District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 <u>District II</u> 1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources** Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

For temporary pits, closed-loop systems, and below-grade tanks, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

For permanent pits and exceptions submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. District Office

Pit, Closed-Loop System, Below-Grade Tank, or
Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application
Type of action: Existing BGT Permit of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Closure of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Modification to an existing permit Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank or alternative request
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
1. Operator: XTO Energy, Inc. OGRID #: 5380
Address: #382 County Road 3100, Aztec, NM 87410
Facility or well name: FRPC 29 #3
API Number: 3004531327 OCD Permit Number:
U/L or Qtr/Qtr K Section 29 Township 29N Range 13W County: San Juan
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36.69546 Longitude 108.23139 NAD: □1927 ☑ 1983
Surface Owner: A Federal A State Private Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
2.
Pit: Subsection F or G of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Temporary: Drilling Workover
Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A
☐ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil ☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other
☐ String-Reinforced
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other Volume: bbl Dimensions: L x W x D
3.
Closed-loop System: Subsection H of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Type of Operation: P&A Drilling a new well Workover or Drilling (Applies to activities which require prior approval of a permit or notice of intent)
☐ Drying Pad ☐ Above Ground Steel Tanks ☐ Haul-off Bins ☐ Other
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other
4.
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Volume: 21 bbl Type of fluid: Produced Water
Tank Construction material: Steel
Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☒ Other Visible sidewalls, vaulted, automatic high-level shut off, no liner

Alternative Method:

Liner type: Thickness

Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

mil HDPE PVC Other

Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks) Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, institution or church) Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet Alternate. Please specify Four foot height, steel mesh field fence (hogwire) with pipe top railing	hospital,
Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks) Screen Netting Other Expanded metal or solid vaulted top Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
8. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC ☐ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers ☐ Signed in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC	
Administrative Approvals and Exceptions: Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance. Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank: Administrative approval(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district or the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau consideration of approval. Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	office for
Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accept material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require administrative approval from the appropriate or may be considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of a Applicant must attach justification for request. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance. Siting criteria does not apply to dry above-grade tanks associated with a closed-loop system.	opriate district
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the temporary pit, permanent pit, or below-grade tank. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	⊠ Yes □ No
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. (Applies to temporary, emergency, or cavitation pits and below-grade tanks) - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. (Applies to permanent pits) - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	Yes No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within 500 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☒ No
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map	☐ Yes ☒ No

	_
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	
Treviously Approved Design (attach copy of design) Art Number.	_
Closed-loop Systems Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Geologic and Hydrogeologic Data (only for on-site closure) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations (only for on-site closure) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC	
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number:	
Previously Approved Operating and Maintenance Plan API Number:(Applies only to closed-loop system that use	
above ground steel tanks or haul-off bins and propose to implement waste removal for closure)	
Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC	
Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Closed-loop System Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method (Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau for consideration)	
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection G of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	

16. Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems That Utilize Above Ground S		
Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for the disposal of liquids, d facilities are required.	rilling fluids and drill cuttings. Use attachment if i	nore than two
•	Disposal Facility Permit Number:	
	Disposal Facility Permit Number:	
Will any of the proposed closed-loop system operations and associated activities occ Yes (If yes, please provide the information below) No		vice and operations?
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and operation Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications based upon the appropriate Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection	requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	C
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the convided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for	administrative approval from the appropriate disti Bureau office for consideration of approval. Justi	rict office or may be
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data	obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 50 and 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data	obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data	obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No☐ NA
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other sign lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	ificant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa	Yes No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite		☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or sp - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (content of the state Engineer - iWATERS)	ring, in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approva		☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 feet of a wetland US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual	inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining	and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology Society; Topographic map	& Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map		Yes No
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of Signature Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pa Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15. Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Signature Construction/Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Signature Confirmation Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Signature Confirmation Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection High Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I	irements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC propriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC d) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.1 17.13 NMAC irements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC itll cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot of 19.15.17.13 NMAC of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	5.17.11 NMAC

19.		
Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true.	us accurate and complete to t	ne hest of my knowledge and heliaf
Name (Print): Kim Champlin	litle:	Environmental Representative
Signature: him Champlin	Date:!	1/14/2008
e-mail address: kim_champlin@xtoenergy.com	Telephone:	(505) 333-3100
20.		
OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan)		
OCD Representative Signature:	R	Approval Date:
Title: Environmental Engineer	OCD Permit Num	ber:
21.		
Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): Su		
Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure pla The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60		
section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained at		
	☐ Closure Com	pletion Date:
22. Closure Method:	1 444	
☐ Waste Excavation and Removal ☐ On-Site Closure Method ☐	Alternative Closure Method	☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)
If different from approved plan, please explain.		ANALY MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
23. Closure Report Regarding Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop	Systems That Utilize Above	Ground Steel Tanks or Haul-off Bins Only:
Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for where the liqu		
two facilities were utilized.	Diamant Partito D	and North and
Disposal Facility Name:		ermit Number:
Disposal Facility Name:		ermit Number:
Yes (If yes, please demonstrate compliance to the items below)		be used to future service and operations.
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and	d operations:	
Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation		
Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique		
24. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the foll	owing items must he attached	to the closure report. Please indicate, by a check
mark in the box, that the documents are attached.		to the closure reports treate material, by a check
Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure)		
Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)		
Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)		
Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site of	closure)	
☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number☐ Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation		
Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique		
Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)	r sala	NAD
On-site Closure Location: Latitude	_ Longitude	NAD:1927 1983
Operator Closume Certification:		
I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure		
Name (Print):	•	specified in the approved closure plan.
Signature:		
e-mail address:	i elepnone:	

