

Form 3160-3  
(June 2015)UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

## APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

FORM APPROVED  
OMB No. 1004-0137  
Expires: January 31, 2018

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. <b>NMNM138866</b>
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
1c. Type of Completion: <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Fracturing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
2. Name of Operator <b>MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY</b>		8. Lease Name and Well No. <b>VONI FED COM 133H</b>
3a. Address <b>5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500 Dallas TX 75240</b>	3b. Phone No. (include area code) <b>(972)371-5200</b>	9. API Well No. <b>3001547170</b>
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface <b>NWNE / 320 FNL / 1976 FEL / LAT 32.0345836 / LONG -103.7810477</b> At proposed prod. zone <b>LOT 2 / 100 FSL / 1980 FEL / LAT 32.0004552 / LONG -103.7809431</b>		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory <b>JENNINGS; BONE SPRING, WEST / JEN</b>
11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area <b>SEC 21 / T26S / R31E / NMP</b>		
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*		12. County or Parish <b>EDDY</b>
13. State <b>NM</b>		
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) <b>320 feet</b>	16. No of acres in lease <b>640</b>	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well <b>385.27</b>
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. <b>30 feet</b>	19. Proposed Depth <b>11150 feet / 23600 feet</b>	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file <b>FED: NMB001079</b>
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) <b>3194 feet</b>	22. Approximate date work will start* <b>12/01/2019</b>	23. Estimated duration <b>60 days</b>
24. Attachments		

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.   | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan.  | 5. Operator certification.  |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM.            |

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) <b>Jennifer Summers / Ph: (505)254-1115</b>	Date <b>08/13/2019</b>
Title <b>Field Technician</b>		
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) <b>Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959</b>	Date <b>06/04/2020</b>
Title <b>Assistant Field Manager Lands &amp; Minerals</b>		
Office <b>CARLSBAD</b>		

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

**APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS**

Approval Date: 06/04/2020 Entered - KMS NMOCD

District I  
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240  
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720  
District II  
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210  
Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720  
District III  
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410  
Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170  
District IV  
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505  
Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico  
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources  
Department  
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION  
1220 South St. Francis Dr.  
Santa Fe, NM 87505

FORM C-102

Revised August 1, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate

District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

<sup>1</sup> API Number <b>3001547170</b>		<sup>2</sup> Pool Code <b>97860</b>		<sup>3</sup> Pool Name <b>Jennings; Bone Spring, West</b>	
<sup>4</sup> Property Code <b>328098</b>		<sup>5</sup> Property Name <b>VONI FED COM</b>			<sup>6</sup> Well Number <b>133H</b>
<sup>7</sup> GRID No. <b>228937</b>		<sup>8</sup> Operator Name <b>MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY</b>			<sup>9</sup> Elevation <b>3194'</b>

<sup>10</sup>Surface Location

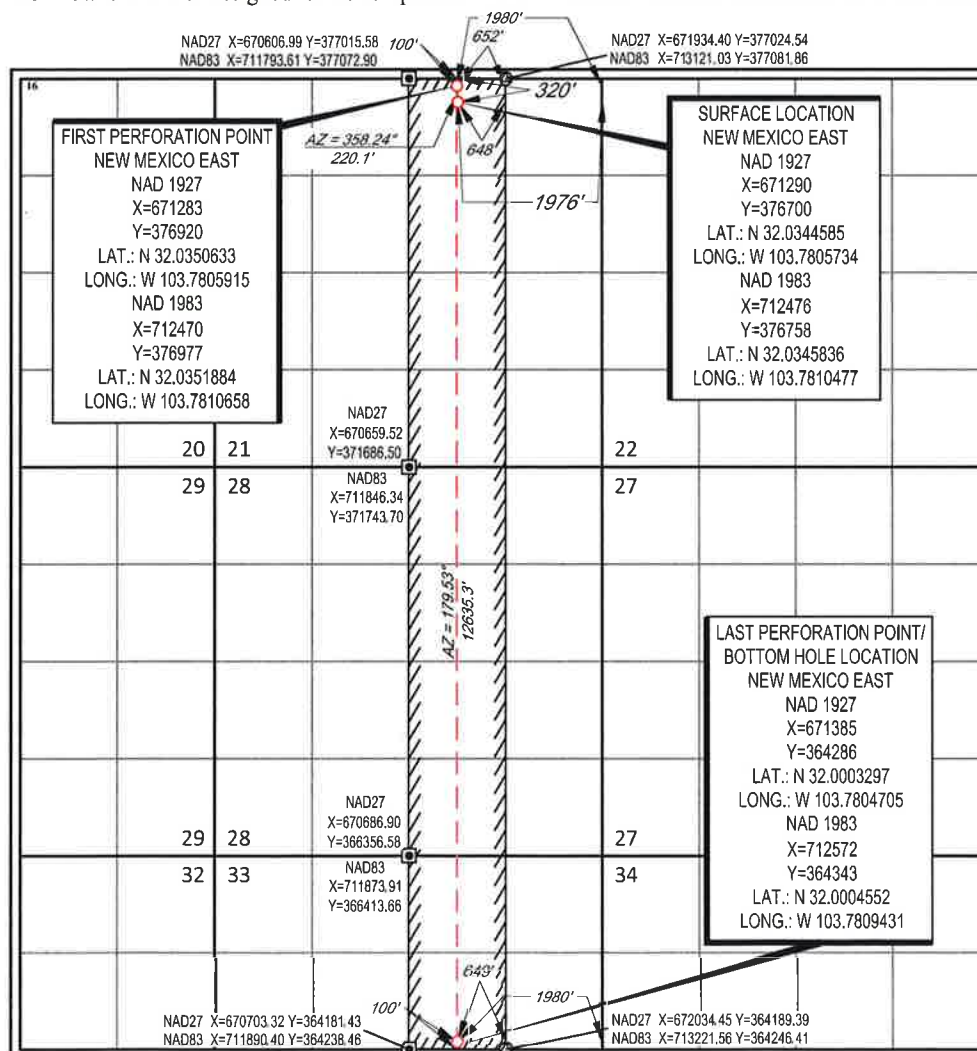
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
<b>B</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>26-S</b>	<b>31-E</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>320'</b>	<b>NORTH</b>	<b>1976'</b>	<b>EAST</b>	<b>EDDY</b>

<sup>11</sup>Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
<b>2</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>26-S</b>	<b>31-E</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>100'</b>	<b>SOUTH</b>	<b>1980'</b>	<b>EAST</b>	<b>EDDY</b>

<sup>12</sup> Dedicated Acres <b>385.27</b>	<sup>13</sup> Joint or Infill	<sup>14</sup> Consolidation Code	<sup>15</sup> Order No.
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No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.



<sup>17</sup>OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or undivided mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.

*Nicky Fitzgerald*  
Signature Date 4/22/2020

Nicky Fitzgerald  
Printed Name

nicky.fitzgerald@matadorresources.com  
E-mail Address

<sup>18</sup>SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true to the best of my belief.

01/16/2020

Date of Survey  
Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor



Certificate Number

# PECOS DISTRICT

## DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY
<b>LEASE NO.:</b>	NMNM138866
<b>WELL NAME &amp; NO.:</b>	VONI FEDERAL / 133H
<b>SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:</b>	350'/N & 1976'/E
<b>BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:</b>	100'/S & 1980'/E
<b>LOCATION:</b>	Section 21, T.26 S., R.31 E., NMPM
<b>COUNTY:</b>	Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Potash	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Secretary	<input type="radio"/> R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	<input type="radio"/> Low	<input type="radio"/> Medium	<input checked="" type="radio"/> High
Cave/Karst Potential	<input type="radio"/> Critical		
Variance	<input type="radio"/> None	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Flex Hose	<input type="radio"/> Other
Wellhead	<input type="radio"/> Conventional	<input type="radio"/> Multibowl	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Both
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 String Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Capitan Reef	<input type="checkbox"/> WIPP
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Fluid Filled	<input type="checkbox"/> Cement Squeeze	<input type="checkbox"/> Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Disposal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COM	<input type="checkbox"/> Unit

### A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

### B. CASING

#### Casing Design:

1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1280** feet (a minimum of **70 feet (Eddy County)** into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after

- completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
2. The **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **4146** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is:

**Option 1 (Single Stage):**

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.  
**Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash.**

**Option 2:**

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
  - b. Second stage above DV tool:
    - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office.  
**Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash.**
- ❖ In **High Cave/Karst Areas** if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:

**Option 1 (Single Stage):**

- Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

### **Option 2:**

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

### **C. PRESSURE CONTROL**

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2.

### **Option 1:**

- a. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.
- b. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the intermediate casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.

### **Option 2:**

1. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.

- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

#### **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**

##### **Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

## GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

☒ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,  
(575) 361-2822

☒ Lea County

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)  
393-3612

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.



## B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
  - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including

lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

**NMK04162020**



U.S. Department of the Interior  
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Operator Certification Data Report

06/08/2020

## Operator Certification

*I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.*

**NAME:** Nicky Fitzgerald

**Signed on:** 07/12/2019

**Title:** Regulatory

**Street Address:** 5400 LBJ FREEWAY STE 1500

**City:** DALLAS

**State:** TX

**Zip:** 75240

**Phone:** (972)371-5448

**Email address:** nicky.fitzgerald@matadorresources.com

## Field Representative

**Representative Name:**

**Street Address:**

**City:**

**State:**

**Zip:**

**Phone:**

**Email address:**



APD ID: 10400043658

Submission Date: 08/13/2019

Highlighted data  
reflects the most  
recent changes

Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: VONI FED COM

Well Number: 133H

[Show Final Text](#)

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

## Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
496935	RUSTLER	3193	855	855	ANHYDRITE	NONE	N
496936	SALADO	1629	1562	1562	SALT	NONE	N
496961	CASTILE	-200	3391	3391	SALT	NONE	N
496944	LAMAR	-824	4015	4015	SALT	NONE	N
496931	BELL CANYON	-852	4043	4043	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496932	CHERRY CANYON	-1955	5146	5146	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496946	BRUSHY CANYON	-3098	6289	6289	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496945	BONE SPRING LIME	-4738	7929	7929	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496959	BONE SPRING 1ST	-5724	8915	8915	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496960	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6162	9353	9353	OTHER : Carbonate	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496955	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6339	9530	9530	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496956	BONE SPRING 3RD	-6930	10121	10121	OTHER : Carbonate	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
496957	BONE SPRING 3RD	-7615	10806	10823	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

## Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

**Operator Name:** MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

**Well Name:** VONI FED COM

**Well Number:** 133H

**Pressure Rating (PSI):** 5M

**Rating Depth:** 12000

**Equipment:** A 12,000' 5000-psi BOP stack consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram, and one annular preventer will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. An accumulator complying with Onshore Order #2 requirements for the pressure rating of the BOP stack will be present. A rotating head will also be installed as needed.

**Requesting Variance?** YES

**Variance request:** Matador requests a variance to have the option of running a multi-bowl wellhead assembly for setting the Intermediate 1 and Production Strings. The BOPs will not be tested again unless any flanges are separated. Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then one of equal or higher rating will be used. Matador requests a variance to have the option of batch drilling this well with other wells on the same pad. In the event that this well is batch drilled, the wellbore will be secured with a blind flange of like pressure. When the rig returns to this well and BOPs are installed, the operator will perform a full BOP test. Matador request a variance to utilize a surface setting rig. If this is used, Matador request the option to drill either 17.5" or 20" surface hole.

**Testing Procedure:** BOP will be inspected and operated as required in Onshore Order #2. Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs. After setting surface casing, a minimum 5M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular preventer being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. In the event that the rig drills multiple wells on the pad and any seal subject to test pressures are broken, a full BOP test will be performed when the rig returns and the 5M BOPE system is re-installed.

**Choke Diagram Attachment:**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_5M\_Choke\_Manifold\_Arrangement\_20200421110419.pdf

**BOP Diagram Attachment:**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_5M\_BOP\_20200421110442.pdf

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Co\_Flex\_Certs\_20200421110459.pdf

### Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	880	0	880			880	J-55	54.5	BUTT	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
2	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	4068	0	4068			4068	J-55	40	BUTT	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
3	PRODUCTION	8.75	5.5	NEW	NON API	N	0	23600	0	11150			23600	P-110	20	OTHER - Hunting TLW	1.125	1.125	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8

**Operator Name:** MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

**Well Name:** VONI FED COM

**Well Number:** 133H

#### Casing Attachments

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**Casing ID:** 1      **String Type:** SURFACE

**Inspection Document:**

**Spec Document:**

**Tapered String Spec:**

**Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20200421110609.pdf

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**Casing ID:** 2      **String Type:** INTERMEDIATE

**Inspection Document:**

**Spec Document:**

**Tapered String Spec:**

**Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20200421110659.pdf

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**Casing ID:** 3      **String Type:** PRODUCTION

**Inspection Document:**

**Spec Document:**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Casing\_Specs\_5.5in\_20lb\_Hunting\_TLW\_SC\_20200421110843.pdf

**Tapered String Spec:**

**Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20200421110917.pdf

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#### Section 4 - Cement

**Operator Name:** MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

**Well Name:** VONI FED COM

**Well Number:** 133H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	580	390	1.72	12.5	676	50	C	5% NaCl + LCM
SURFACE	Tail		580	880	250	1.38	14.8	347	50	C	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	3254	750	2.13	12.6	1594	50	C	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		3254	4068	300	1.38	14.8	416	50	C	5% NaCl + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		3868	1008 7	880	2.22	11.5	1953	25	H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Tail		1008 7	2360 0	3170	1.35	13.2	4277	25	H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

### Section 5 - Circulating Medium

**Mud System Type:** Closed

**Will an air or gas system be Used?** NO

**Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:**

**Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:**

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions.

**Describe the mud monitoring system utilized:** An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 2 will be used.

### Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	880	SPUD MUD	8.4	8.8							
880	4068	OTHER : Brine/OBM	9.5	10.2							
4068	1115 0	OTHER : Cut Brine/OBM	8.6	9.4							



**Operator Name:** MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

**Well Name:** VONI FED COM

**Well Number:** 133H

## Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

**List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:**

A 2-person mud logging program will be used from Kick-off point to TD.

No electric logs are planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from Intermediate casing to TD. CBL with CCL will be run as far as gravity will let it fall to top of curve.

**List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:**

CBL,GR,MUDLOG

**Coring operation description for the well:**

No core or drill stem test is planned.

## Section 7 - Pressure

**Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure:** 5451

**Anticipated Surface Pressure:** 2997.78

**Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F):** 185

**Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards?** NO

**Describe:**

**Contingency Plans geohazards description:**

**Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:**

**Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required?** NO

**Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:**

## Section 8 - Other Information

**Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:**

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Directional\_Well\_Plan\_v2\_20200421111844.pdf

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Directional\_AC\_Report\_v2\_20200421111842.pdf

**Other proposed operations facets description:**

**Other proposed operations facets attachment:**

Gas\_Capture\_Plan\_\_\_Voni\_Federal\_\_\_023H\_\_\_103H\_\_\_107H\_\_\_113H\_\_\_123H\_\_\_133H\_20190712151607.pdf

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_3\_String\_Wellhead\_Diagram\_20200421112020.pdf

H2S\_Plan\_20200421112018.pdf

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Closed\_Loop\_System\_20200421112021.pdf

Voni\_Fed\_Com\_133H\_Drill\_Plan\_20200421112022.pdf

**Other Variance attachment:**

**Operator Name:** MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

**Well Name:** VONI FED COM

**Well Number:** 133H

CONFIDENTIAL

## **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

### **Surface Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### **Intermediate #2 Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

## **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

### **Surface Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### **Intermediate #2 Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

## **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

### **Surface Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### **Intermediate #2 Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse:  $DF_c=1.125$

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst:  $DF_b=1.125$

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile:  $DF_t=1.8$

- Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).





