District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

## State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources** Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy

	santa re, INM 8/303	to the appropriate is	NMOCD District Office.
-	Below-Grade Tank, or		
12532 Proposed Alternative Me	ethod Permit or Closure		
Type of action: Below grade tank reg	gistration		OIL CONS. DIV DIST. 3
45-06695 Permit of a pit or pro	posed alternative method	ative method	JAN 07 2015
☐ Modification to an ex	kisting permit/or registration		
Closure plan only su or proposed alternative method	bmitted for an existing permitted	or non-permitted pit,	below-grade tank,
Instructions: Please submit one application (	Form C 144) nor individual nit hald	ou avada tauk ov altavu	ativa magyast
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the oper	•	ŭ	•
environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility			
Operator: XTO Energy, Inc.	OGRID #: 5380		
Address: #382 County Road 3100, Aztec, NM 87410			•
Facility or well name: PO Pipkin # 1			
API Number: <u>30-045-06695</u>			
U/L or Qtr/Qtr <u>H</u> Section <u>8</u> Tow			·
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36.592220 L			
Surface Owner: 🛛 Federal 🗌 State 🔲 Private 🔲 Tribal Trust o	or Indian Allotment		
2.			
Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC			
Temporary: Drilling Workover			
Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A Multi	<del>-</del>	_	·
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil	☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐	Other	
String-Reinforced	***		
Liner Seams:	Volume:	bbl Dimensions: L	x Wx D
3.			
☐ Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC			
Volume: 21bbl Type of fluid:Pi	roduced Water		
Tank Construction material: <u>Steel</u> ☐ Secondary containment with leak detection ☐ Visible side		a awarflaw abut acc	
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☐ (			
Liner type: Thicknessmil  HDPE [			
4. Alternative Method:			
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must	be submitted to the Santa Fe Environ	mental Bureau office fo	r consideration of approval.
5.			
Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to perm.	anent pits, temporary pits, and below	v-grade tanks)	

Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet

institution or church)

☐ Alternate. Please specify

Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital,

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)	
Screen Netting Other	
Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
7.	
Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers	
☐ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
Nariances and Exceptions:  Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.  Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:  Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.  Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	
9. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accept material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	ptable source
General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank.  - ■ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; ■ USGS; ■ Data obtained from nearby wells	Yes No
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	Yes No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	Yes No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)  - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
<ul> <li>Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)</li> <li>Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology &amp; Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Below Grade Tanks	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.)  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	Yes No
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No

Within 100 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid								
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application;  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 300 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit								
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.								
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within 500 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.    Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC   Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC   Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC   Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC   Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC   Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC   Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:								
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc attached.  Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC  A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit.  Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC  Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	.15,17.9 NMAC							

Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the distribution is the subsection of the following items must be attached to the application.	locuments are
### Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC    Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC    Climatological Factors Assessment    Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC    Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC    Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC    Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC    Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan    Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC    Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC    Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H₂S, Prevention Plan    Emergency Response Plan    Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization    Monitoring and Inspection Plan    Erosion Control Plan    Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	,
13. <u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.	
Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well Fl Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method	uid Management Pit
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be a closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  □ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  □ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  □ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings)  □ Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  □ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	nttached to the
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. P 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	<ul><li>☐ Yes ☐ No</li><li>☐ NA</li></ul>
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	<ul><li>☐ Yes ☐ No</li><li>☐ NA</li></ul>
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Wr	itten approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMN	NRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No							
Within an unstable area.  - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau Society; Topographic map	u of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological								
Within a 100-year floodplain.									
- FEMA map		Yes No							
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the app Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirement Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirement Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements.	propriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC uirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.1 of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of ents of 19.15.17.13 NMAC propriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC uirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	5.17.11 NMAC f 19.15.17.11 NMAC							
Operator Application Certification:  I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is	true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge an	d belief.							
Name (Print): <u>Kurt Hoekstra</u> Title	: EHS Coordinator								
	(505) <u>333-3100</u>								
OCD Approval: Permit Application including closure plan)	Clostife Plan (only)	) ],, .							
OCD Representative Signature:	Approval Date:	114/15							
Title: Eurinomental Spec	OCD Permit Number:								
19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.  Closure Completion Date:									
20. Closure Method:									
	☐ Alternative Closure Method ☐ Waste Removal (Clo	sed-loop systems only)							
Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the famark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division)  Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)  Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)  Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site plot Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number  Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation  Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique  Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)  On-site Closure Location: Latitude	nd only) te closure)	ase indicate, by a check							

22.	
Operator Closure Certification:	
	mitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and plicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

## XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Below Grade Tank Closure Plan

Lease Name: PO Pipkin # 1 API No.: 30-045-06695

Description: Unit H, Section 8, Township 27N, Range 10W, San Juan County

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of below-grade tanks on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all below-grade tanks. A separate plan will be submitted for any below-grade tank which does not conform to this plan.