State of New Mexico Energy. Minerals & Mining Resources Department OL CONSERVATION DIVISION 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe. NM 87505

MENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT APA Number Pool Code BASIN FRUIT. COAL & WEST KUTZ PC 30-045-3/327 71629 & 79680 Property Code **Property Name** Wed Number 51057 3 FRPC 29 OGRID No. Bevation Operator Name 019219 - RICHARDSON OPERATING COMPANY 5515

Surface Location Feet from North/South Feet from> County UL or Lot Sec East/West Tep. Ago. Lot lon K 29 29 N 13 W 2210 SOUTH 1530 WEST SAN JUAN Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface Feet from> North/South | Feet from> UL or Lot East/West County Rga. Dedication Joint ? Consolidation Order No.

NO ALLOWABLE WILL ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIMISION



OPERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Signature Printed Name **BRIAN WOOD** Title CONSULTANT Date JAN. 4. 2003 SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the well location on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief. 30 September 2002 Signature of Professional

Lodestar Services, PO Box 4465, Durango,		Pit Permit Siting Criteria Information Sheet	Client: Project: Revised: Prepared by:	XTO Energy Pit Permits 10/24/2008 Daniel Newman
API#:[3004531327	USPLSS:	T29N,R13W,29K
Name:		FRPC 29 #3	Lat/Long:	36.69546 / -108.23139
Depth to groundwater:		<50'	Geologic formation:	Kirtland and Fruitland Formations
Distance to closest continuously flowing watercourse:	1 2 miles	s southwest of the San Juan River		
Distance to closest significant watercourse, lakebed, playa lake, or sinkhole:	726' tributa	S' SE to 1st order ary of San Juan River		
			Soil Type:	Entisols
Permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church within 300'		No		
			Annual Precipitation:	8.08 inches average
Domestic fresh water well or spring within 500'		No	Precipitation Notes:	no significant precipatation events
Any other fresh water well or spring within 1000'		No		
Within incorporated municipal boundaries		No	Attached Documents:	
Within defined municipal fresh water well field		No		Topo map, ground water data map, ariel photo, mines and quarries map, FEMA map
Wetland within 500'		No	Mining Activity:	No
Within unstable area		No	1	
Within 100 year flood plain		Zone X		
Additional Notes:				

FRPC 29 #3 Below Ground Tank Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

General Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is a typical Rocky Mountain basin with a gently dipping southern flank and a steeply dipping northern flank. Asymmetrically layered Tertiary sandstones and shales, along with Quaternary alluvial deposits, dominate surficial geology (Dane and Bachman, 1965). The proposed pit location will be situated near Highway 371 south of the San Juan River.

The predominant geologic formation is the Fruitland Formation/Kirtland Shale of Late Cretaceous age, which underlies surface soils and is often exposed as broad shalely hills (Dane and Bachman, 1965). Deposits of Quaternary alluvial sands also occur prominently near the surface of the area, especially near streams and washes. The Fruitland Formation consists of interbedded sandy shale, carbonaceous shale, sandstone and coal units. The Kirtland Shale is divided into a lower shale member, a middle sandstone unit and an upper sandy shale member. The two formations are difficult to differentiate and are often treated together. The combined thickness of the Fruitland-Kirtland interval ranges from 100 to 2000 feet (Stone et al., 1983).

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones, as well as Quaternary alluvial deposits serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan Basin (Stone et al., 1983). Aquifers within the Fruitland-Kirtland Formations are primarily limited to the Farmington Sandstone Member, which is the middle unit within the Kirtland Shale. Reported discharge from stock wells is about 10 gallons per minute (Stone et al., 1983). The aquifer supplies low yielding stock wells.

The prominent soil type at the proposed site is enitsols, which are defined as soils that exhibit little to no profile development (www.emnrd.state.nm.us). Soils are basically unaltered from their parent rock. Miles of arroyos, washes and intermittent streams exist as part of the drainage network towards the San Juan River. These features often cut into soil and other unconsolidated materials, contributing to sedimentation downstream. The sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes the soils that cover the area and prohibits effective recharge to the underlying aquifers.

