CASE 4947: Application of TOM BROWN, Inc. FOR COMPULSORY POOL-ING & A KON-STANDARD UNIT.

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MP. STAMMIS: Call next case 4947. 1 MR. CARR: Case 4947, application of Tom Brown, Inc., for compulsory pooling, and a non-standard unit, Eddy 3 County, New Mexico. MR. STAMMTS: At this time, I would ask that the 5 attorneys present as soon as this applicant finishes 6 stamping his exhibits to try and get your exhibits 7 stamped ahead of time, stamped and numbered, and this will 8 speed up the process quite a bit. 9 MR. STEVENS: These are already stamped. 10 MR. STAMETS: The hearing will adjourn and reconvene 11 in Morgan Hall in the basement of the Land Office Building 12 in however long it takes us to get down there. 13 (Whereupon, a brief recess was held.) 14 MR. STAMETS: The hearing will come to order, please. 15 We will start again on Case Number 4947. 16 MR. STEVENS: Mr. Examiner, I'm Don Stevens, attorney 17 in Santa Fe, New Mexico, representing the Applicant in 18 this case. We have one witness to be sworn. 19 (Whereupon, the witness was sworn.) 20 MR. STEVENS: Mr. Examiner --21 MR. STAMETS: You may proceed. 22 MR. STEVENS: I'd like to read a telegram received 23 today by the Commission regarding this case. This is to 24 the Oil Conservation Commission from Michael P. Grace, II. 25

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It states as follows: "I have agreed to transfer to Tom Brown my oil and gas leases from Roberts and John Mills in the Northwest quarter of Section 13 plus my leases from Bouchillon and Dyer in the Southwest quarter of Section 12 in exchange for Tom Browns oil and gas lease from Jewel Sloan in the Northwest quarter of Section 12 all above leases being in Township 22 South, Range 26 East, Eddy County, New Nexico."

"Mr. Brown's counsel's reading this and to the record of the forced pooling of the above North half of Section 13 will confirm this agreement between us to be later reduced to specific block and lot numbers and through the exchange of assignments on the above leases." Signed, Michael P. Grace.

In view of this telegram, we would like to withdraw that portion of our application wherein we seek to force pool the Michael P. Grace, II interest in the North half of the Section referred to in the application.

MR.STAMETS: This amendment will be noted.

R.J. DE PAUL

was called as a witness and after being duly sworn, according to law, testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STEVENS:

Would you state your name, your residence, and your

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1		occupation, please?			
2	Λ	R. J. DePaul, Midland, Texas. I'm a geologist.			
3	Q	By whom are you employed, Mr. DePaul?			
4	V	Tom Brown, Inc.			
5	Q	Have you previously testified before the Oil Conservation			
6		Commission?			
7	A	No, sir.			
8	Q	Would you briefly state your higher education, in what			
9	e de la companya de l	Institutions you were educated, and then your work			
10		experience since that date?			
11	У	I'm graduated from the University of Minnesota with a			
12		Bachelor's Degree with a major in geology. I worked for			
13		Cities Service from 1949 to 1954, for Hanley Company			
14		until 1956, F. W. Holbrook to 1964. I worked as a			
15		consultant till 1967, and I've been with Tom Brown, Inc.			
16		since then.			
17		MR. STEVENS: Mr. Examiner, are the qualifications			
18		of the witness acceptable?			
19		MR. STAMETS: Mr. DePaul, what areas geographically			
20		have you worked in?			
21		THE WITNESS: I have worked mostly in the Permean			
22		Basin. I do also work in the Midcontinent, in the			
23		Rockies, and we do have an interest in Southeast Asia.			
24		MR. STAMETS: The witness' qualifications are			
25		acceptable.			
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1	Q.	Tr. DePaul, would you state the purpose of Tom Brown,					
2		Incorporated's application in this case?					
3	λ	We want to pool the mineral interests in the North half					
4		of Section 13, Township 22 South, Range 26 East.					
5	Q	Q Is that all the mineral interests or just a portion of					
6		the mineral interests by formation?					
7	Æ	Of course, we want to pool all of the Pennsylvanian					
8		interest which is the Cisco through the Forrow, of course.					
9	ð	Could you give us the location of the well to be					
10		dedicated to this North half of Section 13?					
11	λ	The location is 1680 from the North line, 1980 from the					
12		East line of that Section 13. The reason for the 1680					
13		location is because the 1980 from the North fell into					
14		an Arroya which is subject to flood.					
15	Q Is that 1680 location, does that take you farther away						
16		from the nearest producing well than the usual 1980-foot					
17		location?					
18	Λ	It does.					
19	Ω	What is the nearest human habitation to this particular					
20		location?					
21	A	550 feet.					
22	Q	And the next nearest?					
23	λ	600.					
24	Ω	In your opinion, can this drilling operation be conducted					
25		without undue hazard to human habitation in the vicinity?					

1	7	Yea, sar.					
2	()	Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit 1, would					
3		you explain what thus map shows?					
4	Σ.	We have simply here a map of the locality on a scale of					
5		1 to 4 thousand. The red outline indicates the area					
6		under discussion. You will note that this takes in the					
7		Northern half of the South Morrow field.					
8	Q	Excuse me, South Carlsbad?					
9	Λ	Excuse me, South Carlshad Morrow Field. Our plat you					
10		will notice the wells are shaded in yellow. Those are					
11		the ones that have gone deep enough or are going deep					
12		enough to test that zone.					
13	Ω	The acreage in question, the subject of this hearing,					
14		is outlined in yellow; is that correct?					
15	Λ	Outlined in yellow being the North half of Section 13,					
16		22,26.					
17	Q	Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit 2, would you					
18		explain it for the Commission?					
19	A	We have here a surveyor's plat on the scale of					
20		approximately one inch equals 192 feet, which shows the					
21		subject North half of the Section. Those tracts					
22		colored in orange are the Grace tracts, which the wire					
23		that was read, which Mr. Stevens takes care of. That					
24		colored in green has such a type of problem that cannot					

be cleared up.

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1	Q	Do you have a portion of that colored in green, leased?
2	V	Yes, we do.
3	Q	So the other portion that is unleased, is it because
4	1	there are minors for whom no guardian has been appointed?
5	A	Yes, that's right.
6	Q	All right, sir.
7	Λ	That which is colored in purple and that which is colored
8		in yellow is that interest that we have attempted to
9		lease. In fact, we have offered \$200 an acre and 3/16
10		royalty in an effort to get that lease in.
11		The lease has been in for, the offer has been in for
12		quite a period of time. The mineral owner hasn't
13		reacted either way. Did you have a question for me?
14	Q	Did you also make him an offer to join in the drilling
15		of this well?
16	A	We have offered to invite him to the drilling of the well,
17		or we have offered him that bonus and that royalty for
18		commercial oil and gas.
19	Q	Does that also apply to the W. A. Page acreage colored
20		in purple?
21	A	Yes, sir.
22	Q	Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit Number 3,
23		would you discuss it for the Commission?
24	A	Exhibit Number 3 is what we will call the structure map.
25		The Strawn is at the top of the middle Morrow. Its
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1		main purpose, I would say, is that it illustrates that
2		one's structural position has little or nothing to do with
3		whether or not you are going to produce from this Morrow
4		sand. It does show a very prominent ridge and a nose;
5		but as we will see later on by a plat with production
6		figures on it, you will see that there is little correlation
7		between your structural position and your productive
8		capabilities.
9	Ω	What is the meaning of the yellow and blue well colors?
10	A	Those shades in yellow are Morrow sand producers. Those
11		in blue are Strawn. You will note there are some dual
12		producers in the South side of the plat.
13	Q	You have marked on that map a line at each end. One end
14		has "A" and the other "A Prime". Could you explain that
15		please?
16	Λ	That's a cross section that we will come to, and it's
17		labeled Exhibit what is it?
18	Q	Five.
19	A	Five.
20	Q	Do you have any further information on this exhibit?
21	A	I think that's the substance of that plat.
22	Q	Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit Number 4,
23		would you explain it?
24	Α	Exhibit Number 4 is probably the most important of the
25		Exhibits. It illustrates the thickness of the pay zone
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in the South Carlshad Field, and I refer to a main pay zone.

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There are several sand sequences from the middle Morrow down to the Barnett. By our nomenclature that we would go into when we get to the cross section, we will find that the main pay zone is the second sand down there that we refer to as M-2; and it can be easily demonstrated

One better have an M-2 objective to drill to before one decides to drill a well in the field since attempts in those other zones which are even more transcient than this M-2, attempts in these other zones have for the most part proved non-commercial.

Now, this isopachous map shows a thick down in the vicinity of the Section 36 or 22 South, 26 East. And as we will see a little later on, that thick zone coincides with improved production capability.

That is the main significance of this map. It demonstrates that you better have an adequate thickness of porosity in M-2 to make the venture commercial. Now, this net thickness is based on an 8 percent or more porosity. Eight percent is rather low, but it seems to be the accepted break-off point for that sand in the area.

Would you discuss the importance of the wells in Section 24 as relates to the well in Section 13 and your proposed

well in Section 13? 1 You will note the two Grace wells in Section 24 do not Α 2 have values on them. The reason for this is that those 3 two logs have not yet been released. I have seen them. They are contoured accurately from that evidence. The Number 2 Gopogo is contoured as a thick net porous with sand, and its production capabilities 7 demonstrate that it is also. 8 The Number 1 Grace Arco is a new well on which we 9 don't have any production figures; but there again, we 10 have had the privilege of seeing the log, and it is 11 contoured accurately. 12 It, too, figures to be a good well. The relationship 13 between the Number 2 Well in Section 24 of 22 South, 14 26 relative to the Texas Oil and Gas well illustrates 15 that you are going in the direction where the sand is 16 thinning. 17 I have seen and have a copy of the Texas Oil and Gas 18 logs, and I have assigned 10 feet of net pay, net porosity 19 to that; and I've been generous with it. Actually, if I 20 were to stick to the 8 percent cutoff line, it probably 21 has closer to 6 or 7 feet. 22 We are going in a Northerly direction in what would 23 indicate what would be a thinning direction to that well 24 at our location there in the North half of Section 13. 25

Do you have any further information from that exhibit? Q Λ No, sir. 2 Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit 5, would you Q 3 explain it for the Commission? Α On the extreme left of Exhibit 5, you will note a log 5 on Cities Service 1 Merland B that I have used as a tight 6 section to show you the nomenclature we are using in 7 these plats. 8 The locality doesn't seem to have a standard, and so 9 we have taken the liberty of setting up our own for the 10 hearing here. You will notice that the log is on the 11 scale of one inch to 100 feet and that is to get in that 12 critical zone between the Strawn and the Barnett. 13 The structural plat we looked at is contoured on 14 the middle Morrow as you see there, just below 11,300, 15 that being the top of what we have labelled M-1. The 16 main pay zone is that sand development immediately 17 thereunder, and that's the one you better have before you 18 drill one of these wells. 19 The main body of the cross section is on a scale, 20 vertical scale of one inch to 40 feet so that you can 21 better see the porosity developments. On a 1 to 100, 22 we'd have a hard time finding them. 23 You will notice that from A' we go from a pure 24 absolute dry hole, being the Union Lee, into a Cities 25

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well, being the Cities 1-B Merland which is a very good well as we will see in a moment.

