COMPUTERIZED DATA ANALYSIS

APRIL 5, 1977

GENTLEMEN:

THE ENCLOSED TEST APPEARS TO BE A GOOD MECHANICAL DRILL STEM TEST DURING WHICH THE TOOLS DID FUNCTION PROPERLY. THE FORMATION PRODUCED ENOUGH RESERVOIR FLUID FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION. RESERVOIR PRESSURE DRAWDOWN WAS SUFFICIENT AND ADEQUATE SHUT-IN BUILD-UPS DID OCCUR FOR RELIABLE QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS. RESERVOIR PARAMETERS WERE CALCULATED BY THE MCKINLEY METHOD.

- 1. FLOW RATE: A FLOW RATE OF 220 MCF/DAY OF GAS WAS NOTED DURING THIS TEST.
- 2. <u>Reservoir Pressure</u>: Extrapolation of the initial shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>4280 p.s.i.g.</u> at recorder depth. Extrapolation of the final shut-in pressure build-up indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>3600 p.s.i.g.</u> at recorder depth. The difference between the initial and final shut-in pressure of 680 p.s.i.g. is indicative of depletion. A limited reservoir is present if depletion is actually taking place.
- 3. Permeability: The calculated transmissibility factor of 9.50 md.-ft./cp. Indicates an average effective permeability to gas of 0.04 md. for the reported 6 foot net interval. The calculations were based on a McKinley slope of 4082 p.s.i./log cycle obtained from the final shut-in build-up plot. It was assumed for these calculations: (A) Gas gravity 0.70 (B) Viscosity .025 cp. (C) and gas deviation factor 0.82. These figures were obtained from the available technical Literature.
- 4. Well Bore Damage: The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.42 indicates that a stimulated well bore is present at the time and conditions of this test.
- 5. RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION: THE CALCULATED RADIUS OF INVESTIGATION OF THIS TEST IS 7 FEET BASED ON AN ASSUMED POROSITY OF 10%, COMPRESSIBILITY OF 4.2 x 10⁻⁴, AND OTHER ASSUMPTIONS MADE IN NUMBER 3 ABOVE.
- 6. GENERAL COMMENTS: THE FORMATION EXHIBITS THE CHARACTERISTICS OF RELATIVELY LOW PERMEABILITY EFFECTIVE TO THE RESERVOIR FLUID AND INDICATES THE ABSENCE OF WELL BORE DAMAGE. BOTH THE MCKINLEY AND HORNER PLOTS SHOW A DECREASE IN TRANSMISSIBILITY AWAY FROM THE WELL BORE WHICH INDICATES A STIMULATED WELL BORE. IF THIS CONDITION IS PRESENT, THE FLOW RATE WOULD DECREASE TO 73 MCF/DAY.

Kent Arceneaux
RESERVOIR EVALUATION
DEPARTMENT

LARIO OIL & GAS COMPANY STATE "F" #1; EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO TEST #2; 9533' TO 9585'

FIELD REPORT #15163 C

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