

El Paso Natural Gas Company

El Paso, Texas

July 16, 1958

ADDRESS REPLY TO
POST OFFICE BOX 997
FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO



Mr. A. L. Porter
Secretary and Director
Oil Conservation Commission
Box 871
Santa Fe, New Mexico

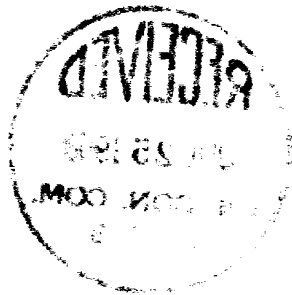
Dear Sir:

This is a request for administrative approval for a well dually completed in the Blanco Mesa Verde Pool and South Blanco Pictured Cliffs Pool. The El Paso Natural Gas Company San Juan 28-7 Unit No. 91 (PM) is located 836 feet from the North line and 1544 feet from the East line of Section 34, Township 28 North, Range 7 West, N.M.P.M., Rio Arriba County, New Mexico.

This well has been completed in the Cliff House and Point Lookout sections of the Mesa Verde formation and in the Pictured Cliffs formation. Completion has been accomplished in the following manner:

1. 10 3/4" surface casing set at 175 feet with 150 sacks of cement circulated to the surface.
2. 7 5/8" intermediate casing set at 2899 feet with 200 sacks of cement. Top of the cement is at 1860 feet, which is above the top of the Pictured Cliffs at 2700 feet.
3. 5 1/2" liner set from 2822 feet to 5110 feet with 300 sacks of cement.
4. The casing and liner were tested for leaks before perforating.
5. The Point Lookout section was perforated in four intervals and fractured with water and sand.
6. The Cliff House section was perforated in two intervals and fractured with water and sand.
7. The Pictured Cliffs formation was perforated in one interval and fractured with water and sand.
8. All perforations were cleaned out after treatment and completion was accomplished by setting a Guiberson Model "Shorty" production packer on 2" EUE tubing at 2963 feet with tubing perforations set opposite the Point Lookout perforations. 1 1/4" EUE tubing siphon string was run with tubing perforations set opposite the Pictured Cliffs perforations. The Point Lookout gas will be produced through the 2" tubing and the Pictured Cliffs gas through the casing.
9. Initial potential tests have been run and commercial production has been found in both zones. A packer leakage test has been run and witnessed by a member of the Aztec office of the Oil Conservation Commission. This test shows no communication in the well bore between the two producing formations.

C O P Y

[illegible]

1. The first step in the process of the investigation is to identify the problem. This is done by gathering information about the situation and the people involved. The next step is to analyze the data and determine the cause of the problem. This is done by looking for patterns and trends in the data. The third step is to develop a plan of action to solve the problem. This is done by identifying the steps that need to be taken and the resources that will be needed. The fourth step is to implement the plan and monitor the results. This is done by putting the plan into action and checking to see if the problem is being solved. The fifth step is to evaluate the results and make any necessary adjustments. This is done by looking at the data and seeing if the problem has been solved. If not, the process starts over.

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

[illegible]

...and the sign was "WILLIAM WILSON AND SONS". The
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Administrative approval is requested for the dual completion to allow production from both known producing formations, eliminating the high initial cost of drilling two separate wells.

Since the drilling block lies entirely within the boundaries of the San Juan 28-7 Unit, of which El Paso Natural Gas Company is operator, approval to dually complete this well has not been sought from any other operator. Enclosed are:

- (a) Two copies of the schematic diagram of the mechanical installations.
- (b) Two copies of the affidavit from the packer setting company stating that the packer used was set at the depth shown.
- (c) Two copies of the packer leakage test as observed by a member of the Oil Conservation Commission.
- (d) Two copies of the initial potential test showing commercial production from the two formations.

It is intended to dedicate the E/2 of Section 34, Township 28 North, Range 7 West to the Mesa Verde formation and the NE/4 of Section 34, Township 28 North, Range 7 West to the Pictured Cliffs formation.

Any further information required will be furnished upon your request. Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Yours very truly,

