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## CASE NO.

7499

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MR. NUTTER: We'll call next Case Number 7499. 3 MR. PEARCE: Application of Amoco Production Company for compulsory pooling, Lea Courty, New Mexico. MR. MOTE: Clyde Mote for Amoco Pro-7 duction Company, in association with Bill Carr and Katie 8 Kruger. We'll have, probably have no witnesses 10 in this. 11 MR. EZZELL: Calder Ezzell with the 12 Hinkle Law Firm of Roswell, representing Dow. We have two 13 witnesses to swear. 14 15 (Witnesses sworn.) 16 17 MR. EZZELL: And we realize that Amoco 18 19 may wish to put on witnesses after -- after hearing our state 20 ment, and we have no objection. 21

being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oath, testified as follows, to-wit:

MARK MARTIN

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## BY MR. EZZELL:

Q Would you state your name, residence, occupation, and employer, please?

A. My name is Mark Martin. I'm Area Manager,
Dow Chemical, for New Mexico/West Texas, and I live in Midland, Texas.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

Mave you previously testified before the Oil Conservation Division for the State of New Mexico and had your qualifications as an expert landman accepted?

A. I have previously testified.

MR. EZZELL: We would tender Mr. Martin as an expert in the field of petroleum landman.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Martin is so qualified.

MR. EZZELL: Thank you.

Q Are you familiar with the application of Amoco in this case?

A. Yes, sir.

Q Could you explain your position?

Well, I was going to. As you know, we were here on the 3rd of March, I might give a little rundown as to what's happened since then, if you so please.

We talked to -- I talked to Mr. Vasquez

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on the 4th after the meeting and we set up a tentative meeting for the 17th in Houston, at which time we -- in the meantime our geologist got our maps cleaned up and get them in a presentable form. We went to Holston for the day on the 17th and met with Amoco folks there. We were well received and we showed them everything that we had come up with in the area and left them a complete set of cross section, and I don't know, five or six maps on different formations.

And I advised Amoco at that time that our intention in being there was that we were still trying to talk them out of a Devonian test at this particular location and that however we did agree that the Penn possibilities were very good in this area, and in fact we wanted to recommend to our management to participate in the Penn test, which we have now done.

And at any rate, I dvised them also at that time that we intended to notify the Commission as soon as possible that we wanted to appear at this meeting to show our maps and our interpretation of the area and that if -- if they, after looking at our information, if they could agree with us so that we could call the whole thing off

On, I think it was this last Friday,
I talked to Mr. Vasquez again and he indicated they were
meeting that afternoon to make a final determination and the

.

I think he called me back on Monday saying that they had made a final determination that they did not want to back off the Devonian location. They wanted to -- and also they didn't -- we suggested a slight change of location for a Penn test.

So at any rate, their advice was that they were going to appear here at the Commission and let it ride the way it was.

Description of the course, our purpose in coming back is that we want to put on some geologic evidence. We would hope to convince the Examiner that the geological evidence indicates a Devonian location as is proposed by Amoco is unwise and that -- and that it really isn't fair on the part of Amoco to force partners into a Devonian location at this point since the partners aren't near as well represented in acreage surrounding it as Amoco is.

And we feel that the result of a forced pooling being granted, that it puts Dow in a position of having to either participate in a well we don't really believe in to the Devonian, or it forces them out of their Penn rights, or into a farmout situation as to their Penn rights.

And we feel that we'd pay a disproportionate cost to help evaluate Amoco acreage, since they own most of the acreage to the north. The location directly to the north how would have 1/8th in and then this location, of

2 course, we have 1/4.

We would rather, if Amoco is intent on a Devonian test, that they move on their full interest acreage to drill it, and just kind of leave us out of it.

MR. EZZELL: Mr. Examiner, would you like the record of this hearing to reflect a summary of what transpired at the -- at the March 3rd hearing?

MR. NUTTER: No, sir, it's part of the record here already.

MR. EZZELL: All right.

A I guess that's all I have.

Q Do you have anything else to add to your testimony at this time?

No. As I say, we have recommended participation in a Penn test at this location and I have every reason to believe that we would be approved, that we'll be approved, this recommendation.

Q By your management?

A. Yeah.

A Have you made -- in your opinion has

Dow made every effort to negotiate a mutually acceptable ar
rangement with Amoco for the drilling of a well in this area,

be it a Devonian well or a Pennsylvanian well?

and the confidence of the confidence of

All farmout possibilities have been dis

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cussed and nothing has been mutually agreed upon?

We, as I stated before, we were given the choice of a 40 percent brok in farmout, which we didn't think was adequate in the event we elected to farmout. As I say, our desire is to try to convince our management, and I think we can, to participate in the Penn test, and we feel like it's got real good possibilities.

And I don't know whether we've done all we can as far as trying to cooperate with them. I do know that our geolgists went to -- spent a lot of hours getting these maps cleaned up and we're kind of short staffed, anyway.

best Amoco farmout proposal is infair and therefor you have not been able to accept that, and on the other hand, you have not been able to convince Amoco that they need to drill a vanian test rather than a Devonian test, and that's pretty much the status of the negotiations?

A Well, I won't say unfair. In some instances it would be fair --

In light of the offset production you do not feel that it's fair.

articles, and the state of the

Thank you.

MR. EZZELL: I have no further questions

And in other words, you feel that the

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1 2 of this witness at this time. 3 MR. NUTTER: Any questions of Mr. Martin MR. MOTE: Yes. 6 CROSS EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. MOTE: Mr. Martin, do you understand that Belco is also an interest owner in this particular property that's 10 being force pooled in this hearing? 11 That's right. 12 And is it your testimony or do you know 13 whether or not Amoco has offered you the same thing that 14 Belco's already accepted? 15 That's right, they have. 16 Isn't that some evidence to you that 17 they think that it's probably fair? Not necessarily. I think that there's 19 a lot of circumstances that would preclude -- that would 29 change their thinking on the farmout. I won't get into their 21 That's their business, of course. reasons. 22 With regard to this meeting that we had 23 in Houston you were met by employees of Amoco Production 24 Company there, were you not?

That's true.

Q. And you were with a fellow by the name of Jack Hammer and L. B. Taylor from your company?

A. That's right.

At that meeting were you not furnished a packet of well estimates which showed a good deal further information with regard to the rogram that Amoco intends to use in drilling this well, if approved?

A. Yes. We received a good bit of other information as far as the pipe program and mud and all that sort of thing. Now I'm not familiar with it because Mr. Hammer took that, all that information with him, and so I don't -- of course I couldn't interpret it, anyway, but yes, we were furnished a good deal of information on the engineering involved in the drilling of the well.

Q Is Mr. Hammer going to testify?

A. No.

You don't, just to get it in the record, you're not denying that we furnished a drilling program and a casing program and all the scout tickets of all adjoining wells, the bit records, the mud records, and other information dealing with the AFE that was previously furnished you. You agree that all was furnished to you, don't you?

A I don't know what was furnished. I lid! see it, but I know we didn't need the scout tickets. We had

1 all that, and when we got together, we kind of got on one 2 side of the room and then the engineering bunch got on the 3 other side of the room and discussed things, and 1 really don't know what all they did discuss, but I do know that --5 MR. NUTTER: Now when you say we got together on one side of the room, you mean the land people. 7 Well, the geologists and the exploration people, and then, like I say, the engineers got together and 9 they discussed their thing, and I'm not -- I'm not aware of 10 11 everything that they furnished, but I assume that Mr. Hammer got everything that he thought he needed because I haven't 12 13 heard anything from him. 14 MR. MOTE: No further questions. 15 MR. NUTTER: Are there any questions of Mr. Martin? I'e may be excused. 16 17 18 L. B. TAYLOR, JR. 19 being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oath, 20 testified as follows, to-wit: 21 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. EZZELL:

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Would you state your name, your residence occupation, and employer, please?

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2	A. L. B. Taylor, Jr., and I'm an area geologist for
3	Dow Chemical Company in Midland.
4	Q Have you testified before the New Mexico
5	Oil Conservation Division before?
6	A. No, I have not.
7	Q Would you briefly state your education
8	and employment experience, please?
9	A. I have a degree in petroleum geology,
10	a BS degree in 1949.
11	And where did you receive that degree?
12	A Texas Tech.
13	All right, and what could you tell us
14	about your work experience?
15	A. I worked for an independent in Midland
16	area when I first got out of school and then I went to work
17	for Southland Royalty about four years. I was on my own for
18	a few years and then I went to Great Western Drilling Company
19	and since 1976 I've been with Dow Chemical Company.
20	And the have you practiced your pro-
21	fession of geology
22 23	Yes.
23	Q continuously during that thirty some
24	odd year time?
25	Yes, I have.

1	14
2	Q What is your specific responsibility
3	with Dow Chemical?
4	A. I'm the Area Geologist for New Mexico
5	and West Te .as.
6	Q. And how much of your thirty plus year
7	experience has been devoted to New Mexico and West Texas?
8	A. All of it has been. I lived in Midlan
9	all that time except for five months I lived in Lovington
10	back in the early fifties.
11	MR. EZZELL: We would tender Mr. Taylor
12	as an expert geologist.
13	MR. NUTTER: Mr. Taylor is so qualified
14	Q Are you familiar with Amoco's applica-
15	tion in this case?
16	A. Yes, I am.
17	Q And have you prepared exhibits to ex-
18	plain to explain to the Commission the opposition that Dow
19	has to this application?
20	A. Yes, I have.
21	Q Would you proceed with your testimony,
22	please? There's a pointer up there if you need it.
23	A. I want to apologize for the size of
M	this thing, but I did not reduce it, but it has been revised
35	a little bit since we showed this to Amoco in Houston. Our

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map there.

map did not come out as well in here and we replaced that, and there were some small differences in perforations where I showed the pay zones. But anyway it is corrected as much as that. I believe all the perforations are shown in yellow, the productive zones.

This is what is typically called an area of the Strawn Lime, which is the first marker here, and I believe and the Atoka, the Morrow Clastics, Mississippian, Woodford, Devonian, and I believe that these Pennsylvanian formations do reflect the Devonian structure, and it's from this, the Morrow Clastics zone that I have Isopached the interval down to the Devonian, which I think is the key to the structure of the Devonian.

I want to say that I do not believe that the area to the north where the proposed location is, is separate from a well that produced water on drill stem test, that Shell well in --

Would you locate those on the map?

And this is the well right here that tested water.

If you could show the location on the

Oh, I'm sorry. Okay, this, this was a dry hole right here in 22 is the proposed location -- is the

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dry hole. The proposed location --

MR. NUTTER: Now there's two dry holes in Section 22. Which one?

Yes, sir, this is the Shell well. This one did not go to the Dovonian.

MR. NUTTER: Okay, the northernmost dry hole shown in Section 22, then.

Yes, sir. And that well is the Shell No. 1, North Antelope Ridge Unit. And the proposed location that Amoco has is this location up in here at this point, and I tie all this in in one structure and I believe that their location here, according to the structure on the Morrow Clastics and these other Pennsylvanian limes, reflect the Devonian, and I believe that this well right here will not -this location will not be any higher than the well in --

MR. NUTTER: Now you're referring to the proposed Amoco location which is in the south half of Section 32

Yes, sir.

MR. NUTTER: Where would that location fall with respect to your cross section?

Okay. This is the -- it would actually be to the north of this Adobe Well, which is productive out of what we normally call the Strawn, out of this zone right

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here, the 1-Y is the offset to it.

This is another well that was drilled. This is a BTA well, this was both productive out of the Atoka this is Atoka and Morrow Lime production.

MR. NUTTER: Now, Mr. Taylor, you keep saying this, this, this, and that's not going to reflect in the record, so if you can describe the location that you're referring to when you say this well.

The location -- the well in the -- in the north half of Section 2 is an Atoka well. This is an Atoka and Morrow Lime well in the south half of Section 2.

The yas well in the north half of Section ll is a Morrow well.

This is -- the well in the north half of Section 10, which is the southwest of the proposed location, is what we normally call the Strawn, Strawn Lime.

So I believe that this -- I can show on my man that we could move up dip by moving just to the east of this will structurally. We can gain structure in a better position for the Pennsylvanian, but I also suggest that this location here, the location would gain no structure to this well that got water on a drill stem test in the north half of 22.

And that is the well that penetrated

the Devonian?

A. Yes.

MR. NUTTER: Now on your cross section, Mr. Taylor, I see five wells that apparently have penetrated the Devonian. The one on the far right, which would be the one on -- the northernmost well on your map.

A. Yes, sir.

MR. NUTTER: And then it looks like about the ninth well from the top. That would be the well in Section 22?

The well in Section 34.

This is the well in Section 22, yes.

Q That is the dry!hole in Section 22.

A. Right here.

MR. NUT ER: And then there are three other Devonian tests there at the south end of the cross section.

A. These wells right in here are productive from the Devonian in Section centered in 34.

And I don't believe there is a separation structurally and the -- our estimated original oil -- gas/water contact, rather, is -11340, obtained from a grill stem test and other data, and these three wells that are productive in the south end of that area.

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This well got water at -- on a drill
 3
     stem test at a datum of -11260 to 11336, so --
                           MR. NUTTER: Now that's the one in Sec-
     tion 22?
                           Yes, sir, that's the well in 22, and
     actually it's about four feet high to the gas/water contact.
                           So, anyway, this one did get water at
     a point roughly equivalent to these wells here.
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                           MR. NUTTER: How about the other Devonian
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     wells?
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                           This one is a dry hole on a section up
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     to the north there.
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                           MR. NUTTER: it was high, however, wasn't
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     it?
                           It was high, yes.
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                           MR. NUTTER: Why was it dry, no porosity,
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     or what?
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                           I think it's structural position on
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     another structure.
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                           MR. NUTTER: Your map went further to
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     the north to show that structure continuing on up --
23
                           Yes, sir. I show -- I show this coming
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     up on another structure here, to the north.
                           MR. NUTTER: -- so it wasn't wet.
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posed -- the arrows I have would be a suggested location that would be, would gain structure on everything all the way down.

But their proposed location is in Section 3, 1980 from the east and 660 from the south line.

Q That is the unmarked circle?

It's the unmarked circle. And you can see that from this interpretation here, that we would gain very little structure. In fact their proposed location would probably be low to the dry hole in the Strawn, and I think you'll find that to be consistent, or just practically so, all the way through. It's going to vary some but it's going to be just about flat or low to that well as I interpret it.

MR. NUTTER: Where was the dry hole in the Strawn, Mr. Taylor?

A In the northwest of 22.

Me's referring to the Devonian dry hole.

The Devonian dry hole is a dry hole in everything, and at least it did not produce from anything.

I wouldn't say that it wouldn't produce, but -- from some of these zines, but it was a dry hole in the Devonian and tested water in the Devonian.

So your Exhibit Two represents your conclusion that the Amoco location in Section 3 is on a separate structure from the southern Devonian producers -

22 1 That's correct. 2 A. -- that they correlate it co. 3 That's correct, And it also goes to show your agreement 5 with the Amoco geology as to the productivity, the possible 6 productivity from the Strawn in the south half of Section 3, 7 although you have a slight different --Right. 10 You think they would gain structure? 11 We would gain structure, I believe, at their location over the Strawn well that's marked in yellow 12 13 there just southwest of it. 14 There's just one Strawn well in this field and that is the one that's been colored in yellow there, 15 just southwest of the proposed location. I do believe that 16 17 they'd have a good chance to make a Strawn well at that 18 location, but I think we would gain structure by moving to 19 the east. 20 Okay. I'd like to refer you to your 21 Exhibit Number Three. Would you explain that exhibit, please? 22 Exhibit Number Three is really the top 23 of the Atoka, the second line, second correlation here, and 34

I believe this is consistent with the Strawn, and I think

you'll find all these maps are consistent. There's a saddle

in the south half of 22. The Devonian dry hole is in the northeast corner of 22. The Atoka producers are outlined in yellow and the yellow triangles are indicated Atoka producers. I believe that the proposed location -- Amoco's proposed location will be flat or low to the well that tested water in the Devonian in 22. I believe the; can gain structure by moving to the east and that would be our proposed location where the arrow is.

- Q Gain structure in the Atoka?
- A In the Atoka.

Okay. So this Exhibit Three, like your Exhibit Two, shows your agreement with the Amoco position that the southcast quarter of Section 3 would be productive from the Atoka and also indicates your conclusion that the Devonian in that location would be on a completely separate structure from the Devonian producers to the south.

A That's correct. I would say it has a good chance of making an Atoka well.

Q All right, I refer you to your Exhibit

Number Four. Would you explain this exhibit, please?

A This is the top of the Morrow Clastics zone, right here, and I believe that you will see again that this is separated with a saddle here in the south half of 22.

The dry hole in the northeast of 22, Devonian dry hole, would

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indicate that the proposed location would be probably flat or low to that well, again, on the Morrow, as it has been on the Strawn and Atoka.

So once again this exhibit establishes the prospectivity of the Morrow Clastics.

A. I believe so.

And in the southeast quarter of Section

3, and that the -- is additional evidence that the Devonian would be located on a separate structure from the southern producers.

A. I'll qualify that a little bit by saying that, of course the Morrow Clastics are very erratic, but structurally we would gain structure by moving to the east just as the other formations have indicated. I see no gain in structure over that Devonian dry hole.

All right. I'd refer you to your Exhibit

Number Five. Would you explain this exhibit?

A Okay. Number Five is an Isopach between the Morrow Clastics and the Devonian. Based on the -- the structure on the top of the Morrow Clastics. And I believe that this also shows that our -- there is a thickening -- I've indicated where the colored triangles are all the wells that have penetrated the Morrow Clastics and gone to the Devonian, so these are actual measured thicknesses on the logical colored triangles.

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the yellow triangles. The others are estimates by adding the -- a thickening on the flanks of the structure to the actual Morrow Clastic structure that you just saw on the last map, and again I believe that we would probably be flat, roughly flat, with the well that went to the Devonian and got water.

So in my opinion all of these maps suggest that there would be -- we would gain no structure, or very little at all, over the well that tested water in the Devonian.

And once again this exhibit evidences your opinion that there is a separate structure --

- Absolutely.
- -- in the Devonian formation.
- Right.

All right, I refer you to your Exhibit Number Siy. Would you explain this exhibit, please?

This is my Devonian structure based on the Isopach. The estimated points are projected from the base of the -- from the top of the Morrow Clastics. The actual Devonian points are the ones that are indicated in yellow. The other points are estimated.

But I see no reason to tie this structure off at all to the north, as has been presented before, but

1 I believe that it's the same structure based on our Strawn 2 and Atoka and Morrow Clastics structure, and projected the 1so-3 pach on down to the Devonian. 4 I believe that everything suggests that 5 we can gain no structure at all at this location and it will 6 probably be flat or low to this well that tested water in 7 the Devonian. So in your opinion as an expert geologist, 10 and from a geological standpoint, would you consider the 11 Pennsylvanian series, that is, the Strawn, Atoka, and Morrow, 12 would you consider that geologically a relatively low risk 13 prospect? 14 Yes, just from the proximity of the --15 to the producers in that area, I would say it is a relatively 16 low risk ---17 Inasmuch as you --13 -- part of the Pennsylvanian. 19 Inasmuch as you have pretty good well 20 control on three sides. 21 Right. 22 What is your opinion on the prospectivity 23 of the Devonian at the Amoco proposed location? I think it's a kig risk to go to the 24 Devonian, based on information that I have presented here.

27 1 Okay. 2 MR. EZZELL: I have no further questions 3 of this witness at this time. MR. NUTTER: Are there any questions of 5 Mr. Taylor? 6 MR. MOTE: Yes, sir, Mr. Examiner. 7 CROSS EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. MOTE: 10 Mr. TAylor, with regard to the exhibits 11 which you've shown here, especially Exhibits, I believe, Six 12 and Five, what did you use to -- now Exhibit Six, what did 13 14 you use as a marker to determine information shown on this exhibit? 15 Did you come down from the top of the Morrow or 16 did you use some other marker? 17 From the Morrow Clastics marker, right 12 here. 19 I understood you to say awhile ago, was 20 I mistaken, that that was rather irregular, it was a hard sand 21 to pick? 22 I'm speaking of the pay zone within that formation. It's not hard to pick. I think that anyone will 23 24 agree that that's a good marker and it's generally picked in

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this area.

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But the, what I was saying is erratic is the sands within that zone as far as the irregularity, they're very irregular and erratic. And I would say that the sands within there, you're having some risk, of course, in that, finding the sands present, but structurally on the top of this Clastic zone, it follows all these other Pennsylvanian markers. So structurally we should be low, or flat to this well, but within that carbonate. Within that Clastic zone we can predict the sand is going to be there, they should be.

When you say it follows the other markers in the Pennsylvanian, are you meaning that you can start at the top, say, the Strawn, and you can pick it pretty easy.

And you pick a top of the Atoka, you more or less just used the same width of all the Morrow Clastics and things so far below the Atoka? Is that what you've done?

A. I think if you look at that closely you're going to see some -- some differences there. You're going to see that Strawn thinning there, but that -- it is generally a good marker for each one of those. We selected markers that we thought to be good correlative markers.

Q Would you consider the top of the Morrow Clastics to be a better marker than the top of the Strawn?

A. No better.

1	29
2	Q. Do you consider it as good?
3	A. The reason I use it is it's closer to
4	the Devonian.
5	Q Do you consider it as good?
6	A. No, I wouldn't consider it as good to
7	reflect the Devonian because it's closer.
8	I'm saying that all of these maps,
9	they're going to vary in some from each other, but each one
10	of them, I think, reflect the Devonian generally.
11	MR. EZZELL: Could you clarify that
12	question? I think it got on the record wrong?
13	A. I'm not quite sure I did understand the
14	answer to my question. Let me see if I do understand your
15	testimony.
16	That is that you can pick the top of the
17	the Strawn, you can pick the topoof the Atoka, you can pick
18	the top of the Morrow Clastics, each equally as well from
19	the markers within those zones, now is that correct?
20	A Yes, we can pick those markers here.
21	Q Isn't it a fact that each one of them
22	are more or less uniform and thickness has nothing to do with
23	it?
24	No, they are not that uniform, but the
25	marker that we use, we use the gamma rays, and so forth, but
15 T	· Addition - Stills is this is in the street Admine tale this diff on the fift his

1	30
2	I think that you'll find that they are good markers to follow
3	Q Do you have available to you any commer-
4	cial productions of cross sections, such as this, to make
5	these picks?
6	A. Yes, we do.
्र	Q And what do they use as their marker?
8	Do they use Strawn or do they use something else?
9	A. They the ones that I have use the
10	Strawn.
11	Ω Okay.
12	A. And I can't say for sure about the Mor-
13	row Clastics. I don't know whether they do or not; I think
14	they do.
<b>15</b>	Q Let's go to your Isopach map, which I
16	believe is your Exhibit Number Five.
17	Let me see if I understand what you've
13	done here. The yellow symbols on here are the Devonian com-
19	pletions, are those that penetrated the Devonian, is that
29	correct?
21	A. They penetrated the Devonian.
22	Q And strictly speaking, that is really
23	your only control on the map, isn't that correct?
24	A. That's the only measured control, yes,
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2	And all of these figures by all of the
3	various wells that are shown up and down the exhibit are
4	measured, you say, from what you
5	A. All of the yellow are measured on the
6	logs.
7	Q I'm not talking about the yellow ones.
8	I'm talking about all the other wells.
9	A These others are estimated.
10	Q Okay. So you've got a Devonian well to
11	the south in 22 and a Devonian to the north in Section 23
12	that do give you some control in the area, have you not?
13	A Yes, that's correct.
14	Q How far apart are those wells?
15	A Those wells are seven and a half miles,
16	I guess.
17	All right. Now, going from the one in
18	Section 22, I believe you're somewhere above the 1800-foot
19	Isopach and between draw sort of a line between those
20 20	two wells and you go from 1832 up to 1900 and you go up to
25	2000 feet, don't you? And it's somewhere above 2000 feet
22	there's a contour before you get to the other Devonian well
23	in Section 23 to the north don't you?
24	That's correct.
25	Q How far different are they in elevation

1	<b>32</b>
2,	those two wells, thickness, excuse me?
3	λ In elevation?
- <b>4</b>	Q Thickness is my question, I'm sorry.
5	A Now which two wells are you referring
6	to?
7	Q The two Devonian wells that you've shown
8	that you said were your control for that area.
9	A The two wells you're referring to, the
10	one in Section 23 and the one in Section 22, 1810 compared
11	to 1832 looks like 22 feet difference.
12	Q So you've shown for a difference of 22
13	feet in thickness between those two wells over seven and a
14	half miles distant, you've somehow gotten the idea that this
15	formation thickened somewhere over 200 feet between those
16	two wells, even though you have absolutely no control for
17	that, isn't that correct?
18	A. We have no control yes, we do have
19	control between those wells, we certainly do.
20	Q Now what
21	A. Based on our Morrow Clastic zone, we
22	have control, which I believe reflects the Devonian, and I
23	would separate the two.
24	Q You have no true measure
25	A, No measure.

