Form 3160-3 (March 2012) RECEIVED

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NMOCO Artesia 2013

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FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires October 31, 2014

HIGH CAVEKARST

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

OCD ARTESIA

5.	Lease Serial No.	
VΜ	-89154	
6	If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name	

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO		REENTER	SIA	6. If Indian, Allotee	or Tribe Nar	ne	
la. Type of work: DRILL REENT	7 If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.						
1b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other	✓ Si	ngle Zone 🔲 Multij	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and V		3 <3	
2. Name of Operator RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION	, LLC.			9. API Well No.	5 - 41	1317	
3a. Address 210 PARK AVENUE, SUITE 900 OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73102		. (include area code) 748 (BRENT UMBE	ERHAM)	10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory HAPPY VALLEY; DELAWARE			
Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with a At surface 1880 FNL & 2510 FEL At proposed prod. zone SAME	ny State requirem	ents.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or B. SECTION 4, T. 23	•		
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 4 MILES SOUTHWEST OF CARLSBAD, NM				12. County or Parish EDDY	•	B. State	
15. Distance from proposed* 1880' location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of acres in lease			g Unit dedicated to this v	vell		
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 1270' (4-13)	- Troposou Bopin			I/BIA Bond No. on file IMB-000460			
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3345.7' GL	22. Approxi	nate date work will sta	rt*	23. Estimated duration 25 DAYS			
	24. Attac	hments					
 The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshot. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 		4. Bond to cover the litem 20 above). 5. Operator certification	ne operatio	is form: ns unless covered by an ormation and/or plans as	C	`	
25. Signature San W. H. H.	l l	(Printed/Typed) RY W. HUNT		Date 3/20/13			
Title PERMIT AGENT FOR RKI EXPLORATION & PRODU	CTION, LLC.						
Approved by (Signature) /s/George MacDonell		(Printed/Typed)		DateAPR 2 9 201			
Title FIELD MANAGER	BAD FIEI	LD OFFICE	 				
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hole conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	ds legal or equi	_	ts in the sub		ntitle the appl	s	
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a c States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as	rime for any po to any matter w	erson knowingly and vithin its jurisdiction.	villfully to n	nake to any department o	r agency of t	ne United	

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

Approval Subject to General Requirements
- & Special Stipulations Attached

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

DISTRICT I
1623 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (573) 930-1616 Fax: (575) 393-0720
DISTRICT II
811 S. First St., Anteria, NM 88210
Phone: (575) 748-1228 Fax: (575) 748-9720
DISTRICT III
1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Azec, NM 87410
Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170
DISTRICT IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone: (505) 746-3466 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

		AA TOT	T LOCK	TION A	IND ACIL	SAGE DEDICAT	IONILAI				
00 - ^		Pool Code		Pool Name							
130-015-913171				29665		HAPPY	HAPPY VALLEY; DELAWARE				
Property C	ode				Property Na	. ~		Well Nur			
3987	72			5	SARAGOSSA	(FED/4)		23			
OGRID N	**				Operator Na	•	,	Elevati	-		
24628	9			RKI EXPL	ORATION 8	RPRODUCTION		3345	.7'		
					Surface Loc	cation					
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County		
G	4	23 S	26 E		1880	NORTH	2510	EAST	EDDY		
		•	Bott	om Hole I	ocation If D	ifferent From Surface	е	•			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County		
				:							
Dedicated Acres	Joint or	Infil!	Consolidated Co	de Orde	r No.						
No allowable w division.	ill be assig	ned to this o	completion u	ntil all inte	rests have beer	n consolidated or a non-	-standard unit has	been approved by	the		
NE COR SEC 4 NMSP-E (NAD 83) Y = 487843.9' N X = 549609.5' E LAT.= N32* 20' 28.14 LONG.= W104* 18' 2				880′		NE COR SEC 4 NMSP-E (NAD 83) Y = 487858.5' N X = 554931.4' E LAT = N32° 20' 28.27" LONG.= W104° 17' 21.54"	I hereby certify in herein is true an knowledge and be either owns a wo mineral interest proposed bottom drill this well at	OR CERTIFICA hat the information of d complete to the bes itief, and that this or rking interest or unle in the land including hole location or has a this location pursuan owner of such a min	ontained t of my ganization eased the right to t to a eral or		

2510' SARAGOSSA FED 4-23 ELEV. = 3345.7 NMSP-E (NAD 83) Y = 485973.1' N E-mail Address X = 552374.6' E LAT.= N32° 20' 09.62" LONG.= W104° 17' 51.35' **SURVEYORS CERTIFICATION** I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my betief. Nov. 15, 2012 Date of Survey Signature and Seal of Prof. SW COR SEC 4 SE COR SEC 4 NMSP-E (NAD 83) NMSP-E (NAD 83) Job No. Y = 482487.8' N X = 554797.4' E Y = 482453 5' N WTC48737 X = 549447.4' E LAT.= N32° 19' 34.80" LONG.= W104° 18' 25.48" LAT,= N32° 19' 35,12" LONG,= W104° 17' 23,13" JAMES E. TOMPKINS 14729 Certificate Number

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct, and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or RKI Exploration and Production, LLC am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U. S. C. 1001 for the filing of false statements. Executed this 20th day of March 2013.

Signed

Printed Name: Barry Hunt

Position: Agent for RKI Exploration & Production, LLC. Address: 1403 Springs Farm Place, Carlsbad, NM 88220

Telephone: (575) 361-4078

E-mail: specialtpermitting@gmail.com

Say W.

RKI Exploration & Production LLC

3817 NW Expressway, Suite 950, Oklahoma City, OK 73112 405-949-2221 Fax 405-949-2223

June 25th, 2012

To Whom It May Concern:

Please be advised that Mr. Barry Hunt has been retained by RKI Exploration & Production to sign as our agent on Application for Permit to Drill (APD) as well as Right of Way applications within the States of New Mexico and Texas.

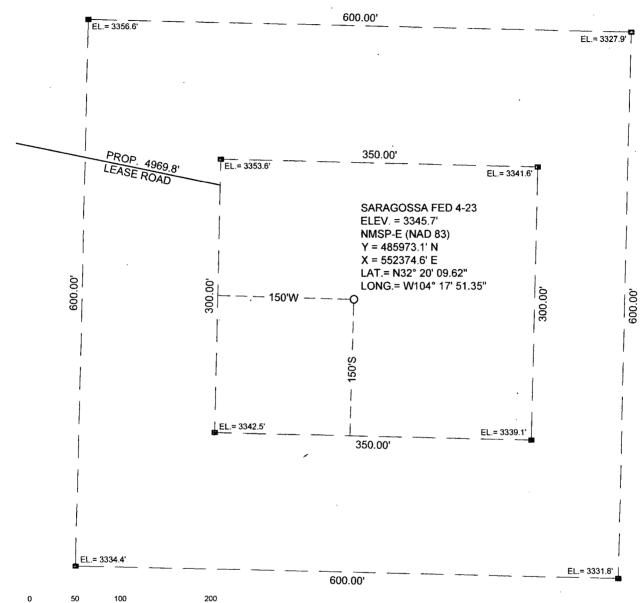
If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (405) 996-5771.

Sincerely,

Charles K. Ahn

EH&S/Regulatory Manager

SITE LOCATION



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 100"

SECTION 4, T 23 S, R 26 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

West Texas Consultants, Inc.

ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS

DESCRIPTION: 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL

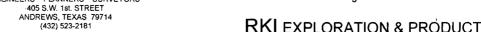
OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: SARAGOSSA FED 4-23



DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of New Mexico State Highway 62-180 and County Road 672 (Hidalgo Rd.). Go west along C.R. 672 for 4.6 miles to a lease road left. Go left or east 0.4 mile to a lease road right. Go right or south 0.25 mile to beginning of lease road continue south 0.15 mile to the Saragossa 4-13 well location, from the southeast corner of the pad go south 0.03 mile and turn right. Go right 0.17 mile to the Saragossa 4-12 well location, from the southwest corner of the pad go west 0.18 mile to a ridge then turn right and go 0.08 mile southeast to northeast corner of existing pad continue southeast 0.22 mile and the location flag is to the southeast ±194 feet.



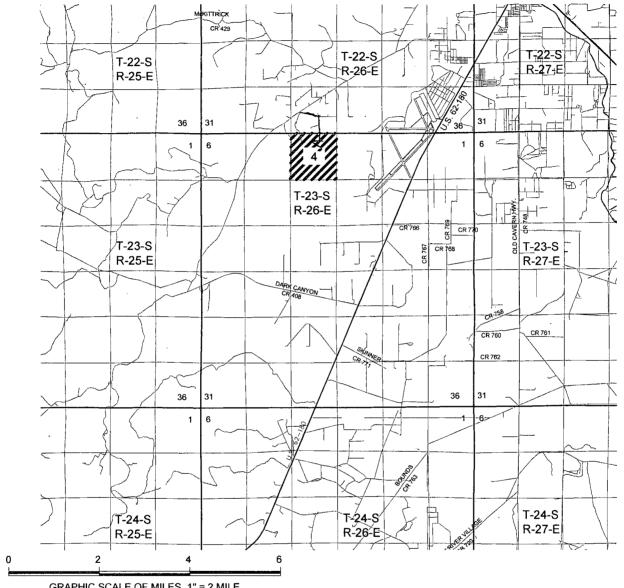
RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION



ExhibiTA

Access

VICINITY MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE OF MILES 1" = 2 MILE

SECTION 4, T 23 S, R 26 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL-

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: SARAGOSSA FED 4-23



West Texas Consultants, Inc. EST TEXAS CUNSULTANTS, II ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS 405 S.W. 1st. STREET ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714 (432) 523-2181

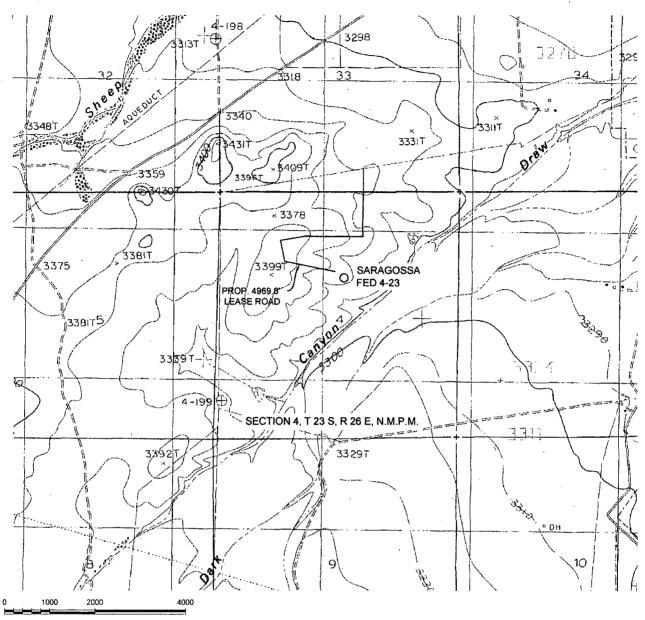
DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of New Mexico State Highway 62-180 and County Road 672 (Hidalgo Rd.). Go west along C.R. 672 for 4.6 miles to a lease road left. Go left or east 0.4 mile to a lease road right. Go right or south 0.25 mile to beginning of lease road continue south 0.15 mile to the Saragossa 4-13 well location, from the southeast corner of the pad go south 0.03 mile and turn right. Go right 0.17 mile to the Saragossa 4-12 well location, from the southwest corner of the pad go west 0.18 mile to a ridge then turn right and go 0.08 mile southeast to northeast corner of existing pad continue southeast 0.22 mile and the location flag is to the southeast ±194 feet.

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

JOB No.: WTC48737

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 2000'

SECTION 4, T 23 S, R 26 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: SARAGOSSA FED 4-23



WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC.

ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS 405 S.W. 1st. STREET ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714 (432) 523-2181

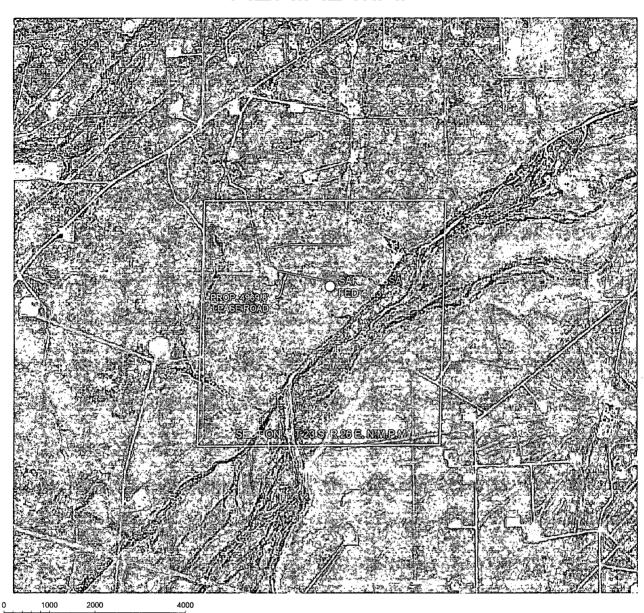
DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of New Mexico State Highway 62-180 and County Road 672 (Hidalgo Rd.). Go west along C.R. 672 for 4.6 miles to a lease road left. Go left or east 0.4 mile to a lease road right. Go right or south 0.25 mile to beginning of lease road continue south 0.15 mile to the Saragossa 4-13 well location, from the southeast corner of the pad go south 0.03 mile and turn right. Go right 0.17 mile to the Saragossa 4-12 well location, from the southwest corner of the pad go west 0.18 mile to a ridge then turn right and go 0.08 mile southeast to northeast corner of existing pad continue southeast 0.22 mile and the location flag is to the southeast ±194 feet.

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

JOB No.: WTC4873

AERIAL MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 2000'

SECTION 4, T 23 S, R 26 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: SARAGOSSA FED 4-23



VVES

WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC.

ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS
405 S.W. 1st. STREET
ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714
(432) 523-2181

DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of New Mexico State Highway 62-180 and County Road 672 (Hidalgo Rd.). Go west along C.R. 672 for 4.6 miles to a lease road left. Go left or east 0.4 mile to a lease road right. Go right or south 0.25 mile to beginning of lease road continue south 0.15 mile to the Saragossa 4-13 well location, from the southeast corner of the pad go south 0.03 mile and turn right. Go right 0.17 mile to the Saragossa 4-12 well location, from the southwest corner of the pad go west 0.18 mile to a ridge then turn right and go 0.08 mile southeast to northeast corner of existing pad continue southeast 0.22 mile and the location flag is to the southeast ±194 feet.

