District I
1625 N French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
1301 W Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S St Francis Dr., Santa Fe. NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy Minerals and Natural Resources
Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

For temporary pits, closed-loop systems, and below-grade tanks, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office

For permanent pits and exceptions submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

9976	
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Pit, Closed-Loop System, Below-Grade Tank, or Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

1 Toposed Attendative Method Ferritt of Closure Fight Application
Type of action: X Permit of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Closure of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Modification to an existing permit Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank or alternative request
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
I.
Operator: XTO Energy, Inc OGRID # 5380
Address: #382 County Road 3100, Aztec, NM 87410
Facility or well name. State Com #113F
API Number: OCD Permit Number:
U/L or Qtr/Qtr J Section 2 Township 26N Range 6W County Rio Arriba
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36 51457 Longitude 107 43467 NAD: □1927 ☒ 1983
Surface Owner: K Federal State Private Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
2.
Pit: Subsection F or G of 19 15 17.11 NMAC
Temporary: Drilling Workover
☐ Permanent ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness mil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other
☐ String-Reinforced
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other Volume: bbl Dimensions: L x W x D
3.
Closed-loop System: Subsection H of 19.15 17 11 NMAC
Type of Operation: P&A Drilling a new well Workover or Drilling (Applies to activities which require prior approval of a permit or notice of
ntent) □ Drying Pad □ Above Ground Steel Tanks □ Haul-off Bins □ Other
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other
Line Seams Wedge Tuctory State State
Type of Operation P&A Drilling a new well Workover or Drilling (Applies to activities which require prior approval of a permit or notice of intent) Drying Pad Above Ground Steel Tanks Haul-off Bins Other
Volume: 120 bbl Type of fluid Produced Water
Tank Construction material. Steel
Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☐ Other
Liner type: Thickness 60 mil HDPE PVC Other
5.
Alternative Method:
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks) Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church) Sour foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet Alternate. Please specify				
Netting: Subsection E of 19 15 17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks) Screen Netting Other Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)				
s. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC ☐ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers ☐ Signed in compliance with 19.15.3 103 NMAC				
Administrative Approvals and Exceptions: Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19 15.17 NMAC for guidance. Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank: Administrative approval(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district or the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau consideration of approval. Exception(s) Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	office for			
Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require administrative approval from the appropriate district office or may be considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. Applicant must attach justification for request. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks associated with a closed-loop system.				
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the temporary pit, permanent pit, or below-grade tank. - NM Office of the State Engineer - 1WATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes 🛛 No			
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map, Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes 🖾 No			
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application (Applies to temporary, emergency, or cavitation pits and below-grade tanks) - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes 📉 No ☐ NA			
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. (Applies to permanent pits) - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo, Satellite image	☐ Yes 🛛 No ☐ NA			
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes 🛚 No			
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality, Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes 🏻 No			
Within 500 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map, Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes 🛛 No			
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes 🏻 No			
Within an unstable area - Engineering measures incorporated into the design, NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes 🗶 No			
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map				

Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are
attached. X Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19 15.17 9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15 17 9 NMAC Sting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19 15.17 10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15 17 11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15 17 12 NMAC
Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 15.17 9 NMAC and 19 15.17.13 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:
Closed-loop Systems Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17 9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Geologic and Hydrogeologic Data (only for on-site closure) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations (only for on-site closure) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17 10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18. if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number
Previously Approved Operating and Maintenance Plan API Number: (Applies only to closed-loop system that use above ground steel tanks or haul-off bins and propose to implement waste removal for closure)
13.
Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15 17 9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan Emergency Response Plan Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15 17 9 NMAC and 19.15 17.13 NMAC
<u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17 13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.
Type: Drılling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Closed-loop System Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal
Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial
Alternative Closure Method (Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau for consideration)
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15 17 13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. ☐ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19 15.17 13 NMAC ☐ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15 17.13 NMAC ☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) ☐ Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection G of 19 15.17.13 NMAC

Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems That Utilize Above Ground Steel Tanks or Haul-off Bins Only: (19.15.17.13.1 Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for the disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings. Use attachment if facilities are required.						
Disposal Facility Name: Disposal Facility Permit Number:						
pisposal Facility Name: Disposal Facility Permit Number:						
Will any of the proposed closed-loop system operations and associated activities occur on or in areas that will not be used for future service and operations? Yes (If yes, please provide the information below) No						
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and operations Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15 17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I of 19.15 17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection G of 19.15 17.13 NMAC						
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19 15.17 10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require administrative approval from the appropriate dist considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. Just demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	rict office or may be					
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA					
Ground water is between 50 and 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA					
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - IWATERS database search; USGS, Data obtained from nearby wells						
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark) - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site						
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image						
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site						
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality						
Within 500 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map, Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site						
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division						
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources. USGS, NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	☐ Yes ☐ No					
Within a 100-year floodplain - FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No					
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19 15 17 13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19 15.17 10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15 17 13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of 19 15 17.11 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15 17.13 NMAC Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17 13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15 17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot be achieved) Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC						