### General Plan

- 1. XTO will obtain approval of this closure plan prior to commencing closure of the below grade tank at this location pursuant to 19.15.17.13.C (1) NMAC
- 2. Within 60 days of cessation of operations, XTO will remove liquids and sludge from below-grade tanks prior to implementing a closure method and will dispose of the liquids and sludge in a division-approved facility. Approved facilities and waste streams include:
  - a. Soils, tank bottoms, produced sand, pit sludge and other exempt wastes impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons will be disposed of at:

    Envirotech: Permit #NM01-0011 and IEI: Permit # NM01-0010B
  - b. Produced Water will be disposed of at:

    Basin Disposal: Permit # NM01-005 and XTO owned salt water Disposal Facilities
- 3. Within six months of cessation of operations, XTO will remove the below-grade tank and dispose of it in a division-approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the appropriate division district office approves. If there is any equipment associated with a below-grade tank, then the operator shall remove the equipment, unless the equipment is required for some other purpose.
- 4. XTO will collect a closure sample of the soil beneath the location of the below grade tank that is being closed. The closure sample will consist of a five-point composite sample to include any obvious stained or wet soils, or other evidence of contamination. The sample will be taken beneath the liner where applicable. The closure sample will be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

TABLE I									
Depth Below bottom of pit to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS	Constituent	Method	Limit						
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg						
	ТРН	Method 8015M (DRO+GRO+ORO)	100 mg/kg						
	BTEX	Method 8021B or 8015M	50 mg/kg						
≤ 50 Feet	Benzene	Method 8021B or 8015M	_10 mg/kg						
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg						
	ТРН	Method 8015M (DRO+GRO+ORO)	2,500 mg/kg						
	GRO + DRO	Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg						
	BTEX	Method 8021B or 8015M	50 mg/kg						
51 feet - 100 feet	Benzene	Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg						
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/kg						
	ТРН	Method 8015M (DRO+GRO+ORO)	2,500 mg/kg						
	GRO + DRO	Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg						
	BTEX	Method 8021B or 8015M	50 mg/kg						
( > 100 feet )	Benzene	Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg						

- 5. If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the division may require additional delineation upon review of the results and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure. If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, then the operator can proceed to backfill the pit, pad, or excavation with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.
- 6. XTO will notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but no more than one week, prior to any closure operation. Notice will include:
  - a. Well Name
  - b. API #
  - c. Well Location

- 7. XTO will notify the NMOCD Aztec Office by email that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but no more than one week, prior to any closure operation. Notice will include:
  - a. Well Name
  - b. API#
  - c. Well Location
- 8. After closure has occurred, XTO will reclaim the former BGT area, if it is no longer being used for extraction of oil and gas, by substantially restoring the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to oil and gas operations. XTO will construct the soil cover to the site's existing grade and prevent ponding of water and erosion of the cover materials. The soil cover shall consist of the background thickness of topsoil, or one foot of suitable materials to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater. All areas will be reclaimed as early as practicable, and as close to their original condition or land use as possible. They shall be maintained in a way as to control dust and minimize erosion.
- 9. XTO will complete reclamation of all disturbed areas no longer in use when the ground disturbance activities at the site have been completed. Reclamation activities will be considered completed when a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels, and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.
  - \*Re-vegetation and reclamation obligations imposed by other applicable federal, state or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies shall supersede the above requirements, provided they provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.

