Form 3160-3 (June 2015)	r			FORM A OMB No. Expires: Jam	1004-01	137		
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE II BUREAU OF LAND MANA	NTERIOR	-		5. Lease Serial No. NMNM13276				
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D	RILL OR	REENTER		6. If Indian, Allotee of	r Tribe N	Name		
1a. Type of work: Image: Constraint of the second seco	EENTER			7. If Unit or CA Agree	ement, N	lame and No.		
1b. Type of Well: Image: Oil Well Oil Gas Well Oil Oil Oil Well	8. Lease Name and W	ell No.						
1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Si	ngle Zone	Multiple Zone		ROBIN FED				
				127H				
2. Name of Operator COLGATE OPERATING LLC				9. API Well No. 30-	025-5	52625		
3a. Address 300 N MARIENFELD STREET SUITE 1000, MIDLAND, TX		o. (include area cod 272	le)	10. Field and Pool, or Lea/Bone Spring, So	^	itory		
4. Location of Well <i>(Report location clearly and in accordance v</i>		- /		11. Sec., T. R. M. or E SEC 20/T20S/R34E		Survey or Area		
At surface SESE / 330 FSL / 1295 FEL / LAT 32.55223 At proposed prod. zone NENE / 10 FNL / 660 FEL / LAT			115	SEC 20/1203/1(34E)				
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post offi		LONG - 103.5700	115	12. County or Parish		13. State		
27 miles			1	LEA		NM		
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No of ac	res in lease	17. Spacin 320.0	ng Unit dedicated to this well				
18 Distance from proposed location*	19. Propose	d Depth	20. BLM/	BIA Bond No. in file				
to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 1223 feet	10558 feet	/ 20830 feet	FED:					
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3670 feet	22. Approxi 08/31/2022	mate date work will	start*	23. Estimated duration90 days				
	24. Attac	hments						
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of (as applicable)	f Onshore Oil	and Gas Order No.	1, and the H	Iydraulic Fracturing rul	e per 43	CFR 3162.3-3		
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. 		4. Bond to cover th Item 20 above).	ne operation	s unless covered by an e	existing	bond on file (see		
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office		5. Operator certific6. Such other site sp BLM.		mation and/or plans as n	nay be re	equested by the		
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)		(Printed/Typed) H THOMAS / Ph: ((432) 695-		Date 05/21/2	022		
Title Regulatory Manager								
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)		(Printed/Typed) ' LAYTON / Ph: (5	75) 234-59		Date 02/16/2	024		
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals		ad Field Office						
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	t holds legal o	or equitable title to the	hose rights	in the subject lease whi	ch woul	d entitle the		
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, m of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements of					y depart	ment or agency		



(Continued on page 2)

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District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

1	PI Number 5-5262			2 Pool Cod 58960	e	^{3 Pool Name} TEAS;BONE SPRING							
4 Property C					5 Proper	rty Name		6 Well Number					
335483	6				ROBIN F	ED				127H			
7 OGRID	No.				-	tor Name				9 Elevation			
371449					COLGATE E	NERGY LLC				3669.70'			
¹⁰ Surface Location													
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/We	est line	County			
Р	20	20-S	34-E		330'	SOUTH	1295'	5' EAS		LEA			
			и Вo	ttom Ho	le Location	n If Different Fro	om Surface						
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/We	est line	County			
A	17	20-S	34-E	,	10'	NORTH	660'	EAS	ST	LEA			
12 Dedicated Acres	Acres 13 Joint or Infill 14 Consolidation Code 15				Order No.								
320													