Dry and arid weather further prohibit active recharge. The climate of the region is arid, averaging just over 8 inches of rainfall annually. As is typical of the southwestern United States monsoonal weather patterns, most precipitation falls from August through October. The heaviest rainfall occurs in the summer in isolated, intense cloudbursts. November through June is relatively dry. Snow generally falls from December to mid-February and averages less than one-half inch in depth. However, most recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods from the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center www.wrcc.dri.edu).

The predominant vegetation is sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted pinon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993).

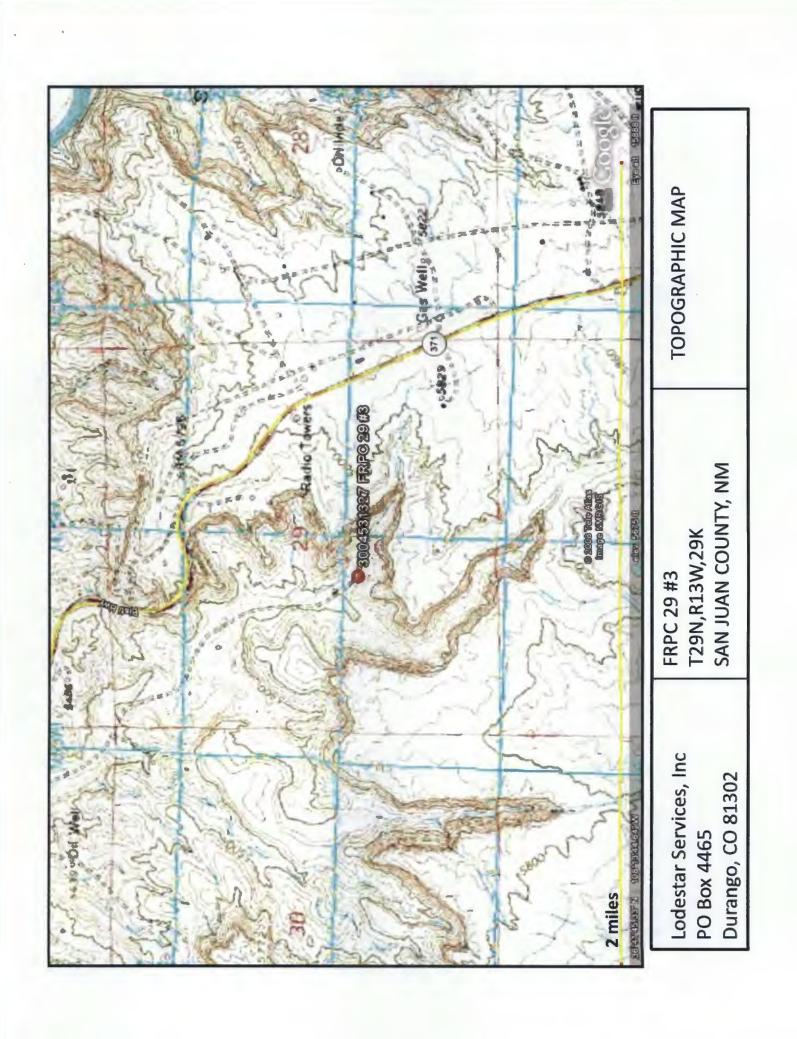
Site Specific Hydrogeology

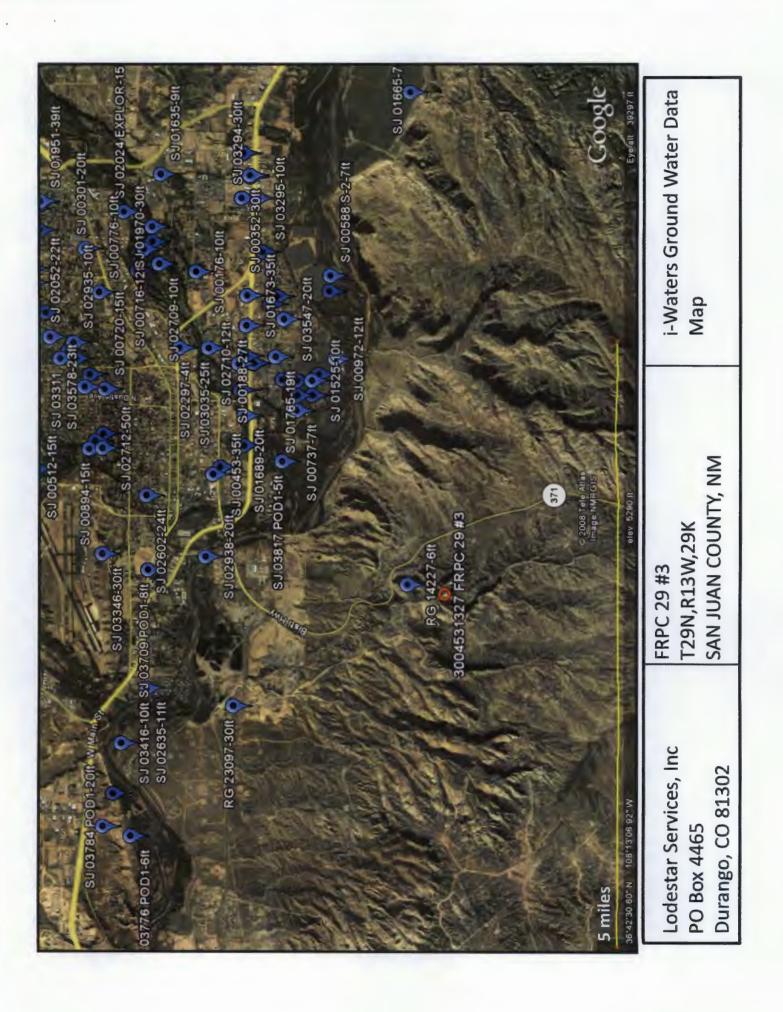
Depth to groundwater is estimated to be less than 50 feet. This estimation is based on data from Stone and others (1983), the USGS Groundwater Atlas of the United States and depth to groundwater data published on the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters Database website. Local topography and proximity to surface hydrologic features are also taken into consideration.

Beds of water-yielding sandstone are primarily confined to the Farmington Sandstone Member of the Fruitland Formation, which is 20-480 feet thick (Stone et al., 1983). The site is located in a shalely unit of the Fruitland Formation, as evidenced by the relatively flat topography that is easily eroded by arroyos. The eroded surfaces of the arroyos do not expose thick sequences of sandstone outcrops, the presence of which might indicate a water-bearing unit within the immediate subsurface.

This rural site location does contain an abundant amount of groundwater elevation data. Groundwater data available from the NM State Engineer's iWaters Database for wells near the proposed site are attached. Wells located at similar distances from the San Juan River contain groundwater at depths ranging from 4 to 50 feet. The site in question is located on the floor of a small dry wash at an elevation of approximately 5,553 feet. The closest well to the proposed site sits at an elevation of approximately 5,542 feet, at a distance if approximately 1,169 feet to the northwest. This site puts groundwater at a distance of 6 feet below the ground surface.

Groundwater data recorded from wells drilled within the immediate vicinity of the proposed site put ground water at less than 50 feet. With an elevation difference of approximately 20 feet between the closest well and the proposed site groundwater is estimated to be less than 50 feet.