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1	33
2	Q other than those two Devorian wells.
3	A. No measure.
Ą	Ω So over that seven and a half mile period,
5	I mean seven and a half mile distance, you've increased the
6	thickness of that zone over 200 feet. Do you agree with me
7	on that?
8	A. That's correct.
9	MR. NUTTER: I think, Mr. Mote, the re-
10	cord ought to show it's actually about six miles between the
12	two wells.
12	MR. MOTE: All right.
13	Q What would be the effect of a thickening
14	of the Morrow between those two wells from the standpoint of
15	the proposed location? Would it make the proposed location
16	a better prospect or a worse prospect?
17	A. Thickening in the Morrow in that direction:
<b>:3</b>	Q Yes, between those two wells.
19	A. Okay, let me interject something right
20	here. There is a thickening between the productive area and
21	the well in Section 22. Now if you look at those you'll see
22	there is a thickening, and a measured thickening.
23	There's a 1637 there in Section 4; 1642
24	in Section 34; 1782 in Section 27; 1832 in Section 22; and
25	then we jump way up six miles north and we get an 1810. There

34 is a thickening in that direction. Now your question is what would the effect of thickening do? It would make it lower. It would make it lower, normally. 5 So it would make a poorer prospect, is what you're telling me. For the Devonian, yes, sir. Now you constructed your Devonian con-10 tour map on this Isopach map, did you not? 11 You used the information from the Iso-12 pach map to construct your Devonian contour map? 13 That was one of the tools. It was 14 based on these several formations. 15 If you would, get out your Exhibit Num-16 ber Six. On the Devonian well which you show as being 11257 17 in Section 22, --18 Yes, sir. 19 What that 1157 on there? What does that mean? Is that the subsea depth, 11257? Is that the 21 subsea depth at which the Devonian was encountered? Yes, sir. 23 And going north, you have another well 24 there that didn't reach the Devonian. That figure 11294 is estimated in that well, is that correct?

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2		Λ	Yes, sir.	
3		Q	And what was that? Is tha	t a producer
4	in some zo	one?		
5		<b>A.</b>	Yes, it is.	and the second s
6	•	~ <b>Q</b> .	What was that?	
7		<b>A.</b> 1	That is the Atoka.	
8		Q	And then the one back to t	he north of
9	that in Se	ction 15 i	s at 11308 estimate.	
0		<b>A.</b> (1911)	Yes, sir.	
1		Q	What where is that well:	Is that
2	well			
3	The state of the s	Α.	That's also the Atoka. It	s right
4	here on th	is section		
-    5		<b>Q</b>	That was a dual completion,	wasn't it.
6	Atoka-Morr	ow?		
17		<b>A.</b> -	This one right in here. Th	is one did
8	have open l	hole produc	ction in the Morrow, yes. I	
9		And the second s	on the south was Atoka.	
<b>.</b> 0			All right, and now go back	to the well.
21	to the Devo	, v.	you show at 11257 ir Section	•
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about east of there you show another well that's -11335 where you estimated it touches the top of the Devonian, is that correct?

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	Q And what well is that?
	A. I don't have it on the cross section.
	I can't identify that.
	Q. All right. All right, now going to the
	well I just mentioned, which is in the southeast corner,
	southeast portion of Section 22, from there up to the Devonia
ľ	that's completed as a dry hole, it looks like you're going
	up structure, doesn't it, you go from 11335 up to 11257, do
	you not?
	A. That's correct.
	Q And when up to the well up to the north
	in Section 15 you hit the well that's 11294, estimated top
	of the Devonian, do you not?
	A. Yes, The second of the seco
	Q. So you're going down a little bit there
	aren't you?
	A That's right.
	Q Then you go to the next well which is
	11308 where it's estimated to hit the Devonian, you're
1	going down again, aren't you?
	A. Yes, sir.
	Q You weren't here to hear Mr. Allen
	Mr. Oertel's, Allen Oertel's testimony as a geologist in thi
	area, but have you seen his interpretation of this area?

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A. Yes, I have.

And you know that he closed his structure just right around the northern portion of Section 15 there.

In other words, the contour map would come back to the south.

Have you seen that interpretation?

A. I've seen that interpretation.

Do you consider that to be a reasonable interpretation since -- by where I've taken you from going from the lowest to the high and then back down that there may be some possibility that those contour lines may close there?

I see no reason for tying it off, as

I've stated before. I don't -- I don't see any reason for
tying it off.

Q Well, I guess my question was do you think it's a reasonable interpretation?

Who knows?

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I don't interpret it that way and I think based on these -- these other formations all the way there, that they're all about flat across there and I see no reason to put a saddle in that area. I certainly would see a rea or to separate the well that tested water from the Pevonian producers, put a saddle in there.

Q If the Devonian well that you show in

Section 22 and the one you show in Section 27, if they're on separate structures, as you show they are, why is it that the oil/water contact is so almost exactly the same?

A. Now what wells are you referring to?

Q. The one in 27 and the one in 22. I believe you testified that the oil/water contact was roughly the same in those two wells.

A. I didn't say that the -- wait a minute.

I say that this one has -- this one got water above where this, the well to the south got gas production. So it's not the -- they got water where this one had gas, is what I'm saying.

Q Well, what about the original oil/water contact in those two wells? Are they the same or not?

A. The gas/water contact?

Oh, gas/water contact, yes.

A. Between these two?

Yes.

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The gas/water contact may be approximately the same but they test -- they did not get any gas.

I don't where the gas/water contact, or if it has any. The
only thing I know is the well in Section 22 tested water and
no gas, so I can't say what it would be, if there's any gas/
water contact in Section 22, the well in Section 22; cer-

tainly didn't test it on drill stem test, and that's -- that is the whole point that this is separated from production, it has to be on a separate structure because of that.

We remembered your testimony to be that the gas/water contact was four feet different in those wells. Were we in error?

They tested water in an interval that runs above that, where the base of their test was approximately where the gas/water contact was in this well. well tested only water, so it has to be separated. There's no gas in that well, as far as I can determine; not from the drill stem test, there's certainly not.

MR. MOTE: I believe that's all

MR. NUTTER: Are there any other questions of this witness? He may be excused.

Did you have anything further, Mr. Ez-

zell?

MR. EZZELL: No further witnesses, no.

MR. NUTTER: Did you plan to put any

testimony on, Mr. Mote?

MR. MOTE: No, sir.

MR. NUTTER: Okay. I suppose we're ready for closing statements. Mr. Mote, you may go last being the applicant.

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the one thing that we have clearly established by the evidence is that the experts on either side disagree on the structure of the top of the Devonian and the March 3rd hearing we heard the Amoco expert geologist support his conclusions, which I believe did not take into consideration the dry hole in Section 22 at that time. His top of the Devonian war picked based on the average interval between the Devonian in the wells that they did have control to the south, and I believe one well three miles to the -- three or four miles to the west.

His Devonian tops were based upt the average interval between some point in the Pennsylvanian series and the top of the Devonian on those wells where the Devonian was penetrated.

By the same token the Dow expert geologist has done the same thing, projected the top of the Pe-vonian by reference to the -- some point in the Pennsylvanian,

I believe that this point his was the top of the Morrow Clastics.

There is, I don't think either -- either side would contend that the actual Devonian structure can be more than speculation and interpretation on the available data at this time, however, we have a situation in which both sides have certain rights and without some unusual application,

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someone is going come out on the short end.

Quoting our statute on forced pooling, from Section 70-2-17 of the '78 Comp, all orders affecting such pooling shall be upon such terms and conditions as are just and reasonable and will afford to the owner, or owners, of each tract or interest in the unit the opportunity to recover and receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the oil and gas, or both.

In this situation the proposed well by Amoco leaves Dow Chemical with three alternatives, all of which they feel to be unacceptable.

They are being asked to participate to the extent of a 30 or 25 percent working interest in this Devonian test, which will cost them at least \$1.1 or \$1.2 million on a well that their experts say should not be drilled, or at least should not be drilled to the Deyonian formation.

By the same token their experts are adamant that they should participate, or should drill, given the opportunity, a Pennsylvanian test in the south half of Section 3.

The second alternative offered by -- to Dow by Amoco is a farmout with a 40 percent back in. feel this is unfair because they will be farming out not

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only the Devonian rights but the farmout as proposed would include the Pennsylvanian rights. As we've heard from the Dow geologist and the Dow Area Manager, the company is very excited about a -- about a Pennsylvanian test. They would love to participate in it. They would love to get their money in the hole without having to be force pooled or farm out to where their participation in the Pennsylvanian production would be reduced by 60 percent.

The third alternative is to be subject to an order of this Commission force pooling their interest and in all strata. We would assume that Amoco would be asking the maximum penalty and if that was given it would be a 200 percent penalty applicable to all formations. This would be fine with Dow as far as the Devonian is concerned, because they have absolutely no expectations of Devonian production and they wouldn't care what the -- what the penalty is. But this same 200 percent penalty, if granted, would apply to the Pennsylvanian series. Dow thinks that is manifestly unfair in that all of the experts agree that it is a relatively low risk and very, very good prospective area to drill a Pennsylvanian well.

If the forced pooling order as requested by Amoco was granted, the penalty would apply not only, and assuming Dow is correct in that the Devonian is nonproductive

the penalty would apply not only to the costs of drilling the productive Pennsylvanian well, which everybody agrees will occur, but it would also cover the, what Dow feels would be unnecessary expenditure of the costs of drilling the well from the base of the Pennsylvanian down to the Devonian. So this would even -- even further delay their participation in the -- in the Pennsylvanian series because the well that would be subject to the well costs which the penalty would be paying back, would be the extra costs of drilling the Devonian well, rather than just the costs of the Pennsylvanian.

There's also the ugly spectre in Dow's mind that what if the 200 percent penalty were granted and Amoco drilled the well, got through the Pennsylvanian series and based on logs or shows or whatever engineering data was available, they stopped and completed in the Pennsylvanian. There they have a 200 percent penalty working on the Pennsylvanian where, and in fact have never drilled to the Devonian of Dow had known that would be the case, they would have participated in the first place in the Pennsylvanian test and we wouldn't have been here for two protracted hearings.

Dow certainly does not -- does not intend that Amoco has no right to explore the Devonian formation. Amoco owns the leases. They own numerous leases all •

 through the area, and we respect Amoco's right to drill a bad well. They think it would be — they think they've got a chance, they think they've got a reasonable chance, or they wouldn't be spending that kind of money, but our people disagree and cannot justify the expenditure based on geology with which they disagree.

would be quitable and in compliance with the statute, would be a division of the penalty between the Pennsylvanian series and the Devonian. What I'm saying is Amoco established at the original hearing that the Devonian is a high -- is a very high risk well, entitleing them to the maximum -- maximum penalty. Dow agrees with this. As a matter of fact, they would probably maintain that it is a no risk well because it has no chance at all, but nevertheless, it is a very risky proposition to drill to the Devonian.

On the other hand, everybody seems to be in agreement that the Pennsylvanian is not nearly as risky, and in fact, due to the numerous productive zones in the three offset wells, or four offset wells, that we've heard testimony about, it seems as though it is an exceptionally good Pennsylvanian prospect.

So we would propose in the event that the Commission feels that a forced pooling order must be

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entered, we wouldinitially ask that this order be denied, but if the Commission feels that an order must be entered allowing Amoco to drill to the Devonian, that the penalty imposed be the statutory maximum of 200 percent only insofar as it applies to the Devonian formation, and with respect to the Pennsylvanian series, and everything up the hole from there, since the risk element on which the penalty is based is not present to the same extent that it is in the Devonian, we would ask that a minimum penalty, not to exceed 100 percent, and perhaps lower, be imposed on the Pennsylvanian series.

I'm not aware of this having been done in New Mexico before. It is evidently fairly common in other jurisdictions where forced pooling exists. I would cite a March 25, 1980, case in the Supreme Court of Okrahoma, style C. F. Birun, B-I-R-U-N, and Company, et al, versus the Corporation Commission, wherein there were thirteen possibly productive zones. One party wanted to drill to the Hunton formation, which apparently lays some 13,500 feet below the surface. Other parties were eager to drill, not unlike this case, to the Morrow formation, which lay at about 11,000 feet subsurface.

The Corporation Commission, which is Oklahoma's comparable body to the OCD, entered an order pooling

as one unit all formations from the surface down to the base of the Morrow. Although they do not have risk penalties in Oklahoma, and instead compensate operators and penalize non-operators, or nonconsenting parties in a different manner, I think in Oklahoma a nonconsenting party is given an override and maybe a cash bonus, or a combination of the two, and never comes back in to participate in production, whereas the operator, although having to pay the cash bonus or be subject to the additional override, does get the additional working interest pooled. In that case one series of penalties was established for the top twelve formations down to the base of the Morrow, and a separate penalty was established for the separate pool, separate unit to be pooled, being the Hunton formation.

Oklahoma Supreme Court. It indicates in the case that it had been done numerous times by the Commission, although there was a controversy with respect to the formula allocating costs to the Hunton formation as opposed to the -- to the Morrow formation. The formula was in dispute and that is the reason it was appealed to the Supreme Court.

I think in our case it would be a relatively easy accounting to allocate costs for a Pennsylvanian Well as opposed to costs for a Devonian Well. The 200 percent

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penalty would apply to the costs for the Devonian; i.e. the excess costs, the margin of costs over that that it would take to drill the Pennsylvanian well. The 200 percent penalty would apply as to those costs and it would be based on production out of the Devonian formation.

The lesser penalty applying to the Pennsylvanian series, where the risk is not present to the same extent, would apply to Pennsylvanian production only insofar as it covers those costs, the reasonable costs for drilling a Pennsylvanian well.

This, it seems, would allow the applicant to drill a Devonian test without forcing this unnecessary hardship of the three alternatives I spoke of earlier, on down. The Respondent Dow would still be able to participate fully in the Pennsylvanian production that they desperately want to participate in, although it would be subject to this -- this lower penalty that we propose.

By the same token they would not be forced to spend \$1.1 million if the AFE is true, to drill a Devonian test that all of their experts advise against and that their management cannot possibly justify. This would be in accordance with the -- with our statute, which mandates the protection to the extent possible of all parties, and would still allow the drilling of the well at the proposed

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location or a location to be agreed upon, and allow both parties to participate in the formations that they so desire

MR. NUTTER: Thank you. Mr. Mote?

MR. MOTE: It's probably pretty evident from what the Examiner's seen already, that really no new evidence has been introduced. The control for the exhibits which are evidenced by virtue of testimony today are really just the same control points, the same evidence you've seen before, with some different interpretation on where the contours lie and the thickening of the various zones, some of which may be in our opinion strained.

For example, the Isopach map, the witness testified that the zones were more or less regular in thickness, starting with the top of the Strawn on down to the top of the Devonian, but when he contoured the Isopach map, even though there was only 20 feet difference metween the only two control points, he arbitrarily establishes a thickening of over 200 feet, and he admits that the thickening of the -- this interval by over 200 feet has the result of making the proposed well a less desireably location because it puts us further off the top of the structure.

Since he bases his contour map on the top of the Devonian on the Isopach map, it's very evident that the thickening in the Devonian of the Isopach map is

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what is shown up in the contour map to make the proposed location much less desireable.

Now the one suggestion that he makes to move the well to the east, of course, is an unorthodox location, at least looks like it to us. We don't believe it's orthodox; it would require probably another hearing. But our testimony, our interpretation, as you well know, is that the high exists all the way down from the Strawn to the Devonian at the proposed location. We certainly believe that it's there.

We're willing to risk Amoco's money on it and are willing to gamble \$4.4 million dollars on the fact that this Devonian prospect and that we can recover from the Devonian, and we'll go it alone, if necessary. I think we're entitled to do that, it's our lease. We do think that it should be pooled in order to be able to lake this test, but if Dow wants to stay out, that's fine.

They say they weren't offered anything that was reasonable. Well, we've seen -- heard from witnesses that Belco thought it was reasonable enough to accept the offer. The only reason Dow is staying out, apparently, is because they don't want a Devonian test or they don't want the money. I haven't figured out yet exactly which of those two are their basic, primary reasons, but for one of the two

reasons, they just don't want a Devonian test. That's I guess, the main difference between the parties.

If the Devonian test is made and allowed under the application before you at this time, then if it's completed as a producer, then you're going to have faster payout. There's no doubt about it. Dow's going to recover its money faster so that it can get back in the well if it wants to stay out, but it doesn't have to get in if it doesn't want to.

with regards to the penalty, we believe that the 200 percent penalty is absolutely necessary all the way down, and I heard some testimony in another case this morning that the penalty was mostly because of whether or not production may be obtained. In other words, the penalty seems to be considered by some based on the question of whether or not a successful completion of a well is going to be made.

We consider a penalty for many other things, could be necessary, such as it's going to take a longer time to drill the well because you're down in the Devonian.

So the risk is greater the longer the length of time that it's going to require things to be considered, such as the possibility of fire and blowout,

and other things, over a longer period of time. The risk is there and we ask that the 200 percent penalty apply all the way from the top down to the bottom.

Actually, the suggestion made by counsel for Dow to split the penalty between zones, we think would be as horrendous as actually to split ownership, which we addressed before. Most of the extra costs are going to be spent by the time we get down to the Devonian. The zones, we're going to have a problem with which zones might get prior preference with regard to workovers and things like that, the legal l'ability involved, all those things just make a split ownership theory completely unworkable.

There's no way that we can take the estima ed costs that permit you to establish a penalty on a Pennsylvanian test as opposed to a Devonian test, because we don't know what -- what's going to happn, in what stages it's going to happen. If something happens in the Pennsylvanian that is not -- you can't go on down to the Devonian, then we think that the 200 percent penalty should apply to that, also.

If something happens down in the Devonian, we think that the 200 percent should apply all the way down.

There's just no way that it can be

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divided up between the parties and come out with any sort of equity.

I think it all boils down to the fact that this is an Amoco lease; we're willing to spend the money; we think the location is there and we think the State is entitled to know what's down there, and we'd like to find out whether or not the State's got some production down in the Devonian, and we're willing to spend the money to do it.

MR. NUTTER: Thank you, Mr. Mote.

Does anyone else have anything to offer

in Case Number 7439?

We'll take the case under advisement.

(Hearing concluded.)

## CERTIFICATE

I, SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R., DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that the said transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

Svely W. Boyd Cor

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case No. 2 heard by me on Conservation Division Caminer

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CASE

7499

1 2 STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG. 4 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 3 March 1982 5 EXAMINER HEARING IN THE MATTER OF: 8 Application of Amoco Production Company for compulsory pooling, 9 Lea County, New Mexico. 10 11 12 13 BEFORE: Daniel S. Nutter 14 15 TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING 16 17 APPEARANCES 18 19 For the Oil Conservation W. Perry Pearce, Esq. Division: Legal-Counsel to the Division 20 State Land Office Bldg. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 21 **∠2** For the Applicant: Clyde Mote, Esq. 23

AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY Post Office Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001

	1		<b>2</b> 2
	2	APPEAR	ANCES
	3		
	4	For Dow Chemical:	T. Calder Ezzell, Jr., Esq. HINKLE LAW FIRM 600 Hinkle Bldg.
	-		Roswell, New Mexico 88201
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er in ag in til	9		
	10	EXHIB	I T S
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ing Wilton (1997) Sha Wilton (1997)	12	Applicant Exhibit One, Plat	6
	13	Applicant Exhibit Two, Letter	<b>8</b>
	14	Applicant Exhibit Three, Letter	9
	15	Applicant Exhibit Four, Letter	
	16	Applicant Exhibit Five, Letter	12
	17	Applicant Exhibit Six, Composit	<b>23</b>
*2	18	Applicant Exhibit Se en, Struct	ture Map 27
	19	Applicant Exhibit Eight, Struct	ture Map 28
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	20	Applicant Exhibit Nine, Structu	are Map 29
	21	Applicant Exhibit Ten, Structur	re Map 30
	22	Applicant Exhibit Eleven, Struc	cture Map 33
	25	Applicant Lxhibit Twelve. Docum	ient
	24		

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2	MR. NUTTER: We'll call next Case 7499.
3	MR. PEARCE: Application of Amoco Pro-
4	duction Company for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New
5	Mexico.
J	MR. NUTTER: I'll call for appearances
7	in this case.
8	MR. MOTE: I'm Clyde Mote, attorney,
9 .	representing Amoco Production Company, in association with
10	Bill Carr.
11	We have three witnesses.
12	MR. EZZELL: I'm Calder Ezzell, with th
13	Hinkle Law Firm of Roswell, representing Dow Chemical.
14	
	We are opposing the application and I
15	have one witness.
16	
17	(Witnesses sworn.)
18	
19	MR. MOTE: Let the record show that
20	1 ve handed a full, complete of all the exhibits which will
- 1 N	
21	be offered in this proceeding to opposing counsel for Dow
22	Chemical, and three copies to the Examiner.
23	We have as our first witness Mr. Philip
24	Vasquez
35	- 보통하는 것 이 이 경영 보고 된 사람들의 사용을 생물을 보고 한다. 그 사용을 받는 사용을 받는 수 있다. 그는 한 경영 경영 1982년 - 1987년 - 1982년 - 기교 전 기교 전 기교 및 1987년 - 1982년 -

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2	PHILIP VASQUEZ
3	being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oat
4	testified as follows, to-wit:
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6	DIRECT EXAMINATION
7	BY MR. MOTE:
8	Q If you would, please state your name,
9	by whom employed, and in what capacity and location?
10	A. My name is Philip Vasquez. I'm em-
11	ployed by Amoco Production Company in Houston, Texas. I am
12	employed as a landman.
13	Q. And what is your educational qualifi-
14	cations?
15	A. I graduated in 1978 from the University
16	of Texas with a BBA in petroleum land management.
۱7	Q After graduation you went to work for
18	Amoco, is that correct?
19	A. That's correct.
20	Q. And what has been your duties since
<b>L1</b>	going to work for Amoco?
2	A I have worked in the land department a
3	Amoco for three years.
4	Q Have you previously testified before
5	the Division?

The proposed location, that's right.

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well.

