7.6.4, cont'd

- (2) Hold all low pressure tests for three minutes and high pressure tests for five minutes or until Phillips Representative and the Contractor's Senior Supervisor are satisfied no leaks exist.
- (3) A detail procedure for the testing of blowout preventer and choke manifold equipment will be included in the drilling programs. The procedure is to be distributed for each drilling unit under contract by the operating office. Each operating office must include the following practices:
- a. Prior to testing, all lines and valves will be thoroughly flushed to ensure the system is clear. Test all opening and closing control lines to 1500 psi and inspect for leaks.
- b. If necessary, run a stand of drill collars below the test plug to prevent unseating the test tool during testing.
- c. All precautions must be taken to avoid pressuring the casing below the test tool.
- d. The running string is to be full of water (or antifreeze solution) for immediate indication of test tool leakage.
- e. All pipe rams, blind/shear rams, blind rams, annular preventers, valves, fail-safe valves, choke and kill lines are to be tested at the frequencies and pressures outlined in this section.
- f. Drill pipe safety valve, lower and upper kelly cocks are to be tested from below at pressures and frequencies outlined in this section.
- g. All test fluids are to be bled back to the pump unit in safe manner.

7.6.5 Testing Wellhead Pack-offs

The wellhead pack-off is to be pressure tested upon installation for five minutes. Test pressure is to be 80% API rated casing collapse or the rated working pressure of the casing head whichever is the lesser. Casing annulus valve(s) must be in open position to prevent casing collapse during pack-off testing.

When testing the wellhead pack-off, use recorded test pressures and volumes to determine if pack-off is leaking. Pressure should be immediately released at the first indication of a leak.