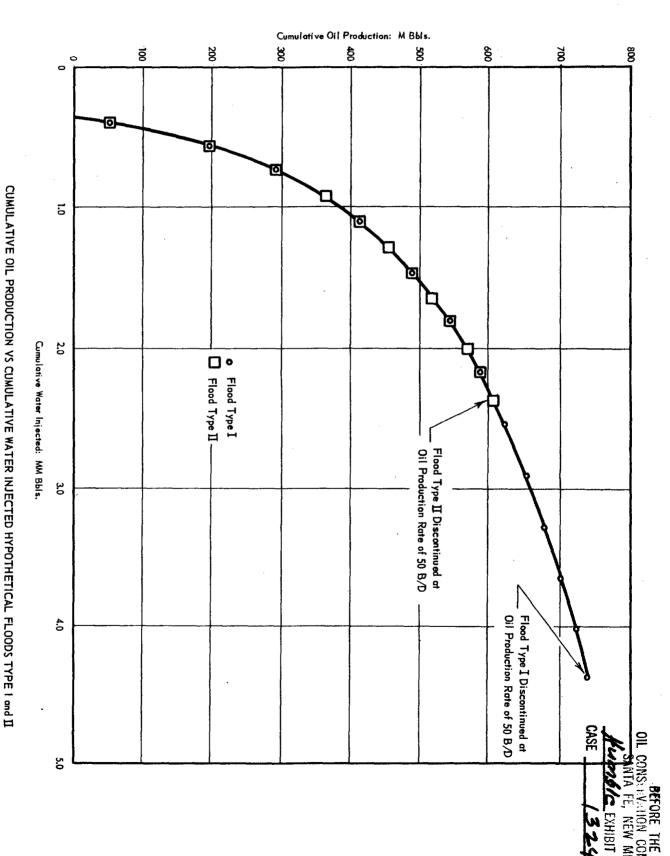


RELATION BETWEEN OIL PRODUCTION AND WATER INJECTION FOR SEVERAL WATER FLOOD PROJECTS IN OKLAHOMA
(Data from Bureau of Mines RI 4831)

