NOTE: All  $H_2S$  safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above or three days prior to penetration of the first zone containing or reasonable expected t contain  $H_2S$ .

- 1. Well Control Equipment:
  - A. Flare line with flare igniter.
  - B. Choke manifold with 1 remote hydraulic choke installed.
  - C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit.
  - D. Auxiliary equipment to include: Annular Preventor.
- 2. Protective equipment foe essential personnel:
  - A. 5-minute escape units located in the dog house and 30-minute are units at briefing areas, as indicate on well site disgram.
- 3. H<sub>2</sub>S detection and monitoring equipment:
  - A.  $3 \text{portable } H_2S$  monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. There units have warning lights and audible sirens when  $H_2S$  levels of 20 PPM are reaches.
  - B. 1 portable SO2 monitor positioned near flare line during H<sub>2</sub>S flaring operations.
- 4. Visual warning systems:
  - A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram.
  - B. Caution/Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be a readable distance from the immediate location.
- 5. Mud program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of  $H_2S$  circulated to the surface. Proper mud weight safe drilling practices and the use of  $H_2S$  scavengers when necessary will minimize hazards when penetrating  $H_2S$  bearing zones.