SURVEY PROGRAM

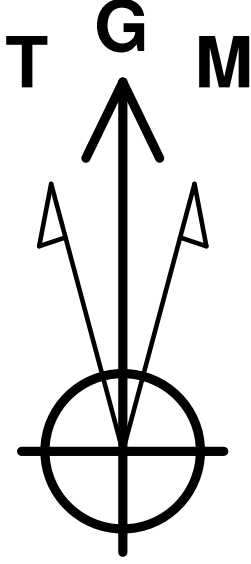
WELL DETAILS: Voni Fed Com #133H

Depth From	Depth To	Survey/Plan	Tool			GL @ 3194.0	KB @ 3222.5usft			Slot
0.0	23600.1	BLM Plan #1 (Wellbore #1)	MWD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Northing	Easting	Latitude	Longitude	
				0.0	0.0	376700.22	671289.73	32° 2' 4.051 N	103° 46' 50.064 W	

Company: Matador Production Company  
Well: Voni Fed Com #133H  
County: Eddy County, New Mexico  
Wellbore: Wellbore #1  
Plan: BLM Plan #1  
Date: 1/20/2020

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1927 (Exact solution)  
Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)  
Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866  
Zone: New Mexico East 3001  
System Datum: Mean Sea Level

To convert a Magnetic Direction to a Grid Direction, Add 6.46°  
To convert a Magnetic Direction to a True Direction, Add 6.76° East  
To convert a True Direction to a Grid Direction, Subtract 0.29°



Azimuths to Grid North  
True North: -0.29°  
Magnetic North: 6.46°

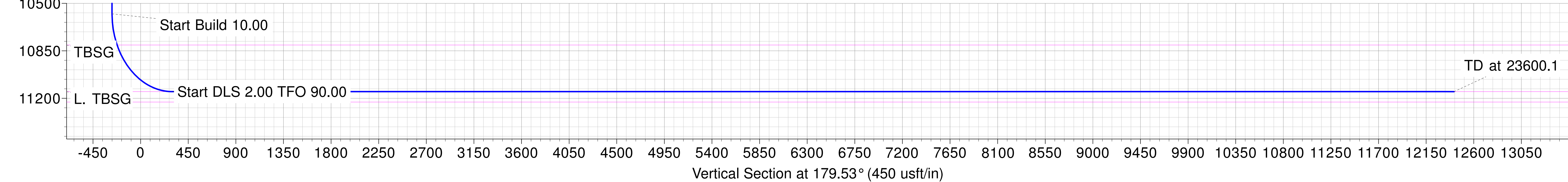
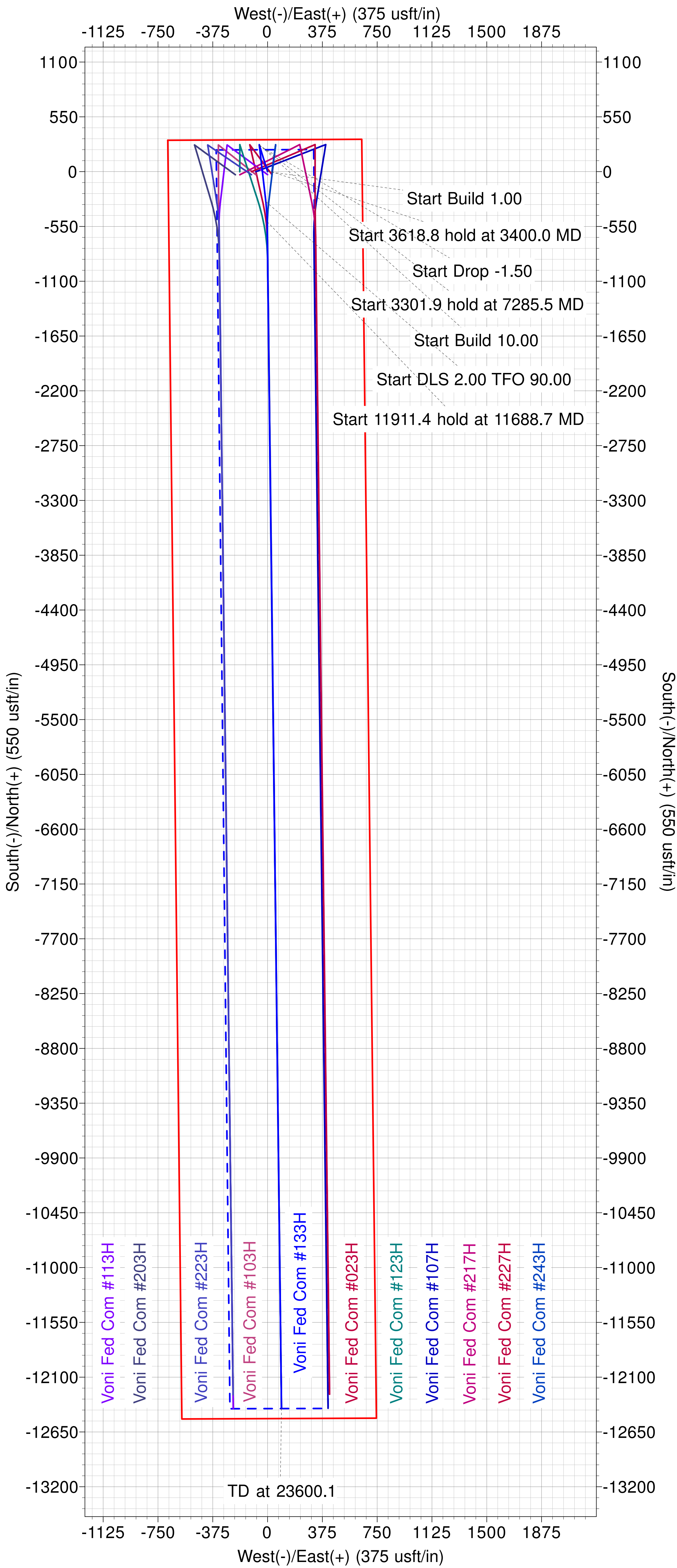
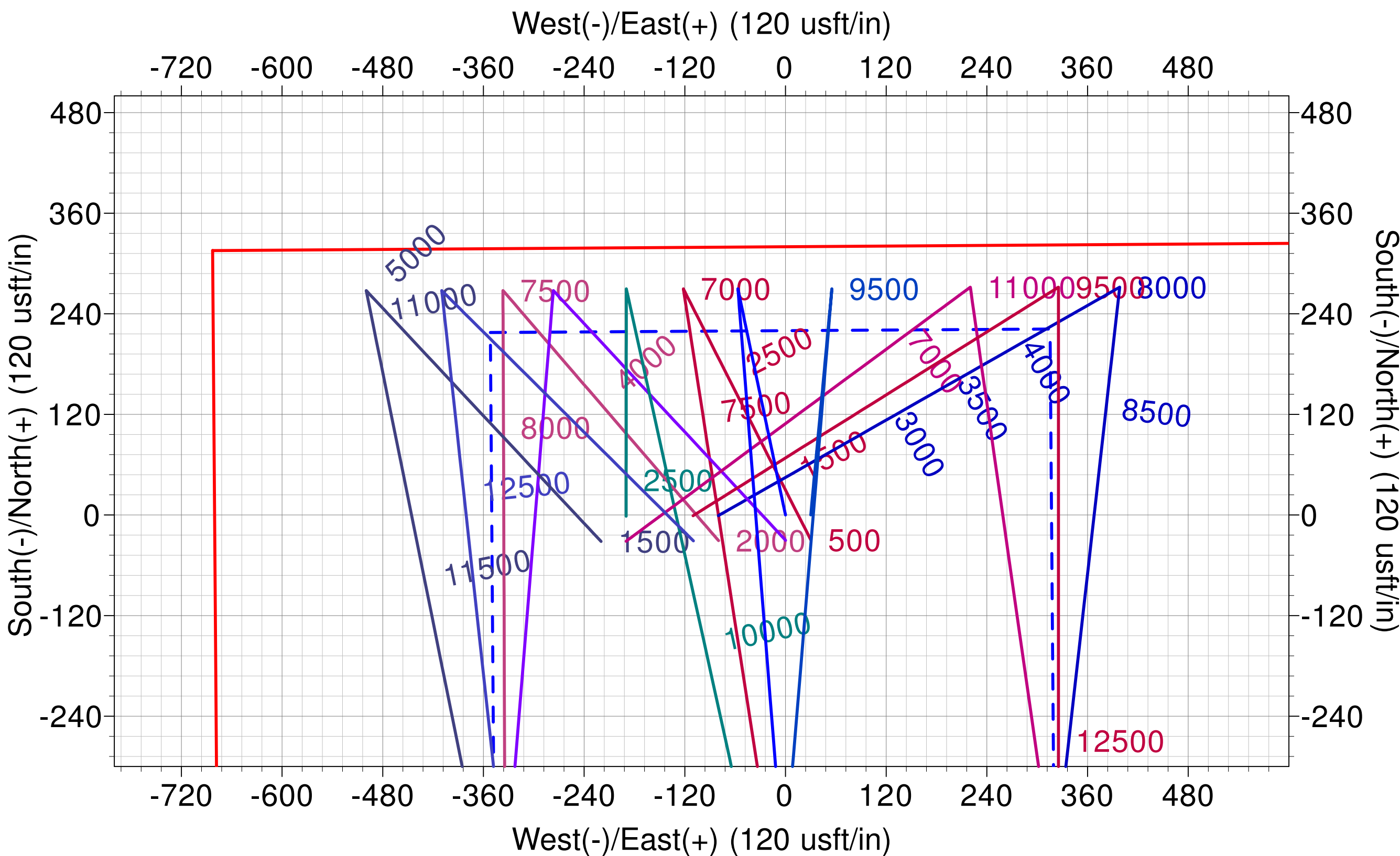
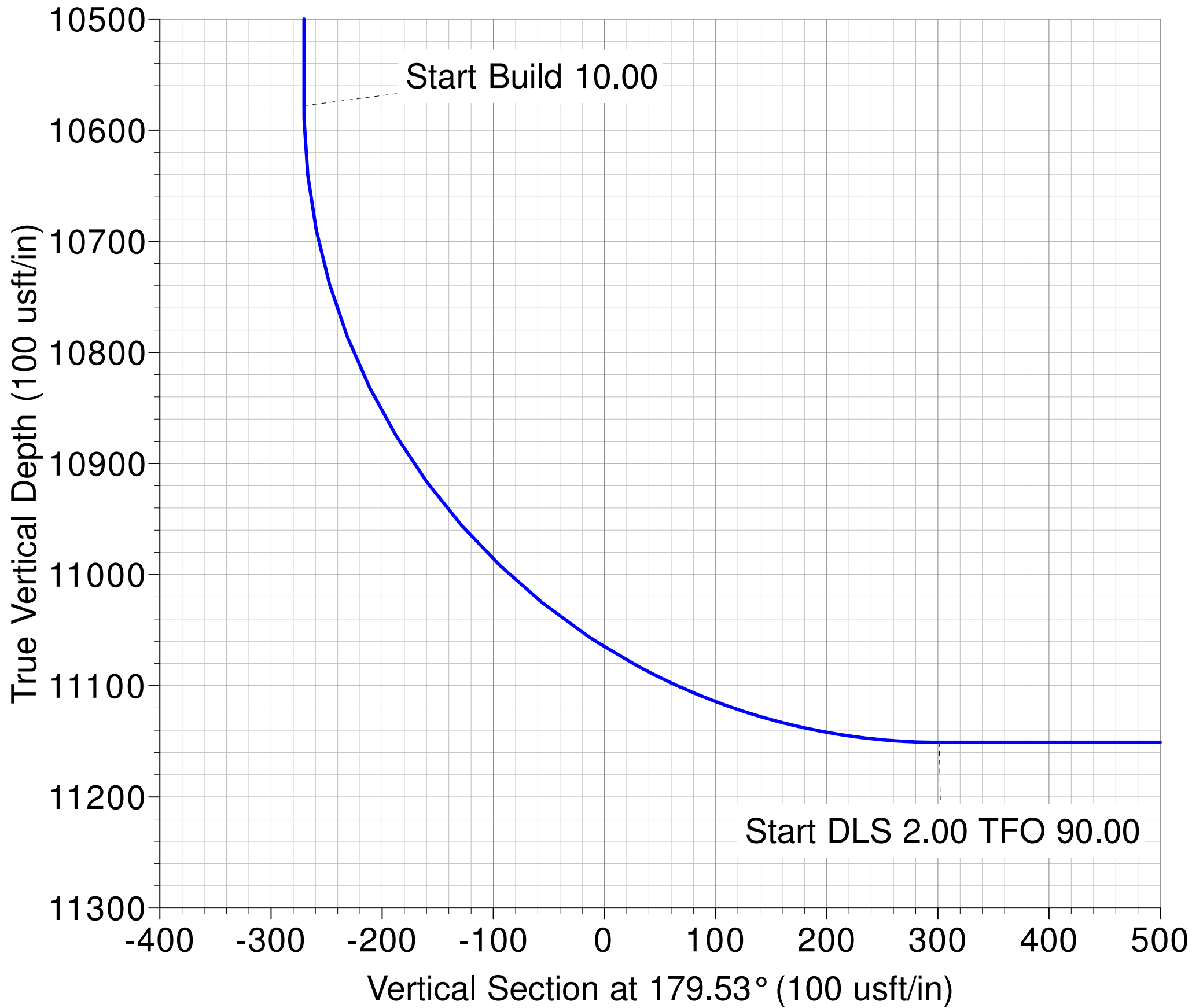
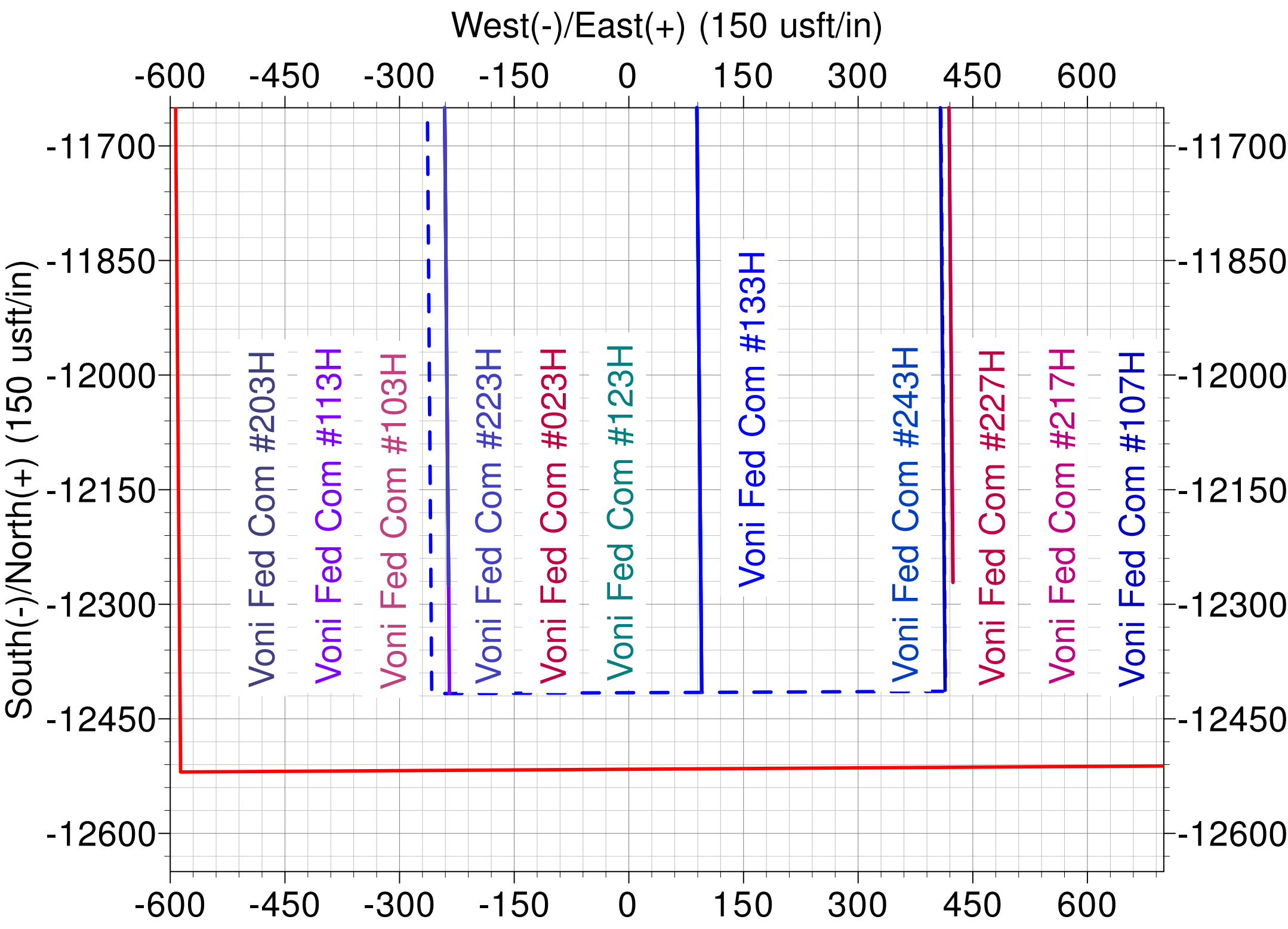
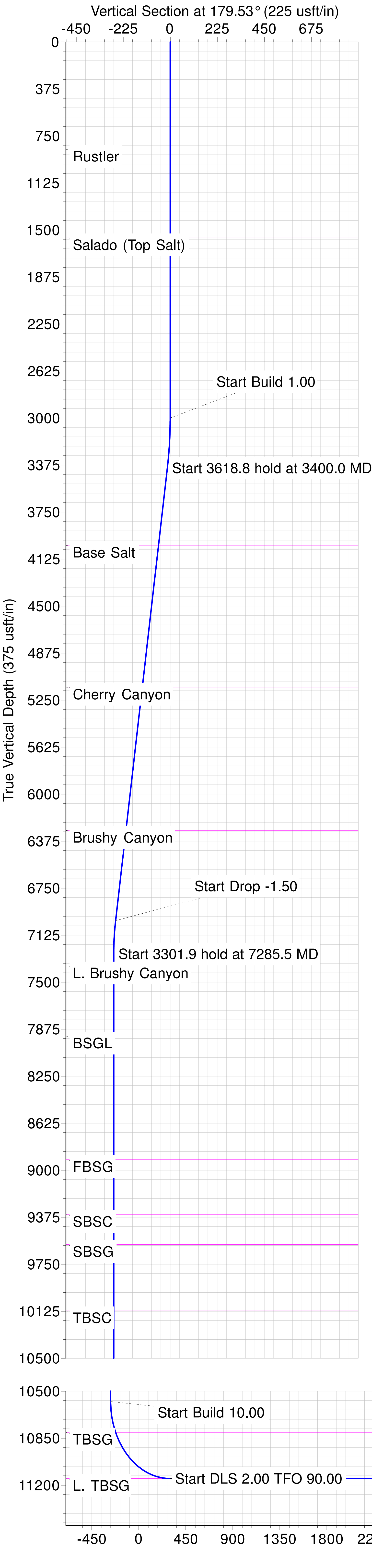
Magnetic Field  
Strength: 47539.4snT  
Dip Angle: 59.82°  
Date: 1/20/2020  
Model: IGRF2015

