District II

811 South First, Artesia, NM 88210

District III

1000 S to Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410

District IV

2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, NM 87505

Oil Conservation Division 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe, NM 87505

Energy minicials and material resources

Revised March 17, 1999

Submit 2 Copies to appropriate District Office in accordance with Rule 116 on back side of form

Release Notification and Corrective Action

30-045-24359	OPERATOR	Initial Report 🔀 Final Report
Name of Company Perger Resources Corp.	Contact	Cardova / Everger Resources
Address 2198 Bloom Field Hwy Farming	Telephone No. 305-32	5-6800
Facility Name Augel Peak B #25-E		oduction TANK At Producing gas w
Surface Owner BLM federal Miner	BLM Federal	1895 F-047017-B
	TION OF RELEASE	
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the	1 1 .	om the FWL SAY JUAY
NAT	URE OF RELEASE	•
Type of Release Cordercate leak	Volume of Release	.36 6615 Volume Recovered
Lore Si Release Core Sion void in Spedae @ both	on of TK. 5-90-02	Date and Hour of Discovery 5-30-02 (2:30 0.m)
Was Immediate Notice Given? ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not I	ILYES, To Whom?	oust with 1 moco
By Whom? Eryest Cardona	Date and Hour 5-30-07	Λ Α
Was a Watercourse Reached?	If YES, Volume Im	pacting the Watercourse 34567
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* N. A		AUG SOS SOS SOS SOS SOS SOS SOS SOS SOS SO
Prescribe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken. Viduction Taken. Viduction Taken. For Remedial Action Taken. For Remedial Action Taken.	id in swedge at bo- see Attached docum	Hom of Tark Where H20 is drained extion
Please Sec Attached Cocumention.		
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and com and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file cer endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a of liability should their operations have failed to adequately inve- water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD a compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and or reg	tain release notifications and pe C-141 report by the NMOCD in stigate and remediate contamin, acceptance of a C-141 report does	arked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator ation that pose a threat to ground water, surface
V A	diate.	
Signature: Anul Anuma	OIL (CONSERVATION DIVISION
Printed Name Ervest Cardova		CONSERVATION DIVISION For Frank Chare 2
r . A .	OIL (ony Toent
Printed Name Ervest Cardova	Approved by District Supervisor	for Frank Chave Z

Biosphere Environmental Sciences and Technologies

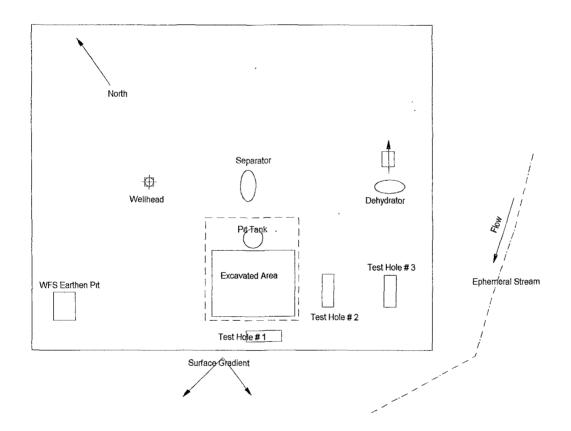
Energen Resources Angel Peak B #25-E Spill Clean-up

Company: Energen Resources Well: Angel Peak B #25-E

Lease: SF-047017B

Location: 1585' FNL & 1560' FWL, Sec. 24, T-28-N, R-11-W San Juan County, New Mexico Elevation: 5770' RKB

Schematic of Location:



An approximately 6 (six) foot in diameter hydrocarbon stain was apparent on the surface of the soil east and south of the production tank placement. The tank was set approximately 75 feet in a bearing of 60 degrees south of the wellhead. The excavation process started on the east side of the berm area. Soil characteristics throughout the excavation are listed as follows;

From 0 to 10-feet: Sandy loam, light brown in color From 10-15-feet: Clayey loam, brown in color At 15-feet: Bedrock A sample was taken at **4-feet** in depth, in the center of the spill area. The sample contained a strong hydrocarbon odor. A Headspace analysis was performed on the sample and analyzed. The results of the sample were **OVER-RANGE** of the Organic Vapor Meter (OVM). Visual traits of gray to black staining occurred at approximately 6-feet in depth and were limited to the north end of the excavation, towards the fiberglass pit area. The gray to black staining continued along the north wall (pit area) to a depth of 15-feet. However, the odor of burnt glycol was much more prevalent and overpowering in this region. Samples at **10-feet and 15-feet**, in the center of the spill area were analyzed, resulting in an **OVER-RANGE** of the OVM.

Excavation continued until a volume of 40-feet X 40-feet X 15-feet (bedrock) in depth was established. In terms of the total area that the spill covered, the plume of the spill decreased at the edges to a depth of approximately 2-feet above bedrock along the excavated area. A composite sample from approximately 8-9-feet and from 14-15-feet from each wall was extracted and analyzed utilizing the headspace method. Results of the samples are listed below:

WALLS

Composite sample at 8-9-feet in depth: OVM Results: 51 ppm Composite Sample at 14-15-feet in depth: OVM Results: OVER-RANGE

A second composite sample was extracted at a depth of approximately **8-feet** in depth and utilizing USEPA Method 418.1 analyzed for **Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)**. Results of the above mentioned sample provided a concentration of **36-ppm**.