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2	Q All right. Po others do you do
3	others own an interest in the proposed 320-acre pooling area
4	A. Yes, sir, they do. Belco and Belco
5	Petroleum and Dow Chemical Company each own an undivided
б	half interest in the west 160 acres, being the southwest
7	quarter of Section 3, and which is approximately 80 acres
8.,	per company. They each hold 80 acres.
9	Q So what you're saying is Amoco owns abo
10	a half of it, and each of them own about a quarter in the
11	320 acres. Is that what you're saying?
12	A. That's correct.
13	Q All right, have you personally had dis-
14	cussions with people from Belco and with Dow concerning a
15	voluntary communitization of this property?
16	A. I have.
17	And with regard to your discussions
18	with Belco, what was the result of your discussions with
19	them?
20	A. Belco farmed out to the drilling of this
21	well for 1/16th override with the option to convert their
22	override at well payout to a 40 percent working interest.
23	Q All right, have you also had discussions
24	with Dow?
25	

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2	Q.	And were your discussions with someone
3	who's in this room	?
4	A.	That's correct, Mr. Mark Martin.
5	Q	Now, have you been able to work anything
6	out with Dow up to	this time?
7	<b>A.</b>	No, we haven't.
8	Q	Did you make them the same offer as you
9	made to Belco with	regard to a farm out
10	A.	We have.
11		farm in to Amoco?
12	<b>A.</b> 3	We have.
13	Q	All right, turn to your Exhibit Number
14	Two. I believe thi	is is a letter dated January 13th, 1982, to
15	Dow from Amoco Prod	duction Company, is it not?
16	A.	That's correct.
17	Q	And I wish you'd just briefly summarize
18	the substance of the	is letter to the examiner.
19	<b>A.</b>	This is our proposal letter to Dow
20	Chemical Company pr	coposing the drilling of an approximate
21	14,900 foot Morrow	Devonian formation test, showing the loca-
22	tion, or showing th	e where we will be drilling the well
23	in Section 3, Towns	hip 23 South, Range 34 East in Lea County.
24		We have supplied the estimated gross
25	dry hole and estima	ted gross producer costs. We have also

proposed a one section working interest area, which makes up the entire Section 3. We show the acreage breakdown and the percentages of the two -- the three parties.

We also give them an option, an alternative to joining the drilling of this well by farming out to Amoco and having Amoco pay for the entire cost with Dow to retain a proportionate 1/16th overriding royalty interest convertible at well payout to a 40 percent working interest.

- Q Have they responded favorably to this letter?
  - A. No, they -- they did not.
- All right, I believe you've got another letter dated February the 5th, 1982, which was a letter to Dow and Belco, I believe. Would you please turn to Exhibit Number Three? What does this letter show in substance?
- A. By formal request from Belco, Amoco received authority to show our geological information and our Devonian prospect to both Dow and Belco, contingent upon them committing to either farming out or joining in the drilling of the subject well.
- Q Did you discuss with Dow and Belco at times previous to this the possibility of coming to this Division for obtaining the compulsory pooling order?
  - . We had. We notified by telephone that

we were eager to see this well drilled as soon as possible and that we were going to put this on the docket for the compulsory pooling hearing in order to speed up the drilling of this well, since we had received negative responses from them prior to this letter.

Q. All right. Did it seem like, in your discussions with Dow, that the primary concern is that they are not interested in making a Devonian test? Is that your understanding?

- A. That's correct.
- All right, do you have --

MR. NUTTER: Before we go on any further, Mr. Vasquez, this Exhibit Three is a letter addressed to Belco and Dow.

A. Yes, sir.

MR. NUTTER: However, on page three of the exhibit is the return receipt of Belco and page four is simply something addressed to Amoco.

Is there evidence here that you sent this to Dow, also?

A. Sir, this is an error and I do not have evidence here showing that.

Q You have discussed with them their receipt of this letter, have you not?

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A. this letter and	Yes, they have a	acknowledged receipt of
this letter and		
	MR. NUTTER: In	subsequent correspondent
or		
<b>A.</b>	Yes, subsequent	telephone conversations
	MR. EZZELL; Mr.	Examiner, Dow did re-
ceive that letter.		
	MR. NUTTER: Oka	y, fine.
	MR. EZZELL: In	a timely manner.
	MR. NUTTER: Oka	<b>Y</b> •
Q	Turn to your Exh	ibit Number Four. I
believe this is the	letter which made	an application for the
hearing which we're	now in the proces	s of hearing, is that
correct?	la de la companya de La companya de la co	44 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
<b>A.</b>	That's correct.	
<b>Q</b>	And was a copy o	f this letter sent to
both Belco and Dow?		
<b>A.</b>	That's correct.	
<b>Q</b>	And is this the	first time that we have
something in writing	showing that the	south one half of the
section is is wha	t is proposed to b	be compulsory pooled?
1	That's correct.	
	And why was it no	ecessary, if you know,
to go to the south o	ne half rather tha	an using the entire
	Q believe this is the hearing which we're correct?  A. Q. both Belco and Dow? A. Q. something in writing section is is wha. A. Q.	A. Yes, subsequent MR. EZZELL; Mr.  ceive that letter.  MR. NUTTER: Oka  MR. EZZELL: In  MR. NUTTER: Oka  Q. Turn to your Exh  believe this is the letter which made hearing which we're now in the proces correct?  A. That's correct.  Q. And was a copy o  both Belco and Dow?  A. That's correct.  Q. And is this the  something in writing showing that the section is is what is proposed to  A. That's correct.

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1 12 2 section from the standpoint of compulsory pooling? 3 We -- I believe we can only compulsory pool proration units around legal locations. 5 What you're saying is a Devonian test in this area would -- would not permit more than 320-acre 6 7 dedication. Is that what you're saying? That's correct. All right, go to your Exhibit Number 10 I believe you just received this letter recently. ald 11 you not? 12 Yes, sir, last Friday. 13 If you would, just give us the substance 14 of this letter. I believe this is a letter from Amoco Pro-15 duction Company -- to Amoco Production Company from Dow, 16 is it not? 17 That's correct. 18 Give us your understanding of the broad 19 range of what it states in this letter. 20 This letter requests a continuance of 21 this hearing for an additional thirty days, stating that 22 they, Dow Chemical did not have sufficient time to evaluate 23 our proposed well. And also this letter proposes various

options that we may be able to work out with Dow Chemical

where the same of the same and the same and

for the drilling of this well.

This also acknowledges, does it not, that they received the January 13th letter?

A. That's correct.

And have you discussed with them whether or not they had some knowledge of the actual application of Amoco for the south half dedication sometime before January 13th, 1982?

Mell, for the proposal of this -- this one section working interest area and drilling of this well, they did say over the telephone that they had been notified by Belco previous to this.

Q Previous to January 13th of '82?

A Previous to January 13th, that's correct

Q Since Dow has made this request for a continuance, why does Amoco feel it necessary to -- to continue with this hearing?

A. We feel it's necessary due to the fact that we would like this well drilled as soon as possible. There is a possibility of drainage being taking place under this south half proration unit by the direct offsetting wells that are around to the south, southeast, and east of this south half proration unit.

Also, we have had to reschedule a deep rig to drill this well and we would -- we have one scheduled

to drill this well as soon as possible, and as soon thereafter 3 as we receive an order from the Commission. Do you have anything further to testify 5 in this proceeding? 6 I do not. 7 MR. MOTE: We offer Exhibits One through 8 Five into evidence and tender the witness for cross examination. 10 MR. NUTTER: Exhibits One through Five 11 will be admitted in evidence. 12 Are there any questions of the witness? 13 MR. EZZELL: Yes, sir, Mr. Examiner. 14 15 CROSS EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. EZZELL: 17 Mr. Vasquez, you were the landman in 18 charge of the -- of putting together this proposed unit for 19 Amoco from the word go? 20 That's correct. 21 When -- when were the -- your prospective 22 partners in this -- in the originally proposed one section 23 .working interest unit initially contacted? 24 Bolco Petroleum was contacted in early 25 November and a formal letter was written to them on November

5th.

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At that time Belco said that they -- that they represented Dow Chemical Company. They were working interest partners with them and that it would only be necessary to send a letter to Belco Petroleum.

Q. Was that in fact the case?

A. No. At the time I -- in early January
I again tried to contact the parties. Belco maintained the
same thing but I called Dow, Mr. Mark Martin. He said that
he had been notified by Belco earlier about this proposal of
this well but he had not received a copy of the letter.
Therefor, I wrote up another letter and sent it to Dow Chemical.

Q And that misrepresentation by Belco explains the discrepancy of some two months between the November 5 letter to -- to Belco, and the January 13th letter to both Belco and Dow?

A. That's true.

All right. When you said that Belco, who has an interest, I believe, of a net of 25 percent of the south half, has agreed to farm out.

A. That's right.

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Q When did they agree?

They agreed by telephone, I believe,

1 2 Friday, last Friday. 3 So they had -- they had a full two months more to look at the deal than -- than Dow, but they still just -- just got around to agreeing to your proposal on last Friday? 7 That's correct. 8 Okay. You -- you stated this is a Devonian test? 10 A. Yes. 11 And that the Devonian is to be produced 12 on the basis of a 320-acre production unit. Why have you' 13 designated the south half, where Amoco only owns a half in-14 terest in the -- in the leases, rather than the east half, 15 if you still want to have that proposed well location, where 16 Amoco would have a full 75 percent of the unit? 17 MR. MOTE: May I interject this? I 18 believe that question would be more properly directed towards 19 the geologist, who will testify next. 20 MR. EZZELL: All right, I'd be happy 21 to hold that question. 22 23 very eager to drill this prospect.

You stated that, twice, that Amoco is

That's correct.

By virtue of some problems with schedul:

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a deep rig and drainage.

Is it the Devonian that's being drained or is it in fact Pennsylvanian series formations, Morrow, Atoka, Strawn?

A. Again, could you ask our goologist that question? I could tell you that it's the Pennsylvanian formation with the limited knowledge I have, but I believe for --

- I just thought we could testify --
- A. Yes, to
- Q -- to what the wells show producing on your map --
  - A. Un-huh.
- Q -- were drilled to, but I will defer that question, as well.

With respect to your specific negotiations with Dow Chemical, your initial proposal was for a full one section working interest unit.

- A That's correct.
- With a 1/16th -- with either participation or a farmout hased on 1/16th with a 40 percent back in.
- A 40 percent back in, that's right, due to the extreme risk and cost involved.
- you received from Dow, your Exhibit Five, on February 26.

With the same of t

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Does that letter, in your opinion, indicate their willingness to work with Amoco either in the drilling of a -- of a test well to the Morrow formation or the drilling of a test well to the Devonian formation on seeing your -- your reasoning for choosing a Devonian test, or in the alternative, offering a farm out on the basis of a 1/16th override and a 50 percent back in?

A. These are just suggested terms and there is no commitment on Dow to do any of this, and this was the first correspondence we received from Dow since the beginning of our negotiations. Therefor, we -- we felt that it was necessary to proceed with the hearing if -- if Dow was just going to start doing something on -- on this prospect at this time.

Q Well, don't you think this letter evidences Dow's eagerness to work something out with Amoco as far as the participation or a farm out with respect to the proposed test?

A I believe it represents Dow's eagerness to delay the hearing another thirty days and, you know, talk about terms. That's true.

I believe that we, you know, after the order is issued, if Dow Chemical proposes terms that are acceptable to Amoco, Amoco will be more than willing to

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<b>2</b>	negotiate those terms and accept something that's reasonable
3	Q But in fact, Dow has on the date of this
4	letter proposed a 1/16th a farm out with a 1/16th override
5	convertible to a 50 percent back in working interest at pay-
6	out.
7	A. Again, this is not a commitment. This -
8	Q But it is a suggestion?
9	A is just suggested terms, that's
10	right.
11	Q Did you respond to Dow after receipt of
12	this letter?
13	A. No, I responded to Dow right before
14	they mailed it to us. On Friday morning I notified Dow of
15	Belco's farming out under terms of 1/16th, back in for 40
16	percent, and at that time Dow, or Mr. Martin, informed us
17	that they were going to send a letter by telecopy real quick
18	to us, so we would have something to bring to the hearing
19	today.
20	g So Walday was the 26th of February?
21	A. That's correct.
22	Q That is the you received this by
23	I received that Friday afternoon.
24	Ω telecopy on the same day that
25	A Right after.

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1		<b>20</b>
2	Q.	Belco agreed to the farmout?
3	A.	That's correct.
4		Okay.
5		MR. EZZELL: I have no further questions
6	of this witness.	Thank you, Mr. Vasquez.
7		
8		CROSS EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. NUTTER:	
ĪÛ	<b>Q</b>	Mr. Vasquez, somewhere in this testimony
11	or in these documer	nts, I get the impression that Belco has
12	farmed out to you f	or 1/16th override and a back in at payout
13	of 40 percent propo	rtionate working interest.
14	A.	That's correct.
15	Q	And also I note in the Dow letter, on
16	page two, in the mi	ddle of the paragraph it says as a last
17	resort it would be	recommended from this office that Dow
18	farm out on the bas	is of a 1/16th override convertible to
19	a 50 percent back i	n at payout.
20		Now those terms are not acceptable to
21	Amoco, I presume?	
22 ,		That's correct.
- 1		
23		Co what's notaing you up is the differ-
24	ence in the 40 perc	ent versus the 50 percent back in after -

Yes, sir.

Proportionate back in after --Q. 3 Yes, sir. A. MR. NUTTER: Are there any other questions of the witness? 6 MR. MOTE: I have a couple more I'd like to ask. 8 MR. NUTTER: Yes, sir. 10 REDIRECT FXAMINATION 11 BY MR. MOTE: 12 Just to make the record clear, just 13 because we're having this hearing today, does that -- do you 14 not intend to discuss anything further with Dow with regards 15 to trying to work something out? 16 No, we -- we intend to continue nego-17 tiations if ac all possible. 18 And you're asking that this hearing go 19 forward and that an order be issued as soon as possible so 20 that things will not be delayed, but in the meantime are you 21 saying that you're going to continue to try to work with Dow 22 to work something out? 23 That's correct. 24 And today in this proceeding, do you anticipate, knowing the evidence, that we're going to furnish

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2 them with the full geological evidence that we have with 3 regard to this reservoir, or rormation? That's right. MR. MOTE: I believe that's all. 6 MR. NUTTER: Are there any other questions? The witness may be excused. MR. MOTE: Call Mr. Allen Oertel. 10 ALLEN OERTEL 11 being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oath, 12 testified as follows, to-wit: 13 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. MOTE: 16 If you will, please state your name, 17 by whom employed, in what capacity and location? 18 My name is Allen Oertel. I'm employed 19 by Amoco Production Company of Houston as a petroleum geolo-20 gist. 21 Are you familiar with the area concerned 22 in this application? 23 Yes, I am. 24 And are you familiar with the application made?

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1	<b>23</b>
2	A. Yes.
3	Q Have you previously testified before the
4	Division?
3	A. Yes.
6	MR. MOTE: Is there any question con-
7	cerning his qualifications to testify as an expert geologist?
8	MR. NUTTER: He's qualified.
9	Q You'll be asked to testify concerning
10	certain exhibits. Were these exhibits either prepared by
11	you or under your supervision and direction?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q Turn to your Exhibit Number Six, which
14	I believe is a composite of several things, is it not?
15	A. Yes, it is.
16	Q All right, if you would, just go through
17	these if you would, just go through this exhibit and ex-
18	plain what each of the various matters on here show.
19	
20	hibit is a regional geologic map. It indicates by the orange
21	
22	arrow and a black dot the approximate location of the sub-
	ject well, being in southern Lea County, New Mexico, in the
23	northern portion of the Delaware Basin.
24	Immediately above that is a generalized
25	stratigraphic column of southeast New Mexico. Gas well

symbols to the right of the column indicate possible gas reservoirs, being the Wolfcamp, Strawn, Atoka, Morrow, and Devonian formations.

In the center of the exhibit is a type log of the area which we feel to be representative of production that may be obtained. The log is the Shell No. 1

Antelope Ridge Unit, located in Section 27, Township 23 South Range 34 East.

The well initially potentialed in 1962 from the Devonian with a CAOF of 48.9 million cubic feet per day.

MR. NUTTER: Excuse me, Mr. Oertel.

A. Yes.

MR. NUTTER: Now on your map up here you've got an orange arrow. Is that the proposed location?

A. That is the proposed location.

MR. NUTTER: And this log is of a Shell well in Section 27, so it's approximately three miles, four miles to the south, is that correct?

A That's correct.

MR. NUTTER: Okay.

A. The total production from the Devonian in this well was 5.1 Bcf plus 113,000 barrels of oil. It was abandoned, recompleted in 1967 in the Morrow, potentialing

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9-million a day, and to date, as of 12-1-81, which was the latest date we had production figures available for, had cumed 23.5 Bcf plus 221,000 barrels of oil.

The plat located in the upper right portion of the exhibit is a plat showing the production of the Antelope Ridge area as of 12-1-81. The color coding, blue dots represent Devonian production; red are Morrow; green, Atoka; brown, Strawn; and Wolfcamp production is indicated by yellow dots.

There is no Wolfcamp production in the

The orange arrow, as you mentioned, does indicate the proposed location of the subject well. I would like to indicate the significant wells around the area which we feel to be important.

The first well would be over in Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 34 East. All the subject wells are in that township and range. This is the Continental Bell Lake Unit No. 6. This well was completed in the Devonian flowing 30.5 million cubic feet of gas per day. This was in 1960. It is still producing approximately 1-1/2 million per day and to date has cumed 24.9 Bcf.

So Devonian wells in this area can be

quite long lived.

immediate area.

2 Q, How far is that well location from the 3 proposed well? Approximately three miles to the west. 5 All right, go anead. 6 Directly to the east of Section 3 is an 7 Atoka completion, the BTA 8006. This well potentialed in 8 the Atoka and potentialed flowing 3.76 million cubic feet 9 per day plus 252 barrels of oil. 10 Immediately to the south and southeast 11 of our proposed location the BTA Hudson State No. 1-Y poten-12 tialed out of the Morrow flowing 4.6 million cubic feet of 13 gas per day. 14 And immediately to the south of our 15 proposed location a Strawn completion which potentialed in 16 1961 flowing 400 Mcf per day. 17 In --18 MR. EZZELL: What was that last one? 19 In Section 10 it's the Williamson AAA 20 Federal No. 1. 21 And then down in Section 14 and 15, in 23 the east half of Section 14 the BTA Ridge, which potentialed 23 out of the Morrow flowing 912 Mcf per day. In the west 24 half of Section 14 the Natomas Supron 14 which IP'd flowing 6.73 million cubic feet per day out of the Atoka-Morrow

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In the south half of Section 15, an Atoka completion, completed with a CAOF of 11-million a day, and finally, in the north half of Section 15, a well was potentialed out of the Atoka flowing 8.8 million a day, and from the Morrow with a CAOF of 3.3 million a day.

We feel that this shows that the production in the area is very good from several horizons.

Does that conclude your testimony on this exhibit?

Yes, it does.

Turn to your next exhibit, please, Exhibit Number Seven. I believe this is a structure contour map on the Wolfcamp, is that correct?

Yes.

MERCHANIA CONTRACTOR

All right. Would you please explain what's shown on this exhibit?

As you mentioned, this is a structure contour map on top of the Wolfcamp formation, elevation excuse me, the contour interval is 100 feet; all elevations given are in subsea values.

What this shows is that there is a high in the south half of Section 3. Our proposed location again indicated by an orange arrow, and we are drilling as close

to the top of this structure as a legal location in the south 2 half of Section 3 would allow. 3 Are all wells shown on this exhibit wells which you used in your -- as control in your opinion as to now 5 these contour lines are made? 6 7 Yes. A. All right, go to your Exhibit Number 9 I believe this is the same type of map on the Strawn, 10 is that correct? 11 Yes. A. 12 All right, explain this map. Q. 13 Again this shows a similar shaped struc-14 ture in the south half of Section 3, with our proposed loca-15 tion again being on the highest portion of the structure that 16 a legal location in the south half of Section 3 will allow. 17 Does this show a Strawn producing well 18 on this exhibit? 19 Yes, it does, in the north half of Sec-20 tion 10, the Williamson AAA Federal No. 1 potentialed last 21 year flowing 800 -- excuse me, flowing 400 Mcf per day. 22 And this in the Strawn shows that like 23 the Wolfcamp that the proposed location seems to be on a high 24 in this --Yes.

with a series of the series of

29 1 -- formation, is that correct? 3 Yes. All right. Go to Exhibit Number Nine. 5 I believe this is a structure map as well as an Isopach of 6 the Atoka, is that correct? 7 Yes. 8 Explain what's shown on this further to 9 the Examiner. 10 On the right half of the exhibit -- the 11 left half of the exhibit is a structure contour map of the 12 Atoka formation. It shows a high in the south half of Sec-13 tion 3 with our proposed location being again on top of the 14 structure near the crest, as close as a legal location would 15 allow. 16 In the -- on the right half of the ex-17 hibit is an Isopach of the productive interval within the 18 Atoka formation. Contour intervals on this are 10 feet and 19 it shows that we expect to hit 70+ feet of productive incer-20 val in the Atoka formation at the proposed location. 21 Does -- are any wells shown on this ex-22 hibit which are actually producing from the Atoka? 23 Yes. 24 Which wells are those? In the north half of Section 2, the BTA

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Antelope 8006 productive from the Atoka, flowing 3.76 million per day plus 252 barrels of oil. We would be approximately 300 feet up dip from that well.

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Down in Section 14 in the west half, this well is productive from the Atoka-Morrow interval.

7

In Section 15 in both the south half and the north half, both of these wells are productive from the Atoka.

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And like this as well as the other exhibits, did all of the wells which you've shown on there
penetrate the Atoka and were used in control in this exhibit?

13

11

12

A. Yes.

14

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Q Go to your Exhibit Number Ten. I believe this is a structure map and an Isopach map in the Morrow, is that correct?

16 17

A. Yes, it is.

18

Q Please explain this exhibit further to the Examiner,

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20

M. On the left half is a structure contour map on the top of the Morrow formation. Again a structure in the south half of Section 3 with our proposed location near

2223

the crest of the structure.

24

portion of the exhibit, a gross sand Isopach of the Morrow

On the west -- excuse me, righthand

3.44 × 4.

formation. It shows that we would expect between 70 and 80 feet of sand at our proposed location.

Q. Would you -- are most of the wells shown on these exhibits also used in control in your preparation of these exhibits?

A. Yes, they are, all are.

I notice a good sand configuration on the east one-half of the Section 3. Why is it that you favor a south half dedication as opposed to a west -- to an east half dedication?

A. While --

Q On this Section 3?

sibly have a thicker sand package in the Morrow, it wouldn't give us as good of a structural position, which we feel would be more favorable. We would be possibly as much as a 100 to 150 feet down dip in an east half dedication, and an example of the type of thing that I'm speaking about is down in Section 14.

Two wells, noth of them ponetrating the Morrow, in the east half of Section 14, BTA Ridge encountered 73 feet of sand in the Morrow. They attempted to complete in the Morrow. It flowed 900 Mcf.

The well in the west half of Section 14

MR. NUTTER: And if you had an east half dedication a standard location would be in the north half of the southeast and you'd be losing structural position by moving north.

That's correct.

Do you have anything further with regard

to this exhibit?