ORIGINAL SIGNED E. S. OBERLY

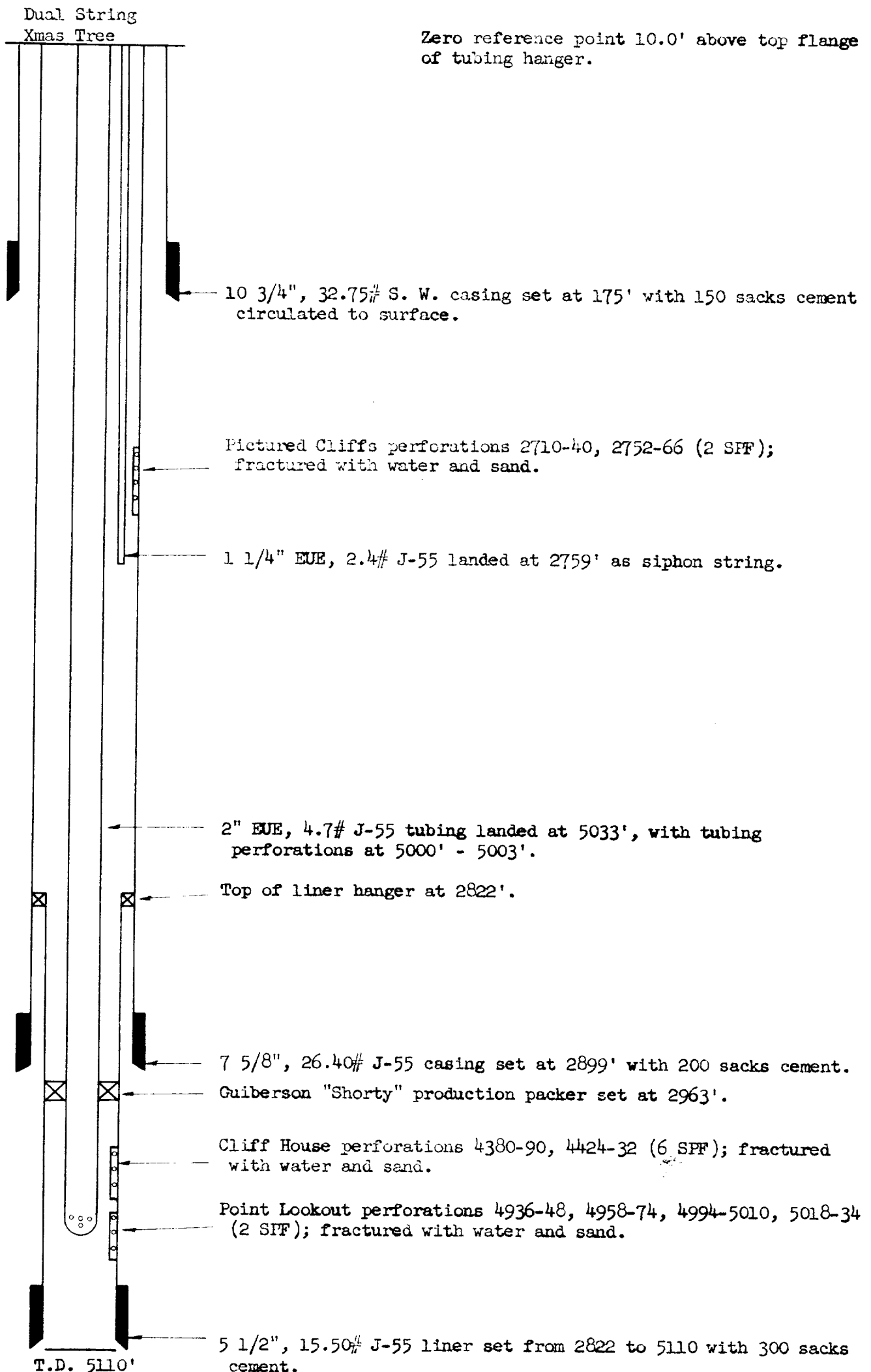
E. S. Oberly,
Division Petroleum Engineer

ESO:dgb

cc: NMOCC (Emery Arnold) ✓
Sam Smith
USGS (Phil McGrath)

IN 6 P. 21010 E 27.08.1914

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF DUAL COMPLETION
El Paso Natural Gas Co. San Juan 28-7 Unit No. 91 (FM)
NE/4 Section 34, T-28-N, R-7-W



STATE OF NEW MEXICO

COUNTY OF SAN JUAN

I, A. T. Fry, being first duly sworn upon my oath depose and say as follows:

I am an employee of Guiberson Corporation, and that on June 11, 1958, I was called to the location of the El Paso Natural Gas Company San Juan 28-7 Unit No. 91 (TM) Well located in the NWNE/4 of Section 34, Township 28 North, Range 7 West, N.M.P.M., for advisory service in connection with installation of a production packer. In my presence, a Guiberson Model "Shorty" production packer was set in this well at 2963 feet in accordance with the usual practices and customs of the industry.

A. T. Fry

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for San Juan County, New Mexico, the 11th day of July, 1958.

Wm. C. MacFarland
Notary Public in and for San Juan
County, New Mexico

My commission expires February 24, 1960.

