1	NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
2	STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING
3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO
4	CASE NO. 10639
5	
6	IN THE MATTER OF:
7	
8	The Application of American Hunter
9	Exploration, for Authorization to Flare Gas as an Exception to Rule 306 and for
. 0	the Establishment of Special Allowable Rates, Rio Arriba County, New Mexico.
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. 3	BEFORE:
4	MICHAEL E. STOGNER
. 5	Hearing Examiner
	_
.6	State Land Office Building
. 7	December 17, 1992
. 8	
. 9	DEGEOVE
0	JAN 1 2 1993
1	REPORTED BY:
2 2	CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ
3	Certified Court Reporter for the State of New Mexico
4	

ORIGINAL

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	FOR THE NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION:
4	ROBERT G. STOVALL, ESQ.
5	General Counsel State Land Office Building
6	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504
7	
8	FOR THE APPLICANT:
9	CAMPBELL, CARR, BERGE & SHERIDAN, P.C. Post Office Box 2208
10	Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208 BY: WILLIAM F. CARR, ESQ.
11	
12	FOR BENSON-MONTIN-GREER DRILLING CORPORATION:
13	KELLAHIN and KELLAHIN
14	Post Office Box 2265 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2265
15	BY: W. THOMAS KELLAHIN, ESQ.
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EXAMINER STOGNER: The hearing will 1 2 come to order. Call next case, No. 10639. 3 MR. STOVALL: This is the application 4 of American Hunter Exploration for authorization 5 to flare gas as an exception to Rule 306 and for the establishment of special allowable rates, Rio 6 7 Arriba County, New Mexico. EXAMINER STOGNER: 8 Call for 9 appearances. 10 MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, 11 my name is William F. Carr with the Santa Fe law 12 firm Campbell, Carr, Berge & Sheridan. 13 represent American Hunter Exploration, Ltd., and 14 I have one witness. 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: Other appearances? 16 MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I'm Tom Kellahin of the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin and 17 18 Kellahin, appearing today on behalf of 19 Benson-Montin-Greer Drilling Corporation. 20 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other 21 appearances or people wishing to--22 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, 1 believe 23 that we have a representative from the Bureau of 24 Land Management Farmington Office, Mr. Brian 25 Davis, who will enter a statement of position, I

1	guess, for the BLM. Is that correct, Brian?
2	MR. DAVIS: Yes.
3	MR. STOVALL: And also I will be making
4	a statement on behalf of the Aztec District
5	Office of the Oil Conservation Division.
6	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other
7	appearances at this time? Mr. Carr.
8	MR. CARR: At this time we would call
9	Howard Anderson.
10	J. HOWARD ANDERSON
11	Having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was
12	examined and testified as follows:
13	EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. CARR:
15	Q. Would you state your name for the
16	record, please.
17	A. It's Howard Anderson.
18	Q. And where do you reside?
19	A. In Calgary, Alberta, Canada.
20	Q. By whom are you employed and in what
2 1	capacity?
22	A. I'm the engineering manager with
23	Canadian Hunter Exploration, Ltd., which is the
24	parent company of American Hunter Exploration.
25	Q. Have you previously testified before

the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division? 1 2 Α. No. 3 Q. Could you briefly review your educational background and work experience? 4 Yes. I have a bachelor of science in 5 Α. engineering physics from Queens University, 6 7 Kingston, Ontario, Canada. 8 I have 13 years of experience in the petroleum industry with S. O. Resources, Canada, 9 10 Ltd., and Canadian Hunter Exploration. 11 Have you previously testified as an Q. 12 expert engineering witness before other 13 regulatory boards? Not in the U.S., but the Canadian 14 Α. Yes. National Energy Board and less formal proceedings 15 16 in front of provencial boards. 17 Are you familiar with the application filed in this case on behalf of American Hunter? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 Are you familiar with the Jicarilla 3F well? 21 22 Α. Yes. 23 Are you also familiar with American Q.

Hunter's efforts to develop this portion of the

Mancos formation, the portion which is the

24

subject of this case?

A. Yes.

- Q. Are you a registered petroleum engineer?
- 5 A. Yes, in the Province of Alberta.

6 MR. CARR: We would tender Mr. Anderson 7 as an expert witness in petroleum engineering.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Anderson is so qualified. You need to speak up just a little bit.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

- Q. Would you briefly state what American Hunter seeks with this application?
- A. We're seeking an order authorizing

 American Hunter to flare gas from its Jicarilla

 3F oil well #1. It's located in the southeast
 quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 3,

 Township 27 North, Range 1 West, as an exception
 to Division Rule 306, for a maximum period of six
 months, at a maximum rate of the lower of 800
 barrels of oil per day or 800 Mcf of gas per day,
 up to a maximum cumulative volume of 146 million
 cubic feet of gas flared, or 146,000 barrels of
 oil produced while flaring that gas.
 - Q. What was the basis for these figures

that you're requesting?

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- A. Well, the established allowable is 800 barrels a day in this area of the West Puerto Chiquito Field, and that's simply 800 barrels a day times the time period that we're suggesting.
- Q. Have you prepared exhibits for presentation in this hearing?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Could you refer to what has been marked as American Hunter Exhibit No. 1 and refer to the first page of that exhibit and review it for Mr. Stogner?
- A. Yes. This is a situation map. The black outline encloses the American Hunter lands. You can see a number of wells in the area not marked by black dots. The two American Hunter producing wells are the 3F and the 2A wells which are marked.

In addition to that, there are four open circles on the American Hunter acreage which would indicate wells currently in progress which have not yet been completed.

You also see a dashed line on the map which indicates the proposed gas sales pipeline, and we'll be talking more about that later, and a

pipeline tie-in connection point in Section 16 of
Township 27, Range 2. And we have been in
discussion with Northwest Pipe regarding that
tie-in point.

Q. What is the current status of the proposed gas sales pipeline?

- A. Well, the archaeology and the surface survey work have been completed. We have Tribal approval for the pipeline. We're expecting BIA approval shortly. We're currently drafting up a contract for sales of the gas with Northwest Pipe. The BLM has approved the gas sales plan, and we have purchased line pipe for this pipeline.
- Q. Let's go to the second page in Exhibit
 No. 1. Could you identify that, please?
- A. Yes. It's a page of text marked "Jicarilla 3F-1 Test Proposal."
- Q. Referring to this page of Exhibit 1, could you review for the Examiner the current proposal for testing the Jicarilla 3F-1 well?
- A. Yes. We see an opportunity to test this well while we're waiting on the completion of pipeline construction. We would plan to do a flow and build-up test on this 3F well, including

pulse testing, and use the 2A well as an observation well.