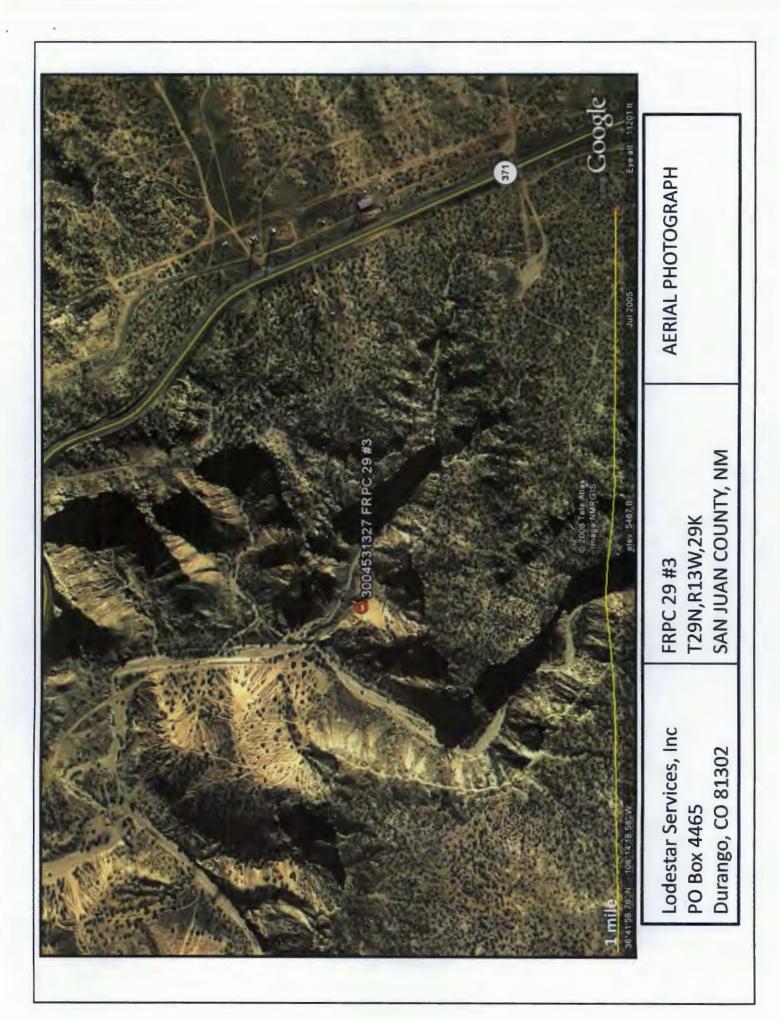


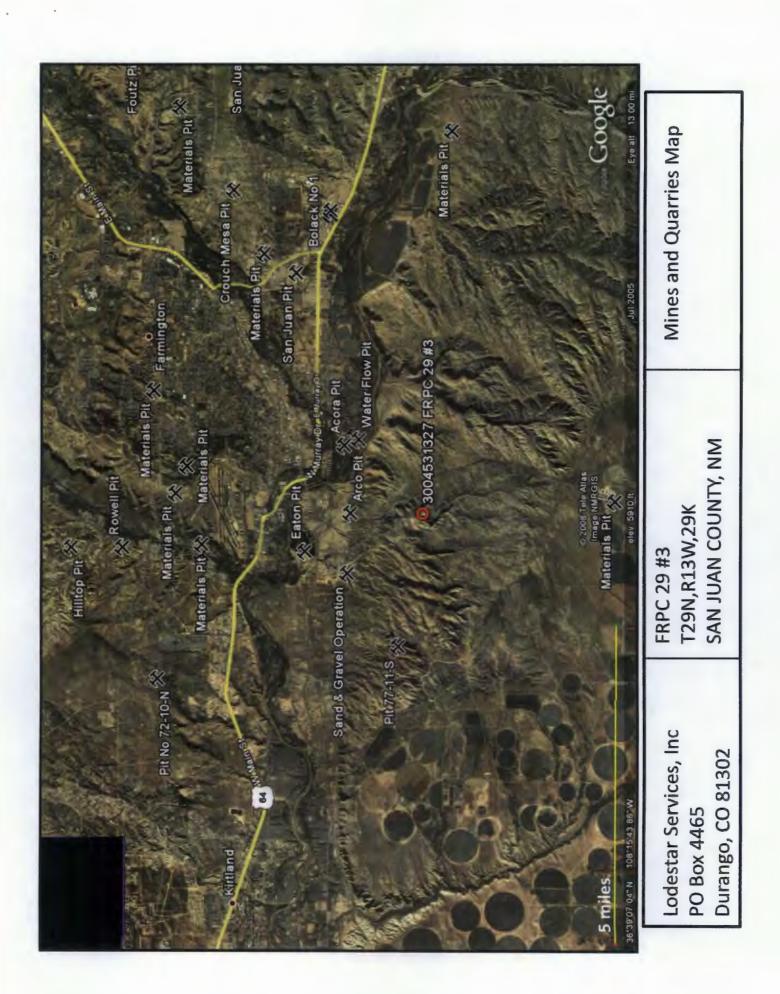


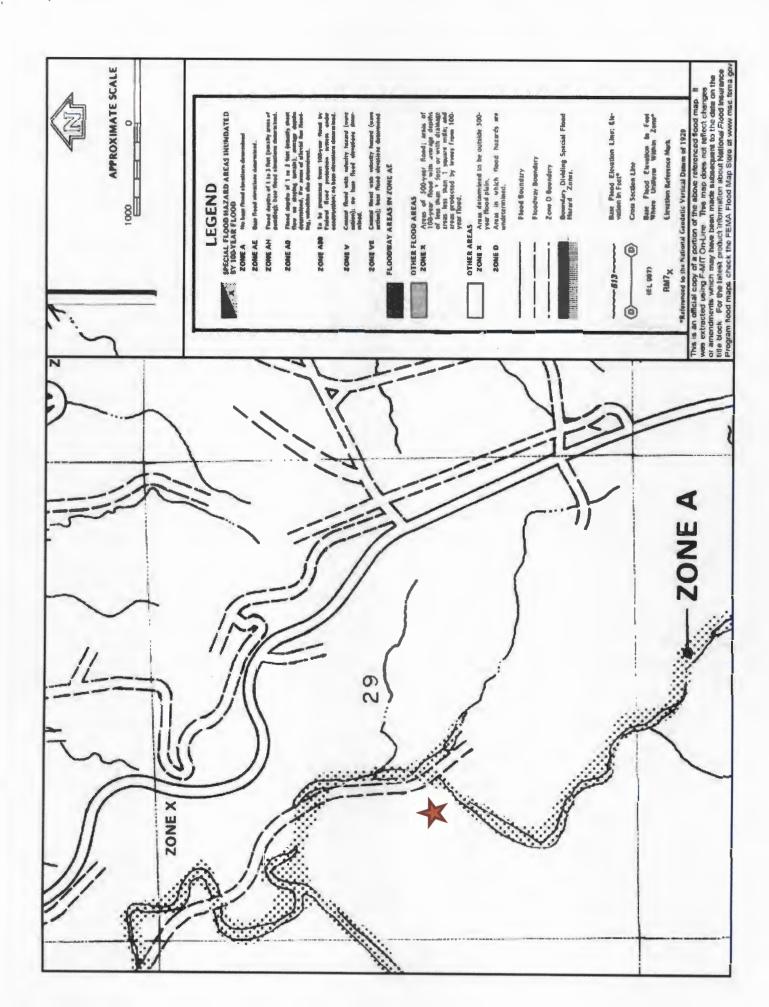
New Mexico Office of the State Engineer New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