DESIGN TARGET DETAILS

Name	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Northing	Easting	Latitude	Longitude
VP - Voni Fed Com #133H	10578.0	269.8	-56.7	376970.00	671233.00	32° 2' 6.724 N	103° 46' 50.707 W
BHL - Voni Fed Com #133H	11151.0	-12413.5	95.4	364285.49	671385.10	32° 0' 1.187 N	103° 46' 49.694 W

SECTION DETIALS

MD	Inc	Azi	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Dleg	TFace	VSect	Annotation
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	
3000.0	0.00	0.00	3000.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	Start Build 1.00
3400.0	4.00	348.13	3399.7	13.7	-2.9	1.00	348.13	-13.7	Start 3618.8 hold at 3400.0 MD
7018.8	4.00	348.13	7009.7	260.7	-54.8	0.00	0.00	-261.1	Start Drop -1.50
7285.5	0.00	0.00	7276.1	269.8	-56.7	1.50	180.00	-270.3	Start 3301.9 hold at 7285.5 MD
10587.4	0.00	0.00	10578.0	269.8	-56.7	0.00	0.00	-270.3	Start Build 10.00
11487.4	90.00	175.50	11151.0	-301.4	-11.8	10.00	175.50	301.3	Start DLS 2.00 TFO 90.00
11688.7	90.00	179.53	11151.0	-502.5	-3.0	2.00	90.00	502.5	Start 11911.4 hold at 11688.7 MD
23600.1	90.00	179.53	11151.0	-12413.5	95.4	0.00	0.00	12413.9	TD at 23600.1





# **Matador Production Company**

**Rustler Breaks**

**Voni**

**Voni Fed Com #133H**

**Wellbore #1**

**Plan: BLM Plan #1**

## **Standard Planning Report**

**20 January, 2020**

## Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

<b>Project</b>	Rustler Breaks		
<b>Map System:</b>	US State Plane 1927 (Exact solution)	<b>System Datum:</b>	Mean Sea Level
<b>Geo Datum:</b>	NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)		
<b>Map Zone:</b>	New Mexico East 3001		Using geodetic scale factor

Site		Voni			
Site Position: From:	Lat/Long	Northing:	376,651.72 usft	Latitude:	32° 2' 3.721 N
		Easting:	668,298.64 usft	Longitude:	103° 47' 24.814 W
		Position Uncertainty:	0.0 usft	Slot Radius:	13-3/16 "

Well	Voni Fed Com #133H					
Well Position	+N/-S	48.5 usft	Northing:	376,700.22 usft	Latitude:	32° 2' 4.051 N
	+E/-W	2,991.3 usft	Easting:	671,289.72 usft	Longitude:	103° 46' 50.064 W
Position Uncertainty		0.0 usft	Wellhead Elevation:		Ground Level:	3,194.0 usft

<b>Wellbore</b>	Wellbore #1				
<b>Magnetics</b>	<b>Model Name</b>	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Declination (°)</b>	<b>Dip Angle (°)</b>	<b>Field Strength (nT)</b>
	IGRF2015	1/20/2020	6.76	59.82	47,539.36800785

Design	BLM Plan #1				
Audit Notes:					
Version:	1	Phase:	PROTOTYPE	Tie On Depth:	0.0
Vertical Section:	Depth From (TVD) (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Direction (°)	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	179.53	

<b>Plan Survey Tool Program</b>	<b>Date</b>	1/20/2020			
<b>Depth From (usft)</b>	<b>Depth To (usft)</b>	<b>Survey (Wellbore)</b>	<b>Tool Name</b>	<b>Remarks</b>	
1	0.0	23,600.1	BLM Plan #1 (Wellbore #1)	MWD	
				OWSG MWD - Standard	

<b>Plan Sections</b>										
<b>Measured Depth (usft)</b>	<b>Inclination (°)</b>	<b>Azimuth (°)</b>	<b>Vertical Depth (usft)</b>	<b>+N/-S (usft)</b>	<b>+E/-W (usft)</b>	<b>Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)</b>	<b>Build Rate (°/100usft)</b>	<b>Turn Rate (°/100usft)</b>	<b>TFO (°)</b>	<b>Target</b>
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3,000.0	0.00	0.00	3,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3,400.0	4.00	348.13	3,399.7	13.7	-2.9	1.00	1.00	0.00	348.13	
7,018.8	4.00	348.13	7,009.7	260.7	-54.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7,285.5	0.00	0.00	7,276.1	269.8	-56.7	1.50	-1.50	0.00	180.00	
10,587.4	0.00	0.00	10,578.0	269.8	-56.7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	VP - Voni Fed Com
11,487.4	90.00	175.50	11,151.0	-301.4	-11.8	10.00	10.00	0.00	175.50	
11,688.7	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-502.5	-3.0	2.00	0.00	2.00	90.00	
23,600.1	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,413.5	95.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	BHL - Voni Fed Cor

# Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
856.0	0.00	0.00	856.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rustler									
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.0	0.00	0.00	1,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.0	0.00	0.00	1,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,563.0	0.00	0.00	1,563.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Salado (Top Salt)									
1,600.0	0.00	0.00	1,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.0	0.00	0.00	1,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.0	0.00	0.00	1,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	0.00	0.00	1,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.0	0.00	0.00	2,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	0.00	0.00	2,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.0	0.00	0.00	2,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	0.00	0.00	2,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	0.00	0.00	2,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	0.00	0.00	2,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	0.00	0.00	2,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	0.00	0.00	2,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.0	0.00	0.00	2,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	0.00	0.00	3,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Build 1.00									
3,100.0	1.00	348.13	3,100.0	0.9	-0.2	-0.9	1.00	1.00	0.00
3,200.0	2.00	348.13	3,200.0	3.4	-0.7	-3.4	1.00	1.00	0.00
3,300.0	3.00	348.13	3,299.9	7.7	-1.6	-7.7	1.00	1.00	0.00
3,400.0	4.00	348.13	3,399.7	13.7	-2.9	-13.7	1.00	1.00	0.00
Start 3618.8 hold at 3400.0 MD									
3,500.0	4.00	348.13	3,499.4	20.5	-4.3	-20.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0	4.00	348.13	3,599.2	27.3	-5.7	-27.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	4.00	348.13	3,698.9	34.1	-7.2	-34.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.0	4.00	348.13	3,798.7	41.0	-8.6	-41.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	4.00	348.13	3,898.5	47.8	-10.0	-47.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0	4.00	348.13	3,998.2	54.6	-11.5	-54.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,017.8	4.00	348.13	4,016.0	55.8	-11.7	-55.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
Base Salt									
4,045.9	4.00	348.13	4,044.0	57.7	-12.1	-57.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bell Canyon									
4,100.0	4.00	348.13	4,098.0	61.4	-12.9	-61.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.0	4.00	348.13	4,197.7	68.3	-14.4	-68.4	0.00	0.00	0.00

# Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
4,300.0	4.00	348.13	4,297.5	75.1	-15.8	-75.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.0	4.00	348.13	4,397.2	81.9	-17.2	-82.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.0	4.00	348.13	4,497.0	88.7	-18.7	-88.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.0	4.00	348.13	4,596.8	95.6	-20.1	-95.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	4.00	348.13	4,696.5	102.4	-21.5	-102.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	4.00	348.13	4,796.3	109.2	-23.0	-109.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.0	4.00	348.13	4,896.0	116.1	-24.4	-116.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	4.00	348.13	4,995.8	122.9	-25.8	-123.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	4.00	348.13	5,095.5	129.7	-27.3	-129.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,151.6	4.00	348.13	5,147.0	133.2	-28.0	-133.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cherry Canyon									
5,200.0	4.00	348.13	5,195.3	136.5	-28.7	-136.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.0	4.00	348.13	5,295.0	143.4	-30.1	-143.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.0	4.00	348.13	5,394.8	150.2	-31.6	-150.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	4.00	348.13	5,494.6	157.0	-33.0	-157.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	4.00	348.13	5,594.3	163.8	-34.5	-164.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0	4.00	348.13	5,694.1	170.7	-35.9	-171.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.0	4.00	348.13	5,793.8	177.5	-37.3	-177.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0	4.00	348.13	5,893.6	184.3	-38.8	-184.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0	4.00	348.13	5,993.3	191.1	-40.2	-191.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.0	4.00	348.13	6,093.1	198.0	-41.6	-198.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	4.00	348.13	6,192.9	204.8	-43.1	-205.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,297.4	4.00	348.13	6,290.0	211.4	-44.5	-211.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
Brushy Canyon									
6,300.0	4.00	348.13	6,292.6	211.6	-44.5	-212.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	4.00	348.13	6,392.4	218.4	-45.9	-218.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	4.00	348.13	6,492.1	225.3	-47.4	-225.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	4.00	348.13	6,591.9	232.1	-48.8	-232.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	4.00	348.13	6,691.6	238.9	-50.2	-239.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	4.00	348.13	6,791.4	245.8	-51.7	-246.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	4.00	348.13	6,891.1	252.6	-53.1	-253.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	4.00	348.13	6,990.9	259.4	-54.5	-259.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,018.8	4.00	348.13	7,009.7	260.7	-54.8	-261.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Drop -1.50									
7,100.0	2.78	348.13	7,090.7	265.4	-55.8	-265.8	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,200.0	1.28	348.13	7,190.7	268.9	-56.5	-269.3	1.50	-1.50	0.00
7,285.5	0.00	0.00	7,276.1	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	1.50	-1.50	0.00
Start 3301.9 hold at 7285.5 MD									
7,300.0	0.00	0.00	7,290.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,380.4	0.00	0.00	7,371.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
L. Brushy Canyon									
7,400.0	0.00	0.00	7,390.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.0	0.00	0.00	7,490.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.0	0.00	0.00	7,590.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.0	0.00	0.00	7,690.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.0	0.00	0.00	7,790.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	0.00	0.00	7,890.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,939.4	0.00	0.00	7,930.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
BSGL									
8,000.0	0.00	0.00	7,990.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,089.4	0.00	0.00	8,080.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
Avalon-SS									
8,100.0	0.00	0.00	8,090.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00

# Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
8,200.0	0.00	0.00	8,190.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	0.00	0.00	8,290.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	0.00	0.00	8,390.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	0.00	0.00	8,490.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0	0.00	0.00	8,590.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.0	0.00	0.00	8,690.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.0	0.00	0.00	8,790.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0	0.00	0.00	8,890.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,925.4	0.00	0.00	8,916.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>FBSG</b>									
9,000.0	0.00	0.00	8,990.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.0	0.00	0.00	9,090.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.0	0.00	0.00	9,190.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	0.00	0.00	9,290.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,363.4	0.00	0.00	9,354.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>SBSC</b>									
9,400.0	0.00	0.00	9,390.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.0	0.00	0.00	9,490.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.0	0.00	0.00	9,590.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,602.4	0.00	0.00	9,593.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>SBSG</b>									
9,700.0	0.00	0.00	9,690.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.0	0.00	0.00	9,790.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.0	0.00	0.00	9,890.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.0	0.00	0.00	9,990.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100.0	0.00	0.00	10,090.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,131.4	0.00	0.00	10,122.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>TBSC</b>									
10,200.0	0.00	0.00	10,190.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300.0	0.00	0.00	10,290.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400.0	0.00	0.00	10,390.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,500.0	0.00	0.00	10,490.6	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,587.4	0.00	0.00	10,578.0	269.8	-56.7	-270.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Start Build 10.00 - VP - Voni Fed Com #133H</b>									
10,600.0	1.26	175.50	10,590.6	269.7	-56.7	-270.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,700.0	11.26	175.50	10,689.9	258.8	-55.9	-259.2	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,800.0	21.26	175.50	10,785.8	230.9	-53.7	-231.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,822.9	23.56	175.50	10,807.0	222.2	-53.0	-222.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
<b>TBSG</b>									
10,900.0	31.26	175.50	10,875.4	186.8	-50.2	-187.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,000.0	41.26	175.50	10,955.9	128.0	-45.6	-128.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,100.0	51.26	175.50	11,024.9	56.0	-39.9	-56.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,200.0	61.26	175.50	11,080.4	-26.8	-33.4	26.5	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,300.0	71.26	175.50	11,120.6	-117.9	-26.2	117.7	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,400.0	81.26	175.50	11,144.3	-214.6	-18.6	214.5	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,487.4	90.00	175.50	11,151.0	-301.4	-11.8	301.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
<b>Start DLS 2.00 TFO 90.00 - L. TBSG</b>									
11,500.0	90.00	175.75	11,151.0	-314.0	-10.8	313.9	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,600.0	90.00	177.75	11,151.0	-413.8	-5.1	413.8	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,688.7	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-502.5	-3.0	502.5	2.00	0.00	2.00
<b>Start 11911.4 hold at 11688.7 MD</b>									
11,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-513.8	-2.9	513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-613.8	-2.1	613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00

# Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
11,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-713.8	-1.3	713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-813.8	-0.5	813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-913.8	0.4	913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,013.8	1.2	1,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,113.8	2.0	1,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,213.8	2.8	1,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,313.8	3.7	1,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,413.8	4.5	1,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,513.8	5.3	1,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,613.8	6.1	1,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,713.8	7.0	1,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,813.8	7.8	1,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-1,913.8	8.6	1,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,013.8	9.4	2,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,113.8	10.3	2,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,213.7	11.1	2,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,313.7	11.9	2,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,413.7	12.7	2,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,513.7	13.6	2,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,613.7	14.4	2,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,713.7	15.2	2,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,813.7	16.1	2,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-2,913.7	16.9	2,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,013.7	17.7	3,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,113.7	18.5	3,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,213.7	19.4	3,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,313.7	20.2	3,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,413.7	21.0	3,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,513.7	21.8	3,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,613.7	22.7	3,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,713.7	23.5	3,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,813.7	24.3	3,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-3,913.7	25.1	3,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,013.7	26.0	4,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,113.7	26.8	4,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,213.7	27.6	4,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,313.7	28.4	4,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,413.7	29.3	4,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,513.7	30.1	4,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,613.7	30.9	4,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,713.7	31.7	4,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,813.7	32.6	4,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-4,913.7	33.4	4,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,013.7	34.2	5,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,113.7	35.1	5,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,213.6	35.9	5,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,313.6	36.7	5,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,413.6	37.5	5,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,513.6	38.4	5,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,613.6	39.2	5,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,713.6	40.0	5,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,813.6	40.8	5,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-5,913.6	41.7	5,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,013.6	42.5	6,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00

# Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
17,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,113.6	43.3	6,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,213.6	44.1	6,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,313.6	45.0	6,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,413.6	45.8	6,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,513.6	46.6	6,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,613.6	47.4	6,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,713.6	48.3	6,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,813.6	49.1	6,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-6,913.6	49.9	6,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,013.6	50.7	7,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,113.6	51.6	7,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,213.6	52.4	7,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,313.6	53.2	7,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,413.6	54.1	7,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,513.6	54.9	7,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,613.6	55.7	7,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,713.6	56.5	7,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,813.6	57.4	7,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-7,913.6	58.2	7,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,013.6	59.0	8,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,113.5	59.8	8,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,213.5	60.7	8,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,313.5	61.5	8,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,413.5	62.3	8,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,513.5	63.1	8,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,613.5	64.0	8,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,713.5	64.8	8,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,813.5	65.6	8,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-8,913.5	66.4	8,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,013.5	67.3	9,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,113.5	68.1	9,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,213.5	68.9	9,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,313.5	69.8	9,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,413.5	70.6	9,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,513.5	71.4	9,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,613.5	72.2	9,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,713.5	73.1	9,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,813.5	73.9	9,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-9,913.5	74.7	9,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,013.5	75.5	10,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,113.5	76.4	10,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,213.5	77.2	10,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,313.5	78.0	10,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,413.5	78.8	10,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,513.5	79.7	10,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,613.5	80.5	10,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,713.5	81.3	10,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,813.5	82.1	10,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-10,913.5	83.0	10,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,013.4	83.8	11,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,113.4	84.6	11,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,213.4	85.4	11,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,313.4	86.3	11,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,413.4	87.1	11,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00



## Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
22,700.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,513.4	87.9	11,513.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,800.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,613.4	88.8	11,613.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
22,900.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,713.4	89.6	11,713.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,000.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,813.4	90.4	11,813.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,100.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-11,913.4	91.2	11,913.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,200.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,013.4	92.1	12,013.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,300.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,113.4	92.9	12,113.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,400.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,213.4	93.7	12,213.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,500.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,313.4	94.5	12,313.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,600.0	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,413.4	95.4	12,413.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
23,600.1	90.00	179.53	11,151.0	-12,413.5	95.4	12,413.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
TD at 23600.1 - BHL - Voni Fed Com #133H									

Design Targets									
Target Name	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
VP - Voni Fed Com #1 - hit/miss target - Shape - Point	0.00	0.00	10,578.0	269.8	-56.7	376,970.00	671,233.00	32° 2' 6.724 N	103° 46' 50.707 W
BHL - Voni Fed Com #1 - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	11,151.0	-12,413.5	95.4	364,285.49	671,385.09	32° 0' 1.187 N	103° 46' 49.694 W

Formations						
Measured Depth (usft)	Vertical Depth (usft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)	
856.0	856.0	Rustler				
1,563.0	1,563.0	Salado (Top Salt)				
4,017.8	4,016.0	Base Salt				
4,045.9	4,044.0	Bell Canyon				
5,151.6	5,147.0	Cherry Canyon				
6,297.4	6,290.0	Brushy Canyon				
7,380.4	7,371.0	L. Brushy Canyon				
7,939.4	7,930.0	BSGL				
8,089.4	8,080.0	Avalon-SS				
8,925.4	8,916.0	FBSG				
9,363.4	9,354.0	SBSC				
9,602.4	9,593.0	SBSG				
10,131.4	10,122.0	TBSC				
10,822.9	10,807.0	TBSG				
11,487.4	11,151.0	L. TBSG				

## Planning Report

<b>Database:</b>	EDM 5000.14 Server	<b>Local Co-ordinate Reference:</b>	Well Voni Fed Com#133H
<b>Company:</b>	Matador Production Company	<b>TVD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Project:</b>	Rustler Breaks	<b>MD Reference:</b>	KB @ 3222.5usft
<b>Site:</b>	Voni	<b>North Reference:</b>	Grid
<b>Well:</b>	Voni Fed Com #133H	<b>Survey Calculation Method:</b>	Minimum Curvature
<b>Wellbore:</b>	Wellbore #1		
<b>Design:</b>	BLM Plan #1		

Plan Annotations				
Measured Depth (usft)	Vertical Depth (usft)	Local Coordinates		Comment
		+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	
3,000.0	3,000.0	0.0	0.0	Start Build 1.00
3,400.0	3,399.7	13.7	-2.9	Start 3618.8 hold at 3400.0 MD
7,018.8	7,009.7	260.7	-54.8	Start Drop -1.50
7,285.5	7,276.1	269.8	-56.7	Start 3301.9 hold at 7285.5 MD
10,587.4	10,578.0	269.8	-56.7	Start Build 10.00
11,487.4	11,151.0	-301.4	-11.8	Start DLS 2.00 TFO 90.00
11,688.7	11,151.0	-502.5	-3.0	Start 11911.4 hold at 11688.7 MD
23,600.1	11,151.0	-12,413.5	95.4	TD at 23600.1

District I  
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240  
District II  
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210  
District III  
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410  
District IV  
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico  
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department  
Oil Conservation Division  
1220 South St. Francis Dr.  
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Submit Original  
to Appropriate  
District Office

### GAS CAPTURE PLAN

X Original

Operator & OGRID No.: Matador Production Company (228937)

☐ Amended

Date: 4/23/19

Reason for Amendment: \_\_\_\_\_

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Operator to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomple to new zone, re-frac) activity.

*Note: A C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule 19.15.18.12.A*

#### Well(s)/Production Facility – Name of facility

The wells that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	Well Location (ULSTR)	Footages	Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	Comments
Voni Federal # 023H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 400	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well
Voni Federal # 103H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 3,000	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well
Voni Federal # 107H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 3,000	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well cleanup.
Voni Federal # 113H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 2,500	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well cleanup
Voni Federal # 123H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 2,500	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well cleanup
Voni Federal # 133H	N/A	UL-B Sec 21 & 16 T26S R31E	### FNL ### FEL	+/- 6,000	~30 days	Flare ~30 days on flowback before turn into TB. Time est. depends on sales connect and well cleanup

### **Gathering System and Pipeline Notification**

The wells will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete so long as the gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from the production facility should be connected to Lucid Energy Delaware, LLC gathering system. It will require ~5,000' of pipeline to connect the facility to Lucid Energy Delaware, LLC gathering system. Matador Production Company periodically provides a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future to Lucid Energy Delaware, LLC. If changes occur that will affect the drilling and completion schedule, Matador Production Company will notify Lucid Energy Delaware, LLC. Additionally, the gas produced from the well will be processed at a processing plant further downstream and, although unanticipated, any issues with downstream facilities could cause flaring at the wellhead. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures measured when the well starts producing.

### **Flowback Strategy**

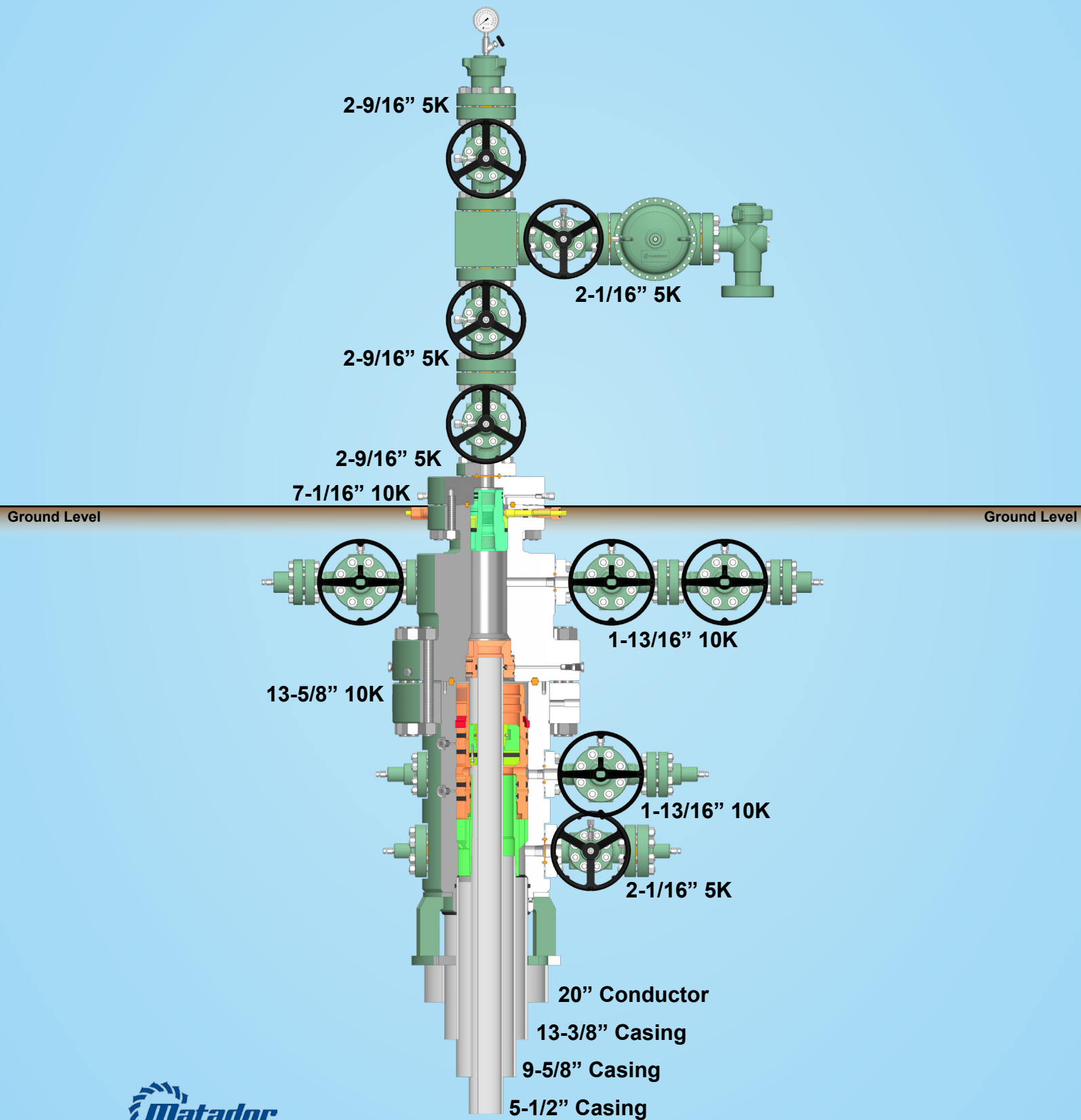
After the fracture treatment/completion operations (flowback), the well will be produced to temporary production tanks and the gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. If the produced fluids contain minimal sand, then the well will be turned to production facilities. The gas sales should start as soon as the well starts flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on the midstream system at that time. Based on current information, it is Matador's belief the system will be able to take the gas upon completion of the well.