The purpose of the test would be to augment previous testing that has taken place during 1992.

- Q. What does American Hunter propose to achieve with this testing program?
- A. Well, some of the objectives are to quantify the relative contributions of radial versus linear flow or fracture flow at 3F; to try to quantify material balance in drainage areas of the 3F well; to see if there are any boundary affects present in the reservoir at 3F; and also to look for subtle communication between 3F and 2A, using 2A as an observation well, which may help quantify gravity drainage in the area.

We do recognize that gravity drainage is fairly well understood and well established in other parts of the Basin, but we want to check it on our own lands.

- Q. Are you ready to go to the third page of Exhibit 1?
 - A. Yes.

Q. Could you identify that and review it for Mr. Stogner?

A. It's a page of text entitled,

"Jicarilla 2A-1 History." What we have here is
a summary of the data that's been taken from the
2A well. A flow and build-up test was run in

November of 1991 and an extrapolated pressure of
621 psia was measured at the midpoint of
perforations, and a kh or permeability thickness
of 482 millidarcy feet was determined.

We then produced 3174 barrels of load oil, 1219 barrels of new oil, and 6948 Mcf of gas between the period of November through July 1992.

We then performed a build-up test which was of longer duration, July 31st through October 12th, and we measured an extrapolated pressure of 581 psia and a very low kh this time, 20 millidarcy feet. We also saw radial flow on the build-up.

- Q. Based on the test that you conducted on the 2A well, what conclusions were you able to reach?
- A. Well, the first test we feel now was too short to see beyond the near wellbore fractures which we feel were present.

The second test was long enough for

radial flow in the farther reaches of the reservoir to be established, and we were able to calculate an injectivity of 200 Mcf per day at a 1200 psia wellhead pressure.

The well was assumed to be at or near the gas/oil contact, and the gas cap volume from the P/Z analysis was calculated at 0.1 Bcf.

Because of these two pieces of information, the gas injection program which we had put forward was canceled, because that program required injectivity of 800 Mcf a day and we needed to inject .3 Bcf per year of storage. So that program was canceled, and at that time we proceeded with a gas sales program.

- Q. Mr. Anderson, let's now go to the pressure build-up data on the 2A well, which is on the next page of Exhibit No. 1, page 4, and I would ask you to review that for Mr. Stogner.
- A. This is a graph of the raw data from the 2A build-up. Pressure is shown on the Y axis in kilopascals, and the dates or the time is shown on the X axis.

This is the raw data from that test. I apologize for "kilopascals." If you would like a conversion, I can provide that later.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Oh, I think we have one somewhere around here and 1 can blow dust off of it.

2.5

A. The actual numbers aren't as important as the shape of the build-up curve. You can see that build-up is very sluggish, which intuitively indicates a poor well. The other important part on here is I've put a bar along the top that indicates when the 3F well was produced at rates of approximately 600 barrels per day during that entire period. And then the 3F well was shut in around about September 11th.

What you don't see, and this is the significant part, is any up-turn on that build-up curve after the shut in, which indicates lack of any good connection between those two wells.

- Q. Let's now move to the next page, a superposition pressure build-up plot, and I would ask you to explain to Mr. Stogner what this plot shows you?
- A. This is a plot that's used in extrapolating to a final reservoir pressure. The points are shown as little triangles. The ones that are on the right-hand part of the graph lie along a straight line. That straight line would

indicate radial flow, which is to say that we're not seeing significant fracture flow in this well.

- Q. Let's move now to the next page, which is the history on the Jicarilla 3F.
- A. Okay. The first part of this page is the data that's been collected on 3F, summarized.

We ran a build-up test in January to February of 92, and extrapolated the pressure of 1360 psia at the mid-point of perforations, and a very high permeability thickness, 14,891 millidarcy feet. And we indicated fracture flow from that build-up as well.

We then produced 1870 barrels of load oil, 88,686 barrels of new oil, and 65,241,000 cubic feet of gas between February 2nd and September 12th.

We then ran a build-up test again which was of longer duration, from September 12th to October 12th, and saw a P*, an extrapolated pressure, that is, of 1186 psia at the mid-point of perforations. Although a lower kh, we also see a very favorable number there, 7100 millidarcy feet.

However, the pressure gauge that was used at that time showed erratic behavior in the early part of the test and it made us question whether the results were reasonable.

A static gradiant taken later was tied to the build-up curve to give a pressure extrapolation, but it's the early part of the build-up that we call into guestion.

The analysis from this data is that we do have a very good well. It's a high productivity well, capable of rates of at least 800 barrels per day. It does have an unusually high gas/oil ratio of 1,000 cubic feet per barrel.

So questions do remain on the reliability, first of all, of the pressure data, and that puts into question some of the important information such as drainage area, fracture flow, boundary effects, and gravity drainage.

- Q. Let's go to the next page, the pressure plot on the 3F, and I would ask you to review it and explain the erratic behavior of the well to the extent you can.
- A. Yes. Again, this graph shows pressure on the Y axis and time on the X axis. The first

part of the data shows the pressure measured at the bottom of the hole when the well was in the flowing condition. Those little jagged bumps would indicate pulsing or slugging flow.

And then the well was shut in. You can see the label of "shut-in" on the middle of the graph, and the pressure bounced up and then it went down and the build-up curve started.

Normally one would expect the build-up curve to start at the same pressure as the last flowing pressure; instead, we see a building up pressure which is much lower than the final flowing pressure, which is the reason for our uncertainty about the results that were received from this build-up.

- Q. What are American Hunter's plans for this well?
- A. We want to get it back onto production as soon as possible. We're waiting on having that gas sales line tied into the well, and so we do see an opportunity to gather additional test data while we're waiting for that pipeline.
- Q. Why are you interested in pursuing the testing of the well at this time?
 - A. Well, that allows us to accelerate our

plans for development in the neighboring lands.

We do want to continue operating in this area.

We would like to continue drilling, and this

would assist us in our future plans in the area.

- Q. If the requested relief isn't granted, do you believe you'll be able to go forward with this testing proposal?
 - A. No.

- Q. First of all, you wouldn't have anything to do with the gas, is that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. After the line is in place, would the testing program go forward?
- A. We would plan on doing periodic tests as a matter of good engineering practice, but commercial realities are it's not as easy to test a well that's on production and tied into a gas sales line.
- Q. Okay. Let's go to what's been marked as American Hunter Exhibit No. 2. Would you identify that, please, the first letter?
- A. That's the letter to Mr. LeMay from Nordhaus, et al.
- Q. Could you explain what this letter is and why it's included in the exhibit package?