We have on purpose taken it then to an edge well to demonstrate how the sands do come and go, that well being the Cities Service Number 1 Merland A. From the Number 1 Merland A we have gone to the Texas Oil and Gas log which is freshly acquired from Texas Oil and Gas.

The cross section illustrates starting at the dry hole that Union drilled, and by the way made a completion attempt in the Morrow. You will see that we judge that the completion attempt was ill-advised. We see no porosity in the sands anywhere.

The Cities 1 Marland B demonstrates a relative wealth of porosity in the M-2 zone. As we will see down the line in one of the next, the next exhibit probably I think it is, that well has a very good production capability. You will also notice a porous sand developed in what we call M-1. You will also notice it does not persist into the Union Lee nor into the Number 1 Merland A.

The same circumstances happen in the M-3 zone where we find a porosity development in the Number 1 Merland B. We don't find it in the two offsets, being the Number 1 Lee and the Number 1 Merland A.

Going to the Merland A, we find that the main sand has thinned considerably. We will see on the production

plat that the production also thins accordingly. From there to the Texas Oil and Cas Well, we do find that one zone in U-2 does parsist; and that is the zone that we have assigned a ten foot net porous value to on the Texas Oil and Gas log; and I'll repeat. I've been generous with it.

We are assuming or hoping that that zone will persist into our location. We are going in a thinning direction and of course, that increases the risk involved in our well. The other sand zones demonstrated by the Number 1 City of Carlsbad drilled by Texas Oil and Gas development in M-L again is a very local development.

It does not persist. That porous development in M-4 is water all the time, and the log analysis in this case also calculates out to be 100 percent water. That sand zone at M-5 is quite unpromising. It measures only 4-1/2 percent porosity.

It does have, show on the samples I am told, and so we have assigned a porosity sand value to it. I think that covers that exhibit.

- Q Okay. Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit Number 6, would you explain it for the Commission?
- A Exhibit 6 is a production plat in MCF. The top figure shows the cumulative production to 1-1-73. The bottom figure is that production figure for January of 1973, the

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latest figures that were available to me. You will note going back to the information on the cross section which should be fresh in our minds, we go from the Union Lee at A' to the Cities Merland B that we see and which we see a nice thickness or Morrow sand developed. And we will see that it is a very desirable producer but quite capable having produced a 101 million plus in January.

Going back from the Merland B to the Merland A in a thinning direction we find that the production quality has deteriorated down to 41.9 million for the month of January.

Down in the thick zone on our isopachous plat, we will see production figures that correlate with the thickness of the net pay. The Antweil wells in there are among the thickest, and you will note that the Antweil Joell, for instance, does now produce the most gas in January of any of the wells on the plat. Well, that is because we have a restricted allowable.

- Q Excuse me. Is that a restricted allowable or restricted take?
 - Excuse me, a restricted take. Thank you. The color code on the plat is the same as previously indicated. The yellow are the Morrow completions. The blue are the Strawn completions. You will also notice some wells are circled in red. These wells in my judgment are either dry

or can produce a million or less a month and would put them in the category of being non-commercial especially at this early date in their lives.

You will see the Union Lee is indicated as a dry hole. In Section 25 of 22, 26, the Grace Number 1 Gopogo I have circled in red as a non-commercial well; and we see in January it produced 12.5 million cubic feet of gas. The Superior Ryan in Section 5 of 22, excuse me, of 23, 27 attempted a completion in the Morrow, produced no gas.

The Corinne Grace, let's notice the Corinne Grace
Number 1 Humble Grace in Section 2 of 22 South, excuse
me, 23 South, 26 East. You will notice that it is
circled in red. After having produced a cumulative of
720 of gas, it is now shut-in.

Another interesting point about this. This verifies what we were saying earlier about the M-2 zone being the main objective and the only one fit to go to. This well was completed out of the M-3 zone and that is the extent of its production.

The Superior Collatt is an interesting well in Section 1, 23, 26. It has zero Morrow porosity and it graphically illustrates what can happen to you in one location. You also note that the red-circled wells number nine. There are 9 red-circled wells in that plat on which we have 23 attempts. If those red-circled wells

1		are dry or non-commencial, 9 out of 23 is a pretty
2		dismal percent.
3	Q	And all of those wells, of those 23 you would presume
4		all but one is a field well; is that correct?
5	Λ	Well, when you stop and thank about it, that's correct.
6		Only the first well would be considered a wildcat. From
7		there on, you were drilling field wells.
8	Q	Regarding that plat, now, some of these production
9		figures reflect production for more than just the M-2;
10		is that a true statement?
11	Λ	That's correct, and that notation we made about the
12		Humble Grace illustrates that you better have the M-2
13		or you are in trouble. The Corinne Grace Number 1
14		Gopogo in 25 or 22, 26 again a 12.5 million a month,
15		I wouldn't say it's commercial. And it produces primarily
16		out of zone 3.
17	Q	Have you any further comments on this exhibit?
18	Л	No, I don't.
19	Q	Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit Number 7,
20		would you explain it for the Commission?
21	Α	That is an AFE. AFE has always been a term I like. It's
22		not really an AFE, it's an estimated well cost. We like
23		to keep it on the safe side.
24		We sometimes include things in there that are, really
25		fall into the category of contingencies. In particular,

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in this one, you will notice that our production superintendent has included in here provisions for a frac job.

Well, we know that in the field if you have a good well, it will be a natural well. If you do not have a good development, of course, you might find yourself fracturing it in an effort to turn it into a commercial well; but outside of that frac job which I think he has down here at \$10,000, we stick to the figures in this so-called AFE.

We find that this AFE, this figure is slightly higher than some. It's slightly lower than many. We know from first-hand knowledge that Cities Service AFE's run considerably higher. We know that Antweil's AFE's run considerably higher.

- Q Referring to what has been marked as Exhibit 8, would you explain it for the Commission?
- A Exhibit 8 is an estimate of the payout period based on our estimated well cost figure. It assumes a 2 million a day delivery. Gas at 50 cents a million less 3 cents taxes and estimated operating cost of \$450.

The Tom Brown revenue interest until payout is 70 percent on our leases, all figuring out to be a monthly revenue of 19,290 dollars a month, based on an annual interest rate of 7-1/2 percent.

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1		We find that the payout period is just under 18
2		months. I have nothing through the mechanics of that
3		computation. I borrowed from a friend at the bank who
4		has a table and can do it immediately. If you do it
5		manually you also come out with about 18 months payout.
6	Q	And that's just an estimate based upon a presumption of
7		how many cubic feet per day?
8	A	Two million cubic feet per day.
9	Ω	Mr. DePaul, in your opinion, is the Morrow formation
10		predicted to success or failure in Southern New Mexico?
11	Α	The Morrow is notorious for being unpredictable.
12	Q	What about the predictability of the profitableness of
13		the formation in Southern New Mexico?
14	A	I think the exhibit labeled 6 demonstrates very
15		graphically the answer to that question. There again,
16		the profitability of a Morrow attempt is quite
17		unpredictable. When you consider that this ratio
18		shown on Exhibit 6 begins to approach a success ratio
19		of only 1 out of 2 for development wells, the odds are
20		not good.
21	Q	In your opinion, is this field well riskier than most
22		field wells?
23	A	Undoubtedly.
24	Q	Is the reason for your assuming this risk the fact that
25		you might have a great potential gain in the event it is
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productive? 1 Certainly. That always enters into a decision to drill Α 2 a well. Further, we have seen what gas prices have been 3 doing recently. The indications are that they will continue to do that. Anyway, we are also playing 5 futures, drilling it out of cost that will certainly be 6 lower now than in the future since the drilling costs, 7 equipment costs, and fuel costs are also increasing. ક Q Will there be a greater possibility that you could get a 9 higher price for your gas later if you complete it now? 10 Α Yes, sir. 11 On the basis of your study of this field and this Q. 12 particular well, do you have a recommendation to the 13 Commission as to the risk factor which Tom Brown, Inc. 14 should be allowed in the drilling of this well? 15 Α Yes, sir. I think we ought to be able to get our money 16 back at a 200 percent penalty. This is not unusual. 17 All of us in the oil business have seen many, many operating 18 agreements that we sign that are exactly that. 19 These operating agreements are really in effect 20 for field wells because they usually do not take over 21 until the completion of the initial well in any prospect 22 which would be the wildcat. So I think that is 23 reasonable. I believe the risk here is very high. 24 Do you have a recommendation as to the amount which should Q 25

1		be allowed for the supervision of a well if a producing
2		well is completed here and if the Commission grants your
3		application to force pool?
4	Λ	Well, usually the Tom Brown, Inc. is very leasy in that
5		respect. I think the estimate of 8450 a month to operate
6		the thing would include everything, and I'm quite
7		confident that will more than cover it.
8	Ω	This is for the drilling of the well. How about the
9	; 	monthly combined rates during the
10	Λ.	\$150 a month would suit us fine.
11	Ď	Okay. In seeking this order ruling that all non-joining
12		owners be allowed to join you at a date subsequent to
13		this hearing and prior to the drilling of the well by
14		agreeing to pay their portion of it?
15	Λ	Oh, certainly, we have had that offer open to them from
16		the beginning and it still is.
17	Ω	Should the Commission grant this application, when would
18		you propose to start this well?
19	А	Probably would be within sixty to ninety days depending
20		on rig availability. We would want to drill it with our
21		own rig, which we have 14. We have faithful clients that
22		we have obligations to, and our rigs are very busy now,
23		and there might be a delay in being able to get one of
24		our rigs to drill one of our own wells.
25	Q	One further question. Going back to Exhibit #2, the

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1		Taylor acreage mentioned in that Exhibit Number 2, I					
2	believe it has a figure of acreage 43.03 acres. Is there						
3		a controversy as to the actual amount of acreage					
4		allocatable to that tract?					
5	Λ	I understand there is, and I'm not qualified to comment.					
6	Q	Would Tom Brown, Inc. be willing to, if there is such					
7		a controversy, put any amount attributable to the acreage					
8		in controversy in escrow until such time as it might be					
9		determined what the true acreage is?					
10	A	Surely.					
11	Ω	Were Exhibits 1 through 9 prepared by you or under your					
12		direct supervision?					
13	A	They were prepared by me.					
14		MR. STEVENS: We would like to move the introduction					
15		of Exhibit 1 through 8 at this time, Mr. Examiner.					
16		MR. STAMETS: Without objection, the Exhibits will					
17		be admitted into evidence.					
18		MR. STEVENS: We have no further questions on					
19		Direct.					
20		CROSS-EXAMINATION					
21	BY 1	MR. STAMETS:					
22	Q	What was the difference in the acreage that you mentioned					
23		there? I presume that's on this Bill Taylor lease?					
24	A	Yes. As I say, really I don't know about that. It seems					
25		to have to do with how much of that road was taken in or					

not taken into the tract, but truly I can't answer your 1 question. I just don't know. 2 MR. STAMETS: Are there questions of this witness? 3 MR. KELLAHIN: If the Examiner please, Jason 4 Kellahin, Kellahin & Fox, appearing for Bill Taylor. 5 I have a few questions I would like to ask if I may. 6 CROSS-EXAMINATION 7 BY MR.KELLAHIN: 8 Mr. DePaul, the last question asked had to do with the 9 acreage. So we may want to pick it up right there. You 10 say you don't know what the acreage involved might be; 11 is this your testimony? 12 On that particular tract, it's true. Our lawyer has Α 13 handled all that, and he is privileged to that information 14 Q Who prepared the Exhibit Number 2 here? 15 Is this the surveyor's plat? Α 16 Yes, sir. Q 17 That was prepared by an engineer, a surveyor who I do Α 18 not know. I agree with you that it's not a very good 19 job. I don't question the accuracy of it, but just a 20 second. Could we ask Chuck to identify this guy for him? 21 MR. STEVENS: Yes. We can get him on the stand later 22 if it should be worth it. 23 A We have a man here who can answer those questions for you. 24 Q Are you vouching for the accuracy of the map? 25

1	Ž.	Oh, I can't vouch for the accuracy of Exhibit 2. No, sir.
2	Ω	Did you personally examine the dedication of Hoose acres?
3	A	I can't answer any of the questions relative to that part
4		of the hearing.
5	Ω	Well, my question was: Did you examine the official
6		plat itself?
7	Δ	No.
8	Q	You didn't? Is there someone here who did?
9	A	You'll be able to ask
10		MR. STEVENS: Excuse me just a moment, Mr. Kellahin.
11		If you are concerned with this particular question, Mr.
12		Examiner, we'd be happy to have the attorney for Tom
13		Brown, Inc. take the stand and state that which he knows
14		concerning this question if it is a legal question. As
15		to title, we think it should be researched; but we would
16		be happy to tell all we know about it.
17		MR. STAMETS: You do have a witness available who
18		could speak with more authority as to this exhibit?
19		Mr. Kellahin?
20		MR. KELLAHIN: If the Examiner please, I didn't
21		intend to get into the legal aspects of the dedication of
22		the road. That is a legal question, and I don't think
23		this Commission can pass on it in any event. What I was
24		concerned about is the inaccuracy of the plat itself in
25		that it shows at the bottom of the yellow portion in

	1		number 2 it shows a width of 131.0 feet and the dedication
	2		shows 231.8. That's a significant amount of land. We
	3	l	will offer this later into evidence.
	4	Ò	Now, turning to your Exhibit Number 6, Nr. DePaul, first
	5		of all I would like to ask you if the Cities Service
	6		Spencer A Number 1 well in Section 30, is that not a
	7		Strawn-Morrow dual completion?
	8	V	I think that you might find that the Strawn was
	9		perforated, but is not producing. Let me check some notes
	10		here. I may be able to find it, I'm quite confident.
	11	Q	Would you also check the Pennzoil Gulf Federal in
	12		Section 6?
	13	V	As being a dual producer?
	14	Q	Yes, sir.
	15	Α	It may very well be. As you recall, as I stated a time
	16		or two, I think the main question here on profitabilities
<u>.</u>	17		of our location must rest on whether or not we have a
. 5	18		good chance in the Morrow, too. You will also note that
1	19		those Strawn completions are up a small portion of the .
:	20		field, and the Strawn is not likely to be prospective up
•	21		under our proposed location as evidenced by the recent
a	22		drilling of the Texas Oil and Gas Well which shows that
··-	23		the Strawn is not commercial.
.•	24		The Strawn developed no porosity up there. The
	25		Strawn developes no porosity. We will find that the
		<u> </u>	
od.			

Spencer A has been perforated in the Strawn. We find 1 no Strawn from there within 3 miles of our location. There 2 is no reason to think that we could expect any Strawn at our location, and we do not. Let me see what I have on this Spencer A, if anything. Right. It shows that the Strawn is a very good looking 6 zone, good porosity; and you are right. It is productive in the Strawn. Evidentally, it is shut-in. I do not 8 know whether or not it is delivering gas from the Strawn 9 again. I point out that my approach has been strictly 10 Morrow. 11 Q Do you know whether or not that well has a dual 12 completion which could affect its production? 13 The Spencer A? 14 Yes, sir. 15 No, I don't. 16 Now, did you check on the Pennzoil Gulf Federal Well 17 in Section 6? 18 Let's see. In Section 6? 19 Yes, sir. In the bottom of your exhibit. 20 Again, you are correct. I show them with 14 feet of 21 good strong porosity. Let me reiterate. These 22 production figures are in the Morrow only, and they are 23 what was available to me, and that was through the 24 Commission report. 25

1		You will also note even as indicated, I have
2		indicated that's a dual producer; but you will also
3		notice that I do not show any Strawn production therefrom.
4		And that Antweil Number 1 Little Jewel is the most
5		amply named well in the whole bunch. It produces from
6		the Strawn beautifully, but our case is based on the
7		Morrow 2 and that's the information I'm trying to show
8		you. ·
9	Q	Are you seeking to force pool the Morrow only?
10	A	No. Actually we are seeking to force pool all of the
11		Pennsylvanian.
12	Q	What formation are you talking about now?
13	λ	We are going to have to include the Cisco Canyon, Strawn,
14		Morrow, Atoka. When you are trying to drill a well, I
15		suppose you do have those responsibilities in that area.
16	Q	You would not include the Wolfcamp; is that correct?
17		MR. STEVENS: Would you repeat your question?
18		THE WITNESS: I'm unfamiliar with these force pooling
19		hearings. Is it customary just to force pool just the
20		horizon?
21		MR. STAMETS: It's possible.
22		THE WITNESS: Is that the case more often that not?
23		MR. STAMETS: In my opinion it's more often that the
24		force pooling takes place from the surface of the ground
25		down to and including a particular formation.

1	1	THE WITNESS: That was my impression, too; but I
2		have little experience to have that impression; but I'm
3		glad to know it's yours.
4	A	Okay. From the ground down.
5	Ω	With that in mind, Mr. DePaul, does it not reduce your
6		appraisal of the risk factor if there is a possibility
7		of production from other horizons?
8	A	It reduces it negatively because we have got enough
9		control in the area to know what our chances are in those
10		other zones. It's demonstrated that they are nill or
11		next to nill.
12		I shouldn't say they are nill. You can always
13		stumble into something.
14	Ω	Now, is it your opinion that the Strawn production is
15		confined to the Southern portion of the area shown on
16		your Exhibit Number 6?
17	Λ	Well, on this plat we show this Strawn bubble down here.
18		Also you will note that there is a Belco Union-Mead Well
19		up here in Section 8 of 22, 27. I have all but
20		disregarded it, because it is not, I have treated it
21		not as being in the Carlsbad South Morrow Field. That
22		well does produce from the Strawn.
23		It does also produce from a Morrow zone, but it is
24		an upper Morrow zone. It is not in the middle Morrow
		as this is down South.

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1	Q	Now, that's just as close to your proposed location as the
2		Cities Service Merland Well, is it not in Section 10?
3	Λ	Oh, I can't dispute that.
4	Ó	But you didn't consider it as having any bearing on your
5		risk in the drilling in Section 13?
6	λ	That's right. It has no bearing on what we expect in
7		13. I think it would be, I think it is apparent that your
8		judgment must be based on the Texas Oil and Gas and its
9		proximity to our location rather than reach way across
10		here in the right field, instead of using a well, say,
11		half a mile or so away from us and use its information
12		as a standard. Now, you want us to go over here about
13		three miles and use it?
14	Ω	Mr. DePaul, aren't you using the Union Lee Well in
15		Section 29 and the other wells you discussed as being
16		marginal in Section 5 and 6 and Section 1 at the bottom
17		of your Exhibit?
18	A	I missed my point evidentally in explaining why I have
19		Union Lee in the Section. All that was demonstrated,
20		all I intended to demonstrate on that Union Lee Well is
21		how rapidly you could go from zero to the good and
22		vice versa. That was the only reason really.
23		That's the main thing that the Union Lee demonstrates
24		which is applied up here to the Texas Oil and Gas Well.
25		Our location relative to it shows you that there is risk.
	1	

1	Ö	Now, the Belco Well Number 3 in Section 5 is also a
2		Morrow-Strawn; is it not?
3	V	At the time this work was done, the Belco Number 3 Well
4		in 5 had not been officially completed; and as a result
5		I did not, the log was not released. I am not privileged
6		to Belco's information and I must depend on getting their
7		log through a log service.
8	Q	Now, there is also another Belco Well in Section 4 not
9		shown on your Exhibit; is there not?
10	λ	Well, it's not on Section 4. It's not on our field plat,
11		though, is it?
12	Q	It is not; no.
13	A	No.
14	Q	But there is a Belco well completely in the Morrow and
15		Wolfcamp in that section; is there not?
16	A	At the time this was done, it was not officially
17		completed.
18	Q	Now, you have stated that the production from these
19		wells, the Superior Ryan and Antweil Missouri are
20		circled in red because in your opinion they are now
21		marginal; is that your correct statement?
22	A	From the Morrow?
23	Q	Yes, sir.
24	Õ	They are, yes.
25	Q	Do you know what the production from any of those wells

was during the past month or --1 MR. STAMETS: Excuse me, Mr. Kellahin, I understood 2 the witness to indicate that the ones circled in red were 3 non-commercial, not marginal. Non-commercial? Q Λ You are right. They were non-commercial in my opinion or dry. And you are asking about the current production figures? On information available to me, the latest 8 production figures were for January. 9 You didn't check the Oil Conservation Commission records 10 then for any production figures? 11 We have, the Oil Conservation Commission sends their 12 monthly and annual reports to our log library in 13 Midland, Texas; and that's where I checked. 14 Well, if the records of the Oil Conservation Commission Q 15 showed the Superior Collatt Well in Section 1 produced 16 37,170 MCF for the month of March, would you call that 17 non-commercial? 18 Superior Collatt Well? 19 Yes, sir. Q 20 Well, I must remind you again the production figures 21 we have here are for the Morrow only, and I think you 22 would find the Superior Collatt producing from the Strawn. 23 You don't show that on your exhibit? Q 24 I have the Superior Collatt Well in my plat circled in 25

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	blue which is Strawn production.
Õ	I beg your pardon. You are correct. I am mistaken,
	but you have it circled in red. Is it completed also
	in the Morrow?
Λ	Mr. Rellahin, I'll repeat. Red circles indicate either
	dry holes or non-commercial wells out of M-2. M-2 was
	penetrated in the Superior Collatt. That's all I am
	saying. In the Morrow 2 the Superior Collatt is a dry
	hole.
	If you separate the promise that the main pay zone
	is M-2, that's a valid point to make.
Q	Do you know what the production for the month of March
	was for any of the other wells on this exhibit which you
	show as
V	No, sir. As I've stated before, my latest production
	filings are for January of 1973.
Ω	Now, you are talking about the N-3 zone primarily
	M-2, I mean. Is that the main body of the formation?
A	Yes, sir. M-2 is the main producing body.
Q	Does it get stronger as you go North, or does it thin
	out?
A	Referring back to the cross section, it thins and
	thickens. Sometimes you get to thinning almost
	capriciously. To answer your question, does it thicken
	going to the north from the best evidence we can see
	ν Δ

1		in our locality which we will say embraces Section 13 and
2		Section 24, it is thinning going to the north. We have
3		the two Grace Wells with 20 feet or more. We go North
4		to Texas Oil and Gas; and we find really less than 10
5		feet. That is a thinning direction going North.
6	Q	Now, you say you had 10 feet. What porosity did you
7		encounter as pay?
8	V	As I stated before, I was a little generous in giving it
9		10 feet. I lowered the porosity break-off point to
10		something like 6 percent. Whereas, if I would have
11		adhered to the 8 percent cut-off point, I think
12		realistically we would find that well has 6 feet
13		porosity.
14	Q	Now, that was a Neutron Density Log? Is that right?
15	A	Yes.
16	Q	Is that the best log for determining porosity?
17	A	Of course, that's a matter of opinion. Some of us think
18		it is. You probably would be able to get different
19		opinions. I suppose we would have to have a Schlumberger
20		Log annulus legally to tell us which are the best.
21		I can say that in preparing the drilling of our
22		location, I did have a Schlumberger specialist come to
23		my office and ask him what set of logs he recommended to
24		best evaluate this location; and, yes, he did recommend
25		a compensated neutron formation density. In his opinion,

1		he thought it was the best. He is really the expert in
2		that respect. I am not.
3	Q	You made the determination of the porosity, did you not,
4		or did he?
5	Λ	On some.
6	Q	About the Texas Oil and Gas Well?
7	Λ	Pardon?
8	Q	I'm talking about the Texas Oil and Gas well.
9	V	On the Texas Oil and Cas Well, he said it had 6 feet of
10		8 percent porosity.
11	Q	Is that the figure you used or did you make a determination
12		of your own?
13	Λ	As I say, I gave it 10 feet of porosity recognizing I
14		was going below the 8 percent break-off.
15	Ω	But you were just being generous and adding 2 more feet;
16		is this what you are saying?
17	A	Well, of course, when handling these logs, I'm flying more
18		by the seat of my pants than he is; and I see this thing
19		breaking in there; and being a perpetual optimist, I
20	1	thought maybe it had more than 6 feet.
21	Q	Now, getting to your operating costs, I want to be sure
22		I understand what you are talking about. You said a
23		figure of \$450 per day. Is that the operating, supervision,
24		and operating cost during drilling? Is this what you are
25		talking about?
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	۸	During the drilling, of course, the operation of the
1	• ,	well, the supervision and such will come to more than
2		\$450. Frankly, I borrowed that \$450 figure from another
3		Operator in the area who is operating in the area.
4		1 asked, "What is it you are charging? What did
5		
6		the operating cost run?" He said, "Well, around \$450."
7		I agree. To our way of thinking, that's a little high.
8		I think as we brought out earlier, Tom Brown, Inc.
9		would probably be a little below that. I think this is
10		not really a significant item.
11	Q	Now, you said \$150 a month combined rate. Is this your
12		overhead for supervision that wells would normally
13		charge?
14	A	Yes. I would think that would cover it in our house.
15	Õ	I don't think you got my question. Is it the same figure
16		you use for other wells operated by Tom Brown?
17	Λ	Oh, no. Of course, the zone, we know not what it takes to
18		operate a well here. We don't have one yet. I can state
19	1	that generally speaking our operating costs are lower than
20		the industry average, our operating charges to our partner
21	Ω	So both of your figures could be lower than the \$450 and
22		\$150; is this your testimony?
23	A	I'll grant you that.
24	Q	About how much lower?
25	A	How would you like \$125 and \$400?

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It would be fine with as, sir. Whatever you figure you 1 Went to say. We will accept \$125. 2 You got it. 3 Now, on the risk factor, are you familiar with the charges 4 that have been allowed for the risk factor force in the 5 South Carlshad Pools? 6 Not really. I've heard a thing or two, but then I would 7 think that this is a new ball game as evidenced by the ŝ fact that the Commission saw fit to just recently change 9 the rules in that respect. 10 Just to clarify it for you, Mr. DePaul. I don't want Ω 11 to mislead you. The New Mexico Legislature recently 12 passed a new law which will permit the Commission to give 13 a 200 percent. Prior to that, the risk factor was 14 limited to 50 percent. 15 So with that in mind, the risk factor maximum used 16 to be you could get your 100 percent cost plus 50 percent 17 risk factor, the maximum risk. Today, the maximum risk 18 factor would be 200 percent. Do you consider this well 19 the highest risk to be assumed for which the Commission 20 would be justified for giving the maximum risk factor? 21 I think the fact that the Commission did change this is Α 22

evidence that it did need changing; and as far as the

maximum risk factor, it's an extremely risky well. Whether

or not it's as risky as a rank wildcat out there in the

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boondocks, 40 miles away from anything, no it's not 1 that risky. 2 You'd have to figure for the maximum risk. I suppose 3 a rank wildcat in an area which you weren't even familiar 4 with the sedimentary section was that you were penetrating, not knowing whether or not you were going to run into 6 a potential reservoir. 7 You are talking about the risk of finding production; 8 is this right? 9 \mathbf{A} Yes, sir. 10 MR. KELLAHIN: That's all the questions I have. 11 Thank you, Mr. DePaul. 12 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 13 MR. STAMETS: Are their other questions of the 14 witness? 15 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. STAMETS: 17 Mr. DePaul, doas Tom Brown's drilling company intend to 18 take any special drilling precautions concerning the 19 proximity of habitations in this area? 20 Α Yes, sir.Mr. Commissioner, I think that you would find 21 that our equipment and our personnel are especially good 22 in this area. We do intend to take all precautions. 23 Yes, sir. Our blow-out equipment is among the best. 24 Our supervisory personnel we believe is among the best. 25

1	Q	What about testing programs? I know it's quite common
2		to take drill stem tests and have some pretty good size
3		flares out there. Will this he set up to protect the
4		residents of the area?
5	Λ	Yes, sir. What we would do is put a separator out there
6		on the location prior to any test.
7	Q	What is the standard penalty clause for voluntary
8		communitization?
9	Λ	I don't know. On most of the operating agreements that
10		we sign, which those are what you refer to as the
11		operating agreements; is that correct?
12	Q	Right.
13	Α	Most of them that we sign range from 200 to 300 percent
14		depending on how we are using that percentage; but then,
15		maybe that is, well, most of them we sign are that way.
16	Q	Are you saying then that on the standard voluntary
17		operating agreement that you sign where somebody else
18		is going to operate the well, that you would expect to
19		pay back 3 times your share of the cost if you chose
20		not to participate?
21	A	Well, a hundred percent of the well and then a hundred
22		percent, two hundred percent more.
23	Q	Yes. So we are talking about, you are talking about a
24		100 to 200 percent risk factor rather than a 200 to
25		300 percent risk factor?
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1	Λ	I'm not too sure that I'm the one to, that I can make
2		a statement along these lines, because, I'll tell you.
3		We are unique in that in our group of investors truthfully
4		we have an agreement usually that says you either join
5		or you are out.
6		And everybody is agreeable to this. You are out of
7		that proration unit. And frankly, we have been doing it
8		for years.
9	Q	It's rather interesting. How do you manage that when the
10		Commission doesn't allow non-standard proration units in
11		a particular area?
12	Λ	Well, I've never run across that instance where we were
13		doing this on non-standard proration units.
14	Q	You are proposing a risk factor here of 200 percent and
15		yet it's not clear to me that this has been Tom Brown's
16		drilling company's experience in the field. It is either
17		something less than this or none at all.
18	A	No, sir. Most of the other operating agreements that
19		I'm familiar with that we have signed have a 200 percent
20		penalty clause in them.
21	Q	Okay. On a scale of 1 to 10, going from a sure thing to
22		the rank wildcat in the boondocks, how do you rate this
23		particular location?
24	A	Well, I suppose that one plat with the production figures
25		on it which shows I think 9 dry or non-commercial wells in

an area in which there are 23 would give us a pretty good odd right there. It would approach, truly it's my feeling that it would approach, our chances of making a commercial well are one to two, one out of two.

Gosh, excuse me. I'd like to qualify that. If we were going from a Texas Oil and Gas Well that demonstrated a 20 to 30 percent net porosity to our location, then it would be more on the odds of one and two.

Since we are going from 10 feet or less out into no man's land, and it is as you can see on the plat. I'd like to say it would be more like 1 out of 5, and I hope I'm wrong.

- Sounds like somewhere along about 3 on the scale there?

 I believe that you have modified your Exhibit Number 8

 in response to a question of Mr. Kellahin to show operating costs of about \$125 a month?
- A All right.

MR. STAMETS: Are there any other questions of the witness?

MR. KELLAHIN: Just one point of clarification perhaps, Mr. Examiner.

MR. STAMETS: Yes, sir.

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41 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 1 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 2 Could I ask one before --3 Λ Sure. 4 One question brought out by Mr. Stamets, you said there 5 were 9 non-commercial wells out of 23. Are you confining 6 that soley to the Morrow? 7 Α Yes. 8 And some of those 9 wells weren't productive from other 9 zones, or were they? 10 Α Oh, sure. We are back to the point, though, that you 11 better not crank it up unless you think you got an 12 M-2 shot. 13 I understand your position, Mr. DePaul, but there is Q 14 actually only one dry hole well drilled in that pool; 15 isn't there? Isn't that the case? I'm not talking about 16 the Morrow. 17 It depends on what you use as a standard for a dry hole. 18 I think you ought to add another qualification there. 19 Dry holes are non-commercial. Another thing about this 20 Morrow is that quite often you don't know whether or not 21 you have a commercial well until you case it and try it. 22

Mr. DePaul, we are just talking about numbers right at

the moment. You say there have been 23 wells drilled?

Well, we have 23 wells on this plat in that area.

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1	Q	And out of those 23 all of them with the exception of
2		the Union Lee are producing from something; are they
3		not?
4	λ	I insist on using a standard non-commercial or dry.
5	Q	Can you answer my question? They are producing, are
6		they not, from someplace?
7	ν	Some are producing non-commercially.
8	Q	Then are you confining that to the Morrow again or are
9		you talking about all zones?
10	У	We are just talking about the Morrow.
11	Q	They are producing in the Strawn and producing commercially?
12	A	You got some of them are producing beautifully from the
13		Strawn.
14		MR. KELLAHIN: That's all.
15		MR. STAMETS: Mr. Stevens, you had a point of
16		qualification to make?
17		MR. STEVENS: Yes, sir.
18		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
19	BY I	MR. STEVENS:
20	Q	Mr. DePaul, in most industry agreements, does it apply
21		what you'd call 300 percent non-consent clause?
22	. A	Well, we sign them that way.
23	Ω	Yes. Is that in your opinion the same as the statute
24		requirement of return of cost plus 200 percent risk
25		factor?

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Ĩ.	Yes. What's, yes.
δ	And therefore, nost industry non-consent clauses conform
† 	with that which the New Yexico statute allows?
Λ	Yes.
İ	MR. STEVIMS: No further questions.
<u> </u>	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
BY I	IR. STAMETS:
Ω	That would be on a wildcat well or on an offset well?
Λ	Well, Mr. Examiner, most of the operating agreements
	signed in our circle don't really go into effect until
	the well is completed, the initial well is completed,
	the vildcat. And so this clause in it really applies
	to subsequent wells which are then development wells.
Q	Okay. One more thing I'd like to ask. On your Exhibit 4
	in Section 19, 22 South, 27 Hast, the Cities Service
	Merland A has about 18 feet of pay?
A	Yes.
Ω	Okay. And its position on this isopachous is about the
	same as Texas Oil and Gas Well?
Λ	Yes.
δ	And when you go North from the Merland Wall, you get more
	pay; and when you go South from the Merland Well, you
	get more pay; is that right?
A	Okay. The way the isopach is drawn, yes.
Ö	And is it possible that this same situation could exist
	Ω A Q A Q

at the Texas Oil and Gas Well? 1 Λ To our location? 2 Q Yes. 3 You bet. Sure it's possible. It's just that I think the odds are that it will go the other way. The evidence 5 would make you think that it will go the other way. 6 MR. STAMETS: Are there other questions of this witness? He may be excused. Mr. Stevens, do you have 8 anything further? 9 MR. STEVENS: No, Mr. Examiner. 10 MR. STAMETS: Mr. Kellahin, do you have a witness? 11 MR. KELLAHIN: If I could speak to counsel for a 12 minute. 13 MR. STAMETS: All right, sir. 14 (Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.) 15 MR. KELLAHIN: If the Examiner please, by stipulation 16 of counsel, we would like to offer into evidence Taylor's 17 Exhibit Number 1 being a copy of the plat on the file 18 of the record to Eddy County, showing Hoose subdivision. 19 And with that, we will not call the witness. 20 MR. STAMETS: Are there any objections to the 21 introduction of this exhibit? It will be admitted into 22 evidence. Perhaps the Examiner should point out that this 23 does confirm what Mr. Kellahin earlier said that this 24 Lot 2 shows 231.8 feet as the Southern dimension.

Is there any further testimony? Are there any statements in this case?

MR. KELLAHIN: I'd like to make a statement, if I may.

MR. STAMETS: Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: If the Examiner please, Bill Taylor is not here to oppose the compulsory pooling.Unfortunately we couldn't work out a voluntary agreement. We are perfectly willing for the acreage to be pooled.

Our objection is two-fold, one of which can be resolved by this Commission. I don't feel that the Commission can resolve the question of the acreage involved in this case and the proposal to escrow the funds until that can be worked out. That is, those portions of the funds attributable to the acreage in dispute would be quite satisfactory.

Our main concern is the risk factor that might be allocated to this well. Mr. Taylor receive a notice from the Commission on this force pooling case last Monday. He had been attempting to work out something with the Applicant here without any success and unfortunately was not able to get a geologist to give him assistance in this case.

The witness for Tom Brown, however, I think has been of great assistance. He has only chosen to talk about the

Morrow formation. He has based all of the risk factors by his own testimony on the chances of finding production from the Morrow formation.

The wells shown on his exhibit, with the exception of one, are all producing from some horizon, either the Morrow, the Strawn, or the Atoka. There is also a possibility of the production from the Wolfcamp which is found in Belco Well to the North.

There is the Cisco Canyon production to the South, and there is always a possibility these things could be encountered; and to completely ignore the possibility of other producing zones in accessing the risk factor based upon the possibility of finding production is wholly unrealistic.

The experience that he has testified to shows that Tom Brown has used somewhat less as risk factor than 200 percent; and in that connection, I would want to point out that 200 percent is the maximum risk factor that this Commission can access.

Historically, they have researched in the past the 150 percent recovery for wells in areas of great danger to drilling operations such as the possibility of blow-outs, low circulation, and other matters none of which were testified to here today; and historically in the South Carlsbad Pool, the Commission has never

accessed the maximum risk factor.

At the time these cases came up, the maximum was 50 percent risk factor and 100 percent recovery. The Texas Oil and Gas Company in Case 4935 heard in November was assigned 135 percent risk factor. In August of 1970, Corinne Grace had filed for force pooling and was given, that's in the North half of Section 2, 23, 26. I'm sorry. I don't have the case number. She was given a risk factor of 125 percent.

In October the 22nd, again the Graces brought a force pooling case in the area in which they owned only 80 acres, the North half of Section 11, 23, 26, and were given 137-1/2 percent risk factor, \$100 supervisory costs.

I would also mention in the other Grace case, they
got \$100 for cost of supervision. We won't quarrel with
125 percent. In Case Number 4643, Cities Service got
130 percent risk factor. In Case 4847, this was a
wildcat. It was the only one in the entire area in which
150 percent was granted.

In Cases 4819 and 4836, a Complainant Hearing, the Graces were awarded 125 percent risk factor. We feel that this is not an area of maximum risk and that the risk factor should be considerably lower than that testified to by the witness. Thank you.

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MR. STAMETS: Any other statements in this case? Mr. Stevens?

MR. STEVERS: Mr. Examiner, first, Mr. DePaul did consider the possibilities of Strawn and other formations. As I recall his statement, the chances were practically nill. Therefore, he did not consider that to be something that would lower the risk factor here.

Historically, as fir. Kellahin pointed out, the risk factor has been 50 percent. The maximum field was 37-1/2 percent on the basis of 50 percent prior to that.

However, we do have a statute. There is a new amount that the Commission can consider. The Commission historically has considered each case on its own merits regardless of what might have been a precedent inasmuch as each location has different geology and different prospects.

We ask only that the Commission do that in this case. Mr. Kellahin mentioned that about Texas Oil and Gas getting 35 percent of the 50 percent available risk factor, that Texas Well offset as pointed out by the witness.

The Gopogo Number 2, which has made some half billion cubic feet per month and had 30 feet of pay. We are offsetting a well that has 10 feet of pay which is not yet completed. We don't know what it will produce.

1	We ask only that the Commission exercise its usual
2	judgment in examining each location and ours in particular
3	on the basis of its geology and its risk factors,
4	regardless of what might have been done in the field or
5	by the Commission in the past.
6	MR. STAMETS: Are there any other statements in this
7	case? The case will be taken under advisement.
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STATE OF NEW MEXICO SS COUNTY OF BERNALILLO) I, JAMET RUSSELL, a Notary Public, in and for the County of Bernalillo, State of New Mexico do hereby certify that the foregoing and attached Transcript of Hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me; and that the same is a true and correct record of the said proceedings to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

ii.			J
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APR 25 1973 OIL CONSERVATION COMM

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5859823048-M. TORN SANTA FE NM 121 04-24 0851P EBT.
PHS TOM BROWN DELIVER BEFORE 830 AM HST 4-25-73, DLR
CARE 011 CONSERVATION COMMISSION STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG OLD SANTE FE TRAIL

SANTA FE NM 87501 I MAVE AGREED TO TRANSFER TO TOM BROWN MY GIL AND BAS LEASES FROM ROBERTS AND JOHN HELLS IN THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 13 PLUS MY LEASES FROM BOUCHILLON AND DYER IN THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 12 IN EXCHANGE FOR TON BROWNS OIL AND GAS LEASE FROM JEVEL SLOAN IN THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 12 ALL ABOVE LEASES BEING IN TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 26 EAST EDDY COUNTY NEW MEXICO

MISTER BROWN'S COUNCELS READING THIS AND TO THE RECORD OF THE PERCED POOLING OF THE ABOVE NORTH HALF OF SECTION 13 WILL CONFIRM THIS AGREEMENT BETWEEN US TO BE LATER REDUCED TO SPECIFIC BLOCK AND LOT NUMBERS AND THROUGH THE EXCHANGE OF ASSIGNMENTS ON THE ABOVE LEASES.