Safety requirements during cleanout operations may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

### **Alternatives to Reduce Flaring**

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- Power Generation – On lease
  - Operating a generator will only utilize a portion of the produced gas and the remainder of gas would still need to be flared.
  - Power Company has to be willing to purchase gas back and if they are willing they require a 5 year commitment to supply the agreed upon amount of power back to them. With gas decline rates and unpredictability of markets it is impossible to agree to such long term demands. If the demands are not met then operator is burdened with penalty for not delivering.
- Compressed Natural Gas – On lease
  - Compressed Natural Gas is likely to be uneconomic to operate when the gas volume declines.
- NGL Removal – On lease
  - NGL Removal requires a plant and is expensive on such a small scale rendering it uneconomic and still requires residue gas to be flared.



Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling  
Operations Plan  
Matador Resources

1 H2S safety instructions to the following:

- Characteristics of H2S
- Physical effects and hazards
- Principal and operation of H2S detectors, warning system and briefing areas
- Evacuation procedures, routes and first aid
- Proper use of safety equipment & life support systems
- Essential personnel meeting medical evaluation criteria will receive additional training on the proper use of 30min pressure demand air packs

2 H2S Detection and Alarm Systems:

- H2S sensor/detectors to be located on the drilling rig floor, in the base of the sub structure / cellar area, on the mud pits in the shale shaker area. Additional H2S detectors may be placed as deemed necessary
- An audio alarm system will be installed on the derrick floor and in the doghouse

3 Windsocks and / Wind Streamers:

- Windsocks at mud pit area should be high enough to be visible
- Windsock on the rig floor and / top of doghouse should be high enough to be visible

4 Condition Flags and Signs:

- Warning sign on access road to location
- Flags to be displayed on sign at entrance to location
  - Green Flag – Normal Safe Operation Condition
  - Yellow Flag – Potential Pressure and Danger
  - Red Flag – Danger (H2S present in dangerous concentrations) Only H2S trained personnel admitted on location

5 Well Control Equipment:

- See Exhibit E-1

6 Communication:

- While working under masks chalkboards will be used for communications
- Hand signals will be used where chalk board is inappropriate
- Two way radio will be used to communicate off location in case of emergency help is required. In most cases cellular telephones will be available at most drilling foreman's trailer or living quarters.

7 Drilling Stem Testing:

- No DST cores are planned at this time

8 Drilling contractor supervisor will be required to be familiar with the effects H<sub>2</sub>S has on tubulars good and other mechanical equipment

9 If H<sub>2</sub>S is encountered, mud system will be altered if necessary to maintain control of formation. A mud gas separator will be brought into service along with H<sub>2</sub>S scavengers if necessary

11 Emergency Contacts

- See exhibit E-6

## **HYDROGEN SULFIDE CONTINGENCY PLAN Drilling, Testing, & Completion**

# **MRC ENERGY CO.**

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**Reviewers**

----- Operations Manager  
----- Operations Supt.  
----- Staff RES  
----- Field Supt.  
Blake Hermes---Engineering

**H2S Contingency Plan # 0165**

**Revision# 0**

**This H2S Contingency Plan is subject to updating**

**Effective date: July 8, 2015**



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## INTRODUCTION

**The H<sub>2</sub>S equipment will be rigged up 2 days prior to reaching a potential H<sub>2</sub>S containing zone. Drilling into any potential H<sub>2</sub>S zone shall not commence until the on-site MRC Drilling Supervisor has confirmed this plan in place.**

**The onsite Drilling Foreman will give Total Safety one week (7 days) notice to prepare for rig up of H<sub>2</sub>S equipment)**

To be effective, the plan requires the cooperation and effort of each person participating in the drilling of an H<sub>2</sub>S well. Each person must know his/her responsibilities and all emergency and safety procedures. He/she should thoroughly understand and be able to use with accuracy, all safety equipment while performing his/her normal duties, if the circumstance should arise. He/she should therefore familiarize himself/herself with the location of all safety equipment and check to see that it is properly stored, easily accessible at all times, and routinely maintained.

It is the intention of MRC ENERGY CO. and the Drilling Contractor to make every effort to provide adequate safeguards against harm to persons on the rig and in the immediate vicinity from the effects of hydrogen sulfide, which may be released into the atmosphere under emergency conditions. However, the initiative rests with the individual in utilizing the safeguards provided. The ideas and suggestions of the individuals involved in the drilling of this well are highly welcomed and act as a fundamental tool for providing the safest working conditions possible.

The drilling representative is required to enforce these procedures. They are set up for your safety and the safety of all others.

## II. PURPOSE

It is MRC Energy Co.'s intent to provide a safe working place, not only for its employees, but also for other contractors who are aiding in the drilling of this well. The safety of the general public is of utmost concern. All precautions will be taken to keep a safe working environment and protect the public.

There is a possibility of encountering toxic hydrogen sulfide gas. Safety procedures must be adhered to in order to protect all personnel connected with the operations as well as people living within the area.

The MRC Energy Co. representative will enforce all aspects of the H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan. This job will become easier by a careful study of the following pages and training and informing all personnel that will be working on the well, their duties and responsibilities.

**A. OPERATING PROCEDURES**

**DEFINITIONS:**

**For purpose of this plan, on-site personnel shall be referred to as “In Scope Personnel” or “Out of Scope Personnel”, per the following definitions:**

**In Scope Personnel** – Personnel who will be working or otherwise present in potential H<sub>2</sub>S release areas, including the rig floor, cellar, pits, and shaker areas.

**Out of Scope Personnel** – Personnel who will not be working or Otherwise present in potential H<sub>2</sub>S areas. Such personnel include rig Site visitor, delivery and camp services personnel.

**GENERAL:**

Before this H<sub>2</sub>S contingency plan becomes operational, all regularly assigned In Scope Personnel (primarily the MRC, drilling contractor, and certain service personnel,) shall be thoroughly trained in the use of breathing equipment, emergency procedures, and responsibilities. Total Safety Technician or a designee assigned by the MRC Drilling Foreman shall keep a list of all personnel who have been through the on-site H<sub>2</sub>S training program at the drill site.

All In Scope Personnel shall be given H<sub>2</sub>S training and the steps to be taken during H<sub>2</sub>S conditions under which the well may be drilled. General information will be explained about toxic gases, as well as the physiological effects of H<sub>2</sub>S and the various classified operating conditions. In addition, the reader will be informed his/her general responsibility concerning safety equipment and emergency procedures.

The Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or MRC on-site RSE Technician shall make available the H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan for all personnel to review.

Without exception, all personnel that arrive on location must proceed directly to and sign-in with the on-site MRC RSE Technician. In Scope Personnel will be required to complete an on-site H<sub>2</sub>S training and respirator fit testing before starting work, or produce evidence that they have received equivalent training. Out of Scope Personnel will be required to complete a site H<sub>2</sub>S awareness and general safety briefing. This briefing will consist of a H<sub>2</sub>S hazard overview, alarm review and required response to alarms.

**B. PROCEDURES TO BE INITIATED PRIOR TO H<sub>2</sub>S CONTINGENCY PLAN COMPLIANCE:**

A list of emergency phone numbers and contacts will be on location and posted at the following locations:

1. MRC ENERGY CO.'S Representative's Office
2. Drilling Contractor's, Toolpusher Office
3. Living Quarters Area

All safety equipment and H<sub>2</sub>S related hardware must be set up as required by MRC Energy Co. with regard to location of briefing areas, breathing equipment, etc. All safety equipment must be inspected periodically (at least weekly) with particular attention to resuscitators and breathing equipment.

In Scope Personnel working in the well site area will be assigned breathing apparatus. Operator and drilling contractor personnel required to work in the following areas will be provided with Self Contained Breathing Apparatus:

1. Rig Floor
2. Mud Pits
3. Derrick
4. Shale Shaker
5. Cellar

The Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician will be responsible for rigging up all H<sub>2</sub>S continuous monitoring-type detectors. The Total Safety Technician will monitor and bump test the detector units periodically (at least at least once a week to test alarm function during drilling conditions. In the event H<sub>2</sub>S is detected, or when drilling in a zone confirmed to contain H<sub>2</sub>S, the units shall be bump tested at least once every 24 hours. A bump test/calibration log will be kept on location. All results will be reported to the MRC on-site Drilling Foreman.

All Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S equipment will be maintained and inspected by a Total Safety Technician on at least a Weekly basis.

### **C. DRILLING BELOW CONTINGENCY PLAN DEPTH**

H<sub>2</sub>S response drills will be held at least once per week if possible or as often as necessary to acquaint the crews and service company personnel of their responsibilities and the proper procedures to shut-in a well. Initial drills will be performed until crews demonstrate competency donning and working under mask. After the MRC Energy Co.'s representative is satisfied with initial blowout drill procedures, a drill will be conducted weekly with each crew, as necessary. The H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or designee will conduct safety talks and maintain the safety equipment, consult and carry out the instructions of the drilling supervisor. All personnel allowed in the well work area during drilling or testing operations will be instructed in the use of breathing equipment until supervisory personnel are satisfied that they are capable of using it.

After familiarization, each person must perform a drill with breathing equipment. The drill should include getting the breathing equipment, donning the breathing apparatus, and performing expected duties for a short period. A record shall be kept of all personnel drilled and the date of the drill. H<sub>2</sub>S training records will be kept on location for all personnel.

Rig crews and service company personnel shall be made aware of the location of spare air bottles, resuscitation equipment, portable fire extinguishers, H<sub>2</sub>S monitors and detectors. Knowledge of the location of the H<sub>2</sub>S monitors and detectors are vital in determining as our gas location and the severity of the emergency conditions.

After any device has initially detected H<sub>2</sub>S, all areas of poor ventilation shall be inspected periodically by means of a portable H<sub>2</sub>S detector instrument. The buddy system will be utilized. (When an alarm sounds, personnel will don an SCBA, shut the well in, and proceed to SBA for roll call. The H<sub>2</sub>S Technician or designee will mask up, with a buddy and will verify source of H<sub>2</sub>S and report back to the on-site MRC Foreman.)

### **D. PROCEDURES PROGRAM**

1. Drill Site
  - a. The drilling rig will be located to allow prevailing winds to blow across the reserve pit.
  - b. A Safe Briefing Area will be provided with a breathing air cascade trailer and or 30-minute SCBA's at the Primary Area. Personnel will assemble at the most up-wind station under alarm conditions, or when so ordered by the MRC Energy Co. representative, the Contractor representative, or

the Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician. Windssocks or streamers will be anchored to various strategic places on a pole about 10 feet high, so it is in easy view from the rig floor at all times.

- c. Warning signs will be posted on the perimeters. "No Smoking" signs will be posted by MRC Energy Co.as well.
- d. One multi-channel automatic H<sub>2</sub>S monitor will be provided by Total Safety and the detector heads will be at the shale shaker, bell nipple, mud pits, rig floor, and quarter's area. The monitor will be located inside HSE or Company man trailer. Should the alarm be shut off to silence the sirens, the blinker light must continue to warn of H<sub>2</sub>S presence. The Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or designee will continuously monitor the detectors and will reactivate the alarm if H<sub>2</sub>S concentrations increase to a dangerous level.
- e. A method of escape will be open at all times.
- f. If available, land line telephone service will be provided or cell phones provided. (Primary communications provided)
- g. A rig communication system will be provided, as needed.
- h. A gas trap, choke manifold, and degasser will be installed.
- i. A kill line, securely anchored and of ample strength, will be laid to the well-head from a safe location. This line is to be used only in an emergency.

#### General

- a. The MRC Energy Co. representative and/or the Contractor's Toolpusher will be available at all times. The drilling supervisor, while on duty, will have complete charge of the rig and location operations and will take whatever action is deemed necessary to insure personnel safety, to protect the well, and to prevent damage.
- b. A Mud Engineer will be on location at all times when drilling takes place at the depth H<sub>2</sub>S may be expected. The mud engineer will be able to verify the presence or absence of H<sub>2</sub>S.

### III. CONDITIONS AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

#### A. DEFINITION OF OPERATIONAL “CONDITIONS”

<b>CONDITION I</b>	<b>“POSSIBLE DANGER”</b>
Warning Flags	Green
Alarms	No Alarm. Less than 10 ppm
Characterized By:	Drilling operations in zones that may contain hydrogen sulfide. This condition remains in effect unless H <sub>2</sub> S is detected and it becomes necessary to go to Condition II.
General Action:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be alert for a condition change</li> <li>Check all safety equipment for availability and proper functioning.</li> <li>Perform all drills for familiarization and proficiency.</li> </ol>
<b>CONDITION II</b>	<b>“MODERATE DANGER”</b>
Warning Flags	Yellow
Alarms:	Actuates at 10 ppm. Continuous flashing light.
Characterized By:	Drilling operations in zones containing hydrogen sulfide. This condition will remain in effect until adding chemicals to the mud system neutralizes the hydrogen sulfide or it becomes necessary to go to Condition III.
General Action:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be alert for a condition change</li> <li> <p><b>WHEN DRILLING AHEAD -</b> Driller and designated crewmember will don 30 min SCBA, shut-in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.</p> <p><b>WHEN TRIPPING –</b> Driller and two designated crewmembers will don 30 min SCBA, shut in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area. The Derrickman will</p> </li> </ol>



don a 5-minute escape pack, descend to the rig floor, don a 30-min SCBA (if necessary) and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.

- c. All In Scope Personnel will proceed directly to the appropriate Safe Briefing Area.
- d. Remain in safe briefing area, take roll call and wait for instructions
- e. Contact the Total H2S Technician if not on location.
- f. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering an H<sub>2</sub>S contaminated area to provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases.
- g. All Out of Scope Personnel will report to the appropriate Safe Briefing Area.

**CONDITION III      “EXTREME DANGER”**  
Warning Flags                      Red

Alarms                                      Actuate at 15 ppm. Continuous Sirens and Flashing Lights

Characterized by:                      Critical well operations which pose an immediate threat of H<sub>2</sub>S exposure to on-site personnel and a potential threat to the public.

- General Action:
- a. **WHEN DRILLING AHEAD -**  
Driller and designated crewmember will don 30 min SCBA, shut-in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.
  - WHEN TRIPPING –** Driller and two designated crewmembers will don 30

min SCBA, shut in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area. The Derrickman will don a 5-minute escape pack, descend to the rig floor, don a 30-min SCBA (if necessary) and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.

- b. All In Scope Personnel should don SCBA if nearby and immediately proceed to Safe Briefing Area. If SCBA is not nearby at time of alarm, DO NOT GO TOWARDS RIG AREA, but proceed directly to the Safe Briefing Area
- c. All out of Scope Personnel shall evacuate the location.
- d. Remain in the Safe Briefing Area, take roll call and wait for instructions.
- e. Contact the Total H2S Technician if not on location.
- f. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering an H<sub>2</sub>S contaminated area to provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases. Use the buddy system.
- g. Remain in safe briefing area, take roll call and wait for instructions.
- h. A cascade breathing air system shall be mobilized and utilized to conduct any additional on rig work required to correct the H<sub>2</sub>S release condition.
- i. If well is ignited do not assume area is safe. SO<sub>2</sub> is hazardous and not all H<sub>2</sub>S will burn.