100					
19. Operator Application Certification:					
I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accura					
Name (Print): Kim Champlin	Fitle. EH&S Administrative Supervisor				
Signature: Kini Champlin	Date September 21, 2011				
e-mail address kim_champlin@xtoenergy com	Telephone: (505) 333-3100				
20. OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) [Closure Pl	an (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)				
OCD Representative Signature:	Approval Date: 2/23/2011				
Title: Compliance Officer	OCD Permit Number:				
Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): Subsection K of 19 15 17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.					
	Closure Completion Date:				
Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternal If different from approved plan, please explain	ative Closure Method Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)				
Closure Report Regarding Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for where the liquids, drift two facilities were utilized.	lling fluids and drill cuttings were disposed. Use attachment if more than				
Disposal Facility Name.					
Disposal Facility Name Were the closed-loop system operations and associated activities performed on or					
□ Yes (If yes, please demonstrate compliance to the items below) □ No Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and operat □ Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) □ Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation □ Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique	ions.				
24. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following a	tems must be attached to the closure report. Please indicate, by a check				
mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)					
25					
Operator Closure Certification: I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requires	report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and ments and conditions specified in the approved closure plan				
Name (Print)	Title:				
Signature	Date:				
e-mail address	Telephone.				



Pit Permit Siting Criteria Information Sheet

Client:	XTO Energy
Project:	Pit Permits
Revised:	11/17/2010
Prepared by:	Ashley Ager

API#: Name: Depth to groundwater:	NA State Com #113F	USPLSS:	T26N, R6W, S2J
	State Com #113F	, 	
Depth to groundwater:		Lat/Long:	36.51457, -107.43467
	Greater than 100 feet	Geologic formation:	San Jose Formation
Distance to closest continuously flowing watercourse:	26 miles NE to San Juan River		
Distance to closest significant watercourse, 7: lakebed, playa lake, or sinkhole:	33 feet northwest of a 1st order tributary of Dogie Canyon		
Permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church within 300'	NO	Soil Type:	Entisols
<u> </u>		Annual Precipitation:	8.21" - Farmington; 10.41" Otis; 8.71" Bloomfield
Domestic fresh water well or spring within 500'	NO	Precipitation Notes:	no significant precipitation events on record
Any other fresh water well or spring within 1000'	NO		
Within incorporated municipal boundaries	NO	Attached Documents:	Hydrogeologic Report Figure 1. Topographic Map Figure 2 ⁻ Aerial Photo
Within defined municipal fresh water well field	NO		Figure 3: Mines, Mills and Quarries Map Figure 4: Water Well and Surface Water Features Figure 5. Municipal Boundaries Map Figure 6: FEMA Flood Zone Map iWaters Data
Wetland within 500'	NO	Mining Activity:	None identified in the vicinity
Within unstable area	NO		
Within 100 year flood plain	NO		
Additional Notes:			



2243 Main Avenue, Suite 3 Durango, Colorado 81301 T 970 385 1096 / F 970 385 1873

State Com #113F

Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

General Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is a typical Rocky Mountain basin with a gently dipping southern flank and a steeply dipping northern flank. Asymmetrically layered Tertiary sandstones and shales, along with Quaternary alluvial deposits, dominate the surficial geology (Dane and Bachman, 1965). The proposed pit location will be situated on the undulating surface of Ensenada Mesa near the head of Ice Canyon (Figure 1). The predominant geologic formation is the San Jose Formation, which underlies surface soils or is exposed as sandstone outcrops. The San Jose Formation occurs in both New Mexico and Colorado and its outcrop forms the land surface over much of the eastern half of the central basin.

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones and Quaternary alluvial deposits serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan Basin (Stone et al., 1983). In the proposed area, the San Jose Formation was deposited in various fluvial-type environments. In general, the unit consists of an interbedded sequence of sandstone, siltstone, and shale. Groundwater is associated with alluvial and fluvial sandstone aquifers. Porous sandstones form the principal aquifers, while relatively impermeable shales and mudstones form confining units between the aquifers (Stone et al., 1983). The aquifers are found between 0 and 2700 feet deep (Stone et al., 1983). The reported or measured discharge from numerous water wells completed in the formation range from 0.15 to 61 gallons per minute (gpm) of production, with a median of 5 gpm. Most of the wells provide water for livestock and domestic purposes.

The formation is suitable for recharge from precipitation due to the sandy nature of overlying soils, which are highly permeable and absorbent. However, low annual precipitation, relatively high transpiration and evaporation rates, and deep dissection of the formation by the San Juan River and its main tributaries all tend to reduce the effective recharge to the formation. Most recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods within the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center, www.wrcc.dri.edu).