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

JOB No.: WTC48737

Exhibit B Saragossa Fed. 4-23 NUCKLEBERRY DARW 29 FEE COM #001 / 1 FEDERAL COMMILAGRO 28 FEDERAL COM #001 L COM #022 MILAGRO 28 FEDERAL COMMILAGRO 28 FEDERAL COM #002 HAPPY VALLEY FEDERAL COM #001 APPY VALLEY PEDERAL COM #001 N AIRPORT FED COM 028 J.A. TOMAINO FEDERAL #001027 02F

B HACKGERRY 29 FEDERAL #001
DERALL SHEEP DRAW 28 FEDERAL #013
KBERRY 29 FEDERAL HAPPY VALUEY B FEDERAL COM #001

WALLEY 29 FEDERAL HAPPY VALUEY 29 FEDERAL SHEEP DRAW 28 STATE COM #001

HAPPY VALUEY 29 #044
SHEEP DRAW 28 FEDERAL HAD
HAPPY VALUEY 29 #044
SHEEP DRAW 28 FEDERAL HAD
HAPPY VALUEY 29 #044 HAPPY VALLEY 29'4 TEO22 S

AOUDAD FEDERAL #001 MILAGRO
FE #004

SHEEP DRAW FEDERAL #002

MILAGRO
SHEEP DRAW FEDERAL #002

MILAGRO
MILAGR 2.2" = 1 miLe ACUDAD FEDERAL #001 MILAGRO 34 FED #0010 SHEEP DRAW FEDERAL 4002 MILAGE PEDERAL 4002 AOUDAD FEDERAL 4002 MILAGRO 34 FEDERA FEDERAL 34 #001 HACKBERRY 31 STATE #001 EV STATE DOM #002EV STATE COM #002 SHEEP DRAW EEDERAL #009 FEDERAL 194/ FEDERAL 34 V. STATE #001BARBADOS STATE #0000 No. L. SEDERAL #002 RAM EWE FEDERAL #005

V. STATE #001BARBADOS STATE #0000 No. L. SEDERAL #002 RAM EWE FEDERAL COM #001MIDWEST AL FEDERAL MON #001 MIDWEST AL FEDERAL MEW. MEXICO EV. STATE B. HBADOS STATE

RAM EWE FEDERAL COM #001

ATE #002 ALGERIA 32 STATE COM #003 MIDWEST HACKBERRY 31 STATE #002 BAMIEWE FEDERAL HODEY
HAM EWE FEDERAL HODEY MALGERITA 32 STATE COM #001 ALGERITA 32 STATE COM #001 FEDERAL 4 4 13 SARAGOSSA 4 FEDERAL #002 STEALTE STATEOCOTILLO 6 STATE RUSTLER HILLS 5 FEDERAL 1902 Y UNION FEDERAL SARAGOSSA 4 FEDERAL COTILLO 6 STATEOCOTILLO 6 STATE OCOTILLO 6 STAPE #001 HAPPY VALLEY 4 FEDERAL #022HAPPY VALLEY 4 FEDERAL #022 HAPPY VALLEY 4 EDERAL CHAPPY VALLEY 4 STATE W #001STATE W #01 4-23 SARAGOSSA 4 FEDERAL HINABERRY 5 FEDERAL CO1CHINABERRY 5 FEDERAL #001 NEW MEXICO'S RUSTLER HILLS 5 FEDERAL #009 003 RUSTUER HILLS 5 FEDUOS DERAL'N #001A FEDERAL'N #001A STATE W #004STATE W #004 HUMBLE GRACE COM CUEVA UNIT/#001 SAPACOSSA 4 FEDERAL COM #00 CUEVAUNIT FEDERAL INCOMPEDIA STATE W STATE W #0029TATE W #007 STATE WO STATEW 4-44 CITIES 5 FEDERAL BLACK SHEEP & FEDERALBLACK SHEEP & FEDERAL (1001) BANDIT STATE #004 BANDIT/STATE #009 BANDIT STATESANAGOSSA 10 STATE #00 PURDY 8 FEDERAL PURDY 8 FEDERAL #001 STATE DU COM BANDIT STATESARAGOSSA 19 STATE #001 BANDIT STATE #006 OXY BOO STATE #027 TE #007 BANDIT STATE SWD #001 STATE K-4400 EBANDIT STATE SWD #001 OXY BOO STATEBANDIT STATEBANDIT STATE SWD #00 800 ALLIED STATE BEREITA 9 STATE #001BANDIT STATE #002BANDIT STATE #002 SBERETITA 9 STATE #001Y# 3 BANDIT STATE BANDIT STATE A CITIES SERVICE BANDIT STATE HOUNDEY JEWMAN COM NEWMAN COM SARAGOSSA 16 STATE COM #001SARAGOSSA 16 STATE #002 MUZ SARAGOSSA 17 FEDERAL COM #001 SARAGOSA 16 STATE SARAGOSA 17 FEDERAL COM SARAGOSA 17 FEDERAL COM SARAGOSA 17 FEDERAL COM TERRA STATE SARAGOSSA: 17. FEDERAL COMAPACHE: STATE BERETITA 15 STATE COM OXY HONEST JOHN STATE #001 016 O1R PEOC15 STATE PEOC15 STATE #001 COQUINA STATE OXY REA SHOOTER STATE EXXON 17 FEDERAL COM #001EXXON 17 FEDERAL COM #001 SARAGOSSA 17 STATE COM (503) MEXXON 17 FED COM PEOC 15 STATE COM TERRA STATEPARR #001PAR SARAGOSSA 17 STATE COMEXX 17 FEDERAL C BARETTA 15 STATE #001BANETTA 15 SIMH

DRILLING PLAN

Well

Saragossa Fed 4-23

Location

County

State

1,880 FNL

2.510 FEL

Section 4-23S-26E

Eddy

New Mexico

- 1) The elevation of the unprepared ground is 3,345 feet above sea level.
- 2) The geologic name of the surface formation is Rustler.
- 3) A rotary rig will be utilized to drill the well to 5.300 feet and run casing. This equipment will then be rigged down and the well will be completed with a workover rig.
- 4) Proposed depth is 5,300 feet.
- 5) Estimated tops:

Rustler Lamar Lime

525 1,672

Delaware Top

1,814 Oil 785 psi

Bone Spring

5,082 Oil

TD

5,300

2,332 psi

103 degree F

The Bone Spring will be penetrated as rathole to enable the entire Delaware to be logged.

Fresh water anticipated at 125 feet.



8) Pressure control equipment:

The blowout preventer equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a double ram type (3,000 psi WP) preventer, a bag-type annular preventer (3,000 psi WP), and rotating head. Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventer will be equipped with blind rams on top and pipe rams (sized to accommodate the drill pipe size being utilized) on bottom. A 13 3/8" SOW x 13 5/8" 3M casing head will be installed on the 13 3/8" casing and utilized until total depth is reached. All BOP and associated equipment will be tested to 3,000 psi and the annular will be tested to 1,500 psi after setting the 13 3/8" string. The 13 3/8" and 9 5/8" casing will be tested to .22 psi per ft of casing string length or 1,500 psi whichever is greater, but not to exceed 70% of the minimum yield.

The 9 5/8" casing will be hung in the casing head and the stack will not be nippled down at this point.

The stack will not be isolated and tested after running the 9 5/8" casing, but will be tested along with the 9 5/8" casing. Pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill string is out of the hole. These function test will be documented on the daily driller's log.

