| District | 1 | 1625 N French Dr , Hobbs, NM 88240 | District II | 1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210 | District III | 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 | District IV | 1220 S St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

# State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

For temporary pits, closed-loop systems, and below-grade tanks, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

For permanent pits and exceptions submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

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#### Pit, Closed-Loop System, Below-Grade Tank, or Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

1 toposed Attendative Wichlord Fermit of Closure Fran Application								
Type of action:  Permit of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method  Closure of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method  Modification to an existing permit  Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, closed-loop system,								
below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method								
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank or alternative request								
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the invironment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances								
1.								
Operator Schalk Development Company OGRID #: 20389								
Address:c/o Walsh Engineering, 7415 E. Main St., Farmington, NM 87402								
Facility or well name: Schalk 57 #200S								
API Number:30-039 - 30654OCD Permit Number:								
U/L or Qtr/QtrC Section12 Township30N Range5W County: R10 Arriba								
Center of Proposed Design <sup>-</sup> Latitude36.83233 N Longitude107.31219W NAD: ☐1927 🔀 1983								
Surface Owner: 🔀 Federal 🗌 State 🔲 Private 🗀 Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment								
2.								
Pit: Subsection F or G of 19.15.17.11 NMAC								
Temporary.								
Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A								
☐ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil ☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other								
☐ String-Reinforced								
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other Volume: Dimensions:								
3.								
▼ Closed-loop System: Subsection H of 19.15.17.11 NMAC								
Type of Operation: P&A 🔀 Drilling a new well 🗌 Workover or Drilling (Applies to activities which require prior approval of a permit or notice of intent)								
🔀 Drying Pad 🔀 Above Ground Steel Tanks 🗌 Haul-off Bins 🗌 Other								
☑ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thickness 20 mil mil ☑ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other								
Liner Seams: Welded W Factory Other								
My Drying Pad My Above Ground Steel Tanks								
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC								
Volume:bbl Type of fluid:								
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Volume: bbl Type of fluid: OIL CONS. DIV. DIST. 3  Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-  Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other								
Secondary containment with leak detection   Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-								
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☐ Other								
Liner type: Thicknessmil								
5								
Alternative Method:								
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.								

Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks)		
Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, institution or church)	hospital,	
Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet		
Alternate. Please specify4' Hog Wire w/ one strand of barbed wire on top		
7.		
Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)		
Screen Netting Other		
Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)		
8. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC		
☐ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers		
Signed in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC		
LA digited in compliance with 19:19:5:105 NAME		
9. Administrative Approvals and Exceptions:		
Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.		
Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:  Administrative approval(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district or the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau of	office for	
consideration of approval.	office for	
Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.		
10. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC		
Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accep		
material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require administrative approval from the appropriate of fice or may be considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approximately approximate		•
Applicant must attach justification for request. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance. Siting criteria does not apply to dryi		
above-grade tanks associated with a closed-loop system.		NI-
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the temporary pit, permanent pit, or below-grade tank.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes 🔀	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	¥ Yes □	No
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site		
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes 🏻	No
(Applies to temporary, emergency, or cavitation pits and below-grade tanks)  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	∐ NA	
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes 🛚	No
(Applies to permanent pits)	□ NA	
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	[] V., [7]	
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes 🏻	
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance		No
adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.	□ Vac 🔽	
	☐ Yes 🏋	
- Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes 🏻	
<ul> <li>Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality</li> <li>Within 500 feet of a wetland.</li> <li>US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Yes 【</li><li>Yes 【</li></ul>	No
Within 500 feet of a wetland.		No No
Within 500 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site  Within the area overlying a subsurface mine.  - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division  Within an unstable area.	☐ Yes [ <b>X</b> ]	No No No
Within 500 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site  Within the area overlying a subsurface mine.  - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	<ul><li>Yes X</li><li>Yes X</li></ul>	No No No

Form C-144

Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection G of 19.15.17.13 NMAC

Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems That Utilize Above Gro Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for the disposal of liquifacilities are required.		
Disposal Facility Name: ENVIROTECH	Disposal Facility Permit Number: NM - 81 - 8	۷ ۱/
Disposal Facility Name: BASIA DISPOSAL		
Will any of the proposed closed-loop system operations and associated activiti  Yes (If yes, please provide the information below)  No		
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and open Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection	riate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMA tion I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	C
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMA Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may reconsidered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environm demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NM	the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour equire administrative approval from the appropriate dist ental Bureau office for consideration of approval. Justi	rict office or may be
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS;	Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 50 and 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS;		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS;	Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any othe lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site.		Yes No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or ch - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Sat		☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring tha watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspect	or spring, in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written ap	•	Yes No
Within 500 feet of a wetland US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map;	√isual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-M	ining and Mıneral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area.  - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geosciety; Topographic map	ology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map		☐ Yes ☐ No
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requiremer Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirement Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids a Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Plan - based upon the appropriate Plan - based upon the appropriate Plan - based upon the appropria	e requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC ats of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC and pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19. ats.17.13 NMAC the requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ats of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot tion H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC attention I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	15.17.11 NMAC

Operator Application Certification:	
I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accur	rate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief
Name (Print): Paul C. Thompson, P.E.	Title:Agent / Engineer
Signature: Saul L. Thongs	Date:3/12/09
e-mail address:paul@walsheng.net	Telephone:505.327.4892
OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure P	lan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)
OCD Representative Signature:	Approval Date: 4-14-09
Title:Enviro/spec	OCD Permit Number:
Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): Subsection Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure plan prior to the plan prior	to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this losure activities have been completed. —
	☐ Closure Completion Date:
22. Closure Method:  ☐ Waste Excavation and Removal ☐ On-Site Closure Method ☐ Alterna ☐ If different from approved plan, please explain.	ative Closure Method   Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)
Closure Report Regarding Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for where the liquids, dril two facilities were utilized.	
Disposal Facility Name:	Disposal Facility Permit Number:
Disposal Facility Name:	
Were the closed-loop system operations and associated activities performed on or  Yes (If yes, please demonstrate compliance to the items below)  No	in areas that will not be used for future service and operations?
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service and operation Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique	ions:
24. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following it	tems must be attached to the closure report. Please indicate, by a check
mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division)  Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure)  Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)  Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)  Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure)  Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number  Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation  Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique  Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)	
On-site Closure Location Latitude Longit	NAD:NAD:
Operator Closure Certification:  I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure is belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requiren	
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

District I 1625 N French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240

State of New Mexico

Laiergy, Minerals & Natural Resources Depai

Form C-102 Revised October 12, 2005

District II 1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

District III

Instructions on beck
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION State Lease - 4 Conservation of the state -1220 South St. Francis Dr Santa Fe. NM 87505 JAN 12 2000

1220 S St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

AMENDED REPORT

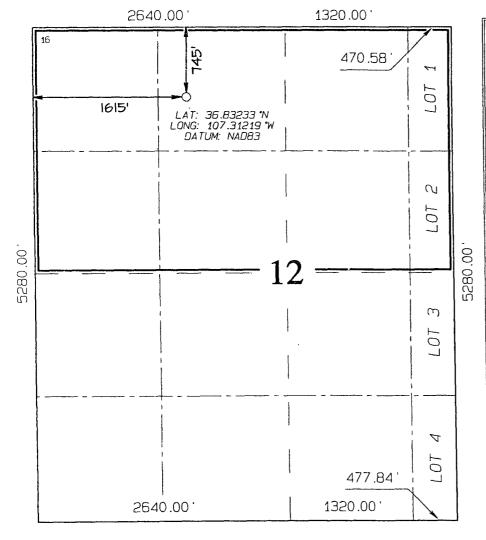
#### hareau of Land Management WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

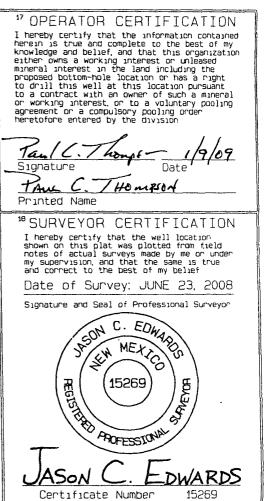
'API Number	*Pool Code 71629	Pool Name BASIN FRUITLAND COAL					
*Property Code	·	Property Name "Well Number SCHALK 57 200S					
'OGRID No. 20389		otor Name LOPMENT COMPANY	°Elevation 6591'				