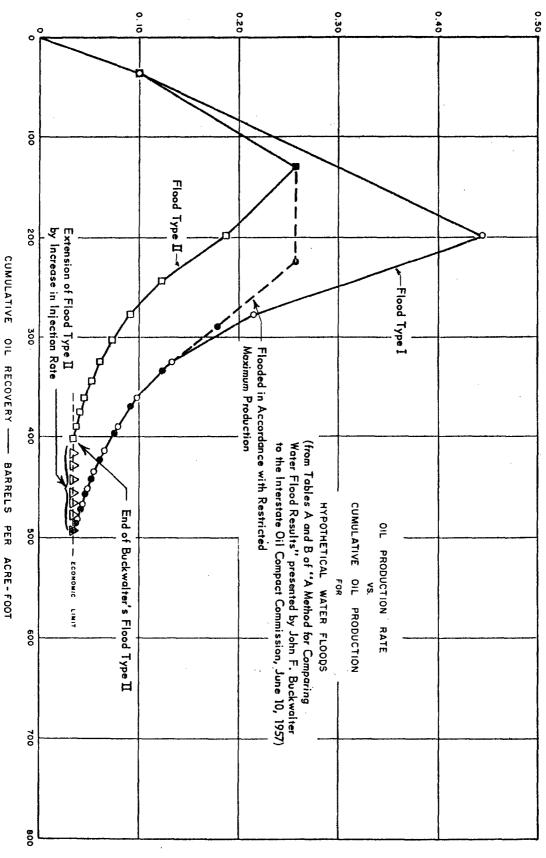
1

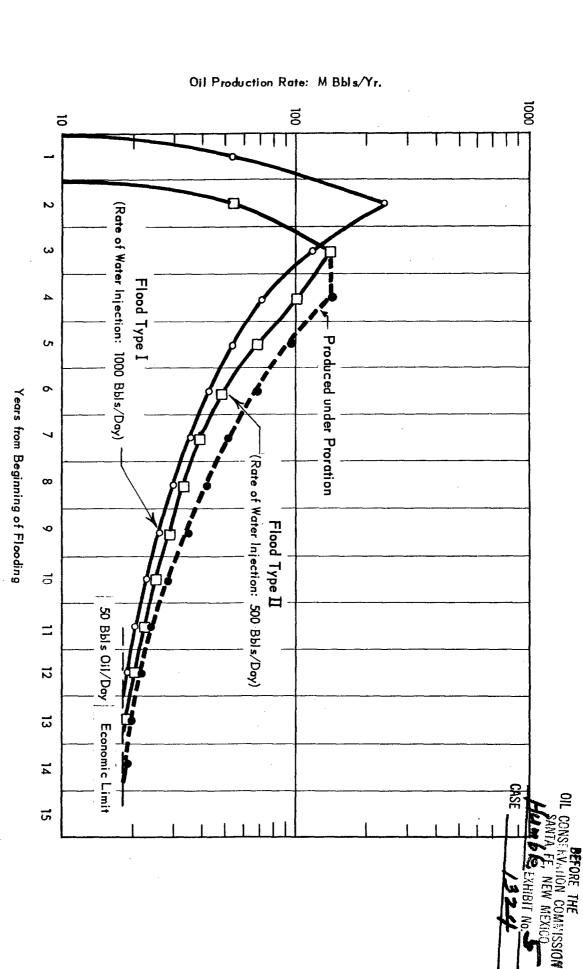




(from Tables A and B of "A Method for Comparing Water Flood Results" presented by John F. Buckwalter to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, June 10, 1957)

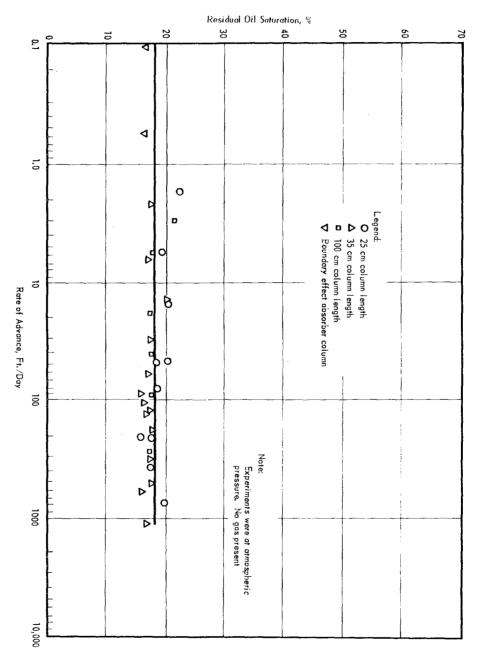






OIL PRODUCTION RATE VS TIME HYPOTHETICAL FLOODS TYPE I AND II

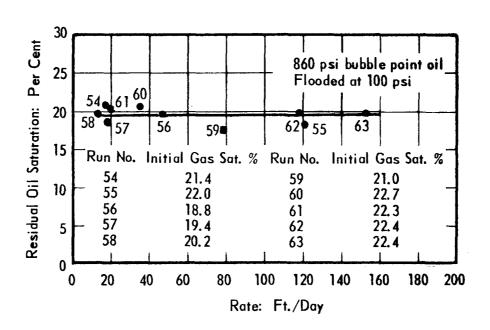
(from Tables A and B of "A Method for Comparing Water Flood Results" presented by John F. Buckwalter to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, June 10, 1957)



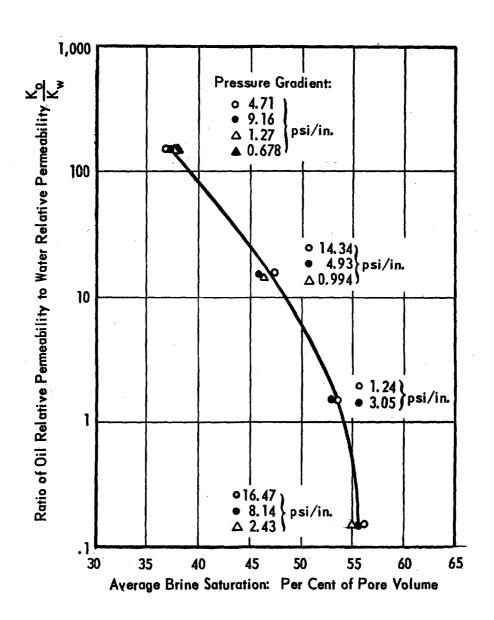
THE EFFECT OF RATE ON RECOVERY BY WATER FLOODING

BEFORE THE
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSIO
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

...