A drilling spool or blowout preventer with 2 side outlets (choke side shall be 3" minimum diameter, kill side shall be at least 2" diameter).

2 kill line valves, one of which will be a check valve.

2 chokes on the manifold along with a pressure gauge.

Upper kelly cock valve with handle available.

Safety valve and subs to fit all drill string connections in use.

All BOP equipment connections subjected to pressure will be flanged, welded, or clamped.

Fill up line above the upper most preventer.



7) Casing program: ALL NEW CASING

, 141	Hole Size	Тор	Bottom	OD Csg	Wt/Grade	Connection	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Design Factor	Tension Design Factor
4	17 1/2"	O	550 /620	13 3/8"	54.5#/J-55	ST&C	4.74	9.65	17.15
Zeen	12 1/2"	0	1.685	9 5/8"	40#/J-55	LT&C	2.77	11.01	7.72
CON	7 7/8"	0	5,300	5 1/2"	17#/N-80	LT&C	2.74	1.55	3.86

8) Cement program:

Surface 17 1/2" hole 13 3/8" Pipe OD **Setting Depth** 550 ft 0.69462 cf/ft Annular Volume

Excess 1 100 %

283 sx 1.75 cf/sk 13.5 ppg Lead 200 sx 1.34 cf/sk 14.8 ppg Tail

Lead: "C" + 4% PF20 + 2% PF1 + .125 pps PF29 + .2% PF46

Tail: "C" + 1% PF1

Top of cement: Surface

Intermediate 12 1/2" hole Pipe OD 9 5/8" 1,685 ft **Setting Depth** 0.31318 cf/ft Annular Volume

0.3627 cf/ft 1 100 % **Excess**

311 sx 2.07 cf/sk 12.6 ppg Lead 1.33 cf/sk 14.8 ppg Tail 200 sx

Lead: 35/65 Poz "C" + 5% PF44 + 6% PF20 + 3 pps PF42 + .125 pps PF29 + .2% PF46 +1% PF1

300 ft

Tail: "C" + .2% PF13

Top of cement: Surface

Production 7 7/8" hole Pipe OD 5 1/2" **Setting Depth** 5,300 ft

0.1733 cf/ft 0.26074 cf/ft Annular Volume

0.35 35 % **Excess**

1.47 cf/sk ·480 sx 13.0 ppg Lead:

Lead: PVL + 2% PF174 + .3% PF167 + .1% PF65 + .2% PF13 + .25 pps PF46

1,385 ft Top of cement:

9) Mud program:

	Тор	Bottom	Mud Wt.	Vis	PV	YP	Fluid Loss	Type System
	0	550	8.5 to 8.9	32 to 36	6 - 12	2 - 8	NC	Fresh Water
sel.	550		9.8 to 10.0	28 to 30	1 - 6	1 - 6	NC	Brine
Sec	1,685	5,300	8.9 to 9.1	, 28 to 36	1 - 6	1 - 6	NC .	Fresh Water

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Electronic pit monitoring equipment will be utilized with a Pason system. Electronic mud monitoring and mud logging will be utilized below the 9 5/8" casing.

10) Logging, coring, and testing program:

No drillstem test are planned

Total depth to intermediate: CNL, Caliper, GR, DLL,

Intermediate to surface: CNL, GR

No coring is planned

11) Potential hazards:

No abnormal pressure or temperature is expected. No H2S is known to exist in the area, although some form of H2S detection equipment will be utilized. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Order No. 6. Lost circulation is not anticipated, but lost circulation material and weighting materials will be on location and readily available.

