

## MULTI-POINT BACK PRESSURE TEST FOR GAS WELLS

Pool Undesignated Dakota Formation Dakota County San Juan  
Initial X Annual \_\_\_\_\_ Special \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Test 8-23-60  
Company Pan American Petroleum Corp. Lease Calleges Canyon Unit Well No. 85  
Unit A Sec. 19 Twp. 28N Rge. 12W Purchaser Not tied in  
Casing 7" Wt. 20 & 23 I.D. 6.456 Set at 6230 Perf. 6092-6098 and 6130-6134  
Tubing 2-3/8" Wt. 4.7 I.D. 1.995 Set at 9950 Perf. open ended - no perforations  
Gas Pay: From 6092 To 6134 L 9950 xG 0.70 (Est.) GL 4165 Bar.Press. 12  
Producing Thru: Casing \_\_\_\_\_ Tubing X Type Well Single  
Single-Bradenhead-G. G. or G.O. Dual  
Date of Completion: 8-14-60 Packer 5942 Reservoir Temp. 138°

## OBSERVED DATA

Tested Through (Packer) (Choke) (Valve) Type Taps \_\_\_\_\_

No.	Flow Data					Tubing Data		Casing Data		Duration of Flow Hr.
	(Packer) (Line) Size	(Choke) (Restriction) Size	Press. psig	Diff. h <sub>w</sub>	Temp. °F.	Press. psig	Temp. °F.	Press. psig	Temp. °F.	
1.	Shut in 9 days					2168				
2.	2"	3/4"	363		60 (est)	350	(PACKER)			1 hr.
3.										
4.										
5.										

## FLCW CALCULATIONS

No.	Coefficient (24-Hour)	$\sqrt{h_{wPF}}$	Pressure psia	Flow Temp. Factor F <sub>t</sub>	Gravity Factor F <sub>g</sub>	Compress. Factor F <sub>pv</sub>	Rate of Flow Q-MCFPD @ 15.025 psia
1.	12.365		375	1.000	0.9298	1.046	4490
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							

## PRESSURE CALCULATIONS

Gas Liquid Hydrocarbon Ratio \_\_\_\_\_ cf/bbl.  
Gravity of Liquid Hydrocarbons \_\_\_\_\_ deg.  
F<sub>c</sub> 9.402 (1-e<sup>-s</sup>) 0.261  
Specific Gravity Separator Gas \_\_\_\_\_  
Specific Gravity Flowing Fluid \_\_\_\_\_  
P<sub>c</sub> 2180 P<sub>c</sub><sup>2</sup> 4,752,400

No.	P <sub>w</sub> P <sub>t</sub> (psia)	P <sub>t</sub> <sup>2</sup>	F <sub>c</sub> Q	(F <sub>c</sub> Q) <sup>2</sup>	(F <sub>c</sub> Q) <sup>2</sup> (1-e <sup>-s</sup> )	P <sub>w</sub> <sup>2</sup>	P <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> -P <sub>w</sub> <sup>2</sup>	Cal. P <sub>w</sub>	P <sub>w</sub> / P <sub>c</sub>
1.	562	315,844	42.215	1782.106	465.130	780.976	3,971,426	886	
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									

Absolute Potential: 2137 MCFPD; n 0.75

COMPANY Pan American Petroleum Corporation  
ADDRESS Box 480, Farmington, New Mexico  
AGENT AND TITLE R. H. Bamer, Jr., Area Engineer  
WITNESSED \_\_\_\_\_  
COMPANY \_\_\_\_\_

REMARKS



## INSTRUCTIONS

This form is to be used for reporting multi-point back pressure tests on gas wells in the State, except those on which special orders are applicable. Three copies of this form and the back pressure curve shall be filed with the Commission at Box 871, Santa Fe.

The log log paper used for plotting the back pressure curve shall be of at least three inch cycles.

## NOMENCLATURE

- $Q$  = Actual rate of flow at end of flow period at W. H. working pressure ( $P_w$ ).  
MCF/da. @ 15.025 psia and 60° F.
- $P_c$  = 72 hour wellhead shut-in casing (or tubing) pressure whichever is greater.  
psia
- $P_w$  = Static wellhead working pressure as determined at the end of flow period.  
(Casing if flowing thru tubing, tubing if flowing thru casing.) psia
- $P_t$  = Flowing wellhead pressure (tubing if flowing through tubing, casing if  
flowing through casing.) psia
- $P_f$  = Meter pressure, psia.
- $h_w$  = Differential meter pressure, inches water.
- $F_g$  = Gravity correction factor.
- $F_t$  = Flowing temperature correction factor.
- $F_{pv}$  = Supercompressibility factor.
- $n$  = Slope of back pressure curve.