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- 10. XTO will notify the Aztec Office of the NMOCD by email when reclamation and closure activities are completed.
- 11. Within 60 days of closure, XTO will submit a closure report to the Aztec office of the NMOCD, filed on Form C-144. The report will include the following:
  - a. Proof of closure notice to NMOCD and surface owner
  - b. Confirmation sampling analytical results
  - c. Soil backfill and cover installation information
  - d. Photo documentation of site reclamation



## Pit Permit Siting Criteria Information Sheet

Client:	XTO Energy	
Project:	Pit Permits	
Revised:	15-Oct-08	
Prepared by:	Devin Hencmann	

V	information silee	rrepared by:	Devin Hendmann
API#:	3004506695	USPLSS:	27N, 10W,08H
<b>N</b> 1	DIDIVIN DO 44	1-4/1	
Name:	PIPKIN PO #1	Lat/Long:	36.59221/-107.91216
and the second s	>100'	Geologic	Naciemento
Depth to groundwater:	>100	formation:	Nacienteito
Distance to closest			
· 1	8.1 miles N to the 'San Juan River'	ogia jegi	
watercourse:	<del></del> ,		
Distance to closest			
significant watercourse,	1.9 miles W to Kutz Canyon wash		
lakebed, playa lake, or sinkhole:	. N	e de la companya de	
sinknoie:		Soil Type:	Entisols
Permanent residence,	[:	Son Type.	Elitisois
school, hospital,		- 83	
institution or church	No	1.254 	
within 300'			
		Annual	Bloomfield: 8.71", Farmington: 8.21", Otis:
		Precipitation:	10.41"
Domestic fresh water		Precipitation	
well or spring within	No 🤶	Notes:	Historical daily max: Bloomfield (4.19")
500'			
Any other fresh water	×.		
well or spring within	No		
1000'			
Within incorporated		Attached	
municipal boundaries	No	Documents:	27N 11W i-Waters pdf,27N 12W i-Waters pdf
-		Documents.	
Within defined	l li-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Topo map pdf, Aerial pdf, Mines and Quarries
municipal fresh water	No		Map pdf,i-Waters Ground Water Data Map pdf, FEMA flood zone map pdf
well field		Day's	par, reministration map par
	L		
Wetland within 500'	L	Mining Activity:	None
Wetland within 500'		Mining Activity:	None
Wetland within 500' Within unstable area	No	Mining Activity:	None
	No	Mining Activity:	None
Within unstable area Within 100 year flood	No No-FEMA Zone 'X'	Mining Activity:	None
Within unstable area	No No-FEMA Zone 'X'	Mining Activity:	None
Within unstable area Within 100 year flood plain	No No No-FEMA Zone 'X'	Mining Activity:	None
Within unstable area Within 100 year flood	No No No-FEMA Zone 'X'	Mining Activity:	None
Within unstable area Within 100 year flood plain	No No No-FEMA Zone 'X'	Mining Activity:	None

## PIPKIN PO #1 Below Ground Tank Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

#### General Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is a typical Rocky Mountain basin with a gently dipping southern flank and a steeply dipping northern flank. Asymmetrically layered Tertiary sandstones and shales, along with Quaternary alluvial deposits, dominate surficial geology (Dane and Bachman, 1965). The proposed pit location will be located in the southernmost Kutz Canyon region of the San Juan Basin. The predominant geologic formation is the Nacimiento Formation of Tertiary age, which underlies surface soils and is often exposed (Dane and Bachman, 1965). Deposits of Quaternary alluvial and aeolian sands occur prominently near the surface of the area, especially near streams and washes.

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones, as well as Quaternary alluvial deposits serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan basin (Stone et al., 1983). In most of the proposed area, the Nacimiento Formation lies at the surface and grades into the Animas Formation to the west. Thickness of the Nacimiento ranges from 418 to 2232 feet (Stone et al., 1983). Aquifers within the coarser and continuous sandstone bodies of the Nacimiento Formation are between 0 and 1000' deep in this section of the basin (Stone et al., 1983). Groundwater within these aquifers flows toward the San Juan River.

The prominent soil type at the proposed site are entisols and aridisols, which are defined as soils that exhibit little to no any profile development (www.emnrd.state.nm.us). Soils are basically unaltered from their parent rock. Miles of arroyos, washes and intermittent streams exist as part of the drainage network towards the San Juan River. These features often cut into soil and other unconsolidated materials, contributing to sedimentation downstream. The sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes the soils that cover the area. The sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes the soils that cover the area and prohibits effective recharge to the underlying aquifers.

Dry and arid weather further prohibit active recharge. The climate of the region is arid, averaging 8 to 12 inches of rainfall annually. As is typical of the southwestern United States monsoonal weather patterns, most precipitation falls from August through October. The heaviest rainfall occurs in the summer in isolated, intense cloudbursts. November through June is relatively dry. Snow generally falls from December to mid-February and averages less than one-half inch in depth. However, most recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods from the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center www.wrcc.dri.edu).