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

Y=565457.56 LONG.= 103.57805349° W BHL NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 LTP X=732872.86 LTP Y=565395 26	o the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either was a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including he proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this ocation pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working
X=732872.86 LAT.= 32.55210761° N LTP	
$Y = 56539526 + 0.01357756335^{\circ} W$	ocation pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working
330' FSL, 1295' FEL - SECTION 20	
	nterest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling
L D FIRST TAKE POINT (FTP) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=774690.66 LAT.= 32.55163343° N Y=565244.77 LONG.= 103.57599219° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 V=565182.47 LONG.= -103.57550213° W	Arder heretofore entered by the division. Signature 05.16.2022 Date Mikah Thomas Printed Name
	mthomas@colgateenergy.com
J F Y=575556.00 LONG.= -103.57552025° W 100' FNL, 660' FEL - SECTION 17	E-mail Address ⁸ SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys
20 FTP BOTTOM HOLE LOCATION (BHL) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=774610.25 LAT.= 32.58039507° N Y=575708.62 LONG.= 103.57601151° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27	made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief. Date of Supervision, ME
I H G X=733429.42 LAT.= 32.58027194° N SHL Y=575645.99 LONG.= -103.57552035° W 10' FNL, 660' FEL - SECTION 17 CORNER DATA	Signature and Sear of Profession Surveyor:
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 A -CALCULATED CORNER E -FOUND 1'' IRON PIPE I - FOUND 2'' IRON PIPE I - FOUND 1/2'' IRON ROD N:575683.60' E:770024.14' E -FOUND 4'' IRON PIPE I - FOUND 2'' IRON ROD N:573038.97' E:769997.80' B -FOUND 2'' IRON ROD F - FOUND BENT 1'' IRON PIPE J -FOUND 1/2'' IRON ROD M -FOUND 3/8'' IRON ROD N:575698.69' E:772576.32' N:567799.07' E:77530.83' N:567764.31' E:770035.95' N:570422.45' E:772663.28' C -FOUND 1'' IRON ROD G -FOUND BENT 1'' T-RAIL K - CALCULATED CORNER N:570422.45' E:772663.28'	Certificate Number

 \parallel

Released to Imaging: 3/8/2024 10:27:42 AM

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Colgate
LEASE NO.:	NMNM13276
LOCATION:	Section 20, T.20 S, R.34 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico
WELL NAME & NO.:	Robin Fed 127H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	330'/S & 1295'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	10'/N & 660'/E

COA

H ₂ S	© Yes	No		
Potash / WIPP	© None	Secretary	🖲 R-111-P	□ WIPP
Cave / Karst	• Low	C Medium	C High	C Critical
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	O Both	O Diverter
Cementing	Primary Squeeze	🗆 Cont. Squeeze	EchoMeter	DV Tool
Special Req	Break Testing	🗆 Water Disposal	\Box COM	🗆 Unit
Variance	✓ Flex Hose	Casing Clearance	🗖 Pilot Hole	Capitan Reef
Variance	□ Four-String	□ Offline Cementing	🗖 Fluid-Filled	🗌 Open Annulus
		Batch APD / Sundry		

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet all requirements from **43 CFR 3176**, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1600** feet (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **<u>24 hours in the Potash Area</u>** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever

Page 1 of 8

is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing shall be set at **3256ft**:
 - Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.
 - a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Excess calculates to 12%. Additional cement maybe required.
 - b. Second stage above DV tool:
 - c. Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Excess calculates to 19%. Additional cement maybe required.

Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, and potash.

- In <u>R111 Potash Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two salt protection casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing salt string must come to surface.
- Special Capitan Reef requirements. If lost circulation (50% or greater) occurs below the Base of the Salt, the operator shall do the following:
 (Use this for 3 string wells in the Capitan Reef, if 4 string well ensure FW based mud used across the capitan interval)
 - Switch to freshwater mud to protect the Capitan Reef and use freshwater mud until setting the intermediate casing. The appropriate BLM office is to be notified for a PET to witness the switch to fresh water.
 - Daily drilling reports from the Base of the Salt to the setting of the intermediate casing are to be submitted to the BLM CFO engineering staff via e-mail by 0800 hours each morning. Any lost circulation encountered is to be recorded on these drilling reports. The daily drilling report should show mud volume per shift/tour. Failure to submit these reports will result in an Incidence of Non-Compliance being issued for failure to comply with the Conditions of Approval.