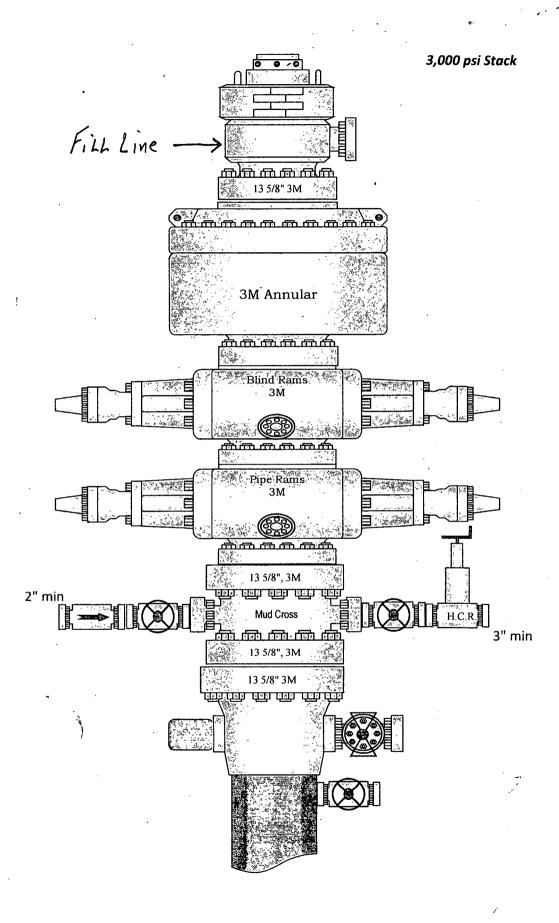
gel

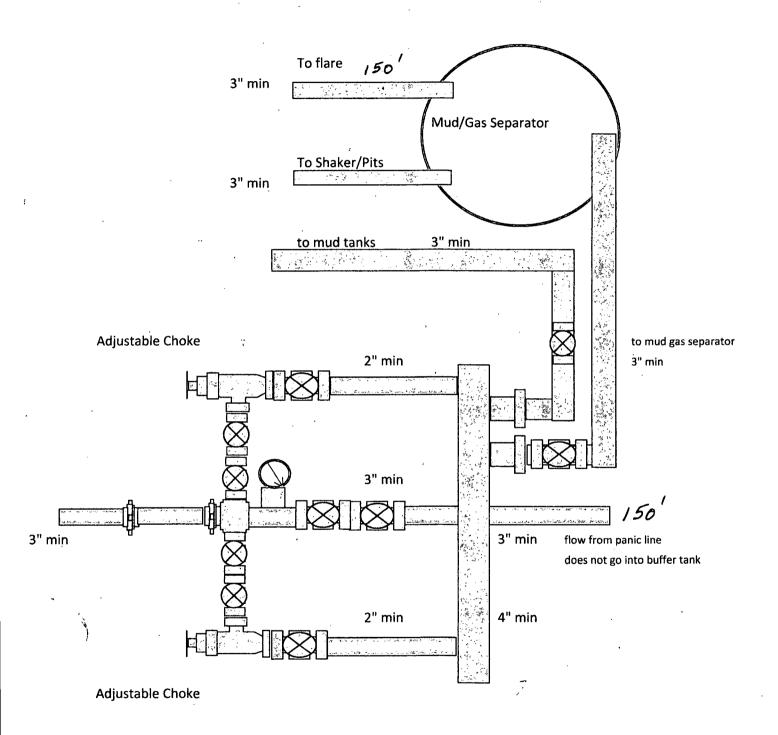
[17] 12) Anticipated Start Date

ASAP

Duration

13 days





GE DILY Gas multi-bowl System Drawing wellhead

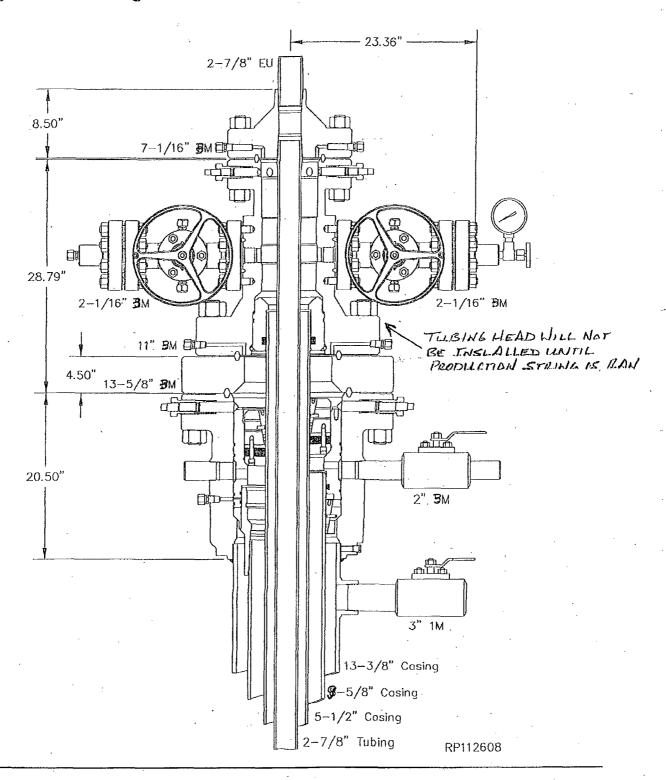
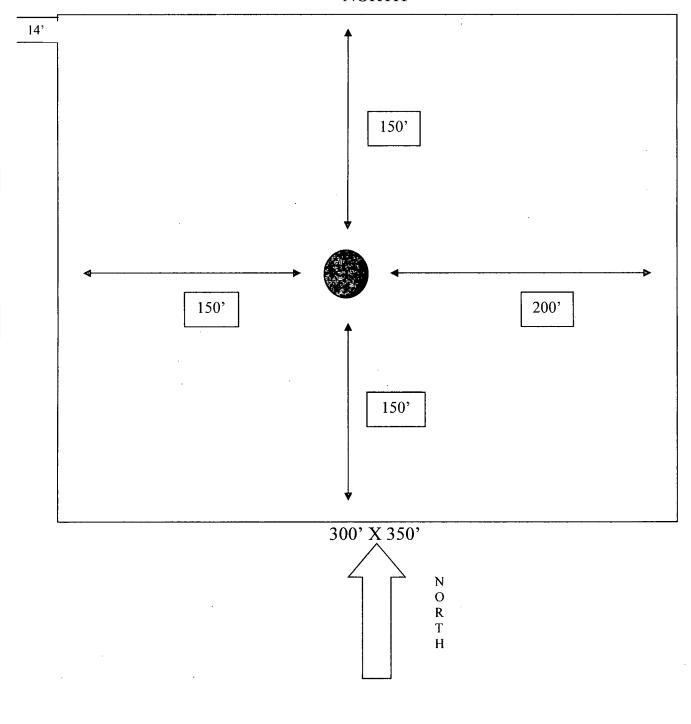


EXHIBIT D

Rig Plat Only SARAGOSSA FED 4-23 V-DOOR NORTH

NORTH



RKI Exploration & Production

HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) CONTINGENCY DRILLING PLAN

This well and its anticipated facility are not expected to have hydrogen sulfide releases. However, there may be hydrogen sulfide production in the nearby area. There is one private residence within two miles of this area and a contingency plan has been orchestrated. RKI Exploration & Production will have a company representative available to rig personnel throughout the drilling and production operations. If hydrogen sulfide is detected or suspected, monitoring equipment will be acquired for monitoring and or testing.

GENERAL H2S EMERGENCY ACTIONS

- 1. All personnel will immediately evacuate to an up-wind and if possible up- hill "safe area".
- 2. If for any reason a person must enter the hazardous area, they must wear a SCBA (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus).
- 3. Always use the "buddy system"
- 4. Isolate the well/problem if possible
- 5. Account for all personnel
- 6. Display the proper colors warning all unsuspecting personnel of the danger at hand.
- 7. Contact the Company personnel as soon as possible if not at the location (use the enclosed call list)

All communication will be via two-way radio or cell phone.

At this point the company representative will evaluate the situation and coordinate the necessary duties to bring the situation under control, and if necessary, the notification of the emergency response agencies and nearby residents:

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES FOR AN UNCONTROLLABLE RELEASE OF H2S

- 1. All personnel will don the self-contained breathing apparatus
- 2. Remove all personnel to the "safe area" (always use the buddy system)
- 3. Contact company personnel if not on location
- 4. Set in motion the steps to protect and or remove the general public to an upwind "safe area". Maintain strict security and safety procedures while dealing with the source.
- 5. No entry to any unauthorized personnel
- 6. Notify the appropriate agencies.
- 7. Call NMOCD

If at this time the supervising person determines the release of the H2S cannot be contained to the site location and the general public is in danger he will take the necessary steps to protect the workers and the public.

EMERGENCY CALL LIST (Start and continue until ONE of these people has been contacted)

 RKI Exploration & Production
 1-800-667-6958

 Frank Collins
 575-725-9334

 Ken Fairchild
 405-693-6051

 Lonnie Catt
 575-202-1444

 Brent Umberham
 405-623-5080

 Tim Haddican
 405-823-2872

EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS

EWIERGENCY RE	-SPUNS	E NUMBERS	
State Police State Police		Eddy County Lea County	575-748-9718 575-392-5588
Sheriff		Eddy County	575-746-2701
Emergency Medic Ambulance	cal	Eddy County Lea County	911 or 505-746-2701 911 or 505-394-3258
Emergency Resp	onse	Eddy County SERC	575-476-2701
Carlsbad Police Department	575-885-2111 575-885-3125		
Loco Hills Police	Dept		575-677-2349
Jal Police Dept Jal Fire Dept Jal Abulance			575-395-2501 575-394-3258 575-395-2221
NMOCD		1 (Lea, Roosevelt, Curry) 2 (Eddy, Chavez)	575-393-6161 575-392-2973
Baker	Artesia	•	575-746-3140
Halliburton	Artesia		1-800-523-2482

1-800-523-2482

575-748-1288

432-550-6202

Residence within 2 miles to be notified:

Wild Well Control Midland

Hobbs

Artesia

ParFive

WILLIAM (BILL) GILLOCK 575-887-3991 159 GILLOCK RD. CARLSBAD

PROTECTION OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC

- 1. 100 ppm at any public area (any place not associated with this site)
- 2. 500 ppm at any public road (any road the general public may travel)
- 3. 100 ppm radius of ¼ mile in New Mexico will be assumed if there is insufficient data to calculate radius of exposure and there is reasonable expectation that H2S could be present in concentrations greater than 100 ppm in the gas mixture.