The predominant vegetation is sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted piñon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993).

Site-Specific Hydrology

Ensenada Mesa lies to the north of Largo Canyon. It consists of shales and sandstones of the San Jose Formation (Dane and Bachman, 1965). The site in question is located near the center of Ensenada Mesa, northwest of Albert Lake at an elevation of approximately 6,636 feet above sea level (Figures 1 and 2). The immediate surrounding area consists of shallow washes and canyons that have eroded through the sandstone into underlying shale units. The washes drain to Dogie Canyon, a major tributary of Largo Canyon.



Depth to groundwater is estimated to be greater than 100 feet. This estimation is based on data from Stone and others (1983), the USGS Groundwater Atlas of the United States, and depth to groundwater data published on the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters Database website. Local topography and proximity to surface hydrologic features are also taken into consideration, as well as test wells drilled in the vicinity by XTO Energy, Inc (XTO).

Groundwater data available from the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters Database for wells near the proposed site are attached. The wells are more than four miles away and may not be representative of site conditions. However, the data suggest that wells located within surrounding canyons contain shallow groundwater between 10 and 25 feet beneath ground surface. Wells that exist on top of mesas at similar elevations to Ensenada Mesa contain groundwater at 100 to 450 feet depth.

More locally, standing water and wetland vegetation are present in shallow surface depressions on top of Ensenada Mesa. The presence of these features suggests groundwater is perched just beneath the ground surface nearby. In order to verify depth to groundwater in the area, XTO drilled several test wells in 2008. An air rotary drill with a 5½ -inch drag bit was used to advance holes at several locations on Ensenada Mesa. Holes were drilled to 65 feet below ground surface and allowed to sit for one hour before being measured. If, after one hour, the hole was dry, it was advanced to 115 feet below ground surface. Once total depth was reached, XTO waited another hour before measuring for water. One such borehole was drilled approximately 3,000 feet south and 50 feet lower in elevation of the proposed pit location. Depth to water was determined to be greater than 115 feet deep in the well. Based on this information, groundwater is estimated to be greater than 100 feet deep at the proposed site.

