

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO

## ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

BRUCE KING GOVERNOR LARRY KEHOE SECRETARY

July 17, 1981

POST OFFICE BOX 2088 STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501 (505) 827-2434

Mr. R. E. Richards Attorney at Law Box 761 Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

Case 5,899

Dear Mr. Richards:

As requested by Mr. Steve Reed's letter of April 16, 1981, and as authorized by Commission Order No. R-5516, Parabo is authorized to add an additional evaporation pit (Pit 6) at their facility east of Eunice, New Mexico.

The pit is to be constructed and monitor wells drilled as outlined in the above mentioned letter.

Please contact the Hobbs District Office prior to any dike construction.

Yours very truly,

JOE D. RAMEY Director

JDR/fd

Ed L. Reed and Associates,

Consulting Hydrologists

MIDLAND - CORPUS CHRISTI

TEXAS

ED L. REED, P.E.
PRESIDENT

A. JOSEPH REED
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT

CHESTER F. SKRABACZ
VICE PRESIDENT FIELD OPERATIONS

1109 N. BIG SPRING MIDLAND, TEXAS 79701 915 682-0556 V. STEVE REED
VICE PRESIDENT GEOLOGY

OIL INDUSTRIES BLDG.
SUITE 315
723 UPPER N. BROADWAY

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS 78403
512-883-1353

SANTA FE

July 14, 1981

Mr. Joe Ramey, Director State of New Mexico Energy and Minerals Department Oil Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Dear Joe:

Enclosed are copies of the three cross sections which should have accompanied my April 16, letter concerning Parabo expansion. The locations of the cross sections are shown on the map that was included with the letter.