CALCULATION FOR THE 100 PPM (ROE) "PASQULL-GIFFFORD EQUATION

 $X = ((1.589)(\text{mole fraction})(Q - \text{volume in scf}))^0.6258$

CALCULATION FOR THE 500 PPM (ROE)

 $X = ((.4546)(\text{mole fraction})(Q - \text{volume in scf})^0.6258$

Example:

A well is determined to have 150 / 500 ppm H2S in the gas mixture and the well/facility is producing at a gas rate of 100 mcfd

150 ppm

 $X = ((1.589)(150/100,000)(100,000))^0.6258 = 7 \text{ ft}$

500 ppm

 $X = ((.4546)(500/100,000)(100,000))^0.6258 = 3.3 \text{ ft}$

These calculations will be forwarded to the appropriate NMOCD office when applicable

PUBLIC EVACUATION PLAN

- 1. Notification of the emergency response agencies of the hazardous condition and implement evacuation procedures.
- 2. A trained person in H2S safety shall monitor with detection equipment the H2S concentration, wind and area of exposure. This person will determine the outer perimeter of the hazardous area. The extent of the evaluation area will be determined from the data being collected.
- 3. Law enforcement shall be notified to set up necessary barriers and maintain such for the duration of the situation as well as aid in the evacuation procedure. The company supervisor shall stay in communications with all agencies through the duration of the situation and inform them when the situation has been contained and the affected area(s) is safe to enter.

IGNITION OF THE GAS

- Human life and or property are in danger
- 2. There is no hope of bringing the situation under control with the prevailing conditions at the site
- 3. Two people are required. They must be equipped with positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and "D" ring style full body, OSHA approved safety harness. Non-flammable rope will be attached.
- 4. One of the people will be qualified safety person who will test the atmosphere for H2S, oxygen and LFL. The other person will be the company supervisor, he is responsible for igniting the well.
- 5. Ignite up wind from a distance no closer than necessary. Before igniting, make a final check of combustible gases.

6. Following ignition, continue with the emergency actions and procedures as before.

Characteristics of H2S and S02

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air= 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	S0 ₂	2.21 Air= 1	2ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

REQUIRED EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

1. Breathing apparatus

Rescue Packs (SCBA) – 1 unit shall be placed at each breathing area, 2 shall be stored in the safety trailer with radio communications.

Work/Escape Packs – 4 packs shall be stored on the rig floor with sufficient air hose not to restrict work activity.

Emergency Escape Packs – 4 – packs shall be stored in the doghouse for emergency evacuation.

2. Signage and Flagging

One color cod condition sign will be placed at the entrance to the site indicating possible conditions at the site

A colored conditions flag will be on display, indicating the conditions at the site at the time

- 3. Briefing Area (see attachment)
- 4. Wind Socks

Two windsocks will be placed in strategic locations, visible from all angles

5. H2S Detectors & Alarms

The stationary detector with three sensors will be placed in the upper dog house if equipped, set to visually alarm @ 10 ppm and audible at 14 ppm. Calibrate a minimum of every 30 days or as needed. The sensors will be placed in the following places: (gas sample tubes will be stored in the safety trailer)

Rig floor Bell nipple

End of flow line or where well bore fluid is being discharged

6. Auxiliary Rescue Equipment and misc.

Stretcher Two OSHA full body harnesses 100 ft. 5/8" OSHA approved rope 1 – 20# class ABC fire extinguisher Communication via cell phones on location and vehicles on location Flare gun/flares

Well Control Equipment

1. BOP Equipment

5,000 psi blowout preventer (pipe and blind rams)
5,000 psi annular preventer
5,000 psi rotating head
5,000 choke manifold (equipped with hydraulic choke)
Mud/gas separator

Flare stack with solar powered igniter (with battery backup igniter) 150' from the well

Mud info and H2S Operating Mud Conditions

Though no H₂S is anticipated during the drilling operation, this contingency plan will provide for methods to ensure the well is kept under control in the event an H₂S reading of 100 ppm or more are encountered. Once personnel are safe and the proper protective gear is in place and on personnel, the operator and rig crew essential personnel will ensure the well is under control, suspend drilling operations and shut-in the well (unless pressure build up or other operational situations dictate suspending operations will prevent well control), increase the mud weight and circulate all gas from the hole utilizing the mud/gas separator downstream of the choke, the choke manifold and the emergency flare system located 150' from the well. Bring the mud system into compliance and the H₂S level below 10 ppm, then notify all emergency officers that drilling ahead is practical and safe. Proceed with drilling ahead only after all provisions of Onshore Order 6, Section III.C. have been satisfied. Mud will be a fresh water/brine system with the proper H2S scavengers on location and utilized when necessary. Mud pH will also be kept at a level to minimize sulfide stress cracking and embrittlement when H2S is present in the mud system.

H25 Briefing areas & Alarm Locations

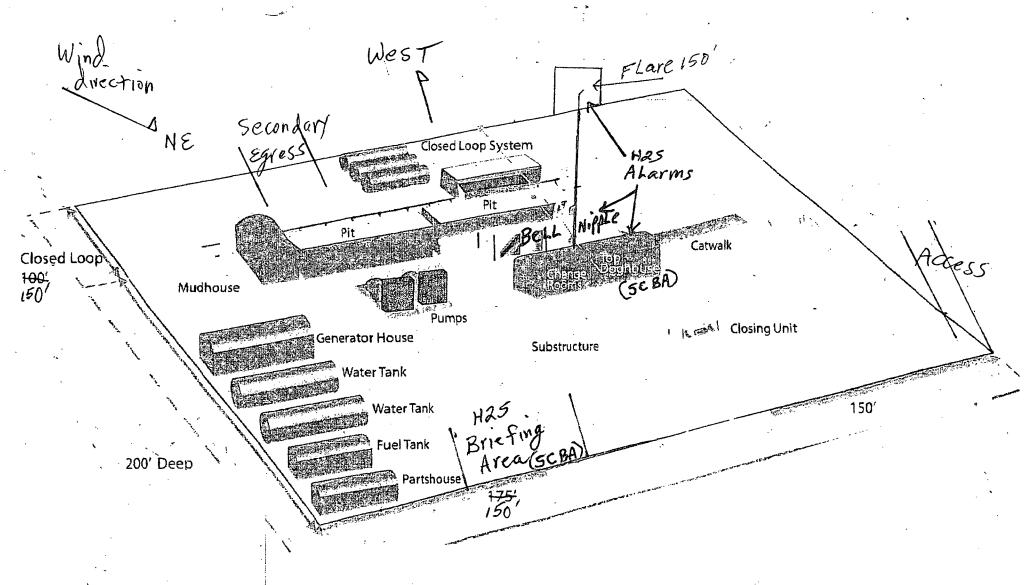
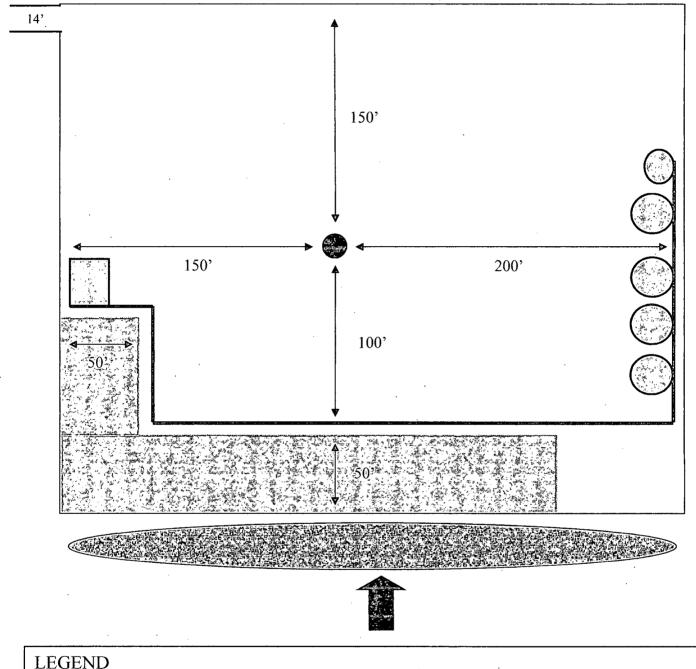
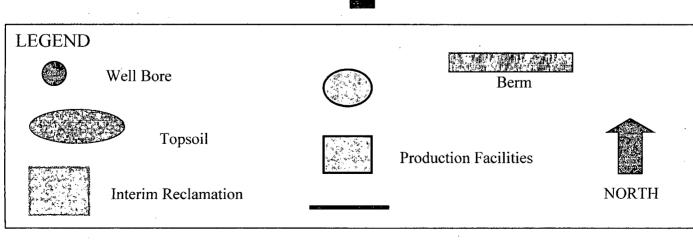