- A. Yes. This is a letter from the attorneys of the Jicarilla Apache Tribe. It essentially says that the Jicarilla are in favor of our application to flare gas from the Jicarilla 3F-1 well.
- Q. And then there's another letter in that packet of material. Would you identify that, please?
- A. Yes. That's a letter from the BLM Farmington Resource Area to Mr. Jim Lister of American Hunter.
- Q. What does this letter actually do?
- A. This letter gives conditional approval or it sets conditions under which the BLM would consider additional production without venting restrictions from the well.
- Q. Does it state that the 30 Mcf per day rate will remain in effect until alternative rates are approved by that agency?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Was this letter the result of conversations between American Hunter and the BLM?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Mr. Anderson, should approval of this

1 application maximize recovery and prevent waste
2 of Indian minerals?

- A. Yes, we believe so. It will provide data that could lead to better drilling and production practices in the area.
- Q. In fact, the Jicarilla tribe has supported the application?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.

- Q. In your opinion, will the correlative rights of offsetting operators be impaired if this application is approved?
- A. No, we don't think so. We're offset by Benson-Montin-Greer on the south. This well is well away from the common lease line between Benson-Montin-Greer and American Hunter. In fact, the 3F well is set back some 3594 feet from that lease line.

We should point out, too, that

Benson-Montin-Greer has proposed drilling a well

on their land, only 1,650 feet from the common

lease line.

- Q. So, you're actually farther away from the common lease line than they would be able to drill?
- A. Yes. We're as far north in the section

1 | as we could possibly go.

q

- Q. And the Benson-Montin-Greer well has not been drilled at this time?
 - A. No. That's correct.
- Q. Now, north of you, who owns the acreage to the north of you?
 - A. That's the Jicarilla Tribe.
 - Q. What is their relationship with American Hunter?
- A. We're in a joint venture with the Jicarilla Tribe, and they have not opposed our proposal to test this well.
- Q. In your opinion, will approval of the application result in premature depletion of the reservoir drive mechanism?
- A. No, because the gas will be produced anyway, whether it goes into the pipeline or whether it's flared. The issue really is the disposition of the gas on the surface, not reservoir depletion.
- Q. What is the current status of American Hunter's efforts to obtain government, Tribal and agency approval for construction of this pipeline?
 - A. We have Tribal Council approval now.

We have submitted to the BIA and we do expect approval soon. The BLM has approved the sales disposition as well.

- Q. The status of the contract for the actual construction of this pipeline, what is that at this time?
- A. Well, we're putting out bid packages now. We would plan to start construction in early January and expect to be completed as early as March, if weather permits, but it could be as late as June.
- Q. Will American Hunter submit detailed test plans to all affected agencies, including test rates, duration of tests, and to find the objectives and goals for each of the test periods?
- A. Yes. We're doing engineering work on the test program right now, and we will submit it as needed.
- Q. Will this testing be continued when the objectives or goals of the stated test procedure are, in fact, achieved or met?
 - A. Yes, we will.
- Q. And is it agreeable to American Hunter that the test not be commenced until actual

- 1 | pipeline construction has begun?
- A. Yes, we can wait for the start of pipeline construction.
 - Q. I think you indicated, you would have the pipeline in place by what date?
 - A. Well, we would like to have it prior to the 1st of March, but again it's very much dependent on weather conditions at the site.
 - Q. Is American Hunter Exhibit No. 3 a copy of an affidavit confirming that notice of this hearing has been provided as required by Division rules?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. In your opinion, will approval of this application be in the best interest of conservation, the prevention of waste and the protection of correlative rights?
 - A. Yes, we believe so.
- Q. Were Exhibits 1 through 3 either prepared by you or compiled at your direction?
- A. Yes, they were.
- MR. CARR: At this time, Mr. Stogner,
 we would move the admission of American Hunter
 Exhibits 1 through 3.
- 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any

1 objections?

MR. KELLAHIN: No objections.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 3 will be admitted into evidence.

MR. CARR: That concludes my direct examination of Mr. Anderson.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Stogner, before we start cross-examination, are you familiar with the previous case of American Hunter, the request for injection into the 2A and the request for the flaring last summer?

THE WITNESS: Yes, although I didn't participate in it.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, at this time I believe those cases should be incorporated into the record of this case, because this is not a short-term history case. This has been going on essentially since the 3F was drilled, and we've had two other cases dealing with the same issue of the disposition of gas. I think the history built in those cases is integral to a decision in this case?

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Carr, do you remember offhand what those case numbers were?

MR. CARR: No, sir, I do not. But we

would certainly agree that they should be 1 2 incorporated into the record of this proceeding. 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: The two previous cases at least, and I believe there might have 4 5 been more alluded to in the horizontal 6 applications. MR. KELLAHIN: 7 I have those for you, 8 Mr. Examiner. Case No. 10560. MR. STOVALL: q Which one was that, Tom? MR. KELLAHIN: That is the exception to 10 11 the no-flare application. That's the one that 12 Mr. Stogner heard in July. It's Order No. R-9766. 13 14 And the other case is 10534. It's Order No. R-9735. And that was the order that 15 16 approved the reinjection of gas produced from the 17 3F into the 2A well in September of 92. EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I'll 18 19 take administrative notice of both Cases 10534 20 and 10567. 21 Do you have anything else at this time? 22 23 MR. STOVALL: No. We'll let the parties proceed and then I do have some questions 24

after that, but I wanted to get that in before we

1 | started cross-examination.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin.

MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

- Q. Mr. Anderson, give me some of your personal involvement in the project so that I understand when you became personally involved in the management of this well, particularly in relationship to Mr. Artendale whom we've had testify on previous occasions before the Division?
- A. Yes, Mr. Artendale handled the case up through or around the beginning of September, at which time he was assigned to other duties and this particular project came into one of our production business units and I was handed reservoir responsibility.

The engineering had already been done on the gas injection at that point, although the summer test had not been completed and I was the one who did the engineering on the summer test.

Q. Prior to the time you were involved, did you have any other involvement with the project, or was that Mr. Artendale's

responsibility?

- A. It was Mr. Artendale's responsibility.
- Q. In reviewing the information and the activities of your company concerning this flaring issue, have you reviewed the transcripts and the exhibits and the orders from these other two cases?
- A. Yes, but I don't think I could recite them.
- Q. I was hopeful that you perhaps could take me through these in sequence with regards to the order Mr. Stogner entered that approved, on a short-time interval, the flaring of gas from the 3F well.