The predominant vegetation is sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted pinon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993). However, vegetation is very sparse and discontinuous.

## Site Specific Hydrogeology

Depth to groundwater is estimated to be greater than 100'. This estimation is based on data from Stone and others (1983), the USGS Groundwater Atlas of the United States and depth to groundwater data published on the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters Database website. Local topography and proximity to surface hydrologic features are also taken into consideration.

Beds of water-yielding sandstone are present in the Nacimiento Formation, which are fluvial in origin and are interbedded with siltstone, shale and coal. Porous sandstones form the principal aquifers, while relatively impermeable shales form confining units between the aquifers (Stone et al., 1983). Local aquifers exist within the Nacimiento Formation at depth s greater than 100 feet and thicknesses of the aquifer can be up to 3500 feet (USGS, Groundwater Atlas of the US).

The site in question is located near the edge of Kutz Canyon, where deeply eroded sandstone-capped mesas and slope-forming mudstones occur in a sparsely vegetated and arid badlands-type setting. Broad shalely hills are interspersed with occasional sandstone outcrops, and systems of dry washes and their tributaries are evident on the attached aerial image.

The pit will be located on a relatively flat mesa top at an elevation of approximately 6005 feet near the head of Kutz Wash. It is located within the Kutz Canyon tributary system and 1.9 miles east of Kutz Wash. Groundwater is expected to be shallow within Kutz Wash. But the significant distance between the Canyon and the site, as well as an elevation difference of over 200 feet suggest groundwater is greater than 100 feet at the proposed site.

State iWaters data points are sparsely distributed in this region, but there is an iWaters data point approximately 762 feet to the north of the site. Depth to groundwater at the site is 170 feet. A map showing the location of wells in reference to the proposed pit location is attached (SJ00034).

#### References

Dane, C.H. and Bachman, G. O., 1965, Geologic Map of New Mexico: U.S. Geological Survey, 1 sheet, scale 1:500,000.

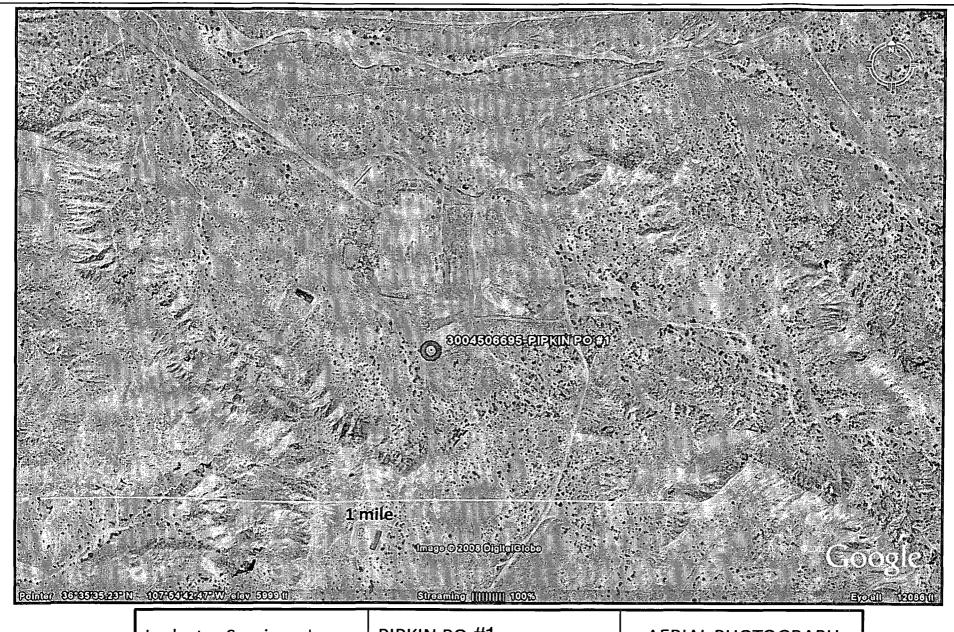
Dick-Peddie, W.A., 1993, New Mexico Vegeation – Past, Present and Future: Albuquerque, New Mexico, University of New Mexico Press, 244 p.

Stone, W.J., Lyford, F. P., Frenzel, P.F., Mizell, N.H. and Padgett, E.T., 1983, Hydrogeology and water resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico: HR-6 New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources Hydrology Report 6.

USGS, Groundwater Atlas of the United States: Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, HA 730-C: (http://www.pubs.usgs.gov).

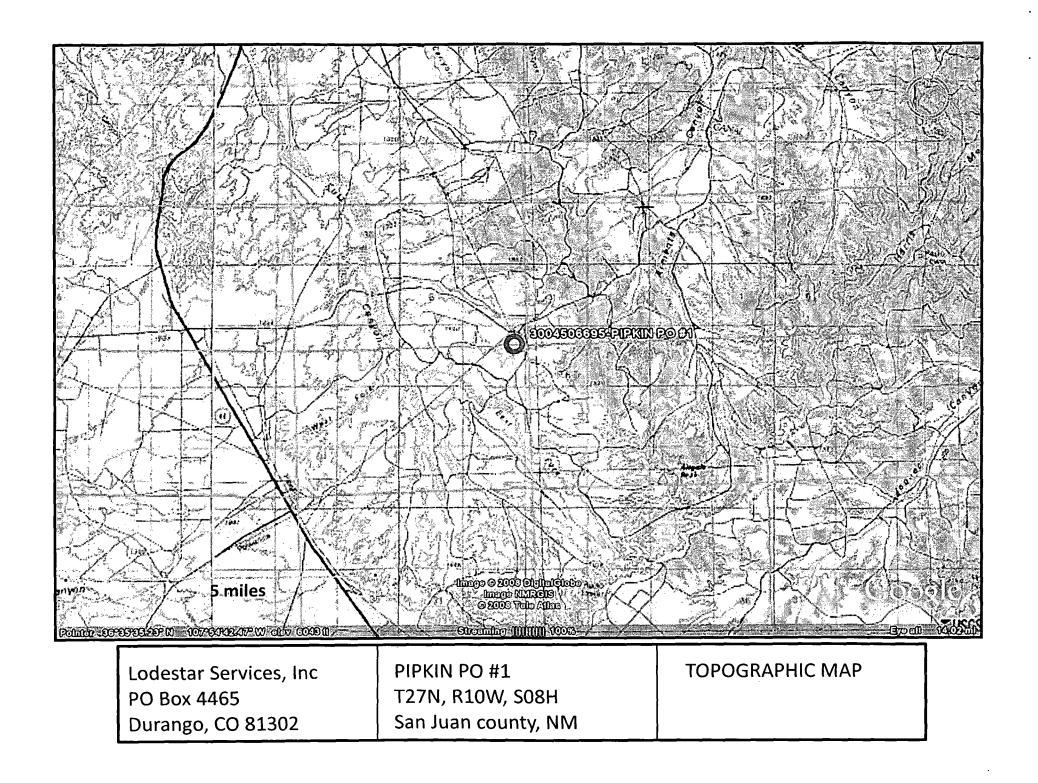
Western Region Climate Center, 2008, New Mexico climate summaries: Desert Research Institute at <a href="http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html">http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html</a>.

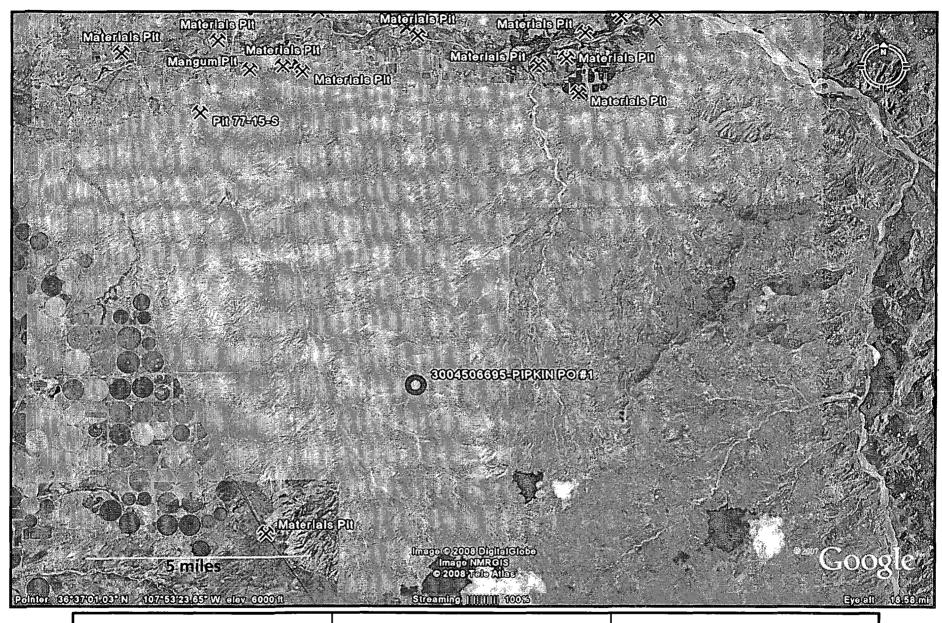
New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, <a href="https://www.emnrd.state.nm.us">www.emnrd.state.nm.us</a>