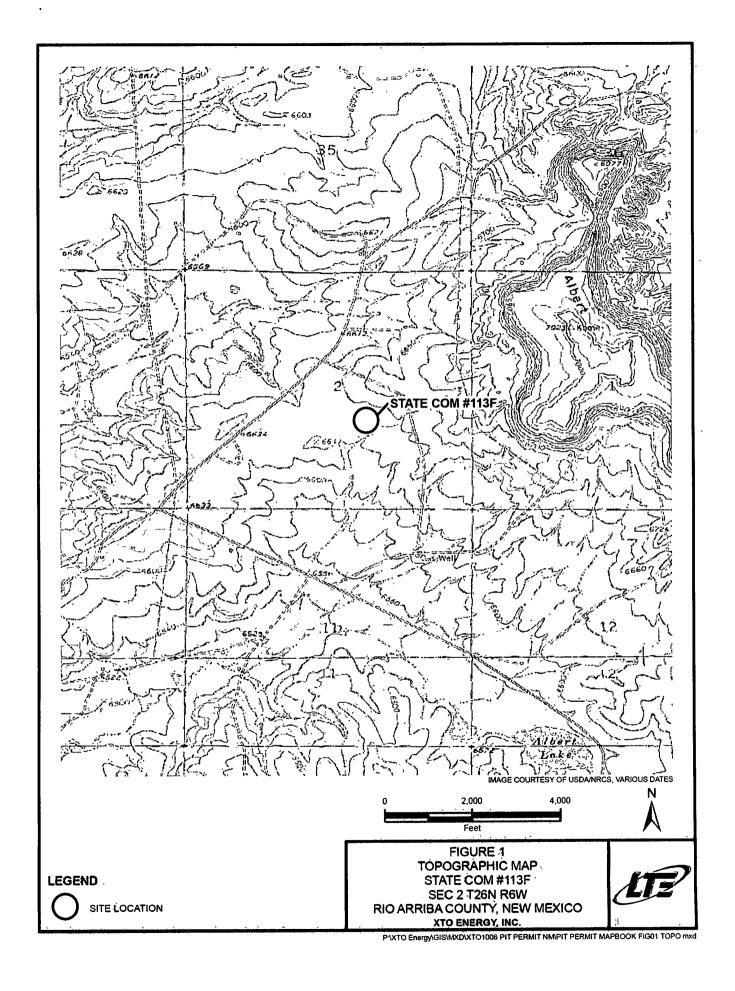
References

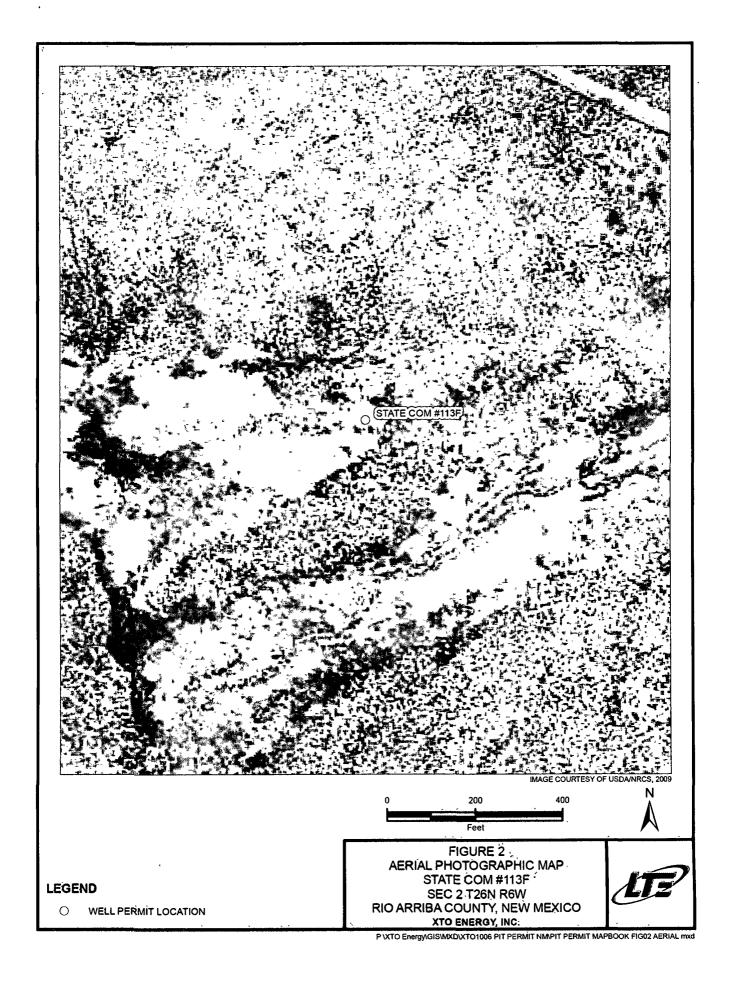
Dane, C.H. and Bachman, G. O., 1965, Geologic Map of New Mexico: U.S. Geological Survey, 1 sheet, scale 1:500,000.

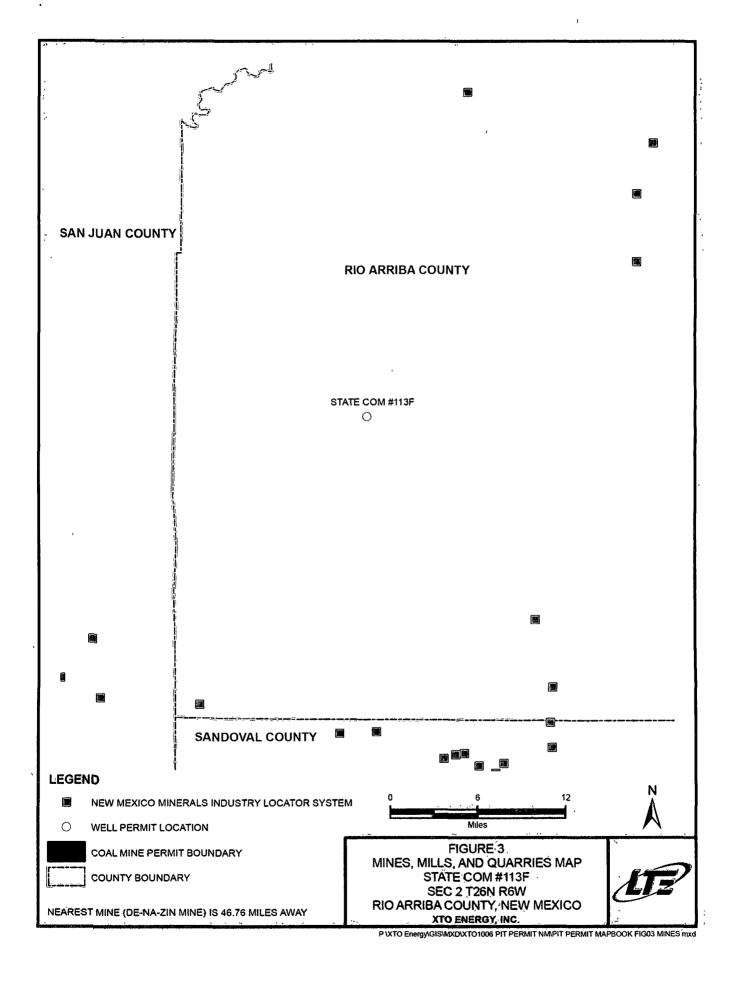
Dick-Peddie, W.A., 1993, New Mexico Vegetation – Past, Present and Future: Albuquerque, New Mexico, University of New Mexico Press, 244 p.