MICHAEL P GRACE, II

2053 EST

IPMFEKA SAKA



OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO P. O. BOX 2088 - SANTA FE 87501 LAND COMMISSIONER
ALEX J. ARMIJO
MEMBER
STATE GEOLOGIST
A. L. PORTER, JR.

SECRETARY - DIRECTOR

GOVERNOR
BRUCE KING

CHAIRMAN

May 21, 1973

Mr. Donald G. Stevens Attorneys at Law Post Office Box 1797 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Re:	Case No	4947
	Order No.	•
	Applicant:	
	TOM BRO	WN, INC.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith are two copies of the above-referenced Commission order recently entered in the subject case.

A. L. PORTER, Jr.
Secretary-Director

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

> CASE NO. 4947 Order No. R-4531

APPLICATION OF TOM BROWN, INC., FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, AND A NON-STANDARD UNIT, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on April 25, 1973, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Richard L. Stamets.

NOW, on this 17th day of May, 1973, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Tom Brown, Inc., seeks an order pooling all mineral interests from the surface of the ground down to and including the Morrow formation underlying the N/2 of Section 13, Township 22 South, Range 26 East, NMPM, South Carlsbad Field Extension, Eddy County, New Mexico.
- (3) That the applicant has the right to drill and proposes to drill a well 1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 13.
- (4) That the applicant further seeks authority to form a non-standard 336.6-acre unit to be dedicated to said well.
- (5) That the dependent resurvey of Township 22 South, Range 26 East, NMPM, indicates that the N/2 of said Section 13 contains 336.06 acres and that this non-standard unit should be approved and be dedicated to said well.
- (6) That there are interest owners in the proposed proration unit who have not agreed to pool their interests.

-2-Case No. 4947 Order No. R-4531

- (7) That to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, and to afford to the owner of each interest in said unit the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the gas in said pool, the subject application should be approved by pooling all mineral interests, whatever they may be, within said unit.
- (8) That the applicant should be designated the operator of the subject well and unit.
- (9) That any non-consenting working interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production.
- (10) That any non-consenting working interest owner that does not pay his share of estimated well costs should have withheld from production his share of the reasonable well costs plus an additional 120 percent thereof as a reasonable charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well.
- (11) That any non-consenting interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to object to the actual well costs but that actual well costs should be adopted as the reasonable well costs in the absence of such objection.
- (12) That following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner that has paid his share of estimated costs should pay to the operator any amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and should receive from the operator any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.
- (13) That \$125.00 per month should be fixed as a reasonable charge for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charge attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating the subject well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (14) That all proceeds from production from the subject wells which are not disbursed for any reason should be placed in escrow to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership.
- (15) That upon the failure of the operator of said pooled unit to commence drilling of the well to which said unit is dedicated on or before August 15, 1973, the order pooling said unit should become null and void and of no effect what-soever.

Case No. 4947 Order No. R-4531

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That all mineral interests, whatever they may be, from the surface of the ground down to and including the Morrow formation underlying the N/2 of Section 13, Township 22 South, Range 26 East, NMPM, South Carlsbad Field Extension, Eddy County, New Mexico, are hereby pooled to form a non-standard 336.06-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled 1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 13.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the operator of said unit shall commence the drilling of said well on or before the 15th day of August, 1973, and shall thereafter continue the drilling of said well with due diligence to a depth sufficient to test the Morrow formation;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that in the event said operator does not commence the drilling of said well on or before the 15th day of August, 1973, Order (1) of this order shall be null and void and of no effect whatsoever;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that should said well not be drilled to completion, or abandonment, within 120 days after commencement thereof, said operator shall appear before the Commission and show cause why Order (1) of this order should not be rescinded.

- (2) That Tom Brown, Inc. is hereby designated the operator of the subject well and unit.
- (3) That the operator shall furnish the Commission and each known working interest owner in the subject unit an itemized schedule of estimated well costs at least 30 days prior to commencing said well.
- (4) That within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him, any non-consenting working interest owner shall have the right to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production, and that any such owner who pays his share of estimated well costs as provided above shall remain liable for operating costs but shall not be liable for risk charges.
- (5) That the operator shall furnish the Commission and each known working interest owner an itemized schedule of actual well costs within 90 days following completion of the well; that if no objection to the actual well costs is received by the Commission and the Commission has not objected within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual well costs shall be the reasonable well costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period the Commission will determine reasonable well costs after public notice and hearing.

-4-Case No. 4947 Order No. R-4531

- (6) That within 50 days following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner that has paid his share of estimated costs in advance as provided above shall pay to the operator his pro rata share of the amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and shall receive from the operator his pro rata share of the amount that estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.
- (7) That the operator is hereby authorized to withhold the following costs and charges from production:
 - (A) The pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.
 - (B) As a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well, 120 percent of the pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.
- (8) That the operator shall distribute said costs and charges withheld from production to the parties who advanced the well costs.
- (9) That \$125.00 per month is hereby fixed as a reasonable charge for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charge attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating such well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (10) That any unsevered mineral interest shall be considered a seven-eighths (7/8) working interest and a one-eighth (1/8) royalty interest for the purpose of allocating costs and charges under the terms of this order.
- (11) That any well costs or charges which are to be paid out of production shall be withheld only from the working interests share of production, and no costs or charges shall be withheld from production attributable to royalty interests.

-5-Case No. 4947 Order No. R-4531

- (12) That all proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason shall be placed in escrew in Eddy County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership; that the operator shall notify the Commission of the name and address of said escrow agent within 90 days from the date of this order.
- (13) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Commission may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

I. R. TRUJILLO, Chairman

AAEX J. ARMIJO Member

A. L. PORTER, Jr., Member & Secretary

SEAL

EDE HOOD, Chairman RALPH W. CALLAWAY, Vice-Chairman LAMOIN MOORE, Commissioner GERALDINE MAHAFFEY, County Clerk L. L. COOPER, Probate Judge



THOMAS S. GRANGER, Sheriff NELL PHILLIPS, Treasurer JUANITA S. GRUBE, Assessor JOHN W. LEWIS, Jr., Surveyor

Eddy County

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO 88220 ay 3, 1973

OIL CONSTRUCTION COASM.

Mr. Dick Stamets
Oil Conservation Comm.
Santa Fe, N. M.

Dear sir:

I am inclosing a print of a portion of Twp. 22 S., Rge. 26 E. N. M. P. M. showing the dimensions of section 13. This is a dependant resurvey of the township condusted by the General Land Office and was executed in 1943.

This is being sent you at the request of Mr. J. C. Snyder for the Tom Brown Drilling Co. of Midland, Texas.

Yours truly

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Oase 4947

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Santa Fe ICS IPMAYKA ABQ

01004 (2053) 2-156873E114 PB 4/24 2053 TDRN SANTA: FE NM 0853PEST PMS DOROTHY MARVEY, BELIVER BEFORE 830AMST 4-23-WILL CALL WU SANTA FE HM 87501

I MAVE AGREED TO TRANSFER TO TOM BROWN MY OIL AND GAS LEASES FROM ROBERTS AND JOHN MILLS IN THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 13 PLUS MY LEASES FROM BOUCHILLON AND DYER IN THE SOUTHVEST QUARTER OF SECTION 12 IN EXCHANGE FOR TOM BROWNS OIL AND GAS LEASE FROM JEWEL SLOAN IN THE HORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 12 ALL ABOVE LEASES BEING IN TOW SHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 26 EAST EDDY COUNTY NEW MEXICO

MISTER BROWN'S COUNCELS READING THIS AND TO THE RECORD OF THE FORCED POOLING OF THE ABOVE NORTH HALF OF SECTION 13 WILL CONFIRM THIS AGREEMENT BETWEEN US TO BE LATER REDUCED TO SPECIFIC BLOCK AND LOT NUMBERS AND THROUGH THE EXCHANGE OF ASSIGNMENTS ON THE ABOVE

LEASES. MICHAEL P GRACE, II

0949 EST

IPHFEXA SAMA

DOCKET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - APRIL 25, 1973

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONFERENCE ROOM, STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING - SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The following cases will be heard before Richard L. Stamets, Examiner, or Daniel S. Nutter or Elvis A. Utz, Alternate Examiners:

CASE 4946: Application of Union Texas Petroleum for special pool rules, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks the promulgation of special pool rules for the Crosby-Fusselman Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, including a provision for classification of oil wells and gas wells, 80-acre spacing for oil wells, 320-acre spacing for gas wells, and a limiting gas-oil ratio of 5000 to one.

CASE 4947:

Application of Tom Brown, Inc., for compulsory pooling, and a nonstandard unit, Eddy County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the abovestyled cause, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests underlying the N/2 of Section 13, Township 22 South, Range 26 East, South Carlsbad Field Extension, Eddy County, New Mexico, to form a nonstandard 336.6-acre unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled 1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 13.

Also to be considered will be the costs of drilling said well, a charge for the risk involved, a provision for the allocation of actual operating costs, and the establishment of charges for supervision of said well.

CASE 4948: Application of Skelly Oil Company for an unorthodox oil well location, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to re-complete its R. R. Sims Well No. 7 located 2200 feet from the South and West lines of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 37 East, Lea County, New Mexico, as a producing oil well in its Penrose "A" waterflood project, Langlie-Mattix Pool, said well being an unorthodox location closer than 330 feet to another well producing from the same pool. Applicant further seeks an administrative procedure for approval of further in-fill development at

CASE 4949: Application of Skelly Gil Company for the amendment of Order No. R-1069-B, San Juan County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the abovestyled cause, seeks the amendment of Order No. R-1069-B, which order promulgated special pool rules for the Bisti Lower-Gallup Oil Pool, San Juan County, New Mexico. Applicant seeks the adoption of rules for the classification of gas wells in said pool and the dedication

unorthodox locations in its Penrose "A" Unit Area.

of 320 acres thereto.