<sup>10</sup> Surface Location

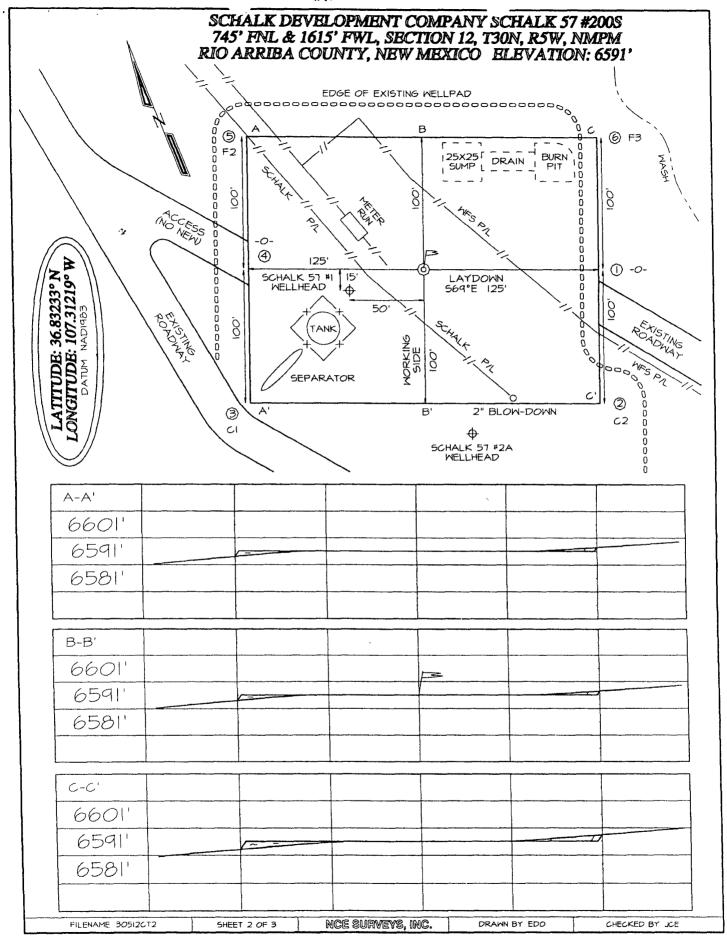
UL or lot no	Section 12	Township 30N	Range 5W	Lot Idn	Feet from the 745	North/South line NORTH	Feet from the	East/West line WEST	County RIO ARRIBA
		11 E	Bottom	Hole L	ocation I	f Different	From Surf	ace	
UL or lat no	Section .	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
							_		
12 Dedicated Acres		<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L	13 Joint or Infill	14 Consolidation Code	15 Order No	L	<u> </u>
268.63 Acres - N/2					Y				

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION





Schalk Development Company Typical Location Layout



#### **Schalk Development Company**

#### Closed Loop Design:

The closed loop design will not incorporate a temporary pit or below grade tank. A sump will be used during the cavitation process. The plan will utilize an above grade tank suitable for holding the cuttings and fluids generated during drilling operations. The volume of the tank shall be of a sufficient volume to maintain an adequate free board for periodic removal and disposal of cuttings and fluids.

Schalk Development Company may incorporate the use of a 20 mil, string reinforced, LLDPE liner with factory welded seams to line the drying pad in order to minimize the volume of fluids to be disposed of. The drying pad will be designed to prevent contamination of fresh water, protect public health and the environment, and have sumps to facilitate the collection of liquids derived from drilling cuttings, as specified per subsection H of 19.15.17.11. The cuttings pad will be constructed above grade and containment will be through the use of earthen berms of sufficient height to contain the cuttings and prevent run-off of surface water or fluids. The drying pad area will replace the area of the drill site previously designated for the reserve pit. It will be signed in compliance with 19.15.3.1 03.NMAC. Frac tanks will be utilized on site for fresh water storage.

#### Closed Loop Operations and Maintenance:

The closed loop system will be operated and maintained for solids and liquid containment to prevent ground water contamination as follows:

- 1. Any free liquids will be recovered and reused or disposed of at the Basin Disposal Facility (Permit # NM-01-005). Reuse may include the relocating of liquids to be used in other permitted drilling operations.
- 2. Drill solids will be recovered from location and hauled to Envirotech (Permit #NM-010011) periodically as required to maintain a safe free board in the cuttings tank. No onsite trench burial of cuttings will occur.
- 3. In the event a drying pad is utilized, the cuttings will be picked up and transported to Basin Disposal Facility (Permit #NM-01-005). The liner will be disposed of at the San Juan County Landfill located on CR 3100. The drying pad will be closed within 6 months from the date that the drilling rig is released. Berms constructed from native materials will be bladed on site to the location's contour.
- 4. Any drilling materials or trash will be stored and disposed of appropriately.
- 5. The NMOCD will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery of compromised integrity of the closed loop containment. Any required repairs will commence immediately.

