

LITHOLOGICAL ABBREVIATIONS

AN(Y)	ANHYDRITE, ANHYDRITIC	LAM	LAMINATED
AK	ARKOSE, ARKOSIC	LM(Y)	LIMESTONE, LIMY
N	BAND, BANDED	MG	MEDIUM GRAINED
EC	BRECCIA, BRECCIATED	MTX	MATRIX
LC	CALCITE, CALCAREOUS	NOD	NODULE, NODULAR
RB	CARBONACEOUS	QOL	ODOLITIC
	COARSE GRAINED	PISO	PISOLITIC
K(Y)	CHALK, CHALKY	PP	PINPOINT POROSITY
T(Y)	CHERT, CHERTY	PT	PARTING
NGL	CONGLOMERATE, CONGLOMERITIC	PYR	PYRITE, PYRITIC
LN	COARSELY CRYSTALLINE	SD(Y)	SANDSTONE, SANDY
S	DENSE	SH(Y)	SHALE, SHALY
L(C)	DOLOMITE, DOLOMITIC	SHR	SOLID HYDROCARBON RESIDUE
	RANDOMLY ORIENTED FRACTURES	SL/	SLIGHTLY
SS	FINE GRAINED	SLT(Y)	SILTSTONE, SILTY
	FOSSILIFEROUS	STY	STYLOLITE, STYLOLITIC
	FRIABLE	SUC	SUCROSLIC
LN	FINELY CRYSTALLINE	SUL	SULPHUR
L	GALENA	TBFA	TOO BROKEN FOR ANALYSIS
AUC	GLAUCONITE, GLAUCONITIC	TRIP	TRIFOLITE
AN	GRANITE	V/	VERY
AN WASH	GRANITE WASH	VF	PREDOMINANTLY VERTICALLY FRACTURED
P	GYPSEUM, GYPSIFEROUS	VGY	VUGULAR
C	PREDOMINANTLY HORIZONTALLY FRACTURED	XBD	CROSSBEDDED
	INCLUSION	XLN	MEDIUM CRYSTALLINE
TBD	INTERBEDDED	XTL	CRYSTAL

THE FIRST WORD IN THE DESCRIPTION COLUMN OF THE CORE ANALYSIS REPORT DESCRIBES THE ROCK TYPE. FOLLOWING ARE ROCK MODIFIERS IN DECREASING ABUNDANCE AND MISCELLANEOUS DESCRIPTIVE TERMS.