EXHIBIT C

Interim Reclamation & Production Facilities SARAGOSSA FED 4-23 V-DOOR NORTH





SURFACE USE PLAN

RKI Exploration & Production, LLC Saragossa Federal 4-23 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL (Non-Standard) Section 4, T. 23 S., R. 26 E Eddy County, New Mexico

This plan is submitted with form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental effect associated with the operations.

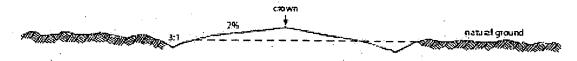
1. EXISTING ROADS:

A. DIRECTIONS: Go southwest of Carlsbad, NM, on County Road 672 (Hidalgo Road), for 4.6 miles. Turn east onto lease road for 0.4 miles, turn south for 0.25 miles, to beginning of road for the Saragossa 4-13 road. All existing roads are either paved or a caliche lease road.

- B. See attached plats and maps provided by WTC Surveys.
- C. The access routes from Eddy County Road 672 to the well location is depicted on **Exhibit A.** The route highlighted in red has been authorized under a ROW permit.
- D. Existing roads on the access route will be improved and maintained to the standard set forth in Section 2 of this Surface Use Plan of Operations.
- E. A right-of-way (ROW) was obtained in October of 1993 to access this lease under the #2 well that was plugged.

2. NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED ACCESS ROADS:

- A. The new access road will begin at the northwest corner of the proposed well location and run west, for 2176.1 ft. to the Saragossa Fed 4-12 location.
- B. The maximum width of the driving surface will be 14 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 1 foot deep with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.



Level Ground Section

- C. Surface material will be native caliche. The average grade of the entire road will be approximately 3%.
- D. Fence Cuts: No E. Cattle guards: No
- F. Turnouts: No G. Culverts: No

- H. Cuts and Fills: Not significant
- I. Approximately 6 inches of topsoil (root zone) will be stripped from the proposed access road prior to any further construction activity. The topsoil that was stripped will be spread along the edge of the road and within the ditch. The topsoil will be seeded with the proper seed mix designated by the BLM.
- J. The access road will be constructed and maintained as necessary to prevent soil erosion and accommodate all-weather traffic. The road will be crowned and ditched with water turnouts installed as necessary to provide for proper drainage along the access road route.
- K. The access road and associated drainage structures will be constructed and maintained in accordance with road guidelines contained in the joint BLM/USFS publication: <u>Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, The Gold Book, Fourth Edition</u> and/or BLM Manual Section 9113 concerning road construction standards on projects subject to federal jurisdiction.

3. LOCATION OF EXISTING WELLS:

See attached map (Exhibit B) showing all wells within a one-mile radius.

4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES:

- A. In the event the well is found productive, a TANK BATTERY, will be installed on the east side of the well pad. (SEE EXHIBIT C).
- B. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted to BLM specifications.
- C. Containment berms will be constructed completely around production facilities designed to hold fluids. The containment berns will be constructed or compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1 ½ times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas.

5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

The well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the Drilling Program. The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads shown in the attached survey plats. If a commercial water well is nearby, a temporary, surface poly line, will be laid along existing roads or other ROW easements and the water pumped to the well. No water well will be drilled on the location.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

Any construction material that may be required for surfacing of the drill pad and access road will be from a contractor having a permitted source of materials within the general area. No construction materials will be removed from Federal lands without prior approval from the appropriate surface management agency. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.

7. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL:

A. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal site.

- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud pits.
- C. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to an NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility.
- D. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.
- E. Portable, self-contained chemical toilets will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of operations, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents thereof disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All state and local laws and regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be complied with. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- F. All trash, junk, and other waste materials will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering and will be removed and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Immediately after drilling all debris and other waste materials on and around the well location, not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned up and removed from the location. No potentially adverse materials or substances will be left on the location.

8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

No campsite, airstrip, or other facilities will be built as a result of the operation of this well. No staging areas are needed.

9. WELL SITE LAYOUT:

- A. Exhibit D shows the dimensions of the proposed well pad.
- B. The proposed well pad size will be 300' x 350' (See Exhibit D). There will be no reserve pit due to the well being drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. The closed loop system will meet the NMOCD requirements 19.15.17.
- C. The WTC Surveyor's plat, Form C-102 and **Exhibit D**, shows how the well will be turned to a V-Door North.
- D. A 600' x 600' area has been staked and flagged.
- E. All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the approved disturbed areas of this APD (i.e., access road, well pad, and topsoil storage areas)

10. PLANS FOR SURFACE RECLAMATION:

- A. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, all the equipment will be removed, the surface material, caliche, will be removed from the well pad and road and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other roads. The original stock piled top soil will be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography. The access road will have the caliche removed and the road ripped, barricaded and seeded as directed by the BLM.
- B. If the well is a producer, the portions of the location not essential to production facilities or space required for workover operations, will be reclaimed and seeded as per BLM requirements.

 (SEE EXHIBIT C FOR INTERIM RECLAMATION PLAT FOR THIS WELL)
- C. Reclamation Performance Standards

The following reclamation performance standards will be met:

Interim Reclamation – Includes disturbed areas that may be redisturbed during operations and will be redisturbed at final reclamation to achieve restoration of the original landform and a natural vegetative community.

• Disturbed areas not needed for active, long-term production operations or vehicle travel will be recontoured, protected from erosion, and revegetated with a self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or as otherwise approved) plant community sufficient to minimize visual impacts, provide forage, stabilize soils, and impede the invasion of noxious, invasive, and non-native weeds.

Final Reclamation – Includes disturbed areas where the original landform and a natural vegetative community will be restored and it is anticipated the site will not be redisturbed for future development.

- The original landform will be restored for all disturbed areas including well pads, production facilities, roads, pipelines, and utility corridors.
- A self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or otherwise approved) plant community will be established on the site, with a density sufficient to control erosion and invasion by non-native plants and to re-establish wildlife habitat or forage production. At a minimum, the established plant community will consist of species included in the seed mix and/or desirable species occurring in the surrounding natural vegetation.
- Erosion features are equal to or less than surrounding area and erosion control is sufficient so that water naturally infiltrates into the soil and gullying, headcutting, slumping, and deep or excessive rills (greater than 3 inches) are not observed.
- The site will be free of State- or county-listed noxious weeds, oil field debris and equipment, and contaminated soil. Invasive and non-native weeds are controlled.