Let me show this one to you. It's Order No. R-9766, and let me ask you if you're familiar with that order?

- A. Yes. This is the one that gave approval to flare between July 9th and November 7th, a 120-day test period.
- Q. In operating the well during that allowed flaring interval, did you actually produce the well and flare the gas?
- A. Yes, we did, for the period July 9th through September 11th or 12th. We didn't use

the entire period, but we used part of it.

- Q. In flaring the gas and producing the well, do you track your production on a daily basis?
 - A. Yes, we do.

- Q. Do you propose to continue to track production during a test period on a daily basis?
 - A. Absolutely. Yes.
- Q. In the past, American Hunter has had a good working relationship with Mr. Greer and his company to share and exchange data and equipment. Do you see any reason not to continue to share data with Mr. Greer with regards to the test or the production information?
- A. No. In this proposed test, we would be happy to share the results.
- Q. During the first flare period, 120-day authorized period, can you tell me what was the average gas/oil ratio for the well during that period of time?
- A. I can't. We could go back and look at our records and tell you. I know that it was running at about 1,000 cubic feet per barrel at the end of the test, but I'm not sure what it was at the beginning.

- Q. The basis for your request today is not tied back into the actual gas/oil ratio of the well, but rather tied to the gas volume which you realized from using the 2,000-to-1 gas/oil ratio?
- A. No. The proposed volumes here are based on that final thousand GOR, not the 2,000.
- Q. Okay. I've confused myself, then. For this proposed flaring period then, what would be the limiting factor to the amount of gas you can flare from the well?
- A. The actual daily gas volume. We've suggested capping it at 800 Mcf per day.
- Q. All right. What is the ability of the well to produce its allowable during the first flaring exception period?
- A. It was produced at about 600 barrels per day during that period. The allowable was 800. I think there were mechanical reasons for not going past 600 at the time, but we have put new equipment on the well site and we're looking at 800 barrels per day.
- Q. You've demonstrated currently that the well has the capacity to produce 800 barrels of oil a day?
- 25 A. Oh, yes.

Q. The period of time that you're proposing to be exempted from the no-flare rule is a six-month period?

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- A. A six-month maximum, but we would stop flaring naturally as soon as the pipeline was available for taking gas.
- Q. What date do you want approval to commence?
- A. January 1st. Or, I suppose, either January 1st or whenever construction starts on the pipeline.
- Q. Tell me how this fits in with what the BLM has required of you in one of these letters attached to Exhibit No. 2.

If you'll find a copy of that for me, it's the second letter in the package. I'm looking for a date on it and I can't seem to find a date on it. It's transmitted by facsimile. It shows a facsimile date of December 15, 1992.

MR. DAVIS: I'll clarify that. It went out right after I faxed it. It went out certified mail on the same date. The secretary stamps it and she mails it out. I didn't realize she hadn't stamped it when I faxed it.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Davis, let me ask you

this, too, to make sure that we're up to date and current as we go into this. Is this the same letter which you proposed to submit today--or at least on the conditions and issues--

MR. DAVIS: The conditions and issues are the same as what I would like to submit. I have just a statement.

MR. STOVALL: So, if we ask questions based upon this, we are asking questions based upon the current BLM position with respect to this letter?

MR. DAVIS: Exactly, and I have a statement that covers the same issues. It's not the same letter, it's just a hearing statement covering this case.

MR. STOVALL: When Mr. Kellahin finishes, I would like for you to make some copies so we can get everybody a copy of that, too. You can use our copier.

MR. DAVIS: Okay. That's fine.

- Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Mr. Anderson, have you got a copy of the letter that is executed by Mike Pool as Area Manager, that has a facsimile date of December 15, 1992?
 - A. Yes.

Q. Has your company committed itself to attempt to comply with the conditions of approval from the Bureau of Land Management for the flaring procedure?

A. Yes.

q

Q. Let me ask you to go down through this with me and have you give me an update on where we stand in terms of the conditions of approval.

The first one is at the bottom of the paragraph with No. 1. What's the status of satisfying that condition?

A. I think we've spoken about that already. We do have Tribal Council approval, and we have received a letter from the Tribe as of today in our Denver office.

We are applying to the BIA. We do have BLM approval, by way of this letter in fact, if gas sales are approved.

- Q. The only other approval necessary as you would understand it would be one from the Oil Conservation Division?
- A. Yes, although I'm not aware they approve gas sales. If so, then we would certainly apply for it.

25 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, let's make

sure were looking at the same thing here. It sounds to me like he's talking about No. 1, is that correct, the pipeline construction? Is that what you're talking about?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. STOVALL: There are two sets of paragraphs identified like that.

- Q. I had misread this, Mr. Anderson. I'm looking at numbered paragraph one and, you're right, it's approvals with regards to the construction of pipeline. The Division here is not going to act on that.
 - A. Right.
- Q. So, you're telling me we've got our approvals for construction?
 - A. Yes, or they're underway.
- Q. Except for the BIA?
- 18 A. Yes.

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- Q. Are there any conditions left to be satisfied with BIA?
- 21 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. Number 2, a contract with a pipeline construction company has not yet been obtained.

 I understood you to have those out for bid?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- Q. What is the timing for obtaining an actual contract?
- A. We're hoping to have it by the beginning of the new year.

- Q. Have you selected a certain group of construction companies in which to request bids from?
- A. I'm not sure. It is in the hands of our project engineering group at Calgary.
- Q. Do you know what the time frame is for actual construction once construction commences?
- A. Well, we think it could be as short as about a month, but again it depends on how much snow or freezing temperatures we have in the area.
 - Q. No. 3, have you satisfied this condition?
- A. No. We're speaking in general terms at this hearing of the 800 barrels, 800 Mcf per day. We're still doing work in the office to decide whether we'll do it as a series of pulses and exactly how we would measure the pressure, other than we would plan to use electronic gauges.
 - Q. No. 4 says testing will be discontinued

when the objectives or goals have been met. What would be the objectives or goals?

- A. That would be getting good pressure data from the pressure recorders at the base of the well.
- Q. All right. No. 5, that's simply a condition that you had accepted?
 - A. We've accepted the condition that we don't start testing until the physical pipeline construction has begun.
 - Q. What is the status of No. 6?
 - A. Well, we don't see No. 6 to be an issue. The 640 acre spacing in the area is acceptable to us. We understand that that is still acceptable to the BLM. We're drilled on target within a 640-acre spacing unit, so we don't see that there is a correlative rights issue with either the landholders to the north or to the south.

American Hunter has the lands to the immediate east and west of this section.