Very truly yours,

V. Steve Reed

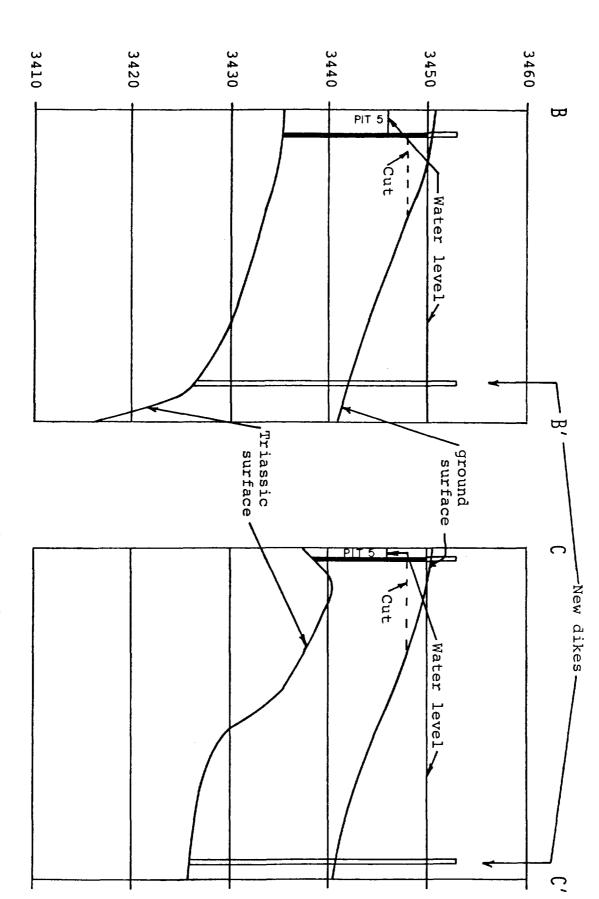
đр

Enclosures

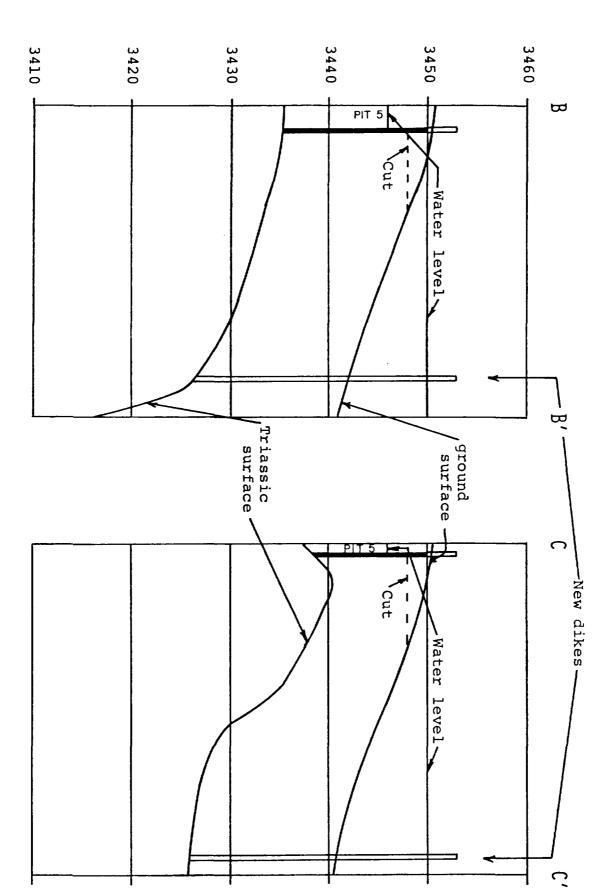
Copy: Mr. R. E. Richards

P.O. Box 761

Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

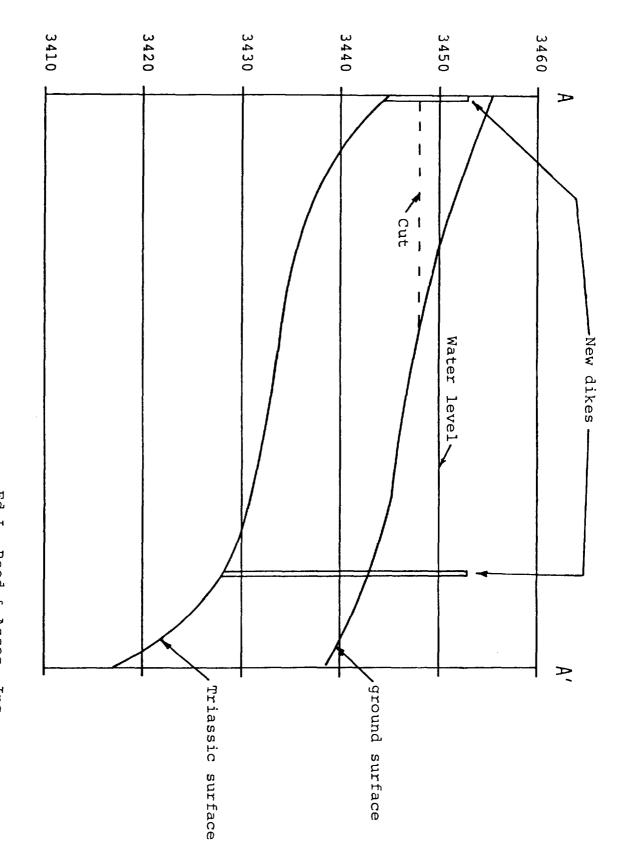


Ed L. Reed & Assoc. Inc Consulting Hydrologists Midland, Corpus Christi, Texas

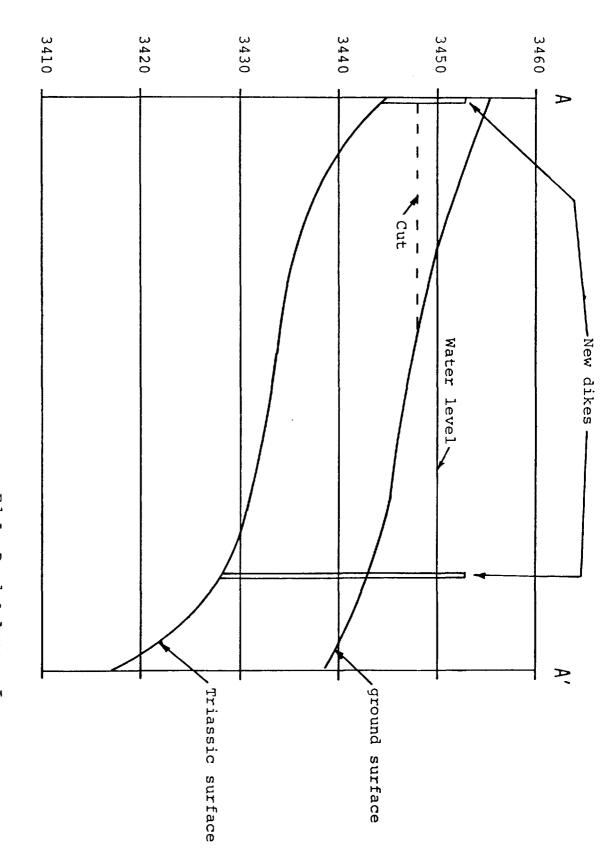


Ed L. Reed & Assoc. Inc Consulting Hydrologists Midland, Corpus Christi, Texas

4-81



Ed L. Reed & Assoc. Inc Consulting Hydrologists Midland, Corpus Christi, Texas



Ed L. Reed & Assoc. Inc Consulting Hydrologists Midland, Corpus Christi, Texas

## Ed L. Reed and Associates, Inc.

Consulting Hydrologists
MIDLAND - CORPUS CHRISTI
TEXAS

ED L. REED. P.E.
PRESIDENT
A. JOSEPH REED
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT
CHESTER F. SKRABACZ
VICE PRESIDENT FIELD OPERATIONS
1109 N. BIG SPRING
MIDLAND. TEXAS 79701
915 682-0556

V. STEVE REED
VICE PRESIDENT GEOLOGY

OIL INDUSTRIES BLDG.
SUITE 315

723 UPPER N. BROADWAY

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS 78403
512-883-1353

April 16, 1981



Mr. R. E. Richards Attorney at Law P.O. Box 761 Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

Dear Bob:

Re: Parabo expansion

I have recently test drilled an area south and east of Pit #5 to evaluate its potential for constructing salt water evaporation I find that an evaporating pit consisting of about 18 surface acres can be constructed as shown on the enclosed maps. This pit would be completed by constructing a combination core trench/dike from the north end of Dike "G" to about 200 feet east of Dike "B". Both ends of the dike would be tied into Dike "G". This core trench/ dike would be constructed by cutting a trench at least 15 feet wide through the overburden into the underlying Triassic clay. trench would be filled with compacted clay to the ground surface, and a free-standing dike would be continued to an elevation of 3453 feet. Dike "G" which now has an elevation of 3450 feet would be raised to an elevation of 3453 feet. I have constructed three cross-sections in the proposed expansion area showing the configuration of the surface topography, the existing dike and new structure. material lying on top of the redbed has no economic value, therefore, it is proposed that this material would be left in place where it lies below an elevation of 3448 feet. That material which lies above 3448 feet would be excavated. I propose to maintain the fluid level at a maximum elevation of 3450 feet, providing a 3-foot freeboard.