#### Closed Loop Closure Plan:

- 1. Upon completion of the drilling operations, all solids and liquids will be removed and disposed of to Envirotech (Permit #NM-01-0011) and Basin Disposal Facility (Permit # NM-01-005). Equipment shall also be removed from location. In the event a drying pad is utilized, the solids contained on the pad shall remain on site to allow sufficient drying and will then be transported to Envirotech (Permit # NM-01-0011) within 6 months from the date that the drilling rig is released.
- 2. After the drying pad is removed the surface below will be visually inspected for any contamination. If contamination is discovered a five point composite sample will be taken of the drying pad area using sampling tools and all samples tested per Subsection B of 19.15.17.13(B) (1) (b). In the event that the criteria are not met, all contents will be handled per Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.13i.e. Dig and haul.

- 3. Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding. Re-shaping will include drainage control, prevent ponding, and prevent erosion. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be place in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape.
- 4. Notification will be sent to OCO when the reclaimed area is seeded.
- 5. BR shall seed the disturbed areas the first growing season after the operator closes the drying pad. Seeding will be accomplished *via* drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division-approved methods. BLM or Forest Service stipulated seed mixes will used on federal lands. Vegetative cover will equal 70% of the native perennial vegetative *cover* (un-impacted) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that *cover* through two successive growing seasons. Repeat seeding or planting will be continued until successful vegetative growth occurs.

#### Species shall be planted in pounds of pure live seed per acre:

Present Pure Live Seed (PLS) = Purity X Germination/100

Two lots of seed can be compared on the basis of PLS as follows:

Source No. One (poor quality)
Purity 50 percent
Germination 40 percent
Percent PLS 20 percent
5 lb. bulk seed required to make

Source No. Two (better quality)
Purity 80 percent
Germination 63 percent
Percent PLS 50 percent
2 lb. bulk seed required to make
1 lb. PLS

1 lb. PLS

### Schalk Development Company San Juan Basin Pit Design and Construction Plan

In accordance with Rule 19 15 17 the following information describes the design and construction for temporary pits on Schalk Development Company's locations; this is Schalk's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

#### **General** Plan

- 1 Schalk Development will design and construct a temporary pit to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment
- 2 Prior to constructing the pit, topsoil will be stockpiled in the construction zone for later use in restoration
- 3 Schalk Development will post a well sign, not less than 12' by 14', on the well site prior to construction of the temporary pit. The sign will list the operator on record as the operator, the location of the well by unit letter, section, township rang, and emergency telephone numbers
- 4 Schalk Development shall construct all new fences unitizing 48' steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Temporary pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or overwork operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes
- Schalk Development shall construct the temporary pit so that the foundation and interior slopes are firm and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent liner failure
- 6 Schalk Development shall construct the pit so that the slopes are no steeper than two horizontal feet to 1 vertical foot
- 7 Pit walls will be walked down by a crawler type tractor following construction
- 8 All temporary pits will be lined with a 20-mil, string reinforced, LLDPE liner, complying with EPA SW-846 method 9090A requirements
- 9 Geotextile will be installed beneath the liner when rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities cannot be avoided
- 10 All liners will be anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench at least 18 inches deep
- 11 Schalk Development will minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope. Factory seams will be used whenever possible. Schalk Development will ensure all field seams are welded by qualified personnel. Field seams will be overlapped four to six inches and will be oriented parallel to the line of maximum slope. Schalk Development will minimize the number of field seams in corners and irregularly shaped areas
- 12 The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pit slides, or a manifold system
- 13 The pit shall be protected from run-off by constructing and maintaining diversion ditched around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some cases
- 14 The volume of the pit shall not exceed 10 acre-feet, including freeboard
- 15 Temporary blow pits will be constructed to allow gravity flow to discharge into lined drill pit
- 16 The lower half of the blow pit (nearest lined pit) will be lined with the same 20 mil liner. The upper half of the blow pit will remain unlined as allowed in Rule 19 15 17 11 F 11
- 17 Schalk Development will not allow freestanding liquids to remain on the unlined portion of temporary blow pit