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO P. O. BOX 2088 - SANTA FE 87501

May 22, 1973

GOVERNOR BRUCE KING CHAIRMAN

LAND COMMISSIONER ALEX J. ARMIJO MEMBER

STATE GEOLOGIST A. L. PORTER, JR. SECRETARY - DIRECTOR

Mr. Donald G. Stevens P. O. Box 1797 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: Commission Order No. R-4531

Doar Mr. Stevens:

Reference is made to Commission Order No. R-4531, entered by the Commission May 17, 1973, which order pooled all mineral interests down to and including the Morrow formation underlying the N/2 of Section 13, Township 22 South, Range 26 East, NMPM, South Carlsbad Field Extension, Eddy County, New Mexico, and designating your client, Tom Brown, Inc., as operator of the subject well and unit.

To avoid any misunderstanding as to when Tom Brown, Inc. should furnish the Commission and each known working interest owner in the subject unit an itemized schedule of estimated well costs (in accordance with Order 3), please be advised that the Commission regards a designated operator as the operator only after the order is entered, thereby making it incumbent upon Tom Brown, Inc., to furnish each of the above with a schedule of estimated well costs after May 17, but at least 30 days prior to commencing the well. Each non-consenting working interest owner will then have 30 days to make his determination as to whether to pay his share in advance or to pay out of production.

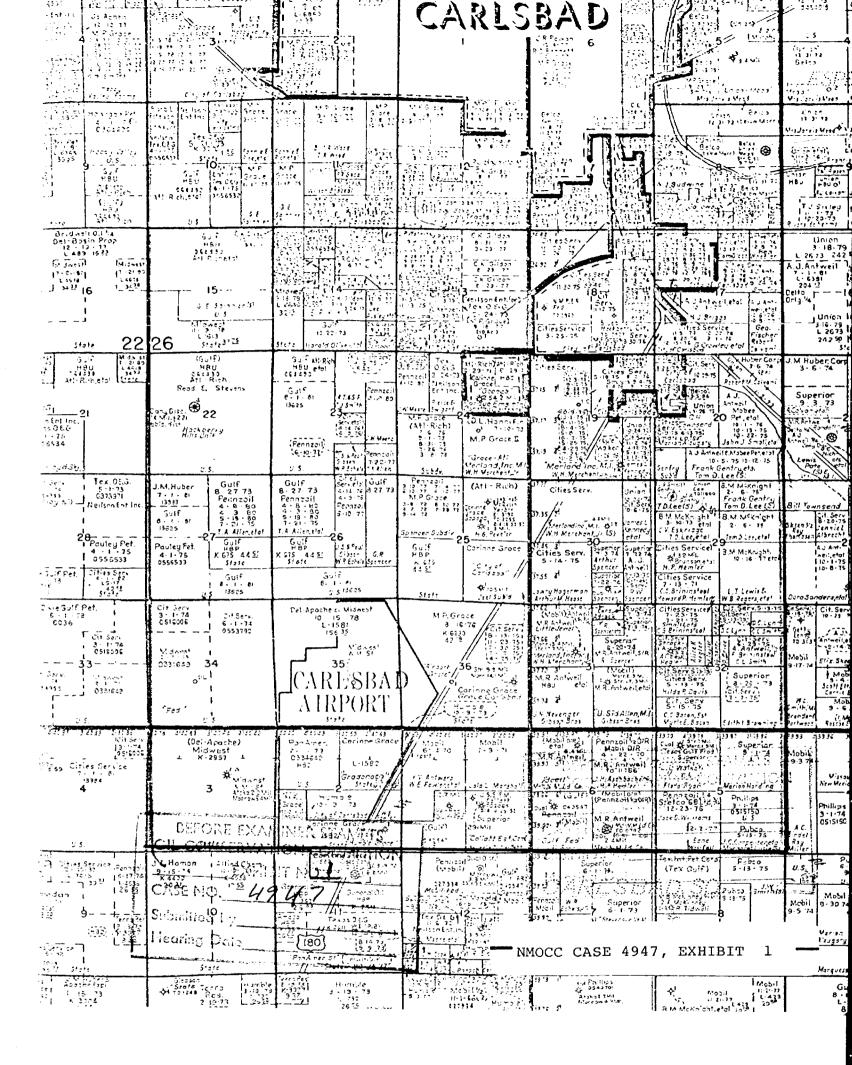
Please call the undersigned if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Yours very truly,

DANIEL S. NUTTER Chief Engineer

DSN/dr

cc: Mr. Jason Kellahin



TOM BROWN DRILLING COMPANY, INC. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

No			
Page	1	of 4	

WELL AND LOCATION. Carlsbad # 1, 1680	FM1. & 198	30 FEL.	Sec. 13. T-2	25 R - 26E.	
	County, 1			n Long	
JUSTIFICATION:					
REMARKS:					
OPERATOR:Tom Brown, Inc.	DIST	RICT: _	Midland	l	
INTERESTS:	Intar Co	igible sts	Tangible Costs	Total Estimated Cost	Actual Cost
Tom Brown Drilling Co., Inc.	\$168,	655.00	\$ 44,150.00	\$212,805.00	
7		100.00	67,650.00 10,500.00		
	\$204,	255.00		\$326,555.00	
	6				
Estimate By: Date	Co-Owr	ner Appro	oval:		
Jalua Oliver 4-11-73	_				·
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	By:				Title
Division Manager:	Date: _		entra di Santa		
Exploration Manager:		OIL	EFORE EXAMI Conservation	and account and	4
General Manager:	Ry:	CAST	EXEIDS	347	Title

TOM BROWN DRILLING COMPANY, INC. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXPENDITURE DRILLING AND COMPLETION

No					
	Page	2	αf	4	

Quantity	Items - Description	Intangible Costs	Tangible Costs	Total Estimated Cost	Actual Cost	
	DRILLING		}			
	Survey	\$ 200.00				
	Surface Damages	1,000.00				
	Roads & Location	1,000.00	[s			
	Surface Casing:					
	400' 13 3/8		3,400.00			
	Intermediate Casing:					
	5600' 9 5/8		38,000.00			
	Casinghead		4,000.00			
	Float Equipment		500.00			
	Scratchers & Centralizers]	250.00			
	Cement & Cementing Services	10,000.00				
	Mud & Chemicals	20,000.00				
	Water			ļ		
	Coring Services					
	Core Analysis					
	Testing Services	4,000.00				
	Logging Services	8,500.00				
	Geological Services	1,000.00				
	Engineering Services	1,000.00				
	Welding	200.00				
	Tool & Equipment Rental	2,000.00				
	Drilling Contract: 11,900 feet @ \$ 9.50 /foot	113,155.00				
		113,133.00	1			
	SB					
	Air Compressor:					
	days @ \$/day	-				
	Bits	•				
	Location Clean Up	750.00		1		
	Miscellaneous:					
		İ			•	
	Contingencies % Total Drilling Cost	2,500.00				
	ABANDONMENT				I	
	Cement & Cementing Services					
	Daywork:					
	1 day	1,350.00				
				. !		
	Miscellaneous:	2 000 00	. {			
	Cementing & Plugs	2,000.00				
	Loca Calvaga					
	Less Salvage: Well Head 2,000.00		(2,000.00)			
		168,655.00		- !		
	Total Dry Hole Cost	212,805.00	_			

TOM BROWN DRILLING COMPANY, INC. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXPENDITURE DRILLING AND COMPLETION

No				_	
	Page	3	of	Λ	

Quantity	Items - Description	Intangible Costs	Tangible Costs	Total Estimated Cost	Actual Cost
	COMPLETION				
	Production Casing:		\$ 43,000.00		
	Tubing: 2 7/8	·	19,400.00		
	Cement & Cementing Services Xmas Tree & Tubinghead	\$ 4,000.00	5,000.00		
	Float Equipment		250.00		
	Logging Services Perforating Services	1,000.00			
	Acidizing Services	2,000.00 5,000.00		Ì	
	Fracturing	10,000.00			
	Packers Test Tank Rental	2,000.00 500.00			
	Bits				
	Engineering Services	1,000.00			
	Welding Trucking	100.00			
	Daywork - Rig:				
	Daywork - Pulling Unit: 10 days @ \$500.00/ day	5,000.00			
	Tool & Equipment Rental:				
	Miscellaneous:				
٠	Contingencies 2500 %	2,500.00	67,650.00		
	Total Completion Cost	100,750.00	0,,030.00		
	TOTAL WELL COST				
	·				

TOM BROWN DRILLING COMPANY, INC. AUTHORIZATION FOR EXPENDITURE PRODUCTION

No			_	
	Pago	4	of	4

Quantity	Items - Description	Intangible Costs	Tangible Costs	Total Estimated Cost	Actua Cost
	PRODUCTION EQUIPMENT				
	Pumping Unit:				
	Power:				
	Electrical:				
	Bottom Hole Pump:				
	Rods:				
	Flow Line:			·	
	Tanks Separator Heater Treater		3,000.00 5,000.00 2,500.00		
	Dirt Work & Ditching Welding Circulating Pump	1,000.00			
	Fencing Engineering Services Labor	500,00			
	Guy Line Anchors Polish Rod & Clamp Stuffing Box & Pumping Tree				
	Connections & Fittings Header Trucking				
	Miscellaneous:				
	1200	1 000 00			
	Contingencies 1000 % Equipment Cost	1,000.00 2,500.00 13,000.00	10,500.00		
	TOTAL COST				

ESTIMATE OF PAYOUT PERIOD

Completed well cost

\$ 326,555

TBI revenue interest until payout

70%

Reasonable delivery rate

2 MM/day

Gas @ 50¢/M less 3¢ taxes

/. 7 _{*}

Operating cost per month

\$ 450

Monthly revenue 2,000M x 47¢ x 70% x 30 days - \$450 =

\$ 19,290/month

Annual rate of interest

7.5%

Payout period just under 18 months

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NMOCC CASE 4947, EXHIBIT 8

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of the estate of farmic B Charme Deceased Colored VIII of 6 38 Alabora & Hooval War Government

State of New Mexico

County of Iddy

On this the 'day of seem 1954

County of Personally appeared arthur M. Horse, Executor

Let in Estate of Family B. Osporna, deceased arthur M.