Lodestar Services, Inc PO Box 4465 Durango, CO 81302 PIPKIN PO #1 T27N, R10W, S08H San Juan county, NM

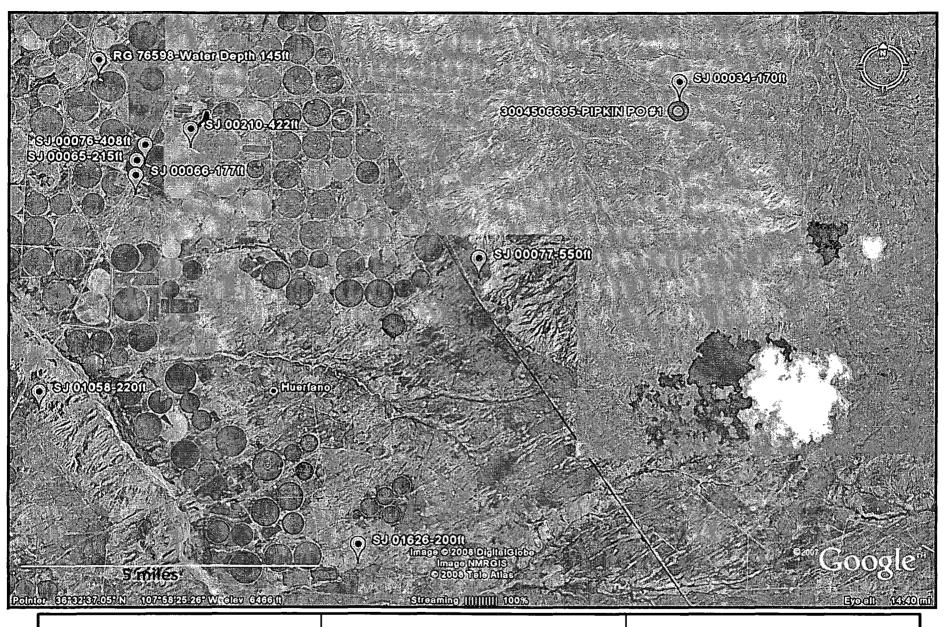
**AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH** 





Lodestar Services, Inc PO Box 4465 Durango, CO 81302

PIPKIN PO #1 T27N, R10W, S08H San Juan county, NM Mines and Quarries Map



Lodestar Services, Inc PO Box 4465 Durango, CO 81302 PIPKIN PO #1 T27N, R10W, S08H San Juan county, NM

i-Waters Ground Water Data Map

## New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

## POD / Surface Data ReportAvg Depth to Water ReportWater Column Report

### WATER COLUMN REPORT 03/22/2008

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE)

	(quarter	es are biggest to	smallest)			Depth	Depth	Water	(in feet)
POD Number	Tws	Rng Secqqq	Zone	x	Ā	Well	Water	Column	
SJ 01787	27m	14W 07 2 2				650			
SJ 00077	27N	11W 26 2 1 3				1102	550	552	