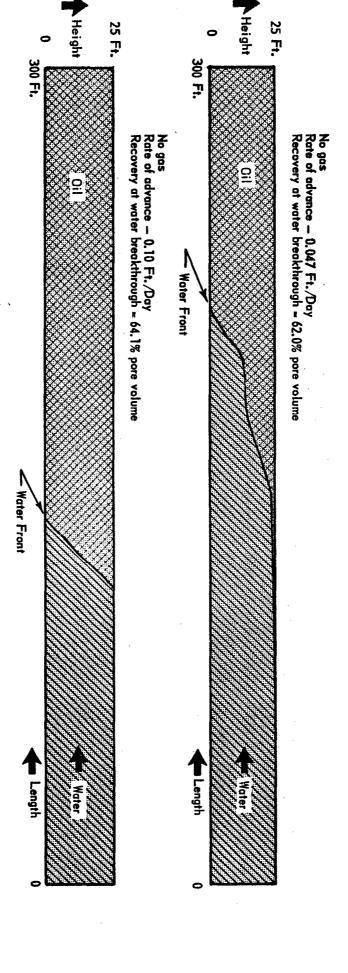


THE EFFECT OF RATE ON OIL RECOVERY BY WATER FLOODING IN PRESENCE OF A 22% FREE GAS SATURATION (Homogeneous Sand)



RELATIVE PERMEABILITY AS A FUNCTION OF BRINE SATURATION: MEASUREMENTS AT DIFFERENT PRESSURE GRADIENTS

(From Data of Geffen, Owens, Parrish & Morse)



OIL CONS BEFORE THE SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO RESTRICT OF SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO RESERVED SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO SASE

THE EFFECT OF RATE ON THE FLOODING CONFORMANCE OF A UNIFORM SAND WHERE GRAVITATIONAL SEGREGATION IS IMPORTANT

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 9

CAN PRODUCTION AND INJECTION BE TEMPORARILY HALTED WITHOUT DAMAGING FLOOD?

Data From:

"A Laboratory Study of Gravity Segregation in Frontal Drives"

Presented at 31st Annual Meeting of the Petroleum Branch of the AIME, Oct., 1956 F. I. Craig, Jr., J. L. Sanderlin, D. W. Moore, T. M. Geffen, Pan American Prod. Corp.

Reservoir Simulated:

10-Acre 5-Spot Pattern

50 mds Permeability

55 Feet Formation Thickness

1.55 cp Oil Viscosity

40° API

Oil Density

Operation Schedules Studied:

