## WORK PROCEDURE

## A.F.E. NO. 330

David Fasken-----Indian Hills Unit Well No. 7----Indian Basin (Morrow) Eddy Co., New Mexico

- 1. Move in and rig up deep well service unit.
- 2. Kill well with 3% KCl water.
- 3. Install B.O.P.'s.
- 4. Pull and stand tubing in doubles (305 jts., 9529.59', 2-3/8", N-80 EUE, 8rd with slim hole couplings).
- 5. Run  $4\frac{1}{2}$  gauge ring and junk basket on sand line to 9500 feet (D.D.  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " 11.60#/ft. = 3.875").
- 6. Run Howco 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" retrievable bridge plug and R.T.T.S. on 2-3/8" tubing, set retrievable bridge plug at 9300 ft.
- 7. Pull R.T.T.S. up to 9250 ft., set and test to 2000 psig.
- 8. Release R.T.T.S. and circulate 3 sacks of 20/40 frac sand to top of retrievable bridge plug.
- 9. Pull R.T.T.S. up to 8000', set and test  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " casing for hole, search up hole for casing leak estimated to be between top of cement at 7620' and about 4000 ft.
- 10. When casing leak is pin pointed, patch by circulating and/or squeezing a slurry of Class "C" or Class "H" cement with 5 lbs. salt per sack and 6-8 lbs. No. 3 sand per sack at a slurry weight of 15-16 lbs. per gallon.
- 11. Pull tubing and R.T.T.S.
- 12. Rig up reverse circulating unit and drill cement out of casing.
- 13. Test casing patch to 1500 psig.
- 14. Re-cement if necessary.
- 15. Lower tubing 1500 feet below casing patch.
- 16. Swab fluid out of tubing and tubing-casing annulus to some depth below the casing patch.
- 17. Check fluid level for possible fluid entry after well is idle overnight.