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	1
2	A. No.
3	Q. Turn to Exhibit Number Eleven.
4	I believe this is a structure map on the Devonian, is that
3	correct?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q All right, would you please explain thi
8	exhibit further to the Examiner?
9	A. This shows a structural high in the
10	south half of Section 3 with our proposed location again bei
11	near the crest of the structure.
12	Q Does the Devonian in this area have goo
13	porosity and permeability?
14	A. In the area wherever the Devonian has
15	been tested they have encountered good porosity a perme-
16	ability; however, what is necessary for a Devonian well is
17	good structural position. Wells that have tested off struc-
18	ture in the Antelope Ridge Bell Lake Area have produced
19	water.
20	Q In your opinion as a geologist, do you
21	believe that i( is necessary that Amoco drill this well at
22	this location to protect its correlative rights in the area?
23	Yes. Yes.
24	Q And do you believe that, knowing the
25	drillingknowing the completed wells in the area of this

1 proposed location and the possibility of drainage even now 2 and in the fucure occurring, do you think it's necessary 3 that this well be drilled as soon as possible? Yes. 5 Of course, the area in the immediate б vicinity of this proposed location are not Devonian completions, is that correct? 9 A. That's correct. 10 But there are completions in three other Q. zones within the immediate vicinity of the proposed well, 11 12 are there not? 13 Yes. And what -- what three zones is that 14 15 that they have been completed in? 16 They're completed in the Morrow, the 17 Atoka, and the Strawn. 18 Do you have notes to show which ones of 19 the wells those are? 20 Yes. On Exhibit Number Six, the color 21 coding indicates the zones of completion in this in the 22 wells that you have mentioned. 23 In Section 2, Atoka completion; in 24 Section 11, a Morrow completion; in Section 10, a Strawn 25 completion; and then down in Sections 14 and 15, Morrow and

Atoka completions.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Oertel, some mention has been made that the well in Section 10 could be an Atoka completion rather than a Strawn completion. Is it completed in -- in the lower Strawn?

A. It was completed --

MR. NUTTER: That could be interpreted as being Upper Atoka or vice versa?

A. According to our interpretation, we believe it to be a Strawn completion, and that's the way it was reported.

It was originally reported as a Wolfcamp completion but later reissued as a Strawn completion.

MR. NUTTER: Well, when it was reported as a Wolfcamp completion were the perforations the same as what they are now?

A. Yes.

MR. NUTTER: So it was originally reported way up there then.

A. Well, that was a -- we thought it odd that there was Wolfcamp. It would have been the first Wolfcamp completion in the Antelope Ridge area, and so we looked at it and at that time we decided that it wasn't Wolfcamp; that it was Strawn, and then it was subsequently re-released

as a Strawn completion.

3

MR. NUTTER: I see.

MR. MARTIN: Would it be possible for

5

me to interject something on this well?

6

MR. NUTTER: Yes, sir.

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We're inder that well. MR. MARTIN:

farmed out to J. C. Williamson.

MR. NUTTER: Let the record show it's

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Mr. Martin of Dow Chemical speaking.

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MR. MARTIN: Yeah. And as the intent

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of the farmout was, and the way it was written, because they

had some kind of nomenclature hearing that they got Wolfcarp

14

assigned to the zone in and above 12,010 feet.

15

Now that concerned me at the time.

16

guess I was too dumb to really go ahead and check it out be-

17

fore we got involved in it, because -- anyhow, as I said,

13

they went ahead and, as you say, called it a Wolfcamp, and

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they referred to it as a Wolfcamp all the time.

20

And they completed, I think, in about,

21

oh, about 11,900 or something like that, 11,800 or 900. Any-

22

way, there was something like 20 feet down to where that cut

23

off at.

And, like I say, that's been a concern

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to me a long time. What it was, if they're getting production,

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out, yeah.

in the first place we have a tough time getting information from them, but if they are getting production, is it coming from there or is it coming from down the hole. And we have tried different ways of trying to convince them to, well, what are you to do, maybe send surveys down to try to find out where the -- where the gas was coming from.

But, as I say, we've always called that particular zone in there the Strawn, too, and as I say, they came out with some kind of a nomenclature hearing out of -- out of New Mexico a few months ago whereby that was classified as Wolfcamp.

And I'm sorry I can't be more definite about it, but to be truthful with you, I don't know if it's Strawn or -- or Wolfcamp, either.

MR. NUTTER: And Dow is a party to the

MR. MARTIN: We're -- well, we farmed it

No, we're not a partner. We were a party to the original Adobe AAA Well years ago and then under this part of Section 10, the way it's owned is this: That Supron has 45 percent, Dow and Belco own 55 percent together. And then we all jointly farmed out to J. C. Williamson about the time these wells down in 15 were --

1 38 MR. NUTTER: Well, now, you said you 3 were a party to the old AAA. MR. MARTIN: Yeah. 5 MR. NUTTER: The AAA is the new well, isn't it? 6 7 MR. MARTIN: Well, the --The Adobe Federal is the AA. MR. MARTIN: -- AA. 10 MR. NUTTER: The Adobe Federal is the 11 AA. MR. MARTIN: 12 Okay, AA. 13 MR. NUTTER: Yeah. 14 MR. MARTIN: Old Adobe AA Well that was 15 drilled there, and then they drilled a substitute well for 16 it. They lost it, I guess, shallow, and then, as I say, 17 the deal was to re-enter that well and recomplete out of the 18 Wolfcamp and the Bone Springs. That was Williamson's proposal. 19 And we had no object to that -- no objection to that, but 20 as I say, there is some doubt as to what is really accurate 21 about it, so we're going to have to draw a conclusion one 22 of these days. Excuse me. 23 MR. NUTTER: Well, that clarifies it to 24 the extent that we're still confused.

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Does that conclude your testimony, Mr.

2 Oertel? 3 Yes, it does. A. MR. MOTE: With that we offer Exhibits 5 Six through Eleven into evidence and tender the witness for cross examination. 7 MR. NUTTER: Exhibits Six through Eleven will be admitted in evidence. 9 Are there any questions of the witness? 10 MR. EZZELI: Yes, Mr. Examiner. 11 12 CROSS EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. EZZELL: 14 Mr. Oertel, how long did you say you'd 15 been with Amoco? 16 Fourteen months. 17 Fourteen months. Is that your first 18 employment? 19 Yes, since graduation. 20 Since receiving your graduate degree? 21 You testified that the basis for the laying down of the pro-22 posed drillsite unit as opposed to standing it up in the 23 east half was structure based on the Morrow formation, is 24 that correct? Structure based on Wolfcamp, Strawn,

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2	Atoka, Morrow, and Devonian formations.
3	Q Okay, well, you just testified from one
4	exhibit that only had Morrow as to the as to the reason
5	for laying it down as opposed to standing it up.
6	A. Well, if I may add, all exhibits show
7	that the structural high is in the south half of the section
8	and that's the way I intend it to be.
9	Q Okay. On your Exhibit Eleven, which is
10	your contour map of the Devonian, in this cross section map
11	there are correct me if I'm wrong there are no wells
12	that have penetrated the Devonian?
13	A. That's correct.
14	Q Okay, so this is this is a projection
15	A. Yes, it is.
16	Q There's
17	A. All subsea elevations or control points
18	are marked as estimated.
19	Q. Okay. The where is the nearest well
20	that has penetrated the Devonian?
21	A. Three miles to the east of the proposed
22	location, which is the Conoco Bell Lake I'm sorry, the
23	west, to the west.
24	Q Okay.
25	A. Conoco Bell Lake 6, which potentialed
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41 2 in 1960. 3 What about the Shell Northeast Antelope Ridge No. 1, I believe it is, looks like it's three miles due south, excuse me, two and a half miles due south in Sec-5 tion 22, north half? 7 Section 22, north half. To my knowledge that did not penetrate the Devonian. . 9 Okay, our map showed it being 14,761 10 feet. Would that not have reached the Devonian? 11 That would have reached the Devonian. 12 Okay. So if this map is correct, which 13 is just a commercially prepared map, that would have -- that 14 would have penetrated the Devonian but you do not have that 15 as a part of your control, if it did? 16 That's correct. That is to the south. 17 I used only those points that are on the map as control points; 18 Okay. Yet your control well for the 19 entire area is one mile further south than this Devonian 20 dry hole that we just talked about. 21 That's correct. 22 Okay. And you testified that the wells 23 that were draining Section 3 were --I didn't say that they were draining. No, not that --Q.

And they've got that behind the pipe?

Q DST?	Okay. That was Williamson that did that
DST?	
	en e
<b>A.</b>	
	No, that was the Adobe Federal AA.
That was in the old	well.
Q	MR. MARTIN: That was the old well,
yeah.	
<b>A.</b>	That's right.
	Oh, okay, I misunderstood you.
	And it was plugged.
<b>Q</b>	Okay.
<b>A.</b> (1996)	So that just indicates what I feel to
be more Atoka potent	ial in the area.
	In Section 11 Atoka has not been pro-
duced because we're	still producing Morrow out of that well.
So there is a good p	otential in that well.
<u>a</u>	In other words, there is, for the entire
	, there is great potential in Section 3
at your proposed loc	ation.
	Yes.
<b>Q</b>	Based on the offsets and the structure
maps you've	
in the state of th	That's correct.
a	brought us, for which you have actual
	yeah.  A  Q  A.  De more Atoka potent  duced because we're  So there is a good pool  Q  Pennsylvanian series  at your proposed loca  A.  Q  maps you've

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control.

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That's right.

Okay.

MR. EZZELL: Thank you. I have no further questions.

I have one thing I would like to add. On the Devonian map --

MR. EZZELL: What exhibit is it?

The Exhibit Number Eleven. I'd just like to add the method in which I contoured this, which I feel to be valid. Since there are no Devonian tests in the area I used all of the Devonian tests in the area, which I knew of at the time, measured the thickness of that interval from the Strawn to the top of the Devonian, and this was approximately four or five wells in the Antelope Ridge Area. That thickness did not vary more than 100 feet over approximately twelve miles.

So I felt confident in adding that thickness from the Strawn to the Devonian to show the Devonian structure.

Also, the fact that Devonian wells in the area have proved to be productive for over twenty years, I feel that this is also a very good spot for a Devonian location.

2	Q, So	you do you have anything besides
3	your projected, based of	on the bottom of the Strawn, is that
4	what you projected from	the interval between the bottom
5	top of the Strawn	
6	A. Fr	com the top of the Strawn to the top
7	of the Devonian.	
8	Q. To	the top of the Devonian from the con-
9	trol wells in the area	that didn't have any control.
10	A. Th	e control wells in the Antelope Ridge
11	area.	
12	Q. Ok	ay. Do you have any seismic covering
13	the area shown on your	structure map?
14	A. Th	e geophysicists tell me this is in
15	the middle of an area c	alled the San Simon sink and at the
16	present time there is n	o geophysic coverage in the area.
17	Q. Ok	ay, so your projections on the Devoniar
18	show on your Exhibit El	even and are based on the average
19	thickness of the interv	al in the area between the top of the
20	Strawn and the top of t	he Devonian.
21	A. Th.	at's correct.
22	Q Ok	ay, thank you.
23	MR	. NUTTER: Are there any other ques-
24	tions of the witness?	He may be excused.
25	MR.	. MOTE: We'll call as our next witness

Mr. Jim Allen.

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J. C. ALLEN

being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oath, testified as follows, to-wit:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. MOTE:

Q Would you please state your name, by whom employed, in what capacity and location?

A. My name is James C. Allen. I'm Regional Petroleum Engineering Supervisor for Amoco Production Company from Houston, Texas.

Did you prepare the application in this
proceeding?

A. I did, yes, I prepared the letter requesting the hearing.

Q You're familiar with the area and the subject matter of this application? Is that correct?

That is correct.

You've testified previously many times

before the Division, have you not?

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A Yes, sir.

As an engineer?

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All right, sir. This worksheet is an estimate on, for example, we run through on the day work ballis, we've estimated 125 days to drill and complete a dual

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Morrow-Devonian test, at \$8000 a day for the rig, or a \$1,000,000.

Going on through here, I think most of the items are self-explanatory.

When we get to the bottom, this does reflect a complex casing program which will be used in this well.

For example, you'll notice we are setting 2200 feet of 20-inch surface casing. The AFE previously furnished partners only called for 700 feet, but experience in the area has shown that additional protection is needed and therefor we increased this to 2200 feet.

So we have broken it out into both tangible, intangible costs, as well as the casing string.

And do you have a copy of the casing program available in case the Examiner wants to see it, or anyone else here in this room?

I have wellbore sketch which reflects this casing program that is available if anyone would care to see it, yes, sir.

And what was your estimate with regard to the drilling and producing of this well?

All right. The costs, dry hole costs are \$3,616,000 and producer costs are \$4,409,000.

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2	Q. That's slightly different from the
3	testimony already in this proceeding for an AFE, is it not?
4	A. Yes. It's approximately \$200,000
5	higher, and this is a direct result, almost exclusively
6	well, it is a direct result of adding the additional 1300
7	feet of 20-inch casing; additional drilling time, et cetera.
8	Q All right. Have you made any calcula-
9	tion of what you consider overhead costs to be in connection
10	with this proposal?
11	A. Yes, sir, I've used the overhead costs
12	which we used in negotiating with other major operators
13	within the State of New Mexico.
14	Q All right, and what would those over-
15	head costs be per month while producing and while drilling?
16	A. The overhead charge costs are
17	\$420 a month while producing and \$4200 a month while drilling
18	Q Have you more or less made a survey of
19	costs in the area of majors to determine whether or not this
20	is somewhere in the ballpark?
21	A. I have compared this with negotiated
22	overhead charges we have with other major operators within
23	southeast New Mexico, and we're approximately in the middle.
24	There are two or three higher and a couple lower.
25	Q Well, do you consider these costs usual

and reasonable when considering the other major companies 3 operating in the area? A. Yes, sir, I do. Do you have some sort of penalty to recommend to the Division? Well, I'd recommend the 200 percent penalty be approved, particularly in view of this deep and expensive a well. 10 And Amoco Production Company to be 11 operator? 12 Yes, sir. 13 Does Amoco anticipate for this well to 14 be commercial and pay out costs of drilling and operating, 15 plus a reasonable profit to the unit? 16 Yes, sir. 17 In your opinion would the granting of 18 this application be in the interest of conservation, the 19 prevention of waste, and protection of correlative rights? 20 Yes, sir. 21 MR. MOTE: We offer Exhibit Number 22 Twelve into evidence. 23 MR. NUTTER: Exhibit Twelve will be admitted in evidence. MR. MOTE: And I submit the witness

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2 for cross examination. 3 MR. NUTTER: Do you have any questions of Mr. Allen? MR. EZZELL: No, sir. 6 7 CROSS EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. NUTTER: Mr. Allen, I notice here on your AFE 10 you've got 28,400 feet of tubing. Is that sufficient tubing 11 for a dual completion, triple completion, quadruple comple-12 tion, or what? 13 Yes, sir, that's for a dual completion, 14 to include both the Morrow and the Devonian. 15 I see. So you're anticipating a dual, 16 although you've got three possible Pennsylvanian zones --17 That's right. 18 -- and the Devonian. 19 This entire estimate is for a Devonian-20 Morrow dual. 21 I see. 22 If it's anything other than that --Okay, it's identified at the top, I see. Yes, sir. MR. NUTTER: Are there any other question

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2 of Mr. Allen? He may be excused. 3 MR. MARTIN: Am I -- am I allowed to ask a question? MR. NUTTER: No, sir. MR. MARTIN: Okay. MR. NUTTER: Your attorney can. MR. MOTE: That concludes our case, Mr. Examiner. 10 MR. NUTTER: The witness may be excused. 11 Mr. Ezzell, would you call your witness? 12 MR. EZZELL: I'd like to call Mr. Mark 13 Martin. 14 15 MARK S. MARTIN 16 being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his oath, 17 testified as follows, to-wit: 18 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. EZZELL: 21 Mr. Martin, would you state your name, 22 your residence, your occupation, and your employer, please? 23 My name is Mark S. Martin and I'm with 24 the Dow Chemical Company. I'm Area Manager for the oil and 25 gas -- I'm Area Manager for the New Mexico, Texas-New Mexico

Area of the Oil and Gas Division of Dow Chemical.

Q Would you state your educational background and work experience, please?

A. I have a business degree from the University of Nebraska from way back, '56, and I've worked for about eight or nine years with Exxon, it was called Humble then, now Exxon, in Oklahoma in all, various stages of land work, and then I went with Samedan Oil Corporation in 1965 and moved from Ardmore, Oklahoma, and I've been in Midland, west Texas ever since '65.

And I've been with Dow Chemical about eight years, now. I've been Area Manager the last six or seven.

Q Are you familiar with the well proposed by Amoco that's been the discussion of this hearing.

A... Oh, yes.

Q When did it first come to your attention?

A. I had heard rumors there was going to be a well proposed probably end of December or first of January. It -- the location was shown on the 12-31 PI report as being staked at that time. I know that's when the geologist pointed out that there was a well staked in -- in the area, and if I had heard about it prior to that time, it was, perhaps, in an offhand method; nothing except that

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Mary Ward, who is the landman for Belco, indicated that Amocd was going to propose a well in this general area.

I was not -- I was not in direct contact with Amoco until sometime in the early part of January when, first time Philip called me, and indicated then that his information was that Belco handle I it for both of them and I assured Phil then that that wasn't the case and that would he please -- or he probably volunteered to send me a letter with the proposal, and that's the letter of the 13th with the AFE attached.

Q Which was promptly received.

A. Oh, yeah, I don't remember when I got it. I don't think it's stamped, but it was bound to have been before the 15th.

Q How did you respond to this proposal?

A. Well, I --

Q Explain your company procedures for making a -- for the decision making process when -- when receiving a proposal such as this.

A Well, I of course, get together with our geologist and we start looking at it. We have one senior geologist and two young geologists in our office, but at any rate, I took it up with our geologists and then we also got together with -- with Belco over the telephone

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to see what the situation was and discuss the fact that Amoco was adamant about a Devonian test. And --

Q What was the result of those discussions with Belco?

Mell, there wasn't much results. We discussed it back and forth and tried to figure out some way of, if we could, to convince Amoco to drill a well to the -- only the Morrow, which is really the hot zones in this area, the Pennsylvanian series, and we -- and of course, we had discussions back and forth.

The only person I ever talked to with Amoco was Philip, and that was as a landman, and I suggested to Philip at that time that -- is there some way that we could get together with their people and our people and discuss it, because of the -- of the expensive nature of the test; that I wondered if Amoco could convince us or show us why a Devonian test was necessary. I mean not necessary, but of course, they want to drill to the Devonian.

And at any rate, these negotiations and information -- I'm probably rambling on. Go ahead, and if you've got another question --

I notice on the map here, most of the acreage where Dow appears shows a 50-50 split between Dow and Belco.

Oh, no, we don't have it on all our

And the second s

acreage. Like I say, we're kind of a situation where we've 2 got to fight the fire that's getting the closest to --3 Prior to receipt of the February 13th letter advising you of the proposal to drill this well in 5 Section 3 by Amoco, did you have a detailed geological work-6 7 up of your interest in Section 3? Well, we have regional geology around 8 the area and we update it when -- when these wells are com-10 pleted. 11 That's so with the offset wells -- the 12 offset wells in Section 2, 10, and 11, that we've discussed 13 prior to this point? Okay. 14 See, we obviously didn't think too 15 highly of this area early, because we farmed out to Estoril, 16 the group down in 15. 17 Right. 18 And -- but they got -- of course, those 19 are tremendous wells. 20 But your opinion of this specific pro-21 spect has changed in light of the three 1981 completions 22 offsetting your acreage in Section 3 to the south, southeast 23 and east. 24 Yes, sir. 25 So what is your company's position on Q.

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1	58		
2	the prospects for this south half of Section 3, or the entir		
3	section; you have an interest in both halves?		
4	A. Well, the, obviously, it's a very pros-		
5	pective area in the Pennsylvanian.		
6	Q Does Dow want to drill a well?		
7	A. Well, we		
8	Q Or participate in a well?		
9	A. Yes, we would want to participate in a		
10	Pennsylvanian well. That's what we are recommending in		
11	Section 3, and the I think he quoted some statistics here		
12	from the well to the east; the latest information we had		
13	was that it, that BTA well went on production 2-25-82,		
14	making 6.8 million a day, and 288 barrels of oil per day.		
15	That's a pretty good well.		
16	Q And that is an Atoka well?		
17	A. It's out of the Atoka, yeah.		
18	Q So basically we have we have geolo-		
19	gical expert testimony to the extent that this is a highly		
20	prospective area in the Morrow, Atoka, and Strawn, in the		
21	Pennsylvanian series, is that correct?		
22	A. Yes, sir. I think we'd agree with		
23	about everything they said on the Pennsylvanian series, as		
24	far as it being very, very prospective.		
25	And therefor, your company's position		

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would be that this would be -- that a Morrow, Atoka, or Strawn well at the proposed location in Section 3 would be a reasonably low risk well for those formations?

A. Oh, I think as far as production is concerned; mechanically, I don't know how low a risk it is.

Q Okay. How did you respond -- when was your initial response to the February 13th -- or excuse me, January 13th proposal from Amoco?

A. Do you mean to Amoco?

Q To Amoco, did you call them, did you write them, did you --

A. I don't recall. Phil and I had talked on the phone quite a bit and I told him the problem we were having with it, and he, of course --

MR. NUTTER: By "Phil" you mean Mr.

Vasquez with Amoco?

Yes, excuse me. Phil Vasquez.

Anyway, we exchanged views a number of time on the telephone and we were having trouble resolving in our own mind. When we first started working on the area we thought, well, perhaps the Devonian isn't too bad a prospect. And as we get into it, according to our information this well in 22, which is two miles south, tested water out of the Devonian, and like I say, this is secondhand from

my geologist, and so his problem with it is whether or not 3 you can get high enough from that well to this location to be a viable Devonian prospect. Okay. So you have no question -- your company's position is that there would be no question as to whether or not you would participate in the Pennsylvanian series test at this location? I'm not saying my company. 10 Well. 11 I'm saying that our office would --12 Your recommendation. 13 -- recommend without hesitation the 14 participation in a Pennsylvanian test here. 15 And the -- subject to budget restrictions 16 from your home office? 17 Yes. 18 The problem, then, was that your office 19 was not convinced as to the prospective nature of the De-20 vonian formation. 21 That's right. 22 23

Did you attempt to arrange any meetings with Amoco whereby you could have your experts meet with their experts to compare notes on the -- on the prospectiveness of the Devonian formation?

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A. Yes, sir. Mr. Vasquez and I discussed that a number of times and I guess it was our discussions that prompted the letter we got dated the 5th of February, which incidentally was a day or two after we got notice that we were going to a party to a compulsory pooling.

What was the gist of that letter in

A. Well, the gist was that, yes, we could probably set up a meeting to show — well, the words are to show you our geological information on the above referenced well, and contingent upon your company committing to either joining in the drilling of the well or farmout the interest under the — the provisions of the January 13th, which was the 40 percent back in, and so forth.

Amoco that Dow had -- and possibly Belco, had questions about a Devonian test, but was strongly in favor of a Pennsylvanian series test, you tried to arrange a meeting where they could convince you that their geological information was valid and sound and did support the drilling of a Devonian test? Is that correct?

A. I'd said that was basically correct.

I don't know whether we came on that strong to tell them

that we are all in favor of a Pennsylvanian test. We said

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 that is the prospect in the area as far as we're concerned,

And they responded that they would be happy to show you their geological information and their rationale for a Devonian test only after you had firmly committed to either participate in the blind or farm out to them on a 40 percent back in.

A. That's correct.

Q Okay.

A. And not only geological, I had a lot of concerns mechanically,

Q What are the mechanical concerns?

