RECEIVED

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 875

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

MAY 08 2018

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division DISTRICT II SATTESIA OF COMPRESSION DISTRICT II SATTESIA OF COMPRESSION DIVISION DISTRICT II SATTESIA OF COMPRESSION DIVISION DI VISIONI DI VISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Santa Fe, NM 87505												
Release Notification and Corrective Action												
DAB18	1305	3140			OPERATOR						Final Report	
Name of Co			25575	(Contact: Chase Settle							
Address: 10			7	Telephone No.: 575-748-4171								
Facility Nar				Facility Type: P & A								
Surface Ow	ner:)wner:	: Private API No.: 30-015-10890									
				LOCA	OF REI	LEASE						
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		South Line	Feet from the	East/W	Vest Line	County:		
F	25	18 S	25E	2310'	A	North	1980'		Vest	Eddy		
Latitude: 32.715804 Longitude: -104.435142 NAD83 NATURE OF RELEASE												
Type of Release: Mixed Fluids, Historical						Volume of Release: Unknown			Volume Recovered: Unknown			
Source of Re	lease: Unk	nown		Date and Hour of Occurrence: Unknown, Historical Date and Hour of Discovery:					r:			
Was Immedi	ate Notice (equired	If YES, To Whom?								
By Whom?				Date and Hour:								
Was a Watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☑ No						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A						
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* N/A												
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* The Federal AY #1 was plugged and abandoned on July 5, 2016. Talon was asked to perform site assessment and soil sampling activities in the bare areas in order to reclaim the location to its natural state. Upon receiving the analytical results it was determined that there was historical contamination caused from an unknown release.												
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.* The former tank battery area measures approximately 125' long x 125' wide. To the west of the tank battery along the high pressured gas line ROW a bare area running north measures 120' long by 30' wide. The bare area surrounding the dry hole maker measures approximately 80' long by 80' wide.												
I hereby cert regulations a public health should their or the enviro	ify that the ill operators or the envi operations length. In a	information g are required to ronment. The nave failed to	iven above to report and acceptand adequately OCD accep	e is true and comp nd/or file certain n ce of a C-141 rep v investigate and n otance of a C-141	release no ort by the remediate	otifications a NMOCD m contamination	nd perform correct arked as "Final R on that pose a thr	ctive active active deport" deport de deport deport de deport deport de desert de deport de	ons for release not release not release not release to the cound water	eases which ieve the ope r, surface w	may e rator o ater, hu	endanger of liability uman health
Signature: Chase Settle						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Printed Nam	e: Chase Se	ttle		Approved by EnvironmentaESpecialist:/49 DEMONSTRATE								
Title: Rep Safety & Environmental II						Approval Date: 5/8/18 Expiration Date: N/A						
E-mail Address: Chase_Settle@eogresources.com						Conditions of Approval: Attached Approval: Attached Approval:						
Date: 5/4/2018 Phone: 575-748-4171												

^{*} Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 5/4/2018 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District $\underline{2}$ office in $\underline{ARTESIA}$ on or before $\underline{6/4/2018}$. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold
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