### Schalk Development Resources Operating LP San Juan Basin Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19 15 17 the following information described the operation and maintenance of temporary pits on Schalk Development Company locations. This is Schalk Development's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

#### **General Plan**

- 1 Schalk Development will operate and maintain a temporary pit to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment
- 2 Schalk Development will conserve drilling fluids by transferring liquids to pits ahead of the rigs whenever possible. All other drilling fluids will be disposed at Basin Disposal, Inc. Permit # NM-01-005
- 3 Schalk Development will not discharge or store any hazardous waste in any temporary pit
- 4 If any pit liner's integrity is compromised or if any penetration of the liner occurs above the liquid's surface, then Schalk Development shall notify the Aztec Division office by phone or email within 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the liner
- If a leak develops below the liquid's level, Schalk Development shall remove all liquids above the damaged liner within 48 hours and repair the damage or replace the liner. Schalk Development shall notify the Aztec Division office by phone or email within 48 hours of the discovery for leaks less than 25 barrels. Schalk Development shall notify the Aztec division office as required pursuant to Subsection B of 19 15 3 116 NMAC shall be reported within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery of leaks greater than 25 barrels. In addition, immediate verbal notification pursuant to Subsection B, Paragraph (1) and Subparagraph (d) of 19 15 3 116 NMAC shall be reported to the division's Environmental Bureau Chief
- The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pit slides, or manifold system
- 7 The pit shall be protected from run-off by constructing and maintaining diversion ditches around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some cases
- 8 Schalk Development shall immediately remove any visible layer or oil from the surface of temporary pit after cessation of a drilling or workover operation. Oil absorbent booms will be utilized to contain and remove oil from the pit's surface. An oil absorbent boom will be stored on-site until closure of pit
- 9 Only fluids generated during the drilling or workover process may be discharged into a temporary pit
- 10 Schalk Development will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris
- 11 During drilling or workover operations, Schalk Development will inspect the temporary pit at least once daily to ensure compliance with this plan. Inspections will be logged in the IADC reports. Schalk Development will file this log with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit
- 12 After drilling or workover operations, Schalk Development will inspect the temporary pit weekly so long as liquids remain in the temporary pit. A log of the inspections will be stored at Schalk Development's office electronically and will be filed with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit
- 13 Schalk Development shall maintain at least two feet of freeboard for a temporary pit

- 14 Schalk Development shall remove all free liquids from a temporary pit within 30 days from the date the operator releases the drilling or workover rig
- 15 Schalk Development shall remove all free liquids from a cavitations put within 48 hours after completing cavitations. Schalk Development may request additional time to remove liquids from Aztec Division office if it is not feasible to remove liquids within 48 hours

#### Schalk Development Company San Juan Basin Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.12 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of temporary pits on Schalk Development Company's locations. This is Schalk Development's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A Separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

All closure activities will include proper documentation and be available for review upon request and will be submitted to OCD within 60 days of the pit closure. Closure report will be filed on C-144 and incorporated the following:

- Detail on Capping and Covering, where applicable
- Plot Plan (Pit diagram)
- Inspection reports
- Sampling Results
- C-105
- Copy of Deed Notice will be filed with County Clerk

#### General Plan

- 1 All free standing liquids will be removed at the start of the pit closure process from the pit and disposed of in a division-approved facility or recycle, reuse or reclaim the liquids in a manner that the appropriate division district office approves
- The preferred method of closure for all temporary pits will be on-site burial, assuming that all criteria listed in sub-section (B) of 19.15.17.13 are met
- 3 The surface owner shall be notified of Schalk Development's proposed closure plan using a means that provides proof of notice i.e., certified mail, return receipt requested
- 4 Within 6 months of the Rig Off status occurring Schalk Development will ensure that temporary pits are closed, re-contoured, and reseeded
- Notice of Closure will be given to the Aztec Division office between 72 hours and one week of closure via email, or verbally, The notification of closure will include the following:
  - i. Operator's name
  - Location by Unit Letter, Section, Township, and Range. Well name and API Number
- 6 Liner of temporary pit shall be removed above "mud level" after stabilization. Removal of liner will consist of manually or mechanically cutting liner at mud level and removing all remaining liner. Care will be taken or remove "All" of the liner i.e., edges of liner entrenched or buried. All excessive liver will be disposed of at a licensed disposal facility
- Pit contents shall be mixed with non-waste containing, earthen material in order to achieve the solidification process. The solidification process will be accomplished using a combination of natural drying and mechanically mixing. Pit contents will be mixed with non-waste, earthen