A. Well, I don't want to get into them.

I'm not an expert witness on that. The only thing is I've been at a number of meetings and they talk about the, you know, mechanical problems. Of course, Amoco had their share of them in this same area, too, in the shallow zones and in the Morrow, the Atoka, the difference in pressures and all that sort of thing, and so I wanted to, on top of the geology, I wanted to discuss, you know, what kind of engineering plans did they have. What kind of pipe program? What were their plans, you know, if they get into a high pressure Atoka zone? Are they apt to say, okay, let's don't risk the well, let's produce it right there? Or are they going to say, no, we'll just put some pipe to protect that and go on?

In other words, kind of reassuring, I guess, is what you might say. I want to be reassured that we understood, you know, kind of what the plans were as far as drilling the well.

But you were never afforded an opportunity to meet with the Amoco personnel to assuage these fears except subject to the same condition that you already agreed to participate or already agreed to farm out with a 40 percent back in.

A Well, that was the crux of this letter and then, as I say, Philip and I had a conversation, token conversation on the 12th of February, and at that time I told him, I said, well, we would agree to join or farm out, but not agree to the terms ahead of time.

This, in our discussion before, they said, well, this is fairly common and Amoco does this all the time, but I've been I've been in the business a long time and it's always been my practice and experience that I've had, that when somebody gets ready to drill an expensive unit, you know, a well that involves other parties, that they call a meeting, discuss it and say, okay, here's what we're going to do and here's why we want to do it.

And you're going to be getting AFE's in the next few weeks, or what have you.

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But in this instance we get a cold order with a cold AFE attached to it, asking us to sign that AFE and join or in the alternative, farm out with a 40 percent back in.

And as I say, we -- Philip and I discussed a number of times about the possibility of getting together with some other technical people, getting together and discuss this thing, because a million dollar well in our budget, that's a big well.

Q Okay. Do you have anything else to add to aid the Examiner in his decision?

A Well, I don't know whether it will aid anybody or not, but there's some things I'd like to say, if I can.

But, for instance, I am not an expert geologist and so forth, but this Devonian interpretation is is an interpretation. They're working with estimated tops on the Devonian. You're talking about a deep Devonian test and, of course, it's an old knowledge in the business, you don't drill a deep Devonian test without some seismic and of course, I know this could be a bad seismic area. That's fine and dandy. I'm not a great deal on seismic.

But the trouble is, your closest production in the Devonian to the south has got a dry hole be-

tween it. The closest to the west is three miles away, and the best interpretation by the most experienced geologist, I can't see how they want to spend that kind of money on this interpretation, and I hate to be critical about it, and as I say, I'm not an expert geologist, but I've seen jillions of deals. I've seen a ton of, you know, prospects that were being tried to sell to Dow and that sort of thing.

And this is --

Q. And in fact you were never -- never shown this map prior to --

A. Not till today.

Q -- today, so they were asking you to make your decision based on a purely speculative interpretation that you had not even seen, is that correct?

A. Well, yes. And the other thing that concerns me on this is that here we're being asked to pay a half interest in a Devonian test --

Q A quarter interest.

A. Well, a quarter, Belco and us a half interest. In other words, Amoco's paying half and the partners are paying half, in a test well to the Devonian in an area that -- where we have limited acreage to be helped by it. In other words, Belco and Dow have very little acreage in this area; Amoco's got all the rest of it. I suggested

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to them this morning that if they really wanted to drill Devonian, they've got 100 percent leases all over the place to try.

But here it appears that we're being asked to spend half the exploration money to prove up a Devonian prospect in the area, and if we don't do it, we're drug the heels into a forced pooling situation where we've got to farm out and give us what we feel is a good position in the Pennsylvanian play.

It -- it really concerns me and upsets me that we're put in a position where we've got to get out of the Penn play because somebody wants to drill a Devonian test and wants us, like I say, to spend half the exploration money.

I don't know, as I say, it just -- and plus, I think on the face of it, we've had since the 13th of January to get -- to make a determination on it, and I don't know whether we're slower than most people are or not to come up with something, but in the first place, we had a gray area in that we didn't like the Devonian concept, and so we are trying to resolve that with Amoco during -- during that time. I say trying. We suggested meetings to discuss why they wanted to go to the Devonian, and we were unable to get together and to the effect that, well, they could

2 either convince us or that we ought to drill the Devonian test or we ought not. 3 I don't know what else to say. 4 MR. EZZELL; I have no further questions. 5 MR. NUTTER: Are there any questions 6 7 of Mr. Martin? 8 9 CROSS EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. MOTE: 11 Mr. Martin, what is your title with 12 Dow? 13 I'm Area Manager of the West Texas/New 14 Mexico Area, I guess you'd call it. It's a -- it's an ex-15 ploration office. We've got three geologists, myself, and 16 a girl. We handle West Texas and New Mexico. 17 You're head of that office? 18 Head of the office. 19 And you've got one experienced geologist 20 and two other geologists in that office? 21 Do you have someone in the office that 22 pays attention to wells that are being drilled and what's 23 found in those wells? 24 I mean did you know about these three 25 wells in the area that were drilled right in the vicinity

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1		68
2	of the proposed we	ell last year? In 1981?
3	A.	You say are we aware of these wells in
4	what?	
. 5	Q.	2, 10, and 11.
6	A.	2, 10, and 11?
.7	Q	Yes, sir.
8	<b>A.</b>	Well, 10 we farmed out, and I assure
9	you	
10	Q	Okay, you followed that one pretty clos
11	A.	And we keep up as best we can with the
12	staff we've got.	Yes, we try to keep up with wells in areas
13	where we are ha	ve leases and so forth.
14	Q	And I believe, I don't know whether it
15	was you or somebod	y else called this sort of a hot area.
16	I don't know wheth	er it was you or not.
17	A.	Well, it is a hot area.
18	Q.	So you'd naturally pay more attention
19	to what you consid	er a hot area than you would some area
20	that didn't have m	uch prospect, wouldn't you?
21	<b>A.</b>	That's right.
22	Q	So can I assume that when this informa-
23	tion came in that	you passed it on to your geologists and
24	they made their in	terpretations and
25	<b>A</b> .	Which information?

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2	Q Information concerning these three well		
3	that were drilled in 1981.		
4	A. Well, they're the ones getting that in-		
5	formation.		
6	Q. Okay, so they took this information		
7	and they correlated it with the information they already had		
8	and they were keeping you advised from day to day or week to		
9	week, or whatever, as to the prospects in the area, were		
19	they not?		
11	A. Uhhuh.		
12	Q So you've got up to date information		
13	in the very area of this proposed location already, haven't		
14	you?		
15	A. In the Penn zone, yes.		
16	MR. MOTE: I believe no further question		
17	MR. NUTTER: Are there any other ques-		
18	tions of the witness?		
19	A. We have no information on the Devonian,		
20	in this area, because there isn't any.		
21	MR. NUTTER: Are there any further		
22	questions? The witness may be excused.		
23	Call for closing statements. Mr. Mote,		
<b>24</b> $^{\alpha}$	you may go last.		
25	MR. FZZEI,L: Mr. Examiner, the position		
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of my client, Dow Chemical, is simply stated, as they had asked of Amoco, the applicant, in their last correspondence, they would ask again for a continuance with respect to this matter, not in the -- obviously, not in the continuance of the conducting of the hearing, but for a 30-day continuance in the consideration of the evidence presented today, by the Examiner and the Commission.

The evidence we have seen today, as the term has just been used again, clearly establishes this as a very hot Pennsylvanian area.

We have heard Mr. Martin's testimony that the Midland office, which is in charge of the -- of the area this prospect is located in, would enthusiastically recommend to Dow's home office that they participate to the extent of their acreage in this area for a Pennsylvanian series test.

As Mr. Martin alluded to, Amoco is seeking to put them in a position where they have several options and all of them are bad.

They can either farm out on what they feel is unfair terms because they do not feel that the considerable added risk by going to the Devonian formation is justified, they can farm out on what they consider unfavorable terms, and thereby still be able to participate in the Penn-

sylvanian series prospects, which they're enthusiastic about, but at a greatly diluted basis.

Their other alternative, and as Amoco is seeking to do today, is to be force pooled and be subject to the 200 percent penalty that Amoco has requested. This will effectively take them out -- take them out of the Pennsylvanian play until the well paid for itself three times over.

They have, as evidenced by the letter of February 26th, which is Amoco's Exhibit Number Five, they have evidenced every willingness to deal with the ... to negotiate with Amoco for Pennsylvanian series tests; for a compromise with respect to going to the Devonian; or for farm out, which they, as they state, is in the last resort because they still would not wish to have their position in the hot play diluted to a 50 percent extent, but they're still willing to do that rather than be forced to drill into the Devonian formation at the cost to them of over \$1.1 million, when in fact, despite they're continued request Amoco wouldn't even show the basis for the Devonian test in the first place.

We see that Belco, who, as we understood, as we understood, as we understand orally last Friday agreed to the 40 percent back in provision through the farm out. Belco had two months more to consider this prospect and they just now made the -- were able to make their decision on Friday,

possibly faced with the unfortunate, unacceptable prospects of being force pooled with penalty provision.

Dow Chemical had the prospect to look at for two months less. We've heard testimony that they do not have a large staff. They have to go to the home office for approval, and that their initial response was that they were not in favor of a Devonian test and wanted to find out why Amoco was.

We've heard testimony that it's industry practice in the drilling of expensive wells when you have partners who are entitled as a matter of law to participate in a well, to have a meeting to explain why in this case the Devonian would be a justifiable expense, rather than just drilling to the Pennsylvanian series, which there is every expectation, as both sides agree, of good commercial production.

We have heard testimony from Mr. Martin that there are considerable engineering problems involved in drilling through the Pennsylvanian to go down to the Devonian, which can cause irreparable harm to the Pennsylvanian zones that have been penetrated.

We have not heard any -- any engineering testimony to understand what Amoco plans to do to prevent this damage, if in fact they do plan to drill through the Pennsylvanian and into the -- to the Devonian.

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They have asked, Applicant has asked for a 200 percent penalty based on the depth and the risk and the expense of the prospect where their own exhibits and their own expert testimony, as agreed to by Dow, establishes that as far as the Pennsylvanian is concerned it's a very low risk prospect, and that would — that would seem to make the 200 percent penalty excessive.

so in summary, Dow would ask that the, in order to give the parties an opportunity to negotiate the matter, there are many other alternatives available to the parties, such as a joint -- a jointly drilled Pennsylvanian series test with the expense from the Pennsylvanian down to the Devonian borne by Amoco on a Devonian depth farm out basis only.

Dow has exhibited the willingness to enter into almost any sort of negotiations which have always been refused up until today by Amoco.

so we would just ask that in order to give the parties time to consider this matter and to negotiate, so that the rights of all parties will be protected and not diluted unfairly, we would ask that the Examiner and the Commission stay the consideration of the evidence heard today for the period of, say, thirty days, to give the parties time to work the matter out.

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At that point, if in fact no agreement has been reached, and since we have heard the lengthy testimony put on today, the Examiner can then consider the evidence presented and proceed in a normal course of making a decision.

In case we cannot have that relief, we would seek a denial of the compulsory pooling application, and in the event that it was approved, we would seek, by virtue of the low risk involved in the Pennsylvanian series test, that the penalty imposed be only 100 percent.

I have nothing further.

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Mote?

MR. MOTE: Mr. Examiner, with regard to the continuance suggested, I think we've shown ample evidence that Amoco feels it necessary that this well be drilled, be done within the shortest possible time. We feel like there is a strong possibility of drainage either occurring or possibly will occur in the future, and we also feel like the rig schedules we have demand that this be placed on the program and it be drilled in the very near future.

We would suggest that rather than not considering the testimony which has been introduced today, that we urge the Examiner to go ahead and issue an order as soon as possible granting the forced pooling that we've requested.

Now, you've heard testimony from Mr.

Vasquez that just because the hearing is held today, just because we've already introduced all of our exhibits and given them the full benefit of all our knowledge with regard to this test, that this is not going to keep us from continuing to negotiate. We intend to keep negotiating with them, but we don't want anything to hold up the possibility of us drilling this well in the very near future.

The plain fact of the matter is that they just don't want to test the Devonian. I don't know whether it's because of budget restrictions or what, or just failure to properly assess the matter. I have an idea that Dow is pretty well up in this area from testimony that was given. They have three geologists that — that are working for the witness who's just testified for Dow. They know the information, probably, as well as anyone in the area. They could come to their own conclusions with regard to the Devonian.

I think whether or not the various formations are laid more or less on an even pattern throughout the area is something that almost any geologist could arrive at. With all the information in the area and with the knowledge and interest that they have, we don't feel that they've been deprived of any information.

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we did offer to show them everything that we have, just on the basis of we'll show you, but we expect some -- you either to join us or to farm out, which is a very reasonable request. We don't ordinarily give everyone that we give an AFE to the full information about our test. It would be disastrous. We expect people to rely on their own geologists and their own independent determination.

We certainly wouldn't want them to rely on our geologist.

There might even be some liability involved by relying on

our geology, whether or not they ought to do something.

But we will remind the Examiner that

They've got their own geologists. They've got their own landmen. They've got in engineer. Let them make up their own mind.

Amoco certainly feels that a Devonian test is proper. We feel like that we can, if permitted to drill the well, under the compulsory pooling provisions, that apply in this state, that we can not only test but would be able to make a producer and make a profit out of this well. We're not doing it just to prove up acreage. We don't drill a \$4-million well to prove up acreage. We drill to make a profit and that's what we intend to do in this case.

One other thing, I was a little bit surprised at counsel referring to a landman's assessment of

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the engineering problems involved. I didn't object to it because I didn't think the Examiner would even pay any attention to a landman talking about engineering problems. But I would remind you that — that we have had an engineer here on the stand from Amoco who said that he had a wellbore sketch showing complete casing program proposed for this well clear down to the Devonian, and it was here available to the Examiner, available to Dow, and we've still got it and if they still want it, that's what they're complaining about, we'll still give it to them right now.

With regard to trying to divide up the responsibility and saying well, some of us will go down to the Morrow, some of us will go to the Atoka, the rest of us will go on down to the Devonian and test the Devonian, this would do nothing but just create horrendous problems.

Let's suppose that some of them were going down to just the Morrow and agreed to split costs up to that point. What would — what happens when some of them want to go on down to the Devonian but they've got a real wellburner in the Morrow. You end up with a lawsuit, probably, saying we don't want to go any further. We're afraid you're going to screw up what you've already got. We want to keep what we've got and not go to the Devonian. We don't want you making a test on something that we've already

got in the bag.

I think that there are horrendous problems involved in trying to split this thing up. It would just be something we couldn't handle.

So we're asking for permission to drill this Devonian test and that it be done under the statutes of tis state under the compulsory pooling that we've asked.

MR. NUTTER: Thank you, Mr. Mote.

To be frank with you, gentlemen, I'd rather see some equitable solution worked out between you than have to enter an order that is going to make someone unhappy.

In the first place, you're talking, Mr. Mote, about the necessity for getting prompt action on this and you disagree with the proposal for a continuance because of that reason.

Now, of course, normal procedure, there could be a delay of probably sixty days if we entered an order, ten minutes from now, before your order would be final, not counting the possibility of appeal, because they've got thirty days in which they could ask for a de novo, and then by the time we fixed a de novo hearing another thirty days could easily elapse. So it would be sixty days before we'd have a hearing on a de novo.

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So I think that it may be possible that some sort of a delay here of about 28 days would -- would put us to our scheduled hearing for March the 31st, might save time in the long run.

Now, we could either do it one of two ways. We can either continue the case for thirty -- until the 31st of March, or we can rely on the evidence that we've got here today and just delay entering an order; delay entering an order until about the 31st of March.

I think that I would be inclined to give Dow time to study this evidence that you've presented here today, the geological evidence.

Now you stated that you don't normally give the geological evidence to everybody that you send an AFE to. I grant you that, but I think that this is a very substantial investment that you're asking Dow to make. They've got a 25 percent interest in the well. The AFE shows a \$4.4 million dollar total completed well cost. That's more than \$1 million, and I think they should have at least sixty days in which to make a decision on the investment of \$1.1 million.

From the date that you sent that first letter to them on January the 13th, that hasn't been sixty days yet. I think they could take this geological information and you might be surprised at the outcome of their interpre-

 tation of your Devonian geology. You said let them make up their mind as to the Devonian -- let them make up their own mind as to the Devonian prospect. I think they already have.

MR. MOTE: I think they have, too.

MR. NUTTER: And they foreclosed the idea of drilling to the Devonian.

Maybe when they take your structural maps and their geologists have a chance to look at it for the first time, they may agree with you that it's worthwhile to test the Devonian.

But I think is the long run that a delay here in final disposition of the case may be to the advantage of everyone in time saved.

So with that in mind, I think I will continue this case to the hearing scheduled to be held at this same place at 9:00 o'clock a.m. March the 31st of 1982, and I'm planning on making an order at that time, if it's necessary, unless you tell me that you have reached an agreement and want a dismissal of the case. I plan on making an order based on the record that we have here today, unless one of you at least ten days before the date of that hearing advises us that you've got substantial information not included in the record today, based on your interpretation of new evidence, substantial interpretation -- interpretative

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differences from what we've got here today, or substantial new information. In that case, you'd notify us at least ten days before the date of the hearing and we'll expect both parties to be back at the hearing. Otherwise, I don't think it will be necessary for either party to be here at the hearing because we'll make the order based on the testimony here today.

I don't know if that makes anybody happy or not, but I think that's the way it ought to be handled. Right now we've got the option of denying the case, pooling through the Morrow, or pooling through the Devonian, and I don't think any of those are going to make either -- both parties happy; none of those three will.

So maybe if we postpose until the 31st some action, somebody will come out ahead, and hopefully, both parties will.

With that we'll continue the case and Mr. Pearce has a telegram from Belco that should go in the record.

Mr. Examiner, with your MR. PEARCE: permission, the Oil Conservation Division received yesterday, March 2nd, 1982, the following telegram:

Amoco Production Company is requesting an order to pool all mineral interests in the Wolfcamp

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through Devonian formations underlying the south half of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, Lea County, New Mexico. Said, and I quote, telegram tooling Case 7499 is to be heard on March 3rd.

Amoco Production that Amoco has agreed to the terms of Belco's farm out to it, ocvering Belco's interest in the south half of Section 3, will not protest this compulsory, again, tooling hearing.

Had Amoco not accepted said farm out, Belco would be in attendance to protest.

Belco requests the Commission to note in the record in this case that Belco is not making an appearance in protest on the verbal assurance from Amoco Production Company that the Belco farmout letter dated February 26th, 1982, was acceptable to Amoco.

Signed Belco Petroleum, by James Patrick Miller, Division Attorney.

MR. NUTTER: Thank you, Mr. Pearce.

Does anyone have anything they wish to

offer in Case Number 7499?

We'll continue the case to the hearing on March 31st.

(Hearing concluded.)

#### CERTIFICATE

the foregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that the said transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

Snowy W. Boyd Cor

Conservation Division

Mall W. BOILU, C.S.R Rt. I Box 193-8 Santa Pe, New Mexico 67301 Phone (503) 455-7409 3

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## BRUCE KING LARRY KEHOE

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

POST OFFICE BOX 2068 STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING BANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501 (505) 827-2434

March 22, 1982

Mr. Mark Martin Area Manager Dow Chemical Company 1123 Wilco Building Midland, Texas 79701

> Re: Case 7499

Dear Mr. Martin:

Reference is made to our telephone conversation of March 19, 1982, and to your telegram received today, in both of which you have requested permission to enter new testimony and exhibits in Case No. 7499, Application of Amoco Production Company For Compulsory Pooling, Luc County, New Mexico.

This case was originally heard by me as examiner on March 3 and continued to the hearing scheduled for 9 a.m. March 31, 1982.

Dow Chemical as well as Amoco will be permitted to put on new testimony and exhibits March 31, if desired.

Very truly yours

DANIEL S. NUTTER Chief Engineer and Trial Examiner

DSN/fd

Jim Allen

Amoco Production Company

Houston, Texas



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

July 22, 1982

POST OFFICE BOX 2008 STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501 (505) 827-2434

Mr. Clyde Hote, Attorney Amoco Production Company P. D. Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001	ORDER NO. 7499 ORDER NO. R=7032 Applicant:
en de la companya de La companya de la co	Amoco Production Company
Dear Sir:	
Enclosed herewith are two copies Division order recently entered	
Yours very truly,  JOE D. RAMEY  Director	
JDR/fd	
Copy of order also sent to:	
Hobbs OCD x Artesia OCD x Aztec OCD	
Other Kate Krueger, Calder Ezze	

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 7499 Order No. R-7032

APPLICATION OF AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

#### ORDER OF THE DIVISION

#### BY THE DIVISION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on March 31, 1982, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Daniel S. Nutter.

NOW, on this 21st day of July, 1982, the Division Director, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

#### FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Division has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Amoco Production Company, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests in the Wolfcamp through Devonian formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Antelope Ridge Area, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3.
- (3) That the applicant owns an oil and gas lease on the SE/4 of said Section 3, and has taken a farmout on an undivided 50 percent working interest in the SW/4 of said Section 3, thereby controlling 75 percent of the working interest in the proposed spacing and proration unit and having the right to drill thereon, which it proposes to do.
- (4) That Dow Chemical U.S.A. is the owner of a 50 percent undivided working interest in the SW/4 of said Section 3, and appeared at the hearing in opposition to Amoco's proposal to pool the S/2 of Section 3 and drill a 14,900-foot well to test the Devonian formation underlying said lands.

-2-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

- (5) That this case originally came on for hearing on March 3, 1982, at which time both sides presented testimony; that the case was then continued to the March 31, 1982, hearing in order to give the parties to the hearing additional time in which to negotiate and resolve their differences.
- (6) That during the interim period between hearings there were apparently good faith efforts made to arrive ab an amicable solution, but certain differences between the parties remain.
- (7) That both parties agree, and the geological evidence tends to confirm, that the Pennsylvanian formation, particularly the Morrow section, underlying the proposed spacing and proration unit is a good prospect for obtaining commercial production.
- (8) That the geological evidence concerning the Devonian prospect is somewhat less conclusive, but the evidence appears to preponderate towards the view that prospects for commercial production from the Devonian formation are much more uncertain than such prospects for the Pennsylvanian, and that Dow is justified in not desiring to participate in going to the Devonian.
- (9) That to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, and to afford to the owner of each interest in said unit the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the gas underlying the subject lands, the subject application should be approved by pooling all mineral interests, whatever they may be within said unit, and Amoco should be designated operator of the subject well and unit, provided however, that Dow should be given the opportunity to participate in the drilling of the subject well on a split-risk basis, i.e., (1) to participate in drilling and completion costs to the Morrow formation without penalty or to go non-consent to the Morrow and participate in the Morrow subject to a certain charge for the risk involved in drilling to said formation, and (2), to participate in the additional drilling and completion costs from the Morrow to the Devonian without penalty or to go non-consent from the Morrow to the Devonian and participate in the Devonian subject to a separate and different charge for the risk involved in the additional drilling.
- (10) That it is the intent of this order to break the drilling of the subject well down into two separate and distinctive phases: (1) from the surface of the ground through the Morrow pay; and (2) from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay; to provide alternative selections to the poolee, Dow; and to provide cost accounting for a single Morrow

-3-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

completion vs. a single Devonian completion or a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.