-
Œ,
_
\equiv
UUG/
-
-
-
2
-
10/01
•
-
-
C
⊱
PRDORT
C
_
Di.
-
•
н.
WATER.
Es.
=
Č
:
₽
×
-
а.
DEPTH
PRAGE
U
g
~
×
O.

	Feet)	Avg	30	9	28	34	13	16	12	17	17	20	19	9	15	27	14	11	11	N)	16	15		32	
	Water in Feet	Max	30	9	40	06	16	20	12	30	20	80	39	30	25	35	20	11	20	S	35	15	30	32	75
	(Depth	Min	30	νρ	18	17	10	10	12	4	on	on	10	4	Al.	21	00	11	Q	N)	2	15	Q	32	75
0/21/200		Wells	1	Н	4	2	64	4	П	7	13	15	on	33	N	ന	7	П	m	Н	28	1	2	Н	Н
WATER REPORT 10/21/2008		X																		2079099		2080965			
WATER		×																		61218		61533			
AVERAGE DEPTH OF		Zone		U																26		26			
1		Sec	19	29	01	02	04	05	90	08	60	10	11	14	15	16	17	18	21	21	22	22	23	77	25
AVERA		Rud	13W	13W	13W	13W	13W	13W	13W						13W						314	3W	13W	13W	
		LWS	N62	Z9N	29N	29N	29N	29N	M6 Z	29N															
		Bsn	RG	RG	SJ	SJ	SJ	SJ	SJ	27	SJ	57	SJ	SJ	SJ	SJ	S	SJ							







XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Design and Construction Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the design and construction of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