- Q. One of the offset leases is the Benson-Montin-Greer lease, is it not?
 - A. Yes.

Q. Have you yet obtained the approval of

that lessee?

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- A. No, but we weren't aware that we had to ask because we are on the standard spacing unit.
- Q. How would you propose, then, to resolve the correlative rights issues with offset lessees?
- A. Well, as I said a moment ago, I don't think there is an issue. If the BLM wishes to pursue this, we'll certainly have discussions with them.
- Q. You have not filed an appeal from this area manager's decision with regards to that item, have you?
 - A. No.
- Q. Perhaps one of the ways to resolve correlative rights with offsetting lessees would be the ability to share and participate in the gathering line when constructed. Have you considered that, and is American Hunter willing to consider participation in the gathering line so that his gas produced from his well could be taken to market?
- A. Yeah, that would be a separate business decision. I don't think it would have any effect on whether or not we test this well.

- Q. Is that an opportunity available to Mr.
 Greer?
 - A. Well, we'll certainly listen to proposals.
 - Q. Were there any tests conducted during this first 120-day no-flare exception that Mr. Stogner approved for you during the summer period? Were there any tests conducted on the well?
 - A. Yes. That was the test 1 reviewed in my previous testimony.
 - Q. The pressure maintenance order authorized gas injection into the 2A well, [believe it is?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. All right. Why have you not proceeded with the reinjection of gas under a pressure maintenance project?
- A. Well, as I demonstrated in my testimony, the test that we ran during the summer did give us important information on the 2A that indicated that it was not an acceptable injector, and to go ahead with an injection program would not be the prudent way to go.
 - Q. The flaring of gas now allows you to

produce oil that you would have to postpone production on until you could actually take that gas to market, unless you get a no-flare exception?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. It's not going to have anything to do with reducing ultimate recoveries from this well or from the reservoir, is it?
 - A. No.

- Q. Have you examined to determine the relationship between the producer, the 3F--['m sorry. The 3F is the--
- A. --is the producing well. 2A is the offsetting well.
- Q. The relationship between those two wells, to see if there were any limitations in the continuity of the reservoir between those two wells?
- A. We believe that those two wells are not in sufficient communication to allow a gas injection scheme to go ahead, but that there still may be subtle communication that would indicate gravity drainage.

And that's why we wanted to use, during this proposed test, the 2A well as an observation

- well. And it should be in a quiescent state now so that any pressure variations in that well could be observable.
- Q. Mr. Artendale, in his prior testimony, had rather strong opinions about the high probability of gravity drainage between the two wells with a 20-percent dip, the close proximity of the wells, and the high-angle of vertical difference between them because of structural position. And so he was of a strong opinion that we would have an effective pressure maintenance opportunity here.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Has there been data developed that you have looked at to give you an explanation as to why that communication may not be better?
- A. Yes. The data that Mr. Artendale had at his disposal when he was making that suggestion would indicate or would suggest to any reasonable person that the 2A well was a good well. We had done a build-up test that indicated a fairly high permeability thickness in that the well, on a short-term basis, would be able to accept five million cubic feet a day, or something in that order.

In addition, we did an oil injectivity test which was about half a day of duration and the well took a large volume of oil on vacuum. Both of those things indicate that there was good reservoir properties, at least in the immediate wellbore vicinity.

We also had excellent wellbore properties or reservoir properties around the 3F well, so it was reasonable to assume that good reservoir or good fractures existed between the two wells.

As it turned out, the tests that we ran in the summer, because it was of longer duration, indicated that that connection isn't as good as we had previously thought.

- Q. Do you have any geophysical data to indicate that there may be an explanation as to why those connections are not as good as anticipated?
- A. Well, we have run seismic across both wells. Both wells do show an anomaly, I believe, at each well location, but interpreting seismic in this area is a subtle art and I'm not sure if you can use seismic to demonstrate continuity between wells.

Q. Do you see any indication from the geophysical data there may be any faulting or displacement that would affect continuity?

- A. No, not that would break the Mancos formation, no.
- Q. The testing procedures, all the technical little goodies that you and Mr. Greer do, are the ones that you propose to apply for this flare exception period comparable or the equivalent for those that were conducted in the September period, I believe?
- A. Yes. We'll review what we did in the September period. We certainly want to do any testing in the most cost-effective way possible. We want to use the most accurate gauges we can get, of course, but minimize the amount of time you use them. So, we'll do some engineering work on optimizing those factors.
- Q. Can you give us a quick checklist of those items within that first test period that you propose to change or alter the next time around?
- A. Yeah. I think the biggest--there'll be two changes. One is that we would intend to flow the well intermittently as opposed to

continuously, in the hopes of imposing a pressure pulse into the reservoir that might be measureable in 2A.

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We would plan to measure pressure at the 2A well, and because it's been shut in now for six months, its pressure should be fully built up and we should be able to get better quality data from that well.

- Q. Again, is American Hunter willing to exchange and share test information with Mr. Greer so that the working knowledge of the technical people in the reservoir is improved?
- A. We'll certainly pass the raw pressure data to other interest operators.
- Q. Tell me something about what you're going to do with the gas when you get it to market. Where is it to be sold? You said Northwest system?
- A. Yeah, we would tie it into the Northwest Pipe. There's a tie-in point in Section 16, Township 27, Range 2. That's about 12 miles from the 3F well.

Once is goes into the Northwest system, it's then gathered through and compressed and it ends up in the Ignacio Gas Plant. We're

currently trying to find a gas sales contract at
the exit of that plant, but our marketing people
suggest that that won't be very difficult.

- Q. Do you have any other options or choices other than going to the Northwest system?
 - A. That seems to be the best one.
- Q. Is there an option to go to the El Paso system?
- A. I don't think so. Our marketers have looked at the options and feel this is the best one.
- Q. Can you relate to us the pros and cons
 of which system and why you chose, ultimately,
 the Northwest system?
 - A. No, I'm afraid I can't. I'm not a gas marketing expert.
 - Q. Do you know anything about the gas pricing with regards to where you might achieve the greatest price for the gas sold?
 - A. No.
- MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr.
- 22 Anderson.

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- 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stovall?
- MR. STOVALL: A couple of questions. I think you've answered most of them for Mr.

Kellahin.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. Let me understand, because there have been some changes of personnel here. What is the hierarchy of authority within American Hunter, as far as decision-making? I assume that Mr. Lister is in the field, so to speak, is that correct?
- A. Yes. And he reports to Jack Kern, who is the manager of our Denver office or American Hunter business unit.

l'm the engineering manager within a unit called regional properties, which is a production business unit that takes care of Hunter properties in British Columbia, Alberta, and here.