- (11) To the above ends, all charges and costs which would be directly attributable to a single Morrow completion should be charged to the Morrow zone and subject to the Morrow risk factor provided herein, if applicable, and paid out of Morrow production only; all charges and costs which would be directly attributable to the drilling of a single Devonian completion from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay as well as any extra up-hole charges and costs resulting from drilling the well to the Devonian above and beyond what would normally be spent drilling to the Morrow only (such as extra hole size, extra casing and cementing, rig charges, etc.) should be charged to the Devonian zone and subject to the Devonian risk factor provided herein, if applicable, and paid out of Devonian production only; all common charges to a Morrow-Devonian dual (including the separation packer, dual Christmas tree, etc.) shall be split between the two zones and each portion made subject to the risk factor for that zone and paid out of production from that zone.
- (12) That after the effective date of this order and within 60 days prior to commencing the subject well, Amoco should furnish the Division and Dow itemized schedules of estimated well costs as follows:
  - A. A cost estimate for a normal single Morrow test well to the anticipated Morrow completion depth (13,500 feet).
    - B. A cost estimate for a normal single Devonian test well to the anticipated Devonian completion depth (14,900 feet).
    - C. A cost estimate for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion at the above depths.
- (13) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) A above should include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Morrow completion without anticipation of drilling beyond the expected Morrow completion depth.
- (14) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) B above should include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs

-4-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

for a single Devonian completion without anticipation of an upper pay (Morrow) being present or requiring testing.

- (15) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) C above should include normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.
- (16) That within 30 days from the date the above-described schedules of estimated well costs are furnished to it, Dow should make its election as to whether to participate in the subject well.
- (17) That if it elects to participate, Dow should have the opportunity of choosing its mode of participation, i.e., whether to participate in drilling to and completing in the Morrow only, or to participate in drilling and completing in both the Morrow and Devonian.
- (18) That if it elects to participate, Dow should be afforded the opportunity of paying its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected in lieu of paying its share of reasonable well costs out of production.
- (19) That should Dow elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface down through the Morrow pay, it should have its share of reasonable well costs for said formation withheld from production from the Morrow formation plus a reasonable percentage of such costs as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well to the Morrow.
- (20) That considering the geological and engineering evidence presented at the hearing, 100 percent of reasonable well costs is an adequate and appropriate charge for the risk involved in drilling said well to the Morrow formation.
- (21) That should Dow elect to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface to the Morrow, but elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the base of the Morrow pay down through the Devonian pay, it should have its share of well costs for drilling from the Morrow to the Devonian withheld from production from the Devonian formation plus a reasonable percentage thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.
- (22) That considering the geological and engineering evidence presented at the hearing, 200 percent of reasonable well costs from the Morrow to the Devonian is an adequate and

-5-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

appropriate charge for the risk involved in drilling said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.

- (23) That should Dow elect to participate in either of the above-described modes of participation, its payment of its share of estimated well costs for that mode should be made to Amoco in accordance with some customary and mutually agreeable system for billing and payment which is common to the industry; that should Dow so elect to participate and pay its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected, it should remain liable for operating costs but should not be liable for risk charges for that mode of participation. Reasonable drilling and completion costs advanced by Amoco beyond the mode selected and prepaid by Dow should be subject to the risk factors described above and withheld from production from the appropriate formation together with operating costs.
- the operator should furnish the Division and Dow an itemized schedule of actual well costs for drilling and completion of the well, broken down into two segments: from the surface through the Morrow pay, and from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay; that if no objection to such actual well costs is received by the Division, and the Division has not objected to such actual well costs within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual costs should be considered reasonable costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period, the Division should determine reasonable well costs after public notice and hearing.
- (25) That within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, should Dow have paid its share of estimated well costs for either of the above-described modes of participation, it should pay to Amoco any amount that its share of reasonable well costs for that mode exceed paid estimated well costs and should receive from Amoco any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs for that mode.
- (26) That the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well to the Morrow formation should be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones above the Morrow; that the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay should be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones between the base of the Morrow and the top of the Devonian.

-6-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

- (27) That \$4200.00 per month while drilling and \$420.00 per month while producing should be fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating the subject well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (28) That all proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason should be placed in escrow in Lea County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership.
- (29) That upon the failure of the operator of said pooled unit to commence drilling of the well to which said unit is dedicated on or before November 1, 1982, the order pooling said unit should become null and void and of no effect whatsoever.
- (30) That although the application in this case was for pooling of the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, to form a 320-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3, the Division Director should have authority to approve an alternative location for the unit well without hearing upon application of Amoco, provided all applicable provisions of Rule 104 of the Division Rules and Regulations are met, and provided that such location has been submitted to Dow along with the itemized schedules of well costs specified in Finding Nos. (12) through (15) above.

### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That all mineral interests, whatever they may be, from the top of the Wolfcamp formation through the base of the Devonian formation underlying the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Antelope Ridge Are., Lea County, New Mexico, are hereby pooled to form a standard 320-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3 or at such other location on said unit as the Division Director may approve.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the operator of said unit shall commence the drilling of said well on or before the first day of November, 1982, and shall thereafter continue the drilling of

-/Case No. 7499
Order No. R-7032

said well with due diligence to a depth sufficient to test the Devonian formation;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that in the event said operator does not commence the drilling of said well on or before the first day of November, 1982, Order (1) of this order shall be null and void and of no effect whatsoever, unless said operator obtains a time extension from the Division for good cause shown.

PROVIDED FURTHER, that should said well not be drilled to completion, or abandonment, within 180 days after commencement thereof, said operator shall appear before the Division Director and show cause why Order (1) of this order should not be rescinded.

- (2) That Amoco Production Company is hereby designated the operator of the subject well and unit.
- (3) That after the effective date of this order and within 60 days prior to commencing said well, the operator shall furnish the Division and each known working interest owner in the subject unit itemized schedules of estimated well costs as follows:
  - A. A cost estimate for a normal single Morrow test well to the anticipated Morrow completion depth (13,500 feet).
  - B. A cost estimate for a normal single Devonian test well to the anticipated Devonian completion depth (14,900 feet).
  - C. A cost estimate for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion at the above depths.
- (4) That the cost estimate prescribed in Order No. (3) A above shall include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Morrow completion without anticipation of drilling beyond the expected Morrow completion depth.
- (5) That the cost estimate prescribed in Order No. (3) B above shall include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing cost for a single Devonian completion without anticipation of an upper pay (Morrow) being present or requiring testing.

-8-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

- (6) That the cost estimate prescribed in Order No. (3) C above shall include normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.
- (7) That within 30 days from the date the above-described schedules of estimated well costs are furnished to it, Dow shall make its election as to whether to participate in the subject well.
- (8) That if it elects to participate, Dow shall have the opportunity of choosing its mode of participation, i.e., whether to participate in drilling to and completing in the Morrow only, or to participate in drilling to and completing in both the Morrow and Devonian.
- (9) That if it elects to participate, Dow shall be afforded the opportunity of paying its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected in lieu of paying its share of reasonable well costs out of production.
- (10) That should Dow elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface down through the Morrow pay, it shall have its share of reasonable well costs for said formation withheld from production from the Morrow formation plus 100 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well to the Morrow.
- (11) That should Dow elect to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface to the Morrow, but elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the base of the Morrow pay down through the Devonian pay, it shall have its share of well costs for drilling from the Morrow to the Devonian withheld from production from the Devonian formation plus 200 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.
- (12) That should Dow elect to participate in either of the above-described modes of participation, its payment of its share of estimated well costs for that mode shall be made to Amoco in accordance with some customary and mutually agreeable system for billing and payment which is common to the industry; that should Dow so elect to participate and pay its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected, it shall remain liable for operating costs but shall not be liable for risk charges for that mode of participation. Reasonable drilling and completion costs advanced by Amoco beyond the mode selected and prepaid by Dow shall be subject to the risk factors described above and

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withheld from production from the appropriate formation together with operating costs.

- the operator shall furnish the Division and Dow an itemized schedule of actual well costs for drilling and completion of the well, broken down into two segments: from the surface through the Morrow pay adjusted downward for any extra up-hole charges and costs per Finding No. (11), and from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay including any extra up-hole charges and costs per Finding No. (11); that if no objection to such actual well costs is received by the Division and the Division has not objected to such actual well costs within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual costs shall be considered reasonable costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs for either or both segments within said 45-day period, the Division shall determine reasonable well costs for each segment after public notice and hearing.
- (14) That within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, should Dow have paid its share of estimated well costs for either of the above-described modes of participation, it shall pay to Amoco any amount that its share of reasonable well costs for that mode exceed paid estimated well costs and shall receive from Amoco any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs for that mode.
- (15) That Amoco is hereby authorized to withhold the following costs and charges from production:
  - (A) The pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to Dow if Dow has not paid its share of estimated well costs in accordance with the provisions for pre-payment as set forth in this order.
  - (B) As a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well, the percentage specified elsewhere herein of the pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to Dow if Dow has not paid its share of estimated well costs in accordance with the provisions for pre-payment as set forth in this order.
- (16) That the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well to the Morrow formation shall be applicable to the

-10-Case No. 7499 Order No. R-7032

drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones above the Morrow; that the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay shall be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones between the base of the Morrow and the top of the Devonian.

- (17) That \$4200.00 per month while drilling and \$420.00 per month while producing are hereby fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating such well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (18) That any unsevered mineral interest shall be considered a seven-eighths (7/8) working interest and a one-eighth (1/8) royalty interest for the purpose of allocating costs and charges under the terms of this order.
- (19) That any well costs or charges which are to be paid out of production shall be withheld only from the working interest's share of production, and no costs or charges shall be withheld from production attributable to royalty interests.
- (20) That all proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason shall immediately be placed in escrow in Lea County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership; that the operator shall notify the Division of the name and address of said escrow agent within 30 days from the date of first deposit with said escrow agent.
- (21) That although the application in this case was for pooling of the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, to form a 320-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3, the Division Director shall have authority to approve an alternative location for the unit well without hearing upon application of Amoco, provided all applicable provisions of Rule 134 of the Division Rules and Regulations are met, and provided that such location has been submitted to Dow along with the itemized schedules of well costs required in Orders Nos. (3) through (6) above.

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(22) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Division may leem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

JOE D. RAMEY,

Director

marrow m Marrow morrow

DOW CHEMICAL CO 1123 WILCO BLDG MIDLAND TX 79701

# western union Mailgram:



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4-0351765078002 03/19/82 ICS IPMRNGZ CSP ABQA 2 9156825772 MGM TDBN MIDLAND TX 03-19 0152P CST

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION, ATTN DAN NUTTER 80X 2088 SANTA FE NM 87501

THIS IS A CONFIRMATION COPY OF A TELEGRAM ADDRESSED TO YOU RE: CASE 7499

AMOCO VERSES DOW FORCE POOLING DOW REQUEST PERMISSION TO ENTER NEW TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS INTO THE

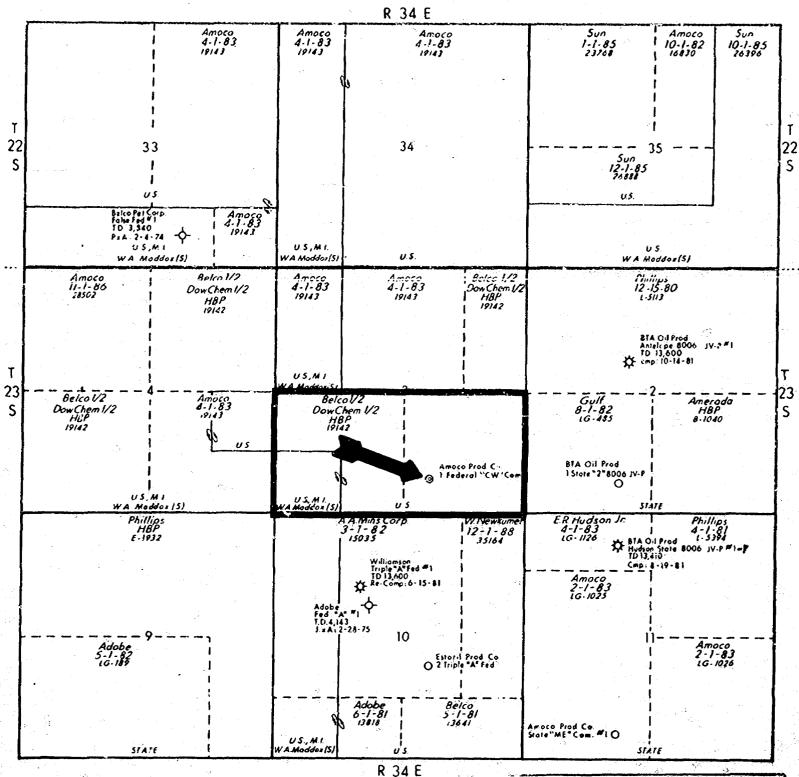
RECORD AT THE HEARINGS TO BE HELD 3-31-82.

DOW CHEMICAL

1459 EST

MGMCOMP MGM

## Proposed Federal "CW" Com Well No. 1 Lea County, New Mexico



KEY:

PRODUCING WELL

- DRY HOLE

@ PROPOSED LOCATION

O DRILLING WELL

0'	BEFORE	EXAMI	NERINI	JTTER
٦	OIL CO	NSERVAT	ION-DIV	ISION

A CASE NO. 7179

Vanuary 13, 1982

Re: EA 51,995

1

Horth Antelope Area Federal "Ck" Com Well No. 1 Lea County, New Mexico

The Dow Chemical Company 1123 Wilco Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Mr. Mark Martin

#### Centlemen:

Assoco Production Company hereby proposes the formation of a one (1) section working interest area, consisting of 640.24 acres, for the drilling of an approximate 14,900' dually completed formow-Devonian formation test. The proposed unit will cover rights from the surface to the base of the Devonian Formation in Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E, N.M.P.M., Section Lea County, New Mexico. Estimated gross dry hole and producer costs are \$3,416,000.00 and \$4,203,000.00, respectively.

Ownership within the proposed unit appears to be as follows:

<u>Parties</u>	Acres	Percentage
Anoco	400.09	62.4906
Belco and Dow (4 interest each)	240.15	37.5094
	640.24	

As an alternative to joining the proposed unit, Amoco will accept farm-ins to the unit, with the farming party to retain a proportionate 1/16 overriding royalty, with the option at well payout to convert to a proportionate 40% working interest. Production will earn Amoco an assignment of 100% working interest in the proration unit and 60% working interest in the balance of the contract area.

Enclosed for your review are two copies of an AFE for the drilling and testing of the subject well. In the eyent you elect to join, please execute and return one copy for our files. An operating agreement will be forwarded for your execution upon a favorable response from you.

BEFORE	EXAMIN	ER NUTTER
OIL CON	ISERVATION	ON DIVISION
Brace	EXHIBIT	NO. 2
CASE NO.	7499	
30-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11		

January 13, 1982
Page 2

This well is scheduled for late February, therefore, your early consideration of the proposal will be appreciated. Should you have any questions or if I may be of any assistance, please call me at (713) 652-4463.

This proposal was made to Selco on November 5, 1981. Belco indicated that they represent Dow. If this is so, please confirm this in writing.

Very truly yours,

Philip Daniel Vasquez Landman

PDV/dg 782/H

Enclosures

February 5, 1982

Re: EA 51,995

M 1963

Federal "CK" Com Hell No. 1 North Antelope Ridge Area Lea County, New Mexico

Belco Petroleum Corporation 411 Petroleum Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Hary Hard

The Bow Chemical Company 1123 Milco Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Hark Hartin

Gentlemen:

Anoco Production Company hereby agrees to show you our geological information on the above referenced well contingent upon your company countiting to either join in. or farm out your interest in Section 3, 1-23-5, R-34-E N.M.P.M. to Amoco for the drilling of such well, under our previously proposed terms.

Amoca will show this information in Midland, Texas at a mutually agreeable time and place to the parties involved.

If agreeable, please evidence your commitment to these terms by signing, dating, and returning one copy of this letter by February 15, 1932.

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
Anoco EXHIBIT NO. S
CASE NO. 74.11

Belco Petroleum Corporation The Bown Chemical Company February 5, 1982 Page 2

Please call Midlip Vasquez if you	have any	questions,	at (713)	654-4463
Yours very truly.				
AD.W.				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
S. A. Reinert				
PüY/ve 5/2903		w.j		
Agreed to and accepted this	_ day of	February.	1932.	
BELCO PETROLEUM CORPORATION		THE DOM	CHEMICAL	CCHPANY
Ey		By	n ann aire ann an an ann an ann an an an an an an	urranaurus maarija i

cc: V. M. Peeples - Jefferson Building, Room 1335-A R. L. Couch - Jofferson Building, Room 1813-A

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# P 333 396 749 RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL

NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED— NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL (See Reverse)

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411 Petroleum Bldg.

PO. STATE AND ZIP CODE
Midland, TX 79701

POSTAGE

CERTIFIED FEE

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otherwise affix to back of article. Endorse article "Return Receipt Requested edjecent to number.



RETURN TO



AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY
(Name of Sender)

P. 0. BOX 3092 (Attn: (Street or P.O. Box) Philip Vasquez)

Houston, TX 77001

(City, State, and ZIP Code)

6. Save this receipt and present it if you make inquiry.

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- 4. If you want delivery restricted to the addressee, or to an authorized agent of the addressee, endorse RESTRICTED DELIVERY on the Iron of the article. Enter fees for the services requested in the appropriate spaces on the front of this receipt. If return receipt is requested, check the applicable blocks in Item 1 of Form 3811.
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(Chy, State, and ZIP Code)

Houston, TX 77001

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AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY
(Manne of Sender)

- SENDER INSTRUCTIONS

UL LICIYE BOBI

STAL SERVICE UNITED STATE



Amoco Production Company (USA)

regeritarismos de l'informatiques

500 Jefferson Building P.O. Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001

137.52

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February 3, 1982

File: JCA-986.51NM-029

Compulsory Pooling

\$/2 Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E

Lea County, New Mexico

State of New Mexico Energy and Minerals Department Oil Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, NM 87501

Attn: Mr. Joe D. Ramey

Amoco Production Company respectfully requests a hearing for compulsory pooling of all mineral interest in the Wolfcamp, Pennsylvanian, Mississippian and Devonian Formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E, Lea County, New Mexico. The subject acreage will be dedicated to a well to be drilled as a Devonian test at an orthodox location. Also, to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing said well, the allocation of cost thereof as well as actual operation cost, charges for supervision and a charge thereof as well as actual operating cost, charges for supervision and a charge for risks involved in drilling said well. Amoco will ask to be designated as operator of the well.

Please place this item on the Examiners Hearing Docket of March 3, 1982. Attached are the copies of a land plat of the subject area. The only operators affected by the hearing, other than Amoco Production Company are listed below and being furnished a copy of this letter:

Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, Texas 79701 The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, Texas 79701

The United States of America is the lessor.

Please direct any question to Mr. Jim Allen, telephone (713) 652-5497.

Yours very truly,

015 R.D. Smith

R. G. Smith Regional Engineering Manager-West

JCA/1rd

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION Buece EXHIBIT NO. 4 CASE NO. .

File: JCA-986.51NM-029 Page Two February 3, 1982

Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, TX 79701

The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, TX 79701

U. S. Geological Survey P.O. Box 26124 Albuquerque, NM 87125

Attn: Mr. Gene F. Daniel

bcc: S. J. Okerson - Hobbs
D. M. Basinger - Jeff. 1822-C
C. A. Mote - Jeff. 1604
P. D. Vasquez - Jeff. 1905-A
W. C. Sanford - Jeff. 1329



### DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A.

February 26, 1982

OIL 2 GAS DIVISION . SUITE 1123, WILCO BUILDING MICHAND, TEXAS 78701

Amoco Production Company 500 Jefferson Building P.O. Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001

. Telecopier # 713- 652-4395

Attention: Phillip Vasquez

Re: North Antalope Area Federal "CW" Comm Well #1 Lea County, New Mexico (Your RA 51,995)

Dear Phillip:

As you know, we have had numerous telephone conversations concerning Amoco's proposal to drill a 14,900' Devonian test on a proration unit including the \$/2, Sac 3, 235-34E. You first started talking with Belco in November, 1981, however, due to misinformation, Dow was not contacted until 1-13-82. Dow is interested in seeing a well drilled in this section and we are very interested in trying to work out some arrangement where we can participate in said well. It is therefore suggested that Amoco ask for a 30 day continuance of their compulsory pooling hearing which is case \$7499 on the docket for Wednesday March 3, 1982, before the Oil Conservation Division of New Mexico. It is felt that if Amoco would ask for a 30 day continuance that a suitable agreement could be worked out whereby the hearing would not be necessary.

As you know, Belco and Dow have both been reluctant to participate in a Devonian test. I believe that both Belco and Dow would agree to join in a Morrow test. Dow feels that the Devonian possibilities in this area are very risky and that the mechanical problems involved in drilling through the Strawn, Atoka and Morrow to the Devonian could be very costly and would very likely run in excess of your AFE costs. We have suggested a joint meeting between the three parties including the geologists and engineers to discuss the various possibilities involved. Amoco has refused to join in seld meeting unless we would agree to certain terms beforehand, which we are unwilling to do. I understand that Belco has indicated to you their willingness to Farmout, but still feel they would favor participating in a Morrow test and feel that Dow would do likewise.

AN OPERATING LINIT OF THE DOW GHENECAL COMPANY

Amoco Production Company Re: North Antelope Area February 26, 1982 Page -2-

Your unit approach as outlined in the January letter concerning all of section 3 seems to be the logical approach to use for the drilling to any formation in this section and we would like to discuss these aspects further. Another possibility would be for all parties to participate in drilling to the Morrow and then any parties wishing to deepen the well to the Devonian do so at their own cost and expense. As a last resort it would be recommended from this office that Dow Farmout on the basis of a 1/16 override convertible to a 50% back in at payout. These Farmout terms are certainly justified due to the increased activity in the area and the exceptionally good wells which have recently been completed.

I appreciate Amoco's patience in this matter however, please consider the short time that we have had to consider the different possibilities in this very costly project. Flease give our request due consideration and we are hoping that you will obtain the continuance requested.

If anything further is needed from us please advise.