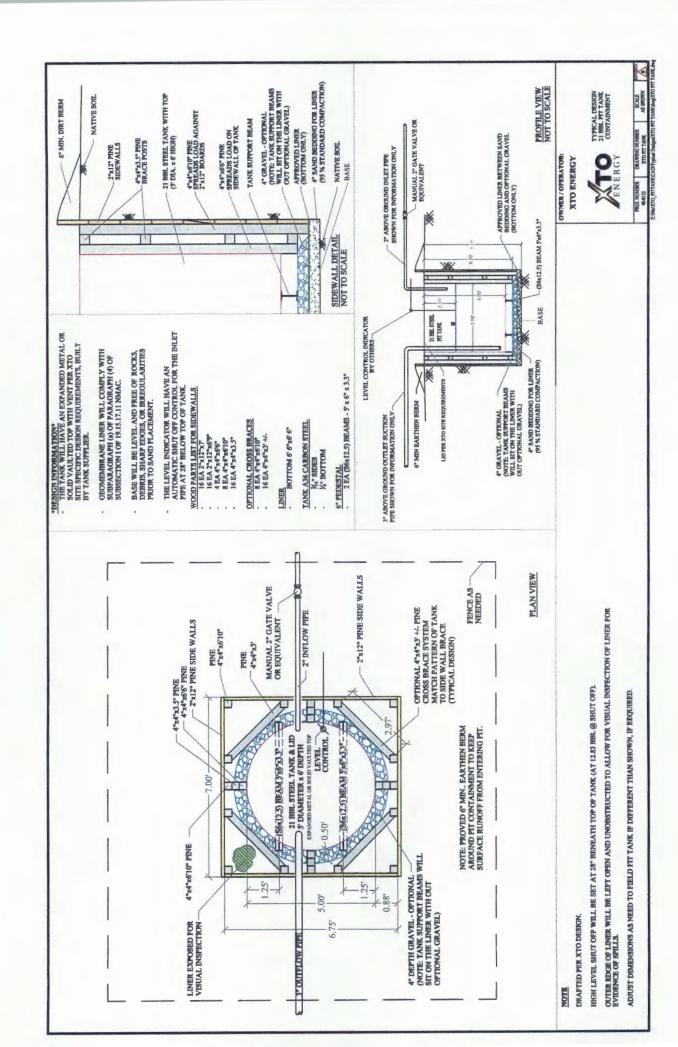
General Plan

- 1. XTO will design and construct below-grade tanks to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
- 2. XTO will post a well sign, in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC, on the existing well site operated by XTO where the existing below-grade tank is located. The sign will list the Operator on record as the operator, the location of the well site by unit letter, section, township, range, and emergency telephone numbers.
- 3. XTO is requesting approval of an alternative fencing to be used on below-grade tank locations. Below-grade tank locations will be fenced utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) with pipe railing along the top. A 6' chain link fence will be utilized around the well pad if the well site is within a city limits or ¼ mile of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church. Below-grade tanks located within 1000' of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church will be fenced by 6' chain link fence with at least two strands of barbed wire at the top. All gates associated with below-grade tanks will remain closed and locked when responsible individuals are not on site.
- 4. XTO shall construct below-grade tanks with an expanded metal covering or solid vaulted top on the top of the below-grade tank.
- 5. XTO will ensure that below-grade tanks are constructed of materials resistant to the below-grade tank's particular contents and resistant to damage from sunlight. Tanks will be constructed of A36 carbon steel with 3/16" sides and \(\frac{1}{2} \)" bottom. (See attached drawing).
- 6. The below-grade tank system will have a properly constructed foundation consisting of a level base free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom. Sand bedding (4") will be placed on top of a level foundation to ensure prevention of punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom.
- 7. XTO will construct a berm and/or diversion ditch in a manner that prevents the collection of surface water run-on. Below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high level shut-off devices as well as manually operated shut-off valves. (See attached drawing).
- 8. XTO will construct and use below-grade tanks that do not have double walls. The below-grade tank sidewalls will be open for visual inspection for leaks. The sidewalls of the cellar will be constructed with 2" X 12" pine sidewalls and 4" X 4" pine brace posts. The below-grade tank

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Design and Construction Plan For Below-Grade Tanks Page 2

> bottom will be elevated a minimum of 6" above the underlying ground surface and the belowgrade tank will be underlain with a geomembrane liner to divert leaked liquid to a location that can be visually inspected. (See attached drawing).

- XTO will equip below-grade tanks designed in this manner with a properly functioning automatic high-level shut-off control device and manual controls to prevent overflows. (See attached drawing).
- 10. XTO will demonstrate to the OCD that the geomembrane liner complies with the specifications of Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC and obtain approval from OCD prior to the installation of the design. The geomembrane liner shall have a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1 x 10-9 cm/sec. The geomembrane liner shall be composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidics and alkaline solutions. The liner material shall be resistant to ultraviolet light. Liner compatibility shall comply with EPA SW-846 method 9090A. (See attached drawing).
- 11. The general specifications for design and construction are attached.



XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Maintenance and Operating Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.12 NMAC the following information describes the operation and maintenance of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- 1. XTO will operate and maintain below-grade tanks to contain liquids and solids, maintain the integrity of the liner and secondary containment system, prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment. Fluid levels will be monitored weekly and high levels will be removed as necessary. Monthly inspections will be conducted to monitor integrity of below-grade tank systems and below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high-level shut-off devices.
- 2. XTO will not allow below-grade tanks to overflow and will use berms and/or diversion ditch to prevent surface run on to enter the below-grade tank. Below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high-level shut-off control devices as well as manually operated shut-off valves. See attached drawing for vault design and placement of diversion berms and shut-off devices.
- 3. XTO will continuously remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of below-grade tanks in order to prevent significant accumulation of oil.
 - 4. XTO will inspect the below-grade tank monthly and maintain written records for five years. Monthly inspections will consist of documenting the following: (see attached template),

Well Name

API#

Sec., Twn., Rng.

XTO Inspector's name

Inspection date and time

Visible tears in liner

Visible signs of tank overflow

Collection of surface run on

Visible layer of oil

Visible signs of tank leak

Estimated freeboard

- 5. XTO will maintain adequate freeboard to prevent over topping of the below-grade tank. High level shut-off devices control the freeboard at an average of 28" beneath the top of the tank.
- 6. XTO will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in any below-grade tank.
- 7. If a below-grade tank develops a leak, or if any penetration of a below-grade tank occurs below the liquids surface, XTO will remove all liquids above the damage or leak line within 48 hours,

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Maintenance and Operating Plan For Below-Grade Tanks Page 2

notify the appropriate division district office within 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the below-grade tank. If an existing below-grade tank does not meet current requirements of Paragraphs 1-4 of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC the tank will be modified or retrofitted to comply. If compliance can not be achieved XTO will implement the approved closure plan.

