## SECOND SETTING:

## **COMPUTERIZED DATA ANALYSIS**

RECEIVED

APRIL 10, 1979

APR 3 0 1979

GENTLEMEN:

O. C. C.

THE ENCLOSED TEST APPEARS TO BE A GOOD MECHANICAL DRILL STEM TEST DURING WHICH THE TOOLS DID FUNCTION PROPERLY. THE FORMATION PRODUCED ENOUGH RESERVOIR FLUID FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION. RESERVOIR PRESSURE DRAWDOWN WAS SUFFICIENT AND AN ADEQUATE SHUT-IN BUILD-UP DID OCCUR FOR RELIABLE QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS. RESERVOIR PARAMETERS WERE CALCULATED BY THE HORNER METHOD.

- 1. FLOW RATE: A FLOW RATE OF 1162 BBLS/DAY OF OIL WAS ESTIMATED FROM THE PRE-FLOW PRESSURES FOR THIS TEST.
- 2. <u>RESERVOIR PRESSURE</u>: MECHANICAL STABILIZATION OF THE INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE BUILD-UP INDICATES A MAXIMUM RESERVOIR PRESSURE OF 1132 P.S.I.G. AT RECORDER DEPTH.
- 3. PERMEABILITY: THE CALCULATED TRANSMISSIBILITY FACTOR OF 14116 MD.-FT./CP. INDICATES AN AVERAGE EFFECTIVE PERMEABILITY TO DIL OF 237 MD. FOR THE REPORTED 25 FOOT TEST INTERVAL. THE CALCULATIONS WERE BASED ON A SLOPE OF 16 P.S.I./LOG CYCLE OBTAINED FROM THE INITIAL SHUT-IN BUILD-UP PLOT. IT WAS ASSUMED FOR THESE CALCULATIONS: (A) THE 45° API AT 60°F. DIL CONTAINED 300 CU.FT./BBL. OF ORIGINAL DISSOLVED GAS (B) VISCOSITY 0.42 CP., (C) FORMATION VOLUME FACTOR 1.195 BBL/BBL. THESE FIGURES WERE OBTAINED FROM THE AVAILABLE TECHNICAL LITERATURE.
- 4. WELL BORE DAMAGE: THE CALCULATED DAMAGE RATIO OF 5.71 INDICATES THAT WELL BORE DAMAGE IS PRESENT AT THE TIME AND CONDITIONS OF THIS TEST. THIS VALUE INFERS THAT THE RATE OF PRODUCTION OBSERVED AT THE FORMATION FACE DURING THIS TEST MAY BE INCREASED 5.71 TIMES IF THE WELL BORE DAMAGE ALONE WERE REMOVED. THE PRESSURE DROP DUE TO DAMAGE IS ESTIMATED TO BE 426 P.S.I.
- 5. RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION: THE CALCULATED RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION OF THIS TEST IS 295 FEET BASED ON AN ASSUMED POROSITY OF 10%, COMPRESSIBILITY OF 11.0 X 10-6, AND OTHER ASSUMPTIONS MADE IN NUMBER 3 ABOVE.
- 6. GENERAL COMMENTS: THE FORMATION EXHIBITS THE CHARACTERISTICS OF RELATIVELY HIGH PERMEABILITY EFFECTIVE TO THE RESERVOIR FLUID AND INDICATES THE PRESENCE OF WELL BORE DAMAGE. SINCE THE WELL WAS ALLOWED TO FLOW UNTIL BOTTOM HOLE FLOWING PRESSURE REACHED BOTTOM HOLE SHUT-IN PRESSURE DURING THE SECOND FLOW, AND ALSO BECAUSE SOME LIQUID WAS RECOVERED FROM TEST NUMBER ONE, FLOW RATES FOR THIS TEST WAS ESTIMATED FROM INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE. AND THE ANALYSIS WAS BASED ON THE INITIAL SHUT-IN BUILD-UP. FOR THESE REASONS, PARAMETERS REPORTED HERE SHOULD BE USED AS INDICATORS ONLY.

DENNIS MYREN
RESERVOIR EVALUATION
DEPARTMENT

ATLANTIC RICHFIELD COMPANY
EMPIRE ABO #E-395; EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
TEST #2; 6081' TO 6106'
LOCATION: 75'FNL, 1820'FEL,

In making any interpretation, our employees will give Customer the benefit of their best judgment as to the correct interpretation. Nevertheless, since all interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical, mechanical or other measurements, we cannot, and do not guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any interpretations, and we shall not be liable or responsible, except in the case of gross or wilful negligence on our part, for any loss cases damages or expenses incurred or sustained by Customer resulting from any interpretation make by