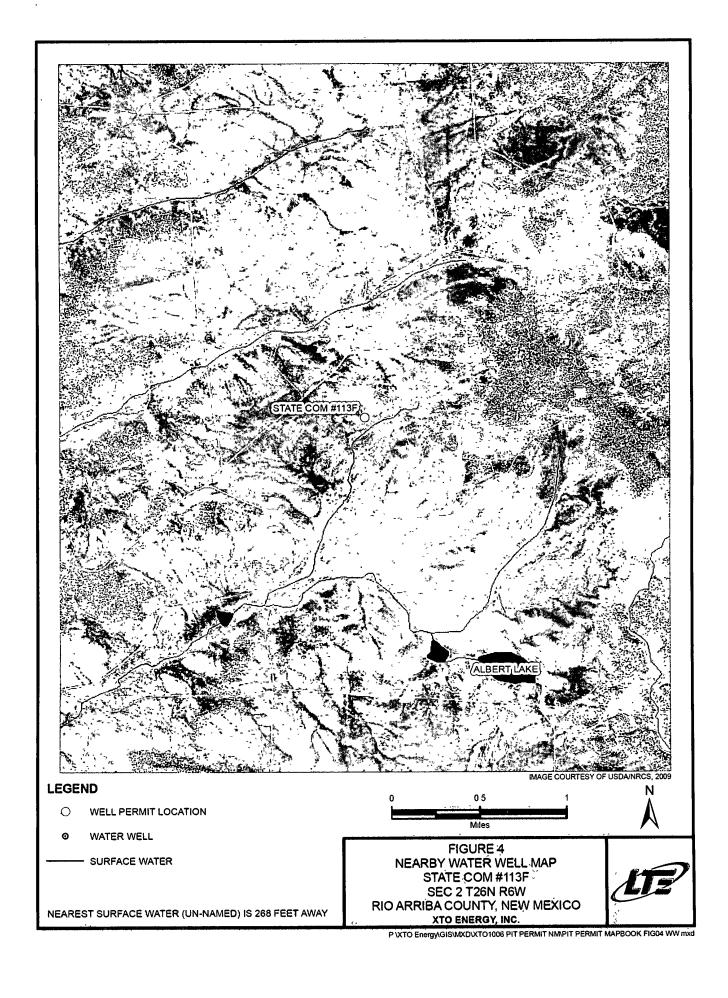
Stone, W.J., Lyford, F. P., Frenzel, P.F., Mizell, N.H. and Padgett, E.T., 1983, Hydrogeology and water resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico: HR-6 New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources Hydrology Report 6.

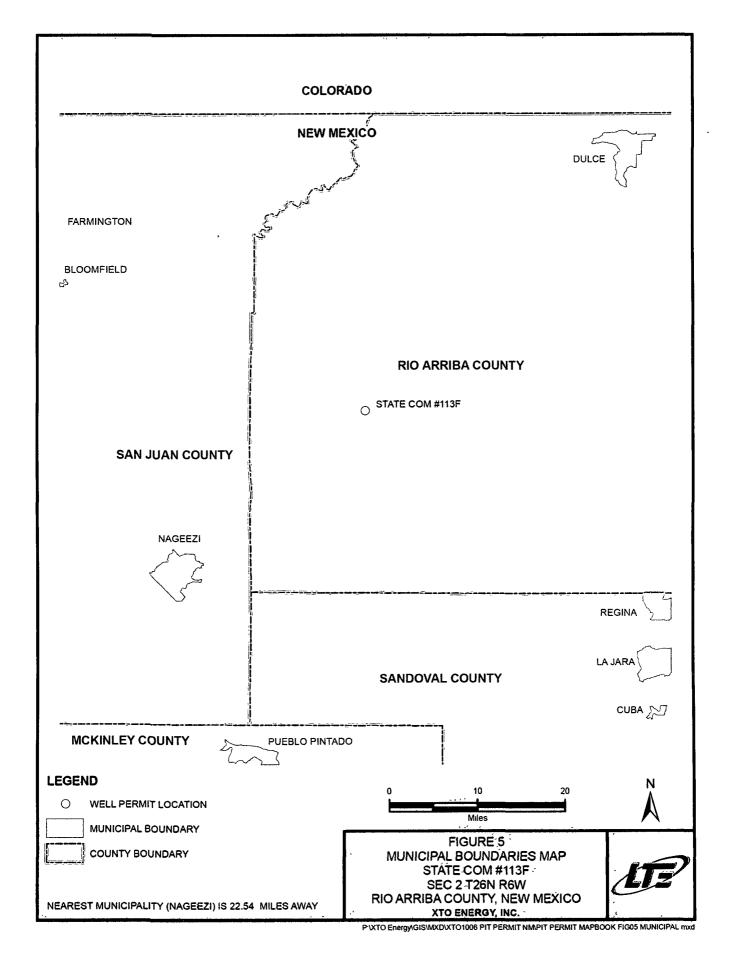
USGS, Groundwater Atlas of the United States: Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, HA 730-C: (http://www.pubs.usgs.gov).











