Form 3160-3	STATES N. M. OII CO	ms. Division CISE
(1 1000)	F THE INTERIOR	Form approved
	ID MANAGEMENT	
BUREAU OF LAN		
APPLICATION FOR PERM	IT TO DRILL OR REENTER	5. LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NO
la TYPE OF WORK: X DRILL R	EENTER	NM- 54856- /Cろタフン
		6.IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME
b. TYPE OF WELL: OIL Street Other	SINGLE MULTIPLE	7 UNIT AGREEMENT NAME
2. NAME OF OPERATOR	n a di se ma	- / UNIT AGREEMENT NAME
DEVON SFS OPERATING		8.FARM OR LEASE NAME, WELL NO.
3a. ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NO. 20 NORTH BROADWAY, SUITE 1500, OKC, OF	3b. TELEPHONE (Include area code). C 73102	Crow Flat "20" Federal Com #2
4. LOCATION OF WELL (Report location clearly and in ac	cordance with any State requirements)*	- 9 API WELL NO
At surface (C) 1310' FNL & 1730' FWL		30-015-31921
	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j \in \mathcal{I}} \mathbf{x}_i \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_i <\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_i <\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_i <\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}$	
At top proposed prod. zone		Crow Flat (Mortow) 11.SEC, T., R., M., OR BLOCK AND SURVEY OR AREA
	CIVED IN	Section 20, T-16S, R-28E
	- RELLARIEST	
14 DISTANCE IN MILES AND DIRECTION FROM NEAREST TOWN OR PO	ST OFFICE*	12. COUNTY OR PARISH 13. STATE
12 miles NE of Artesia, New Mexico		Eddy New Mexico
IS DISTANCE FROM PROPOSED LOCATION TO NEAREST	16.NO. OF ACRES IN LEASE	17.Spacing Unit dedicated to this well
PROPERTY OR LEASE LINE, FT. 1310'	960.00	320
(Also to nearest drig, unit line if any) 18 DISTANCE FROM PROPOSED LOCATION*	19.PROPOSED DEPTH	20.BLM/BIA Bond No. on file
TO NEAREST WELL, DRILLING, COMPLETED, OR APPLIED FOR, ON THIS LEASE, FT.	9,800'	UT-1195
21 ELEVATIONS (Show whether DF, RT, GR, etc.)	22. APPROX. DATE WORK WILL START*	23. Estimated duration
3,587'	July 15	45 days
	24. Attachments	his 6
The following, completed in accordance with the requirement	s of Onshore Off and Gas Order No. 1, shall be attached to b	
1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.	4. Bond to cover the operation above).	ns unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20
 A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest S 	ystem Lands, the SUPO 5. Operator certification.	
shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).	 Such other site specific info officer. 	prmation and/or plans as may be required by the authorized
Devon Energy proposes to drill a Devonian well to TD	9,800' \pm for commercial quantities of gas. If the well is d	eemed noncommercial, the well bore will be
plugged and abandoned per Federal regulations. Progra	ms to adhere to onshore oil and gas regulations are outlin	ned in the following exhibits and attachments.
PETS: W	TNESS 13318" CSG CEMENT	JOB
Drilling Program Surface Use and Operating Plan		icable terms, conditions, stipulations
Exhibit #1 = Blowout Prevention Equipment	and restrictions concerning operation	ations conducted on the leased land or:
Exhibit $#2 =$ Location and Elevation Plat	portions thereof, as described ab	ove
Exhibit #3 = Road Map and Topo Map Exhibit #4 = Wells Within 1 Mile Radius	1	PPROVAL SUBJECT TO
Exhibit #5 = Rotary Rig Layout	Bond Coverage: Nationwide	ENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND
Exhibit #6 = Casing Design	BLM Bond #: CO-UT-1195	PECIAL STIPULATIONS
Exhibit #7 = H ₂ S Operating Plan Exhibit #8 = Archeological clearance report		ATTACHED
Rosw	ell Controlled Water Basin ATTACHED	ATTAOLED
25 Signature	Name (Printed/Typed) Karen Cottom	Date
Kasta (RHOM		411au 17, 2001
Title Engineering Technician		U^{*}
Approved by / State ESLIE A. THEISS	Name (Printed/Typed) LESLIE A. THEISS	Date JUL 2 4 2001
	05500	
	CARLSBAD FIELD OF	FICE
FIELD MANAGER		
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the appl operations thereon.		
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	API	PROVAL FOR 1 YEAR

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001, makes it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction

DRILLING PROGRAM

Attached to Form 3160-3 Devon SFS Operating, Inc. CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2 (C) 1310' FNL & 1730' FWL, Section 20, T-16-S, R-28-E Eddy County, New Mexico

1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation

Alluvium

2. Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers

Premier	1800'
Abo	5300'
Wolfcamp	6500'
Atoka	8900'
Morrow	9200'
Mississippian	9600'
TD	±9,800'

3. Estimated Depths of Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil or Gas

The estimated depths at which water, oil and gas will be encountered are as follows.

Water:None expected in areaGas:Morrow @ 9200' - 9,600'

No other formations are expected to yield oil, gas or fresh water in measurable volumes. The surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 13 3/8" casing at 500' and 8 5/8" casing at 2000' and circulating cement back to surface. The oil and gas intervals will be isolated by setting 5 1/2" casing at TD and bringing cement top to approximately 7000'.

CROW FLAT 20FEDERAL COM #2 DRILLING PLAN PAGE 2

4. Casing Program

			BURST	COLLAPSE	TENSION	TORQUE	E
			PSI	PSI	LBS	FT-LBS	
<u>INTERVALS</u>	<u>LENGTH</u>	CASING	<u>(DF)</u>	<u>(DF)</u>	<u>(DF)</u>	<u>(DF)</u>	
<u>Surface</u> 0 - 500'	500'	13 3/8" 48# H-40 STC	1730 (5.71)	740 (3.39)	322M (13.4)	3220	WITNESS
Intermediate							
$\overline{0-2000}$ '	2000'	8 5/8" 32# J-55 STC	3930	2530	372M	4020	
			(2.58)	(2.56)	(5.81)		
Production							
0 - 1700'	1700'	5 1/2" 17# L-80 LTC	7740	5673	338M	3410	
			(1.45)	(5.8)	(2.03)		
1700' - 7500'	5800'	5 1/2" 17# J-55 LTC	4810	3926	217M	2390	
			(1.16)	(1.15)	(1.79)		
7500' - 9800'	2300'	5 1/2" 17# L-80 LTC	7740	6290	338M	3410	
			(3.74)	(1.18)	(8.64)		

Cementing Program

<u>Oementing ra</u>	ogram		YIELD			WOC
HOLE SIZE	DEPTH	CEMENT	<u>CF/SX</u>	<u>% EXCESS</u>	TOC	<u>HRS</u>
<u>Surface</u>					_	
17 ½"	500'	Lead: 210 sxs lite + 2% CACL2 +1/4#/sx celloflk (12.7#/gal)	1.88	100	Surf.	18
		Tail: 250 sxs Cl "C" + 2% CaCl2 + 1/4#/sx celloflk (14.8#/gal)	1.35			
Intermediate						
11"	2000'	Lead: 506 sxs lite + 5% +1/4#/sx celloflk (12.7#/gal)	2.1	100	Surf.	12
		Tail: 250 sxs Cl "C" + 2% CaCl2 + 1/4#/sx celloflk (14.8#/gal)	1.35			
Production						
7 7/8"	9800'	Lead: 578 sx Class H w/3% KCl + 1% FL-25 + .1% sodium metasillicate + 5#/sx gilsonite + ¼#/sx celloflake + .003 gal/sx FP-13L	1.6	30	7000'	24

The cement volumes for the 5 1/2" casing will be revised pending the caliper measurement from the open hole logs.

5. Minimum Specifications for Pressure Control

CROW FLAT 20FEDERAL COM #2 DRILLING PLAN PAGE 3

The blowout preventer equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a double ram type preventer and a bag-type (Hydril) preventer. Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventer will be equipped with blind rams and 5 1/2" drill pipe rams. A 3000 psi WP BOP will be installed on the 13 3/8" casing and tested per order #2. This BOP will be utilized until the 8 5/8" casing is run. A 5000 psi WP BOP will be installed on the 8 5/8" casing and utilized continuously until total depth is reached. As per BLM Drilling Operations Order #2, prior to drilling out the 8 5/8" casing shoe, the BOP's and Hydril will be tested.

Pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These functional tests will be documented on the daily drillers log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated in the drilling spool below the ram-type BOP. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines and choke manifold having 5000 psi WP rating.

6. Types and Characteristics of the Proposed Mud System

The well will be drilled to total depth brine with starch mud systems. Depths of systems are as follows.

Depth	Туре	<u>Weight</u>	Viscosity (1/sec)	Water Loss
0'-2000'	Fresh Water	(ppg)	40	<u>(cc)</u>
2000' – 5200'	Fresh Water	8.5	40	No control
5200' – 8800'	Cut Brine	8.5	35-40	No control
8800' – TD	CutBrine/Starc	9.0	38-40	No control
	h	9.2 – 9.8		6 - 10

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

7. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment

- A. A kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- B. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.

8. Logging, Testing and Coring Program

- A. Drill stem tests may be run on potential pay interval.
- B. The open hole electrical logging program will be as follows.
 - 1) DLL/MSFL/GR from total depth to base of intermediate casing.
 - 2) CNL/LDT/GR from total depth to base of intermediate casing with CNL/GR to surface.
- C. No coring program is planned.
- D. Additional testing will be initiated subsequent to setting the 5 1/2" production casing. Specific intervals will be targeted based on log evaluation, geological sample shows and drill stem tests.

9. Abnormal Pressures, Temperatures and Potential Hazards

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are foreseen. The anticipated bottom hole temperature at total depth is 168 degrees and maximum bottom hole pressure is 4312 psi. No Hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. No major loss circulation intervals have been encountered in adjacent wells.

10. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations

Road and location preparation will not be undertaken until approval has been received from the BLM. If approved, this well will be drilled as part of a development project. The anticipated spud date for the project is in July 2001. The drilling operation should require approximately 45 days. If the well is deemed productive, completion operations will require, at minimum, an additional 30 days of testing to ascertain whether permanent production facilities will be constructed.

SURFACE USE AND OPERATING PLAN

Attached to Form 3160-3 CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2 (C) 1310' FNL & 1730' FWL, Section 20, T-16-S, R-28-E

Eddy County, New Mexico

1. Existing Roads

- A. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed **CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2** are reflected on Exhibit #2. This well was staked by Basin Surveys in Hobbs, NM.
- B. All roads into the location are depicted in Exhibit #3. New construction from the existing lease road will be used to access the location. New construction will conform to the specifications outlined in Item #2 below.
- C. Directions to location: From Jct. Hwy 82 & Co. Road 202, go North & North East on 202 for 4.1 miles to a lease road LT at a pipeline metering station; thence go Northwest on lease road along pipelines for 0.1 mile to a lease road RT; thence go Northerly on lease road 2.6 miles, then continue on lease road Easterly & Northeasterly 1.0 mile to the existing Crow Flat 20 Fed Com #1 well pad. From this well travel ¼ mile along newly constructed road to the proposed well.

2. Proposed Access Road

Exhibit #3 shows the existing lease road. Access to this location will require the construction of about 2437' of proposed access road. All new construction will adhere to the following.

- A. The maximum width of the road will be 15'. It will be crowned and made of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- B. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. The average grade will be approximately 1%.
- C. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.

3. Location of Existing Wells

Exhibit #4 shows all existing wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities

- A. In the event the well is found productive, a tank battery would be constructed and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site.
 - 1) If necessary, the well will be operated by means of an electric prime mover. Electric power poles will be set along side of the access road.
 - 2) A gas pipeline (sales Line) is anticipated to be constructed to the side of the road within the same row.
 - 3) The tank battery, all connections and all lines will adhere to API standards.
- B. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows.
 - 1) The reserve pit will be back-filled after the contents of the pit are dry (within 120 days after completion, weather permitting).
 - Caliche from unused portions of the drilling pad will be removed. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured to the original natural state.

5. Location and Type of Water Supply

The CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2 will be drilled using a combination of brine and fresh water mud systems (outlined in Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial sources and will be transported over the existing and proposed roads. No water well will be drilled on the location.

6. Source of Construction Materials

All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM approved pit. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.

7. Methods of Handling Water Disposal

- A. Drill cuttings will be disposed into the reserve pit.
- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud tanks. The reserve pit will contain excess drilling fluid or fluid from the well during drilling, cementing and completion operations. The reserve pit will be an earthen pit roughly 125' x 125' x 6', or smaller, in size.
- C. The reserve pit will be fenced on three sides throughout drilling operations and will be totally isolated upon removal of the rotary rig. The pit will be lined using a 5-7 mil plastic to minimize loss of drilling fluids and saturation of the ground with brine water used during drilling.
- D. Water produced from the well during completion operations will be disposed into a steel tank or reserve pit, if volumes prove excessive. After placing the well on production through the production facilities, all water will be collected in tanks. Produced oil will be separated into steel stock tanks until sold.
- E. A portable chemical toilet will be available on the location for human waste during the drilling operations.
- F. Garbage, trash and waste paper produced during drilling operations will be collected in a contained trailer and disposed at an approved landfill. All waste material will be contained to prevent scattering by the wind. All water, fluids, salt or other chemicals will be disposed into the reserve pit. No toxic waste or hazardous chemicals will be generated by this operation.
- G. All waste material will be removed within 30 days after the well is either completed or abandoned. The reserve pit will be completely fenced until it has dried. At the point the reserve pit is found sufficiently dry, it will be backfilled and reclaimed as per BLM specifications. Only the portion of the drilling pad used by the production equipment (pumping unit and tank battery) will remain in use. If the well is deemed non-commercial only a dry hole marker will remain.

8. Ancillary Facilities

No permanent campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

9. Well Site Layout

- A. The drilling pad is shown on Exhibit #5 The pad, pits and general location of the rig equipment are displayed. Top soil will be stored adjacent to the pad until reclamation efforts are undertaken. Only modest cuts will be necessary to build the pad which will be covered with 6" of compacted caliche.
- B. No permanent living facilities are planned, but temporary trailers for the tool pusher, drilling foreman and mud logger may be on location throughout drilling operations.
- C. The reserve pit will be lined using plastic sheeting of 5-7 mil thickness.

10. Plans for Restoration of Surface

- A. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The reserve pit area will be broken out and leveled after drying to a condition where these efforts are feasible. The original top soil will be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography.
- B. The pit lining will be buried or hauled away in order to return the location and road to their pristine nature. All pits will be filled and location leveled, weather permitting, within 120 days after abandonment.
- C. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- D. The reserve pit will be fenced on three sides throughout drilling operations. After the rotary rig is removed, the reserve pit will be fenced on the fourth side to preclude endangering wildlife. The fencing will be in place until the pit is reclaimed.

E. If the well is deemed commercially productive, the reserve pit will be restored as described in 10 (A) within 120 days subsequent to the completion date. Caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drilling pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drilling pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.

11. Surface Ownership

The well site is owned by the Bureau of Land Management.

Road routes have been approved by the BLM.

The surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

12. Other Information

- A. The project area is located in a relatively flat area. The top soil at the wellsite is sandy. Vegetation in the area is moderately sparse, with prairie grasses, some mesquite bushes, and shinnery oak. No wildlife was observed but it is likely that deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.
- B. There is no permanent water in the immediate area.
- C. Land use is for oil and gas production, grazing and hunting.
- D. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by Southern New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc. and forwarded to the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

13. Lessee's and Operator's Representative

The Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

Jim Linville	Don Mayberry
Sr. Operations Engineer	Superintendent
Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.	Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.
20 North Broadway, Suite 1500	Post Office Box 250
Oklahoma City, OK 73102-8260	Artesia, NM 88211-0250
(405) 228-4261 (office)	(505) 748-3371 (office)
(405) 936-9231 (home)	(505) 746-4945 (home)

Certification

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that the statements made in this plan are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed by Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. and its contractors and subcontractors in conformity with this plan and the terms and conditions under which it is approved.

Signed:

Jim Linville / Sr. Operations Engineer

Date: May 17, 2001

Attachment to Exhibit #1 NOTES REGARDING BLOWOUT PREVENTERS Devon SFS Operating, Inc. CROW FLAT 20 FEDERAL COM #2 (C) 1310' FNL & 1730' FWL, Section 20, T-16-S, R-28-E Eddy County, New Mexico

- 1. Drilling nipple will be constructed so it can be removed mechanically without the aid of a welder. The minimum internal diameter will equal BOP bore.
- 2. Wear ring will be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blowout preventer and all associated fittings will be in operable condition to withstand a minimum 3000 psi working pressure while drilling below the 13 3/8" casing and 5000 psi WP while drilling below the 8 5/8" casing.
- 4. All fittings will be flanged.
- 5. A full bore safety valve tested to a minimum 5000 psi WP with proper thread connections will be available on the rotary rig floor at all times.
- 6. All choke lines will be anchored to prevent movement.
- 7. All BOP equipment will be equal to or larger in bore than the internal diameter of the last casing string.
- 8. Will maintain a kelly cock attached to the kelly.
- 9. Hand wheels and wrenches will be properly installed and tested for safe operation.
- 10. Hydraulic floor control for blowout preventer will be located as near in proximity to driller's controls as possible.
- 11. All BOP equipment will meet API standards and include a minimum 40 gallon accumulator having two independent means of power to initiate closing operation.

3,000 psl Working Pressure

3

3 MWP

STACK REQUIREMENTS

No.	llem		Min. I.D.	Min. Nominal				
1	Flowline							
2	Fill up line		2*					
3	Drilling nipple	Drilling nipple						
4	Annular preventer	Annular preventer						
5	Two single or one dual hy operated rams							
6a	Drilling spool with 2" min. 3" min choke line outlets							
65	2" min. kill line and 3" ml outlets in ram. (Alternate							
7	Valve	3-1/8*						
	Gale valve-power opera	led	3-1/8"					
9	Line to choke manifold			3.				
10	Valves	Gate 🗆 Plug 🖸	2-1/16"					
11	Check valve		2-1/16"					
12	Casing head		1					
13	Valve	1-13/16*						
14	Pressure gauge with nee							
15	Kill line to rig mud pump			2*				



OPTIONAL	
16 Flanged valve	1-13/15"

CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO FURNISH:

- 1.All equipment and connections above bradenhead or casinghead. Working pressure of preventers to be 3,000 psi, minimum.
- Automatic accumulator (80 gailon, minimum) capable of closing BOP in 30 seconds or less and, holding them closed against full rated working pressure.
- 3.BOP controls, to be located near drillers position.
- 4.Kelly equipped with Kelly cock.
- 5-Inside blowout prevventer or its equivalent on derrick floor at all times
- with proper threads to fit pipe being used. 6.Kelly saver-sub equipped with rubber
- casing protector at all times. 7.Plug type blowout preventer tester.
- 8.Extra set pipe rams to lit drill pipe in use
- on location at all times.
- 9. Type RX ring gaskets in place of Type R.

MEC TO FURNISH:

- 1.Bradenhead or casinghead and side valves.
- 2.Wear bushing, if required.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1.Deviations from this drawing may be made only with the express permission of MEC's Drilling Manager.
- 2.All connections, valves, fittings, piping, etc., subject to wall or pump pressure must be flanged (suitable clamp connections acceptable) and have minimum working pressure equal to rated working pressure of preventers up through chore. Valves must be full opening and suitable for high pressure mud service.
- 3.Controls to be of standard design and each marked, showing opening and closing position.
- 4. Chokes will be positioned so as not to hamper or delay changing of choke beans. Replaceable parts for adjustable choke, other bean sizes, retainers, and choke wrenches to be conveniently located for immediate use.
- 5.All values to be equipped with handwheels or handles ready for immediate
- 6. Choke lines must be suitably anchored.

- 7.Handwheels and extensions to be connected and ready for use.
- Valves adjacent to drilling apool to be kept open. Use outside valves except for emergency.
- All seamless steel control piping (3000 psl working pressure) to have flaxible joints to avoid stress. Hoses will be permitted.
- 10.Casinghead connections shall not be used except in case of emergency.
- 11.Do not use kill line for routine Illi-up operations.

EXHIBIT# 1 ..



MINIMUM CHOKE MANIFOLD 3,000, 5,000 and 10,000 PSI Working Pressur

3 MWP - 5 MWP - 10 MWP

EXHIBI

1 #

1



			MINU	NUM REQL	IREMENT	5					
			3,000 MWP			5,000 MWP			10,000 MWP		
No.		1.D.	NOMINAL	RATING	1.D.	NOMINAL	RATING	1.D.	NOMINAL	BATING	
1	Line from drilling spool		3.	3,000		3-	5,000		3.	10,000	
. 2	Cross 3"x3"x3"x2"			3,000			5,000		1		
	Cross 3"x3"x3"x3"									10,000	
3	Valves(1) Gate Plug (2)	3-1/8-		3,000	3-1/8*		5,000	3-1/8-		10,000	
4	Gate □ Valve Plug □(2)	1-13/16*		3,000	1-13/16*		5,000	1-13/16*		10,000	
4a	Valves(1)	2.1/16-		3,000	2-1/16"	1	5,000	3-1/8*		10.000	
5	Pressure Gauge			3,000			5,000			10,000	
6	Gate C Volves Plug (2)	J-1/8-		3,000	3-1/8*		5,000	3-1/8*		10,000	
7	Adjustable Choke(3)	2*		3,000	2*	1	5,000	2"		10,000	
8	Adjustable Choke	1*		3,000	1*		5,000	2"		10,000	
9	Line		י פי	3,000		3-	5,000		3-	10,000	
10	Line		2-	3,000		2*	5,000		3-	10,000	
11	Gate C Valves Plug C(2)	3-1/6*		3,000	3-1/8*		5,000	3-1/8-		10,000	
12	Lines		3-	1,000		3*	1,000	<u></u>	3*	2.000	
13	Lines		3-	1,000		3-	1,000	•	3*	2,000	
14	Remote reading compound standpipe pressure gauge			3.000			5,000	•		10,000	
15	Gas Separator	1	2'x5'			2'x5'			2'x5'		
16	Lina		4-	1,000		4-	1,000		4"	2,000	
17	Valves Gale [] Plug [](2)	3-1/8-		3,000	3-1/8*		5,000	3-1/8*		10,000	

(1) Only one required in Class 3M.

(2) Gate valves only shall be used for Class 10M.

(3) Remote operated hydraulic choke required on 5,000 psl and 10,000 psi for drilling.

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All connections in choke manifold shall be welded, studded, flanged or Cameron clamp of comparable rating.
- 2. All flanges shall be API 68 or 6BX and ring gaskets shall be API RX or BX. Use only BX for 10 MWP.
- 3. All lines shall be securely anchored.
- 4. Chokes shall be equipped with tungsten carbide seats and needles, and replacements shall be available.
- 5. Choke manifold pressure and standpipe pressure gauges shall be available at the choke manifold to assist in regulating chokes. As an alternate with automatic chokes, a choke manifold pressure gauge shall be located on the rig floor in conjunction with the standpipe pressure gauge.
- 6. Line from drilling spool to choke manifold should be as straight as possible. Lines downstream from chokes shall make turns by large bends or 90° bends using buil plugged locs.
- 7. Discharge lines from chokes, choke bypass and from top of gas separator should vent as far as practical from the well.

DISTRICT I 1625 M. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 DISTRICT II 811 South First, Artesia, NM 88210

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Axtec, NM 87410

DISTRICT IV 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, NM 87505

EXHIBIT #2 State of New Mexico

Form C-102 Revised March 17, 1999

Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit to Appropriate District Office State Lease - 4 Copies Fee Lease - 3 Copies

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

2040 South Pacheco

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2088

AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

API	Number		Pool Code Pool Name 75720 CROW FLATS; MORROW							
Property (Code	[Prop	rty Nam		<u> </u>	Well N	umber
				CROW F	FLAT "2	20" C	OM FEDERAL		2	
OGRID No		<u> </u>			Орега	tor Nam	e		Eleva	
20305	5			DEVO	SFS	OPER	ATING, INC.		358	57 '
					Surfac	e Loca	ation			
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet fro	m the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
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			Bottom	Hole Loc	ation I	f Diffe	rent From Sur	face		
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet fro	m the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
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Dedicated Acres 320	s Joint o	r Infill Co	nsolidation	Lode Ur	ler NG.					
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PROPOSED ROAD TO THE CROW FLATS "20" COM. FED. #2 Section 20, Township 16 South, Range 28 East, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico.

