Well name: Operator: **Devon Energy** String type: Intermediate

Crow Flat 20-4

Design parameters: <u>Collapse</u> Mud weight: 10.100 ppg Design is based on evacuated pipe. <u>Burst</u>				Minimum design factors: <u>Collapse:</u> Design factor 1.125			Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient: Minimum section length:		No 75 °F 103 °F 1.40 °F/100ft 500 ft
				Burst: Design factor 1.00		1.00	·····		
Max anticipated surface pressure: 1,760 psi Internal gradient: 0.120 psi/ft Calculated BHP 2,000 psi No backup mud specified.				<u>Tension:</u> 8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC: Buttress: Premium:		1.80 (J) 1.80 (J) 1.60 (J) 1.50 (J)	Non-directional string.		
			Tension is based on air weig		1.60 (B) weight. 1,700 ft	Re subsequent strings: Next setting depth: Next mud weight: Next setting BHP: Fracture mud wt: Fracture depth: Injection pressure		9,800 ft 9.600 ppg 4,887 psi 19.250 ppg 2,000 ft 2,000 psi	
Run	Segment		Nominal		End	True Vert	Measured	Drift	Est.
Seq	Length (ft)	Size (in)	Weight (Ibs/ft)	Grade	Finish	Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	Diameter (in)	Cost (\$)
1	2000	8.625	32.00	J-55	ST&C	2000	2000	7.875	15958
Run Seq 1	Collapse Load (psi) 1049	Collapse Strength (psi) 2530		Burst Load (psi) 2000	Burst Strength (psi) 3930	Burst Design Factor 1.97	Tension Load (kips) 64	Tension Strength (kips) 372	Tension Design Factor 5.81 J

Prepared Terry Henderson by: Devon Energy Date: September 14,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Remarks: Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2000 ft, a mud weight of 10.1 ppg The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Engineering responsibility for use of this design will be that of the purchaser.