D. Reclamation Actions

Earthwork for interim and final reclamation will be completed within 6 months of well completion or plugging unless a delay is approved in writing by the BLM authorized officer.

The following minimum reclamation actions will be taken to ensure that the reclamation objectives and standards are met. It may be necessary to take additional reclamation actions beyond the minimum in order to achieve the Reclamation Standards.

Reclamation - General

Notification:

• The BLM will be notified at least 3 days prior to commencement of any reclamation operations.

Housekeeping:

- Within 30 days of well completion, the well location and surrounding areas(s) will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all debris, materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
- No hazardous substances, trash, or litter will be buried or placed in pits.

Topsoil Management:

• Operations will disturb the minimum amount of surface area necessary to conduct safe and efficient operations.

. 4,

- Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the topsoil will be stripped and stockpiled around the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil will include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils.
- Salvaging and spreading topsoil will not be performed when the ground or topsoil is frozen or too wet to adequately support construction equipment or so dry that dust clouds greater than 30 feet tall are created. If such equipment creates ruts in excess of four (4) inches deep, the soil will be deemed too wet.
- No major depressions will be left that would trap water and cause ponding unless the intended purpose is to trap runoff and sediment.

Seeding:

- Seedbed Preparation. Initial seedbed preparation will consist of recontouring to the appropriate interim or final reclamation standard. All compacted areas to be seeded will be ripped to a minimum depth of 18 inches with a minimum furrow spacing of 2 feet, followed by recontouring the surface and then evenly spreading the stockpiled topsoil. Prior to seeding, the seedbed will be scarified to a depth of no less than 4 6 inches. If the site is to be broadcast seeded, the surface will be left rough enough to trap seed and snow, control erosion, and increase water infiltration.
- If broadcast seeding is to be used and is delayed, final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- <u>Seed Application</u>. Seeding will be conducted no more than two weeks following completion of final seedbed preparation. A certified weed-free seed mix designed by the BLM to meet reclamation standards will be used.
- If the site is harrowed or dragged, seed will be covered by no more than 0.25 inch of soil.

11. SURFACE OWNERSHIP:

A. The surface is owned by the U. S. Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.

12. OTHER INFORMATION:

- A. The area surrounding the well site is in a gentle sloped, shallow gravelly loam, rolling hills type area. The vegetation consists of White-Thorn Acacia/ Mesquite/ Creosote and with three-awns and some dropseed species.
- B. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate area.
- C. There is a ranchers house dwelling within 1.5 miles southeast of this location.
- D. The location falls outside the MOA area and an archaeological report from Boone Archaeological Services has been performed and submitted to the Carlsbad BLM office.

13. BOND COVERAGE:

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond Number NMB-000460.

OPERATORS REPRESENTATIVE:

The RKI Exploration and Production, LLC representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below:

Surface:

Barry W. Hunt – Permitting Agent 1403 Springs Farm Place Carlsbad, NM 88220 (575) 885-1417 (Home) (575) 361-4078 (Cell)

Drilling & Production: Ken Fairchild – RKI Exploration and Production, LLC. 210 Park Avenue, Suite 900 Oklahoma City, Ok.73102 (405) 996-5764 (Office) (469) 693-6051 (Cell)

ON-SITE PERFORMED ON 11/1/12 RESULTED IN PROPOSED LOCATION BEING MOVED 200 FT. WEST AND 100 FT. NORTH, DUE TO THE 200 METER RULE FOR DARK CANYON 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN TO THE SOUTHEAST. IT WAS FURTHER AGREED TO TURN THE LOCATION TO A V-DOOR NORTH, RESTRICT PAD SIZE TO 150 FT. NORTH, WEST AND SOUTH, AND RUN ACCESS ROAD WEST TO THE SARAGOSSA 4-12. TANK BATTERY EAST AND TOP SOIL SOUTH. INTERIM RECLAMATION WILL BE SOUTH PORTION OF PAD.

PRESENT AT ON-SITE:

BARRY HUNT – PERMITTING AGENT FOR RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION AMANDA LYNCH – BLM
BECKIE HILL – BOONE ARCHAEOLOGICAL SERVICES
WTC SURVEYORS

PECOS DISTRICT **CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

RKI Exploration & Production OPERATOR'S NAME: LEASE NO.: NMNM-89154 WELL NAME & NO.: Saragossa Federal 4-23 **SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:** 1880' FNL & 2510' FEL

Section 4, T. 23 S., R 26 E., NMPM LOCATION:

Eddy County, New Mexico COUNTY:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Karst
☐ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
☐ Road Section Diagram
☑ Drilling
H2S requirements
High Cave/Karst
Logging Requirements
Waste Material and Fluids
☐ Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
☐ Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Cave and Karst

** Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

The pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the pad. All sides will be bermed.

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cavebearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil in a low profile manner in order to prevent wind/water erosion of the topsoil. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be used for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For

examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

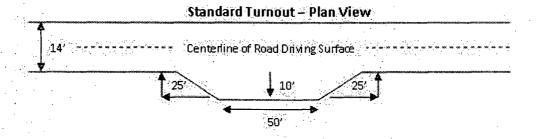
Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

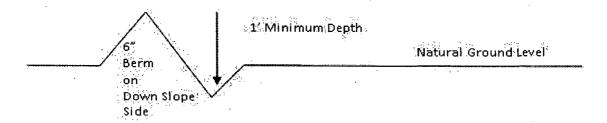


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

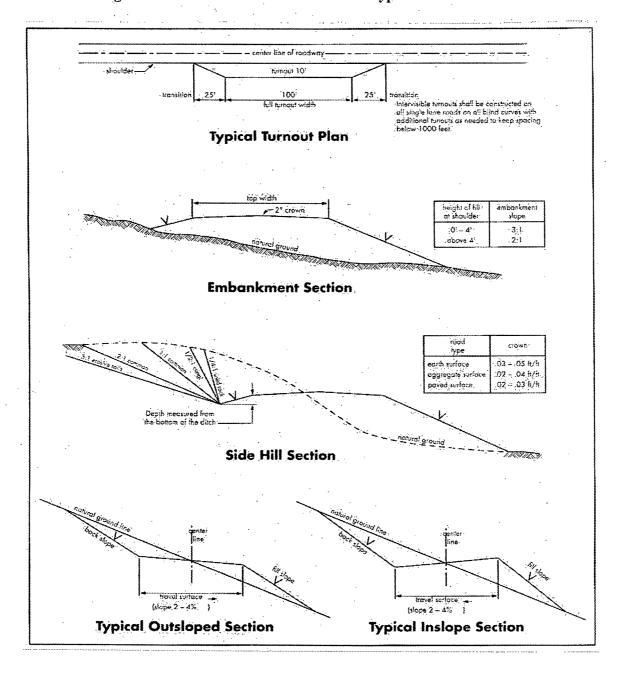
Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections



VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

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- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Delaware formation. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

High Cave/Karst Possible water and brine flows in the Salado Group.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 550 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 1620 feet, is:
 - □ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to high cave/karst.

If 75% or greater lost circulation occurs while drilling the intermediate casing hole, the cement on the production casing must come to surface.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 300 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Excess calculates to 1% Additional cement may be required.

The rat hole into the Bone Spring formation is approved for logging purposes ONLY.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
 - c. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

- 3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not** a **cup** or **J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. LOGGING REQUIREMENTS

Run caliper log from total depth to the surface and submit results to the BLM.

F. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the

largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by

drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 1, for Loamy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed