CASE 4585: Application of PENNZOIL UNITED FOR AN UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCATION, EDDY COUNTY, N. MEX.

Application Transcripts.

Small Exhibits

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BEFORE THE
NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Examiner Hearing September 1, 1971

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application of Pennzoil
United, Inc. for an
unorthodox gas well location,
Eddy County, New Mexico.

Case No. 4585

BEFORE: ELVIS A. UTZ, EXAMINER

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING



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MR. UTZ: Case 4585.

MR. HATCH: Case 4585. This is the application of Pennzoil United, Inc. for an unauthorized gas well location, Eddy County, New Mexico.

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, Jason Kellahin, Kellahin and Fox, Santa Fe, appearing for the applicant. We have two witnesses I would like to have sworn.

(Witnesses sworn)

MR. KELLY: Do you want other appearances? MR. UTZ: We will ask for other appearances at this time.

MR. KELLY: Booker Kelly of the firm of White, Gilbert, Koch, Kelly & McCarthy, Santa Fe, appearing on behalf of the Superior Oil Company in opposition to the application. Mr. Philip Patman, a member of the Texas bar, is associated with me, and we will have a witness.

(Witness sworn)

MR. UTZ: Other appearances?

MR. STEVENS: Don Stevens, with McDermott, Connelly & Stevens, representing Alan Antweil, an overriding reyalty owner under this lease. No witnesses.

MR. BOND: I am A. B. Bond with Mobile Oil Corporation. We are appearing here as a working interest owner in the proposed well.

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1	MR. HATCH: You do not have a witness?
2	MR. BOND: No.
3	MR. UTZ: You may proceed.
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6	CHARLES A. BROWN:
. 7	a witness, having been first duly sworn according to law,
8	upon his oath, testified as follows:
9	DIRECT EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. KELLAHIN:
11	Q Would you state your name, please?
12	A I am Charles A. Brown.
13	Q By whom are you employed and in what position,
24	Mr. Brown?
15	A I am employed by Pennzoil United, Inc. I am a
16	division manager of production and engineering.
17	Q Have you ever testified before the Oil Conservation
18	Commission?
19	A Yes, sir, I have.
20	Q And have you made your qualifications a matter of
21	record?
22	A Yes, sir.
23	MR. KELLAHIN: Are the witness's qualifications
24	acceptable?
25	MR. UTZ: Yes, sir.

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1	Q	(Mr. Kellahin continuing) Mr. Brown, are you familiar
2		with the application of Pennzoil United in Case
3		No. 4585?
4	· А	Yes, sir, I am.
5	Q	Briefly, what is proposed by the applicants in this
6		case?
7	A	We are applying for an unorthodox gas well location
8		for the South Carlsbad Straun Pool.
9	Q	As a preface to your testimony, you are asking for
10		a dual completion in the Morrow and the Straun; is
11		that correct?
12	A	It is our intention to ask for a dual completion.
13	Q	Well, now, actually there are other pay horizons in
14		this area, are there not?
15	A	Yes, sir.
16	Q	What are they?
17	A	There is an Upper Penn Zone which we refer to as a
18		Canyon Cisco. Then we have the Straun, the Atoka
19		and the Morrow.
20	Q	If any of these zones prove to be productive, would
21		you complete in those well zones?
22	• а	It is quite possible that we might complete in one
23		or more of these zones, depending, of course, on
24		the quality of the zone at the time that we can drill
25		a well and evaluate each of the zones.

- 1	Q	Now, the well located as you proposed in this
2		application, would that be a standard well location
3		for all of the zones or only the Straun?
4	A	It would be a standard location for all of the other
5		zones with the exception of the Straun.
6	Q	So it is only the Straun that you are concerned with,
7	2	then, insofar as the well location is concerned?
8	A	Right.
9	Q	Yes. And insofar as the Straun is concerned, do you
10		propose to dedicate to that well the south half of
11		the section?
12	A ,	Yes, sir.
13	Q	Now, if you had the west half of the section, would
14		that be an orthodox location for the Straun?
15	A	Well, that would be a standard or an orthodox location.
16	Q	For the Straum?
17	A	For the Straun.
18	Q	So the only factor that really is invoved here is
19		the acreage available to you to dedicate to the well;
20	4	is that correct?
21	A	Right.
22	Q	Now, referring to what has been marked as the Applicant's
23	·	Exhibit number one, would you identify that exhibit?
24	A	Exhibit number one
25	,	MR. UTZ: Just a minute. I am confused here.

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Pardon me.

*	MR. KE	LLAHIN:	Yes _{(**} s:	ir.		
	THE WI	TNESS:	Yes, si	r.	,	
	MR. UI	Z: 232	17?			
	MR. KE	LLAHIN:	Right.			•
	MR. UI	Z: In	the nort	h south	west?	
	THE WI	TNESS:	It will	be in	the so	uthwest
quarter.	¥.				4	
	MR. KE	LLAHIN:	Southw	est qua	rter.	If the

Is this well in Section 6?

examiner please, I probably should have made a statement at the outset. There is pending before the commission at the present time an application for a hearing De Novo which affects this same section in which Pennzoil United sought a hearing De Novo, a forced pooling application well, and I have been authorized to dismiss that case, and I will submit a letter to the commissioner shortly dismissing it.

MR. UTZ: Okay.

MR. KELLAHIN: So if that is what you had in mind --

MR. UTZ: Well, I had that in mind, too. I am all right now. Go right ahead.

MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

Q (Mr. Kellahin continuing) Now, referring back to Exhibit No. 1, Mr. Brown, would you identify that

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A Exhibit No. 1 is a map of the south -- the multi-pay South Carlsbad area. It contains certain geological data which will be covered in some later testimony.

I am using it simply to point out all of the wells in the field that are relative position in regarding each other, and to show the position of our proposed location in the southwest quarter of Section 6, which will be 1990 from the west line and -- I mean, excuse me, 990 from the west line and 1980 from the south line, and the south half of Section 6 will be dedicated to that well as a proration unit for the Straum on there.

- Now, why is it necessary to dedicate the south half rather than the west half of the section?
- A We do not own the Straun rights in the northwest quarter of Section 6.
- Q Has that acreage already been dedicated to another well?
- A It has been dedicated to a well drilled in that quarter section to which the north half of the section has been dedicated as a proration unit.
- Now, insofar as the west half of the section is concerned, is that available to you to dedicate to the Morrow?

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1	А	ies. It is available to us.
2	Q	And there is no dedication due the Morrow in that
3		half section? Is the east half dedicated to the
4	ı.	Morrow?
5	A	The east half is dedicated to a Morrow well, drilled
6		in the southeast quarter of Section 6.
7	Q	So that explains the reason you have to have two
8	e e	different units for the
9	A mes	Right.
10	Q	horizons?
11	/ A	Right.
12	Q	Now, insofar as these other horizons which you
13		mentioned, what acreage could you dedicate to the
14	<u> </u>	well in the event you develop them?
15	A	We would be at liberty to dedicate the west half of
16		the section to a well completed in any of the other
17		horizons other than the Straun.
18	Q	And that would require no approval of the commission?
19	A	Right. It would be a standard location for any other
20		horizon.
21	Q	Do you have anything to add in connection with
22		Exhibit No. 1?
23	A	I might point out that we have referred to the upper
24		Penn or the Cisco Canyon pay, and the Atoka pay.
25		The only well in the field which produces or has
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1	-	shown potential for production from those, from the
2	c	Cisco Canyon, is the Pennzoil Mobile federal 12 in
3		the northeast of Section 12. It actually is a dual
4		completion in the Atoka Morrow. It also indicated
5	-	production in the Straun.
6	Q	Reference will be made later to that development by
7		the geological witnesses?
8	A ·	Right.
9	Q	Does that complete your discussion of the exhibit?
10	A	Yes, sir. I believe it does on this.
11.	· Q	Now, have you made a study of the economics of
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drilling in this area? We have. This area, due to the fact that it presents Α several problems insofar as drilling wells are concerned, results in a rather high well cost, and it is not an area in which, for instance, we feel we could afford to drill a Morrow well on it, and therefore, we feel we would need to combine with the Morrow well, Straun or some other horizon to make the well economic. Have you prepared an Exhibit No. 2 showing this information? Exhibit No. 2 is a computer run out of a cash flow

showing the economics of a dual Straum Morrow well.

I present this primarily to show that we

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anticipate a pay out at 1.6 years and it would have
a profit ratio of 1.29 with a rate of return at 12.88,
and a discounted rate of return of 49.9, and the
initials A F I T refers to after federal income tax.
Now, does that indicate that it would be profitable
to drill a dual completion in this?
It would be profitable for a dual well.
But it would not be profitable for a single completion?
We do not feel it would be profitable. In fact, we
had drilled two wells that turned out to be single
Morrow completions. Neither of these wells we feel
would be economical.
Now, which wells were those?
Those were our Gulf federal 12, Gulf federal No. 1
and our Echol's No. 1.
If I might refer back to Exhibit 1, the Gulf
federal No. 1 is located in the west half of Section 1,
23, 26, and the Echol's is in the south half of
Section 12, 23, 26.
But you don't feel
We anticipated these wells being dualed at the time
we drilled them. Unfortunately, they were only
productive in the Morrow.
Now, have you any information on the pressure data
in this area?

tobulated some
Just referring to Exhibit 3, I have tabulated some
bottom hole pressure data in the wells in the area
of our proposed location. I show that the initial
pressure on drill stem test on our Mobile 12 federal
No. 1 was in the Straun, was 5676.
they have actually

In the Superior-Collat well they have actually recorded three different pressures over a period of time since that well was completed.

The initial pressure available to us, they reported as 5610 on the second and 9 at 07 and 05, 1470, a pressure of 4295, and on 8971 a pressure of 2887.

The Antweil-Joel No. 1, which would be the nearest well north of our proposed location recorded a drill stem pressure of 5229 in the Morrow and this was both the initial and final shut in pressures on the test, so we feel that it is a rather -Have there been large volumes produced from the

- Q Have there been large volumes produced from the Superior well?
- A ot a great deal of gas has been produced from it.
- Q You got that with another exhibit?
- A Relatively speaking.--
- O Does the pressure in the Superior well indicate that that well would suffer any drainage in the event the commission approved our application?

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1	A	We are unable to see how the drainage could take
2		place from the Superior lease to our proposed location
3	.e.	since we anticipate the pressure is approaching those
4		in the Antweil well, which would be higher than those
5		recorded in the Superior well.
6		We don't believe the nitro carbons are likely
7		to move from the low pressure area into a high pressure
8		area. In fact, we think that probably the converse
9		is taking place at the present time.
10	Q	Now, you testified awhile ago that if you could
1		dedicate the west half of the section to the Straun,

the well location would be an orthodox location?

Actually, you could move 330 feet closer.

- Right. If we were able to dedicate the west half.
- So it is merely the fact that we have to dedicate the south half that causes the problem here?
- Right,
- Now, referring to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 4, would you identify that exhibit?
- Exhibit No. 4 consists in two pages. The first page, it simply shows the production from the wells in the field for the first six months of 1971 for all zones in the field.

On page two we show a cumulative, the first column is cumulative for each of the wells in the

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field, from each of the -- are in the pools for each of the wells.

I think it is interesting to note that our Mobile 12 federal No. 1 has actually produced more gas from the Atoka than the Superior well has produced from the Straun, and we anticipate that the Atoka could be a very good reservoir in our proposed location.

- Now, does the fact that the Atoka may be productive have any bearing on your well location in this case?
- Yes, it does.
- And that will be brought out by another witness; is that correct?
- Right. Right. The other data there is rather self explanatory. The second column is the June production and then I believe the average and then final calculated absolute open flow reported on each of the wells at the time they were completed.
- Were Exhibits 2, 3 and 4 prepared by you or under Q your supervision?
- Yes, sir, they were.
- And Exhibit 1 was prepared by the other witness?
- 22 Right.

MR. KELLAHIN: At this time I would like to offer in evidence Exhibits 2, 3 and 4.

MR. UTZ: Without objection, Exhibits 2, 3 and 4

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will	be entered into the record of this case.
Q	(Mr. Kellahin continuing) Do you have anything to add
	Mr. Brown?
A	No, sir.
	MR. KELLAHIN: That completes the examination of the
witn	ess.
	MR. UTZ: Are there questions of Mr. Brown?
	MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, if the examiner please,
it s	eems to me it might be a little clearer for the record
if w	e deferred our cross examination of this witness until
we h	ave had the entire direct testimony, in order that we
don'	t pose any questions to this witness which are going to
be d	iscussed or answered by the second witness, if that
woul	d be acceptable to the examiner.
	MR. UTZ: That will be perfectly in order. We will
not	excuse the witness, but you can go ahead with your
othe	r witness so he will be subject to cross examination.
	MR. KELLAHIN: Okay.
	DAVID MILLER

a witness, having been first duly sworn according upon his oath, testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

Will you state your name, please?

David Miller.

1	Q	By whom are you employed and in what position,
2		Mr. Miller?
3	A	I am employed by Pennzoil United as a geologist in
4		Midland, Texas.
5	Q	Have you testified before the Oil Conservation
6	·	Commission or one of its examiners and made your
7		qualifications a matter of record?
8	A.	Yes, sir.
9	·	MR. KELLAHIN: Are the witness's qualifications
10	acce	aptable?
11	e gras	MR. UTZ: Yes, sir.
12	Q	(Mr. Kellahin continuing) Mr. Miller, have you made
13		a study of the area involved in the application now
14		before the examiner?
15	A	Yes, sir, I have.
16	Q	Now, referring to Exhibit No. 5, would you identify
17		that exhibit?
18	A	Exhibit No. 5 is a cross section, across a portion
19		of the South Carlsbad field,
20	Q	Now, referring back to Exhibit No. 1, would you locate
21		that cross section for the examiner?
22	A	The line of the cross section is shown on Exhibit
23		No. 1 and is marked A, A Prime. It goes from the
24		Pennzoil Mobile federal 12 No. 1 to the Gulf federal
25		to the Superior-Collat to the proposed location and

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1		to the Antweil Missouri New Mexico well.
2	Ω	Now, referring again to the cross section, would you
3		discuss the information shown there?
4	A	The cross section shows structural position of the
5		wells and the four potentially productive pay zones
6		in the Pennzoil Mobile federal 12 No. 1 well. These
7		zones are shown in color on the cross section.
8	^Q	Is the proposed location an advantageous location for
9		each of the zones involved in that?
10	· A	It appears to be a very favorable location.
11	\ Ω	It is higher on the structure?
12	A	It is higher structurally.
13	Q	Is there any advantage in regard to the Morrow formation
14		for this location?
15	А	Yes, sir. If we could refer to Exhibit 1, to the
16	1.	structure map, it shows that on the Morrow formation
17]	that this location would be nearer the crest of the
18		anaclinal feature and be located higher than a
19		1980 location.
20	Q	Now, there is offsetting Morrow production in this
21		area, is there not?
22	A	There is.
23	Ω	Would the location give better spacing between wells?
24	А	It certainly would be a better spacing than the 1980,
25		1980 which would be quite close to our Missouri

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- Now, referring again to the cross section, is it a better location for the Straun?
- It is. Again, it is a higher structural position.
- Have you anything further to add in connection with those two exhibits?
- No. I don't believe there is anything else right now that needs to be mentioned.
- Now, referring to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 6, would you identify that exhibit?
- Exhibit No. 6 is an isopach map of what we refer to as the B Morrow sand zone. This is a net porosity isopach.

The B Morrow sand zone is the main producing Morrow sand in this field. This porosity map shows that our proposed location would be the most favorable location for maximum porosity development, and as we saw on the structure map, which is Exhibit No. 1, it was the highest position which should have caused better winnowing and better porosity development on the crest of the structure.

- Now, referring to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 7, would you identify that exhibit?
- Exhibit No. 7 is a structure map on top of the Atoka line, which is one of the producing zones in the

Pennzoil Mobile federal No. 12.

This map shows that our proposed location is a higher location than 1980, 1980 location.

- Q Is there any wells producing from the Atoka?
- A The Pennzoil Mobile federal 12 No. 1 in Section 12.
- Q And that is the only one?
- A That is the only one.
- Q Was there Atoka present in the Superior well, or would you rather discuss that in connection with Exhibit A?
- A Let us go to Exhibit A and discuss that. Exhibit A is an isopach map of the Atoka porosity. There was porosity in the Superior-Collat well.

However, D S T was very -- indicated very low deliverability 20 MCF, whereas the Pennzoil well flowed gas at the rate of approximately 2.9 million cubic feet a day, and our proposed location indicates that we should have nearly as much porosity as in the Mobile federal 12 and would present a good opportunity to have as good a porosity and permeability as the Mobile federal 12, and therefore, could make a commercial gas well from this zone. However, a 1980, 1980 location would move us closer to the Antweil Missouri well, which had only four feet of porosity and recovered mud on D S T of this zone.

Now, that is one reason, although this application

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is confined to the Morrow and the Strau	n is that
one reason you seek the proposed locati	on?
It certainly is. We have made maps on	all of the
potential pay horizons and have picked	a location
which would be at an optimum position f	or all four
of these zones.	
Now, referring to Exhibits Nos. 9 & 10,	would you
discuss the information shown on those	exhibits?
Exhibit No. 9 is a Straun line structur	e map. It
indicates that the proposed location sh	nould be located
approximately on the crest of the Strau	ın structure,
and therefore, would have an optimum ch	nance for which
no winnowing of the carbonate and best	porosity

and permeability.

And No. 10 is an isopach map of the Straun line. This is from the top of the line to the base of the zone which is colored blue on the cross section.

It is not technically the base of the Straun, I suppose, but it is the base of the Straun which produces in any of the nearby fields.

There is no production below this point in the Lusk or the Big Eddy field or the Goldenlane field, and it is a time line, so this is a valid isopach map.

It indicates the reefing nature of the Straun

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in this area, and it indicates by the thinning of the Straun to the south that that is basin-ward direction.

It also shows either of the locations in the southwest quarter of Section 6 would be approximately equal in thickness of the Straun carbonate.

- Now, referring to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 11, would you identify that exhibit?
- Exhibit ll is an isopach of the upper Penn line which is found in the Pennzoil Mobile federal 12 again. This zone flowed approximately 10 million cubic feet of gas per day on drill stem test, is not producing anywhere in the field.

There was 46 feet of carbonates in this well, and as our map indicates, we have or hope to have an excess of 30 feet of carbonates in our proposed location, which may be sufficient to be productive from this horizon.

- Now, is that the most favorable location for the Cisco? Q
- It is. Α 19
 - That is what you call the Cisco Canyon, is it not? Q
- Cisco Canyon, yes, sir. 21
 - Now, you have discussed four different zones. O these all Pennsylvania?
 - They are all Pennsylvania. Α
 - But they are designated by the commission as a Q

separate source of supply?

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Questions? MR. UTZ:

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Kellahin, could I have a place at the table, perhaps? With the examiner's permission, I might question Mr. Brown first, unless someone else would prefer to question Mr. Miller first.

MR. UTZ: Well, both are open for questions. Neither witness has been excused. You may proceed, but point your question to whoever you want to answer them.