## **H<sub>2</sub>S EMERGENCY PROCEDURES; IN SCOPE PERSONNEL**

### **A. Day To Day Drilling Operations**

1. Upon discovering a release of H<sub>2</sub>S gas in the ambient air by warning alarms or in any other way **Do Not Panic**.
2. Hold your breath donning the nearest Self Contained Breathing Apparatus and rapidly move up or across-wind away from the areas where H<sub>2</sub>S sensing devices are in place, to the closest available safe briefing area. Continue to use breathing apparatus until it has been determined that the exposure of H<sub>2</sub>S gas in the ambient air no longer exists. **Do Not Panic!**
3. Utilize the “Buddy System”, i.e.; select and pair up each person participating in the drilling of an H<sub>2</sub>S well prior to an emergency situation.
4. Help anyone who is overcome or affected by the H<sub>2</sub>S gas by taking him/her up-wind out of the contaminated area. (This should be done utilizing an SCBA and with a buddy.)
5. Take necessary steps to confirm the release of the H<sub>2</sub>S gas into the ambient air.
  - When an H<sub>2</sub>S alarm activates, two designated personnel using the buddy system, while wearing their self contained breathing apparatus, will determine by the read-out on the fixed monitor which sensing device has detected the release of the H<sub>2</sub>S gas.
  - They will utilize the hand-held sniffer type device at the particular sensing point disclosed on the fixed monitor to corroborate the fact that H<sub>2</sub>S gas has actually been released. This will rule out the possibility of a false alarm. This will be done with a buddy and under mask after reporting to the Safe Briefing Area for roll call and instructions by on-site MRC Foreman.
6. Refer to the Emergency Phone Numbers and call emergency personnel.
7. Take the necessary steps to suppress the release of H<sub>2</sub>S gas into the ambient air. Comply with the MRC Energy Co. Representative to physically suppress the release of H<sub>2</sub>S gas at the actual release point.

8. Check all of MRC Energy Co.'s monitoring devices and increase gas-monitoring activities with the portable hand-operated H<sub>2</sub>S and gas detector units.

**Do Not Panic!**

The MRC Energy Co. representative will assess the situation and with assistance of the Contractor's Representative and Total Safety's H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or on site designee, will assign duties to each person to bring the situation under control.

**B. RESPONSIBILITIES OF WELL-SITE PERSONNEL**

In the event of a release of potentially hazardous amounts of H<sub>2</sub>S, all personnel will immediately don their protective breathing apparatus, the well will be shut in and personnel will proceed upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing area for roll call and instructions by MRC Foreman. Consideration will be given to evacuating Out of Scope Personnel, as situation warrants.

**1. MRC ENERGY CO.'S Well-site Representatives**

- a. If MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative is incapacitated or not on location, this responsibility will fall to the Toolpusher/Driller.
- b. Immediately upon assessing the situation, set this plan into Action by initiating the proper procedures to contain the gas and notify the appropriate people and agencies.
- c. Ensure that the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S Monitor is checked and verified with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S detector. (Safety Technician if on location or MRC assigned designee with a buddy utilizing SCBA's)
- d. Consult Pusher/driller of remedial actions as needed.
- e. Ensure that non-essential personnel proceed to the safe briefing area.
- f. Ensure location entrance barricades are positioned. Keep the number of persons on location to a minimum during hazardous operations.

- g. Consult each contractor, Service Company and all others allowed to enter the site, that H<sub>2</sub>S gas may be encountered and the potential hazards that may exist.
- h. Authorize the evacuation of local residents if H<sub>2</sub>S threatens Their safety.
- i. Non essential personnel should be evacuated from location if Situation warrants.

## **2. Toolpusher**

- a. Toolpusher/Driller will assume responsibilities of MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative if that person is incapacitated or not on location.
- b. Ensure that the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S monitor is checked and verified with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S gas detector. (Alarm area indicated by the monitor will be Checked by the H<sub>2</sub>S Technician and a buddy, under mask.) This will be done after checking in and roll call at the Upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- c. Confer with MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative or superintendent and direct remedial action to suppress the H<sub>2</sub>S and control the well.
- d. Ensure that personnel at the safe briefing area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- e. Ensure that personnel at the drill floor area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- f. Ensure that all personnel observe the appropriate safety and emergency procedures.
- g. Ensure that all persons are accounted for and provided emergency assistance as necessary.

**3. Mud Engineer**

- a. Run a sulfide check on the flowline mud.
- b. Take steps to determine the source of the H<sub>2</sub>S and suppress it. Lime and H<sub>2</sub>S scavenger shall be added to the mud as necessary.

**4. Total H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician, if on location, or MRC Designee**

- a. H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or designee don nearest SCBA and report to Safe Briefing Area for roll call, take a buddy masked up and check monitor and verify with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S detector the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S monitor. Advise the Toolpusher/Driller and MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative of findings. Record all findings.
- b. If H<sub>2</sub>S is flared, check for sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) near the flare as necessary. Take hourly readings at different perimeters, log readings and record on location.
- c. Ensure that personnel at the safe briefing area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- d. Ensure that the appropriate warning flags are displayed.
- e. Ensure that all personnel are in S.C.B.A. as necessary.
- f. Ensure that all persons are accounted for and provide emergency assistance as necessary.
- g. Be prepared to evacuate rig if order is issued.

**5. General Personnel & Visitors**

- a. All In Scope Personnel, if not specifically designated to shut the well in or control the well, shall proceed to the (upwind) safe briefing area. All Out of Scope Personnel shall immediately proceed to the appropriate (upwind) safe briefing area or evacuate the site as conditions warrant.

- b. During any emergency, use the “buddy” system to prevent anyone from entering or being left in a gas area alone, even wearing breathing apparatus.
- c. Provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering a potentially H<sub>2</sub>S contaminated area.
- d. Remain in safe briefing area and wait for instructions.

### **C. INSTRUCTIONS FOR IGNITING THE WELL**

1. The Toolpusher/Driller will confer with MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative who will secure the approval of the “Texas Wells Delivery Manager, prior to igniting the well, if at all possible.

The Toolpusher/Driller will be responsible for igniting the well in the event of severe well control problems. This decision should be made only as a last resort in situations where it is clear that:

- a. Human life and property are endangered, or
  - b. There is no hope of controlling the well under current conditions.
2. Once the decision has been made, the following procedures should be followed:
    - a. Two people wearing self-contained breathing apparatus will be needed for the actual lighting of the well. They must first establish the flammable perimeter by using an explosimeter. This should be established at 30% to 40% of the lower flammable limits.
    - b. After the flammable perimeter has been established and everyone removed from the area, the ignition team should select a site upwind of the well from which to ignite the well. This site should offer the maximum protection and have a clear path for retreat from the area.

- c. The ignition team should have safety belts and lifeline attached and manned before attempting ignition. If the leak is not ignited on the first attempt, move in 20 to 30 feet and fire again. Continue to monitor with the explosimeter and NEVER fire from an area with over 75% of the Lower Explosive Limit (LEL). If having trouble igniting the well, try firing 40 degrees to 90 degrees on either side of the well.
- d. If ignition is not possible due to the makeup of the gas, the toxic perimeter must be established and evacuation continued until the well is contained.
- e. All personnel must act only as directed by the person in charge of the operations.

NOTE: After the well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) will convert to sulfur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ), which is also a highly toxic gas.

**DO NOT ASSUME THE AREA IS SAFE AFTER THE WELL IS IGNITED**

#### **D. CORING PROCEDURES**

Only essential personnel shall be on the rig floor. Ten (10) stands prior to retrieving core barrel; all personnel on drill floor and in derrick shall confirm self-Contained breathing apparatus available and ready for use.

A Total H<sub>2</sub>S Technician will don a SCBA with a buddy assigned from the rig crew, and continuously monitor for H<sub>2</sub>S at each connection. Any levels detected will require operations to be shut down and all involved personnel to don SCBAs. Precautions will remain in place until barrel is laid down.

All involved personnel will don SCBAs when removing the inner barrel from the outer barrel. SCBAs can be removed once the absence of H<sub>2</sub>S is confirmed by the Total H<sub>2</sub>S Technician.

Cores will be appropriately marked and sealed for transportation.



## **Normal Operations**

### **1. Responsibilities of well-site personnel**

#### **a. Well-site Representative**

1. Notify H<sub>2</sub>S Technician of expected date to reach Contingency Plan implementation depth (Two (2) days prior to reaching suspected H<sub>2</sub>S bearing zone) or prior to starting well work.
2. Ensure H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician completes rig-up procedures prior to reaching Contingency Plan effective depth.
3. Restrict the number of personnel at the drilling rig or well site to a minimum while drilling, starting well work, testing or coring.
4. Ensure weekly H<sub>2</sub>S drills/training are performed, if possible.

#### **B. Toolpusher**

1. Ensure that necessary H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment is provided on the rig, and that it is properly inspected and maintained.
2. Ensure that all personnel that work in the well area, are thoroughly trained in the use of H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment and periodic drills are held to maintain an adequate level of proficiency.

#### **C. In Scope Personnel**

1. Remain clean-shaven. Beards and long sideburns do not allow a proper facepiece seal.
2. Receive H<sub>2</sub>S safety training on location, or confirm prior training by certification that is one year within date.
3. Familiarize yourself with the rig's Contingency Plan.
4. Inspect and practice putting on your breathing apparatus.

5. Know the location of the “safe briefing areas”.
6. Keep yourself “wind conscious”. Be prepared to quickly move upwind and away in the event of any emergency involving release of H<sub>2</sub>S.

**D. Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or MRC Designee**

1. Conduct training as necessary to ensure all personnel working in well area are familiar with the contingency procedures and the operation of emergency equipment.
2. Check all H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment to ensure that it is ready for emergency use:
  - Check pressure weekly for each shift on breathing apparatus (both 30-minute and hip-packs) to make sure they are charged to full volume.
  - Check pressure on cascade air bottles, if on location, to see that they are capable of recharging breathing apparatus.
  - Check oxygen resuscitator, if on location, to ensure that it is charged to full volume.
  - Check H<sub>2</sub>S detectors weekly for each shift (fixed and portable), and explosimeter, to ensure they are working properly.
3. Provide a weekly report to MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative documenting:
  - Calibrations performed on H<sub>2</sub>S detectors.
  - Proper location and working order of H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment.
  - Attendance of all personnel, trained or retrained, and their company.
  - Weekly drills, if held and a list of personnel participating and summary of actions.

**OUT OF SCOPE PERSONNEL**

MRC Energy Co. policy will not require Out of Scope Personnel to be clean shaven, have processed medical questionnaires, fit testing, or have certified H2S Training.

## **SAFETY EQUIPMENT**

**All respirators will be designed, selected, used and maintained in conformance with ANSI Z88.2, American National Standard for respiratory protection.**

Personal protective equipment must be provided and used. Those who are expected to use respiratory equipment in case of an emergency will be carefully instructed in the proper use and told why the equipment is being used. Careful attention will be given to the minute details in order to avoid possible misuse of the equipment during periods of extreme stress.

Self-contained breathing apparatus provides complete respiratory and eye protection in any concentration of toxic gases and under any condition of oxygen deficiency. The wearer is independent of the surrounding atmosphere because he/she is breathing with a system admitting no outside air. It consists of a full face mask, breathing tube, pressure demand regulator, air supply cylinder, and harness. Pure breathing air from the supply cylinder flows to the mask automatically through the pressure demand regulator which reduces the pressure to a breathing level. Upon inhalation, air flows into the mask at a rate precisely regulated to the user's demand. Upon exhalation, the flow to the mask stops and the exhaled breath passes through a valve in the face piece to the surrounding atmosphere. The apparatus includes an alarm & gauge which warns the wearer to leave the contaminated area for a new cylinder of air or cylinder refill.

The derrickman is provided with a full face piece unit attached to a 5– minute escape cylinder. He will also have his own self-contained 30-minute unit breathing apparatus located on the drilling floor. He will use the 5-minute unit to exit the derrick to the floor, donning the 30-minute unit located on the floor, if needed.

All respiratory protective equipment, when not in use, should be stored in a clean, cool, dry place, and out of direct sunlight to retard the deterioration of rubber parts. After each use, the mask assembly will be scrubbed with soap and water, rinsed thoroughly, and dried. Air cylinders can be recharged to a full condition from a cascade system.

Personnel in each crew will be trained in the proper techniques of bottle filling.

The primary piece of equipment to be utilized, should anyone be overcome by hydrogen sulfide, is the oxygen resuscitator, if on location.

When asphyxiation occurs, the victim must be moved to fresh air and immediately given artificial respiration. In order to assure readiness, the bottles of oxygen will be checked at regular intervals and an extra tank kept on hand.

Hand-operated pump-type detectors incorporating detector tubes will give more accurate readings of hydrogen sulfide. The pump-type draws air to be tested through the detector tube containing lead acetate-silica gel granules. Presence of hydrogen sulfide in the air sample is shown by the development of a dark brown stain on the granules, which is the

scale reading of the concentration of hydrogen sulfide. By changing the type of detector tube used, this detector may also be used for sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) detection when hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) is being burned in the flare area.

Provisions must be made for the storage of all safety equipment as is evident from the foregoing discussion. All equipment must be stored in an available location so that anyone engaged in normal work situations is no more than "one breath away" from a mask.

**V – TOXICITY OF VARIOUS GASES**

<b>Lethal Common Name ppm<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>Chemical Formula</b>	<b>Specific Gravity<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>PEL (OSHA)<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>STEL<sup>3</sup></b>
Hydrogen Cyanide 300	HCN	0.94	10	150
Hydrogen Sulfide 600	H <sub>2</sub> S	1.18	20	Peak- 50ppm
Note: The ACGIH(7) recommends a TWA(6) value of 10ppm as the TLV(5) for H <sub>2</sub> S and an STEL of 15ppm.				
Sulfur Dioxide 1000	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.21	2	5 ppm
Chlorine	CL <sub>2</sub>	2.45	1	
Carbon Monoxide 1000	CO	0.97	35	200/1 Hour
Carbon Dioxide 10%	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.52	5000	5%
Methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	0.55	90000	

<sup>1</sup> **Air = 1.0**

<sup>2</sup> **Permissible** - Concentration at which is believed that all workers may repeatedly be exposed, day after day, without adverse effect.

<sup>3</sup> **STEL** - Short Term Exposure Limit. A 15-minute time weighted average.

<sup>4</sup> **Lethal** - Concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

**TLV** – Threshold Limit Value; a concentration recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

**TWA** – Time Weighted Average; the average concentration of contaminant one can be exposed to over a given eight-hour period.

**ACGIH** – (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) is an organization comprised of Occupational Health Professionals believed by many to be the top experts in the field of Industrial Hygiene. They are recognized as an expert resource by OSHA. The ACGIH releases a bi-annual publication “Threshold Limit Values and Biological Indices” that many safety professionals consider to be the authoritative document on airborne contaminants.

