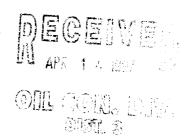
DEC 221997

Meter Number: 75870
Location Name: ELLIOTT GAS COM T#1
Location: TN-30 RG-09
SC-26 UL-B
2 - Federal

NMOCD Zone:OUTSIDE Hazard Ranking Score:00



## RATIONALE FOR RISK-BASED CLOSURE OF PRODUCTION PITS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE VULNERABLE ZONE IN THE SAN JUAN BASIN

This production pit location was ranked according to the criteria in the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division's Unlined Surface Impoundment Closure Guidelines and received a ranking score of zero. The estimated depth to groundwater is greater than 100-feet beneath ground surface (bgs), the pit is not in a well head protection area, and there are no surface water bodies within 1,000 horizontal feet of the pit location.

The primary source, discharge to the pit has been removed. There has been no discharge to the pits for at least 4 years and the pits have been closed for at least one year.

Each pit was backfilled with clean soil and graded in a manner to divert precipitation away from the excavated area. Minimal infiltration of rainfall is expected. Any rainfall that does infiltrate the ground surface must migrate through clean backfill before reaching the residual hydrocarbons.

There is no source material at the ground surface, so direct contact of hydrocarbons with livestock and the populous is not likely.

In general, outside of the vulnerable area and alluvial valleys, bedrock material is generally encountered within 20 feet of the ground surface. Bedrock material in the San Juan Basin consists of interbedded sandstones, shales and clays. According to Freeze and Cherry, 1979, the hydraulic conductivity of the bedrock material are as follows:

Sandstone  $10^{-9}$  to  $10^{-13}$  cm/sec Shale  $10^{-12}$  to  $10^{-16}$  cm/sec Clay  $10^{-12}$  to  $10^{-15}$  cm/sec

Based on this information, the residual hydrocarbons should not migrate to groundwater.

Natural process (bioremediation) are degrading the residual hydrocarbon to carbon dioxide and water and will continue until the source is gone, therefore minimizing any impact to the environment.

Based on the above information, it is highly unlikely that any source material will impact groundwater or ever find an exposure pathway to affect human health and therefore El Paso Field Services Company (EPFS) requests closure of this pit location.

Date

Signature

GE1 AAL	Meter: 75870 Location: Elliott Gas (van 7#1  Coordinates: Letter: B Section Z6 Township: 30 Range: 9  Or Latitude Longitude  Date Started: 5-19-94 Area: © Run: 33
FIELD OBSERVATIONS	Sample Number(s): \( \begin{align*}
CLOSURE	Remediation Method:  Excavation
REMARKS	Remarks: Line Mirrors ill over the place, 4' h. trock  Signature of Specialist: Vale Wilson



## FIELD SERVICES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT PIT CLOSURE PROJECT - Soil

## SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

	Field ID	Lab ID			
SAMPLE NUMBER:	VW 114	945241			
MTR CODE   SITE NAME:	75870	N/A			
SAMPLE DATE   TIME (Hrs):	5-19-94	IIIC			
SAMPLED BY:	AIN				
DATE OF TPH EXT.   ANAL.:	5/20/94	5-20-94			
DATE OF BTEX EXT.   ANAL.:	NIA	NIA			
TYPE   DESCRIPTION:	VG	Spey sand & clay			
'					

REMARKS:	
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## **RESULTS**

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	QUALIFIERS			
PANAMETER			DF	Q	M(g)	V(mi)
BENZENE		MG/KG				
TOLUENE		MG/KG				
ETHYL BENZENE		MG/KG				
TOTAL XYLENES		MG/KG				
TOTAL BTEX		MG/KG				
TPH (418.1)	2240	MG/KG			1.99	28
HEADSPACE PID	229	PPM			ļ	
PERCENT SOLIDS	89.8	%				

-- TPH is by EPA Method 418.1 and BTEX is by EPA Method 8020 --

The Surrogate Recovery was at	NIA	_% for this sample	All QA/QC was acceptable.
Narrative:			

DF = Dilution Factor Used

Approved By: Surdi

Date: <u>6/65/94</u>

Test Method for Oil and Grease and Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Water and Soil \* Perkin-Elmer Model 1600 FT-IR 74/05/20 12:38 Sample identification 34541 Initial mass of sample, q Molume of sample after extraction, ml 13.000 Pstreleum nydrocarbons, ppm 175,086 Tet absorbance of hydrocarbons (1930 tr-..) in Petroleum nydrodersons diestrum 12:33 

1217-2418

2736

CINT!

9200