CHARLES A. BROWN

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. PATMAN:

- May I direct your attention, Mr. Brown, to your Exhibit No. 2, which I believe is a cash flow analysis. You have entitled it a dual completion in the Straun and Morrow?
- Yes. \mathbf{z}
- Do I read these figures correctly that you would estimate that a dual completion in these two zones would recover only six million cubic feet of gas and eighty-nine thousand, approximately, barrels of condensate?
- That is correct.
- Could you break those down for us between the two

SPECIALIZING IN: DEPOSITIONS, HEARINGS, STATEMENTS, EXPERT TESTIMONY, DAILY COPY, CONVENTIONS

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I don't have a breakdown at my fingertips. I think 2 dearnley-meier reporting service, that they would be very similar, probably close to 3 a fifty-fifty relationship. Both are --5 Q On gas, discounting any liquids that might be produced. 6 Well, with respect, you have said they would be equal 7 with respect to gas? 8 To the gas. 9 How about with respect to liquids? 10 The Morrow does not produce any liquids. All the 11 liquids would originate from the Straun. 12 30X 1092 PHONE 243-66018 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87103 BLDG. EAST*ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87108 All right, sir. You also testified, I believe, and 13 if I understood Mr. Miller's testimony correctly, you would expect, or Pennzoil would expect that the 15 Atoka zone would be productive at the location which 16 you have requested here in this hearing. 17 Did I understand your testimony correctly in 18 that regard? 19 We feel that that is a very distinct possibility. 20 8 0 X Well, let me ask you this: How would you compare 21 the economics of a dual completion in the Morrow and Atoka zones with your Exhibit No. 2? I think it would be rather similar to these.

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In other words, insofar as the economics are concerned,

zones?

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a dual completion at your requested location in the
Morrow and Atoka would yield approximately the same
economic return as a dual completion in the Morrow
and Straun?

- A Yes.
- Q All right, sir. Now, let me --
- A I might clarify that a little by saying that the Atoka produces dry gas only, and we would have to assume that our production would be on the same level as that we are not getting from our Mobile to our federal No. 1.
- Q But I believe you did indicate you wouldn't expect any substantial difference.
- A Right.
- All right, sir. Now, let me ask you, have you had occasion to make any analysis of the economics of recovery from a dual completion in the Morrow and Straum at a standard location in the south half of Section -- what is it, Section 6?
- A Well, we have not done that, although I think that there would be very little difficulty, because the standard location would only be 330 feet from this location.
- I don't understand that. It would seem to me it would be 990. Would you clarify that for me?

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I'm sorry. You are correct. It would be 990 since the Straun would consist of the south half of the section.

Yes, sir. Mr. Brown, I believe your Exhibit No. 2 does indicate that it is limited to the economic benefits which you would expect to accrue from the dual completions in the Straun and Morrow, but let me ask you this, sir: I believe your exhibits presented by Mr. Miller and you, yourself, testified with respect to the Atoka, that it would be productive in this area, and I don't know about the Canyon, but I think Mr. Miller may have indicated -- the record will show what it did indicate, that there is a possibility of completing in that zone.

wouldn't your economics really be substantially more favorable if you took into account recoveries from all these zones out of a single bore hole?

If we chose to complete a well in that manner, which we did not, it has been our policy to confine our wells to duals, and not go beyond that as far as multi-completions are concerned.

Well, if you completely recovered the recoverable gas from the two zones in which you originally completed and the other zones were not depleted, presumably, you would consider --

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Certainly. -- completing in those zones? Yes. So, in fact, Exhibit 2 does not present an accurate picture of the economic benefits that you would expect to accrue to Pennzoil if this location is granted; is that right? We confined this cash flow to a dual in the Morrow Straun only. Q And you are not asking the Oil Conservation

Commission --

We don't anticipate completing in anything other than that at the present time.

You are not asking the commission to limit your authority in this hole to a dual completion, are you?

At the present time, yes.

Now, you would be willing to accept a permit which would permit you to complete this bore hole only in those two zones and in no others?

Right, right.

But just to make sure there is no question in the record, you would agree that if so far as the total benefits that might be expected to accrue to Pennzoil from this well, should it be completed in other zones at a future time, the numbers on this exhibit would be

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substantially lower than the actual facts.
Would you state that question again.

I might not have stated it very clearly. I will have another try at it.

I believe that you and I agreed a minute ago that these other two zones, the Atoka and the Canyon may well be productive in this well bore, and I believe you further stated that Pennzoil would consider completing in those zones if there were reserves left in those zones, at such time as the two zones, the Morrow and the Straun, were depleted, and --

A Yes.

I believe that we did then agree that actually when you consider the reserves that would be available in the Atoka and the Canyon, particularly the Atoka in this bore hole, that your Exhibit No. 2 is way low, insofar as the return that could be expected to accrue to Pennzoil from the drilling of this well.

A That's correct. If we are able to produce the other zones at some later date --

Q All right.

A -- certainly there would be some additional revenue.

Q All right, sir. Thank you. Now, let me direct your attention to Exhibit No. 3, please, sir, and I guess

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first I will ask you what is the source of the pressure data that we see depicted on this exhibit? Well, obviously, we have our own data on our Mobile 12 federal No. 1.

Since we are a working interest owner in the Superior-Collat No. 1, we were provided by Superior their pressure data, and that is the basis for the data presented there.

We also had an interest in the Antweil-Joel No. 1, and they provided us that data.

- With respect to the Antweil-Joel and the Pennzoil Mobile 12, neither of those wells has ever been produced, have they, Mr. Brown?
- Oh, yes. The Mobile 12 was the discovery well in the area.
- In the Straun, neither of them have ever been produced in the Straun, have they?
- Not in the Straun, no. A
- That is what I am trying to establish. Q
- These are virgin pressures in the Straun. Α
- And so the three 5,610 that you have depicted under Q the Superior-Collat would be the virgin pressure in that well?
- I am assuming that will be correct.
- To the best of your knowledge?

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a valid pressure.

Right. All right. Now, let me ask you this: Do you have information with respect to the shut in periods on these five pressure tests? I think I do. I don't have it presented or prepared in the form to present as an exhibit, but I have the data in my brief case. Well, if it is not too much trouble, would you look that up and provide us with it, please, sir? All right. The pressure of 5,610 reported on 2-9-70 was a result of a shut in of fifty-six days. At that time obviously Superior was attempting to develop a maximum build up, a stabilized --MR. UTZ: Fifty-six days? THE WITNESS: Fifty-six days. (Mr. Patman continuing) Now, how about the other two virgin pressures that you have depicted on this exhibit? The Pennzoil pressure of 5,676 was the initial shut in on drill stem test, which we feel is valid representation of formation pressure. How about the Antweil well? The Antweil well pressure, 5,229, was both their initial and shut in pressures, so we feel that that also is

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ĺ	Q	Now, how about the other two Superior pressures that
		you have shown on this exhibit?
	A	All right. The one on eight and fourteen of seventy
Ì		was taken after a shut in of forty-six hours.

And the other one?

The other one on the eighth and ninth was taken after a shut in of seventy-two hours.

Q What, if anything, do you know about the permeability in this Superior-Collat well?

I don't know, I don't pretend to know a great deal about it. Based on the original build up taken on on the well, I would say that the permeability is somewhat limited in nature since -- I believe that there was some slight build up still taking place at the end of the fifty-six day period, but very small amounts.

If, as you have just testified there is a build up continuing after fifty-six days, how can you tell the commission that a pressure taken after forty-six hours is in any way representative of the actual pressure that would be built up in the bore hole after a longer period of time?

I believe that in that fifty-six day period that most of the pressure build up occurred within the first few hours that the well was shut in.

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Q	Now, Mr.	Brown,	I am	going	to	have	to	ask	you	to	be
		şi									
	specific	about	that.			+3	4				

All right. I have got a break down on your lessee -excuse me. I may have the wrong one. This is a
fifth and fourteenth. I have a build up here on it
for the fifth and fourteenth, in which the maximum
pressure was 4,295, and at the end of -- yes.

At the time that this pressure build up commenced on the fifth and the twelfth, the bottom hole pressure was 4,124, and it reached 4,295 in the forty-eight hour -- forty-six hour period, so I feel that that pressure is not going to build much beyond that point.

- Now, if you extrapolated that pressure over a long period of time, would you agree that it would reach significantly higher number?
- A I'm sure it would. I don't think it would reach a significantly higher pressure. I am sure it would reach a higher pressure.
- Q As much as three or four hundred pounds?
- A It could go that far.
 - Let me ask you this. I thought I had your build up data for the fifty-six days. I don't have. Let me ask you this, Mr. Brown. Since as you have indicated on this exhibit there was a rather substantial pressure

			th was placed on
1		ŧ	decline in the Superior well after it was placed on
2			production, would you not anticipate that equivalent
3			rapid declines in pressure would be experienced by
	İ		the other two wells, and indeed, by other wells
5			completed in the Straun once those wells were placed
6			on production?
7		A	It is entirely possible. We don't have any Straun
6			history with the exception of your well in the area.
		•	Then there is absolutely no basis for your testimony
9 .		Q	on your direct examination that the pressure
10			differential in the Superior well would prevent it
11			from being drained by a well completed at the location
12	:	:	
13	,		that you have requested?
801.48	4	A	You will have to assume that our well had a much greater
6 0 1	5		order porosity and permeability than your's, and
0 1 N W W X 1 C O	6		whether or not that would be true, we have no way
	7		of knowing.
BUQUERQUE,	18	Q	So your testimony was simply based on assumption for
ST + ALBU	19		which there is no basis?
- ∢	20	A	I digagree. I think there is some basis for
ΧŽ	21		that.
	22	Q	What is that basis?
S BLDG.	23	I	The pressure recorded in the Antweil-Joel.
209 SIMMS FIRST NAT	24		I believe they were below the pressure originally
0 <u>1</u>	25]	recorded in the Superior well; is that correct?
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A	It was slightly lower.	We, frankly,	are unable to
	explain that pressure,	the fact that	it is a little
	lower than		

- If it fell as rapidly as the pressure in the Superior Q well fell it would actually be the flow on it after it had been a production for a reasonable period of time, it would actually be below the pressure of the Superior well; is that correct?
- I can't answer that. I don't know what the well might do.
- Well, you have about as much factual basis for answering that question as you do for your direct testimony that there would be a pressure differential in favor of the well that Pennzoil is seeking to drill in it from the Missouri.
- I think taking into account all the factors we can assume reasonably that the pressure at our proposed location would be higher initially than your pressure is at the present time.
- What factors are you taking into account?
- The fact that the virgin pressures in the area were in the range of 5,600, or at least in excess of 5,000 pounds.
- To what wells do you refer, specifically, when you say in the area?

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A Okay. Our Mobile 12, your well, the Antweil well.

Q You have shown on your exhibit that the Antweil well is 5,229?

- A I said in excess of 5,000 pounds.
- Q I'm sorry. I understood you to say in excess of 5,600.
- A Well, then, I will correct that to 5,000 pounds, if I made that statement.
- Q Thank you. I am not sure that I am right. The record will show whatever the facts are.

Mr. Brown, I believe you have indicated in the course of your testimony and also the testimony of Mr. Miller that essentially Pennzoil is seeking this unorthodox location, not on the base of any surface property or topographical difficulties but simply in order to make a better well geologically; is that correct?

- Well, that's correct. Not in just the Straun, but all horizons. Well, there are -- there are no topographic problems related to a location in this area.
- Are you familiar with whether there have been other unorthodox locations permitted by the Oil Conservation Commission in the South Carlsbad field?
- A Yes. Not for the Straum, but for the Morrow and the Antweil Missouri New Mexico Land Company well

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is an unorthodox location.

How about the two --

MR. UTZ: What zone, sir?

THE WITNESS: It is in the Morrow. Also Grace has drilled a well in Section 2 at an unorthodox location.

(Mr. Patman continuing) And that well is -- 6

- And the commission has approved a second well for them at an unorthodox location.
- And both of those wells are permeated through the Q Straun?
- Well, they are just permeated. Α
- All right. And so how about the City Service Merland A Q well in Section 19?
- I am not familiar with that well. It is a little out of our area, and I don't know whether or not that is an unorthodox location.
 - Well, if I tell you it is, subject to your checking on it, would you believe me, and would you then accept the statement that there already exist four unorthodox locations in the South Carlsbad field and that if your application is granted, that would mean five unorthodox locations?

Subject to your verification of my statement with respect to the City Service well --

Well, obviously, yes.

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	Q	Att fight. Now many wells are there, to your knowledge,
;		Mr. Brown, in the South Carlsbad field?
}	A	You are referring to all horizons, now, I presume?
	Q	Yes, sir, I believe so.
,	A	I haven't counted them. We have them tabulated on

Q All right. Why don't we just take a moment here and calculate that? Did we put all of those on there?

MR. MILLER: No.

Exhibit No. 4, I believe.

- A Our exhibits did not take into account some of the City Service wells for the north, so I am unable to answer that question.
- Q Well, I believe on your Exhibit No. -- well, on various of your exhibits you would have that information. Could I ask you to refer to whatever exhibits are necessary and furnish that information for the record, please, sir?
 - There are thirteen wells shown on our Exhibit No. 1 and shown as completions, in addition to that, the Grace Panagra in Section 11, I believe, has completed, which would make fourteen, and I believe there is a city Service well off of the map which would be fifteen.
- Q So out of sixteen wells, counting the one that you are seeking to obtain permission to drill here, there

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1		would be a total of five unorthodox locations if your
2	i	application is granted today?
3	A	If you are correct about the City Service location well.
4	Q	All right. I will just ask you to assume that and
5		we may have some testimony on that.
6	A	All right.
7	Q	Let me ask you this, Mr. Brown, is the general function
8		of spacing rules to achieve orderly development?
9	A	Yes. That is one of the responsibilities of the
10		commission.
11	Q	Is orderly development served if a substantial number
12	-	of wells in a particular field are permitted to be
13	· -	drilled at nonstandard locations?
14	A	As a general rule, no. There are some extenuating
15		circumstances relating to this area. First of all,
16		the two Grace wells were located adjacent to an
17	•	existing airport, and it would have been difficult
18	v.	for them to drill standard location wells.
19	Q	Now, let me just ask you a question in reference to
20		that particular statement before it goes by.
21		Is it not true that Pennzoil protested both
22		of those?
23	A	We did.

And the Pennzoil witnesses, including yourself,

appeared to testify that standard locations would be

them to drill

by themselves,

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1		available to Grace in both of those instances?
2	A	They would have been available to them had they
3		chosen to drill at some locations for a removal
4	-	from existing production.
5	Q	But you appeared, in fact, you, yourself, appeared
6		in Case No. 4398, I believe, and you recommended
7	-	to the commission under oath that the commission
8	~	deny the Grace application and require them to dri
9		at a nonstandard location; is that correct?
10	A	That's correct.
11	Q	Now, why is it fair or equitable for Pennzoil now
12		to come in and to seek to obtain an advantage
13		against their offset operator superior by themselv
14		themselves drilling a nonstandard location.
15		MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I object to
16	the	form of the question. It infers that Pennzoil is
17	qet	ing an advantage, and our testimony shows that it i

I object to Pennzoil is getting an advantage, and our testimony shows that it is not.

MR. UTZ: Sustained.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, may I be heard on that? I do hope to go into this at greater length in my cross examination of the other witness, but I believe it is quite evident from all of the exhibits, structural exhibits that have been presented that the reason that they are seeking this location is that it would be higher

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structurally and that quite plainly constitutes competitive advantage, and I think that my question is perfectly proper.

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, the testimony shows that it would be more advantageous to Pennzoil to drill at that location.

There is nothing in the record to show that it would in any way impair the rights of Superior Oil Co., and as a matter of fact the testimony shows that it will not.

MR. PATMAN: Well, we expect to present evidence through our witnesses that there will be a competitive disadvantage, an adverse effect on Superior's correlative rights, and I am precluded from cross examining these people after I have put on my direct case, and it seems to me I ought to be permitted in the course of my cross examination of them to ask them a question predicated on what we expect to show with respect to advantage and disadvantage.

MR. UTZ: You will be permitted after your direct examination to re-examine these witnesses if you so desire.

MR. PATMAN: All right, sir.

MR. UTZ: And I would request that you change your line of questioning until you have developed this point.

MR. PATMAN: All right. Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

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little overtime and finish this case, but I think it is pretty obvious that we can't. MR. PATMAN: I don't believe it will be possible from my point of view. MR. UTZ: So I think that if you are at a good stopping point -- are you? MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. Yes, sir. MR. UTZ: Well let's recess for the noon hour and come back about one thirty.

respect to a noon recess, Mr. Examiner?

MR. PATMAN: Thank you sir.

(Whereupon the noon recess was held)

MR. UTZ: The hearing will come to order. Mr. Patman,

I believe you were in the process of cross examination.

I will certainly do that. What is the practice with

MR. UTZ: Well, I had hoped maybe we could go a

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. I am prepared to proceed.

MR. UTZ: You may go ahead.

MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir.

(Mr. Patman continuing) Mr. Brown, let me just ask you one more question. I think you testified at some length on direct examination and also earlier on cross examination about pressures, and I think you indicated on your direct examination that pressure was a reason that you believed there would not be

any crossline drainage, net uncompensated crossline drainage resulting from the requested nonstandard location.

Was that the stand of your testimony?

Right.

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- All right. Let me just ask you, then, this one question. Can you advance any reason other than what you have already told the commission with respect to pressures why there would not be any such drainage, or is that the only reason that you have to tell the commission?
- Well, I believe that I have in effect answered that question once, but we anticipate having our purchase and our well by our -- higher pressure than your well at the present time.
- I didn't want you to repeat your testimony. MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, let the witness answer the question.

MR. PATMAN: I don't believe his answer was responsive. I didn't want him to repeat any of his testimony about pressures. I don't want to clutter up the record or take the examiner's time. I simply want to know if he can advance any reasons other than what he has already said about pressure for there to be no net uncompensated crossline drainage.

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It seems to me it is a perfectly simp	le question,
doesn't require an involved answer, b	ut anything to
do with pressures.	

- I will give you a simple answer. Fluid is not going Α to move from a low pressure into a high pressure area.
- You did not answer my question. Would you please Q answer my question, Mr. Brown. Is there any reason other than pressures why you believe there would be no net uncompensated crossline drainage?
- · cM
- Thank you. Q

MR. PATMAN: Now, if the examiner please, I would like to turn to some questions for Mr. Miller. I believe in accordance with the examiner's previous ruling I will have the opportunity to recall Mr. Brown at the conclusion of our direct case.

MR. UTZ: They will both be available.

MR. PATMAN: All right. Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I would prefer that he complete the cross examination of Mr. Brown at this time. If he is recalled later why, he may be his own witness. He is not going to be our witness if he recalls him, but I would like to see the cross examination of Mr. Brown be completed now.

MR. PATMAN: I don't have any objection to completing

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it now, Mr. Examiner, but I was simply trying to abide by your ruling when you ruled certain of my questions out of order at this time and said that I could ask them later.

MR. HATCH: I think Mr. Patman has quoted you correctly, and I think that you ruled that if certain testimony appeared on direct that he would be allowed to cross examine Mr. Brown and he would allow it.

MR. UTZ: Well, ordinarily, this is the thing we do here, we don't close cross examination. If they have a question before the hearing is over we recall them and let them answer the question.

MR. PATMAN: I just want to comply with the examiner's desire in it. I have no desire one way or the other.

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I object. My objection is being misunderstood. I have no objection to Mr. Brown being recalled if he wants to make him his own witness, welcome to do that.

Now, if he wants to call him for the purpose of re-examination he can't cross examine Mr. Brown on his witness's testimony, and this is ridiculous.

If he has got anything to put directly in the record he puts it in with his own witness.

MR. UTZ: Well, I think that is fair enough. If Mr. Brown didn't testify to it in his direct, I don't

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believe he can answer in cross examination.

MR. KELLAHIN: This is exactly my position.

MR. HATCH: It would still be improper cross examination just because he allows him to recall him.

MR. KELLAHIN: This is correct.

MR. HATCH: So I don't think we have a problem there.

MR. KELLAHIN: I don't think we do either, except we will have another argument at the time, and I would rather dispose of it now and get the examination of Mr. Brown completed.

If the staff or anybody else has any questions with Mr. Brown and then include the whole thing and then go to the next witness.

MR. UTZ: Well, I think Mr. Patman, you are going to examine these as far as you can go in regard to their direct testimony, isn't that correct?

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. But I believe I tried to pose a line of cross examination to this witness having to do with crossline drainage and counsel objected.

It had to do generally with crossline drainage. I think the specific reference was the question of whether or not there would be an advantage or disadvantage to Pennzoil from the granting of this request, and counsel for Pennzoil objected that the witness had testified that there would not be any advantage accruing to Pennzoil

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from this granting of this application.

I submitted to your honor that there would be an advantage, even in terms of their own exhibits in the sense that they would be moving up structure and obtaining a greater net porosity thickness at the nonstandard location, and I further submitted that we intended to show that there was drainage, and I attempted to cross examine the witness about the question of there being an advantage accruing to Pennzoil from a granting of this application, and, Mr. Examiner, as I understand your ruling, you overruled my line of cross examination and said that it was not proper at that point but that I could -- that if we presented any evidence to show there was going to be drainage, then I could recall Mr. Brown and cross examine him further with respect to advantage or disadvantage to Pennzoil, and I would like to pursue that line of cross examination.

I will do it now if you will permit, or I will do it later, but I believe I do have a right to cross examine him about that matter, and I would hope that I would have an opportunity to do it, and I will be glad to do it at whatever time you think most appropriate.

MR. UTZ: Mr. Kellahin? Would you like for Mr. Kellahin to restate his objection that I ruled on, or would you like it to be read back off the record?

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MR. KELLAHIN: Well, of course, Mr. Patman has misstated the entire thing. He has examined this witness at great length about whether there is any advantage or disadvantage to Pennzoil.

The question he posed to the witness to which I objected was based upon the assumption that there would be a disadvantage to Superior, and there is no testimony in the record to show there will be any disadvantage.

There is positive testimony in the record that there would not, and this is what I objected to, because this witness didn't testify to any such thing, and still hasn't.

Now, there may be an advantage to Pennzoil, but it doesn't follow as a corollary of that, that there is a disadvantage to Superior or our witnesses say there isn't any, and if he has any testimony to put on to that effect, we will let him put it on with his own witnesses. This is my objection.

MR. UTZ: Well, I still think --

MR. KELLY: Mr. Examiner, this is the issue in the case. Every case that I have ever been involved in where you are talking about trying to get into better location, one side is saying, "We would like to move a little closer to your well or get a better location," the other side, "And if you do, you are going to hurt us."

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I can't imagine that we cannot go into this question with this witness. The fact that they are saying there is no drainage doesn't preclude us from interrogating him on that position.

He has stated a professional opinion. His professional opinion is subject to attack. This happens in every case that comes before this commission, and that is what is involved here.

We want to test his professional opinion with this hypothesis.

MR. UTZ: Well, what was the question that you wanted to ask him again? Did it have to do with the question of what he had testified to previously?

MR. PATMAN: I thought it did, Mr. Examiner.

MR. UTZ: Well, all right. State your question again, and I will rule on it again.

MR. PATMAN: All right. I'm not sure that I can restate the question that I stated this morning, but let me try to pursue another cross examination and we'll see where we get.

(Mr. Patman continuing) I'll try to get at it this way, Mr. Brown. I am going to ask you to assume for purposes of my question that there would be net uncompensated crossline drainage away from the Superior well to the Pennzoil well at the requested

location.

Now, I am not asking you to admit that. I am asking you to assume for the purpose of my question.

Now, my question is: if that be the case, would Pennzoil be prepared to accept a penalty in its allowable, and if so, how much?

We would not be willing to accept a penalty, because I don't agree with your assumption.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, I ask that you direct him to answer my question. Now it is a perfectly proper question, and in all fairness --

- You are posing a hypothetical question?
- Yes, sir. And I am asking you to make that assumption and then look -- I'm sorry.

MR. PATMAN: Let me say this, Mr. Examiner. As Mr. Kelly has very correctly pointed out, the issue of drainage is a very poor one. We will put on testimony to show that there will be drainage.

Now, the commission will then be faced with the duty of determining whether our evidence is more persuasive than the evidence presented by Pennzoil, and if the commission does in its wisdom determine that our evidence is more persuasive and they find that there would be crossline drainage, I think that I am entitled to have in this record the position that Pennzoil would take with

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respect to that situation. MR. UTZ: Can't you put that testimony in the record MR. PATMAN: I can't put Pennzoil's position in the directly? MR. UTZ: No. But you can put your position in the record. 5 6 MR. PATMAN: I think I am entitled to ask what record. 7 8 pennzoil's position is. MR. UTZ: Well, we will let the witness assume. I will 9 10 ask you the question. 11 THE WITNESS: All right, sir. MR. UTZ: Assuming that there will be drainage, now SPECIALIZING IN: DEPOSITIONS, HEARINGS, STATEMENTS, EXPERT TESTIMONY, DAILY COPY, CONVENTIONS 12 this is an assumption, you haven't admitted this. 14 MR. PATMAN: That is what I say. MR. UTZ: Would you think a penalty would be in order? THE WITNESS: I would think that under conditions 16 where there was crossline drainage that a penalty would 17 18 be in order, right. 19 MR. PATMAN: How much? MR. KELLAHIN: Now, if the examiner please, that 20 question we would object to, because there is no basis. 21 MR. PATMAN: That is a matter for the commission 22 23 MR. KELLAHIN: There is nothing in the record, and to decide. 24 25

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this witness has already testified he doesn't believe there will be, so he has no basis on which he can make such an assumption, I don't believe.

MR. UTZ: I don't think you have to answer the last question. You are agreeing with him that you are taking his --

THE WITNESS: Under a hypothetical situation.

MR. UTZ: You are saying that if it was drained a penalty would be in order, and since it was a hypothetical question to begin with, I don't think you need to answer how much.

MR. PATMAN: All right. Let me see if I can get at it this way.

- (Mr. Patman continuing) Mr. Brown, did you testify before this commission in Casa No. 4398, the application of Michael T. Grace and Corrine Grace for an unorthodox gas well location in Eddy County?
- I did.
- And in behalf of Pennzoil, did you take a position in that case with respect to the penalty that would be appropriate to apply to the Graces if their unorthodox location were granted?
- I did take a position, yes. Α
- All right, sir. And what was the position that you Q took in that case?

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Frankly, I don't remember. I did recommend a rather severe penalty.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, let me ask that the record show that I am reading from a copy of this transcript in the Case No. 4398, which copy was furnished me by Mr. Kelly, and which I admit it is not the commission's copy.

I have every reason to believe that it is a true and correct copy, and I would like to read from it, subject to it being shown that a copy is a true and correct copy.

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I am assuming that this counsel is going to read a statement as to what this witness said, which should be the penalty in the Grace case, and we object to that as being immaterial, in that there is nothing in the Grace case which has any bearing on this case, and in addition to that, the witness's testimony was based on a geological engineering test which is in that record, and is not in the record in this case. It has no bearing on this case.

Excuse me, Mr. Examiner. May I be MR. PATMAN: heard on that?

MR. UTZ: Sure. You have the right to argue.

MR. PATMAN: If I am permitted to read this, the testimony of the witness was so that he did not take account of the things which counsel has just mentioned,

that he took the position that there was an arithmetical way of arriving at an appropriate penalty, and I expect that I am entitled to show that he took that position, and I think -- I would hope to be given the opportunity of further showing that in a previous case, also involving Pennzoil, a Pennzoil witness, Mr. B. C. Sinclair, in testifying before this commission, recommended exactly the same arithmetical penalty, and I would like to submit to the commission and for the record that it is obviously the position of Pennzoil United that this is a way of arriving at an appropriate penalty, and it seems to me I am entitled to do that.

These are records that are in cases that were decided before this commission, indeed recently, and I might say both cases involved this specific gas field, the South Carlsbad field --

MR. UTZ: You want him to tell you how, what formula he used to arrive at this penalty?

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. It is very simple.

MR. UTZ: Does that have any pertinence in this case? MR. HATCH: I think it does, because it certainly -this involves this pool, and this witness has testified as to prior cases as to methods of penalty, assuming there was drainage.

There is one problem here. The Superior has

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formation.

not established that that was used in arriving at the penalty in prior cases. I think that should be brought to the examiner's attention.

MR. STAMETS: George, the penalty there was not in the Morrow formation.

MR. HATCH: Excuse me.

MR. STAMETS: In this case there would be no penalty in the Morrow, and so --

MR. HATCH: Mr. Stamets pointed out that in the prior case -- I said it was the same pool. It is not the same pool. Those cases involved the Morrow pool, and this one involves a Straun pool. There is a --

MR. STAMETS: Was there any testimony in the original hearing concerning the penalty in the Straun formation? MR. HATCH: Those included I believe more than one

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. They did. They included all four, Mr. Hatch. That is my understanding, so I believe they -- they did include the Straun pool.

MR. HATCH: I mean from the surface down to --

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. That is my understanding.

MR. UTZ: That's right.

MR. HATCH: I will retract another statement.

MR. UTZ: Do you think this issue is in order?

MR. HATCH: Yes, it is. I think that it has limited

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established that this formula was used.

MR. PATMAN: I certainly didn't mean to suggest that,

Mr. Hatch. I think I am entitled to show that that appears

to be what Pennzoil, when it is faced with protesting an

unorthodox location, has recommended to the commission

in similar circumstances.

The fact whether or not it was used is certainly

The fact whether or not it was used is certainly within the purview of the commission to determine.

value in that it should be pointed out that he has not

MR. HATCH: Yes, sir.

MR. PATMAN: May I proceed, Mr. Examiner?

MR. UTZ: You may proceed.

MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir. I would like to read into the record testimony that was given by Mr. Joel Brown, who is the witness here appearing.

THE WITNESS: Charles Brown.

- Q (Mr. Patman continuing) I beg your pardon. Well, are you the same gentleman who testified in Case No. 4398?
- A I don't recall the case number, but we have no one by the name of Joel Brown in our employment.
- Q You have a Joel Brown in your employment?
- 23 A We do not have.
- 24 Q You do not have? Well, let me see just a minute.
 - A But I am Charles Brown, and I did appear as a witness

involving the Graces' application for some unorthodox locations.

I don't want to appear -- there to be any confusion about this. Maybe I can just locate the point at which you first testified or -- the copy that I am reading from says, or reads, on page fifty-two, that this following testimony was given:

"My name is Joel J. Brown, production manager for Pennzoil United Incorporated in Midland, and I have -- " Is it your recollection and your testimony."

have -- " Is it your recollection and your testimony,
Mr. Brown, that you are the person who testified
in Case 4398, the application -
I have already stated that I do not recall the

case number, but I do -- I was a witness in the hearing involving the case -- the case involving the Graces' application for two nonstandard or unorthodox locations.

Q Well --

MR. UTZ: I think it might be an error in the transcript, so I think we can just pass it up, and we will assume he was the person that testified in that case.

MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir.

(Mr. Patman continuing) Mr. Brown, testifying in this matter, testified as follows: "I agree that there is no absolute scientific way in which we can at

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this time determine the basis for penalizing an unorthodox location.

Certainly it seems to me that the penalties should be far in excess of twenty-five percent recommended by Mr. LeMay.

I would favor using a fraction, the numerator of which would be the distance the well was actually drilled from the line, the denominator of which would be the distance to a standard location, so referring to their proposed location in the north half of the section, that factor would be 330 divided by 1,980."

That is the way the testimony reads. I think perhaps there is a word intermitted. There, let me ask you, Mr. Brown, if that arithmetical testimony was used in this case, what would be the penalty that would apply to the Pennzoil well?

- It would be fifty percent on that basis.
- All right, sir.

MR. PATMAN: Without burdening the record with reading testimony, Mr. Examiner, I would like to ask that the commission take note of the transcript in its Case 4316, the application of Pan American Petroleum Corporation for an unorthodox gas well location in Eddy County, New Mexico, which case also involved the South Carlsbad field, and ask that the commission take note of the fact that on

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page forty-seven of said transcript a Mr. B. C. Sinclair, testifying for Pennzoil United Corporation recommended to the commission the exact same arithmetical determination insofar as the penalty is concerned.

I see no need to read his testimony into the record, but I believe it is appropriate for the commission to take account of it.

MR. UTZ: What was the case number on the Pan American case?

MR. PATMAN: 4316.

MR. UTZ: Is that in this pool, in this area?

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. In the South Carlsbad field.

MR. UTZ: Pan American has a well there?

MR. PATMAN: They applied for a nonstandard location, and Superior and Pennzoil protested. Mr. Clay and I were both present at that hearing, and the commission in its wisdom denied the application, or it was withdrawn, excuse me.

I believe the application was withdrawn before it was ever acted on.

MR. KELLY: That was one of those airport cases, I think.

MR. UTZ: Yes. I recall. We will take administrative notice of those cases concerning the same --

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I would also

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ask that you take administrative notice of the order in those two cases.

MR. PATMAN: I have no objection of that.

MR. UTZ: Certainly will, and, of course, in that respect the order -- then the recommendation -- the order didn't resemble the recommendation as to the formula for penalizing.

Q (Mr. Patman continuing) Let me ask you this, Mr. Brown.
You have taken the position, I believe, that it is
fair and equitable for Pennzoil to drill a well in
accordance with its request before this commission
which is being heard today at the requested location.

Do you believe that other operators in the field ought to have the same right to drill at nonstandard locations if it could be shown to improve the possibilities of making a completion in these areas zones in the field?

I don't think that operators in any field should have the right to choose locations at random. In fact, we do not approve of that sort of thing, and that is why we have appeared to object to these other cases.

we feel that in this particular case where we are talking about more than one zone, that we are justified in our application for an unorthodox

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location.

Well, if another operator were to file a similar application for a completion in more than one zone and he could show that his prospects for making a producing well were better in both zones at the requested location rather than an irregular location, would you object to that?

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, this question is so full of imponderables that nobody could answer that question. If you were going to say to approve of an unorthodox location you have to say what the location is, what the formation is, what the structure is, who the offsets are, where they are located.

There are so many factors involved that nobody can answer that question, and I object to it.

THE WITNESS: Mr. Examiner, I would like to make a point, if I may. We have appeared on two other occasions and opposed unorthodox locations.

On the other hand, we have approved one unorthodox location, so we have not taken a hard stand.

We consider each well or location by its own merits.

MR. UTZ: In other words, if I understand you correctly, Mr. Brown, what your attitude or Pennzoil's attitude is in this pool is that each case should stand on its own,

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correct?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. We generally favor --

MR. UTZ: Engineering and reservoir data available for that particular area?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

MR. UTZ: Now, is that what your argument is?

MR. BROWN: Yes, sir.

MR. PATMAN: Are you ready for me to pose another question? Has he ruled on his objection of --

MR. UTZ: He had an objection, didn't he?

MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

MR. HATCH: I think the question has been answered by the witness.

MR. KELLAHIN: I think it has, too.

MR. PATMAN: I am willing to accept that.

MR. UTZ: Okay.

MR. PATMAN: I have no further questions of Mr. Brown, Mr. Examiner.

MR. UTZ: Are there other questions? You are through?

MR. PATMAN: Oh, with Mr. Brown. I have a number of questions for Mr. Miller.

MR. UTZ: Okay. Go ahead.

MR. KELLAHIN: I have a couple of questions of Mr.

Brown. Do you want to have them now or later?

MR. UTZ: Well, why don't we let Mr. Patman finish

to do, now?

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with both witnesses and then --
             MR. KELLAHIN: If you prefer, all right.
                          DAVID MILLER
4 called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified
  as follows:
                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
  BY MR. PATMAN:
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        I would like to draw your attention to your Exhibit No. 1,
  Q
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        which I believe you prepared or was prepared under your
9
        supervision; is that correct?
10
        That's correct.
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        Now, sir, I would like you to take the copy of this
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        exhibit that you have presented to the commission for its
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        official files.
14
             I guess that is the copy in the possession of the
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        Examiner, and place on that exhibit some mark which would
16
        show the location of a regular location in Section 6.
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             MR. UTZ: Which exhibit?
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             MR. PATMAN: No. 1, Mr. Examiner. I'll tell you
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   what. I'll say that I am going to ask him to do this on each
   and everyone of his exhibits, because I want to ask him about
   a regular location on each and everyone of his exhibits, and it
   may save some time if he did that.
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MR. UTZ: What is it exactly that you are asking him

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Place on each of his exhibits a circle
          MR. PATMAN:
or X mark or other indication of the location of a regular
location or a standard location in the south half of Section 6.
          That is to say, one which would be 990 feet
immediately due east of the requested location.
         MR. UTZ: On each exhibit?
          MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir.
         MR. HATCH: Excuse me just a moment. There would be
four standard locations or areas in the south half. Do you
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want only one of those marked on each of these or all four? MR. PATMAN: I don't think it is necessary to mark, but I think it is only necessary to mark one, and that would be the one that would be 660 feet south of the north line and 1980 feet east of the west line of the south half. Would that be correct?

MR. HATCH: Yes.

MR. UTZ: Well, it is the east-west location that you are bothered about, isn't it? 18

MR. PATMAN: Well, Mr. Examiner, what there are --The nearest east-west location, what they are seeking to 20 do here. It is quite plain to see move 990 feet closer to Superior offset well than they are entitled to do under the statewide rule, and I am -- I think I am entitled to examine 23 him.

MR. UTZ: In the Straun formation?

	MR.	PATMAN	1: In	the	Straun	forma	tion,	yes,	sir.	I	ar
entitled	to e	xamine	him o	n wha	at adva	ntages	are				

- (Drawing) This will just approximate. I assume you only need this for the Straun formation since this is standard for all other formations.
- I would like to have it -- you have presented evidence to the commission about these other formations, and I would like you to put on all of your exhibits, if you would, please.

MR. UTZ: You mean all of the exhibits?

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir.

MR. UTZ: Well, sir, this is only, as I understand the case -- now, you correct me if I'm wrong. This is the only nonstandard location in the Straun formation.

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. I certainly agree with that, Mr. Examiner. In fact, Thelieve all his exhibits with respect to the Atoka and Morrow and Canyon, to be wholly and completely irrelevant and immaterial to this entire proceeding, and at this time I move that they all be stricken from the record.

MR. UTZ: They have already been accepted.

MR. PATMAN: Well, I can move for them to be stricken,
I believe.

MR. HATCH: I would not strike them. They are in, and there has been testimony concerning them, and he has not developed that they are not relevant.

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MR. UTZ: Well, there are nonstandard locations, but they are a part of his case to justify a nonstandard location. MR. PATMAN: Well, then I am entitled to have him put the locations on all of them. MR. HATCH: I agree with you there. MR. PATMAN: Thank you, Mr. Hatch.

MR. HATCH: Mr. Patman, it is understood that this is an approximate location.

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. I might say I think that the commission on reflection will find that this one point that I have asked him to place on there is the only standard location in the Straun, which would also be a standard location in all these other zones in the north-south proration units and which would then permit him to accomplish the end that he seeks of dually or multiply completing in these various zones, and that is the reason I have asked him to place this mark on these, and I would like to examine him about that. All right.

- (Mr. Patman continuing) Now, Mr. Miller, would you tell me, please, sir, how much higher structurally the standard location which you have marked on this map on Exhibit No. 1 would be than the Antweil well, Antweil-Missouri-New Mexico Land Company well.
- Be approximately 150 feet higher. 23
- All right, sir. And how much higher would it be than the 24 Superior-Collat well?

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1	A	It would be approximately 90 feet higher.
2	Q	All right, sir. And would the requested location and the
3		standard location which I have asked you to place on this
4	. *	exhibit be approximately flat one to the other?
5	Α	Would you please restate that question?
6	Q	Would the requested locations which you have indicated
7		about the No. 4
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	on your Exhibit 1 and the standard location which I
10		have asked you to place on the map
11	A	Yes.
12	Ö a	be approximately flat structurally, one to the other?
13	A	No. I don't believe so.
14	Q	Would you explain why not?
15	Α	If you placed another contour in here at the regular
16		contour spacing, this proposed location should be
17		approaching a minus 1800 feet.
18	Q	But you didn't choose to place such a contour, and that
19		has just occurred to you in the course of this testimony?
20	A	It is a customary policy of mine in contouring maps to
21		not put contours that are uncontrolled on the map.
22		MR. UTZ: Unless they are dashed?
23	Ŏ	(Mr. Patman continuing) Well, would you tell the
24		commission how this map shows and this is your map you
25		prepared and brought it here to the commission and you

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have sworn to it.

Would you tell the commission now how this map shows that your requested location No. 4 would be a better location than the standard location which you have placed on the map?

It shows that we should be at a higher structural position, and this, in turn, could help the porosity development in the Morrow sand.

It is generally accepted opinion that a shallower or a formation of sand or carbonate development on top of the structural high would be subjected to better winnowing action by waves, therefore winnowing out the finer material, leaving better porosity.

- You did say, I believe, however, that this standard location would be guite substantially higher than the two immediate offsets, the Collat and the Antweil?
- 17 A It appears that it should be.
 - All right, sir. Now, directing your attention to Exhibit
 No. 5, I don't know whether I included this in my previous
 request, but would you place a line on the commission's
 copy of the exhibit which would denote a regular location
 as in the same legal locations that I have asked you to
 place on the other exhibits?
- 24 A It is this cross-section. It appears that it would be about there. (Drawing)

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You have placed a pencil mark on that exhibit. Maybe the
Examiner would make that a little clearer so that there
wouldn't be any question about that.
All right. Let me ask you, Mr. Miller, would the
regular location which you have marked on Exhibit 5 be
higher in the Straum zone than the Superior-Collat well?

Q Would it be higher than the Atoka zone?

A You are talking about a regular location, now?

10 Q What you have placed on the map.

It should.

Yes, sir. On the exhibit. Excuse me. I would prefer to talk from structure maps than from cross-sections if you want to get to structural position. This is merely to show continuity of pay zones, and so forth, and is not necessarily accurate as to the anticipated structural position.

I have no idea how the tops of these formations on the cross-sections would compare to what would be projected from the structure maps. The structure maps would be the thing that I would prefer to consider as a most reliable structure position indicator.

22 Q Well, just let me ask you the general question, though.

23 A All right.

Generally speaking, would you consider a regular location such as you have marked on this exhibit to be higher or

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1		lower or relatively flat as compared with the Superior-
2.		Collat?
3	A	Well, it appears that I have drawn it to be higher.
4	Q	And that is in the Straun?
5	A	That is in the Straun.
6	Ŏ	That is a regular location?
7	A	Regular location.
8	Ö	Okay. And how about the Antweil, with respect to the
9		Antweil well?
10	A	Well, that should definitely be higher than the Antweil
11		well.
12	Q.	Regular locations would be definitely higher in the
13		Straum? Would it also be higher than both the Superior-
14		Collat and the Antweil-Missouri-New Mexico Land Company
15		wells in the Atoka zone?
16	A	It should be higher.
17	ŭ	Now, in the Straum zone, would that regular location,
18		which you have marked on the exhibit, be about the same
19		structural position as the Pennzoil the Well No. 2,
20		Gulf Federal No. 1, what you have marked as Well No. 2 on
21		your exhibit?
22	A	It should be the standard location, should be higher than
23		it.
24	Ŏ	Higher than that well which you have previously testified
25		was a very good well?

PAGE 69 I don't recall testifying anything of the sort. All right, sir. Thank you for the correction. Let me ask you this about this, Mr. Miller, you have placed on this exhibit information with respect to drill-stem tests, and I note in looking at the Pennzoil Gulf Federal Well No. 1, Gulf Federal No. 1, it is your well No. 2 on the --I note that that drill-stem test appears to be favorable. Can you tell the commission why this well wasn't completed in the Straun reservoir? From the Straun? Q Yes. I wouldn't consider it extremely favorable. It only

12 13 flowed 340 mcf of gas and decreased to 245.

340,000? 14

340 mcf. 15

All right. Thank you. 245 mcf at the end of the test? 16

17 Yes.

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I believe I did make an error in my identification of the well just a minute ago, and you quite properly corrected

me.

What I intended to ask you what is to compare the structural position of a regular location with the Pennzoil Mobil Federal 12 No. 1 which I believe you did testify was a very good well, and I misidentified that earlier as the Gulf Federal No. 1.

Let me ask you now to compare the structural position 2 as shown on your exhibit of a regular location in Section 6 as compared with the Straun reservoir as you have depicted it in your Well No. 1 on this exhibit. 5 It would be a little bit higher. I believe you are in --A as to my testimony on that well, though, I do not recall 6 any testifying at all about the Straun -- potential of 7 8 that well. I did speak of the Cisco Canyon at ten million cubic feet a day. Well, on a drill-stem test, did this Mobil Federal 12 No. 1 10 Q in fact, produce five and a half million? 11 12 Α It did. Ŏ And that is quite a bit of gas, isn't it, Mr. Miller? 13 That is a good test. 14 15 Q. A good test? All right, sir. Let's move on to No. 6, please, sir. Now, in accordance with my request, you have 16 placed on the commission's copy of this exhibit a regular 17 location in Section 6, and directing your attention to that 18 marking that you have made, would you -- let's see, this 19 is a net porosity map of the Morrow sand; is that correct? 20 That's correct. Of the one particular sand, I know. 21 And do you, in fact, on this map show approximately the 22 same net thickness of pay as between a standard location 23 and your requested nonstandard location? 24 No, sir. And if you would interpret a -- say a one foot 25

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		the control of the co
1		contour interval and continued contouring the top of the
2		structure you would come up with approximately forty feet
3		net pay at the proposed location.
4	O.	How many feet net thickness according to your map with the
5		standard location that we have been referring to have
6	A	It would have approximately thirty-two feet.
7	Ŏ	And would that be a pretty good well in this reservoir,
8		Mr. Miller?
9	A	It depends on permeability.
10	Ğ	Is that about the same number of net of thickness in the
11		Antweil Little Jewel well? And about the same as in the
12		Antweil and Allen well?
13	A	Ît is.
14	Ω	All right, sir. Let's turn to Exhibit No. 7, Mr. Miller.
15		Now, this exhibit concerns the Atoka reservoir; is that
16	a rá	correct?
17	A	It is correct.
18	Q	Well, now, as I understand it, Mr. Miller, what Pennzoil
19		is seeking to do in this proceeding is obtain authority to
20		make a dual completion at the requested location in the
21		Straun and the Morrow, so tell me, sir, what relevancy to
22		this issue before the commission does the Atoka have?
23	A	Pennzoil is interested in drilling a well at the most
24	,	economically favorable location to them.
25		Therefore, it is important to know if this location

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would be penalized in the Straun and how much, or this is my interpretation, at least, of the problem here, so that they can decide whether they want to go ahead with this location or consider moving it over and weigh the risk of losing the Atoka and the Cisco Canyon for non-penalized Straun location if there should be a penalty imposed.

You are not asking the commission in this proceeding, and indeed, in your notice of hearing does not refer to the Atoka in any way, does it?

That's right.

All right, sir. There is only one Atoka producing well in the south Carlsbad field; is that correct?

13 A That's correct.

14 Q And which one is that?

15 A That is the Mobil Federal 12, Pennzoil Federal 12 well.

16 O All right, sir. You have placed on this exhibit, I believe

a regular location in Section 6, as I requested you to.

How would you compare the structural position of the only producing well with the standard location?

20 A It would be approximately ten feet lower, probably, than the producing well.

All right, sir. Thank you. And let's turn to Exhibit
No. 8. Again, this is a map presenting information with
respect to the Atoka zone; is that right?

That's correct.

24 25

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23

1	Ŋ	According to this map, and even though you are not
2		requesting this commission to give you authority to
3	,	complete in this zone, tell me, please, sir, how many
4	,	feet of net porosity thickness would you have at the
5	<i>:</i> 2	standard location which I asked you to place on this
6		exhibit?
7	A	It is like it would probably be about sixteen feet.
8	Ω	Would that be about the same thickness that you show for
9		the Superior-Collat well?
0	A	It would.
1	Ò	So that a well completed at a regular location would be
2		insofar as this map is concerned, at least, as good a
3		well as the Superior-Collat?
14	A	It would, and the Superior-Collat was not a produceable
15		well. It flowed 20 mcf, which is extremely poor dst.
16	Q	It is not very good. All right, sir. Turning to Exhibit
17		No. 9, if you would, how would you compare the structural
18	-	position as depicted on your Exhibit No. 9 of your
19		requested location with the regular location which I have
20		asked you to place on this map?
21	Α	It would be approximately fifty feet higher.
22	Ω	Which is the
23	Α	Excuse me. It would be fifty feet lower, the standard
24		location would be fifty feet lower than the proposed

location.

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1	Ω	That information is not depicted on your map, as I read it,
2`		is it, Mr. Miller? Isn't that something you just came up
3		with at the moment?
4	A	I am interpreting contouring.
5	Ω	Well, you contour the Antweil well at minus 7000, and
6		you contour actually, minus 693, you draw the 7000 foot
7		contour around that well, and you contour the Antweil-Joel
8		at minus 7037, and approximately what would you well,
9		let's see, the standard location would be just about due
0	 -	south of the Antweil-Joel well, would it not?
1	A	Yes.
2	Ω	What approximate figure you have testified that there is
3	<u> </u> 	fifty foot difference. Let's find out approximately what
4		figure you would assign to a standard location.
5	A	A standard location, I would assume from the contouring
6		here, would be approximately a minus 7050.
7	Ω	And approximately what contour would you assign to the
8	 - 	requested location?
9	А	Approximately a minus 7000.
0	δ	Well, why didn't you put a 7000 contour line around it if
1		that is your view?
2	A	I stated earlier I did not put contour lines in that are
23		not controlled on my maps.
4	Ŏ	All right. Let me ask you a couple of more questions

about this exhibit. Would the regular location which I

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25 Q

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have asked you to put on the map there -- how would that
        compare structurally to the Antweil- Missouri Land Company
        well?
        Well, let's see.
        Just approximately.
        Well, it would be approximately what, fifteen feet, I
        believe, higher than the Antweil well.
        All right, sir. And how would it be with respect to the
9
        Superior-Collat?
10
        It would be approximately sixty-five feet higher.
11
        Higher?
12
        Yes.
13
        How would it be with respect to this Mobil Federal well?
14
        It would be about thirty feet higher.
15
        And how much did the Mobil Federal well test in this
16
        Straun zone?
17
        Five and a half million, as I recall.
18
        All right. And how would it be structurally with respect
19
        to the Antweil-Joel?
20
       You asked that.
21
        Oh.
22 A
        Antweil-Joel.
23
        Antweil-Joel?
24 A
        I'm sorry. It would be fifteen feet lower.
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The Antweil-Joel is a good well?

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-	A	It hasn't been produced, but I would assume It is a good
2		well.
3	Ŏ	Based on the drill-stem tests?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	Do you happen to recall off-hand what it tested in the
6		Straun?
7	A	No, I don't recall.
8	Q	All right. Turning to Exhibit No. 10, let's see, this
9	•	is an isopach of the Straun.
10		What is indicated by your exhibit with respect to
11		the gross thickness of the requested location as compared
12		with the standard location which you have placed on the
13		map at my request?
14	Α	It should be essentially the same.
15	Ō	Let me ask you this, Mr. Miller. Why did you choose to
16		present a gross thickness isopach map rather than a net
17		thickness?
18	A	A net thickness, there is essentially no difference between
19		a gross thickness and a net thickness in this case.
20	Q	I should have said perhaps net pay isopach.
21	Α	Time, primarily. There is a we were running quite
22		short on time in preparing this.
23	Ω	You are not telling the commission that all the property
24		that has a gross interval porosity thickness would be
25		productive, are you?

Certainly not.

All right, sir. Exhibit 11, please, sir. This refers to Ω the Cisco lime reservoir zone, does it not? It does. If I asked you the same question that I asked you a minute Q ago about the Atoka as to why you brought to the commission exhibits involving the Cisco lime, when all you were seeking was permission to complete in the Morrow and Straun, would your answer be the same as for the 10 one that you gave me with respect to the Atoka? 11 It would. All right, sir. According to your map, your Exhibit No. 11 12 Ω 13 Mr. Miller, how many feet of pay in the Cisco Canyon zone would there be at the standard location which you have 14 15 marked on this exhibit at my request? 16 Well, this is not intended to be a map of the net feet of 17 pay. This is a carbonate isopach which may not all be porous. It indicated approximately twenty feet of 18 19 carbonate that could be anticipated at that location. If I recall your testimony correctly, Mr. Miller, you 20 testified with respect to the pay, net pay -- gross pay 21 in the Straun zone, that there would be about the same 22 amount at the requested location and at the regular 23 location which I asked you to place on that exhibit. 24 that your testimony? 25

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1	A Gross carbonate thickness, I said. No. I didn't say
2	anything about pay.
3	Q In the Straun zone?
4	A Yes. I said there would be approximately 200 feet of
5	carbonate lime anticipated there.
б	Q Well, if you believe that you do have approximately the
7	same amount of carbonate lime thickness at these two
8	locations, why have you come here to ask for a special
9	permission from this commission to move from a regular
10	location to an irregular location?
11	A I think we brought out that this proposed location is the
12	most desirable for the other three zones, and it is
13	equally as desirable for the Straum as the standard
14	locations.
15	Q But the only permission that you are asking from this
16	commission with respect to irregularity of locations is
17	with respect to the Straun zone; is that correct?
18	A That's correct. We do not have to ask for permission for
19	the other location, because it is a standard location.
20	MR. PATMAN: I believe I have no further questions
21	of Mr. Miller.
22	MR. UTZ: Mr. Kellahin?
23	MR. KELLAHIN: Could I have a couple of minutes?
24	MR. UTZ: Yes.
25	(Whereupon, a brief recess was held.)

25 as follows:

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                       The hearing will come to order.
             MR. UTZ:
             MR. KELLAHIN: I just had a couple of questions,
   Mr. Utz. I would like first to ask Mr. Brown.
                        CHARLES A. BROWN
   called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified
   as follows:
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
   BY MR. KELLAHIN:
9
        Mr. Brown, throughout the testimony there has been
10
        discussion of the Superior-Collat well, and I believe
11
        you testified that you were part owner in that well?
12
        Yes, sir. That's correct.
13
        What is the other ownership?
14
        Superior owns approximately fifty percent of the well,
15
        and the remaining fifty percent is owned by Pennzoil
16
        Petroleum Corporation, Gulf and Mobil.
17
             MR. KELLAHIN: That's all the questions I have of
18
   Mr. Brown.
19
             MR. UTZ: Are there other questions of the witness?
             MR. KELLAHIN: I have another question of the
20
   other witness.
21
22
             MR. UTZ: Okay.
                           DAVID MILLER
23
   called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified
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REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Miller, Mr. Patman asked you, I think, as to each Q formation to compare the standard location with other wells in this area. Is there valid basis for making that type of a comparison in these wells? Α I don't believe so. Q And why do you say that? Well, some of these other wells around here are rather 10 poor wells, particularly the Antweil well to the west or 11 to the -- excuse me, to the east. There is a poor 12 Morrow well. 13 Well, you wouldn't want to compare your Morrow structural 14 position or the type of formation with a standard 15 location on this unit? 16 That's right. 17 Are there comparable -- I mean can you make that type of 18 comparison? 19 No, I don't think so. 20 Now, how about the other wells in the area? 21 Well, the Mobil Federal 12 to the south is the Atoka well, which is producing more gas than the Superior-Collat well 22 23 at the present time. 24 Q Now, the Superior-Collat well is a Straun well? 25 A It is a Straun well.

25

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And if I understand you correctly, you want the type of
        location in the Atoka that would be comparable to the
        Mobil Federal No. 1?
        That's right.
  A
             MR. KELLAHIN: That's all I have of the witness.
             MR. UTZ: Are there other questions? Witnesses may
  be excused.
                                            (Witnesses excused)
             MR. UTZ: That completes your case?
10
             MR.KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
             MR. UTZ: And your cross-examination -- do you have
11
  a witness to put on, Mr. Patman?
12
             MR. PATMAN: Yes, I do, Mr. Utz. With your
13
  permission, sir, I would like to call as a Superior witness
14
   Mr. Terry Clay. I believe Mr. Clay has been sworn, but I will
15
  ask him that.
16
             MR. UTZ: Yes. He has been sworn.
17
                           TERRY CLAY
18
  having been first duly sworn, according to law, upon his oath
19
   testified as follows:
                       DIRECT EXAMINATION
21
   BY MR. PATMAN:
22
       Mr. Clay, I will ask you to state your name, address, and
23
       your employment position for the record, please, sir.
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I am Terry Clay, and I work for Superior Oil Company in the

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_	
1	capacity of a petroleum engineer, title of senior
2	petroleum engineer, and my primary responsibility is in
3	the southeast New Mexico area as well as portions of
4	West Texas.
5	O Is the south Carlsbad field within your area of
6	jurisdiction?
7	A Yes, it is.
8	Q Mr. Clay, have you testified before the New Mexico Oil
9	Conservation Commission previously, and have you been
10	accepted as an expert for purposes of testimony?
11	A Yes, I have.
12	MR. PATMAN: Are there any questions about his
13	expertise, Mr. Examiner?
14	MR. UTZ: He has qualified previously.
15	MR. FATMAN: Thank you, sir.
16	Q (Mr. Patman continuing) I would like to ask you a couple
17	of other questions about your background and qualifications
18	with particular reference to the exhibits that you are
19	going to present, Mr. Clay.
20	I believe you are educated as both a geologist and
21	an engineer; is that correct?
22	A Yes, that's correct. And I worked five years as a
23	geologist after getting out of school in '57, and then
24	went back to school to receive a Master of Engineering
25	degree and have worked since '65 in the engineering

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capacity.

However, in our company on development well locations I handle and do the geology too -- as well as the reservoir engineering, pointing toward the objective of drilling or not drilling a particular well location. You are really what might be called a development engineer, Mr. Clay, are you not, with responsibilities as you indicated in the fields of development geology reservoir engineering and the economics of particular well locations? That's correct. That's correct.

- 12 Mr. Clay, was the Superior-Collat well which was the 13 first well completed in the Straun zone in this field 14 drilled on a base of your geology?
- 15 Yes, it was. Of course, the discovery well in the field was the Mobil Federal 12 No. 1 which was completed in the 16 Morrow and Atoka, and then the first completed well in 17 18 the Straun reservoir was Superior's Collat No. 1 well in 19 the south Carlsbad field.
- I believe that you have worked in the south Carlshad field 20 area since the discovery well came in in January of '69; 21 is that correct? 22
- That's correct. 23
- All right, Mr. Clay, I will ask you if you have prepared 24 or have had prepared under your supervision a structure map 25

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contoured on the top of the Straun zone in the south
        Carlsbad field.
        Yes, I have.
             MR. KELLAHIN: Could we have copies of the exhibit?
             MR. PATMAN: Indeed, sir. I will ask that we
   distribute copies, maybe, at this time.
7
             MR. UTZ: Have these been marked?
             MR. HATCH: Is this No. 1?
                          Yes. I don't believe these other copies
             MR. PATMAN:
10
  have a mark on them.
11
             (Whereupon, Superior's Exhibits 1 through 5 were
12
             marked for identification.)
13
        (Mr. Patman continuing) Okay, Mr. Clay, I ask you to draw
14
        your attention to what has been marked for identification
15
        as Superior's Exhibit No. 1 and ask you first of all to
16
        indicate what the yellow color is on the map.
17
        The yellow color on the map is Superior's acreage in the
18
        immediate area of the Carlsbad field area.
19
        And you might mention the color code on the wells.
20
        Right. Down in the bottom left hand corner are the four
21
        zones that have been discussed previously with the primary
22
        zone here being the Straun which is colored in red and the
        blue coloring representing the Morrow zone, and it would be
23
        noted that there are some four wells in the field proper
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that are dual completed which through here in the Straun-

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Morrow zone also the color coding in Section 31 in the immediate area of the Antweil well Little Jewel, Antweil-Allen wells, represents Superior's acreage that was farmed out and with the overriding royalties represented there in those particular proration units.

The red outline represents the Straun proration units of the wells that have currently been completed to date in the Straun reservoir.

In preparing this structure map, Mr. Clay, did you rely on copies of all the well locations that were available to you, and approximately how many were those?

Yes, I did. There were some twelve wells in here that I had access to the electric log data, and in preparing this structure map some twelve wells that did, in fact, penetrate the Straun and the Straun zone.

All right, sir. I will ask you, Mr. Clay, if your map doesn't indicate -- I will ask you what your map indicates with respect to the relative structural position of the -- what you have marked here with a red arrow as a standard location.

And you might just explain what is meant by that arrow and that circle.

The standard location there is an arrow pointing to that well is a well location that would be standard for the south half of Section 6, being located 1980 from the west

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23 24

line and 1980 from the south line of Section 6 in 23 South,

27 East, and at that particular location this well, and
based on the log data, well drilled at that position is
indicated to be approximately 100 feet high to the AntweilMissouri-New Mexico Land well, approximately flat
structurally flat Antweil's Joel No. 1 well.

And was that a good well, Mr. Clay?

Yes, it was. The open flow of that particular well was 8445 mcf a day.

I might just interrupt you at this point and ask you if you haven't also placed on this exhibit drill-stem test data, certain data by each of the wells or by a number of wells, and we won't go over that in detail, but it is provided here, and you will be discussing certain relevant parts of it as your testimony proceeds; is that correct? Yes. The drill-stem test data and the test data on this map applies to the Straun zone only. That includes the open flow data, the test data of the only well that is currently producing gas in the Straun, and also well, primarily those three.

The drill-stem tests, flow data, which includes open flow data as well as test data or in arriving at deliverabilities.

Mr. Clay, is the location that you have denoted on your exhibit as standard locations and indicated by that red

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1	4		arrow the same locations that I asked Mr. Miller to place
2			on each copy of the exhibits which he presented to the
3			commission and about which I examined him on cross-
4			examination?
5	A		It should be approximately the same location.
6	Ŏ		Well, it was intended to be the same location; is that
7			correct?
8	A		That's correct.
9	Ω	•	All right, sir. And unless there is some error in
10	· .		measuring, it would be the same location? Did you
11			comment on the relative structural position of the
12		1 40	standard location as compared with the Superior-Collat
13		6.6	well?
14	A		The standard location as shown on this structure map shoul
15			encounter the Straun at a minus 7050, and that would be
16			approximately eighty feet high to the Superior-Collat well
17			which is currently producing from the Straun reservoir.
18	Ö		How would the structural position compare with the
19			Pennzoil Mobil No. 2 Federal Well?
20	À		The standard location should be also slightly high to the
21			Mobil Federal well, the Pennzoil Mobil Federal in Section
22		-	12, it should be approximately thirty feet high.
23	Ω		And was that a very good well, Mr. Clay?
24	A		Well, the well tested five and a half million on drill-
25			stem tests, and appears to be a well of commercial worth.
~-	L		

-		That is correct.
2	Q	So it is quite plain from your exhibit, is it not, that a
3		standard location such as you have indicated by your red
4		arrow would be commercially productive in the Straun zone?
5	A	In my opinion, and based on the surrounding wells, a
6	-	standard location would be productive in the Straun zone.
7	Õ	Is there anything more you want to add about this exhibit,
8		Mr. Clay?
9	A	I believe not.
10	Ũ	All right. Let's turn to Exhibit No. 2, please, sir.
11		First of all I will ask you if this exhibit was prepared k
12		you or under your supervision.
13	A	Yes, it was.
14	Ö	And what is the exhibit, just to generally explain?
15	Α	Exhibit 2 is a net pay isopach of the Straum zone, and thi
16		is a net pay that is determined from log analyses and
17.	·	test data to be productive of gas.
18	Ö	I will ask you if the yellow coloring, the well color code
19		and the test data are the same as those which appear on
20		Exhibit No. 1.
21	А	Yes, it is.
22	Ö	All right, sir. Did you indicate what source you used to
23		pick the net pay in each instance?
24	A	Well, the sources of net pay are primarily from gamma ray
25		sonic logs that were run through the Straun interval.

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1		However, also, the drill-stem test and the test data from
2		these wells were taken into account, arrived at the net
3	·	pay in that well bore in the Straun reservoir.
4	Ö	I will ask you approximately how many feet of net pay does
5		your exhibit indicate would exist other than what you have
6		marked with a red arrow as a standard location.
7	A	The standard location, and based on the surrounding well
8		control, in my opinion, the well should penetrate
9		approximately twenty-eight feet of net pay in the Straun
10	te.	zone at this standard location.
11	Ω	Now, how would that compare with the net pay penetrated
12		in the Straun zone by the Superior-Collat well?
13	A	In the Superior-Collat well, it is believed that there is
14		thirty-four feet of pay.
15	Ω	How would this compare with the Pennzoil Mobil No. 2 Feder
16	 - -	Well in the Pennzoil Mobil's 12 No. 2?
1 7	A	12 No. 1. Pennzoil 12 No. 1, located in Section 12 has
18		nineteen feet of net pay.
19	Ö	Is there anything you want to add about this, Mr. Clay?
20	V	I would like to point out that around the edge of the
21		field or around the edge of this isopach map it would be
22		noted that in most all cases there have been drill-stem
23		tests conducted in the Straun reservoir at these
24		particular wells, and this test data is noted on here, and
25	•	in addition to that, there is, as mentioned previously, the

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well has produced approximately one million cubic feet of gas, along with 22,000 barrels of condensate. This data is also noted on the map. Q All right. Shall we turn to Exhibit No. 3, Mr. Clay? Was this exhibit also prepared by you or under your supervision, Mr. Clay? A Yes, it was. Q And is that structure map contoured on the Morrow zone; 10 is that correct? 11 That's correct. 12 And are the yellow colorings, the well color codes and the test information on this exhibit the same as those matters 14 that were on Exhibits Nos. 1 and 2? 15 The yellow coloring, as well as the purple outline represents the acreage in which Superior has an interest 16 However, the red outlines are proration unit outlines 17 for the Morrow zone in lieu of the Straun zone that was 18 shaded on the other maps. 19

But you didn't have an opportunity to indicate those on

that we gave you and ask you to substitute this other copy?

I think we didn't have time to put those unit outlines on all

MR. HATCH: They are not indicated on this exhibit.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, may we withdraw that copy

your exhibit, did you?

Collat well has been on the line for over a year, and this

the copies of our exhibit. MR. UTZ: Oh, the red lines? MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir. THE WITNESS: Right. The proration units. MR. PATMAN: That would be the difference. MR. UTZ: It is No. 3? MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir, it is. MR. UTZ: You may proceed. 8 9 MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir. (Mr. Patman continuing) Mr. Clay, would you just comment 10 Q briefly on the structural position of what you have 11 indicated as a standard location by your red arrow with 12 respect to other wells that have been completed in the 13 Morrow zone? 14 At a standard location in Section 6 and based on the same 15 data, similar data that was used, the Straun reservoir, 16 it appears that the standard location will be twelve to 17 thirty feet high, structurally high to the Antweil-Missouri-18 New Mexico Land well. 19 20 21

It would be approximately seventy-five feet high to the Superior-Collat well, and slightly low to Pennzoil's Mobil Federal No. 12, 12 No. 1, excuse me.

How would it compare to the Antweil-Allen well? Did you mention that?

The Antweil-Allen well, it would be approximately flat with

22

23

the Antweil-Allen well in this Morrow horizon. And what was the calculated open flow capacity on the Allen well? The Allen well was 3468 mcf a day. That is three and a half million cubic feet? That's correct. 7 Would this standard location be a productive in the 8 Morrow zone, reasonably productive in the Morrow zone, Mr. Clay? 10 In my opinion, in view of the offset productions standard 11 locations would encounter productive pay in the Morrow 12 zone. MR. PATMAN: Excuse me just a moment, Mr. Examiner. 13 (Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.) 14 MR. PATMAN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. May I proceed? 15 MR. UTZ: Yes. 16 (Mr. Patman continuing) Mr. Clay, I will ask you to direct 17 your attention, please, sir, to Exhibit No. 2 of Pennzoil 18 United. That was the calculations placed in the record by 19 Mr. Brown concerning the economics of a dual completion 20 in the Straum and Morrow zones at the location that has 21 been requested by Pennzoil. 22 Is it your opinion that the reserves in these two 23 zones at that location would be substantially higher than 24

are shown on Pennzoil's Exhibit No. 2?

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In my opinion, the reserves in the Morrow and the Straun together are somewhat higher than the six bay that has been purported in this Exhibit No. 2.

Now, the Straun reservoirs, it was pointed out there have been three pressures taken in Superior's Collat well, in the Straun.

The original pressure was 5610 after 56 days shut-in period. The second pressure taken in May of 1970 was 4295 after 46 hours. However, this was a build-up test, and an extrapolation of the build-up indicates that had the well been shut-in a sufficient period of time that the reservoir pressure at that time would have been 4590.

- O Is that shown on one of your exhibits, Mr. Clay?
 - That is shown on Exhibit 5, which is the next exhibit.
 - All right. We may just be taking that a little out of order, but we will ask the Examiner to refer to Exhibit No. 5 in connection with your testimony.
 - And again, in August of this year another shut-in was taken on the same well which indicated 2887 psi after 72 hours shut-in, and in view of the lack of build-up based on the previous build-up testimony, it is believed that the last test pressure test is conservative, although the other four exhibits, material balance are a pressure -- what is commonly referred to as a pressure divided by the super compressibility plot against a cumulative.

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It indicates that in the Straun reservoir only that the Collat should recover four and a half billion cubic feet of gas down to a pressure of approximately 500 pounds, and I might add that also the Straun reservoir produces eighteen to twenty barrels of condensate per million cubic feet of gas, and it will be noted that on this pressure curve that it is not a straight line like you often see in a dry gas reservoir, and it is believed that the reason for this is this condensation that is taking place in the reservoir.

You would compare that four and a half billion cubic feet ultimate recovery which you just mentioned with a total of six billion which was used by Mr. Brown on his Exhibit No. 2? And that is, you are referring only to the Straun zone; is that correct?

That's correct. In other words, it is four and a half billion -- would be a substantial part of this six billion that have been purported from two zones, the Straun and the Morrow, and therefore, I believe that the reserves in Exhibit 2 are quite conservative.

And let me ask you, if you will, just do a little arithmetic for us, Mr. Clay. You indicated that there would be twenty-two barrels of condensate or twenty barrels, maybe is what you said, to use a round number, per million cubic feet.

I will ask you to multiply that by the four and a half that you indicate four and a half billion cubic feet of gas recovery, that you indicated and tell us approximately how many thousand barrels of condensate would be recovered. б Α Well, it is approximately 90,000, and it compares favorably with the 90,000 or 89,000 that they have shown on this 8 Exhibit 2. 9 Q Mr. Clay, taking into account your testimony with respect to the four and a half billion cubic feet ultimate 10 recovery of gas and the 90,000 barrels recovery of 11 condensate, would you have an opinion with respect to what 12 single completion in the Straun at this location would 13 return a profit to the persons who drilled it? 14 In my opinion, a well similar to the Collat well will 15 definitely return a profit. I will leave it at that. 16 Well, let me ask you this. I believe you have indicated in 17 your previous testimony that a well located in the Straun 18 at what we have heretofore been describing as a standard 19 location in Section 6 would be at least as productive as 20 the Superior-Collat. 21 22

Would you therefore conclude that such a well would also pay out and return a reasonable profit to the operator?

In my opinion, it would. It would pay out and also make a

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profit in the Straun zone only. Do you recall Mr. Brown's testimony that he said that the recoveries at a standard location would not be substantially different from the recovery at the requested location, and would that seem to be in accordance with the conclusions that you have just stated? 7 Would you restate the question? Do you recall that Mr. Brown testified that the economic 8 ò return on a dual completion at a standard location in 10 Section 6 would be approximately the same as the economic 11 recovery at the requested location, and does that conclusion support the testimony which you have given? 12 Would that be in accordance with your testimony? 13 Well, I don't -- I don't know how the record reads, but in 14 my opinion, a well located at the unorthodox location in 15 the Straun should recover more gas than the well located 16 at the standard location. Be noted from Exhibit 2 in 17 particular that the well at the unorthodox well location 18 should have a higher net pay and consequently a higher 19 producing capacity, and consequently a newer -- that well 20 to recover larger quantities of gas as compared to 21 unorthodox locations -- or the orthodox, excuse me. 22 But a completion at the orthodox location would be as 23 economically favorable a site, in your opinion, as the 24 Superior-Collat well which is the medial offset? 25

A well located at the orthodox location would, in my opinion, be similar to the Superior-Collat well, that's correct. Let me ask you just a couple of questions about pressures, Q 5 Mr. Clay. If the pressure draw-down in a well which б might be drilled at the requested location, here in this 7 hearing, were the same as the pressure decline demonstrated in the Collat well, then in your opinion, would there be net uncompensated drainage from the Superior-Collat well to the Pennzoil well in Section 6? 10 Well, if the -- the pressure in the offset Pennzoil well 11 at an unorthodox well location follows the pattern of a 12 Collat well in that the pressure draws down and reaches 13 a comparable pressure to the Collat well, then it is 14 reasonable that the interference or the drainage area 15 between these two wells will be at the midpoint between 16 the wells, which would be all in Superior's acreage and 17 would result in a drainage from Superior's -- underneath 18 Superior's acreage. 19 And the Superior-Collat well is the only well in the 20 Straun which has been produced and is the only well on 21 which you have information with respect to pressure 22 declines? 23 That's correct. 24 Is there anything you wanted to add, Mr. Clay? 25

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productive zone.

Yes.

Okay.

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1 A
        No.
             MR. PATMAN: I believe, Mr. Examiner, that completes
3 my direct examination of Mr. Clay.
             MR. UTZ: Any questions of Mr. Clay?
             MR. TRAYWICK: I would like to ask a question, if I
  may, Mr. Examiner. I am Carl Traywick with the U. S. G. S. We
  are involved here with cross-southwest federal land. May I
  see Exhibit 1, please?
                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
9
   BY MR. TRAYWICK:
10
        Mr. Clay, on this structure map on top of the Straun there
11
        is no type reference indicated here, no reference point.
12
        The top of the Straun marker that you picked is the top
13
        of the porosity in the Straun for this interval?
14
        The subsea elevation is the top of the porosity. It will
15
        be noted in this Antweil-Allen well some of these wells
16
        have porosity immediately in the top, some of them ten
17
        or fifteen feet below the top, but in the particular case
18
        of the Antweil-Allen well, it has a porosity two to four
19
        feet below that subsea point of 7028, and so this is
20
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what I intended to do was to contour the map on the

Which also is the zone in which the net pay was taken from.

On Exhibit 2, your isopach which is called the net

1		pay isopach, what you picked this control point from sonic
2		logs, what porosity cutoffs did you use for net pay
3		determination?
4	Α	The porosity cutoffs that I used from sonic were are
5		four percent, and the four percent by checking some of
6		these wells in the area and checking the porosity versus
7		the drill-stem tests, it is believed that four percent is
8		probably a pretty reasonable cutoff.
9	Ö	Did you say you used a core analysis?
0	Ά	No, I did not.
1	Ò	You didn't have any control between
2	A	I used the sonic log.
3	Ŏ 	the core and the sonic velocity?
4	Α	And the drill-stem data to provide this.
5	Ö.	What velocity did you use on interpreting the sonic?
6	Δ	I would have to look in a log. I think it is 22,000.
7	Ö	22,000?
8	A	Let me look at a log and be sure on that. It may be
9	1	21,055 or I'm sorry for the delay. I don't seem to have
0		it written on there. I am going to get it for you, because
1	\ 	I have got a porosity scale here.
2	Ö	It is not really important.
23	A	The answer is 22,000.
24	Ō	22,000?
25	У	Right.

```
What is standard for a lime carbonate type faces reservoir,
        about 21,000 or --
  Α
        Yes.
        Is it a judgment of sort of a --
  Ω
        Any carbonate with inner granular porosity only a lot of
  Á
        times 215 is --
   O
        Is pretty well accepted?
        But in a vugular where you have got any vugs --
   A
        Or fractures?
   Q
        22,000 is pretty reasonable.
10
        Is it not hard to establish this without correlation of
11
        core analysis to back into a figure to use for
12
        interpretation without correlation of the sonic logs and
13
        core analyses?
14
        Well, that would be -- of course that would be the ideal
15
        thing, that you had cores to clot core porosity versus
16
        sonic porosity.
17
        Right.
18
        In the innersection to determine that.
19
        Is any core analysis available in the field?
20
        There is -- there isn't any available to me. I understand
21
        that there was one well in there that had attempted to
22
        core.
23
24 Q
        The Federal well was cored?
25 A
        Attempted.
```

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1	Ω	Partially or mostly? Was it analyzed?
2	A	Yes, sir. But I'm not sure that is the well. We have
3		one core.
4	Q.	Okay. The exhibit indicates this net pay isopach. Does
5		that take into consideration water content on the net pay
6		connotation?
7	Λ	The net pay is simply going down one of these sonic logs
8		and taking it.
9	Ò	Just a thickness?
10	A	It cores interval in excess of four percent.
11	Q	No consideration for water content?
12	A	Well, there has been no apparent water, at least water in
13		the Straun. Now, if you are are you referring to
14		connate water?
13	Ω	Yes, sir.
16	A	Now, not on the net pay. Now, of course, I have used this
17		map and perimetered this net pay isopach to come up with
18		reserves, and you have to use connate water then.
19	Q	Right. Did you work the was this a heavy location when
20		you worked the sonic logs?
21	A	In some cases I did, because there were a couple of cases
22		where I didn't have drill-stem test data in that particular
23		zone.
24	0	Did you find quite a range of water saturation from one
25		control point to the next within the four porosity above
	L	

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1		four percent?
2	A	Off hand, I just don't remember whether it was varied from
3		a hundred to forty holes or whether it varied from eighty
4		to a hundred. I'm sorry. I
5	Q	Well, would you characterize this reservoir as a low
6		porosity, high water saturation type reservoir
7	A	No, I wouldn't.
8	Ö.	that doesn't produce water because the permeability is
9		slow?
10	A	The average porosity has determined from log data and
11		Straun reservoir is eight percent and
12	Ŏ	Average porosity is eight percent?
13	A	Yes. And so in view of that, I wouldn't consider the low
14		porosity. Now, certainly there are exceptances.
15	Q	Yes. That is a question of relativity.
16	A	This is a porosity of feet in some an average or taken
17		the porosity of feet from some eight or ten wells, and
18		averaging it and come out with about eight percent, and
19		it is pretty representative of the reservoir.
20	Q	Well, would you think that to evaluate the reservoir
21		quality as we are attempting to do here that some
22		cognizance should be taken of the quality of the pay
23		within the thickness limits above four percent in terms of
24		water saturation and
25	A	I'm sorry. I'm trying to locate some of this data here.

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		·
1	Ö.	The reason I ask is the data that is available to us shows
2		there is quite a range of water saturation and that the
3		average water saturation for the productive part of the
4		reservoir is pretty high, and that there is quite a range
5		from one zone one well to the other.
6	A	Well, I would have to say that right now that we have got
7		producing history on one well and that is the Collat well
8	y.	has not exhibited any water production. Occasionally it
٠		
9		will make a barrel of water.
10	Ω	Right.
11	A	Which is indicative of low to medium low water
12		resistivity or water saturation.
13	Ω	But with eight percent average porosity and associated low
14		permeability you could have high water saturation, which
15		wouldn't produce produce water because of the relative
16		water permeability, well, relative permeability to water,
17		or would you?
18	A	Yes. Generally as a general rule, the lower the
19		permeability, the higher the water saturation.
20	O.	Yes.
21	A	But there is no definite correlation between porosity and
22		permeability a lot of times, and so I don't know about the
23		third perimeter.
24	Ω	Well, my only point is that perhaps we should have made

some quality sophistication of the net pay isopach to back

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into the issue that is at stake here.

I think probably we have belabored that enough. One more question, Mr. Clay. On your Exhibit 4 you get quite a change of slope there which you attribute to possible retrograde, pull behavior. Do you have any reservoir samples that show that this is a retrograde condensation type reservoir or any recombined laboratory samples? I haven't seen the data. Now, I understand that there may have been some recombined for this purpose, for the purpose of determining separate conditions and so forth and so on, and so I would have to say that all I -- what I am basing this on primarily is the performance of a well out there.

- Yes. 14
 - And also I have seen surface samples separate as opposed to liquid samples and the analysis on those, but I -- it recombined back to reservoir pressure.
- Well, my point --18
- I don't --19
 - Well, I guess I really didn't make my point clear. What I am trying to say is do you have any evidence of retrograde behavior rather than the assumption on the pressure, superior compressibility versus cumulative curve?

I was wondering what you based that --Are you talking about retrograde reservoir or retrograde

1		coming up the tubing? There is quite a difference, as you
2	a a	are aware
3	Q	Yes.
4	Λ	of what is taking place.
5	Ŏ	Well, what I don't quite understand, we predict reserves
6		from this coordinate paper pressure curve for your Collat
7		well by your Exhibit No. 4
8	A	Right.
9	Q	the slope of the line which should be linear changes
10		from point no. 2 to point no. 3.
11	Α	That's correct.
12	Ü	And in your testimony you attributed this, as I understand
13		it, to retrograde condensation reservoir conditions.
14	A	I suggested that this is a possibility in that there as
15		we all know
16	Õ	Right.
17	A	And an oil reservoir, we go through the bubble point.
18	Ö	Yes.
19	A	We see this behavior, a change of slope.
20	Ď	Yes.
21	A	And from this the pressure data that has been run on this
22		well after a billion cubic feet of gas has been taken out
23		of it and 22,000 barrels of condensate, it also is
24		suggesting that this may be a possibility that we are

that we have gone through the critical point here, and do

have some retrograding taking place, and we suspect this further from some of the bottom hole pressure, the gradient from the bottom hole pressures that we have run, and we are seeing essentially gas, a gas column as we run a gradient, yet the well produces condensate. Well, would you describe this as evidence of efficiency on which to base your conclusions that the slope changed because of retrograde situation within accepted engineering limitations? Right now I would have to say that I lean in favor of this 10 possibility. From other fields that I have read about we 11 12 know that in retrograde reservoirs that early in the life of that field that we get a pressure draw-down that is 13 greater and at later producing periods in that field and I 14 am relating to technical data that has been published. 15 Yes. 16 As well as what I am saying here in the field. 17 Yes. But there is nothing in your testimony that indicates 18 that there is any data that supports your assumption other 19 than analogy and judgment and experience. Let me --20 Well, if you take this net pay isopach and take the net 21 pay or the porosity in that well, you will arrive at a 22 close figure to this p over c. 23 This is a power volume determination of what -- how

much gas is in that reservoir. When you take this net pay

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25 Ω

times porosity times one saturation times best of gor the gas in place is what you come up with. So volumetric --So volumetrically there is a relationship so that it is going to zero in on this exactly, but this is pretty close surprisingly. Of course, volumetrics many times do not match or have 8 to be revised to match actual performance data. 9 Q If you would assume that this was not a retrograde 10 situation would it make you suspect the magnitude of the measurement of point no. 3 since it changed slope or would 11 you attribute it perhaps to changed permeability of local 12 condition? 13 Well, as I pointed out in point 2 was a buildup, 46 hour 14 buildup, so I know that from Exhibit 5 that it wasn't 15 completely built up. 16 But it was extrapolated to --17 Two or three hundred pounds above it, and also from this 18 data which was pressure versus time I made a test to 19 determine how long -- approximately how long it would take 20 for that well to come to static conditions, and point no. 3 21 is a lesser period of time than is required for it to come 22 to static conditions, and so I am -- I believe that point

But there is some uncertainty as to the accuracy of the

no. 3 is probably conservative.

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1	points since they don't line up as they theoretically				
2		should?			
3	A	It is the best data that is available right now.			
4	Ö -	Right. But with such uncertainties possible, maybe even			
5		probable, do you think that the reserves are accurate			
6		within pretty close limits?			
7	Α	Yes. I think they are, because as I mentioned before, I			
8		tackled it from poor volume standpoint and took the			
9		porosity feet in every well.			
10	Õ	Yes, but			
11	A	And took the best water saturation that I could get, which			
12		was from a synergetic log that has been run.			
13	Ö	From the one well?			
14	A	Well, it was that one well, and then plus I have			
15		calculated water from other wells and arrived at a			
16		reasonable connate water saturation.			
17	Ŏ	But you never did say what that range of water saturation			
18		that you used was.			
19	A	Right.			
20	Ö	Or the magnitude of the average reservoir water saturation.			
21	A ·	Well, to get at poor volume you have got to arrive at an			
22		average water saturation, right?			
23	Ŏ	Yes.			
24	A	Unless you want to do it foot by foot.			
25	Ö	Of course, our acre-feet map is based on many control point			

Right.

	!	
2	Õ	The thickness, but the water which enters into
3		volumetrics which you match up with performance
4	P.	Yes.
5	Ŏ	is based on two control points?
- 6	A	The water.
7	Q	The water?
8	A	Well, it is based on a few more than that, actually. If
9		you I have calculated water on several of those wells,
10	<u> </u>	water saturation, but let's keep in mind that the Straun
11		reservoir was drilled with brine water and anytime you
12		drill a reservoir with brine water you are going to the
13		invasion that takes place out in this reservoir is going to
14		affect the resistivity reading on locations, and
15		oftentimes you have a very difficult time coming up with
16		accurate water saturation if that well has been drilled
17		with brine.
18		Now, there are wells in there that have been drilled
19		with mud, fresh mud, and in my opinion, this is the more
20		accurate wells or the wells that are more representative of
- 21		obtaining these log calculations and we run into this quite
22		often.
23	δ	Yes. If you are in an invaded zone, why, then, you are
24		not reading the
	A	Well, it is in

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MR. KELLY: Mr. Examiner, I would like to make an
objection to this line of testimony. I think that we are
getting into testimony by a witness who is not sworn, and I
think you are also going against the rules of this commission
that require an attorney to present questions, and the fact
that -- this is certainly being violated in this case, and I
think we are going way beyond the issue in this case as
whether the unorthodox location of the Straun should be
allowed.
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MR. HATCH: What I think he should do is confine his questions, rather than testifying.

MR. TRAYWICK: Let me just put it simply that the uncertainties that I note here which may be based on my inadequate knowledge, although we have looked at this reservoir pretty good, may make it difficult to predict with the known 16 production history on the Collat well the reserves and the 17 extent of reservoir influence which would make it very difficult 18 then projecting that same line of thinking.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, I am going to ask that this 19 20 all be stricken. It is nothing but testimony from an unsworn 21 Witness.

It is not a question, as Mr. Kellahin pointed out. I 23 know that Mr. Traywick is interested in this matter, but I just 24 think that that doesn't authorize him to come here and present 25 the testimony, and that is what he is doing.

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MR. HATCH: I think the examiner can certainly tell the difference between testimony by sworn witnesses without striking that part of the questions.

MR. UTZ: We will leave it in the record for whatever it is worth.

Do you have any further questions?

MR. TRAYWICK: No, sir. I would like to finish one sentence I was interrupted on.

MR. UTZ: All right, sir.

MR. TRAYWICK: That is may be difficult to predict the reserves of a well with the production information we have on the Collat, maybe also much more difficult to predict the reserves of an undeveloped location.

Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

MR. UTZ: Mr. Kellahin, do you have some questions? MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

Mr. Clay, on your Exhibit No. 1, I didn't quite understand 19 what these figures were by your Superior-Collat well. 20

> On Exhibit 1 the figures there read from top to bottom -there is a legend on the bottom of the exhibit. The minus 7131 is the top of the productive Straun zone, and the south Carlsbad field, completion dates -- this well was November 27, 1969, and this well has produced up to August

of 1971, 989,000,000 cubic feet of gas plus 22,000 barrels of condensate, and the current or the average productions during July of '71 was 2.04 million cubic feet a day plus 43 barrels of condensate per day. 0 Is that two million -- four million cubic feet about the capacity of the well today? 7 Two million is flowing at 1900 pounds of pressure, and about the highest rate that we flowed the well at is 4500 8 to 4800 mcf a day or about twice that rate so the line 9 pressure is at a thousand pounds, and it is flowing at 10 1900, so if we drew the well down to line pressure, which 11 will be comparable to floodable tests, it would produce in 12 excess of this two million a day. 13 Now, you had an extremely high initial potential in this 14 well, did you not? 15 The original filed one or the refiled? 16 Well, I don't know. You tell me. 17 Well, on the refiled potential it was approximately twenty-18 three million. 19 Twenty-three million? 20 A day, which if you will note up there, the Antweil-Allen 21 is seventeen million open flow, and the Antweil Little 22 Jewel is seventeen million, so in relating to what has been 23 drilled, I wouldn't say that. 24

Would you think that initial potential was incorrect, then?

		PAGE 113			
1	À	The initial the one that possibly you are referring to			
2	£	that			
3	Ω	291 million?			
4	A	291 million was not run in accordance with the rules and			
5		regulations of the New Mexico Commission conducting open			
6	ůs.	flow tests and was			
7	Q	O How much time elapsed between the two?			
8	A	A Date of the first test was December 5, 1969, and an			
9		absolute open flow of 291,145 mcf a day was reported. It			
10		is 291 million approximately.			
11		And then by letter of June of 1970 from Mr. Stametts			
12		informed us that this open flow test was not conducted by			
13	the utilized commission manual for back-pressure testing				
14		and so forth, and the well was retested, and then it was			
15		repotentialed, test date of July 14, 1970, and on			
16		repotential it indicated an open flow of an absolute open			
17		flow of 23,012 mcf a day or approximately 23 million cubic			
18		feet a day.			
19	Ω	And that is the commission's four-point back-pressure test?			
	A	A That's correct			

That's correct. 20 Have there been quite a little production between those 21 two tests? 22 First sales, the well was approximately May of 1970 -- let 23 me check that to be sure. First sales -- well, it was 24 April 8, 1970, and then at that period of time, which was

July of '70, I would estimate there was 180 million cubic feet of gas that is produced from it. 3 That would have some defect on the well, particularly in Q view of your pressure decline picture in that well, could it not in a month's production? 6 | A What could have some? I'm sorry. I don't --Well, the volume of production as against your initial 7 Q potential and this later test and, of course, they are not the same test, as I understand it, but at the same 10 time that volume of production would affect your potential, 11 would it not? 12 I might say in this particular case the two tests were run under completely different conditions as far as method 13 of testing and this accounts largely for it, and actually, 14 180 million is not a great deal of gas, as we all know. 15 Well, I think Mr. Traywick explored this question of 16 porosity and net pay thoroughly. There is one question I 17

would like to ask you, though.

Do you have any figures on permeability in this area and in your Collat lease? We have an indication of the permeability from build-up data. Now, as far as from Collat data, the well was odd core, but as we are all aware, that built-up data does provide a means for determining capacity, capacity being the millidorsy permeability, what is commonly referred

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to as a millidorsy feet.
        Well, do you have any figure on that?
        The capacity as determined from build-up data, and I
3
        admitted that this is the build-up data of -- that was run
5
        in May of 1970 with 46 hour build-up, and the capacity is
        indicated to be around thirty million dorsy feet.
7
        Thirty million dorsy feet?
8
  Α
        Right.
        And to a layman, would you tell me whether that is good,
9
  0
        bad or mediocre, or how would you characterize it?
10
11
  A
        I would say that it is not poor, and it is not as high
        as you would like to have, but it is certainly not had.
12
        It is reasonably good permeability, then?
13
  Q
        I would have to say yes.
  Α
        Now, the pressure in the Antweil and Joel well, you are
15
  0
        familiar with that well, are you not? The pressure there
16
17
        was quite low, was it not?
18
        The Antweil-Joel?
19
        Yes, sir. And north of Section 6.
  Q
20
        Well quite low.
        Yes, sir. As compared to your Collat well.
21
   Q
22
        In the --
             MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, I believe that information
23
24 is indicated on Pennzoil's Exhibit No. 3. I don't know whether
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25 Mr. Clay has any additional information or not.

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You are asking about pressures?
             MR. UTZ:
             MR. KELLAHIN: Yes. I am asking him if he is
  familiar with pressures in the Antweil-Joel well.
             MR. UTZ: Well, that Exhibit No. 3 is structure,
  isn't it?
             MR. PATMAN: Pennzoil, Mr. Examinér.
             MR. KELLAHIN: Pennzoil No. 3.
             MR. UTZ: Oh, excuse me.
        (Mr. Kellahin continuing) Well, let me rephrase the
        question without your searching any further. I believe
10
        if you will agree that Pennzoil's Exhibit No. 3 reflects
11
        the Antweil-Joel Well No. 1 so the pressure of 5229 as
12
        compared with the initial pressure in the Collat well of
13
        5610, could you account for the difference in those two
14
        pressures?
15
        Well, the pressure that was measured in the Collat well
16
        was after a fifty-six day shut-in. It was measured by
17
        Amarada, bottom that was run in the well after this period
18
        of time, and my information from the Antweil-Joel well
19
        indicates that the 5229 pressure was measured from drill-
20
        stem tests.
21
             Now, oftentimes we do get a -- some discrepancy
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        between bottom readings and drill-stem tests in view of
23
        the -- a little bit different --
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As much as four hundred pounds?

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1	Λ	I would like to think there is less than that.
2	Ö	You would then on that basis conclude that the pressures
3		actually were lower in the dual well?
4	A	From the information I have, and it indicates that it could
5		be a little bit lower.
6	Q	Could that have been the indication to buy the production
7		from the Superior-Collat well?
8	Α	There is a possibility, yes.
9	0	And if that is possible, then the Pennzoil acreage has
lO		been drained by the Collat well; is that correct, surface
1		drainage, at least.
12	A	Well, that no, I can't I can't say that the Pennzoil
3		acreage has been drained, because there are other
! 4	Q	But you do think that possibly the Antweil acreage in the
15		Joel well No. 1 has been drained?
16	A	Well, all I can say is that there are definitely there
17		is one pressure that is 5610 and pressure taken by a
18		drill-stem test at a later period indicated 5229 in this
19		Joel well, and as mentioned, there are the accuracy of

this drill-stem test.

I would like to see a lesser difference in the two pressures, and it is suggested that maybe there is a little bit lower pressure than the Antweil well.

this bottom reading, in my opinion, is more accurate than

However, there are other pressures in there that

indicate that it is twice the original pressure, so it is pretty hard to account for that Joel pressure. Mr. Clay, I have one further question with regard to your exhibits showing that the Morrow location would be a very favorable location, and I understand that is what it shows, how can you arrive at that when the Antweil well is probably the lowest Morrow producer in the field? 8 Which --MR. PATMAN: Morrow No. 3? MR. KELLAHIN: No. 3, I believe it is. 10 Would you restate the question please? 11 On your Exhibit No. 3 you show a standard location in the 12 Morrow would be a very favorable location for Morrow 13 production on the Pennzoil acreage, and yet, the Antweil 14 well, which offsets it to the east is probably the lowest 15 producer in the Morrow field. No, Morrow pool, isn't that 16 correct? 17 No. I wouldn't agree with that. 18 You wouldn't? 19 No. 20 Well, do you know what the production from the Antweil-21 Missouri-New Mexico Land Company well is? 22 Yes, sir. 23 It is pretty low as compared to the other Morrow producers, 24 is it not?

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1	A	Yes, sir, but it is not the lowest well in that field.			
2	Õ	Well, it is quite low as compared to the others, then,			
3		isn't that right?			
4	A ~	Well, it is well, what I am talking about particular			
5		wells, it is higher than the Pennzoil-Gulf-Federal which			
6.		is a minus 8386.			
7		It is slightly low to Pennzoil's Echls well, which is			
8		a minus 8241. Excuse me. That well that is about			
9		ninety feet low.			
10	Ω	I think you are talking about structure. I am talking			
11		about production.			
12	Α	I guess you had better restate the question. I			
13	Q	All right. On your Exhibit No. 4, for example, it would			
14		show the Missouri-New Mexico Land Company Antweil well			
15		produced for it only produced four months. It has			
16		produced well, let's just say for the month of June it			
17	: 	produced 8,066 mcf as compared to Pennzoil's United Echols			
18		communitized well, 65,939.			
19	A	You are talking about low production?			
20	Q	Yes. I am talking about low production.			
21	A	And not low structure?			
22	δ	I'm not talking about low production.			
23	A	I'm sorry. My mistake.			
24	Ω	That is certainly an indication of whether a well is good			
25		or not, isn't it?			

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pointed out, and then the Antweil well Missouri-New Mexico

Land well that there appears to be seventeen feet of pay

in that well as compared to the Pennzoil Echols well which

has twenty-three feet, and there is also a strong

possibility that the Antweil-New Mexico Land well has

some reservoir damage accounting for that low production.

What type of reservoir damage?

As the well was being drilled.

In the completion?

A Right. In the drilling flood.

MR. KELLAHIN: That's all. Thank you, Mr. Clay.

In my opinion it is. However, I think it should be

MR. UTZ: Are there other questions?

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, could I just confer with Mr. Clay very briefly while we see whether we are through?

MR. UTZ: Yes.

MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, excuse me, sir. I believe I actually neglected to ask that all our exhibits be received in evidence. May I do that at this point?

MR. UTZ: Well, I don't recall. I think you did enter some of them, but at any rate --

MR. PATMAN: May I at this time enter all those that haven't been heretofore entered?

MR. UTZ: All of your exhibits -- what are the

numbers?

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MR. PATMAN: 1 through 5, Mr. Examiner, three maps
   and two small pressure graphs.
             MR. UTZ: Okay. Superior's Exhibits 1 through 5
  will be entered into the record.
             MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir.
             (Whereupon, a brief recess was held.)
             MR. UTZ: We will recall Mr. Brown.
                        CHARLES A. BROWN
  having been previously sworn, according to law, upon his oath
  testified as follows:
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                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
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  BY MR. UTZ:
       Mr. Brown, I don't recall that much stress was put on how
13
       productive the Straun was in the Antweil-Missouri well.
15 A
       The Straun does not produce in that well.
       Well, now, in your opinion, does your Exhibit No. 5
17
        indicate this well is capable of producing in a Straun?
18 A
       Well, we have an independent report by a consulting firm
19
        that prepared the report for us on the basis of which we
        feel that that well is capable of producing from the
20
21
       Straun.
       Therefore, I presume it will be your testimony in answer
22 Q
        to that question that the southwest quarter of Section 6
23
        is productive in the Straun?
       Yes, sir.
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1	Ö.	Now, I believe it was Mr. Miller that offered the pressure
2		exhibit, is that correct?
3	Α	I offered them, yes.
4	Ď	Did you? Okay. Now, we have had some discussion here
5		of the pressure of the Collat well in regard to the
6		pressure of the Jewel well of some 400 pounds difference
7		in pressure.
8		Do you know when the Jewel well was completed with
9		relation to when the Collat well was completed?
10	A	The Jewel well was completed shortly after that drill-
11		stem test was taken on 1/11/71. I don't have the exact
12	:	date, but it was taken within a matter of a very short
13	e va	time.
14	Ō	Well, I don't seem to be able to put my eye on the date
15		here of that test.
16	Ά	It is the fourth it is on Exhibit No. 3, the pressures
17		that I am on your Exhibit No. 3.
18	Ω	Oh. 1/11/71. It is on it. I just can't read.
19	A .	Yes, sir.
20	Ω	And the Collat pressure was 297? Almost a year's
21	٠.	difference in pressure; is that correct?
32	A	Well, no, not the last pressures. The last pressures
23		recorded on the Collat was on 8/9/71.
24	Ω	Well, I am trying to establish how much pressure drop there
	1 .	.

was between the date of completion on the initial pressure.

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1	Α	Oh, yes, sir. That's correct. Their first pressure was	
, 2	i	on 2/9/70, as I understand.	
3	Ŏ	Okay. Now, how much production, do you know?	
4	Α	On our Exhibit No. 4 through June, now, they had produced	
5		924,000 mcf of gas, and 22,071 barrels of condensate.	
6	Ö	On the second page of your Exhibit No. 4 the first column	
7		shows cumulative production.	
8	A	May I show you what I am referring to here?	
9	Q	Here we are. This is in this column.	
10	A	That is an mcf, although we failed to put the mcf on ther	
- 11	24	That is a cumulative.	
12	Q	Well, 924, then?	
13	A	Yes, sir. Through August 1.	
14		MR. PATMAN: Mr. Examiner, I understand that the	
15	question was how much cumulative production had there been		
16	betw	een the	
17		MR. UTZ: That is exactly what the question was.	
18		MR. PATMAN: the two pressures.	
19		MR. UTZ: Right.	
20		MR. PATMAN: Oh, I'm sorry.	
21	A	I do not have that information, but I can say this, the	
22		Antweil-Joel has not been produced and is still shut-in,	
23		so I feel that it would be reasonable to assume that the	
24		pressure is still approximately the same.	
25	0	Well, now, how much production is the Collat well at	

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between these two periods? Is one of the -approximately one year's period? Do you have that figure? I don't have their production for the last couple of months, but based on their numbers of about two million a day, that would be about sixty million.

MR. KELLY: Mr. Examiner, we may be able to furnish this information if I can make sure I know what you want. it the production figures on the Collat well from 2/9/70 to 1/11/71?

MR. UTZ: Yes. The production between these two initial pressure dates we have got here. In other words, I am trying to establish whether or not this four hundred pounds of drawdown could have been from production from a Collat lease.

MR. KELLY: Can you give us --

MR. CLAY: I can give some rough figures. The Collat well went on in April of 1970, and up to that January date when the pressure was measured in the Antweil-Joel in January of '71, the Collat well had produced approximately 480 million cubic feet of gas and 10,000 barrels of condensate.

It was after an eight month producing period, and that compares with cumulative to August of this year, of 989 million, so it would be noted that it is approximately half of what the cumulative production is up to August of this year.

MR. UTZ: Okay.

MR. BROWN: I'm sorry, Mr. Examiner.

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following your question, your line of reasoning.

MR. UTZ: Has there been any recent tests taken on
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the Jewel well?

MR. KELLAHIN: I have no knowledge of any recent tests. I believe perhaps they have recorded a surface pressure, and perhaps admitted to the commission, but I don't have that data.

MR. UTZ: Well, check your files for it.

(Mr. Utz continuing) Now, we have done a little talking here from time to time about the possibility of penalty, and nobody has made any recommendations as far as penalty is concerned, either from Superior or from Pennzoil.

Obviously, this well has moved 990 feet off pattern to structural advantage. I will ask you, Mr. Brown, what is your attitude as far as penalty is concerned on this well because of the 990 feet off location for structural advantage?

I feel that in view of the production which has already taken place from the Collat well that our well should not be penalized.

Had we started these wells essentially at the same time, had they gone on the line at the same time, I would have honestly said that I thought -- I would think we should be penalized.

Well, now, that wasn't Superior's fault, of course, that

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you didn't drill your wells --
        That's correct.
            MR. UTZ: Mr. Clay?
            MP. CLAY:
                       Yes, sir.
            MR. UTZ:
                       You heard my first question, the question
6 I asked Mr. Brown?
7
            MR. CLAY: May I respond to that, Mr. Examiner?
  Superior doesn't have any specific recommendation with respect
  to penalty. We just -- we hope that we have shown that the
  application should be denied.
            MR. PATMAN: All I would say is that I believe I did
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  put in the record this morning the position that has been taken
  by Pennzoil previously and I would hope that with respect to
  the arithmetical calculation which would yield a fifty percent
  penalty in the present case, I believe Mr. Brown testified in
  response to my cross-examination about that -- we hope the
  commission would take account of that if they find it necessary
   to reach that question, but we don't believe it is necessary to
   reach that question.
            MR. UTZ: In other words, you don't have a
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  recommendation as far as penalty is concerned?
            MR. PATMAN: No, sir, I do not.
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            MR. UTZ: You just want the location turned down,
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  moved over 990 feet? Is that your position, sir?
             MR. PATMAN:
                          That is.
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MR. UTZ: Are there other questions of the witness?

Statements?

MR. HATCH: We have some statements.
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MR. PATMAN: Mr. Hatch, did you want me to make -- MR. HATCH: No. I have just started to give this,

but I will wait until after --

MR. UTZ: Why don't you go ahead with your statements, and he will read those into the record last.

MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir. If the examiner please, we have already been at this quite a while, and I certainly don't want to take up any unnecessary time, but I feel like that this is a rather complex situation, probably much more so than in the instance than most unorthodox locations, and I think that the extent and the quality of the exhibits that have been placed in the record by both the parties is proof of what I have just said.

Now, the posture in which Pennzoil has approached the commission is to get an irregular location in the Straun zone so that as they say they can dually complete at that irregular location in the Straun and in the Morrow.

They admit that at that location at which they ask for a completion in the Straun they can make a regular completion in the Morrow, a regular completion in the Atoka, and a regular completion in the Canyon.

And actually, Mr. Examiner, their posture is to ask

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for this irregular location, not on the basis of an advantage to them in the terms of the Straun zone, but solely in terms of an advantage to them with respect to these other zones, with which they would expect to dually or multiply complete.

Their evidence, and indeed Superior's evidence, and I think both are in agreement that the structural position and isopach is quality of a regular location which I asked and have placed on all the exhibits of Pennzoil as compared with this irregular location would be the same.

That is to say they would get almost approximately the same results, and their tests so indicated by drilling in the Straun at a regular location, to wit 990 feet to the west of where they presently -- to the east, from the location which they request.

Further, the evidence of both Superior and Pennzoil indicates that at a regular location to which I have made reference 990 feet further to the east they could complete good quality wells in all these three other zones, the Canyon, the Atoka and the Morrow.

Now, Mr. Brown testified that with respect to his
Exhibit No. 2, and the record will so indicate, that if the
Morrow and Atoka zones were combined at this requested location
rather than the Morrow and Straun which a combination of the
Morrow and Atoka can be made without asking the commission for
this special off-standard location, that that would yield their

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company approximately the same economic results as they would expect from a dual in the Straun and in the Morrow.

Mr. Brown further testified that a dual of the Morrow and the Straun at what I have been referring to as a regular location, that is to say, 990 feet further east, would yield approximately the same economic results to their company as a dual completion at this requested location, and the record will so indicate that he testified in that manner.

Mr. Clay testified and showed us there that the "A" well, a single completion drilled by Pennzoil at the -- what I have been referring to as the regular location, would pay out a substantial and acceptable profit to the operator.

In other words, they could go ahead and drill multiple completions at the locations which they are asking in the Atoka, Morrow and Canyon without asking the commission for any special action.

They can turn around and drill a well at this regular location into the Straun and pay out that well, and Mr. Clay's testimony has so indicated.

Now, referring to this issue of pressures, I believe 21 in response to my examination Mr. Brown said that he had no 22 reason to believe or no information to indicate that the 23 drawdown in a well completed by Pennzoil at their requested 24 location would be any different from the drawdown in the Collat 25 well, and Mr. Clay testified that if the pressures in these two

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wells -- that is to say, the Collat on the one hand and tha that the Pennzoil on the other hand, were approximately equal, point of interference between the two wells would lie on Superior's property, and the Pennzoil well would, in fact, drain the Superior's acreage, and Superior suffering net uncompensated drainage.

I might say with respect to this last questioning by Mr. Kellahin which he put it to Mr. Clay that there was a possibility that the Jewel well had suffered some drainage from the Superior-Collat well. Seems to me that even if that were the case this is not a justification for his coming in and asking for an unorthodox location.

If you were to push that logical principle to its extreme you would have -- find yourself in a situation where everyone who had not drilled a well immediately upon the discovery of a reservoir came in two or three years later and said, "Our properties have been drained all this time by those who went out and drilled and completed and have been selling their hydrocarbons in the meantime, and now we want the state to step in and help us recapture some of these hydrocarbons by granting us the advantage of an unorthodox location."

It seems to me that that is an untenable position, 23 Mr. Examiner. Finally with respect to the issue of penalty I 24 believe I had stated that the Superior makes no recommendation 25 to the commission with respect to penalty.

We recommend strongly and we believe the evidence has shown that this request should be denied.

Now, of course, if the commission sees fit to grant it, we assume that the commission, of its own motion, will consider the matter of penalty, but we do not wish to make any recommendation for a specific amount, and we would simply hope the commission would be guided by what has been placed in the record with respect to the matter of penalty.

Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

MR. UTZ: Mr. Patman, as far as you are concerned about vested rights in the pool prior to putting your straw in, I think that has been pretty well established, and that the commission and our attitude is when you get your straw in the pool that is when your vested rights begin, so Mr. Brown's appearing previous to the time they drill, I'm sure can't be a consideration.

MR. PATMAN: Thank you, sir.

MR. UTZ: As far as your statement as to penalty is concerned, I am a little curious here. You have made a great deal out of inferring through in cross-examination this morning, Mr. Patman, that maybe a penalty was in order, yet you are very reluctant to put it in direct testimony.

MR. PATMAN: Yes, sir, I am, Mr. Examiner, and I will be quite frank with you. Pehaps I should have included this in my statement, and I appreciate your giving me an opportunity to

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respond to that.

We seem to find that this matter of a penalty is a 3 little complex. That is to say, it appears to us from experience that we are familiar with here in this state that in the absence of there being any field rules, and I believe there are none in this reservoir, penalty is not very meaningful.

I might add that even if there exists field rules in this time in which there is such a demand for gas, and when one consideration is with respect to purchaser nominations, we find that the effect of a penalty in such circumstances would really be dubious. The pipelines are screaming for gas in one way or another. They are going to get the gas from wells that can produce it.

And I do understand that there are some legal questions, though I am not really advised about them, with respect to these penalties, and we just find that -- we feel, I should say, that under circumstances such as those which may exist in this field at the present time it is quite possible that a penalty might not be of much benefit to the Superior Oil Company in terms of our offset well.

MR. UTZ: In this presence of proration would you have the same attitude?

MR. PATMAN: Well, as I indicated, Mr. Examiner, as I understand it, the way this operates in terms of pipeline

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companies' nominations, I fear that the practical effect, even under circumstances of proration, might actually be to substantially mitigate insofar as the Pennzoil is concerned, the effect of any penalty that the commission might decide to apply in this matter, and I just would like to express that that very serious concern, and that is the reason that we have not made any recommendation.

MR. UTZ: Mr. Kelly, did you want to add a word? MR. KELLY: I always like to come in at the end, but if I am forced to make remarks before Jason Kellahin, I would just like to point out that the areas of dispute between Pennzoil and Superior -- this is a -- certain things have been established.

This is 320 acre spacing. The commission has made a 15 determination by setting up this kind of spacing and this kind of pattern that veins will occur across the lease lines if you 17 put a well too close to the lease line, and I think it is up to Pennzoil in this situation to show that drainage will not occur, and I don't feel that they have shown that.

In fact, the only information we have on pressure is that there is a pressure decline between wells that are even farther apart after production.

Certainly the presumption and the prima facie situation is that drainage will occur here.

Therefore, half of the case that Pennzoil is required

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Drainage will occur, correlative rights

will be affected adversely as far as Superior is concerned. On the other half of their case is to show their hardship, their particular difficulty in dilling at a standard 5 location, the normal situation where this comes into place is

topography or some kind of box-in on a lease pattern.

to make is not made.

This is in my experience totally unnecessary in that they are not relying on the zone that they are planning -asking for the nonstandard location.

There isn't anything about their standard location in the Straun which is adverse to them, and I think they have clearly stated that as far as the Straum, the orthodox location has the same indication and admittedly we have very little to go on, but as far as pay, as far as structure, it is basically the same between the orthodox and the unorthodox, so what we are looking at here and what they are asking for, even though it is not in the advertisement is some consideration for some other zone, and I feel that the commission should not entertain this kind of a case, should not allow nonstandard locations, because some other zone may come through in a more favorable way.

Certainly that is not the kind of testimony that the commission has allowed to support these kinds of applications in the past, and I think it would be a very dangerous precedent and possibly one that could not be supported in court to allow

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a nonstandard location on this kind of almost ethereal evidence that has nothing to do with the application as published and the rules as stated.

And I submit that clearly this is a case for denial rather than the imposition of some sort of penalty.

All of the other applications for nonstandard locations that have been granted in this general Carlsbad pool are based on topography with that airport or there was another building in the way, and there was one way out farther north that it came around this problem of getting boxed in on leases and recompleting in a zone, but certainly I have never heard of anyone coming in and asking for a consideration for one zone because another zone may be better.

MR. UTZ: Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, I want to be as brief as I possibly can, and for that purpose, I would like to -- because it will fit in with my statement to know what statements have been received and to what effect.

MR. HATCH: The commission has received a telegram from Gulf Oil. I will read that into the record. It is addressed to the commission. "As a working interest owner in the south half of Section 6, 23 South, 27 East, Gulf supports the application of Pennzoil in Case No. 4585, and in our 24 opinion a combined depth of the Straun-Morrow and Atoka Penn 25 would be in the interest and prevention of economic waste."

And then the commission has received a telegram from Atapas Petroleum Incorporated. "Support the application of 3 Pennzoil United Incorporated for unorthodox gas well location 4 1980 feet from the south line and 1990 feet from the west line 5 of Section 6, township 23 South, range 27 East, south Carlsbad 6 Straun gas pool, Eddy County, New Mexico, south half of said 7 Section 6 to be dedicated to the well."

MR. KELLAHIN: If the examiner please, there are a couple of matters -- well, there is more than a couple, but I am going to mention two matters which were stated by counsel for Superior which are incorrect.

Mr. Brown did not testify that a regular location in the Morrow and the Straun would be as good as at the unorthodox location, and, of course, we can just rely on the record for the purpose of sustaining our statement.

Mr. Brown did not testify that the Atoka would produce at the orthodox location of the Straun, and as a matter of fact, Mr. Miller pointed out in response to crossexamination that the so-called orthodox location for a Straun well, the Atoka, would be comparable to that found in the Superior-Collat well which is non-productive in the Atoka.

Mr. Kelly has said he has never heard of an application based on consideration of multi-zone pools, but I think if he reflects he will probably remember at least a few.

I can name four or five off-hand myself, but I won't

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1 do it right now. I would have dug them out had I known the
2 question would have come out.

The question of drainage to the Collat acreage is a factor, of course, to be considered in connection with this case, and we will not deny it.

The evidence that has been offered so far, however, in this case would indicate that the Collat acreage, which has produced a great deal with the pressure decline, that has just about produced their own reserves anyway there on the downside, and any drainage would be toward their well because of the differential in pressure, so the well location at least for a long period of time would be no advantage to Pennzoil, because of the higher pressures in that area.

And as Mr. Brown testified, gas just doesn't move toward higher pressure zones. That's all there is to it, and that is one reason we brought up this pressure information, and if anything, the gas would be moving toward the Joel well, too, which would indicate that the Pennzoil is in a position it must protect itself against this type of drainage and get the pressures down by a production as they can.

If they are later than that, of course, it is no fault of the Superior, the commission or anybody else except Pennzoil, and maybe not theirs. I don't know when they get their form out, but the situation being now they have to protect themselves, and that is what they are trying to do, and we

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submit there will be no drainage from the Collat acreage simply because of the difference in pressures.

I think it is rather significant, too, that Mr. Brown testified Pennzoil owns a twenty-six percent working interest in the Superior well. The statements which have been read by Mr. Hatch from Gulf and Atapas in support of Pennzoil's position are also statements from owners under the Superior-Collat wells.

The other owners under the Superior-Collat well are Gulf-Mobil and Atapas and Pennzoil, and those four own fifty percent of that well, and Mobil has a representative here whom I trust will also make a statement in support of Pennzoil, so Superior is the operator of the well, and as such, must perform what it considers to be its duties in protecting its owner, but the owner on this, then Superior, just simply doesn't feel that way, and we submit that there is no basis here for either a penalty or a denial of the application.

Basically we must admit that which there will be some structural advantage in both the Morrow and the Straun from the proposed location, the real crux of it is the possibility of completing in the Atoka, and the evidence indicates that at the so-called Straun location, orthodox location, it would not be a good location for that purpose.

MR. UTZ: Does Mobil have a statement?

MR. BOND: Yes, sir. My name is A. D. Bond. I am

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with Mobil Oil Corporation. Mobil Oil Corporation, as a lease owner and working interest owner in the proposed 320 acre gas proration unit, comprising the south half of Section 6, township 23 South, 37 East, south Carlsbad Straun gas pool, Eddy County, New Mexico supports Pennzoil's application for an unorthodox 6 location, located 990 feet from the west line and 1980 feet from the south line of said Section 6, and respectfully requests that it be approved.

MR. UTZ: Are there other statements? taken under advisement.

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO )
  COUNTY OF BERNALILLO )
        I, LINDA MALONE, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that
   the foregoing and attached Transcript of Hearing before the
  New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me;
   that the same is a true and correct record of the said
  proceedings, to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
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New Musico Oil Conservation Commission

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

> CASE NO. 4585 Order No. R-4205

APPLICATION OF PENNZOIL UNITED, INC. FOR AN UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCATION, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on September 1, 1971, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Daniel S. Nutter.

NOW, on this 13th day of October, 1971, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Pennxoil United, Inc., seeks an exception to Rule 104 C II of the Commission Rules and Regulations to drill a gas well in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool at an unorthodox gas well location 1980 feet from the South line and 990 feet from the West line of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 East, NMPM, Eddy County, New Mexico; that the S/2 of said Section 6 would be dedicated to said well.
- (3) That a standard location for the subject pool would require the well to be no closer than 660 feet to the nearest side boundary of the dedicated tract nor closer than 1980 feet to the nearest end boundary nor closer than 330 feet to any quarter-quarter section or subdivision inner boundary.