Essentially, we provide engineering services to Mr. Kern's office and we deal, more or less, on an equal basis with Mr. Lister.

- Q. It's not a hierarchy but rather you are a service center to him, is that correct?
 - A. A member of the team, yes.
- Q. Are the shots made as far as whether to do testing, whether to apply for flaring, whether to build pipelines, are those be made in Calgary?

That would be on my recommendation, 1 A. 2 yes. Q. You make the recommendation to somebody 3 higher than you, is that correct? 5 Α. Well, I would make it to Mr. Kern. Q. To Mr. Kern? 6 Yes. Α. 7 8 Q. And he would make that final decision? 9 Yes, but depending on the magnitude, naturally. Management always likes to exercise 10 their authority. 11 If we're talking a million dollars or 12 Q. so? 13 This sort of an operation would be 14 Α. within Mr. Kern's purview. 15 Let's use the BLM letter as a framework 16 Q. at the moment. I would kind of like to get this 17 18 down to what is really--what this is all about. 19 They have some concerns, again referring to their 20 letter, and I'm going to go to the lettered paragraphs, their trust obligation regarding 21 22 Indian minerals, and their obligation to prevent 23 waste.

Exhibit 2, it appears that there may be some

Just reading -- actually, just reading

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inconsistency between the position of the

Jicarilla Apache Tribal Council and the Bureau of

Land Management with respect to what is an

appropriate protection of Indian Tribal

minerals. Would you agree that that is true, or

not?

- A. You lost me somewhere along the way.
- Q. Well, your first letter from Mr. Bladh, representing the Jicarilla Tribe--and 1 will state that they are not entering an appearance and this is information only to us, to make sure that they don't assume anything, that we take anything more than they do--they have stated that they support your application.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And the BLM, referring specifically to paragraph A of the letter that's part of Exhibit 2 that you answered Mr. Kellahin's questions about, says that they have to prevent waste of Indian minerals. Now, presumably, that means the gas, would you assume?
- A. I would assume it would mean all minerals.
- Q. The concern in this case is the gas because the oil is going to be sold if it's

produced, is that correct?

- A. Yes. So it sounds like the Jicarilla have given their support with fewer conditions than the BLM. Is that the point?
- Q. I guess the Jicarilla would like the oil revenue, and the BLM would like to protect the gas, it sounds like. I'm asking what your understanding of that is. You've dealt with both agencies or your company has.
- A. I think the BLM is more experienced in dealing with issues such as this and are probably aware of more of the intricacies of an application such as this.
- Q. I guess it raises kind of an authority question, which I don't expect you to answer. Who speaks for the Jicarilla Apache Tribe? Is it the BLM or is it the Jicarilla Tribal Council and through their attorneys?

And please don't answer that question.

I don't even want to know what you think.

Now, you have stated, I think specifically you were talking about paragraph No. 6 of that letter, but paragraph B also talks about correlative rights. Why do you say there's not a correlative rights issue?

A. Well, earlier this year,

Benson-Montin-Greer applied to drill a horizontal

well in Section 9 and Section 10, which are south

of Section 3 that we have our well on.

At that time, and I'm not sure which agency started the ball rolling, but a moratorium was placed on all drilling within that township until the BLM--and it was the BIA that placed the moratorium, as I understand it--until the BLM had performed a reservoir study to decide whether or not 640-acre spacing was appropriate and whether or not drainage would occur between the proposed well and the Hunter lands.

The answer, as I understand it, as it came back from the BLM recently, was that 640 acres was appropriate spacing, that if Benson-Montin-Greer were to drill a well on their lands immediately south of the Hunter lands, that correlative rights, from Hunter's perspective, would not be adversely affected.

So, it seems to me that you can't have it both ways. If you have permission to drill a well and you won't affect the section to the north, then that well that's already there to the north won't affect the section to the south.

- Q. Now, with respect to correlative rights, the production levels which you are requesting for this well, are within the allowables established by the pool rules, is that correct?
 - A. Yes. That's correct.
- Q. So, if you were to produce the gas into a pipeline rather than flare it, you could produce at at least the rate you're asking for, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.

- Q. So, is there any difference with respect to correlative rights between whether you flare the gas or whether you produce it into a pipeline?
- A. There's no difference. We're simply suggesting doing it a little earlier than having the pipeline in place.
- Q. The other question is depletion of the drive mechanism. Would the same answer apply to that?
- A. The reservoir would be equally depleted with a pipeline or without.
- Q. So, with respect to that issue, a waste issue more has to do with the gas?

A. Yes. The issue is around the disposition of the gas once it reaches the surface; not what happens to it in the reservoir.

- Q. You indicated in, I think, response to to Mr. Carr's question, and I'll ask you, could you do the same sort of testing after you got the well connected and gas was flowing into a pipeline?
- A. It's harder to do because you have a gas contract that requires that you sell gas, usually on a daily basis. Naturally, our managers want to maximize cash flow from a well like this, and it's difficult for an engineer to suggest shutting in a well for an extended period while a gas pipeline is standing there waiting to take the gas.
- Q. Let me stop you right there. What you're asking now, it's okay to do that same testing and send that same gas into the atmosphere, is that correct?
- A. Yes, but the majority of the revenue comes from the oil, so to be shut in when we're unable to produce, essentially, unlimited later on, is more difficult. It's perhaps a little bit psychological, but we do see an opportunity here

to test the well somewhat unfettered by economic 1 concerns, because we don't have that sales 2 3 pipeline. Q. You also see an opportunity to have a 5 cash flow from the well while you're building the pipeline, is that correct? 6 Yes, that's true. 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: Let's take about a 8 9 five-minute recess. 10 [A recess was taken.] EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stovall? 11 MR. STOVALL: 1 have no further 12 13 questions, Mr. Examiner. I do want to make a 14 statement at the end, but I suppose other people 15 might want to ask some questions. 16 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other 17 questions of this witness? 18 MR. CARR: I might have one on redirect in nature. And we may be out of order, because 19 20 there's just one thing in the statement from the 21 BLM that I think is important to clarify. And I

MR. STOVALL:

would have a question in response to that of Mr.

At this time, then, let's

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Anderson.

the parties in this case a document from the United States Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Farmington Resource Area, dated December 16th, that refers to this case and is identified as a hearing statement.

Mr. Brian Davis with the Bureau of Land Management is here. Brian, would you identify yourself, who you are, and your position?

MR. DAVIS: I'm Brian Davis. I'm a petroleum engineer with the reservoir management group of the Farmington Resource Area of the BLM.