- material to a consistency that is deemed a safe and stable. The mixing ratio shall not exceed 3 parts clean soil to 1 part pit contents
- A five point composite sample will be taken of the pit using sampling tools and all samples rested per Subsection B of 19.15.17.13(B)(1)(b). In the event that the criteria are not met, all contents will be handled per Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.13 i.e., Dig and haul

Components	Tests Method	Limit (mg/Kg)
Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	0.2
BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50
TPH	EPA SW-846 418.1	2500
GRO/DRO	EPA SW-846 8015M	500
Chlorides	EPA 300.1	1000

- 9 Upon completion of solidification and testing, the pit area will be backfilled with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen material. A minimum of four feet of cover shall be achieved and the cover shall include one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater
- 10 Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding area. Reshaping will include drainage control, prevent ponding, and prevent erosion. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be placed in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape
- 11 Notification will be sent to OCD when the reclaimed area is seeded
- 12 Schalk Development shall seed the distributed areas the first growing season after the operator closes the pit. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division-approved methods. BLM or Forest Service stipulated seed mixed will be used on federal lands. Vegetative cover will equal 70% of the native perennial vegetative cover (unimpacted) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that cover thorough twp successive growing seasons. Repeat seeding or planting will be continued until successful vegetative growth occurs
- 13 The temporary pit will be located with a steel marker, no less than four inches in diameter, cemented in a hole three feet deep in the center of the onsite burial upon the abandonment of all the wells on the pad. The marker will be a four foot tall riser with the operator's information at the time of all wells on the pad are abandoned. The operator's information will include the following: Operator Name, Lease Name, Well Name and Number, unit Number, Section, Township, Range and an indicator that the marker is an onsite burial location

#### Hydro geological report for Schalk 57 #200S

#### Regional Hydro geological context:

The Schalk 57 #200S is located on Carson National Forest land on an existing well pad and approximately 200 feet west of the head of La Fragua wash. This small canyon drains in a northwesterly direction into the main La Jara Wash in Rio Arriba Country New Mexico. The area bounded by steep, heavily wooded hills. The soil in the area of the proposed well pad is primarily dry, sandy soil with occasional boulders. There are numerous small arroyos which drain to La Fragua Wash.

A records search of the NM Office of the State Engineer – iWATERS database indicated that there was no depth to ground water data available for this section. The closest data point was Section 7, T30 N, R4W (approximately 1 mile east of the proposed location). This well was drilled to a depth of 185 feet with the top of the water column at 95'. The water from this well is used for livestock.

Geologic maps of the area indicate that the surface formation at the proposed well site is the San Jose formation. The San Jose Formation of Eocene age occurs in New Mexico and Colorado and its outcrop forms the land surface over much of the eastern half of the central basin. It overlies the Nacimiento Formation in the area generally south of the Colorado – New Mexico State line and overlies the Animas Formation in the area generally north of the State line.

The San Jose Formation was deposited in various fluvial-type environments. In general, the unit consists of an interbedded sequence of sandstone, siltstone and variegated shale. Thickness of the San Jose Formation generally increases from west to eat (200 feet in the west and south to almost 2,700 feet in the center of the structural basin).

Ground water is associated with alluvial and fluvial sandstone aquifers. Thus, the occurrence of ground water is mainly controlled by the distribution of sandstone in the formation. The distribution of such sandstone is the result of original depositional extent plus any post-depositional modification, namely erosion and structural deformation. Transmissivity data for San Jose Formation are minimal. Values of 40 and 120 feet squared or measured discharge from 46 water wells completed in San Jose Formation ranges from 0.15 to 61 gallons per minute and the median is 5 gallons per minute. Most of the wells provide water for livestock and domestic use.

The San Jose Formation is a very suitable unit for recharge from precipitation because soils that form on the unity are sandy and highly permeable and therefore readily absorb precipitation. However, low annual precipitation, relatively high transpiration and evaporation rates, and deep dissection of the San Jose Formation by the San Juan River and its tributaries all tend to reduce the effective recharge of the unit.

