

Place El Paso, Texas
Date Oct. 10, 1946

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E	F	G	H
L	K	J	I
M	N	O	P

Glenn Staley
Proration Office
Hobbs, New Mexico

Designate UNIT well is located in
K

NOTICE OF COMPLETION OF: (Lease) L. C. 061161 (Turner) Well No. 14
feet from line: 1609 feet from line;
Section 1656 Township South Range West
18 806 883

DATE STARTED June 20, 1946
DATE COMPLETED July 14, 1946
ELEVATION 3250
TOTAL DEPTH S.L. 835
CABLE TOOLS Yes ROVARY TOOLS No

CASING RECORD

SIZE <u>8 5/8"</u>	DEPTH <u>362' 0"</u>	SAX CEMENT <u>Ind.</u>
SIZE <u>7"</u>	DEPTH <u>712</u>	SAX CEMENT <u>75</u>
SIZE	DEPTH	SAX CEMENT

TUBING RECORD

SIZE 3" DEPTH 810'

ACID RECORD

NO. GALS. None
NO. GALS.
NO. GALS.

SHOT RECORD

NO. QTS. 50
NO. QTS.
NO. QTS.

FORMATION TOPS

Anhydrite 420
Top Salt 455
Base Salt 630
Red Sand None
Brown Lime 757
White Lime 780
Oil or Gas Pay 804
Water None

Initial Production Test Not tested Pumping Flowing
Test After Acid or Shot xxxx Pumped and flowed 50 bbls per day.

Initial GAS VOLUME Low

SCHEDULE NO. DATE

PIPE LINE TAKING OIL Artesia Pipe Line Co., Artesia, N. M.

REMARKS: COMPANY: George Turner

SIGNED BY: George Turner

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in financial matters. The text suggests that organizations should implement robust systems to track every detail, from small expenses to major investments.

2. The second section focuses on the role of technology in modern record-keeping. It highlights how digital tools can streamline the process, reduce errors, and provide real-time access to data. The author argues that while technology offers significant advantages, it must be used responsibly, with appropriate security measures in place to protect sensitive information.

3. The third part of the document addresses the challenges of data management. It notes that as the volume of data grows, organizations must find ways to organize and analyze it effectively. This involves not only choosing the right tools but also training staff to use them correctly. The text stresses that data is only as good as the processes used to manage it.

4. The fourth section discusses the legal and regulatory requirements surrounding record-keeping. It mentions that various industries have specific rules regarding how long records must be kept and how they should be stored. Organizations must stay up-to-date on these regulations to avoid penalties and ensure compliance.

5. The fifth part of the document explores the ethical implications of data collection and storage. It raises questions about privacy and the potential for misuse of information. The author calls for a balanced approach, where the benefits of data are weighed against the risks to individual rights. Transparency and consent are presented as key principles in this context.

6. The sixth section provides practical advice for implementing a record-keeping system. It suggests starting with a clear plan, identifying the types of records needed, and choosing a system that fits the organization's needs. The text also recommends regular audits to ensure the system is working as intended and to identify areas for improvement.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the importance of training and education. It notes that even the best system is only as good as the people using it. Organizations should invest in training programs to ensure that all staff understand the importance of record-keeping and know how to use the system correctly.

8. The eighth section of the document discusses the future of record-keeping. It mentions emerging technologies like blockchain and artificial intelligence, which have the potential to revolutionize the way we manage data. The author suggests that organizations should keep an eye on these developments and be prepared to adapt their systems as needed.

9. The ninth part of the document discusses the importance of security. It notes that records often contain sensitive information, and organizations must take steps to protect it from unauthorized access. This includes using strong passwords, encrypting data, and implementing firewalls and other security measures.

10. The tenth and final section of the document discusses the importance of backup and recovery. It notes that even the most secure system can be vulnerable to data loss, and organizations must have a plan in place to recover from such an event. Regular backups and a clear recovery process are essential for ensuring business continuity.