Record Count: 2

#### WATER COLUMN REPORT 09/23/2008

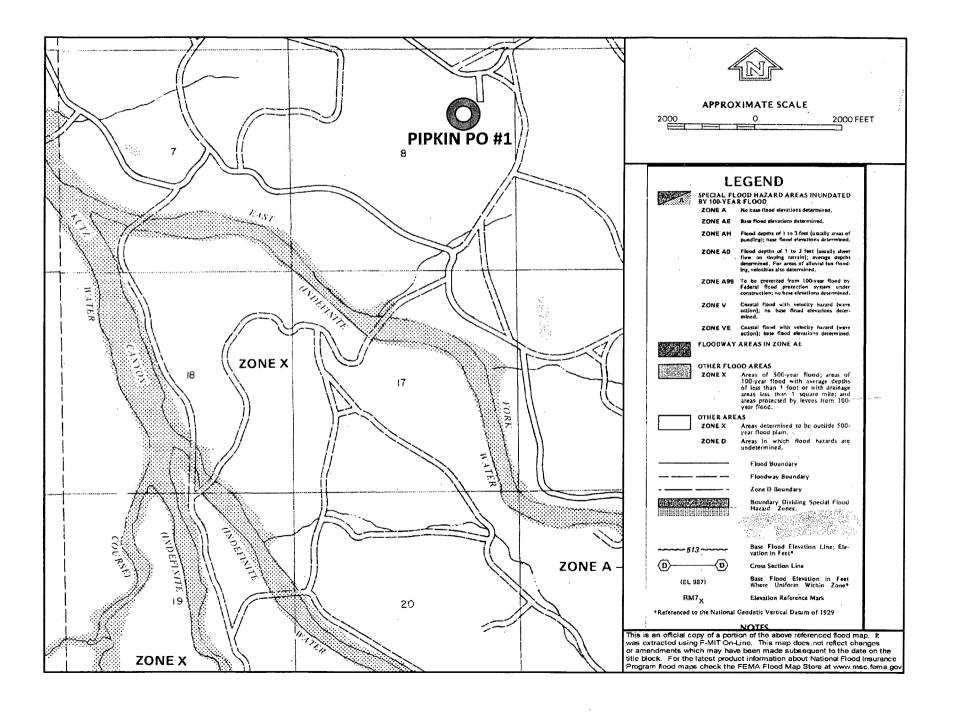
	(quarter	s are	1=0	M PF .	Z=1	Y 25 1	3=2* 4=2%						
•	(quarter	s are	big	ge.	st	to	smallest)			Depth	Depth	Water	(in feet)
POD Number	Tws	Rng	Sec	q ·	or o	Ĭ	Zone	X	Y	Well	Water	Column	
SJ 00034	2739	100	08	2	2 3	3				235	170	- 65	

# New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

## WATER COLUMN REPORT 08/22/2008

					$\mathbb{E}$ 3=SW $\epsilon$			Depth	Depth	Water	(in feet)
POD Number RG 76598	Tws	•	Sec	ાં વાં વ	Zone	•	Y	Well 225	Water 145	Column ଓଡ଼	• • • • • • •
SJ 00076		12W		9 9				641	408	233	
SJ 00210	27N	12W	13 2	2 2 2				717	422	295	
SJ 00065	27N	12W	13 3	3 1 1				671	215	456	
SJ 00066	27N	12W	13 3	331	•			750	177	573	

Record Count: 5



## XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Below Grade Tank Variance Page

Lease Name: PO Pipkin # 1 API No.: 30-045-06695

Description: Unit H, Section 8, Township 27N, Range 10W, San Juan County

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.15 NMAC, the following outlines all variances that are being requested for below grade tanks at XTO facilities. All variances requested provide equal or better protection of fresh water, public health and the environment.

#### Fencing

XTO requests a variance on rule 19.15.17.11.D(3) NMAC which requires fencing around below grade tanks to have at least four (4) strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level. XTO instead requests to utilize hogwire fencing at least four (4) feet high with a top rail for fencing around below grade tanks. This will provide equal protection for livestock from the below grade tank.

## **Closure Requirements**

XTO requests a variance on rule 19.15.17.13.C(3)(a) NMAC which requires operators to analyze closure samples for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC. XTO instead requests to replace the USEPA analytical method 300.0 for total chloride to USEPA Method 9056. The SW846 9056 method Determination of Inorganic Anions By Ion Chromatography, from Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, which also contains methods for the analysis of groundwater, is customarily used to comply with RCRA regulations. EPA Method 300.0 Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography is taken from Methods for Chemical Analysis of Waters and Wastes, and includes test procedures that are approved for monitoring under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). The Scope of Application for each method is the same, and both methods utilize ion chromatograph instrumentation. Following either procedure, steps for instrument calibration and data calculation are equivalent. Sample preservation, holding time, handling and storage is identical between the two methods. It is expected that data produced from either method should be consistent.

XTO requests a variance on rule 19.15.17.13.E(2) requiring that operators notify the appropriate division office verbally AND in writing at least 72 hours prior to any closure operation. XTO instead requests that the verbal notification be waived, as suggested by the local division office. XTO will provide written notification to the division office in the form of an email at least 72 hours prior to beginning closure activities.