Stone et al, 1983, Hydrogeology and Water Resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico Socorro, New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Hydrologic Report 6, 70p

#### Site specific information:

Surface hydrology: The site is located at the head of La Fragua Canyon, which is a small

canyon which drains NW into the main La Jara Wash drainage. The immediate area around the proposed well location is drained by a number of small intermittent drainages northeast towards La Fragua

Wash.

1<sup>st</sup> water-bearing formation: San Jose, tertiary
Formation thickness: 200 - 700 feet
Underlying formation: Necimiento, Tertiary

**Depth to groundwater:** The closest well in the valley bottom has a depth to groundwater of 95'.

#### FEMA Map - 100 year floodplain

The FEMA Floodplain Maps are not available of National Forest Lands.

#### **Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations**

The Schalk 57 #200S is not located in an unstable area. The location is not over a mine and is not on the side of a hill. The location of the well pad will not be located within 300' of any continuously flowing watercourse but may be closer than 200' from any other watercourse. Schalk intends to drill this well with a closed loop mud system and drying pad and use a blow pit with a sump during the cavitation operations.

Schalk Development Company
Schalk 57 #200S
Closed Loop Drilling Application with a drying pad and burn pit/sump for cavitation.
Siting Criteria

- 1. According to the iWaters Database from the State Engineers Office, there are no water wells in this Section. The closest reported well is in the SW/4 of Section 3, T30N, R4W which is approximately 1.0 miles east of the Schalk 57 #200S location. The minimum depth to ground water listed is 95'. See attached printout.
- 2. As shown on the attached topographic map and aerial photos, there are no continuously flowing watercourses within 300' of the well. The start of La Fragua Canyon is approximately 200' from the proposed well. Schalk intends to drill this well to the top of the Fruitland utilizing a closed-loop mud system with a drying pad. The Fruitland Coal will be cavitated into a burn pit with a small lined sump to contain any liquids.
- 3. There are no permanent residences, schools, hospitals, institutions, churches within 300' of the well.
- 4. There are no domestic water wells or springs within 500' of the well. See iWaters Database printout.
- 5. The well is not located within any municipal boundaries.
- 6. The well is not within 500' of any wetlands. See attached topographic map and aerial photos.
- 7. There are no subsurface mines in Section 12, T30N, R5W. See attached map from the NM EMNRD Mining and Mineral Division.
- 8. The Schalk 57 #220S is not located in an "unstable" area. The location is not over a mine and is not on the side of a hill. The location of the excavated pit material will not be located within 300' of a continuously flowing watercourse or 200' from any other watercourse.
- 9. The FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map is not available for this location but on a bench well above the valley floor there is very little risk of a flood.
- 10. In the event that the composite pit sample that is mixed 3:1 with native soils does not meet the requirements for onsite burial, the pit contents will be removed and disposed of at the Envirotech Landfarm #2 (NMOCD Permit #11).