Very truly yours,

Mark S. Martin Area Manager

xc: State of New Mexico
Energy and Mineral Department
Oil Conservation Division
P.O. Box 2088
Sante Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: March 3, 1982 Hearing Case #7499

Attention: Daniel S. Nutter

Federal "CW" Com #1

LEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION WELL COST DETAIL WORKSHEET AMERICA EXHIBIT NO. 12 CASE NO. 2995

Location Sec. 3, T23-S, R34E Zone of Compl. Morrow/Devonian Depth 14,900 PRODUCER DRY HOLE INTANGIBLES Drilling Cost (Footage) Ft. @ MIRURD 50,000 50,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 Day Work & Drill Pipe Rental 125 Days @ \$ 8000 Cable Tools or Comp. Unit \_\_\_\_\_\_ 30 Days @ \$ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 60,000 Surveys \_\_\_\_ 100,000 100,000 Mud (OIL 250,000 250,000 ) -----Stimulations, Size 200,000 50,000 50,000 Roads & Bridges \_\_\_\_\_ Gracing \_\_\_\_ 1,450,000 1,710,000 OTHER: Coring Equipment \_\_\_\_ 30,600 Perforating Shots Scratchers and Centralizers 62,000 50,000 Company Labor \$400/day 42,000 42,000 Contract Labor Mudlogger @ \$400/day 85,000 85,000 Fuel and Water \_\_ 3,000 3,000 Diaging Pits \_\_\_\_\_ Filling Pits \_\_\_\_\_ 35,000 30,000 Trucking Cementing Services 131:000 126,000 \_\_\_\_\_Sacks \_\_\_\_\_ Cement for Casing Guide Shoes, Float Shoes and Collars 46,000 46,000 Bits and Reamers \_\_\_\_\_ 12,000 12,000 \_\_\_\_ No. Tests \_\_\_\_\_ Drill Stem Tests \_\_\_ 390,000 375,000 Miscellaneous Rentals \$3000/day Contingencies & taxes 220,000 175,000 1,056,000 944,000 Total Other 2,766,000 2,394,000 Total Intangibles VELL EQUIPMENT - TANGIBLES 148,000 148,000 lasing - Surface - Size  $\frac{20^{\circ}}{13 \cdot 3/8}$  Ft.  $\frac{2200}{5350}$ 240,000 240,000 9 5/8 11300 asing - Intermediate - Size 7 5/8 L Ft. 3500 663,000 663,000 138,000 138,000 lesing - 011 String - Size 4 1/2 Ft. 1500' 23,000 whing - Size 2 7/8 Ft. 28,400' 202,000 ellhead + liner langers + PBR 229,000 33,000 Total Well Equipment \_\_\_\_ 1,643,000 1,222,000 3,616,000 Totals \_\_\_\_ 4,409,000

Federal "CW" Com #1

LEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION WELL COST DETAIL WORKSHEET BALES EXHIBIT NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ CASE NO. 2429

Location Sec. 3, T23-S, R34E Zone of Compl. Morrow/Devonian Depth 14,900 PRODUCER DRY HOLE INTANGIBLES Drilling Cost (Footage) \_\_\_\_\_ Ft. @ MIRURD 50,000 50,000 Day Work & Drill Pipe Rental 125 Days @ \$ 8000 1,000,000 1,000,600 Cable Tools or Comp. Unit \_\_\_\_\_ 30 \_\_ Days @ \$ \_\_\_\_\_ ----60,000 100,000 Surveys 100,000 \_\_\_\_\_(01L ) \_\_\_\_\_ 250,000 250,000 -----Stimulations, Size \_\_\_\_\_ 200,000 50,000 50,000 Roads & Bridges \_\_\_\_\_ Grading \_\_\_\_ 1,710,000 1,450,000 OTHER: Coring Equipment \_\_\_\_\_ 30,000 Perforating \_\_\_\_\_ Shots \_\_\_\_ Scratchers and Centralizers 62,000 50,000 Company Labor \_\_\_\$400/day Contract Labor \_\_Mudlogger @ \$400/day 42,000 42,000 85,000 85,030 Fuel and Water \_\_ 3,000 3,000 Diaging Pits \_\_\_\_\_ Filling Pits \_\_\_\_\_ 30,000 35,000 Trucking Cementing Services 131,000 126,000 Cement for Casing \_\_\_\_\_ Sacks \_\_\_\_ Guide Shoes, Float Shoes and Collars 46,000 46,000 Bits and Reamers 12,000 12,000 No. Tests Drill Stem Tests \_\_\_ Miscellaneous Rentals \$3000/day 390,000 375,000 220,000 Contingencies & taxes 175,000 1,055,000 944,000 Total Other 2,766,000 2,394,000 Total Intangibles WELL EQUIPMENT - TANGIBLES Casing - Surface - Size 20" 3/8" Ft. 2200 148,000 148,000 240,000 240,000 asing - Intermediate - Size 7 5/8 L 4/2 Ft. 3500' 138,000 138,000 esing - 011 String - Size 4 1/2 Ft. 1500' 23,000 ubing - Size <u>2 7/8</u> Ft. 28,400° 202,000 ellhead + liner langers + PRR 229,000 33,000 Total Well Equipment \_\_\_ 1,222,000 1,643,000 3,616,000 Totals \_\_\_\_ 4,409,000

Dockets Nos. 8-82 and 9-82 are tentatively set for March 16 and March 31, 1982. Applications for hearing must be filed at least 22 days in advance of hearing date.

#### DOCYET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - MARCH 3, 1982

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION CONFERENCE BOOM STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The following cases will be heard before Eaniel S. Nutter, Examiner, or Richard L. Stamots, Alternate Examiner:

CASE 7469: (Continued from February 3, 1982, Examiner Hearing)

In the matter of the hearing called by the Oil Conservation Division on its own motion to permit H. M. Bailey & Associates, Commercial Union Insurance Company, and all other interested parties to appear and show cause why the following wells on the H. M. Bailey Lease, Township 21 South, Range 1 West, Dona Ana County, should not be plugged and abandoned in accordance with a Division-approved plugging program: In Section 10: Nos. 9 in Unit A: 9, 11, 12, and 13 in Unit B, 10 and 14 in Unit C; and No. 15 in Unit C of Section 9.

- CASE 7494: Application of Bass Enterprises Production Company for a unit agreement, Lea County, New Mexico.

  Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks approval for the Humble City Unit Area, comprising 800 acres, more or less, of State lands in Township 17 South, Range 37 East.
- CASE 7495: Application of Gulf Oil Corporation for simultaneous dedication and an unortholox location, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks approval for the simultaneous dedication of a previously approved 320-acre non-standard Eumont provation unit comprising the E/2 of Section 25, Township 19 South, Range 36 East, to its Graham State Wells Nos. 8 in Unit J and 9 at an unorthodox location 990 feet from the North line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 25.
- Application of Viking Petroleum, Inc. for an unorthodox location, Chaves County, New Mexico.

  Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks approval for the unorthodox location of an Abo gas well
  to be drilled 62 feet from the South line and 1984 feet from the East line of Section 29, Township
  5 South, Range 24 East, the SE/4 of said Section to be dedicated to the well.
- CASE 7476: (Continued from February 3, 1982, Examiner Hurring)

Application of Jack J. Grynberg for compulsory pooling, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests down through and including the Abo formation, underlying two 160-acre gas spacing units, being the NE/4 and SE/4, respectively, of Section 12, Township 5 South, Range 24 East, each to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon. Also to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing said wells and the allocation of the cost thereof as well as actual operating costs and charges for supervision, designation of applicant as operator of the wells and a charge for risk involved in drilling said wells.

- CASE 7497: Application of Parabo, Inc. for an oil treatment plant permit, Lea County, New Mexico.

  Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority for the construction and operation of an oil treating plant for the purpose of treating and reclaiming sediment oil at its salt water disposal site in the SS/4 of Section 29, Township 21 South, Range 38 East.
- CASE 7458: (Continued from January 6, 1982, Examiner Hearing)

Application of Marks & Garner Production Company for salt water disposal, Lea County, New Nexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to dispose of salt water into the Bough C formation in the perforated interval from 9596 feet to 9616 feet in its Betenbough Well No. 2, located in Unit M of Section 12, Township 9 South, Range 35 East.

CASE 7498: Application of Dwayne E. Hamilton for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New Mexico.

Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests in the Wolfcamp through Devonian formations underlying the S/2 of Section 5, Township 16 South, Range 35 East, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon. Also to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing said well and the allocation of the cost thereof as well as actual operating costs and charges for supervision, designation of applicant as operator of the well, and a charge for risk involved in drilling said well.

Page 2 Examiner Hearing - WEDNESDAY - MARCH 3, 1982

Application of Amoco Production Company for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New Mexico.

Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests in the Wolfcamp through Devonian formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon. Also to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing naid well and the allocation of the cost thereof as well as actual operating costs and charges for supervision, designation of applicant as operator of the well, and a charge for risk involved in drilling said well.

CASE 7073: (Continued from February 17, 1982, Examiner Hearing)

In the matter of Case 7073 being reopened pursuant to the provisions of Order No. R-6558, which order promulgated special rules for the South Elkins-Fusselman Pool in Chaves County, including provisions for 80-acre spacing units and a limiting gas-oil ratio of 3000 to one. All interested parties may appear and show cause why said pool should not be developed on 40-acre spacing units with a limiting gas-oil ratio of 2000 to one.

CASE 7074: (Continued from February 17, 1982, Examiner Hearing)

In the matter of Case 7074 being reopened pursuant to the provisions of Orders Nos. R-6565 and R-6565-B, which created the South Elkins-Fusselman Gas Pool in Chaves County. All interested parties may appear and present evidence as to the exact nature of the reservoir, and more particularly, as to the proper rate of withdrawal from the reservoir if it is determined that said pool is producing from a retrograde gas condensate reservoir.

CASE 7500: Application of Read & Stevens, Inc. for an exception to the maximum allowable base price provisions of the New Mexico Natural Gas Pricing Act, Eddy County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order of the Division prescribing the price allowed for production enhancement gas under Section 107 of the Natural Gas Policy A:t as the maximum allowable base price if production enhancement work which qualifies under the NGPA is performed on its Hackberry Hills Unit Well No. 4 located in Section 22, Township 22 South, Range 26 East, Eddy County, New Mexico.

CASE 7485: (Continued from February 17, 1982, Examiner Hearing)

Application of Berge Exploration for compulsory pooling, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests in the Abo formation underlying two 160-acre proration units, the first being the NW/4 and the second being the SW/4 of Section 27, Township 7 South, Range 26 East, each to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon. Also to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing said wells and the allocation of the cost thereof as well as actual operating costs and charges for supervision, designation of applicant as operator of the wells and a charge for risk involved in drilling said wells.

CASE 7501: In the matter of the hearing called by the Oil Conservation Division on its own motion for an order creating and extending certain pools in Chaves, Eddy and Lea Counties, New Mexico.

(a) CREATE a new pool in Lea County, New Nexico, classified as an oil pool for Wolfcamp production and designated as the North Caprock-Wolfcamp Pool. The discovery well is The Petroleum Corporation Landlady W 11 No. 1 located in Unit J of Section 8, Township 12 South, Range 32 East, NMPM. Said pool would comprise:

TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPM Section 8: SE/4

(b) CREATE a new pool in Lea County, New Mexico, classified as an oil pool for Morrow production and designated as the Feather-Morrow Pool. The discovery well is the Santa Fe Energy Company State UTP Well No. 1 located in Unit J of Section 21, Township 15 South, Range 32 East, NMPN. Said pool would comprise:

TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPN Section 21: SE/4

(c) CREATE a new pool in Lea County, New Hexico, classified as an oil pool for Abo Reef production and designated as the Garrett-Abo Reef Pool. The discovery well is the Marathon Oil Company Delmont L. Hatfield Well No. I located in Unit J of Section 23, Township 16 South, Range 38 East, NMPM. Said pool would comprise:

TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 38 EAST, NMPM Section 23: SE/4 Page 3
Examiner Hearing - WEDNESDAY - MARCH 3, 1982

(d) CREATE a new pool in Lea County, New Mexico, classified as a gas pool for Strawn and Atoka production and designated an the Pronghorn Strawn-Atoka Gas Pool. The discovery well is the Yates Petroleum Corporation Pronghorn Unit Well No. 1 located in Unit G of Section 6, Township 23 South, Range 33 East, NMPM. Sold Pool would comprise:

TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 33 EAST, NMPM Section 6: N/2

(e) CREATE a new pool in Lea County, New Mexico, classified as an cil pool for Paddock production and designated as the Skaggs-Paddock Pool. The discovery well is the Conoco Inc. SEMU Burger Well No. 107 located in Unit J of Section 19, Township 20 South, Range 38 East, NMPM. Said pool would comprise:

TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 38 EAST, NMPM Section 19: SE/4

(f) EXTEND the Angell Ranch Atoka-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 19 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, NMPM Section 2: \$/2
Section 11: N/2

(g) EXTEND the Atoka-Yeso Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 26 EAST, NMPM Section 26: E/2 NW/4 and E/2 SW/4

(h) EXTEND the Austin-Mississippian Gas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 14 SOUTH, RANGE 36 EAST, NMPM Section 18: S/2

(i) EXTEND the Boyd-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 19 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, NMPM Section 3: E/2

(j) EXTEND the Bunker Hill-Penrose Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 16 SCITH, RANGE 31 EAST, NMPM Section 14: S/2 SW/4
Section 23: N/2 N/2
Section 24: S/2 NW/4 and NE/4 NW/4

(k) EXTEND the South Carlsbad-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 26 EAST, NMPM Section 36: S/2

(1) EXTEND the Chaveroo-San Andres Pool in Chaves County, New Mcxico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 8 SOUTH, RANGE 33 EAST, NMPM Section 10: W/2 Section 15: W/2

(m) EXTEND the Dark Canyon-Pennsylvanian Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, NMPM Section 31: N/2

Page 4
Examiner Hearing - WEDNESDAY - MARCH 3, 1982

(n) EXTEND the Drinkard

Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 37 EAST, EMPH Section 12: E/2

TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 38 EAST, NMPM Section 7: NW/4

(o) EXTEND the North Eidson-Horrow Gas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include thereis.

TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 35 EAST, NMPM Section 6: lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, and SW/4

(p) EXTEND the Happy Valley-Horrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 26 EAST, NMPM Section 20: \$/2

(q) EXTEND the Herradura Bend-Delaware Poul in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 28 EAST, NMPM Section 29: NW/4 SW/4

(r) EXTEND the Hobbs-Blinebry Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 38 EAST, NMPM Section 34: W/2

TOWNSHIP 19 SOUTH, RANGE 38 EAST, NMPM Section 3: NW/4

(s) EXTEND the Jalmat Yates-Seven Rivers Oil and Cas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 35 EAST, NMPM Section 26: NE/4

(t) EXTEND the South Kemnitz Atoka-Morrow Gas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NMPM Section 30: W/2

(u) EXTEND the North Loving-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 28 EAST, NMPM
Section 20: E/2
Section 21: All
Section 22: S/2
Section 27: All
Section 28: All
Section 29: All

(v) EXTEND the Northeast Lovington-Pennsylvanian Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 16 SOUTH, RANGE 37 EAST, NMPM Section 7: SW/4

(w) EXTEND the North Lusk-Morrow Gas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPH Section 35: All

Page 5 Examiner Hearing - WEDNESDAY - MARCH 3, 1982

(x) EXTEND the Oil Center-Glorieta Gas Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 36 EAST, NMPM
Section 11: NW/4

(y) EXTEND the San Simon-Wolfcamp Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 35 EAST, HMPM Section 5: NW/4

(z) EXTEND the sand Ranch-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 10 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, NMPM Section 26: All

(aa) EXTEND the Tomahawk-San Andres Pool in Chaves County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 8 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPM Section 6: SW/4 Section 7: NW/4

(bb) EXTEND the Travis-Upper Pennsylvanian Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 28 EAST, NMPM Section 12: S/2 SE/4

(cc) EXTEND the Tulk-Pennsylvanian Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 14 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPM Section 35: SW/4

(dd) EXTEND the Turkey Track-Seven Rivers-Queen-Grayburg Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, NMPM Section 22: SE/4 SW/4

(ee) EXTEND the North Young-Bone Spring Pool in Lea County, New Mexico, to include therein:

TOWNSHIP IN SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, NMPM Section 8: S/2 Section 9: W/2



### DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A.

February 26, 1982

OIL & GAS DIVISION
SUITE 1123, WILCO BUILDING
MIDLAND, TEXAS 79701

State of New Mexico Energy and Mineral Department Oil Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088 Sante Fe, New Mexico 87501

Attention: Daniel S. Nutter

Re: Case #7499

Docket Wednesday March 3, 1982

Compulsory Pooling Hearing

Amoco vs. Dow, et al

Antelope Ridge Area

S/2, Sec 3, 23S-34E

Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Nutter:

Please review the xerox copies of correspondence concerning the above captioned case prior to the hearing. See if you don't agree that due to the time frame involved that it would not be reasonable to grant a 30 day continuance of this hearing. It is believed that during the interim Dow and Amoco could resolve their differences and perhaps no hearing would be necessary. Please consider this letter as our formal request for continuance.

If you have any questions or further information is needed please do not hesitate to call me collect at (915) 683-6151.

Yours very truly,

Mark S. Martin

Area Manager

MAR 0 1 1982

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION SANTA FE

AN OPERATING UNIT OF THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY



### DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A.

February 26, 1982

OIL & GAS DIVISION SUITE 1123, WILCO BUILDING MIDLAND, TEXAS 79701

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

SANTA FE

Amoco Production Company 500 Jefferson Building P.O. Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001

Attention: Phillip Vasquez

Re: North Antelope Area Federal "CW" Comm Well #1 Lea County, New Mexico (Your EA 51,995)

Dear Phillip:

As you know, we have had numerous telephone conversations concerning Amoco's proposal to drill a 14,900' Devonian test on a proration unit including the S/2, Sec 3, 23S-34E. You first started talking with Belco in November, 1981, however, due to misinformation, Dow was not contacted until 1-13-82. Dow is interested in seeing a well drilled in this section and we are very interested in trying to work out some arrangement where we can participate in said well. It is therefore suggested that Amoco ask for a 30 day continuance of their compulsory pooling hearing which is case \$7499 on the docket for Wednesday March 3, 1982, before the Oil Conservation Division of New Mexico. It is felt that if Amoco would ask for a 30 day continuance that a suitable agreement could be worked out whereby the hearing would not be necessary.

As you know, Belco and Dow have both been reluctant to participate in a Devonian test. I believe that both Belco and Dow would agree to join in a Morrow test. Dow feels that the Devonian possibilities in this area are very risky and that the mechanical problems involved in drilling through the Strawn, Atoka and Morrow to the Devonian could be very costly and would very likely run in excess of your AFE costs. We have suggested a joint meeting between the three parties including the geologists and engineers to discuss the various possibilities involved. Amoco has refused to join in said meeting unless we would agree to certain terms beforehand, which we are unwilling to do. I understand that Belco has indicated to you their willingness to Farmout, but still feel they would favor participating in a Morrow test and feel that Dow would do likewise.

Amoco Production Company Re: North Antelope Area February 26, 1982 Page -2-

Your unit approach as outlined in the January letter concerning all of section 3 seems to be the logical approach to use for the drilling to any formation in this section and we would like to discuss these aspects further. Another possibility would be for all parties to participate in drilling to the Morrow and then any parties wishing to deepen the well to the Devonian do so at their own cost and expense. As a last resort it would be recommended from this office that Dow Farmout on the basis of a 1/16 override convertible to a 50% back in at payout. These Farmout terms are certainly justified due to the increased activity in the area and the exceptionally good wells which have recently been completed.

I appreciate Amoco's patience in this matter however, please consider the short time that we have had to consider the different possibilities in this very costly project. Please give our request due consideration and we are hoping that you will obtain the continuance requested.

If anything further is needed from us please advise.

Very truly yours,

Mark S. Martin Area Manager

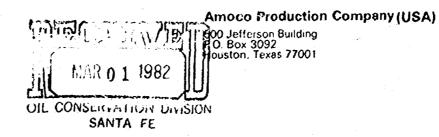
State of New Mexico Energy and Mineral Department Oil Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088

Sante Fe, New Mexico 87501

Re: March 3, 1982 Hearing Case #7499

Attention: Daniel S. Nutter





February 5, 1982

Re: EA 51,995

Federal "CW" Com Well No. 1 North Antelope Ridge Area Lea County, New Mexico

Belco Petroleum Corporation 411 Petroleum Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Mary Ward

The Dow Chemical Company 1123 Wilco Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Mark Martin

#### Gentlemen:

Amoco Production Company hereby agrees to show you our geological information on the above referenced well contingent upon your company committing to either join in, or farm out your interest in Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E N.M.P.M. to Amoco for the drilling of such well, under our previously proposed terms.

Amoco will show this information in Midland, Texas at a mutually agreeable time and place to the parties involved,

If agreeable, please evidence your commitment to these terms by signing, dating, and returning one copy of this letter by February 15, 1982.

Belco Petroleum Corporation The Down Chemical Company February 5, 1982 Page 2

Please call Philip Vasquez if you have any questions, at (713) 654-4463. Yours very truly,

S. a. Reinert

S. A. Reinert

PDV/ve 5/2908

Agreed to and accepted this \_\_\_\_\_ day of February, 1982.

BELCO PETROLEUM CORPORATION THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

By \_\_\_\_\_ By \_\_\_\_

cc: V. M. Peeples - Jefferson Building, Room 1335-A R. L. Couch - Jefferson Building, Room 1813-A



February 3, 1982

File: JCA-986.51NM-029

Re: Compulsory Pooling

S/2 Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E

Lea County, New Mexico

State of New Mexico **Energy and Minerals Department** Oil Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, NM 87501

Attn: Mr. Joe D. Ramey

Amoco Production Company respectfully requests a hearing for compulsory pooling of all mineral interest in the Wolfcamp, Pennsylvanian, Mississippian and Devonian Formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E, Lea County, New Mexico. The subject acreage will be dedicated to a well to be drilled as a Devonian test at an orthodox location. Also, to be considered will be the consi will be the cost of drilling and completing said well, the allocation of cost thereof as well as actual operating cost, charges for supervision and a charge for risks involved in drilling said well. Amoco will ask to be designated as operator of the well.

Please place this item on the Examiners Hearing Docket of March 3, 1982. Attached are the copies of a land plat of the subject area. The only operators affected by the hearing, other than Amoco Production Company are listed below and being furnished a copy of this letter:

Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, Texas 79701

The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, Texas 79701

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MAR 0 1 1982

eco Production 500 Sefferent Bayland SION P.O. BAN3992 Houston, Texas 27001

Lead to liture

The United States of America is the lessor.

Please direct any question to Mr. Jim Allen, telephone (713) 652-5497.

Yours very truly, 0/5 R. H. Smith gca

R. G. Smith

Regional Engineering Manager-West

JCA/1rd 5

File: JCA-986.51NM-029 February 3, 1982 Page Two

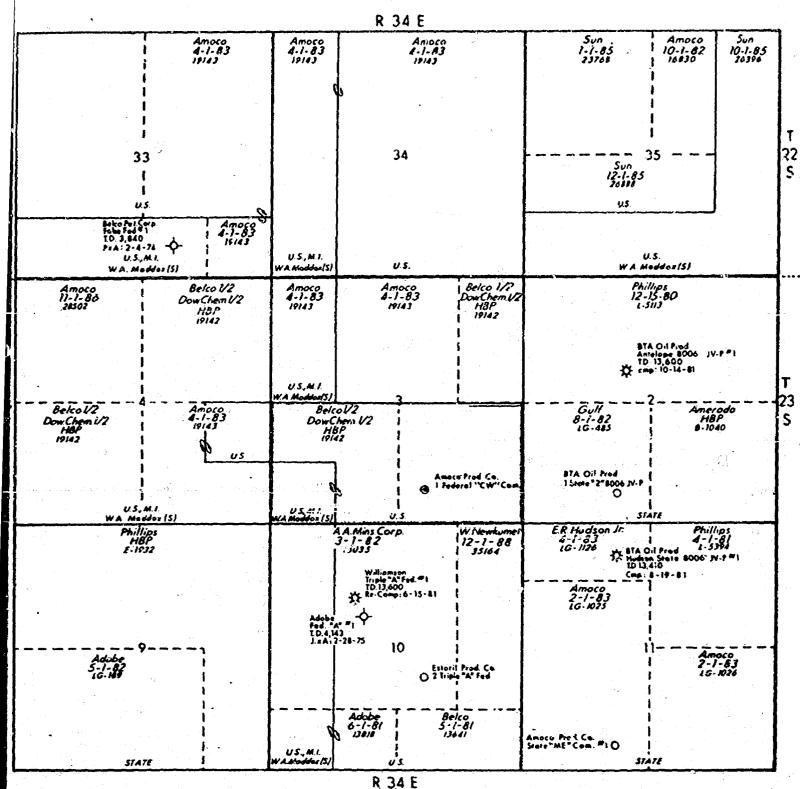
Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, TX 79701 cc:

The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, Texas 79701

U. S. Geological Survey P.O. Box 26124 Albuquerque, NM 87125

Attn: Mr. Gene F. Daniel

# Proposed Federal "CW" Well No.1 Lea County, New Mexico



12				1.3	* 1 Table 1	Algebra (Algebra)	
KEY:				⊸ <b>b'</b> .		2000'	
PRODUCING	WELL	78				<del></del>	-
- DRY HOLE		- 4	and the property	1 1	SCA	LE: 1 = 2.0	00'

PROPOSED LOCATION

DRILLING WELL

4000



January 13, 1982

White Production Company (USA)
500 Jetterson Building
500 Jetterson Building
100 1 198 Housen Texas 77001

UIL CONSERVATION UNION
SANTA FE

Re: EA 51,995

North Antelope Area Federal "CW" Com Well No. 1 Lea County, New Mexico

The Dow Chemical Company 1123 Wilco Building Midland, TX 79701

Attention: Mr. Mark Martin

Gentlemen:

Amoco Production Company hereby proposes the formation of a one (1) section working interest area, consisting of 640.24 acres, for the drilling of an approximate 14,900' dually completed Morrow-Devonian Formation test. The proposed unit will cover rights from the surface to the base of the Devonian Formation in Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E, N.M.P.M., Section Lea County, New Mexico. Estimated gross dry hole and producer costs are \$3,416,000.00 and \$4,203,000.00, respectively.

Ownership within the proposed unit appears to be as follows:

Parties	Acres	<u>Percentage</u>
Amoco Belco and Dow (½ interest each)	400.09	62.4906
	240.15 37.5094 640.24	

As an alternative to joining the proposed unit, Amoco will accept farm-ins to the unit, with the farming party to retain a proportionate 1/16 overriding royalty, with the option at well payout to convert to a proportionate 40% working interest. Production will earn Amoco an assignment of 100% working interest in the proration unit and 60% working interest in the balance of the contract area.

Enclosed for your review are two copies of an AFE for the drilling and testing of the subject well. In the event you elect to join, please execute and return one copy for our files. An operating agreement will be forwarded for your execution upon a favorable response from you.

Jak Oak

The Dow Chemical Company January 13, 1982 Page 2

This well is scheduled for late February, therefore, your early consideration of the proposal will be appreciated. Should you have any questions or if I may be of any assistance, please call me at (713) 652-4463.

This proposal was made to Belco on November 5, 1981. Belco indicated that they represent Dow. If this is so, please confirm this in writing.

Very truly yours,

Philip Daniel Vasquez

Landman

PDV/dg 782/N

**Enclosures** 

P MU AGT SANA

INFORMSTER 1-037534M060 03/01/82
ICS IPMKAKD KSC
02822 03-01 0608P CST
TWY 9109850511 WU AGT SANA
4-0541158060 03/01/82
ICS IPMBNGZ CSP

7139324700 TOBE HOUSTON TX 140 03-01 0537P EST
PMS NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION RPT DLY MGM, FON 505827243

STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG 310 OLD SANTA FE TRAÍL SANTA FE NM 87501

RE: EXAMINER HEARING MARCH 3 COMPULSORY POOLING CASE NO. 7499.

AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY IS REQUESTING AN ORDER TO POOL ALL MINERAL INTERESTS IN THE VOLFCAMP THROUGH DEVONIAN FORMATIONS UNDERLYING THE S/2 SEC. 3. T-23-S, R-34-E, LEA COUNTY NEW HEXICO. SAID TOOLING CASE 7499 IS TO BE HEARD ON MARCH 3. BELCO PETROLEUM, UPON REPRESENTATION BY AMOCO PRODUCTION THAT AMOCO HAS AGREED TO THE TERMS OF BELCO'S FARMOUT TO IT COVERING BELCO'S INTEREST IN THE SOUTH HALF SECTION 3. WILL NOT PROTEST THIS COMPULSORY TOOLING HEARING. HAD AMOCO NOT ACCEPTED SAID HARMOUT BELCO WOULD BE IN ATTENDANCE TO PROTEST. BELCO HEQUESTS THE COMMISSION TO NOTE IN THE RECORD FOR THIS CASE THAT BELCO IS NOT MAXING AN APPEARANCE IN PROSTEST. ON THE VERBAL ASSURANCE FROM AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY THAT THE BELCO FARMOUT LETTER DATED FEBRUARY 26 1982 WAS ACCEPTABLE TO AMOCO.

BELCO PETROLEUM
BY JAMES PATRICK MILLER
DIVISION ATTORNEY
10000 OLD MATY RD SUITE 100
HOUSTON TX 77 55

1905 EST

### CAMPBELL, BYRD & BLACK, P.A. LAWYERS

JACK M. CAMPBELL HARL D. BYRD BRUCE D. BLACK MICHAEL B. CAMPBELL WILLIAM F. CARR

BRAUFORD C. BERGE WILLIAM G. WARDLE

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
SANTA DIVISION
JEFFERSON PLACON
110 NORTH GUADAL
110 NORTH GUADAL SUITE I - 110 NORTH GUADALUPE

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501 TELEPHONE: (505) 988-4421 TELECOPIER: (505) 983-6043

February 23, 1982

Mr. Joe D. Ramey Director Oil Conservation Division New Mexico Department of Energy and Minerals Post Office Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Case 7499: Application of Amoco Production Company for Compulsory Pooling, Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Ramey:

Enclosed for filing in the above-referenced case is our Entry of Appearance on behalf of Amoco Production Company.

Your attention to this matter is appreciated.

Very truly yours

William F. Carr

WFC:1r

Enclosure

Mr. Clyde Mote



### BEFORE THE

## OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND MINERALS

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

CASE 7499

## ENTRY OF APPEARANCE

Comes now Campbell, Byrd & Black, P.A. and hereby enters its appearance in the above-styled cause for Amoco Production Company.

CAMPBELL, BYRD & BLACK, P.A.

William F. Carr

Post Office Box 2208

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 Attorneys for Amoco Production

Company



#### Amoco Production Company (USA)

Case 7499

500 Jefferson Building P.O. Box 3092 Houston, Texas 77001

February 3, 1982

File: JCA-986.51NM-029

Re: Compulsory Pooling

\$/2 Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E

Lea County, New Mexico

State of New Mexico Energy and Minerals Department 011 Conservation Division P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, NM 87501

Attn: Mr. Joe D. Ramey

Ancco Production Company respectfully requests a hearing for compulsory pooling of all mineral interest in the Wolfcamp, Pennsylvanian, Mississippian and Devonian Formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, T-23-S, R-34-E, Lea County, New Mexico. The subject acreage will be dedicated to a well to be drilled as a Devonian test at an orthodox location. Also, to be considered will be the cost of drilling and completing said well, the allocation of cost thereof as well as actual operating cost, charges for supervision and a charge for risks involved in drilling said well. Amoco will ask to be designated as operator of the well.

Please place this item on the Examiners Hearing Docket of March 3, 1982. Attached are the copies of a land plat of the subject area. The only operators affected by the hearing, other than Amoco Production Company are listed below and being furnished a copy of this letter:

Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, Texas 79701 The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, Texas 79701

The United States of America is the lessor.

Please direct any question to Mr. Jim Allen, telephone (713) 652-5497.

Yours very truly,

R. G. Smith

Regional Engineering Manager-West

& Smith pe

JCA/1rd

FEB 07 1982
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION SANTA FE

File: JCA-986.51NM-029 February 3, 1982 Page Two

cc: Belco Petroleum Corp. 411 Petroleum Bldg. 204 W. Texas Midland, TX 79701

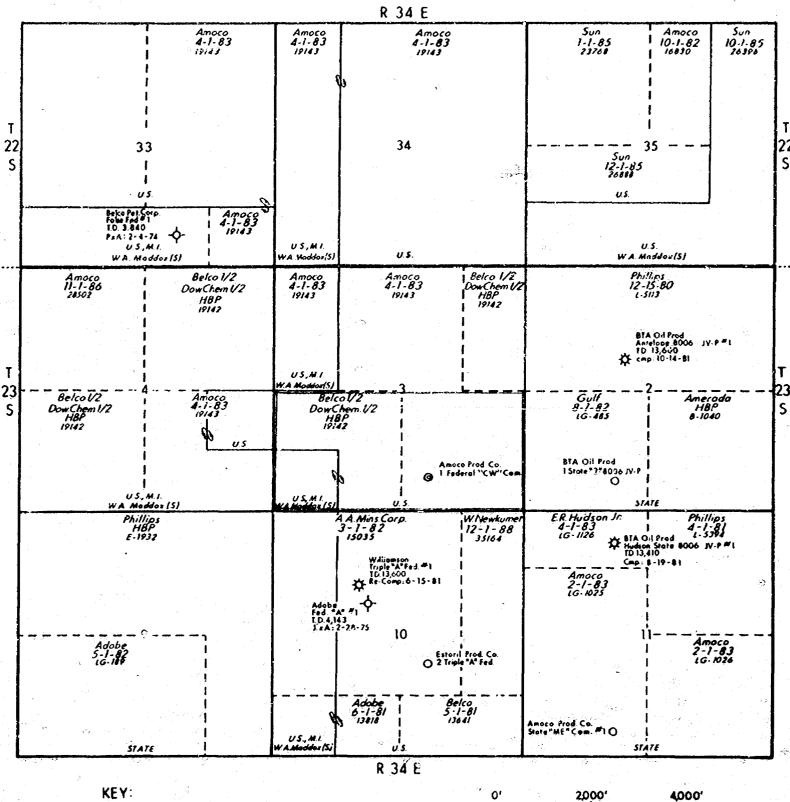
> The Dow Chemical Co. 1123 Wilco Bldg. Midland, Texas 79701

U. S. Geological Survey P.O. Box 26124 Albuquerque, NM 87125

Attn: Mr. Gene F. Daniel



# Proposed Federal "CW" Well No.1 Lea County, New Mexico



PRODUCING WELL

DRY HOLE

PROPOSED LOCATION

DRILLING WELL

20001

SCALE: 1"= 2,000"

PANDLO

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING
CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION
DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF
CONSIDERING:

JAR

CASE NO. 7499
Order No. R- 7032

APPLICATION OF AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

ORDER OF THE DIVISION

M.5

### BY THE DIVISION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on March 31, 1982, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Daniel S. Nutter.

NOW, on this \_\_\_\_\_day of July, 1982, the Division Director, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

### FINDS:

(1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Division has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.

(14)

- (2) That the applicant, Amoco Production Company, seeks an order pooling all mineral interests in the Wolfcamp through Devonian formations underlying the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Antelope Ridge Area, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3.
- (3) That the applicant owns an oil and gas lease on the SE/4 of said Section 3, and has taken a farmout on an undivided 50 percent working interest in the SW/4 of said Section 3, thereby controlling 75 percent of the working interest in the proposed spacing and proration unit and having the right to drill thereon, which it proposes to do.
- (4) That Dow Chemical U.S.A. is the owner of a 50 percent undivided working interest in the SW/4 of said Section 3, and appeared at the hearing in opposition to Amoco's proposal to pool the S/2 cf Section 3 and drill a 14,900-foot well to test the Devonian formation underlying said lands.
- (5) That this case originally came on for Frazing on March 3, 1982, at which time both sides presented testimony; that the case was then continued to the March 31, 1982, hearing in order to give the parties to the hearing additional time in which to negotiate and resolve their differences.
- (6) That during the interim period between hearings there were apparently good faith efforts made to arrive at an amicable solution, but certain differences between the parties remain.
- (7) That both parties agree, and the geological evidence tends to confirm, that the Pennsylvanian formation, particularly

the Morrow section, underlying the proposed spacing and proration unit is a good prospect for obtaining commercial production.

- (8) That the geological evidence concerning the Devonian prospect is somewhat less conclusive, but the evidence appears to preponderate towards the view that prospects for commercial production from the Devonian formation are much more uncertain than such prospects for the Pennsylvanian, and that Dow is justified in not desiring to participate in going to the Devonian.
- That to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, and to afford to the owner of each interest in said unit the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the gas in said pool, the subject application should be approved by pooling all mineral interests, whatever they may be, within said unit, and Amoco should be designated operator of the subject well and unit, provided however, that Dow should be given the opportunity to participate in the drilling of the subject well on a split-risk basis, i.e., (1) to participate in drilling and completion costs to the Morrow formation without penalty or to go non-consent to the Morrow and participate in the Morrow subject to a charge for the risk involved to said formation, and (2), to participate in the additional drilling and completion costs from the Morrow to the Devonian without penalty or to go non-consent from the Morrow to the Devonian and participate in the Devonian subject to a separate and different charge for the risk involved in the additional drilling.
- (10) That it is the intent of this order to break the drilling of the subject well down into two separate and

distinctive phases: (1) from the surface of the ground through the Morrow pay; and (2) from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay; to provide alternative selections to the poolee, Dow; and to provide cost accounting for a single Morrow completion vs. a single Devonian completion or a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.

- (11) To the above ends, all charges and costs which would be directly attributable to a single Morrow completion should be charged to the Morrow zone and subject to the Morrow risk factor provided herein, if applicable, and paid out of Morrow production only; all charges and costs which would be directly attributable to the drilling of a single Devonian completion from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay as well as any extra up-hole charges and costs resulting from drilling the well to the Devonian above and beyond what would normally be spent drilling to the Morrow only (such as extra hole size, extra casing and cementing, rig charges, etc.) should be charged to the Devonian zone and subject to the Devonian risk factor provided herein, if applicable, and paid out of Devonian production only; all common charges to a Morrow-Devonian dual (including the separation packer, dual Christmas tree, etc.) shall be split between the two zones and each portion made subject to the risk factor for that zone and paid out of production from that zone.
- (12) That after the effective date of this order and within 60 days prior to commencing the subject well, Amoco should furnish the Division and Dow itemized schedules of estimated well costs as follows:
  - A. A cost estimate for a normal single Morrow test

    well to the anticipated Morrow completion depth

(13,500 + feet).

- B. A cost estimate for a normal single Devonian test well to the anticipated Devonian completion depth (14,900 + feet).
- C. A cost estimate for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion at the above depths.
- (13) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) A above should include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Morrow completion without anticipation of drilling beyond the expected Morrow completion depth.
- (14) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) B above should include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Devonian completion without anticipation of an upper pay (Morrow) being present or requiring testing.
- (15) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (12) C above should include normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.
- (16) That within 30 days from the date the above-described schedules of estimated well costs are furnished to it, Dow should make its election as to whether to participate in the subject well.

- (17) That if it elects to participate, Dow should have the opportunity of choosing its mode of participation, i.e., whether to participate in drilling to and completing in the Morrow only, or to participate in drilling and completing in both the Morrow and Devonian.
- (18) That if it elects to participate, Dow should be afforded the opportunity of paying its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected in lieu of paying its share of reasonable well costs out of production.
- (19) That should Dow elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface down through the Morrow pay, it should have its share of reasonable well costs for said formation withheld from production from the Morrow formation plus a reasonable percentage of such costs as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well to the Morrow.
- (20) That considering the geological and engineering evidence presented at the hearing, 100 percent of reasonable well costs is an adequate and appropriate charge for the risk involved in drilling said well to the Morrow formation.
- (21) That should Dow elect to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface to the Morrow, but elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the base of the Morrow pay down through the Devonian pay, it should have its share of well costs for drilling from the Morrow to the Devonian withheld from production from the Devonian formation plus a reasonable percentage thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.

- evidence presented at the hearing, 200 percent of reasonable well costs from the Morrow to the Devonian is an adequate and appropriate charge for the risk involved in drilling said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.
- above-described modes of participation, its payment of its share of estimated well costs for that mode should be made to Amoco in accordance with some customary and mutually agreeable system for billing and payment which is common to the industry; that should Dow so elect to participate and pay its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected, it should remain liable for operating costs but should not be liable for risk charges for that mode of participation. Reasonable drilling and completion costs advanced by Amoco beyond the mode selected and prepaid by Dow should be subject to the risk factors described above and withheld from production from the appropriate formation together with operating costs.
- the operator should furnish the Division and Dow an itemized schedule of actual well costs for drilling and completion of the well, broken down into two segments: from the surface through the Morrow pay, and from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay; that if no objection to such actual well costs is received by the Division, and the Division has not objected to such actual well costs within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual costs should be considered reasonable costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period, the Division should determine reasonable well costs after public notice and hearing.

- (25) That within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, should Dow have paid its share of estimated well costs for either of the above-described modes of participation, it should pay to Amoco any amount that its share of reasonable well costs for that mode exceed paid estimated well costs and should receive from Amoco any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs for that mode.
- (26) That the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well to the Morrow formation should be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones above the Morrow; that the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay should be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones between the base of the Morrow and the top of the Devonian.
- (27) That \$4200.00 per month while drilling and \$420.00 per month while producing should be fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator should be authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating the subject well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (28) That all proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason should be placed in

escrow in Lea County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership.

- (29) That upon the failure of the operator of said pooled unit to commence drilling of the well to which said unit is dedicated on or before November 1, 1982, the order pooling said unit should become null and void and of no effect whatsoever.
- (30) That although the application in this case was for pooling of the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, to form a 320-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3, the Division Director should have authority to approve an alternative location for the unit well without hearing upon application of Amoco, provided all applicable provisions of Rule 104 of the Division Rules and Regulations are met, and provided that such location has been submitted to Dow along with the itemized schedules of well costs specified in Finding Nos. (12) through (15) above.

### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That all mineral interests, whatever they may be, from the top of the Wolfcamp formation through the base of the Devonian formation underlying the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34 East, NMPM, Antelope Ridge Area, Lea County, New Mexico, are hereby pooled to form a standard 320-acre gas spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be drilled 660 feet from the South line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3 or at such other location on said unit as the Division Director may approve.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, that the operator of said unit shall commence the drilling of said well on or before the first day of November, 1982, and shall thereafter continue the drilling of said well with due diligence to a depth sufficient to test the Devonian formation;

PROVIDED FURTHER, that in the event said operator does not commence the drilling of said well on or before the first day of November, 1982, Order (1) of this order shall be null and void and of no effect whatsoever, unless said operator obtains a time extension from the Division for good cause shown.

PROVIDED FURTHER, that should said well not be drilled to completion, or abandonment, within 180 days after commencement thereof, said operator shall appear before the Division Director and show cause why Order (1) of this order should not be rescinded.

- (2) That Amoco Production Company is hereby designated the operator of the subject well and unit.
- (3) That after the effective date of this order and within 40
  90 days prior to commencing said well, the operator shall furnish the Division and each known working interest owner in the subject unit itemized schedules of estimated well costs as follows:
  - A. A cost estimate for a normal single Morrow test well to the anticipated Morrow completion depth (13,500 depth).
  - B. A cost estimate for a normal single Devonian test well to the anticipated Devonian completion

- C. A cost estimate for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion at the above depths.
- (4) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (1017) above shall include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Morrow completion without anticipation of drilling beyond the expected Morrow completion depth.
- (5) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. (19)8 above shall include only normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a single Devonian completion without anticipation of an upper pay (Morrow) being present or requiring testing.
- (6) That the cost estimate prescribed in Finding No. 10(6) above shall include normal drilling, testing, and completion costs with a suitably sized drilling rig and normal mud, logging, and testing charges and casing and cementing costs for a Morrow-Devonian dual completion.
- (7) That within 30 days from the date the above-described schedules of estimated well costs are furnished to it, Dow shall make its election as to whether to participate in the subject well.
- (8) That if it elects to participate, Dow shall have the opportunity of choosing its mode of participation, i.e., whether to participate in drilling to and completing in the Morrow only,

or to participate in drilling and completing in both the Morrow and Devonian.

- (9) That if it elects to participate, Dow shall be afforded the opportunity of paying its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected in lieu of paying its share of reasonable well costs out of production.
- estimated well costs from the surface down through the Morrow pay, it shall have its share of reasonable well costs for said formation withheld from production from the Morrow formation plus 100 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well to the Morrow.
- (11) That should Dow elect to pay its share of estimated well costs from the surface to the Morrow, but elect not to pay its share of estimated well costs from the base of the Morrow pay down through the Devonian pay, it shall have its share of well costs for drilling from the Morrow to the Devonian withheld from production from the Devonian formation plus 200 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of said well from the Morrow to the Devonian.
- (12) That should Dow elect to participate in either of the above-described modes of participation, its payment of its share of estimated well costs for that mode shall be made to Amoco in accordance with some customary and mutually agreeable system for billing and payment which is common to the industry; that should Dow so elect to participate and pay its share of estimated well costs for the mode selected, it shall remain liable for operating costs but shall not be liable for risk charges for that mode of participation. Reasonable drilling and completion

costs advanced by Amoco beyond the mode selected and prepaid by Dow shall be subject to the risk factors described above and withheld from production from the appropriate formation together with operating costs.

- the operator shall furnish the Division and Dow an itemized schedule of actual well costs for drilling and completion of the well, broken down into two segments: from the surface through well, broken down into two segments: from the surface through the Morrow pay, and from the base of the Morrow pay through the including any chile up hole charges and the per Finding No.(11), Devonian pays that if no objection to such actual well costs is received by the Division and the Division has not objected to such actual well costs within 45 days following receipt of said schedule, the actual costs shall be considered reasonable costs; provided however, that if there is an objection to actual well costs within said 45-day period, the Division shall determine the costs within said 45-day period, the Division shall determine the cach well costs after public notice and hearing.
  - (14) That within 60 days following determination of reasonable well costs, should Dow have paid its share of estimated well costs for either of the above-described modes of participation, it shall pay to Amoco any amount that its share of reasonable well costs for that mode exceed paid estimated well costs and shall receive from Amoco any amount that paid estimated well costs exceed reasonable well costs for that mode.
  - (15) That Amoco is hereby authorized to withhold the following costs and charges from production:
    - (A) The pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to Dow if Dow has not paid its share of estimated well costs in accordance with the provisions

for pre-payment as set forth in this order.

- (B) As a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well, the percentage specified elsewhere herein of the pro rata share of reasonable well costs attributable to Dow if Dow has not paid its share of estimated well costs in accordance with the provisions for pre-payment as set forth in this order.
- (16) That the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well to the Morrow formation shall be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones above the Morrow; that the terms and provisions of this order relating to participation or non-participation in the drilling of the subject well from the base of the Morrow pay through the Devonian pay shall be applicable to the drilling to and completion of the well in possible pay zones between the base of the Morrow and the top of the Devonian.
- (17) That \$4200.00 per month while drilling and \$420.00 per month while producing are hereby fixed as reasonable charges for supervision (combined fixed rates); that the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such supervision charges attributable to each non-consenting working interest, and in addition thereto, the operator is hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of actual expenditures required for operating such well, not in excess of what are reasonable, attributable to each non-consenting working interest.

- (18) That any unsevered mineral interest shall be considered a seven-eighths (7/8) working interest and a one-eighth (1/8) royalty interest for the purpose of allocating costs and charges under the terms of this order.
- (19) That any well costs or charges which are to be paid out of production shall be withheld only from the working interest's share of production, and no costs or charges shall be withheld from production attributable to royalty interests.
- (20) That all proceeds from production from the subject well which are not disbursed for any reason shall immediately be placed in escrow in Lea County, New Mexico, to be paid to the true owner thereof upon demand and proof of ownership; that the operator shall notify the Division of the name and address of said escrow agent within 30 days from the date of first deposit with said escrow agent.
- pooling of the S/2 of Section 3, Township 23 South, Range 34
  East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, to form a 320-acre gas
  spacing and proration unit to be dedicated to a well to be
  drilled at a standard location thereon 660 feet from the South
  line and 1980 feet from the East line of said Section 3, the
  bivision Director should have authority to approve an
  alternative location for the unit well without hearing upon
  application of Amoco, provided all applicable provisions of Rule
  104 of the Division Rules and Regulations are met, and provided
  that such location has been submitted to Dow along with the
  itemized schedules of well costs required in Orders Nos. (3)
  through (6) above.

(22) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Division may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

JOE D. RAMEY,
Director

SEAL