As can be seen from the cross-sections, the southern side of the core trench/dike is as high as 27 feet. With a 3-foot freeboard the maximum height impounding water is 24 feet. Over half of this structure would be completed below ground level with a maximum exposed dike of 12 feet, three feet of which are for freeboard. Thus, even though the core trench/dike is quite high on the south side, there should be no problems with its structural integrity.

Due to the height of the proposed structure, I have calculated the time which one could expect salt water to leak through the base of the core trench at its deepest point where the pressures are the highest. The velocity of movement through the structure is calculated using the formula as follows.

$$V = \frac{PI}{7.48 \text{ Sy}}$$

where

V = Velocity in feet per day

P = Permeability in gallons per day per square foot

I = The hydraulic gradient. The hydraulic gradient is the height of the water divided by the thickness of the dike.

Sy = Specific yield, or effective porosity. The effective porosity of a clay ranges from 1 to 10 percent. The velocity calculations use a conservative 2 percent effective porosity.

Using a permeability of  $1 \times 10^{-8}$  cm/sec (2.12  $\times 10^{-4}$  gpd/ft<sup>2</sup>),

$$V = \frac{2.12 \times 10^{-4} \text{ gpd/ft}^2 \times 24/15}{7.48 \times .02} = .0023 \text{ ft/day}$$

Therefore, a 15-foot thick dike would not begin to leak at its lowest point (24 feet below the water level) until there had been continual impoundment for 6500 days or almost 18 years. I consider the 18 years to be a minimum time period and thus consider the structure capable of adequate impoundment. Assuming the structure did begin to leak after 18 years, the total leakage along the 1100 foot long south side of the core trench would be 0.4 gallons per day along the basal one foot of structure.

Prior to placing this new pit in operation, 13 monitoring wells should be drilled as shown in the enclosed figures. These monitoring wells would be drilled to an elevation of 3410 feet and the casing perforated from total depth to an elevation of 3450 feet or within 5 feet of the surface of the ground. This expansion would also involve abandoning monitor holes 2, 3, and 4 and 54 through 61.

Maintenance of the pit and monitoring will be in accordance with the order.

Very traly yours

V. Steve Reed

VSR:vjr

cc: Parabo