Mosse and Lesbia D. Hoese husband and wife, to me known
to be the persons doesn bed in und who executed the
forevoing instrument and acknowledged that they
executed the sime as their free act and deed.

In Bestiness in hercop Thair hereunto set my hand a no attreed my oppicial scal this the day and year in this certificate first above in them.

My Commission repres Could far 1757

State of New Menico

State of New Manico
Courty of Eig.

Ca this the cody of Figure 1984 before me personally approach to my Hagerman and Marie Louise Hayorman, husband and wife to my have not one the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they executed the annual Stear free act and deed.

To with Ess WHERFOF I have hereun to set my hand and affined my official seat this the day and year in this certificate yield above my tetra.

My worm some expression 17. 1957 Prolice

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BEFORE THE OIL AND GAS COMMISSION OF THEOR CONSERVATION Constants for

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

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 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF:

TOM BROWN, INC. FOR FORCED POOLING OF:

N/2, SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH,

RANGE 26 EAST, IN EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO:

No. 4947

APPLICATION

COMES NOW the Applicant, TOM BROWN, INC., a corporation duly qualified to do business in the State of New Mexico, whose address is P. O. Box 5706, Midland, Texas, 79701, and states:

1. Applicant hereby applies for an order for forced pooling of all the oil and gas minerals located in and under the following lands in Eddy County, New Mexico:

N/2, Section 13, Township 22 South,
Range 26 East, containing 336.6 acres,
more or less.

- 2. This application is filed pursuant to Section 65-3-14, NMSA 1953, as amended, and also pursuant to all applicable rules and regulations of this Commission.
- 3. The name or general description of the common sources of supply which will be affected by the order sought, are the following, all believed to be in the Pennsylvanian Age:

Cisco Formation; Canyon Formation; Strawn Formation; Atoka Formation; Morrow Formation.

4. The location of the well proposed to be drilled by the Applicant, who will be the operator of said well, is as follows:

1680' from the North and 1980' from the 4-/2-73
East lines of said Section.

It is not practicable to locate said well 1980' from the North and 1980' from the East lines of said Section for the reason that

such precise location would fall in an arroya which is subject to flood.

- 5. The proposed location is 550' from the nearest human habitation and 600' from the next nearest human habitation. Drilling operations could be conducted at such location without any undue hazards to life or property.
- 6. The proposed location lies outside the city limits of the City of Carlsbad, New Mexico.
- 7. Applicant is the owner of valid oil and gas leases on all of said half section, except on certain portions of said land as will be hereinafter described. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a plat showing the entire half section. The ownership of the minerals and the status of the leases on the tracts not under lease to Applicant are as follows:
- a. Sam Thomas is the owner of Lots 37 and 40 in Block 6 of Hoose Acres.

Paul Womack is the owner of Lots 25 and 28 of Block 6, Hoose Acres.

- Michael P. Grace, whose post office address is P. O. Box 1418, Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, is the holder of valid oil and gas leases on the 4 lots described in this subparagraph. The total acreage contained in said 4 lots is 5.50.
- b. Consuelo Saldana, Enrique Saldana, Epifanio Saldana and Amy Saldana, all of whom are minors, are the owners of an undivided 2/3 of Lot 24, Block 5, Hoose Acres. Said interest is unleased and it amounts to .916 acres. The address of said minors is 310 Curry Street, Carlsbad, New Mexico, and their father is named Brigido Saldana.
- C. W. A. Page, whose address is 10129 Monaco Drive, El Paso, Texas is the owner of Lots 15 and 18 in Block 5, Hoose Acres, said lots are unleased and the total acreage

contained therein is 2.75 acres.

d. Bill Taylor, whose address is Route 2, Box 74, Satanta, Kansas 67870, is the owner of the following lands:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 16, in Block 5 and Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 16 in Block 6 of Hoose Acres.

The mineral interests of Bill Taylor are unleased. The total acreage in the lands owned by the said Bill Taylor amounts to 43.03 acres.

e. Western States Broadcasters, Inc., whose address is 201 S. Halagueno, Carlsbad, New Mexico, is the owner of an undivided 1/4 of the oil, gas and other minerals lying in and under the following lands, to-wit:

N/2 S/2 NW/4, Section 13-22-26.

The interest of said corporation is not leased and it amounts to an undivided 10 mineral acres.

- 8. The lands under lease to Applicant amount to 274.404/336.600. The lands not under lease to Applicant amount to 62.196/336.600 acres.
- 9. Applicant is experienced in the oil and gas business and has the equipment, capital and personnel with which to drill a well to the projected zones and to act as operator thereof.
- 10. Applicant has made bona fide effort to lease the unleased lands in said half section as described above, but has been unable to do so.
- 11. All of said half section should be pooled to protect correlative rights, prevent waste and avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells.
- 12. The risk and expense of drilling said well to the projected depth of approximately 11,900 feet is great and if any

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of the working interest owners or unleased mineral owners in said half section do not choose to buy their share of the cost of drilling said well, Applicant should be allowed a reasonable charge for the supervision and a charge for the risk involved of 200% of the actual cost, in addition to recovery of the actual cost of drilling and completing said well.

Applicant desires a hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission.

WHEREFORE, APPLICANT PRAYS:

- That the Commission set this matter down for hearing before it.
 - 2. That notice be given as required by law.
- That upon hearing, an order be issued pursuant to Section 65-3-14, NMSA 1953, as amended, for forced pooling of all mineral interests in said half section with Applicant designated as operator and with the allowances mentioned in paragraph 12 above.

McCORMICK, PAINE and FORBES

P. O. Box 1718 Carlsbad, New Mexico

DONALD G. STEVENS

Attorneys for Applicant.

dr/

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

Jour

CASE NO. 4947 Order No. R- 753/

APPLICATION OF TOM BROWN, INC., FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, AND A NON-STANDARD UNIT, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on April 25, 1973, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Richard L. Stamets.

NOW, on this day of , 1973, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
 - (2) That the applicant, Tom Brown, Inc., seeks an order

pooling all mineral interests from the Surface of the grown including the Morrow Lo, matter the Personal South,

Range 26 East, NMPM, South Carlsbad Field Extension, Eddy County, New Mexico.

(3) That the applicant has the right to drill and proposes to drill a well 1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 13.

a non-standard 336.6-acre unit to be dedicated to a well/to be drilled 1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the

of Township 22 South, Runge 26 East, N.M. P.M. indicates that the N/2 of said Section 13 contains 336.06, acres and that this non-standard unit should be approved and be dedicated to said well.

W.

That there are interest owners in the proposed proration unit who have not agreed to pool their interests.

That to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, and to afford to the owner of each interest in said unit the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the gas in said pool, the subject application should be approved by pooling all mineral interests, whatever they may be, within said unit.

8 That the applicant should be designated the operator of the subject well and unit.

That any non-consenting working interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production.

That any non-consenting working interest owner that does not pay his share of estimated well costs should have withheld from production his share of the reasonable well costs plus an additional 120 for thereof as a reasonable charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well.

That any non-consenting interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to object to the actual well costs but that actual well costs should be adopted as the reasonable well costs in the absence of such objection.

That following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner that has paid his share of estimated costs should pay to the operator any amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and should receive from the operator any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.

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A3 (14) That 1/25.00 per month should be fixed as a reasonable charge for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charge attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating the subject well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.

wells which are not disbursed for any reason should be placed in escrow to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership.

In that upon the failure of the operator of said pooled unit to commence drilling of the well to which said unit is dedicated on or before Hugust 15,1913. the order pooling said unit should become null and void and of no effect whatsoever.

Lewin to and including

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That all mineral incerests, whatever they may be, from Surface of the ground through the Morrow formet on Section 13 , Township 22 South , Range 26 East , NMPM, South Carlsbad Field Extension , Eddy County, New Mexico,

are hereby pooled to form a/standard 336.66 - acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled

1680 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 13.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the operator of said unit shall commence the drilling of said well on or before the 1516 day of 1973, and shall thereafter continue the drilling of said well with due diligence to a depth sufficient to test the Morrow formation;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that in the event said operator does not commence the drilling of said well on or before the 158 day of Thygus, 1973, Order (1) of this order shall be null and void and of no effect whatsoever;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that should said well not be drilled to completion, or abandonment, within 120 days after commencement thereof, said operator shall appear before the Commission and show cause why Order (1) of this order should not be rescinded.

- (2) That <u>Tom Brown</u>, <u>Inc.</u> is hereby designated the operator of the subject well and unit.
- (3) That the operator shall furnish the Commission and each known working interest owner in the subject unit an itemized schedule of estimated well costs at least 30 days prior to commencing said well.
- (4) That within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him, any non-consenting working interest owner shall have the right to pay his share of estimated well costs to the operator in lieu of paying his share of reasonable well costs out of production, and that any such owner who pays his share of estimated well costs as provided above shall remain liable for operating costs but shall not be liable for risk charges.
- (5) That the operator shall furnish the Commission and each known working interest owner an itemized schedule of actual well costs within 90 days following completion of the well; that if no objection to the actual well costs is received by the Commission and the Commission has not objected within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual well costs shall be the reasonable well costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period the Commission will determine reasonable well costs after public notice and hearing.
- (6) That within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, any non-consenting working interest owner that has paid his share of estimated costs in advance as provided

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above shall pay to the operator his pro rata share of the amount that reasonable well costs exceed estimated well costs and shall receive from the operator his pro rata share of the amount that estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs.

- (7) That the operator is hereby authorized to withhold the following costs an charges from production:
 - (A) The pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.
 - (B) As a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well, 120 of the pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to each non-consenting working interest owner who has not paid his share of estimated well costs within 30 days from the date the schedule of estimated well costs is furnished to him.
- (8) That the operator shall distribute said costs and charges withheld from production to the parties who advanced the well costs.
- (9) That #125.00 per month is hereby fixed as a reasonable charge for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charge attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating such well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.

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- (10) That any unsevered mineral interest shall be considered a seven-eighths (7/8) working interest and a one-eighth (1/8) royalty interest for the purpose of allocating costs and charges under the terms of this order.
- (11) That any well costs or charges which are to be paid out of production shall be withheld only from the working interests share of production, and no costs or charges shall be withheld from production attributable to royalty interests.
- well which are not disbursed for any reason shall be placed in escrow in Edit County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership; that the operator shall notify the Commission of the name and address of said escrow agent within 90 days from the date of this order.
- (13) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Commission may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.