EL PASO NATURAL GAS COMPANY

P. O. Box 997
Farmington, New Mexico

July 10, 1958

Mr. H. C. Arnold
Oil Conservation Commission
West Rio Arizos Road
Aztec, New Mexico

Re: Packer Leakage Test on the El Paso Natural Gas
Company Well, San Juan 28-7 Unit 91 (PM)
836N, 1544E; 34-28-7, Rio Arriba, New Mex.
(Name - Location - Company)

Dear Mr. Arnold:

The subject well was fully completed in the Pictured Cliffs and Mesa Verde zones and a packer was set at 2963 feet. The Mesa Verde zone was tested through a 3/4" choke for three hours June 19, 1958 with the following data obtained:

	PC SIC	<u>938</u>	psig; Shut-in	<u>8</u>	days	
	PC SHT	<u>938</u>	psig;			
	MV SIC	<u>997</u>	psig; Shut-in	<u>8</u>	days	

Time Minutes	(MV) Flowing Pressure Tubing	psig	(PC) SIC	(C) Psig	(MV) Working Pressure, psig	Temp ° F
0				938		
15		441		943		68
30		427		944		69
45		417		944		70
60		408		944		70
180		359		945	Calc. 709	71

The choke volume for the Mesa Verde was 4,430 MCF/D with an ACF of 7575 MCF/D.

The Pictured Cliffs zone was tested July 7, 1958 with a 3/4" choke for 7 hours with the following data obtained:

PC SIC	<u>939</u>	psig; Shut-in	<u>18</u>	days
PC SHT	<u>939</u>	psig;		
MV SIC	<u>996</u>	psig; Shut-in	<u>7</u>	days

Page Two

Time Minutes	(PC) Flowing Pressure Casing	Isig	(MV) SIF (T) Isig	(PC) Working Pressure, Isig	Temp ° F
0			996		
15	437		996		67
30	360		997		68
45	275		998		69
60	189		999		70
180	92		1000	113	71

The above volume for the Pictured Cliffs test was 1241 MCF/D with an AOV
of 1259 MCF/D.

The results of the above tests indicate there is no packer leakage.

Very truly yours,

Richard Proctor
Richard Proctor
Gas Technician

by TB6

RP/nb

cc: A. H. Rodgers
E. S. Oberly (S)
File

EL PASO NATURAL GAS COMPANY OPEN FLOW TEST DATA

DUAL COMPLETION

DATE June 19, 1958

Operator El Paso Natural Gas Company		Lease San Juan 28-7 Unit 91 (M)	
Location 836N, 1544E; 34-28-7		County Rio Arriba	State New Mexico
Formation Mesa Verde		Pay Blanco	
Casing Diameter 7-5/8"	Set At Feet 2899	Tubing Diameter 2"	Set At Feet 5023
Pay Zone From 4380	To 5034	Total Depth 5107 c/o 5070	Shut-in 6/11/58
Stimulation Method Sand Water Frac		Flow Through Casing	Flow Through Tubing X

Choke Size Inches .75	Choke Resistance C 12.365	5-1/2" liner 2823 - 5110	
Shut-in Pressure, Gas 938 (PC)	PSIG 12 PSIA 950	Shut-in Pressure, Tubing 8	PSIG 12 PSIA 1009
Flowing Pressure, P 359	PSIG 12 PSIA 371	Working Pressure, P _w (Calc.)	PSIG 12 PSIA 721
Temperature, T 71	.75	Spv. From Tables 1.039	Gravity .684

Final SIPC (PC) 945 psig

Packer at 2963
1-1/4" at 2749

CHOKE VOLUME $Q = C \times P_1 \times F_1 \times F_2 \times F_3 \times F_4$

$Q = (12.365)(371)(.9896)(.9393)(1.039)$

4431

MCF/D

$$\text{OPEN FLOW} = Q \left(\frac{P_1^2 - P_w^2}{P_1^2 - P_w^2} \right)^n$$

$$Q = \left(\frac{1,018,081}{498,240} \right)^n$$

$$(2.0433)^{.75} (4431) = (1.7100)(4431)$$

Q = 7,577

MCF/D

BY S. V. Roberts

WITNESSED BY Fred Cook (NMOCC)

L. D. Galloway
L. D. Galloway

OPEN FLOW TEST DATA

DUAL COMPLETION

DATE July 7, 1958

El Paso Natural Gas	San Juan 28-7 Unit 91 (P)
836N, 1544E; 34-28-7	Rio Arriba New Mexico
Pictured Cliffs	Undesignated
7-5/8 2899	1-1/4 2749
2710 2766	5107 c/o 5070
Sand Water Frac.	Shut-in 6/19/58
	X

.75	12.365	5-1/2" liner 2823 - 5110
939	951	18
92	104	939
71	85	113
		1.007
		.640

Initial MV = 996
Final MV = 1000

Packer at 2963

Calculation: $12.365 \times 104 \times .9896 \times 9682 \times 1.007$

12.365 x 104 x .9896 x 9682 x 1.007

1241

MCF D

904401
888776

$(1.0175)^{.85} 1241 = (1.0148) (1241)$

1259

Richard Proctor

Checked By Tom Grant

Lewis D. Galloway
L. D. Galloway