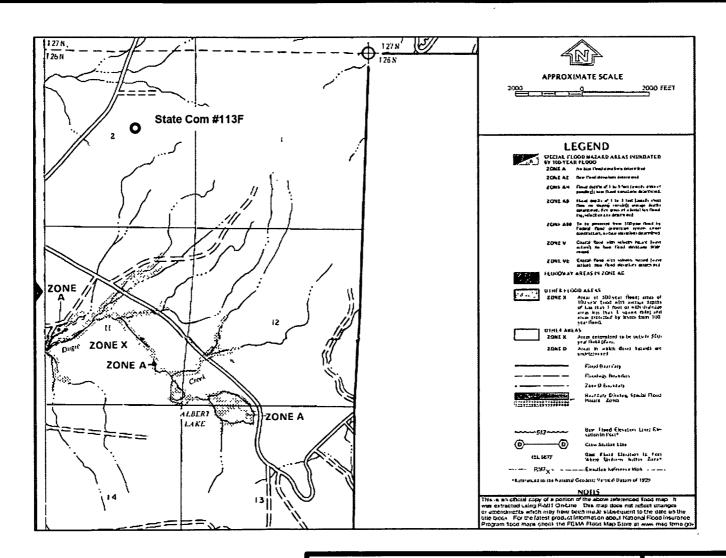


FIGURE 6
FEMA FLOOD ZONE MAP
STATE COM #113F
SEC 2 T26N R6W
RIO ARRIBA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
XTO ENERGY, INC.



XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Design and Construction Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the design and construction of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

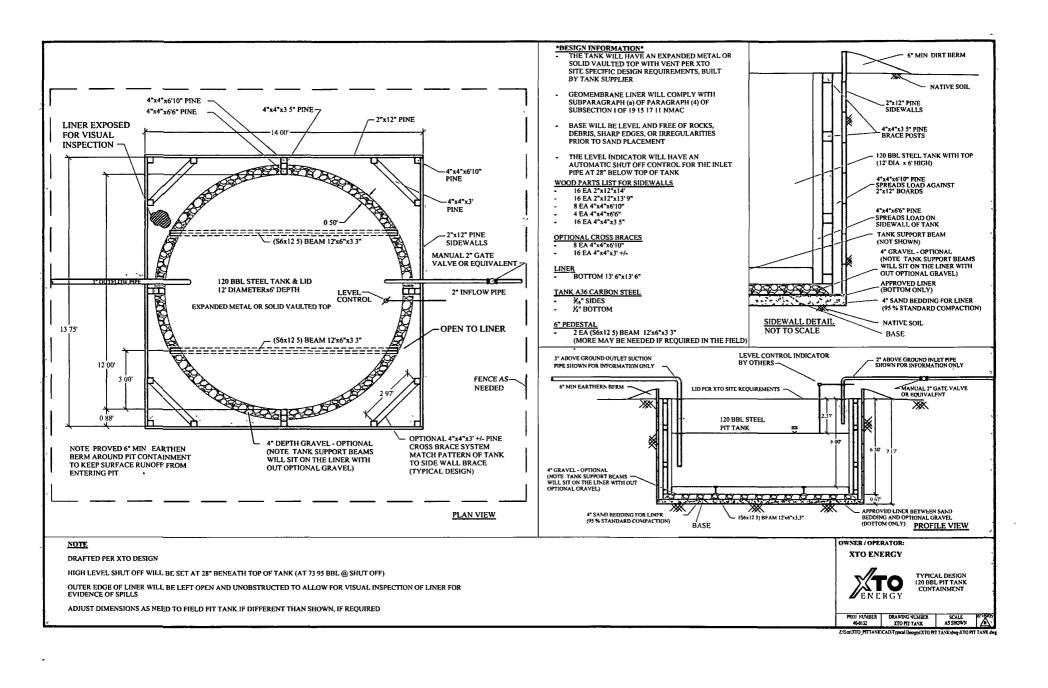
General Plan ..