		MONTH	ILY BELO	MONTHLY BELOW GRADE TANK INSPECTION FORM	INSPECTION	N FORM		
Well Name:					API No.:			
Legals	Sec:		Township:		Range:			
	<u> </u>	Inspection	Any visible liner	Any visible signs of	Collection of surface		Any visible signs	Freeboard
Name	Date	lime	tears (Y/N)	tank overflows (Y/N)	run on (Y/N)	of oil (Y/N)	of a tank leak (Y/N)	ESt. (π)
				***************************************		mi de company de la company		
								The state of the s
Notes:	Provide Det	Provide Detailed Description:	otion:					
	•							
Misc:	•							
	•							
	•							
	•							

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Closure Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- XTO will close below-grade tanks within the time periods provided in 19.15.17.13 NMAC, or by an earlier date that the division requires because of imminent danger to fresh water, public health or the environment.
- XTO will close a below-grade tank that does not meet the requirements of Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC or is not included in Paragraph (5) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC within five years after June 16, 2008, if not retrofitted to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC.
- 3. XTO will close a permitted below-grade tank within 60 days of cessation of the below-grade tank's operation or as required by the transitional provisions of Subsection B of 19.15.17.17 NMAC in accordance with a closure plan that the appropriate division district office approves. The closure report will be filed on form C-144.
- 4. XTO will remove liquids and sludge from below-grade tanks prior to implementing a closure method and will dispose of the liquids and sludge in a division-approved facility. Approved facilities and waste streams include:

Envirotech Permit No. NM01-0011 and IEI Permit No. NM 01-0010B

Soil contaminated by exempt petroleum hydrocarbons

Produced sand, pit sludge and contaminated bottoms from storage of exempt wastes

Basin Disposal Permit No. NM01-005 Produced water

- 5. XTO will remove the below-grade tank and dispose of it in a division approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the appropriate division district office has approved prior to removal. Any associated liners will be removed, properly cleaned and disposed of per 19.15.9.712 NMAC at San Juan County Landfill. Documentation of the final disposition will be included in the closure report.
- 6. XTO will remove any on-site equipment associated with a below-grade tank unless the equipment is required for some other purpose.
- 7. XTO will test the soils beneath the below-grade tank to determine whether a release has occurred. At a minimum 5 point composite sample will be collected along with individual grab samples from any area that is wet, discolored or showing other evidence of a release. Samples will be

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Closure Plan For Below-Grade Tanks Page 2

analyzed for BTEX, TPH and chlorides to demonstrate that the benzene concentration, as determined by EPA SW-846 methods 8021B or 8260B or EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 0.2 mg/kg; total BTEX concentration, as determined by EPA SW-846 methods 8021B or 8260B or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 50 mg/kg; the TPH concentration, as determined by EPA method 418.1 or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 100mg/kg; and the chloride concentration, as determined by EPA method 300.1 or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 250 mg/kg, or the background concentration, whichever is greater. XTO will notify the division of its results on form C-141.

- 8. If XTO or the division determines that a release has occurred, XTO will comply with 19.15.3.116 NMAC and 19.15.1.19NMAC as appropriate.
- 9. If the sampling program demonstrates that a release has not occurred or that any release does not exceed the concentrations specified in Paragraph (4) of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, XTO will backfill the excavation with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen material; construct a division prescribed soil cover; recontour and re-vegetate the site.
- 10. Notice of Closure operations will be given to the Aztec Division District III office between 72 hours and one week prior to the start of closure activities via email or verbally. The notification will include the following:
 - i. Operator's name
 - ii. Well Name and API Number
 - iii. Location by Unit Letter, Section, Township, and Range

The surface owner shall also be notified prior to the implementation of any closure operations of below-grade tanks as per the approved closure plan using certified mail, return receipt requested.

- Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding area. Re-shaping will include drainage control, prevent ponding, and prevent erosion. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be placed in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape.
- 12. A minimum of 4 feet of cover shall be achieved and the cover shall include 1 foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater. Soil cover will be constructed to the site's existing grade and ponding of water and erosion of the cover material will be prevented with drainage control, natural drainages and silt traps where needed.
- 13. XTO will seed the disturbed areas the first growing season after the operator closes the pit. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division-approved methods. BLM or Forest Service stipulated seed mixes will be used on federal lands. Vegetative cover will equal 70% of the native perennial vegetative cover (un-impacted) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that cover through two successive growing seasons. Repeat seeding or planting will be continued until successful vegetative growth occurs.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Closure Plan For Below-Grade Tanks Page 3

- 14. All closure activities will include proper documentation and be available for review upon request and will be submitted in closure report form to OCD within 60 days of closure of the below-grade tank. Closure report will be filed on form C-144 and incorporate the following:
 - i. Proof of closure notice to division and surface owner;
 - ii. Details on capping and covering, where applicable;
 - iii. Inspection reports;
 - iv. Confirmation sampling analytical results;
 - v. Disposal facility name(s) and permit number(s);
 - vi. Soil backfilling and cover installation;
 - vii. Re-vegetation application rates and seeding techniques, (or approved alternative to re-vegetation requirements if applicable);
 - viii. Photo documentation of the site reclamation.