A series of test holes were then developed around the excavation point for both sampling and to determine how far the plume of the spill had approximately reached. The first test hole (indicated by #1 on schematic) was approximately 15 feet south of the excavation area, and was developed with specific characteristics. It was noted that no hydrocarbon odor was emitted at this point. Also, no soil staining occurred during the excavation to a total depth of 15-feet, when bedrock was reached. Three samples were extracted during excavation and analyzed utilizing Headspace Protocol. Results of the testing are listed below:

Test Hole # 1 @ 8-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 1 @ 10-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 1 @ 15-feet: Non-Detect

A second test hole was then developed approximately 15 feet east of the excavation area and also had specific characteristics. A strong hydrocarbon odor was most notable, and was emitted from 13' to 15' in depth in the clayey loam soils. Bedrock was again encountered at a total depth of 15', where excavation ceased. Three samples were extracted during excavation and analyzed utilizing Headspace Protocol. Results of the testing are listed below:

Test Hole # 2 @ 8-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 2 @ 10-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 2 @ 15-feet: 682 ppm

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Finally, a third test hole approximately 25 feet east of the pit area was developed with its own specific characteristics as well. At this area, a hydrocarbon odor was emitted from 14' to 15' in depth in the clayey loam soils region. Bedrock was reached at a total depth of 15', where excavation ceased, with no significant observable soil staining. Three samples were extracted during excavation and analyzed utilizing Headspace Protocol. Results of the testing are listed below:

Test Hole # 3 @ 8-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 3 @ 10-feet: Non-Detect Test Hole # 3 @ 15-feet: 543 ppm

After consultation with the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division representative, it was determined that an oxidizer would be sprayed into the excavated area and Test Hole # 2. A surfactant was added to the oxidizer, allowing greater penetration of the oxidizer. The oxidizer's role is to enhance bio-degradation of the impacted soil.

Remedial Action (Landfarm):

Total volume excavated was approximately 900-cubic yards of impacted soil. The excavated soils were spread in 4 to 6-inch lifts throughout the location for remedial purposes. The impacted soils were turned, utilizing a farm tractor and disc each day. Two, five-point composites were extracted from the landfarm area. Each composite sample was analyzed utilizing the Headspace method. Results of the Headspace analysis are listed below:

Composite Sample # 1: 77 ppm Composite # 2: 84 ppm

A third composite sample was extracted from the general area of composite sample #2. The sample was analyzed utilizing **USEPA Method 418.1** for TPH. Results of the landfarmed material provided a **TPH concentration of 100-ppm**.

Date:

7/16/02

. Client:

Energen Resources

Lab ID:

0302W02708-2709

Project:

Angel Peak B #25E Spill

Dear Client:

The samples were received for analysis at Inter-Mountain Laboratories (IML), Farmington, New Mexico. Enclosed is the result of the analyses.

Comment:

The enclosed report has been independently reviewed for compliance with IML-Farmington's Quality Assurance Plan and Data Quality Objectives. IML has examined all of the data in the report and has made every effort possible to make sure it is complete, accurate, and compliant. Quality Assurance data, if not included, is on file and available upon request.

Unless otherwise noted, all results were obtained by approved methods. Practical Quantification Limits (PQLs) are based on statistically derived determinations, and upon any dilutions necessary to obtain proper method response without matrix interference.

Post-it® Fax Note	7671	Date	# of pages
TO FRANK		From	CA^
Co./Dept.		Co	TML
Phone #		Phone #	
Fax #		Fax#	

William Lipps

Laboratory Director/IML-Farmington, NM

Inter-Mountain Laboratories, Inc.

2506 West Main Street Farmington, NM 87401

Client:

Energen Resources

Project:

ANGEL PEAK B # 25E SPILL

Sample ID:

WALLS @ 8FT.

Lab ID:

0302W02708

Matrix:

Soll

Condition:

Cool/Intact

Date Received: 07/05/02

- 4 - 4 - 57404

Date Reported: 07/16/02 Date Sampled: 07/03/02

Time Sampled: 0730

	Analytical	γ		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	Analysis	
Parameter	Result	Unita	Units PQL	Method	Date Time Init.	
•						
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons 418.1	36	mg/Kg	5	EPA 418.1	07/11/02 1400 ZW	

Reference: EPA - "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (MCAWW)" - EPA/600/4-79-020 - March, 1983.

Jack Wall

Reviewed By:

2508 West Main Street FarmIngton, NM 87401

Client:

Energen Resources

Project:

ANGEL PEAK B # 25E SPILL

Sample ID: Lab ID: LANDFARM 0302W02709

Matrix:

Soil

Condition:

Cool/Intact

Date Received: 07/05/02

Date Reported: 07/16/02

Date Sampled: 07/03/02

Time Sampled: 0900

Baranasa	Analytical		 		- 	Analysis	
Parameter	Result	Units	 Units	PQL	Method	Date Time Init	<u>t.</u>
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons 418.1	100	mg/Kg		5	EPA 418.1	07/11/02 1400 ZV	W

Reference: EPA - "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (MCAWW)" - EPA/600/4-79-020 - March, 1963.

Ent hotel

Reviewed By: