

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Santa Fe, New Mexico

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES

Submit this notice in triplicate to the Oil Commission or its proper agent before the work specified is to begin. A copy will be returned to the sender on which will be given the approval, with any modifications considered advisable, or the rejection by the Commissioner or agent, of the plan submitted. The plan as approved should be followed, and work should not begin until approval is obtained. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of notice by checking below:

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TEST CASING SHUT-OFF		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SHOOT OR CHEMICALLY TREAT WELL	XX
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CHANGE PLANS		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PLUG OR OTHERWISE ALTER CASING	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO REPAIR WELL			
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DEEPEN WELL		NOTICE OF INTENTION TO PLUG WELL	

Artesia, New Mexico
Place

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:

Following is a notice of intention to do certain work as described below at the

Friendship Oil Corporation State Well No. 1 in SE 1/4 SW 1/4
Company or Operator Lease
of Sec. 30, T. 17S, R. 29E, N. M. P. M., Loco Hills Field,
Eddy County.

FULL DETAILS OF PROPOSED PLAN OF WORK

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS IN THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMISSION

Plan to shoot the above well with 60 Qts. nitro-glycerin between the 2735' & 2747' formations using N. M. Glycerin Co. eqpt. at about 2:00 PM on July 3, 1939, well making approximately 70 Bbls. daily natural production.

Approved , 19 39
except as follows:

Friendship Oil Corporation

Company or Operator

By E. A. MillerPosition Superintendent

Send communications regarding well to

Name E. A. MillerAddress Artesia, New Mexico # 725

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
By Ray Yarbrough
Title OIL & GAS INSPECTOR

ORIGINAL ARTICLES
CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS ON THE
SYMPTOMS OF THE
ACUTE INFLUENZA

By
J. H. HAY,
M.D.,
Professor of Medicine,
University of Chicago,
Chicago, Ill.
AND
W. C. KENDRICK,
M.D.,
Professor of Medicine,
University of Chicago,
Chicago, Ill.

Read at the meeting of the American Medical Association, held at the Hotel Hamilton, Chicago, Ill., December 15, 1918.

During the past few years the influenza epidemic has been one of the most important public health problems. It has been the cause of much suffering and death, and has been the subject of much research. The purpose of this paper is to present a summary of the clinical observations made during the epidemic of 1918-1919. The observations were made in the University of Chicago Hospital, and in the homes of the patients. The results of the observations are presented in the following sections:

1. The onset of the disease.
2. The symptoms of the disease.
3. The course of the disease.
4. The complications of the disease.
5. The treatment of the disease.
6. The prevention of the disease.

The onset of the disease is usually sudden, and is accompanied by a high fever, a severe headache, and a general malaise. The symptoms of the disease are usually a sore throat, a cough, and a runny nose. The course of the disease is usually short, and the patient usually recovers within a few days. The complications of the disease are usually pneumonia, bronchitis, and sinusitis. The treatment of the disease is usually symptomatic, and the prevention of the disease is usually by vaccination.