	P.O. Box 1786	W.O. Number: 1407AA - KJG CD#3	DEVON
DASIN	HODDS, New Maxico COZ41	Survey Date: 04-26-2001	SFS OPERATING,
Surveys	(505) 393-7316 - Office (505) 392-3074 - Fox	Scale: 1" = 2000'	
focused on excellence In the olifield	basinsurveys.com	Date: 04-30-2001	110:

Q 'G' ON dog ... CROW FLAT "20" COM FEDERAL #2 Located at 1310' FNL and 1730' FWL Section 20, Township 16 South, Range 28 East, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico. W.O. Number: 1313AA - KJG CD#4 DEVON P.O. Box 1786 1120 N. West County Rd. Survey Date: 03-31-2001 SFS OPERATING, Hobbs, New Mexico 88241 (505) 393-7316 - Office Scale: 1" = 2 MILES INC. (505) 392-3074 - Fox used on excelle in the oilfield Date: 04-02-2001 basinsurveys.com





	devon
Z	Drilling Pad EXHIBIT 5

Well name:	ie:			Crov	Crow Flat 20-2	7			Γ
Operator: String type:	Devon e: Surface								
Design paran Collapse Mud weight:	Design parameters: <u>Collapse</u> Mud weight: Door is bot:	8.400 ppg	bdd.	Minimum design factors <u>Collapse:</u> Design factor 1.125	esign fact	: tors: 1.125	Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bodrom holo tomocreture:	: 1? ature:	No 75 °F 82 °E
- Gesidi		Design is based on evacuated pipe.	Ď	<u>Burst:</u> Design factor		1.00	Dottoin note temperature Temperature gradient: Minimum section length; Minimum Drift:	adient: adient: in length: 2	02 F 1.40 °F/100ft 500 ft 2.250 in
<u>Burst</u> Max ar pres Interna Calcula	rst Max anticipated surface pressure: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP	ace 303 psi 0.018 psi/ft 312 psi	psi psi/ft	Tension: 8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC:		1.80 (J) 1.80 (J)	Non-directional string.	string.	
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				Tension is based on air weight. Neutral point: 439 ft	sed on air v	veight. 439 ft	Next setung deput. Next mud weight: Next setting BHP: Fracture depth: Injection pressure		12,000 tr 10,030 ppg 12,000 ppg 312 psi 312 psi
Run Seq	Segment Length (ft) 500	No Size W (in) (II 13.375 45	Nominal Weight (Ibs/ft) 48.00	Grade H-40	End Finish ST&C	True Vert Depth (ft) 500	Measured Depth Di (ft) 500	Drif t Diameter (in) 12.59	Est. Cost (\$) 6201
Remarks.		Devon Energy					Date: Oklahom	Date: April 25,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma)01 thoma
Collapse i Collapse i	is based on a v strength is base	Collapse is based on a vertical depth of Collapse strength is based on the Westc	500 ft, a n ott, Dunioj	nud weight of 8.4 p & Kemler meth	4 ppg The co od of biaxial	asing is conside correction for t	Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 500 ft, a mud weight of 8.4 ppg The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.	ted for collap	se purposes.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Well name:	me:			່ວັ	Crow Flat 20-2	-2			
Operator: String type:	or: Devon ype: Surface	on ace							
Design p Collapse Mud w Design	Design parameters: <u>Collapse</u> Mud weight: Design is based on	evacuat	8.400 ppg ed pipe.	Minimum d Collapse: Design factor	esign fac	tors: 1.125	Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperatur Temperature oradient:	Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient:	No 75 °F 82 °F 1.40 °F/100ft
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Max pr Interr Calcu	Maranticipated surface Maresure: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP		303 psi 0.018 psi/ft 312 psi	<u>Tension:</u> 8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC:	üü	(J)	Non-directional string.	nal string.	
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Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi) 218	Collapse Strength (psi) 740	Collapse Design Factor 3.39	Burst Load (psi) 303	Burst Strength (psi) 1730	Burst Design Factor 5.71	Tension Load (kips) 24	Tension Strength (kips) 322	Tension Design Factor 13.42 J
orte: Construction		Devon Energy					D Oklah	Date: April 25,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	001 ahoma
Collapse	s. e is based on e strength is t	a vertical dep based on the ¹	oth of 500 ft, a l Westcott, Dunlo	mud weight of pp & Kemler m	8.4 ppg The c ethod of biaxial	asing is consil correction for	dered to be evac tension.	Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 500 ft, a mud weight of 8.4 ppg The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.	pse purposes.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

75 °F 103 °F 1.40 °F/100ft 12.000 ppg 6,109 psi 15.000 ppg 2,001 ft 1,559 psi Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2000 ft, a mud weight of 9.5 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension. 9,800 ft **(\$)** 15959 500 ft 7.875 in Est. Cost Date: April 25,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma å Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient: Minimum section length: Minimum Drift: Re subsequent strings: Diameter Next setting depth: Next mud weight: Next setting BHP: Fracture mud wt: Fracture depth: Non-directional string. 7.875 Injection pressure Surface temperature: Drift (in) H2S considered? Environment: Measured Depth **(#)** True Vert Depth **5**000 1.80 (J) 1.80 (J) 1.50 (J) 1.50 (J) Tension is based on air weight. Neutral point: 1,718 ft 1.125 1.00 Minimum design factors: Crow Flat 20-2 ST&C Finish End Tension: 8 Round STC: <u>Burst:</u> Design factor Round LTC: Design factor Neutral point: Body yield: Premium: Collapse: Buttress: Grade J-55 Weight Nominal (**Ibs/ft**) 32.00 1,523 psi 0.018 psi/ft 9.500 ppg 8.40 ppg 1,559 psi Design is based on evacuated pipe. Devon Energy 8.625 Intermediate Size (ii Max anticipated surface Devon Design parameters: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP Annular backup: Segment (ft) 2000 pressure: Mud weight: String type: Well name: Operator: Remarks: Collapse Burst Run Seq