-2-CASE NO. 4585 Order No. R-4205

- (4) That the evidence indicates that the entire S/2 of said Section 6 is productive of gas from the Strawn formation.
- (5) That the entire S/2 of said Section 6 can be efficiently and economically drained and developed by the subject well.
- (6) That there is evidence that a well at the proposed unorthodox location would penetrate a thicker pay section and encounter it structurally higher than a well at an orthodox location.
- (7) That the evidence indicates that a well at the proposed unorthodox location should recover more gas than a well at an orthodox location.
- (8) That due to the unorthodox location of the above-described well, the correlative rights of some offset operators will be impaired if unrestricted production by the subject well is permitted.
- (9) That to offset the advantage to be gained over offset operators, the subject well to be drilled in the S/2 of Section 6 should be assigned a ratable-take factor of 82 percent in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool.
- (10) That approval of the subject application will afford the applicant the opportunity to produce his just and equitable share of the gas in the subject South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, will prevent the augmentation of risk arising from the drilling of an excessive number of wells, and will otherwise prevent waste and protect correlative rights, provided the above-described ratable-take factor is assigned to the subject well.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That the applicant, Pennzoil United, Inc., is hereby granted an exception to the well location requirements of Rule 104 C II of the Commission Rules and Regulations and is hereby authorized to drill a gas well in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool at an unorthodox gas well location 1980 feet from the South line and 990 feet from the West line of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 Bast, NMPM, Eddy County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to a standard unit comprising the S/2 of said Section 6.

-3-CASE NO. 4585 Order No. R-4205

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that said well is assigned a ratable-take factor of 82% in the subject pool.

PROVIDED FURTHER, that in the event said pool be prorated, the subject well shall be assigned an acreage factor for proration purposes of 0.82.

That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Commission may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

> STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

BRUCE KING, Chairman

ALEX J. ARMIJO, Member

M. K. Cotter,
A. L. PORTER, Jr., Member & Secretary

SEAL

dr/

DOCKET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - SEPTEMBER 1, 1971

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONFERENCE ROOM, STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING - SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The following cases will be heard before Daniel S. Nutter, Examiner, or Elvis A. Utz, Alternate Examiner:

- CASE 4558: (Continued from the July 28, 1971, Examiner Hearing)
 Application of Midwest Oil Corporation for a unit agreement,
 Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled
 cause, seeks approval of the Little Inbe (Bough "C") Unit
 Area comprising 2,240 acres, more or less, of state lands
 in Sections 10, 11, 14 and 15 of Township 10 South, Range
 33 East, Inbe Permo-Pennsylvanian Pool, Lea County, New
 Mexico.
- CASE 4559: (Continued from the July 28, 1971, Examiner Hearing)

 Application of Midwest Oil Corporation for a waterflood project, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to institute a water-flood project in its Little Inbe (Bough "C") Unit Area, Inbe Permo-Pennsylvanian Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, by the injection of water through three wells located in Sections 11 and 14 of Township 10 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico.
- CASE 4586: Application of Mobil Oil Corporation for an unorthodox oil well location, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to drill an oil well as an infill well in its Humphrey Queen Unit Area at an unorthodox location 1325 feet from the South line and 2450 feet from the East line of Section 3, Township 25 South, Range 37 East, Langlie-Mattix Pool, Lea County, New Mexico.
- CASE 4574: (Continued from the July 28, 1971 Examiner Hearing)

 In the matter of the hearing called by the Oil Conservation Commission on its own motion to permit Tenneco Oil Company to appear and show cause why it should not take immediate action to repair the production casing in its Bolack "B" Well No. 5 located in Unit J of Section 31, Township 27 North, Range 8 West, Basin-Dakota Pool, San Juan County, New Mexico.
- CASE 4584: Application of Tenneco Oil Company for gas injection, McKinley County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to inject casinghead gas

produced by certain wells located in the Lone Pine-dakota "D" Pool, McKinley County, New Mexico, into the Dakota "A" zone through perforations from 2547 feet to 2562 feet in its Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Well No. 2 located in the NW/4 SW/4 of Section 13, Township 17 North, Range 9 West, South Hospah Field. The gas is to be injected for storage purposes awaiting the institution of a pressure maintenance project in the Lone Pine-Dakota "D" Pool.

- CASE 4539:
- (Continued from the August 18, 1971 Examiner Hearing)
 In the matter of the hearing called by the Oil Conservation Commission on its own motion to permit Doanbuy
 Lease & Company, Inc., and all other interested persons
 to appear and show cause why its following described
 wells in Section 27, Township 14 South, Range 33 East,
 Saunders Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, should not be
 plugged and abandoned in accordance with a Commissionapproved plugging program.
- CASE 4587:
- Application of Wolfson Oil Company for a non-standard gas proration unit, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks approval of a 160-acre non-standard gas proration unit comprising the W/2 NE/4 and E/2 NW/4 of Section 12, Township 15 South, Range 29 East, Double L-Queen Associated Pool, Chaves County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to its Amerada "C" Federal Well No. 1 located 330 feet from the North line and 1650 feet from the East line of said Section 12.
- CASE 4585:
- Application of Pennzoil United, Inc. for an unorthodox gas well location, Eddy County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an exception to Rule 104 of the Commission Rules and Regulations to permit the drilling of a well at an unorthodox gas well location 1980 feet from the South line and 990 feet from the West line of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 East, South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, Eddy County, New Mexico, the S/2 of said Section 6 to be dedicated to the well.

Examiner Hearing September 1, 1971

Docket No. 19-71

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CASE 4585:

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Docket No. 19-71

DOCKET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - SEPTEMBER 1, 1971

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONFERENCE ROOM, STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING - SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

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Cese 4585 Heard 9-1-7/ Rez. 10-6-71 Grant Penzoil a NSL in The So. Carloba d Strawn - Las Pool. to be localed. 1980/5, 990/w- 6-23-27. The So. 's to be dedecation to the Strawn Completion. The locatetin is 200 pt too Se west part Si zerion The consense that can be drained from a Stal location as tompared to the wovier the superior core oge is 18% I therefore i comment that the phorateon factor be .82 (822) to compensate for crowding Bakelion The can Thomas Sull the Ild by bothon yo penally



OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO P. O. BOX 2088 - SANTA FE 87501

October 14, 1971

GOVERNOR BRUCE KING CHAIRMAN

LAND COMMISSIONER
ALEX J. ARMIJO
MEMBER

STATE GEOLOGIST
A. L. PORTER, JR.
SECRETARY - DIRECTOR

Mr.	Jason	Kell	lahin
Kell	lahin .	& Fox	E
Atto	orneys	at 1	W
Post	offi	ce Bo	x 1769
Sant	ta Fe,	New	Mexico

Re:	Case No.	4585
	Order No.	R-4205
	Applicant:	
	Donnadi	

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith are two copies of the above-referenced Commission order recently entered in the subject case.

Very truly yours,

(A. L. PORTER, Jr.

Secretary-Director 200

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Copy of order also se	ent to:	
Hobbs OCC X Artesia OCC X		
Aztec OCC		
Other Mr. Booker	Kelly, Mr. Don Stevens	

western uition

Telegram

KA086 NSB341

1971: AUG 30

NS MDA073 DJ NL PD=MIDLAND TEX 30= A L PORTER JR SECRETARY DIRECTOR=

IN CONSTRUCTION O NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

SANTA FE NMEX

REF. CASE #4585 . ATAPAZ PETROLEUM INC SUPPORTS THE APPLICATION OF PENNZOIL UNITED INC FOR UNOTHORDOX GAS WELL LOCATION 1980 FEET FROM SOUTH LINE AND 990 FEET FROM WEST LINE OF SECTION 6 TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH RANGE 27 EAST, SOUTH CARLSBAD STRAWN GAS POOL EDDY COUNTY NEW MEXICO, THE SOUTH HALF OF SAID SECTION 6 TO BE DEDICATED TO THE WELL

ATAPAZ PETROLEUM INC F C EDWARDS VICE PRESIDENT==

western union

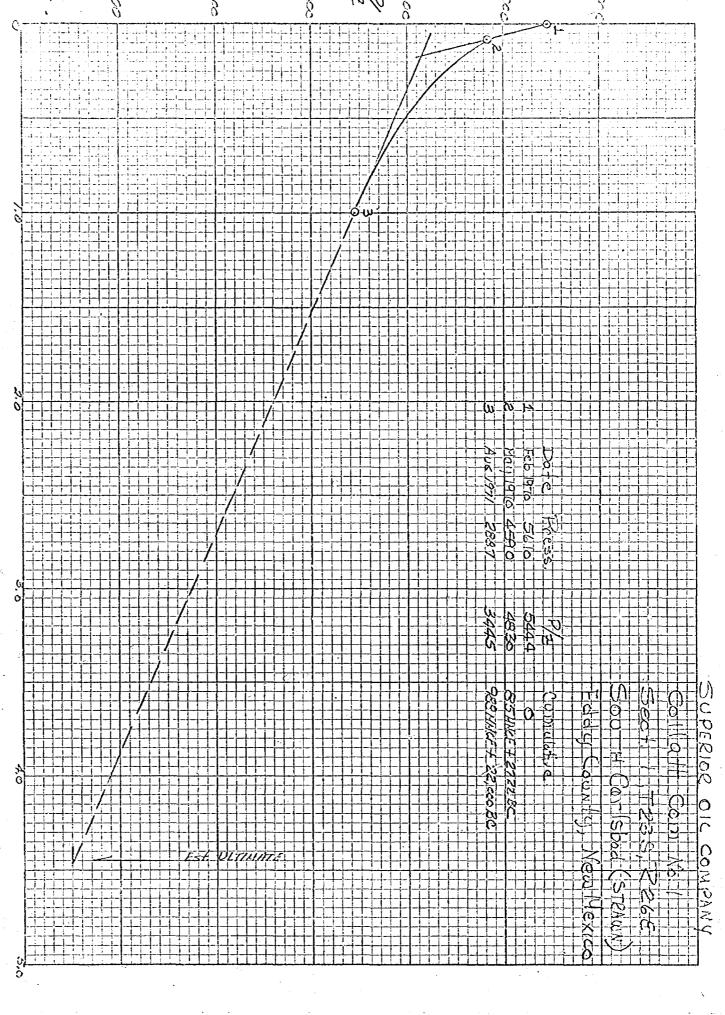
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AS A WORKING INTEREST OWNER IN THE ROUTH HALF OF SECTION \$1X, 23S, 27E, GULF SUPPORTS THE APPLICATION OF PENNZOIL OIL IN CASE NO. 4585. IN OUR OPINION A COMBINED TEST OF THE STRAWN, MORROW AND ATOKA PENN WOULD BE IN THE INTEREST OF THE PREVENTION OF ECONOMIC WASTE=

H E BRAUNIG JR GULF OIL CO-US A DIVISION OF GULF OIL CORP .==

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	PAYOUT TIME	- AFIT	1.63	YEARS	!
مدا ه	PROFIT RATIO	- AFIT \$	1.29	PROFIT PER EACH	DOLLAR: INVESTED
٠.	RATE OF RETURN	- AFIT	12.88	AVERAGE RATE OF	RETURN PER YEAR
	DCF RETURN	- AFIT	49.90	DISCOUNTED CASH	FLOW RATE OF RETURN

BEFORE EXAMINER UTZ

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Particul EXHIBIT NO. 2

CASE NO. 4585

1

PENNZOIL UNITED, INC. CASE NO. 4585
APPLICATION FOR UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCATION
SOUTH CARLSBAD - STRAWN GAS POOL
EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

PRESSURE DATA ON STRAWN WELLS IN AREA

Date	Pennzoil - Mobil "12" Federal No. 1	Superior - Collatt Estate Com. No. 1	Antweil - Joell No. 1
8-17-68	5676 DST-		
2- 9-70		-5610 -56 da.	
5-14-70	€.	4295 - 4 6 Jus.	
1-11-71			5229 DST Quilly
8- 9-71		2887 - 72 lusi	399

60,000

DEFORE EXAMINER UTZ
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
PLANSALE EXHIBIT NO. 3
CASE NO. 4585

Pennzoil United Inc. Case #4585 - Application for unorthodox location Sec. 6, S. Carlsbad Field, Eddy County, New Mexico
OIL & GAS PRODUCTION 1971

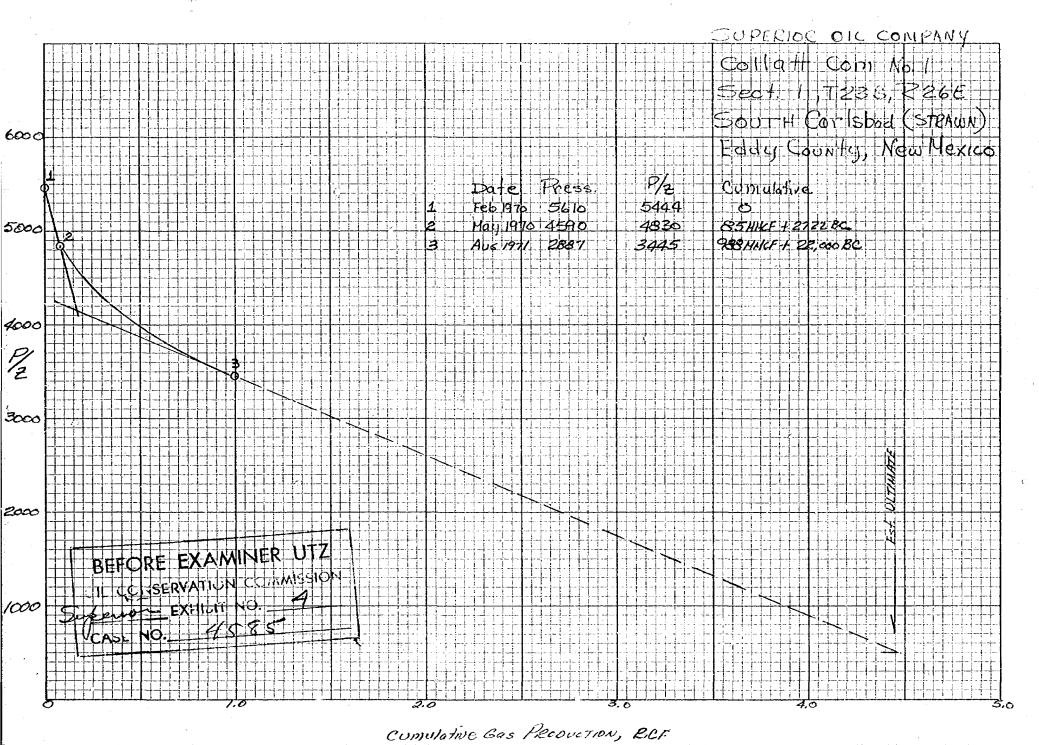
		-					Unit Battery
127		127					Commingled w/Antelope Ridge
# - - - - - -				•			Little Jewel Com.
			<			÷.	Morris R. Antweil
8, 161	1,352	1,520	1,461	1,582	1,058	1, 188	Collatt Estate Comm.
364,507	62,174	65,812	63, 603	65, 156	47,739	60,023	The Superior Oil Co.
5				STRAWN SOUTH	CARLSBAD STR		
412,590.	66, 222	71,087	68, 587	72,043	64,742	69, 909	Mobil 12 Federal
261, 799	31, 533	35,963	38, 292	43, 596	48, 388	64,027	Gulf Federal Com.
121, 664	65,9391/	55, 725					Pennzoil United Inc. Echols Com.
12 514	2,866	3, 682	4,139	1,827			Missouri New Mexico Land Co. Comm. Morris R. Antweil
				MORROW SOUTH	CARLSBAD MOR		
455, 431	72,428	70,458	79, 135	69, 120	75,834	88, 456	Mobil 12 Federal Pennzoil United Inc.
				ATOKA SOUTH	CARLSBAD ATO		
TOTAL	JUNE	<u>MAY</u>	APRIL	MARCH	FEBRUARY	JANUARY	OPERATOR & WELL NAME
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BEFORE EXAMINER UTZ
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
EXHIBIT NO. 4
CASE NO. 4585

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Pennzoil United Inc. Case #4585	4585 - Application for unorthodox location	orthodox location sec.	6, S. Carlsbad Field,	Eddy County, New Mexico
& WELL NAME	ומיו	JUNE PROD.	DAILY RATE	CAOF
	CARLSBAD AT	CARLSBAD ATOKA SOUTH	1	
	1,482,407	1	2414.	2.6MMCF
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	MP.111年经时经销售时间的自己采取行业。企业11年60年间的基础的经过工程的		***************************************	
	CARLSBAD	MORROW SOUTH		
Missouri New Mex. Land Co. Comm.	40 A1n	o o n n	17	2 . 4MMCF
Pennzoil United Inc.				
Echols Com.	121,664	65,939	2203.	3.86MM
Gulf Federal Com.	710,713	31, 533	1124.	12.7MM
Mobil 12 Federal	1,393,636	66, 222	2244.	3.3MMCF
	#	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
	CARLSBAL	CARLSBAD STRAWN SOUTH		
The Superior Oil Co. Collatt Estate Comm.	924,070 924	62,174	2147.	
Morris R. Antweil Little Jewel Comm. Commingled w/Antelope				
Stude Ante nacrety				

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Collatt Com No. 500 His Coristad Catterian, FIELD Eddy County, Naphexico BHF Build-UP - \$114/70 Com = \$5,000 mcf + 2722 RC Slope = 250 psi loyale BEFORE EXAMINER UTZ
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSI

> ASS SYCIBINIC DEST SCAS GR CHARTISACCETMSE SSS SYCIBINIC DE X SSECTO E

KELLAHIN AND FOX ATTORNEYS AT LAW 54'2 EAST SAN FRANCISCO STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1769 SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO 87501 July 30, 1971

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TELEPHONE 982-4315 AREA CODE 505

Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Case 45 85

Gentlemen:

JASON W. KELLAHIN ROBERT E.FOX

> Enclosed is the application of Pennzoil United, Inc., for approval of an unorthodox well location in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, Eddy County, New Mexico.

> It is requested that this case be set for hearing at the next examiner hearing.

> > Yours very truly,

ason w. Kellahi Jason W. Kellahin

jwk;jk

DOCKET MAILED

Dale 8-19-71

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF PENNZOIL UNITED, INC., FOR APPROVAL OF AN UNORTHODOX WELL LOCATION, SOUTH CARLSBAD-STRAWN GAS POOL, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Care 45 85

APPLICATION

Comes now Pennzoil United, Inc., and applies to the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for approval of an unorthodox well location, South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, Eddy County, New Mexico, and in support thereof would show the Commission:

- 1. Applicant is the owner of the right to drill in Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 East, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico.
- 2. Applicant proposes to drill a well as a dual completion, in the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool, and the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool, Eddy County, the well to be located 990 feet from the West line and 1980 feet from the South line of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 East.
- 3. Because of lease ownership, applicant proposes to dedicate the W/2 of Section 6 to the well for production from the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool; and to dedicate the S/2 of Section 6 to the well for production from the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool.
- 4. The proposed location is a standard well location for the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool, but an unorthodox well location for the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas pool.
- 5. Approval of the well location is in the interests of conservation and the prevention of waste.

WHEREFORE Applicant prays that this matter be set for hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission or the Commission's duly appointed examiner, and that after notice and hearing as provided by law, the Commission enter its order approval the well location as prayed for.

> Respectfully submitted, PENNZOIL UNITED, INC.

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son w. Killahi

KELLAHIN & FOX
P. O. Box 1769
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

ATTORNEYS FOR APPLICANT

GMH/dr

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

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CASE No. 4585

Order No. R- 4205

APPLICATION OF PENNZOIL UNITED, INC. FOR AN UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCATION, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXIÇO.

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on September 1, 1971 at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Daniel S. Nutter

NOW, on this day of September , 19 71, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

dedicated to said well.

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Pennzoil United, Inc., seeks authority to drill a gas well to the formation in an undesignated the South Carlsbad-Strawn Gas Pool at an unorthodox gas well location 1980 feet from the South line and 990 feet from the West line of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 27 East, NMPM, Eddy

County, New Mexico; that the S/2 of said Section 6 would be

(3) That a standard location for the subject pool would require the well to be no close the 660 leet to the nevert side boundary of the dedicated troot nor close than 1980 feet to the nevert level boundary nor close than 330 feet to any quantu-fundary nor close than 330 feet to any quantu-guarder section or subdivision inner boundary.