Note: If  $P_w$  cannot be taken because of manner of completion or condition of well, then  $P_w$  must be calculated by adding the pressure drop due to friction within the flow string to  $P_t$ .

(TO BE USED FOR FRUITLAND, PICTURED CLIFFS, MESAVERDE, & ALL DAKOTA  
EXCEPT BARKER DOME STORAGE AREA)

Operator PAN AMERICAN PETROLEUM CORP. Lease Gallagos Canyon Unit Well No. 85  
Unit A Sec. 19 Twp. 28N Rge. 11W Pay Zone: From 6092 To 6136  
Casing: OD 7" WT. 20 & 23 Set At 6456 Tubing: OD 2-3/8 WT. 4.7 T. Perf. 3930  
Produced Through: Casing \_\_\_\_\_ Tubing X Gas Gravity: Measured .630 Estimated \_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Flow Test: From 3-2-64 To 3-10-64 \* Date S.I.P. Measured 8-23-60  
Meter Run Size 4" Orifice Size 1.500 Type Chart Sq. Rt. Type Taps Flange

Flowing casing pressure (Dwt) _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(a)
Flowing tubing pressure (Dwt) _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(b)
Flowing meter pressure (Dwt) _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(c)
Flowing meter pressure (meter reading when Dwt. measurement taken:			
Normal chart reading _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(d)
Square root chart reading (_____) <sup>2</sup> x spring constant _____	= _____	psia	(d)
Meter error (c) - (d) or (d) - (c) _____ ± _____	= _____	psi	(e)
Friction loss, Flowing column to meter:			
(b) - (c) Flow through tubing: (a) - (c) Flow through casing _____	= _____	psi	(f)
Seven day average static meter pressure (from meter chart):			
Normal chart average reading _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(g)
Square root chart average reading ( <u>7.30</u> ) <sup>2</sup> x sp. const. <u>10</u> _____	= <u>513</u>	psia	(g)
Corrected seven day avge. meter press. (p <sub>f</sub> ) (g) + (e) _____	= <u>513</u>	psia	(h)
P <sub>t</sub> = (h) + (f) _____	= <u>513</u>	psia	(i)
Wellhead casing shut-in pressure (Dwt) _____	psig + 12 = _____	psia	(j)
Wellhead tubing shut-in pressure (Dwt) <u>2168</u> _____	psig + 12 = <u>2180</u>	psia	(k)
P <sub>C</sub> = (j) or (k) whichever well flowed through _____	= <u>2180</u>	psia	(l)
Flowing Temp. (Meter Run) _____ °F + 460 _____	= _____	° Abs	(m)
P <sub>d</sub> = 1/2 P <sub>C</sub> = 1/2 (l) _____	= <u>1090</u>	psia	(n)

$$Q = \text{_____} \times \left( \frac{\text{FLOW RATE CALCULATION}}{\frac{\sqrt{(c)}}{\sqrt{(d)}} = \text{_____} = \text{_____}} \right)^* = \text{_____ MCF/day}$$

$$D = Q \frac{2670}{\left[ \frac{P_c^2 - P_d^2}{P_c^2 - P_w^2} = \frac{3,564,300}{4,315,800} \right]^n} = \frac{.8663}{2313} \text{ MCF/da.}$$

Company PAN AMERICAN PETROLEUM CORPORATION  
By F. L. Hubers  
Title District Engineer  
Witnessed by By ~~W. W. Neal~~  
Company \_\_\_\_\_

**RECEIVED**

RECEIVED  
APR 9 1964  
OIL CON. COM.  
DIST. 3

GL	$(1-e^{-S})$	$(F_c Q)^2$	$\frac{(F_c Q)^2 (1-e^{-S})}{R^2}$	$P_t^2$ (Column i)	$P_t^2 + R^2$	$P_w$
3002	,242	630,178	1,112,503	284,009	436,992	661