MR. STOVALL: And, Mr. Davis, have you been asked by your area manager to come down to this hearing and present this written statement to the Examiner and to the parties in this case?

MR. DAVIS: Yes, I have.

MR. STOVALL: It's your understanding that this does represent the position of the BLM with respect to this application at this time?

MR. DAVIS: Yes, it does.

MR. STOVALL: Okay. And that will not be marked as an exhibit because it is a statement of position by one regulatory agency to another rather than a documentation of any sort of

1 factual information. EXAMINER STOGNER: This document will 2 3 be accepted into the record and made a part thereof. 5 Mr. Carr, I believe you wanted to make 6 or you have a question on this particular 7 statement? 8 MR. CARR: I think 1 can do it by just 9 asking Mr. Anderson a couple of questions, with 10 your permission, just in the nature of clarification. 11 12 EXAMINER STOGNER: Go ahead. Mr. Carr. FURTHER EXAMINATION 13 14 BY MR. CARR: 15 Mr. Anderson, you've reviewed the Q. 16 hearing statement that has just been presented by 17 the Bureau of Land Management, have you not? 18 Α. Yes. 19 The second paragraph in that letter 20 reads, "The subject application seeks permission to produce without venting restrictions while gas 21 22 sales line construction is proceeding to 'gather data to determine if gravity drainage is an 23 24 effective depletion mechanism."

It then goes on to note that the

Farmington BLM Office granted the six-month testing period with unrestricted venting for this very reason.

Is it your understanding that the original test was to gather data to determine if gravity drainage was, in fact, an effective depletion mechanism?

A. No. We weren't really considering that at the time of the previous test. The BLM approved the test back in June--or, excuse me, July of 92, to gather additional data on oil production and corresponding GOR, but really no mention was made of gravity drainage back at that time.

The statement that Mr. Carr quoted in quotes just now, "to gather data to determine if gravity drainage is an effective depletion mechanism," is but one of several objectives of the test and it's probably a minor piece of the data that we expect to get from this. And I think I've outlined the information that we do propose to get from this test.

MR. CARR: That's all.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other questions of this witness?

MR. KELLAHIN: Just one point of 1 2 clarification. I believe he's already answered 3 my question, but let me put it to him again. FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. KELLAHIN: 5 6 Q. The reservoir at this point has one producing well? 7 8 Hunter has one producing well on its 9 land, yes. 10 Q. We're an extension or subject to the West Puerto Chiquito-Mancos oil pool? 11 Α. Yes. 12 13 0. We're 640 oil spacing? Α. 14 Yes. Mr. Greer's Sections 9 and 10 to the 15 **Q**. 16 south and west of you, have wells proposed for 17 those two sections as you understand it? 18 Α. Yes. 19 0. American Hunter has no objection to Mr. 20 Greer drilling those wells? 21 Α. Well, we can neither object nor approve 22 so long as Mr. Greer drills those wells within the standard spacing unit, according to all the 23 24 application regulations. 640-acre spacing is the 25 established spacing in that area, so we,

essentially, cannot have an opinion.

- Q. And, as I understand it, his proposal would be consistent with those rules? He's not seeking unorthodox locations? He has a standard 640 spacing unit, so there would be no opportunity for you to object to his wells?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. And if Mr. Greer has the authority to go ahead and drill his wells, complete them and produce his gas, then that will be his exercise of an opportunity to protect his correlative rights?
- 13 A. Yes. And we would expect the same 14 rights on our land offsetting him.
- MR. KELLAHIN: All right. Thank you,

 Mr. Stogner.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: I have a few questions.

EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

Q. Without bringing economics into the picture just for a moment, and just looking at the scientific/engineering data, would there be any harm done to the reservoir itself for leaving the well, in this particular case, shut in until

such time as the pipeline is hooked up? Is there
going to be any potential drainage or loss of
either oil or gas production?

A. No.

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- Q. But if the gas is hooked up, you don't see that your test results will be adequate unless the well is being vented to atmosphere?

 Am I hearing that right?
- A. No. The disposition of the gas is not critical to the test. We simply see an opportunity to test the well now, get the information out as early as possible, and that will let us accelerate whatever future development we may do.
- Q. By six months, in this particular instance?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, in looking at Exhibit No.

 19 1, and I want to make sure I understand American

 20 Hunter's position on this, this is on Jicarilla

 21 Reservation land?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And essentially the royalty belongs to who?
- 25 A. The Jicarilla, as 1 understand.

1 Q. The Jicarilla Tribe? 2 A. Yes. 0. You have a lease with the Jicarilla 3 Tribe? Α. Yes. 5 Q. You, being "American Hunter." 6 Yes. Α. 7 So, American Hunter, acting for the 8 0. royalty in this particular instance, and your 9 10 position through Exhibit No. 2, you feel that the 11 royalty interest has given you authorization to vent the gas at this point under these terms? 12 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. So, essentially, the royalty interest 15 owner has given you their permission to put the 16 oil interest, produce it, sell it now, and let 17 the gas go at this particular point, one 18 particular mineral over another, this being oil 19 and gas? 20 Α. Yes. 21 0. And you're working through this 22 arrangement with the royalty interest? 23 A. Yes.

but you did allude to the fact that you looked at

I wish I had a pipeline map out there,

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Q.

a Northwest and an El Paso proposal. Am I to see or think that the El Paso well is closer, just as close, or further than this particular--

A. It was my understanding that El Paso was much further. They're not on this map that I provided, and I'm at a loss to tell you where they are, but it was my understanding that they're much further away.

MR. STOVALL: I have just one question on that.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. You're talking about the physical line from where you'll connect in 27-2 to get into Ignacio? Once you get into Ignacio, you have access to about anybody, don't you?
- A. Just about anybody, yes. We're really only talking about who gathers the gas up to the processing plant. Where it's sold from then on is really not an issue. I'm not sure that the commercial issue of who we sell the gas to and at what price it is, isn't--
- Q. I don't think it's relevant here, but I think they're expressing some concern and it's been raised a couple of times. I just wanted to

make it clear that you're, in fact, just gathering through Northwest to Ignacio, from which point your gas marketing people take over and presumably cut the best deal they can for American Hunter?

A. That's right.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

- Q. One other question. Is there any kind of obligation to pay the royalty for the gas that is flared if the application was approved, or for any gas that was flared previously, for that matter?
 - A. I don't know.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. I would like to take that one step further, if I might. My understanding, from previous testimony, is that this is not just a straight lease royalty arrangement with the Jicarilla Tribe. Are you knowledgeable about that arrangement?
- A. In general terms I am. It's not a set royalty. It has back-in and working interest provisions as well with the Jicarilla, and with

two other companies, Richmond and a company 1 2 called EnRe. 0. Is it safe to say you can speak for 3 Richmond and EnRe? Α. Yes. 5 Q. They're working partners with you? 6 Yes. 7 Α. The Jicarilla's royalties, they are the 8 0. 9 owners of the minerals and the people with whom 10 you have to deal in order to acquire rights to 11 develop the minerals? 12 Α. Yes. 13 I think it's important, possibly more 14 for you than for us, to understand that the 15 Jicarillas are more than just a royalty owner on 16 these operations. Α. 17 Yes. 18 MR. STOVALL: That's all. 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: That's all the 20 follow-up questions I had. 21 Are there any other questions of this witness? 22 23 MR. CARR: No other questions.

I believe we're ready for--well, excuse me, do

EXAMINER STOGNER: You may be excused.

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1 you have another witness?

2 MR. CARR: No, sir. That concludes our 3 presentation.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Do you have a witness at this time, Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: No.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I believe we're ready for closing statements, arguments. Excuse me just for a second.

[Discussion off the record.]

EXAMINER STOGNER: Since this is somewhat a unique situation with closing statements, I'll allow Mr. Stovall to go first, Mr. Kellahin may go second, and Mr. Carr you can follow.

MR. STOVALL: Let me make it very clear that the statements I am making are on behalf of the Aztec District Office of the OCD as the office responsible for regulating production in this area. It does not necessarily represent the official position of the OCD, and certainly not of the Director, who does not have an official position at this time. This is the only way by which he will hear anything of what the Aztec Office recommends.

Essentially, it's very simple. The Aztec office doesn't disagree that there may be some need for some additional testing out there, but they're very concerned that there has been a substantial amount of gas already wasted by flaring or venting into the atmosphere, and at this time they cannot support an application to waste additional gas at this time, and believe that the testing necessary and the information to be obtained could be best obtained after the pipeline is connected and no additional gas is wasted or flared. That's it. I have nothing further.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.

Stovall. Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr.

Examiner. You may have to draw on some of the prior information from the other transcripts, but let me, without a lot of detail, summarize for you Mr. Greer's predicament.

He has tremendous sympathy for the incredible number of regulatory hurdles that American Hunter has had to crawl under, jump over, and pass through, but he has been faced with those same issues himself.

We've talked a little bit about correlative rights, and here in a nutshell is the problem. Mr. Greer is ready, willing and able to commence the drilling of his wells that will let him have the opportunity to protect his correlative rights so that he can compete for the oil to be produced out of this portion of the reservoir with American Hunter.

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You need to understand, though, that the Jicarilla Tribe has placed Mr. Greer in the position where, despite his willingness, he is unable to obtain an approved permit to drill these wells. There are reasons for that, and they're economically advantageous to the Tribe, which has a better financial arrangement with American Hunter interest owners than they have under their lease with Mr. Greer.

Apart from that, though, Mr. Greer has supported in the past the flaring of gas in order to arrive at necessary reservoir information.

There is an opportunity to achieve additional reservoir data with the adoption by this Division of approvals consistent with the BLM letter, and Mr. Greer and his company support this Division entering an order consistent with the BLM

letter.

It provides a testing period. It will provide the opportunity to flare smaller volumes of gas to achieve the objectives of all of the parties involved in the production. As I understand Mr. Anderson's testimony, though, the only reason to proceed now is to improve the cash flow of American Hunter.

I think the proposal prepared by the Bureau of Land Management is consistent with the best interests of all parties. It protects the hydrocarbons from being wasted, whether it's oil or gas, and this is an appropriate resolution of the issue, and we would support you entering an order consistent with the BLM statement.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you Mr.

Kellahin. Mr. Carr?

MR. CARR: Mr. Stogner, Canadian Hunter formed an American Hunter business unit and arrived in Northwest New Mexico to discover they were confronted with tiers and tiers of regulations--

MR. STOVALL: Is that T-E-A-R-S?

MR. CARR: Probably both. --and

25 | confusing questions concerning jurisdiction.

They've drilled and expended substantial sums, and they have one well that is very good and we have been going down a very long road trying to figure out what we're going to do with the gas.

As you recall, this summer we were before you and we were able to get your permission to conduct a testing program. We structured the tests in various ways to accommodate agencies and other interest owners, and the result of that test was no conclusive results, and one other result of that test was really delays.

If we had not been making those efforts, we would probably be--well, we would be much farther ahead in efforts to construct a pipeline today. We have learned we can't use the two-way well for injection as we had initially hoped, and we are now, therefore, proceeding with what we understood was the desired next alternative, and that was to construct a pipeline.

What we're doing while we are going forward with this effort and while the line is under construction, is we're requesting authority to conduct certain additional tests that will

provide information which is going to enable us to go forward with development plans sooner, data which may not otherwise be available once there is the pressure of a gas contract causing us to deliver, not shut wells in and run tests in what we believe to be the most efficient engineering way, and we believe in view of this it's sound from a conservation point of view.

We recognize that the OCD is concerned about venting gas, but I don't think you should have tunnel vision on that subject when there is also valuable information that can be acquired now, shared with other operators, and we really believe the acquisition of that data has substantial value not only to the individual operators but to you, as an agency, trying to assure that this resource is developed in a prudent fashion.

For that reason, we request that the application be granted. We believe that it would be appropriate to permit the testing while the pipeline is under construction, and require that the goals and objectives of the test be clearly defined to the agency at the time the test commences.

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1	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Carr.
2	Does anybody else have anything further
3	in Case 10639?
4	If not, this case will taken under
5	advisement.
6	(And the proceedings concluded.)
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13	I do horoby contife at a second
14	do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the prostations in
	the Examiner hearing of Cosp. to
15	heard by me on 12
15 16	the Examiner hearing of Case 10. heard by me on
	heard by me on, Examiner Oil Conservation Division
16	Evaminar
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
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3	STATE OF NEW MEXICO) ss.
4	COUNTY OF SANTA FE)
5	
6	I, Carla Diane Rodriguez, Certified
7	Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY
8	CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of
9	proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division
10	was reported by me; that I caused my notes to be
11	transcribed under my personal supervision; and
12	that the foregoing is a true and accurate record
13	of the proceedings.
14	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a
15	relative or employee of any of the parties or
16	attorneys involved in this matter and that I have
17	no personal interest in the final disposition of
18	this matter.
19	WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL January 4,
20	1993.
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23	(all flane Andriasez
2 4	CARLA DIANE RODRIGUEZ, RPR CSR No. 4
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