Reference: API RP-49, September 1974 - Reissued August 1978

## VI. PROPERTIES OF GASES

### A. CARBON DIOXIDE

1. Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) is usually considered inert and is commonly used to extinguish fires. It is 1.52 times heavier than air and will concentrate in low areas of still air. Humans cannot breathe air containing more than 10% CO<sub>2</sub> without losing conscience or becoming disorientation in a few minutes. Continued exposure to CO<sub>2</sub> after being affected will cause convulsions, coma, and respiratory failure.

2. The threshold limit of CO<sub>2</sub> is 5000 ppm. Short-term exposure to 50,000 ppm (5%) is reasonable. This gas is colorless, odorless, and can be tolerated in relatively high concentrations.

### B. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) is a colorless, transparent, flammable gas. It is heavier than air and, hence, may accumulate in low places.

2. Although the slightest presence of H<sub>2</sub>S in the air is normally detectable by its characteristic "rotten egg" odor, it is dangerous to rely on the odor as a means of detecting excessive concentrations because the sense of smell is rapidly lost, allowing lethal concentrations to be accumulated without warning. The following table indicates the poisonous nature of H<sub>2</sub>S.

CONCENTRATION			EFFECTS
% H <sub>2</sub> S	PPM	GR/100 SCF <sup>1</sup>	
0.001	10	.65	Safe for 8 hours without respirator. Obvious and unpleasant odor.
0.0015	15	0.975	Safe for 15 minutes of exposure without respirator.
0.01	100	6.48	Kills smell in 3-15 minutes; may sting eyes and throat.
0.02	200	12.96	Kills smell quickly; stings eyes and throat.
0.05	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; need prompt artificial respiration.
0.07	700	45.92	Rapid Unconsciousness; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.1	1000	64.80	Instant unconsciousness, followed by death within minutes.

<sup>1</sup> Grains per 100 Cubic Feet

## VII. Treatment Procedures for Hydrogen Sulfide Poisoning

- A. Remove the victim to fresh air.
- B. If breathing has ceased or is labored, begin resuscitation immediately.  
Note: This is the quickest and preferred method of clearing victim's lungs of contaminated air; however, under disaster conditions, it may not be practical to move the victim to fresh air. In such instances, where those rendering first aid must continue to wear masks, a resuscitator should be used.
- C. Apply resuscitator to help purge H<sub>2</sub>S from the blood stream.
- D. Keep the victim at rest and prevent chilling.
- E. Get victim under physician's care as soon as possible.

### C. SULPHUR DIOXIDE

1. Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) is a colorless, non-flammable, transparent gas.
2. SO<sub>2</sub> is produced during the burning of H<sub>2</sub>S. Although SO<sub>2</sub> is heavier than air, it can be picked up by a breeze and carried downwind at elevated temperatures. Since SO<sub>2</sub> is extremely irritating to the eyes and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, it has exceptionally good warning powers in this respect. The following table indicates the toxic nature of SO<sub>2</sub>:

CONCENTRATION		EFFECTS
% SO <sub>2</sub>	PPM	
0.0005	3 to 5	Pungent odor, normally a person can detect SO <sub>2</sub> in this range.
0.0012	12	Throat irritation, coughing, constriction of the chest, tearing and smarting of eyes.
0.015	150	So irritating that it can only be endured for a few minutes.
.05	500	Causes a sense of suffocation, event with the first breath.



## **VIII. BREATHING AIR EQUIPMENT DRILLS FOR ON & OFF DUTY PERSONNEL**

**An H<sub>2</sub>S Drill and Training Session must be given once a week to ALL on-duty personnel with off duty personnel. On-duty and Off-duty personnel will reverse roles on alternate drills.**

**An H<sub>2</sub>S drill and training session must be given once a week to all off-duty personnel in coincidence with on-duty personnel reversing roles on alternate drills.**

The purpose of this drill is to instruct the crews in the operation and use of breathing air and H<sub>2</sub>S related emergency equipment and to allow the personnel to become acquainted with using the equipment under working conditions. The crews should be trained to put on the breathing air equipment within one minute when required or requested to do so.

The following procedure should be used for weekly drills. The MRC supervisor must be satisfied that the crews are proficient with the equipment.

1. All personnel should be informed that a drill will be held.
2. The Total H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or a designee assigned by the MRC Drilling Foreman should initiate the drill by signaling as he/she would if H<sub>2</sub>S was detected.
3. Personnel should don their breathing apparatus.
4. Once the breathing air equipment is on, the H<sub>2</sub>S Technician should check all personnel to insure proper operation.

A training and information session will be conducted after each drill to answer any H<sub>2</sub>S related questions and to cover any gaps identified from one of the following topics:

- Condition II, and III alerts and steps to be taken by all personnel.
- The importance of wind direction when dealing with H<sub>2</sub>S.
- Proper use and storage of all types of breathing equipment.
- Proper use and storage of oxygen resuscitators.
- Proper use and storage of H<sub>2</sub>S detectors (Mini Checks or equivalent).
- The "buddy system" and the procedure for rescuing a person overcome by H<sub>2</sub>S.
- Responsibilities and duties.
- Location of H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment.
- Other parts of the "H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan" that should be reviewed.

NOTE: A record of attendance must be kept for weekly drills and training sessions.

## **IX. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING CURRICULUM**

(FOR EMPLOYERS, VISITORS, AND CONTRACTORS)

EACH PERSON WILL BE INFORMED ON THE RESTRICTIONS OF HAVING BEARDS AND CONTACT LENS. THEY WILL ALSO BE INFORMED OF THE AVAILABILITY OF SPECTACLE KITS.

AFTER THE H<sub>2</sub>S EQUIPMENT IS RIGGED UP, ALL IN SCOPE PERSONNEL WILL BE H<sub>2</sub>S TRAINED AND PUT THROUGH A DRILL. ANY DEFICIENCIES WILL BE CORRECTED.

**Training Completion cards are good for one year and will indicate date of completion or expiration. Personnel previously trained on another facility and visiting, must attend a "supplemental briefing" on H<sub>2</sub>S equipment and procedures before beginning duty. Visitors who remain on the location more than 24 hours must receive full H<sub>2</sub>S training given all crew members. A "supplemental briefing" will include but not be limited to: Location of respirators, familiarization with safe briefing areas, alarms with instruction on responsibilities in the event of a release and hazards of H<sub>2</sub>S and (SO<sub>2</sub>, if applicable). A training and drill log will be kept.**

Topics for full H<sub>2</sub>S training shall include the following equipment if on location, but not be limited to the following:

1. **Brief Introduction on H<sub>2</sub>S**
  - A. Slide or Computer presentation (If Available)
  - B. H<sub>2</sub>S material will be distributed
  - C. Re-emphasize the properties, toxicity, and hazards of H<sub>2</sub>S
  - D. Source of SO<sub>2</sub> (if applicable)
2. **H<sub>2</sub>S Detection**
  - A. Description of H<sub>2</sub>S sensors
  - B. Description of warning system (how it works & it's location)
  - C. Actual location of H<sub>2</sub>S sensors
  - D. Instruction on use of pump type detector (Gastec)
  - E. Use of card detectors, ampoules, or dosimeters
  - F. Use of combustible gas detector
  - G. Other personnel detectors used
  - H. Alarm conditions I & II,
  - I. SO<sub>2</sub> alarms (if applicable)

3. **H2S Protection**
  - A. Types of breathing apparatus provided (30-minute SCBA & 5-minute SCBA (with voice diaphragms for communication if supplied)
  - B. Principle of how breathing apparatus works
  - C. Demonstration on how to use breathing apparatus
  - D. Location of breathing apparatus
4. **Cascade System**
  - A. Description of cascade system
  - B. How system works
  - C. Cascade location of rig with reference to briefing areas
  - D. How to use cascade system (with 5-minute hose work line units & refill, if supplied)
  - E. Importance of wind direction and actual location of Windsocks
  - F. Purpose of compressor/ function (if one is on site)
5. **H2S Rescue and First Aid**
  - A. Importance of wind direction
  - B. Safe briefing area
  - C. Buddy system
  - D. H2S symptoms
  - E. Methods of rescue
6. **Hands on Training**
  - A. Donning/ familiarization of SCBA 30-minute unit
  - B. Donning/ familiarization of SKADA 5- MIN. Packs
  - C. Familiarization of cascades
  - D. Use of O2 resuscitator
  - E. Alarm conditions - upwind briefing areas, etc...
  - F. Duties and responsibilities of all personnel
  - G. Procedures for evacuation
  - H. Search and Rescue teams
7. **Certification**
  - A. Testing on material covered

## TOTAL SAFETY US INC., FIT TEST

### X. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Employee Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Employee Medical Evaluation: \_\_\_\_\_

Medical Status (circle):      Unrestricted      Limitations on Use      Use Not  
Authorized

### RESPIRATOR INFORMATION

Respirator Type (Dustmask, SCBA, etc): \_\_\_\_\_

Brand: \_\_\_\_\_

Size: (circle):      XS      S      M      L      XL

### FIT TEST INFORMATION

Type of Fit Test Performed:

**Quantitative**

Porta Count  
Fittester 3000

Fit Factor: \_\_\_\_\_

Fit Factor: \_\_\_\_\_

**Qualitative**

Irritant Smoke  
Isoamyl Acetate (Banana Oil)  
Saccharin  
Bitrex

Passed / Failed

Passed / Failed

Passed / Failed

Passed / Failed

I hereby certify that this fittest was conducted in accordance with the OSHA Fit Testing Protocols found in Appendix A of 1910.134.

Fit Tester Name (Print): \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## **XI. H<sub>2</sub>S SAFETY SERVICES**

HYDROGEN SULFIDE SAFETY PACKAGE – Contained on location in Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Equipment Trailer, unless otherwise noted:

### **RESPIRATORY SAFETY SYSTEMS**

#### **QTY DESCRIPTION**

- 12 30-Minute Pressure Demand SCBA  
(4-Primary Safe Briefing Area, 4-Secondary Safe Briefing Area, 4-floor with one of these for derrick man)
- 9 Hose Line 5-minute Work Unit w/Escapes Cylinder (1 in derrick, 6 on drill floor, 1 in mud pit wt area, 1 in shaker area)

The following shall be part of the package if requested by the MRC Foremen (at least one trailer with cascade system is required to be located in the MRC Magnolia asset for use as needed)

- 1 Breathing air cascade of 10 bottles w/regulator
- 2 Refill lines to refill 30-minute units on location
- 1 6-Man manifold that can be rigged up to work area on floor, if needed
- 6 25 foot hose lines
- 2 50 foot hose lines
- 100 Feet of hose line to rig cascade up to 12 man manifold on floor
- 12 30-minute Self Contained Breathing apparatus

### **DETECTION AND ALARM SAFETY SYSTEM**

- 1 H<sub>2</sub>S Fixed Monitor w/8Channels (Loc determined at rig up) suggested.  
(Mud pit area, shaker area, bell nipple area, floor/driller area, & outside quarters)
- 5 H<sub>2</sub>S Sensors
- 3 Explosion Proof Alarms (Light and Siren)  
(1 on floor, 1 in work area, 1 in trailer area where quarters are located)
- 2 Personal H<sub>2</sub>S monitors
- 1 Portable Tri-Gas Hand Held Meter (O<sub>2</sub>, LEL, H<sub>2</sub>S)
- 1 Sensidyne/Gastech Manual Pump Type Detector
- 8 Boxes H<sub>2</sub>S Tubes Various Ranges
- 2 Boxes SO<sub>2</sub> Tubes Various Ranges
- 1 Calibration Gas
- 1 Set Paper Work for Records: Training, Cal, Inspection, other

**ADDITIONAL SAFETY RELATED EQUIPMENT**

**QTY DESCRIPTION**

2	Windssocks with Pole and Bracket
1	Set Well Condition Sign w/Green, Yellow, Red Flags
1	Primary Safe Briefing Area Sign
1	Secondary Safe Briefing Area Sign
6	Operating Condition Signs for Work Areas & Living Quarters

**TRAILER WITH BREATHING AIR CASCADE WILL  
ALSO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:**

This equipment will be part of the H2S equipment stored in the trailer, when on location

1	First aid kit
1	Fire Blanket
1	Eye wash station
2	Safety Harness w/150' safety line

## **XII. EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (Updated March 18, 2009)**

### **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

MRC Energy Co. Emergency Phone #

MRC Energy Co. Permian Operations Phone-----

**MRC Energy Co. Production**

113 Daw Rd

Mansfield LA 71052

<b>Title</b>	<b>Names</b>	<b>Phone</b>	<b>Cell</b>
Operations Manager			
Operation Supt.			
Operations Supervisor			
Operations Supervisor			
Office Supervisor			
HSE			
Scheduler Planner			

### **Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Consultants**

Total Safety W. Bender Blvd. Hobbs, NM	575-392-2973	After Hours 24 Hour Call Center Through Office Number
Tommy Throckmorton Operations Manager	575-392-2973	940-268-9614
Rodney Jourdan Sales Contact	575-392-2973	432-349-3928

**MRC Energy Co. MEDICAL RESPONSE PLAN AND IT'S MEDICAL PROTOCOLS WILL BE FOLLOWED**

**MEDICAL COORDINATOR # -----**

[Emergency Numbers & Directions](#)

**Hospitals (911)**

<b>Artesia General Hospital 702 N. 13<sup>th</sup> St. Artesia, NM 88210</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>575-748-3333</b>
<b>Nor-Lea General Hospital 1600 N. Main Ave. Lovington, NM 88260</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>575-396-6611</b>
<b>Lea Regional Medical Center 5419 N. Lovington Hwy Hobbs, NM 88240</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>575-492-5260</b>
<b>Carlsbad General Hospital 2430 W. Pierce St. Carlsbad, NM</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>575-887-4100</b>
<b>Lovelace Regional Hospital 117 E. 19<sup>th</sup> St Roswell, NM 88201</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>575-627-7000</b>
<b>Winkler Co. Memorial Hospital 821 Jeffee Dr. Kermit, Texas 79745</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>432-586-8299</b>
<b>Reeves County Hospital 2323 Texas St. Pecos, Texas 79772</b>	<b>Main Phone Number</b>	<b>432-447-3551</b>



**State Police (911)**

<b>Texas DPS Loving co. 225 N.Pecos Mentone, Texas 79754</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-377-2411</b>
<b>Texas DPS Winkler Co. 100 E Winkler Kermit, Texas 79745</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-586-3465</b>
<b>Texas DPS Pecos Co. 148 N I-20 Frontage RD Pecos, Texas 79772</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-447-3532</b>
<b>New Mexico State Police 3300 W. Main St Artesia, NM</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>575-748-9718</b>
<b>New Mexico State Police 304 N. Canyon St Carlsbad, NM 88220</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>575-885-3137</b>
<b>New Mexico State Police 5100 Jack Gomez Blvd. Hobbs, NM 88240</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>575-392-5588</b>

**Local Law Enforcement (911) (Sheriff)**

<b>Reeves Co. Sheriff 500 N. Oak ST Pecos, Texas 79722</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-445-4901</b>
<b>Winkler Co. Sheriff 1300 Bellaire St. Kermit, Texas 79745</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-586-3461</b>
<b>Loving Co. Sheriff Courthouse Mentone, Texas</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>432-377-2411</b>
<b>Lea Co. Sheriff 1417 S. Commercial St. Lovington, NM 88260</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	
<b>Eddy Co. Sheriff 305 N 7th St. Artesia, NM 88210</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>575-766-9888</b>
<b>Eddy Co. Sheriff 305 N 7th St. Carlsbad, NM 88220</b>	<b>Office Number</b>	<b>575-746-9888</b>

## Federal &amp; State Agencies

<b>OSHA Lubbock Area Office 1205 Texas Av. Room 806 Lubbock, Texas 79401</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>806-472-7681 EXT 7685</b>
<b>New Mexico Environment Department 400 N Pennsylvania Roswell, NM 88201</b>	<b>Joe Fresquez</b>	<b>575-623-3935</b>
<b>Texas Railroad Commission Midland, Texas</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>844-773-0305</b>
<b>BLM Carlsbad, NM Field Office 620 E. Green ST Carlsbad, NM 88220</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>575-234-5972</b>
<b>BLM Hobbs Field Station 414 W. Taylor Rd. Hobbs, NM 88240</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>575-393-3612</b>
<b>BLM Roswell District Office 2909 W. Second St. Roswell, NM 88201</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>575-627-0272</b>
<b>TECQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>800-832-8224</b>
<b>New Mexico OCD</b>		
<b>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6 Texas/New Mexico</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>214-655-2222</b>
<b>National Response Center Toxic Chemicals &amp; Oil Spills</b>	<b>Main Number</b>	<b>800-424-8802</b>

**Rig Company**


### **XIII. EVACUATION OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC**

The procedure to be used in alerting nearby persons in the event of any occurrence that could pose a threat to life or property will be arranged and completed with public officials in detail, prior to drilling into the hydrogen sulfide formations.

