

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico

MAY 27 1937

MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS ON WELLS

Submit this report in triplicate to the Oil Conservation Commission or its proper agent within ten days after the work specified is completed. It should be signed and sworn to before a notary public for reports on beginning drilling operations, results of shooting well, results of test of casing shut-off, result of plugging of well, and other important operations, even though the work was witnessed by an agent of the Commission. Reports on minor operations need not be signed and sworn to before a notary public. See additional instructions in the Rules and Regulations of the Commission.

Indicate nature of report by checking below:

REPORT ON BEGINNING DRILLING OPERATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/>	REPORT ON REPAIRING WELL	<input type="checkbox"/>
REPORT ON RESULT OF SHOOTING OR CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF WELL	<input type="checkbox"/>	REPORT ON PULLING OR OTHERWISE ALTERING CASING	<input type="checkbox"/>
REPORT ON RESULT OF TEST OF CASING SHUT-OFF	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	REPORT ON DEEPENING WELL	<input type="checkbox"/>
REPORT ON RESULT OF PLUGGING OF WELL	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

Monument, New Mexico

Place

May 21, 1937

Date

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION,
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

Gentlemen:

Following is a report on the work done and the results obtained under the heading noted above at the _____

Amerada Petroleum Corporation State N Well No. 2 in the _____
Company or Operator Lease
NW 1/4 SE 1/4 of Sec. 15, T. 20, R. 36, N. M. P. M.,
Monument Field, Lea County.

The dates of this work were as follows: _____

Notice of intention to do the work was ~~was not~~ submitted on Form C-102 on May 18, 1937 19____ and approval of the proposed plan was [was not] obtained. (Cross out incorrect words.)

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE AND RESULTS OBTAINED

DUPLICATE

6-5/8" 20# 10-Thd. New Seamless casing was set in this well at 3778' and cemented by the Halliburton Method with 100 sacks.

Casing and fittings were tested with 1200# pump pressure and allowed to stand undisturbed for thirty minutes. No drop in pressure resulted so the cement was then drilled out of the casing and the same test of 1200# pump pressure was again applied and allowed to stand undisturbed for thirty minutes. No drop in pressure resulted so the drilling was then resumed.

Witnessed by L. E. Stewart Name Noble Drilling Co. Company Tool-pusher Title

Subscribed and sworn before me this _____

21 day of May, 1937
Lewis A. Mearns
Notary Public

My commission expires Dec. 21, 1940

I hereby swear or affirm that the information given above is true and correct.

Name J. H. Starkey
Position Sup't.
Representing Amerada Petroleum Corporation Company or Operator
Address Monument, New Mexico

Remarks:

1 CR.

Wm. Shepard R. M.
Name
Title

MAY 22 1937

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

CHAPTER I: THE EARLY YEARS

The first European settlers in North America were the Pilgrims, who arrived in 1620 on the ship the Mayflower. They established the Plymouth colony in Massachusetts. Other early colonies were founded in Virginia and Maryland.

The Pilgrims faced many hardships, including lack of food and shelter. Despite these challenges, they survived and their colony thrived. The Pilgrims' story is a testament to the strength of faith and community.

THE MAYFLOW COMPACT

The Mayflower Compact was a document signed by the Pilgrims in 1620. It established a form of self-government for the colony.

The Compact stated that the Pilgrims agreed to create a civil body politic for themselves. This document is considered one of the first steps toward American democracy.

THE VIRGINIA COLONY

The Virginia colony was the first permanent English settlement in North America. It was founded in 1607.

The colony was established by the Virginia Company. The first settlers, known as the Jamestown settlers, faced many difficulties, including disease and lack of food.

THE ROANOKE COLONY

The Roanoke colony was an early English settlement in North America. It was founded in 1585 on Roanoke Island, Virginia.

The colony was abandoned in 1586. The fate of the Roanoke settlers remains a mystery. Some believe they were assimilated into the local Native American population.

THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY COLONY

The Massachusetts Bay colony was founded in 1630. It was established by Puritan settlers from England.

The colony was founded by a group of Puritans who sought religious freedom. They established a strict code of laws based on their religious beliefs.

THE NEW ENGLAND COLONIES

The New England colonies were founded in the 17th century. They were characterized by a strong sense of community and religious freedom.

The colonies included Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, and New York. They played a significant role in the development of the United States.

THE MIDDLE COLONIES

The Middle Colonies were founded in the 17th century. They were known for their diverse population and economic success.

The colonies included New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Delaware. They were important centers of trade and commerce.

THE SOUTHERN COLONIES

The Southern Colonies were founded in the 17th century. They were characterized by a large plantation economy and a reliance on slavery.

The colonies included Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina. They played a significant role in the development of the Southern United States.

THE WESTERN COLONIES

The Western Colonies were founded in the 18th century. They were known for their frontier spirit and expansion westward.

The colonies included Kentucky, Tennessee, and Mississippi. They were important centers of agriculture and trade.

THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR

The Revolutionary War was fought between the American colonies and Great Britain from 1775 to 1783.

The war resulted in the colonies gaining independence from Britain. It was a pivotal moment in American history.

THE CONSTITUTION

The Constitution is the supreme law of the United States. It was drafted in 1787 and ratified in 1788.

The Constitution established the framework for the federal government. It is a document that has shaped the United States for over two centuries.

THE CIVIL WAR

The Civil War was fought between the Union and the Confederacy from 1861 to 1865.

The war resulted in the preservation of the Union and the abolition of slavery. It was a defining moment in American history.

THE RECONSTRUCTION

Reconstruction was the period following the Civil War when the Southern states were reintegrated into the Union.

The period was marked by significant social and political changes. It was a time of rebuilding and progress.

THE GREAT DEPRESSION

The Great Depression was a severe economic downturn that lasted from 1929 to 1939.

The depression led to widespread unemployment and poverty. It was a challenging time for the United States.

THE SECOND WORLD WAR

The Second World War was fought between the Allies and the Axis powers from 1939 to 1945.

The war resulted in the defeat of the Axis powers and the establishment of the United Nations. It was a global conflict that shaped the modern world.