1 - Continuous Injection and Production - at 143 Bbl/Day Per Well

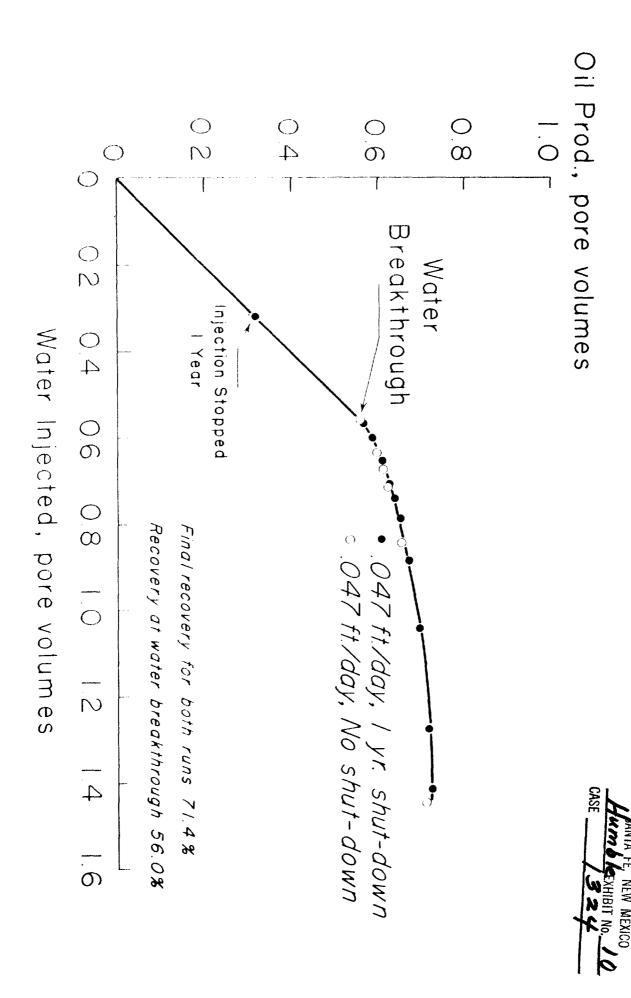
2 - Intermittent Operation - Alternate Days of Operation and Shutdown 286 Bbl/Day Per Well Each Day of Operation

3 - Intermittent Operation - 15 Days Operating Followed by 15 Days Shutdown 286 Bbl/Day Per Well Each Day of Operation

Observation:

"The Oil Recovery Performances of All Three Water Floods Were

Identical" - page 6.



OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

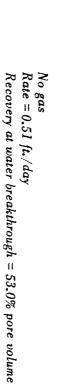
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

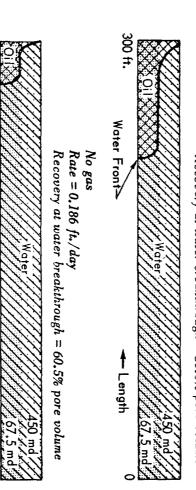
CASE

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EXHIBIT NO. 1/1



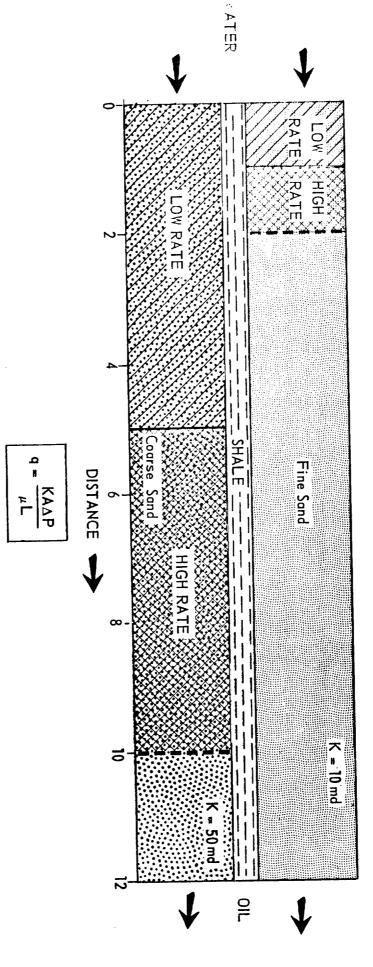


The effect of rate on the flooding conformance of a stratified reservoir.

- Water Front

← Length

AT EQUIVALENT TIMES



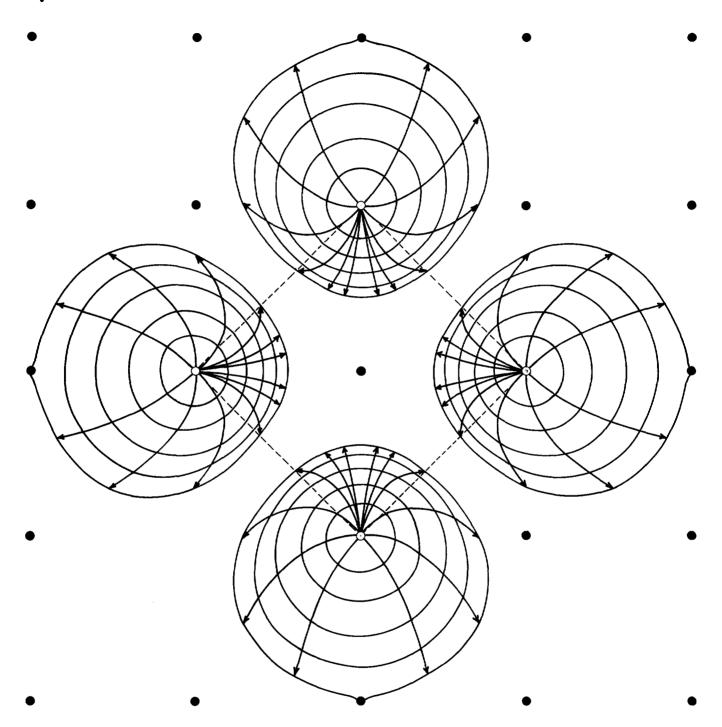
RELATIVE MOVEMENT OF WATER THROUGH STRATIFIED, NON-COMMUNICATING SANDS OF DIFFERENT PERMEABILITIES

OIL CONS VATION COMMISSION
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

CASE

Production Rate 200 b/d

Injection Rate 1000 b/d/w



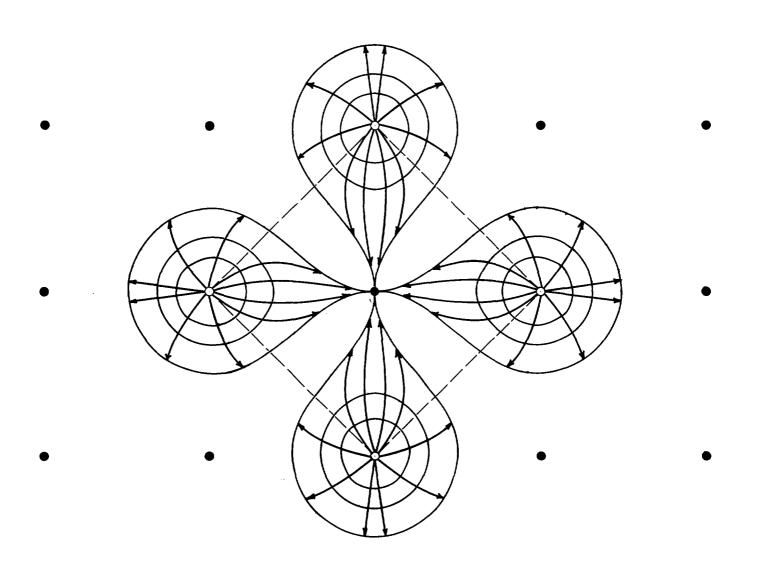
AT BREAKTHROUGH:
% Of Injected
Water Entering
5-Spot=13.6%

Oil Lost 190,639 bbls. = 172% Of Oil Produced



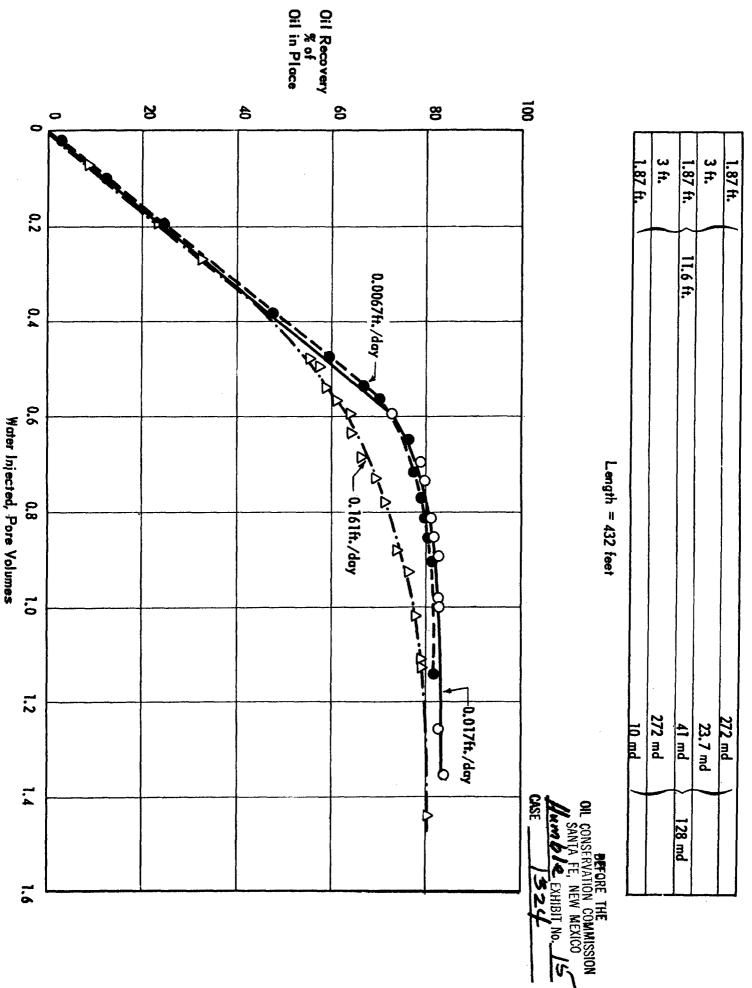
Injection Rate IOO B/D/W

Production Rate 200 B/D



AT BREAKTHROUGH
% of Injected
Water Entering
5-Spot = 35.0%

Oil Gained 164,833 bbls. = 30.0% of Oil Produced



Characteristics of Stratified Model as Reservo ASE

Property	∀lodel	Reservoir
Oil Density, ρ_0 Water Density, ρ_W Density Difference, $\rho_W - \rho_0$ Permeability, K_1 K_2 K_3 K_4 K_5 Overall	0.827 g/cc 1.098 g/cc 0.271 g/cc 109,000 md 9,500 16,400 109,000 4,000	0.821 g/cc 0.993 g/cc 0.172 g/cc 272 md 23.7 41 272 10
Porosity, ϕ Height, H ₁ H ₂ H ₃ H ₄ H ₅ Overall Length, L	51,400 44% 312 inches .500 inches .312 inches .500 inches .312 inches 1.936 inches 72 inches	120.4 22% 1.87 feet 3.00 feet 1.87 feet 1.87 feet 11.61 feet 432 feet
Length L	37.2	37.2
Height H. Oil Viscosity, \(\mu_{\mu} \) Water Viscosity, \(\mu_{\mu} \) Viscosity Oil \(\mu_{\mu} \)	6.3 cp 1.19 cp 5.3	3.6 cp 0.68 cp 5.3
Viscosity Water μ_{W}	33.8 dynes/cm	33.8 dynes/cm
Interfacial Tension, y Flood Rate 1, q Flood Rate 2, q Flood Rate 3, q Flood Rate 3, q	7,87 ft/day 20 189	0.00668 ft/day 0.017 0.161
$\frac{\text{Gravitational Pressure}}{\text{Capillary Pressure}} = \frac{(\rho_{\text{W}} - \rho_{\text{O}}) \text{ gH}}{\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\phi}{K}}}$	0.0415	0.134
$\frac{\text{Viscous Pressure}}{\text{Capillary Pressure}} = \frac{\frac{q}{K} \mu_{\text{w}} L}{\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\phi}{K}}}$ Rate 1 Rate 2 Rate 3	0.375 0.955 9.05	0.375 0.955 9.05
$\frac{\text{Viscous}}{\text{Gravitational}} = \frac{\frac{q}{K} \mu_{\text{w}}^{\text{L}}}{(\rho_{\text{w}} - \rho_{\text{o}}) \text{gH}} \begin{cases} \text{Rate 1} \\ \text{Rate 2} \\ \text{Rate 3} \end{cases}$	9.04 23 218	2.8 7.12 67.5