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

75 °F 103 °F 1.40 °F/100ft 12.000 ppg 6,109 psi 15.000 ppg 2,001 ft 1,559 psi Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2000 ft, a mud weight of 9.5 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension. 9,800 ft Factor 5.81 J Tension Design 500 ft 7.875 in Date: April 25,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma å Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient: Minimum section length: Minimum Drift: Re subsequent strings: Next setting depth: Tension Strength Next mud weight: Next setting BHP: Fracture mud wt: Fracture depth: Non-directional string. (kips) 372 injection pressure Surface temperature: H2S considered? Environment: Tension **(kips)** 64 Load Burst Design Factor 2.58 1.80 (J) 1.60 (J) 1.50 (J) 1.60 (B) Tension is based on air weight. Neutral point: 1,718 ft 1.125 1.00 Minimum design factors: Crow Flat 20-2 (**psi**) 3930 Strength Burst <u>Burst:</u> Design factor 8 Round STC: Round LTC: Neutral point: Design factor Body yield: Premium: Collapse: Tension: Buttress: (**psi**) 1523 Burst Load Collapse Design Factor 1,523 psi 0.018 psi/ft 1,559 psi 9.500 ppg 8.40 ppg 2.56 Mud weight: Design is based on evacuated pipe. Devon Energy Collapse Strength 2530 Intermediate (psi) Max anticipated surface Design parameters: Devon Internal gradient: Calculated BHP Annular backup: Collapse Load **(bsi**) 987 pressure: String type: Well name Operator: Remarks: Collapse Burst Run Seq

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Well name:				Cre	Crow Flat 20-2	0-2			
Operator: String type:	or: Devon ype: Production	n uction				-			
Design	Design parameters:	ŝ		Minimum	Minimum design factors:	tors:	Environment:	nt: 	
Collapse Mud w Design	<u>liabse</u> Mud weight: Design is based on evacuated pipe.	n evacu:	10.500 ppg ated pipe.	<u>collapse:</u> Design factor		1.125	Description of the second of t	berature: berature: temperature: gradient:	75 °F 212 °F 1.40 °F/100ft
				<u>Burst:</u> Design factor	or	1.00			11 000,1
Burst Max pr Interr	rst Max anticipated surface pressure: Internal gradient:	urface	5,324 psi 0.002 psi/ft	Tension:			Non-directional string.	nal string.	
Calc	Calculated BHP		5,345 psi	8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC:	ijċ	1.80 (J) 1.80 (J)			
Annı	Annular backup:		8.40 ppg	Buttress: Premium: Body yield:	ÿ	1.60 (J) 1.50 (J) 1.60 (B)			
				Tension is ba Neutral point:	sed on air	- weight. 8,240 ft			
				Estimated cost:		47,814 (\$)			
Run	Segment		Nominal		End	True Vert	Measured	Drift	Est.
Seq	Length (ft)	Size (in)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Grade	Finish	Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	Diameter (in)	Cost (\$)
ю 0	1700 5800	5.5 5.5	17.00 17.00	L-80 J-55	LT&C LT&C	1700 7500	1700 7500	4.767 4.767	10771 22470
,	Dev	Devon Enerav	2				Oklaho	Date: April 26,2001 Oklahoma Citv. Oklahoma	001 ahoma
Remarks	(S:	-		9 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		-			
Collaps Collaps	e is based on a e strength is ba	a vertical (ased on th	Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 9800 ft, a mud weight of 10.5 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.	a mud weight of op & Kemler me	10.5 ppg Th	e casing is con: I correction for t	sidered to be ev ension.	acuated for col	lapse purposes.