- 1. XTO will design and construct below-grade tanks to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment
- 2. XTO will post a well sign, in compliance with 19.15.3 103 NMAC, on the existing well site operated by XTO where the existing below-grade tank is located. The sign will list the Operator on record as the operator, the location of the well site by unit letter, section, township, range, and emergency telephone numbers.
- 3. XTO is requesting approval of an alternative fencing to be used on below-grade tank locations. Below-grade tank locations will be fenced utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) with pipe railing along the top. A 6' chain link fence will be utilized around the well pad if the well site is within a city limits or ¼ mile of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church. Below-grade tanks located within 1000' of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church will be fenced by 6' chain link fence with at least two strands of barbed wire at the top. All gates associated with below-grade tanks will remain closed and locked when responsible individuals are not on site.
- 4. XTO shall construct below-grade tanks with an expanded metal covering or solid vaulted top on the top of the below-grade tank.
- 5. XTO will ensure that below-grade tanks are constructed of materials resistant to the below-grade tank's particular contents and resistant to damage from sunlight. Tanks will be constructed of A36 carbon steel with 3/16" sides and 4" bottom. (See attached drawing).
- The below-grade tank system will have a properly constructed foundation consisting of a level base free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom. Sand bedding (4") will be placed on top of a level foundation to ensure prevention of punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom.
- 7. XTO will construct a berm and/or diversion ditch in a manner that prevents the collection of surface water run-on. Below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high level shut-off devices as well as manually operated shut-off valves. (See attached drawing).
- 8 XTO will construct and use below-grade tanks that do not have double walls. The below-grade tank sidewalls will be open for visual inspection for leaks. The sidewalls of the cellar will be constructed with 2" X 12" pine sidewalls and 4" X 4" pine brace posts. The below-grade tank

XTO Energy Inc.
San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico)
General Design and Construction Plan
For Below-Grade Tanks
Page 2

bottom will be elevated a minimum of 6" above the underlying ground surface and the below-grade tank will be underlain with a geomembrane liner to divert leaked liquid to a location that can be visually inspected. (See attached drawing).

- 9. XTO will equip below-grade tanks designed in this manner with a properly functioning automatic high-level shut-off control device and manual controls to prevent overflows. (See attached drawing).
- XTO will demonstrate to the OCD that the geomembrane liner complies with the specifications of Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC and obtain approval from OCD prior to the installation of the design. The geomembrane liner shall have a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1 x 10-9 cm/sec. The geomembrane liner shall be composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidics and alkaline solutions. The liner material shall be resistant to ultraviolet light. Liner compatibility shall comply with EPA SW-846 method 9090A. (See attached drawing).
- 11. The general specifications for design and construction are attached.



XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Maintenance and Operating Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15 17 12 NMAC the following information describes the operation and maintenance of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- 1. XTO will operate and maintain below-grade tanks to contain liquids and solids, maintain the integrity of the liner and secondary containment system, prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment. Fluid levels will be monitored weekly and high levels will be removed as necessary. Monthly inspections will be conducted to monitor integrity of below-grade tank systems and below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high-level shut-off devices.
- 2. XTO will not allow below-grade tanks to overflow and will use berms and/or diversion ditch to prevent surface run on to enter the below-grade tank. Below-grade tanks will be equipped with automatic high-level shut-off control devices as well as manually operated shut-off valves. See attached drawing for vault design and placement of diversion berms and shut-off devices.
- 3. XTO will continuously remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of below-grade tanks in order to prevent significant accumulation of oil.
 - 4. XTO will inspect the below-grade tank monthly and maintain written records for five years Monthly inspections will consist of documenting the following: (see attached template),

Well Name
API #
Sec., Twn., Rng.
XTO Inspector's name
Inspection date and time
Visible tears in liner
Visible signs of tank overflow
Collection of surface run on
Visible layer of oil
Visible signs of tank leak
Estimated freeboard

- 5. XTO will maintain adequate freeboard to prevent over topping of the below-grade tank. High level shut-off devices control the freeboard at an average of 28" beneath the top of the tank.
- XTO will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in any below-grade tank.
- 7. If a below-grade tank develops a leak, or if any penetration of a below-grade tank occurs below the liquids surface, XTO will remove all liquids above the damage or leak line within 48 hours,

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notify the appropriate division district office within 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the below-grade tank. If an existing below-grade tank does not meet current requirements of Paragraphs 1-4 of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC the tank will be modified or retrofitted to comply. If compliance can not be achieved XTO will implement the approved closure plan.

MONTHLY BELOW GRADE TANK INSPECTION FORM								
Well Nan	ne:			,	API No.:		£	
Legals	Sec:		Township:		Range:		•	
XTO Inspector's Name	Inspection Date	Inspection Time	Any visible liner tears (Y/N)	Any visible signs of tank overflows (Y/N)	Collection of surface run on (Y/N)	Visible layer	Any visible signs of a tank leak (Y/N)	Freeboard Est. (ft)
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XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin (Northwest New Mexico) General Closure Plan For Below-Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- 1 XTO will close below-grade tanks within the time periods provided in 19.15 17.13 NMAC, or by an earlier date that the division requires because of imminent danger to fresh water, public health or the environment.
- 2. XTO will close a below-grade tank that does not meet the requirements of Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15 17.11 NMAC or is not included in Paragraph (5) of Subsection I of 19.15 17.11 NMAC within five years after June 16, 2008, if not retrofitted to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC.
- 3. XTO will close a permitted below-grade tank within 60 days of cessation of the below-grade tank's operation or as required by the transitional provisions of Subsection B of 19.15.17.17 NMAC in accordance with a closure plan that the appropriate division district office approves. The closure report will be filed on form C-144.
- 4. XTO will remove liquids and sludge from below-grade tanks prior to implementing a closure method and will dispose of the liquids and sludge in a division-approved facility. Approved facilities and waste streams include:

Envirotech Permit No. NM01-0011 and IEI Permit No. NM 01-0010B Soil contaminated by exempt petroleum hydrocarbons Produced sand, pit sludge and contaminated bottoms from storage of exempt wastes

Basin Disposal Permit No. NM01-005 Produced water

- 5 XTO will remove the below-grade tank and dispose of it in a division approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the appropriate division district office has approved prior to removal. Any associated liners will be removed, properly cleaned and disposed of per 19.15 9.712 NMAC at San Juan County Landfill. Documentation of the final disposition will be included in the closure report.
- 6. XTO will remove any on-site equipment associated with a below-grade tank unless the equipment is required for some other purpose.
- 7. XTO will test the soils beneath the below-grade tank to determine whether a release has occurred. At a minimum 5 point composite sample will be collected along with individual grab samples from any area that is wet, discolored or showing other evidence of a release. Samples will be

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analyzed for BTEX, TPH and chlorides to demonstrate that the benzene concentration, as determined by EPA SW-846 methods 8021B or 8260B or EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 0.2 mg/kg; total BTEX concentration, as determined by EPA SW-846 methods 8021B or 8260B or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 50 mg/kg, the TPH concentration, as determined by EPA method 418.1 or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 100mg/kg; and the chloride concentration, as determined by EPA method 300.1 or other EPA method that the division approves, does not exceed 250 mg/kg, or the background concentration, whichever is greater. XTO will notify the division of its results on form C-141.

- 8. If XTO or the division determines that a release has occurred, XTO will comply with 19.15 3.116 NMAC and 19.15.1.19NMAC as appropriate.
- 9. If the sampling program demonstrates that a release has not occurred or that any release does not exceed the concentrations specified in Paragraph (4) of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, XTO will backfill the excavation with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen material; construct a division prescribed soil cover, recontour and re-vegetate the site
- 10. Notice of Closure operations will be given to the Aztec Division District III office between 72 hours and one week prior to the start of closure activities via email or verbally. The notification will include the following.
 - 1. Operator's name
 - 11. Well Name and API Number
 - 111. Location by Unit Letter, Section, Township, and Range

The surface owner shall also be notified prior to the implementation of any closure operations of below-grade tanks as per the approved closure plan using certified mail, return receipt requested.

- Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding area.

 Re-shaping will include drainage control, prevent ponding, and prevent erosion. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be placed in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape.
- 12. A minimum of 4 feet of cover shall be achieved and the cover shall include 1 foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater. Soil cover will be constructed to the site's existing grade and ponding of water and erosion of the cover material will be prevented with drainage control, natural drainages and silt traps where needed.
- 13. XTO will seed the disturbed areas the first growing season after the operator closes the pit. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division-approved methods. BLM or Forest Service stipulated seed mixes will be used on federal lands Vegetative cover will equal 70% of the native perennial vegetative cover (un-impacted) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that cover through two successive growing seasons. Repeat seeding or planting will be continued until successful vegetative growth occurs.

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For Below-Grade Tanks
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- 14. All closure activities will include proper documentation and be available for review upon request and will be submitted in closure report form to OCD within 60 days of closure of the below-grade tank. Closure report will be filed on form C-144 and incorporate the following:
 - 1. Proof of closure notice to division and surface owner;
 - 11. Details on capping and covering, where applicable;
 - iii Inspection reports;
 - iv Confirmation sampling analytical results;
 - v Disposal facility name(s) and permit number(s);
 - vi. Soil backfilling and cover installation;
 - vii Re-vegetation application rates and seeding techniques, (or approved alternative to re-vegetation requirements if applicable);
 - viii. Photo documentation of the site reclamation.