In the event of an actual emergency, the following steps will be immediately taken:

1. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to immediately warn each resident and transients down-wind within radius of exposure from the well site. Then warn all residence in the radius of exposure. Additional evacuation zones may be necessary as the situation warrants.
2. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will immediately notify proper authorities, including the Sheriff's Office, Highway Patrol, and any other public officials as described above and will enlist their assistance in warning residents and transients in the calculated radius of exposure.
3. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to divert traffic in the vicinity away from the potentially dangerous area. A guard to the entrance of the well site will be posted to monitor essential and non essential traffic.
4. General:
  - A. The area included within the radius of exposure is considered to be the zone of maximum potential hazard from a hydrogen sulfide gas escape. Immediate evacuation of public areas, in accordance with the provisions of this contingency plan, is imperative. When it is determined that conditions exist which create an additional area (beyond the initial zone of maximum potential hazard) vulnerable to possible hazard, public areas in the additional hazardous area will be evacuated in accordance with the contingency plan.
  - B. In the event of a disaster, after the public areas have been evacuated and traffic stopped, it is expected that local civil authorities will have arrived and within a few hours will have assumed direction of and control of the public, including all public areas. MRC Energy Co. will cooperate with these authorities to the fullest extent and will exert every effort by careful advice to such authorities to prevent panic or rumors.
  - C. MRC Energy Co. will dispatch appropriate management personnel at the disaster site as soon as possible. The company's personnel

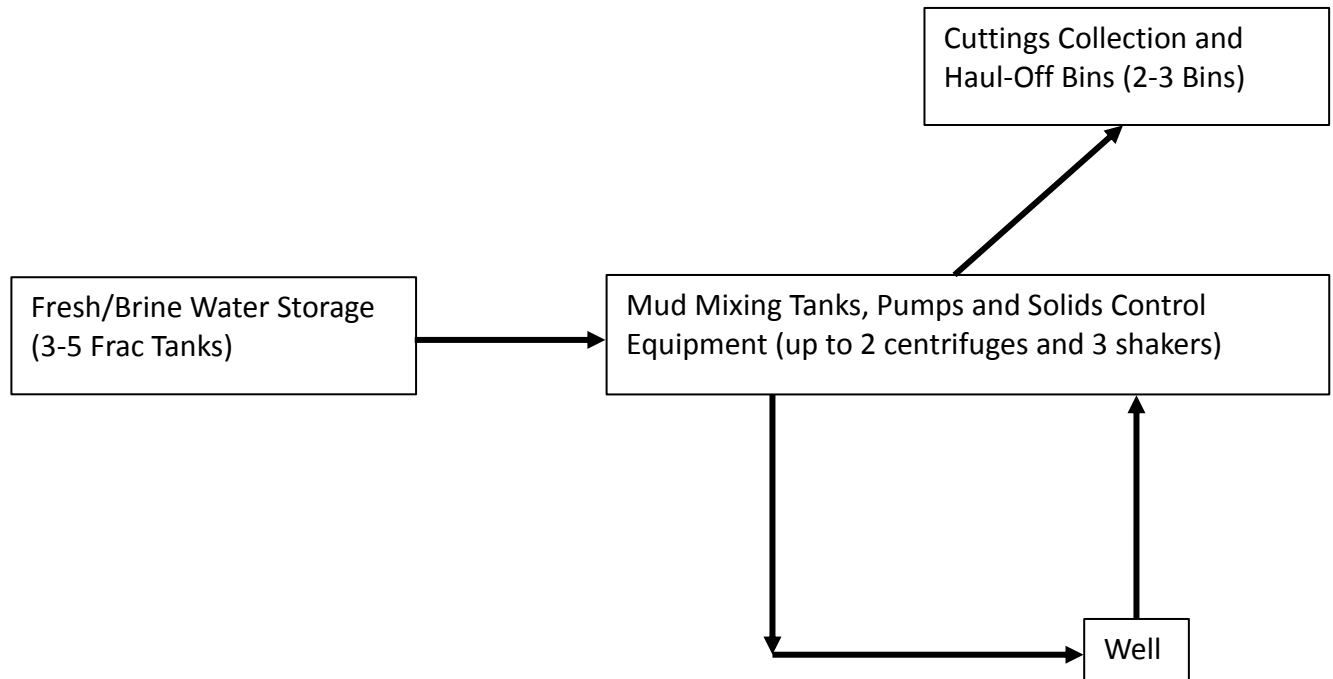
will cooperate with and provide such information to civil authorities as they might require.

- D. One of the products of the combustion of hydrogen sulfide is sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). Under certain conditions this gas may be equally as dangerous as H<sub>2</sub>S. A pump type detector device, which determines the percent of SO<sub>2</sub> in air through concentrations in ppm, will be available. Although normal air movement is sufficient to dissipate this material to safe levels, the SO<sub>2</sub> detector should be utilized to check concentrations in the proximity of the well once every hour, or as necessary and the situation warrants. Also, if any low areas are suspected of having high concentrations, personnel should be made aware of these areas, and steps should be taken to determine whether or not these low areas are hazardous.

Exhibit E-6: H2S Contingency Plan Emergency Contacts  
Matador Resources Company

Company Office			
Matador Resources Company		(972)-371-5200	
Key Personnel			
Name	Title	Office	Mobile
Billy Goodwin	Vice President Drilling	972-371-5210	817-522-2928
Gary Martin	Drilling Superintendent		601-669-1774
Dee Smith	Drilling Superintendent	972-371-5447	972-822-1010
Blake Hermes	Drilling Engineer	972-371-5485	713-876-8558
	Construction Superintendent		
	Construction Superintendent		
Artesia			
Ambulance		911	
State Police		575-746-2703	
City Police		575-746-2703	
Sheriff's Office		575-746-9888	
Fire Department		575-746-2701	
Local Emergency Planning Committee		575-746-2122	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division		575-748-1283	
Carlsbad			
Ambulance		911	
State Police		575-885-3137	
City Police		575-885-2111	
Sheriff's Office		575-887-7551	
Fire Department		575-887-3798	
Local Emergency Planning Committee		575-887-6544	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division		575-887-6544	
Santa Fe			
New Mexico Emergency Response Comission (Santa Fe)		505-476-9600	
New Mexico Emergency Response Comission (Santa Fe) 24 hrs		505-827-9126	
New Mexico State Emergency Operations Center		505-476-9635	
National			
National Emegcy Response Center (Washington, D.C.)		800-424-8802	
Medical			
Flight for Life- 4000 24th St.; Lubbock, TX		806-743-9911	
Aerocare- R3, Box 49F; Lubbock, TX		806-747-8923	
Med Flight Air Amb- 2301 Yale Blvd S.E., D3; Albuquerque, NM		505-842-4433	
SB Air Med Service- 2505 Clark Carr Loop S.E.; Albuquerque, NM		505-842-4949	
Other			
Boots & Coots IWC		800-256-9688	or 281-931-8884
Cudd Pressure Control		432-699-0139	or 432-563-3356
Haliburton		575-746-2757	
B.J. Services		575-746-3569	

## Closed-Loop System



### Operating and Maintenance Plan:

During drilling operations, third party service companies will utilize solids control equipment to remove cuttings from the drilling fluids and collect it in haul-off bins. Equipment will be closely monitored at all times while drilling by the derrick man and the service company employees.

### Closure Plan:

During drilling operations, third party service companies will haul off drill solids and fluids to an approved disposal facility. At the end of the well, all closed loop equipment will be removed from the location.

**Voni Fed Com #133H**  
**SHL: 320' FNL & 1976' FEL Section 21**  
**BHL: 100' FSL & 1980' FEL Section 33**  
**Township/Range: 26S 31E**  
**Elevation Above Sea Level: 3193**

### **Drilling Operation Plan**

Proposed Drilling Depth: 23600' MD / 11150' TVD

Type of well: Horizontal well, no pilot hole

Permitted Well Type: Oil

Geologic Name of Surface Formation: Quaternary Deposits

KOP Lat/Long (NAD83): 32.0353261603 N / -103.7812264096 W

TD Lat/Long (NAD83): 32.0004550455 N / -103.7809437285 W

### **1. Estimated Tops**

Formation	MD (ft)	TVD (ft)	Thickness (ft)	Lithology	Resource
Rustler	855	855	707	Anhydrite	Barren
Salado (Top of Salt)	1,562	1,562	1,829	Salt	Barren
Castile	3,391	3,391	624	Salt	Barren
Lamar (Base of Salt)	4,015	4,015	28	Salt	Barren
Bell Canyon	4,043	4,043	1,103	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Cherry Canyon	5,146	5,146	1,143	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Brushy Canyon	6,289	6,289	1,640	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Bone Spring Lime	7,929	7,929	986	Limestone	Oil/Natural Gas
1st Bone Spring Sand	8,915	8,915	438	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
2nd Bone Spring Carbonate	9,353	9,353	177	Carbonate	Oil/Natural Gas
2nd Bone Spring Sand	9,530	9,530	591	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
3rd Bone Spring Carbonate	10,121	10,121	456	Carbonate	Oil/Natural Gas
<b>KOP</b>	<b>10,587</b>	<b>10,577</b>		<b>Carbonate</b>	<b>Oil/Natural Gas</b>
3rd Bone Spring Sand	10,823	10,806		Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
<b>TD</b>	<b>23,600</b>	<b>11,150</b>		<b>Sandstone</b>	<b>Oil/Natural Gas</b>

### **2. Notable Zones**

3rd Bone Spring is the goal. All perforations will be within the setback requirements as prescribed or permitted by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. OSE estimated ground water depth at this location is 230'.

### **3. Pressure Control**

#### Equipment

A 12,000' 5000-psi BOP stack consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram, and one annular preventer will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams.

An accumulator complying with Onshore Order #2 requirements for the pressure rating of the BOP stack will be present. A rotating head will also be installed as needed.

#### Testing Procedure

BOP will be inspected and operated as required in Onshore Order #2. Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position.

A third party company will test the BOPs.

After setting surface casing, a minimum 5M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular preventer being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. In the event that the rig drills multiple wells on the pad and any seal subject to test pressures are broken, a full BOP test will be performed when the rig returns and the 5M BOPE system is re-installed.

## Variance Request

Matador requests a variance to have the option of running a multi-bowl wellhead assembly for setting the Intermediate 1 and Production Strings. The BOPs will not be tested again unless any flanges are separated.

Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Matador requests a variance to have the option of batch drilling this well with other wells on the same pad. In the event that this well is batch drilled, the wellbore will be secured with a blind flange of like pressure. When the rig returns to this well and BOPs are installed, the operator will perform a full BOP test.

Matador request a variance to utilize a surface setting rig. If this is used, Matador request the option to drill either 17.5" or 20" surface hole.

## 4. Casing & Cement

All casing will be API and new. See attached casing assumption worksheet.

String	Hole Size (in)	Set MD (ft)	Set TVD (ft)	Casing Size (in)	Wt. (lb/ft)	Grade	Joint	Collapse	Burst	Tension
Surface	17.5	0 - 880	0 - 880	13.375	54.5	J-55	BUTT	1.125	1.125	1.8
Intermediate 1	12.25	0 - 4068	0 - 4068	9.625	40	J-55	BUTT	1.125	1.125	1.8
Production	8.75	0 - 23600	0 - 11150	5.5	20	P-110	Hunting TLW	1.125	1.125	1.8

- All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Order #2 - III.B.1.h
- Rustler top will be validated via drilling parameters (i.e. reduction in ROP) and surface casing setting depth revised accordingly if needed
- All non-API joint connections will be of like or greater quality and as run specification sheets will be on location for review
- Request the option to deepen the Intermediate 1 casing set depth to the Bone Spring Lime

String	Type	Sacks	Yield	Cu. Ft.	Weight	Percent Excess	Top of Cement	Class	Blend
Surface	Lead	390	1.72	676	12.5	50%	0	C	5% NaCl + LCM
	Tail	250	1.38	347	14.8	50%	580	C	5% NaCl + LCM
Intermediate 1	Lead	750	2.13	1594	12.6	50%	0	C	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
	Tail	300	1.38	416	14.8	50%	3254	C	5% NaCl + LCM
Production	Lead	880	2.22	1953	11.5	25%	3868	H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM



Production	Tail	3170	1.35	4277	13.2	25%	10087	H	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
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## 5. Mud Program

An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 2 will be used. All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions.

Hole Section	Hole Size (in)	Mud Type	Interval MD (ft)	Density (lb/gal)	Viscosity	Fluid Loss
Surface	17.5	Spud Mud	0 - 880	8.4 - 8.8	28-30	NC
Intermediate 1	12.25	Brine/OBM	880 - 4068	9.5 - 10.2	28-30	NC
Production	8.75	Cut Brine/OBM	4068 - 23600	8.6 - 9.4	28-30	NC

## 6. Cores, Test, & Logs

No core or drill stem test is planned.

A 2-person mud logging program will be used from Kick-off point to TD.

No electric logs are planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from Intermediate casing to TD. CBL with CCL will be run as far as gravity will let it fall to top of curve.

## 7. Down Hole Conditions

No abnormal pressure or temperature is expected. Maximum anticipated surface pressure is 2997 psi. Expected bottom hole temperature is 185° F.

In accordance with Onshore Order 6, Matador does not anticipate that there will be enough H2S from the surface to the Bone Spring formations to meet the BLM's minimum requirements for the submission of a "H2S Drilling Operation Plan" or "Public Protection Plan" for the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have a H2S safety package on all wells, attached is a "H2S Drilling Operations Plan." Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of the equipment being used.