Record Count:9

## New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE)

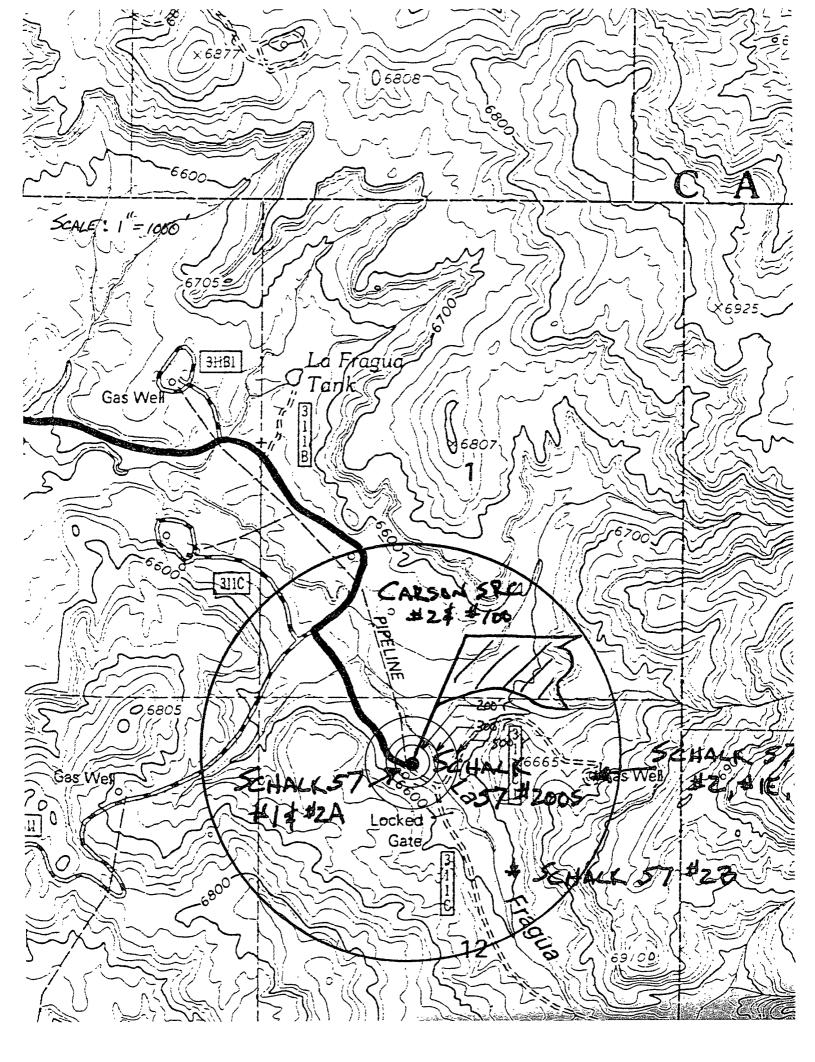
(quarters are smallest to largest) (NAD83 UTM in meters) (In feet)

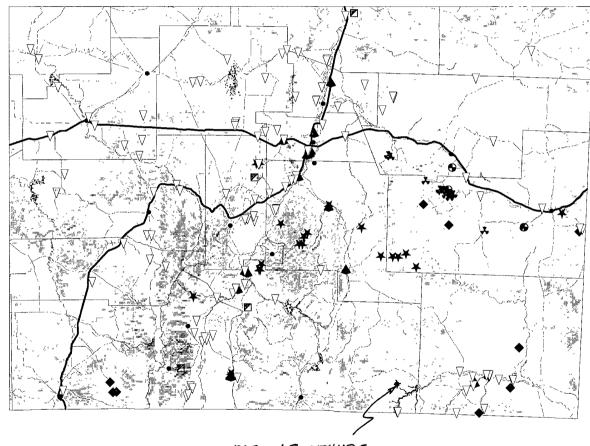
		2113		Q		-			あしゃ いら 外外を指したで	DepthD	A tree trees to	200 PAR SECTION 1
POD Number	County	04	II.O						Wasazi alikidi dali beka	<b>WellV</b>	vatere	
SJ 00037	Rio Arriba			2	04	29N	04W	298778	4070389	373		
SJ 00042	Rio Arriba			1	28	30N	04W	297901	4073566	62		
SJ 00049	Rio Arriba			3	33	31N	04W	298080	4080910	112	80	32
SJ 01291	Rio Arriba		4	1	25	30N	04W	302930	4073243	500	250	250
SJ 02384	Rio Arriba	3	1	3	07	30N	04W s	<u>/294736</u>	4077762	185	95	90
SJ 02771	Rio Arriba	2	1	1	17	30N	05W	287141	4077449	325	137	188
SJ 03556	Rio Arriba	4	2	4	06	30N	05W	286796	4079673	450	250	200
SJ 03593	Rio Arriba	4	2	4	21	29N	05W	289638	4065295	300		
SJ 03742 POD1	Rio Arriba	4	4	3	26	30N	04W	301401	4072375	480	210	270

Average Depth to Water: 170 feet

Minimum Depth: 80 feet Maximum Depth: 250 feet <del>Z ></del>

SCHALK 57 # 2085





2005# 72 A2605

### **MMQonline Public Version**

Mines, Mills & Quarries Commodity Groups							
Δ	Aggregate & Stone Mines						
•	Coal Mines						
*	Industrial Minerals Mines						
▼	Industrial Minerals Mills						
<b>2</b>	Metal Mines and Mill Concentrate						
	Potash Mines & Refineries						
<b>a</b>	Smelters & Refinery Ops.						
*	Uranium Mines						
•	Uranium Mills						
Population							
•	Cities - major						
Transportation	on						
+ + -+	Railways						
_	Interstate Highways						
	Major Roads						
Hydrology							
	Water Bodies (Selected)						

