Well name:

Cochiti 32 "C" State #1

Operator:

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.

String type:

Intermediate

Location:

Section 32, T23S, R29E

| Design parameters: Collapse Mud weight: 10.000 ppg Design is based on evacuated pipe. | | | Minimum design factors: Collapse: Design factor 1.125 | | | Environment: H2S considered? Surface temperature: Bottom hole temperature: Temperature gradient: Minimum section length: | | No 90 °F 112 °F 0.80 °F/100ft 600 ft | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| <u>Burst</u> | ce pressure | urface | | | Burst: Design factor 1.00 | | | · | |
| pressure: Internal gradient: Calculated BHP Annular backup: | | 0. 1, | 683 psi 000 psi/ft 683 psi 0.00 ppg | Tension: 8 Round STC: 1.80 (J) 8 Round LTC: 1.80 (J) Buttress: 1.60 (J) Premium: 1.50 (J) | | 1.80 (J) 1.60 (J) | Non-directional string. | | |
| | | | | Body yield: 1.60 (B) Tension is based on air weight. Neutral point: 2,300 ft | | Re subsequent strings: Next setting depth: Next mud weight: Next setting BHP: Fracture mud wt: Fracture depth: Injection pressure | | 10,500 ft 9.600 ppg 5,236 psi 12.000 ppg 2,700 ft 1,683 psi | |
| Run | Segment | | Nominal | | End | True Vert | Measured | Drift | Est. |
| Seq | Length | Size (in) | Weight (lbs/ft) | Grade | Finish | Depth (ft) | Depth (ft) | Diameter (in) | Cost (\$) |
| 1 | (ft) 2700 | 9.625 | 36.00 | J-55 | LT&C | 2700 | 2700 | 8.796 | 22079 |
| Run Seq 1 | Collapse Load (psi) 1753 | Collapse Strength (psi) 2020 | Collapse Design Factor 1.15 | Burst Load (psi) 1683 | Burst Strength (psi) 3520 | Burst Design Factor 2.09 | Tension Load (kips) 97.2 | Tension Strength (kips) 453 | Tension Design Factor 4.66 J |

Prepared

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Date: July 17,2001 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Remarks:

Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2700 ft, a mud weight of 10 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.