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Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Well name: Operator: String type:		Devon Production		č	Crow Flat 20-2	-2			
Design F Collapse Mud w Design	Design parameters: <u>Collapse</u> Mud weight: Design is based on evacuated pipe.	evacus	10.500 ppg ated pipe.	Minimum d <u>Collapse:</u> Design factor	esign fac	:tors: 1.125	Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperatu Temperature gradient:	t ture:	No 75 °F 212 °F 1.40 °F/100ft
Burst				<u>Burst:</u> Design factor	tor	1.00			
nax pi Calo	wax anticipated surface pressure: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP		5,324 psi 0.002 psi/ft 5,345 psi	<u>Tension:</u> 8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC:	ÖÖ	1.80 (J) 1.80 (J)	Non-directional string.	nal string.	
Annı	Annular backup:		8.40 ppg	Buttress: Premium: Body yield:	5	1.60 (J) 1.50 (J) 1.60 (B)			
				Tension is ba Neutral point:	sed on air	weight. 8,240 ft			
				Estimated cost:		47,814 (\$)			
-	2300	5.5	17.00	L-80	LT&C	9800	9800	4.767	14573
Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi)	Collapse Strength (psi)	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Load (psi)	Burst Strength (psi)	Burst Design Factor	Tension Load (kips)	Tension Strength (kips)	Tension Design Factor
		Devon Energy					Oklah	Date: April 26,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	:001 ahoma
Remarks: Collapse i Collapse	cs: e is based on e strength is t	a vertical der	Remarks: Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 9800 ft, a mud weight of 10.5 ppg. The casing is considered Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.	a mud weight o pp & Kemler m	f 10.5 ppg Th ethod of biaxial	e casing is cor correction for	isidered to be e tension.	vacuated for col	Remarks: Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 9800 ft, a mud weight of 10.5 ppg The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Well name: Operator: Devon String type: Production	stion		Crow	Crow Flat 20-2	4			
Design parameters: <u>Collapse</u> Mud weight: 10.500 pl Design is based on evacuated pipe.	evacué	10.500 ppg ated pipe.	Minimum design factors: <u>Collapse:</u> Design factor 1.125	esign factu 1.	: tors : 1.125	Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient: Minimum section lencth	t: tr	No 75 °F 212 °F 1.40 °F/100ft
			<u>Burst:</u> Design factor		1.00			
Burst Max anticipated surface pressure: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP	rface	5,324 psi 0.002 psi/ft 5,345 psi	Tension: 8 Round STC: 8 Pound 1 TC:		1.80 (J) 1.80 (J)	Non-directional string.	ıl string.	
Annular backup:		8.40 ppg	Buttress: Premium: Body yield:		1.60 (J) 1.50 (J) 1.60 (B)			
			Tension is based on air weight. Neutral point: 8,240 ft	ised on air v 8	weight. 8,240 ft			
			Estimated cost:		47,814 (\$)			
3 927 2 4091 1 5345	5376 4692 6290	5.80 1.15 1.18	5324 4586 2068	7740 5320 7740	1.45 1.16 3.74	166.6 137.7 39.1	338 247 338	2.03 J 1.79 J 8.64 J
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Burst strength is not ad	iusted fo	not adjusted for tension.						

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Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

AHIBIT # 7

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION

HYDROGEN SULFIDE DRILLING OPERATIONS PLAN

A. Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All rig crews and company personnel will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to penetrating any hydrogen sulfide bearing formations during drilling operations:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H2S).
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of the H2S safety equipment and of personal protective equipment to be utilized at the location such as H2S detection monitors, alarms and warning systems, and breathing equipment. Briefing areas and evacuation procedures will also be discussed and established.
- 3. Proper rescue techniques and procedures will be discussed and established.

In addition to the above, supervisory personnel will be trained in the prevention of oil and gas well blowouts in accordance with Minerals Management Service Standards Subpart - 0 - 250 - 212.

Prior to penetrating any known H2S bearing formation, H2S training will be required at the rig sight for all rig crews and company personnel that have not previously received such training. This instruction will be provided by a qualified instructor with each individual being required to pass a 20 question test regarding H2S safety procedures. All contract personnel employed on an unscheduled basis will be required to have received appropriate H2S training.

This Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling And Operations Plan shall be available at the wellsite during drilling operations.

B. H2S Safety Equipment And Systems

All H2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling operations reach a depth approximately 500' above any known or probable H2S bearing formation. The safety systems to be utilized during drilling operations are as follows:

1. Well Control Equipment

- (a) Double ram BOP with a properly sized closing unit and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes in use.
- (b) A choke manifold with a minimum of one remote choke.
- 2. H2S Detection And Monitoring Equipment
 - (a) Three (3) H2S detection monitors will be placed in service at the location. One monitor will be placed near the bell nipple on the rig floor; one will be placed at the rig substructure; and, one will be at the working mud pits or shale shaker. This monitoring system will have warning lights and audible alarms that will alert personnel when H2S levels reach 10 ppm.
 - (b) One (1) Sensidyne Pump with the appropriate detection tubes will also be available to perform spot checks for H2S concentrations in any remote or isolated areas.

3. Protective Equipment For Essential Personnel

Protective equipment will consist of the following:

- (a) Four (4) five minute escape packs located at strategic points around the rig.
- (b) Two (2) thirty minute rescue packs to be located at the designated briefing areas.
- 4. Visual Warning System

Visual warning system will consist of the following:

- (a) Two wind direction indicators.
- (b) One condition / warning sign which will be posted on the road providing direct access to the location. The sign will contain lettering of sufficient size to be readable at a reasonable distance from the immediate location. The sign will inform the public that a hydrogen sulfide gas environment could be encountered at the location.

5. Mud Program

- (a) The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices (for example, keeping the hole filled during trips) will minimize hazards when drilling in H2S bearing formations.
- 6. Metallurgy
 - (a) All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.

7. Communication

(a) Two way radio and cellular telephone communication will be available in company vehicles.

C. Diagram of Drilling Location

1. Attached is a diagram representing a typical location layout as well as the location of H2S monitors, briefing areas, and wind direction indicators.

1



SAFE BRIEFING AREAS WITH CAUTION SIGNS AND PROTECTIVE BREATHING EQUIPMENT