27:42 AM Approval Date: 02/16/2024

If not already planned, the operator shall run a caliper survey for the intermediate well bore and submit to the appropriate BLM office.

Operator will sundry this APD for a four-string Casing Plan

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, and potash.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172 must be followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

 \boxtimes Eddy County

Email **or** call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, **BLM_NM_CFO_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV** (575) 361-2822

Lea County Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive

strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 <u>hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.
- B. PRESSURE CONTROL
- All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 and API STD 53 Sec. 5.3.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal

or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)

7:42 AM Approval Date: 02/16/2024

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- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

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Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

ZS 2/5/2024

Approval Date: 02/16/2024



NAME:		Signed on: 05/18/2022
Title:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Phone:		
Email address:		
Field		
Representative Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Phone:		
Email address:		

WAFMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APD ID: 10400085479

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Type: OIL WELL

Submission Date: 05/21/2022

Well Number: 127H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes <u>Show Final Text</u>

Application Data

Section '	1 - General	
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APD ID: 10400085479	Tie to previous NOS? N	Submission Date: 05/21/2022								
BLM Office: Carlsbad	User: MIKAH X THOMAS	Title: Regulatory Manager								
Federal/Indian APD: FED	Is the first lease penetrated for	Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED								
Lease number: NMNM13276	Lease Acres:									
Surface access agreement in place?	Allotted? Res	ervation:								
Agreement in place? NO	Federal or Indian agreement:	Federal or Indian agreement:								
Agreement number:										
Agreement name:										
Keep application confidential? N										
Permitting Agent? NO	APD Operator: COLGATE OPE	RATING LLC								
Operator letter of										

Operator Info

 Operator Organization Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

 Operator Address: 300 N MARIENFELD STREET SUITE 1000

 Operator PO Box:

 Operator City: MIDLAND

 State: TX

Operator Phone: (432)695-4272

Operator Internet Address: MTHOMAS@COLGATEENERGY.COM

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO	Master Development Plan name:							
Well in Master SUPO? NO								
Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO	Master Drilling Plan name:							
Well Name: ROBIN FED	Well Number: 127H	Well API Number:						
Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool	Field Name: Lea	Pool Name: Bone Spring, South						

02/29/2024

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

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Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium produ	uction area? N	Use Existing Well Pad? N	New surface disturbance?		
Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL		Multiple Well Pad Name: Robin Pad East	Number: 2		
Well Class: HORIZONTAL		Number of Legs: 1			
Well Work Type: Drill					
Well Type: OIL WELL					
Describe Well Type:					
Well sub-Type: INFILL					
Describe sub-type:					
Distance to town: 27 Miles	Distance to ne	arest well: 1223 FT Distant	ance to lease line: 330 FT		
Reservoir well spacing assigned acres	s Measurement:	320 Acres			
Well plat: Robin_Fed_127H_Plat_C_	_102_Signed_20	220518120923.pdf			
Well work start Date: 08/31/2022		Duration: 90 DAYS			

Section 3 - Well Location Table

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Survey number: 12177

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Reference Datum: KELLY BUSHING

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this
SHL	330	FSL	129 5	FEL	20S	34E		Aliquot	32.55223	- 103.5780	LEA		NEW MEXI	F	NMNM	367	0	0	Y
Leg			5		1			SESE	07	535					13276	0			
#1																			
KOP	87	FSL	743	FEL	20S	34E	20	Aliquot	32.55155					F	NMNM	-	100	998	Y
Leg								SESE	26	103.5762			MEXI		13276	631	01	0	
#1										669		co	со			0			
PPP	100	FSL	660	FEL	20S	34E	20	Aliquot	32.55163	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	NMNM	-	104	104	Y
Leg								SESE	34	103.5759		MEXI	MEXI		13276	673	78	04	
#1-1										921		со	СО			4			

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	DVT	Will this well produce from this
EXIT Leg #1	100	FNL	660	FEL	20S	34E	17	Aliquot NENE	32.58014 77	- 103.5760 114	LEA		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 13276	- 688 8	207 40	105 58	Y
BHL Leg #1	10	FNL	660	FEL	20S	34E		Aliquot NENE	32.58039 5	- 103.5760 115	LEA	NEW MEXI CO		F	NMNM 13276	- 688 8	208 30	105 58	Y



Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
12946671	QUATERNARY	3669	30	30	ALLUVIUM	NONE	N
12946681	RUSTLER	2114	1555	1555	ANHYDRITE, LIMESTONE, SALT	NONE	N
12946672	SALADO	2004	1665	1666	ANHYDRITE, SALT	NONE	N
12946673	TANSILL	419	3250	3255	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	NONE	N
12946674	YATES	244	3425	3430	DOLOMITE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946675	SEVEN RIVERS	19	3650	3656	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946676	CAPITAN REEF	-281	3950	3957	LIMESTONE	NONE	N
12946677	QUEEN	-481	4150	4157	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946678	CHERRY CANYON	-1911	5580	5580	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946670	BRUSHY CANYON	-3121	6790	6790	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946679	BONE SPRING	-4806	8475	8493	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946680	BONE SPRING 1ST	-5881	9550	9571	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
12946705	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6456	10125	10148	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10M

Rating Depth: 15000

Equipment: BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. A rotating head will also be installed and utilized as needed. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the preset level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing & isolation of the 133/8 x 95/8 annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variablebore rams) will be run in upper rambody of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: 1. Colgate Energy requests a variance to drill this well using a coflex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed coflex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. In the event the specific hose is not available, one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Testing Procedure: After surface casing is set and the BOPE installed, pressure tests of BOPE will be performed by a third party tester utilizing water and a test plug to 250 psi low and 5,000 psi high. To deem a pressure test successful, pressure must be maintained for ten minutes without any bleedoff. A valve on the wellhead below seat of test plug will be open at all time during BOPE tests to guard against damage to casing. The BOPE will be retested in this manner after any connection breaks or passage of allotted time (25 days). Any BOPE which fails to pass pressure tests after initial install will be replaced prior to drilling out of surface casing shoe. If at any time a BOPE component cannot function to secure the hole, the hole shall be secured utilizing a retrievable packer, and the nonfunctioning BOPE component shall be repair or replaced. After repair or replacement, a pressure test of the repaired or replaced component and any connections broken to repair or replace the nonfunctioning component will be tested in the same manner as described for initial install of BOPE. The annular preventer will be faction tested at least weekly, and the ramtype preventers will be function tested on each trip. BOPE pit level drills will be conducted weekly with each drilling crews. All pressure tests performed on BOPE and BOPE pit level drills will be logged in the drilling log. Isolation of 133/8" x 95/8" casing annulus shall be confirmed by pressure testing of wellhead sealing component after said sealing component is installed.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Robin__10M_Choke_Layout_20220517173729.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Robin_BOP_Stack_20220517173735.pdf

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Robin__10M_Choke_Layout_20220517173729.pdf

Robin_BOP_Stack_20220517173735.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	1620	0	1620	3670	2050	1620	J-55	54.5	BUTT	1.12 5	1.2	DRY	1.6	DRY	1.6
2	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	5520	0	5489	0	-1819	5520	J-55	40	BUTT	1.12 5	1.2	DRY	1.6	DRY	1.6
3	PRODUCTI ON	8.7	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	20830	0	10558	0	-6888	20830	OTH ER		OTHER - CDC HTQ	1.12 5	1.1	DRY	1.6	DRY	1.6

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 String SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Robin_Fed_127H___Casing_Design_Summary_20220518122150.pdf

Casing_Design_Assumptions_20220518122156.pdf

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID:2StringINTERMEDIATEInspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_20220518105442.pdf

Robin_Fed_127H___Casing_Design_Summary_20220518122136.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String PRODUCTION Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Design_Assumptions_20220518102758.pdf

Robin_Fed_127H___Casing_Design_Summary_20220518122042.pdf

Proprietary_Connections_Performance_Data_5.5000_17.0000_0.3040_P110_HP_20230223165034.pdf

Section	4 - 66	emen	ι								
String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	1290	1050	1.68	13.7	1764	100	ExtendaCem-CZ	None
SURFACE	Tail		1290	1620	340	1.35	14.8	459	100	HalCem-C	Accelerator
INTERMEDIATE	Lead	3730	0	2620	564	1.88	12.9	1060. 32	50	EconoCem-HLC	5% salt + 5 lb/sk Kol- Seal

Section 4 - Cement

Page 4 of 8

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		2620	3730	325	1.33	14.8	432.2 5	25	HalCem-C	None
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		3730	4416	171	1.88	12.9	321.4 8	50	EconCem-HLC	5% Salt + 5 lb/sk Kol- Seal
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4416	5520	325	1.33	14.8	432.2 5	25	HalCem-C	None
PRODUCTION	Lead		0	9760	1155	2.41	11.5	2617. 26	25	Class H	POZ + extender + fluid loss + dispersant + retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail		9760	2083 0	2025	1.73	12.5	3075. 94	25	Class H	POZ + extender + fluid loss + dispersant + retarder

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: All necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions. The mud monitoring system is an electronic Pason system satisfying requirements of Onshore Order #1. Both visual and electronic mud monitoring equipment will be utilized to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating system fluid volume. Slow pump rates will be taken & recorded tourly in the drilling log. Mud engineer will perform tests and provide written report at least every 12 hours while circulating. A trip tank will be utilized and trip sheet will be recorded to ensure wellbore is taking proper fill or displacing proper fluid volume during all tripping operations. Gas detecting equipment will be utilized to monitor for hydrocarbon gas at the shakers while drilling and/or circulating. H2S monitoring equipment with both visual & auditory alarms will be installed and operational at the shakers, rig floor and cellar while drilling and/or circulating. A flare system with an effective method for ignition & discharge more than 100 feet from the wellbore will be utilized to gather and burn all gas; lines will be straight unless targeted with running tees. A mud gas separator will be installed and operable at least 500 feet before first anticipated hydrocarbon zone.

Circulating Medium Table

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Hd	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1620	SPUD MUD	8.6	9							
1620	5520	SALT SATURATED	10	10.2							
5520	2083 0	OIL-BASED MUD	9	10							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Directional surveys will be collected at no greater than 200' intervals while drilling through the MWD tools. A GR log will be collected while drilling through the MWD tools from intermediate casing to TD. No DSTs or cores are planned at this time. No temperature logs planned at this time.

CBL will be run to confirm TOC on production casing after rig is removed from location. A formation integrity test (FIT) will be performed on 95/8" casing string after

BOPE is installed to at least 1 ppge over planned section mud weight after drilling ten feet of new hole.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY, GAMMA RAY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

No openhole logs are planned at this time.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 4162

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 1839

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 120

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

Colgate_H2S_Contingency_Plan_20220510162250.pdf

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

_C04__Robin_Fed_127H_APD_Rev01_20220518122523.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

After surface casing is set and the BOPE installed, pressure tests of BOPE will be performed by a third party tester utilizing water and a test plug to 250 psi low and 5,000

psi high. To deem a pressure test successful, pressure must be maintained for ten minutes without any bleedoff. A valve on the wellhead below seat of test plug will be

open at all time during BOPE tests to guard against damage to casing. The BOPE will be retested in this manner after any connection breaks or passage of allotted time

(25 days). Any BOPE which fails to pass pressure tests after initial install will be replaced prior to drilling out of surface casing shoe. If at any time a BOPE component

cannot function to secure the hole, the hole shall be secured utilizing a retrievable packer, and the nonfunctioning BOPE component shall be repair or replaced. After

repair or replacement, a pressure test of the repaired or replaced component and any connections broken to repair or replace the nonfunctioning component will be

tested in the same manner as described for initial install of BOPE. The annular preventer will be faction tested at least weekly, and the ramtype preventers will be

function tested on each trip. BOPE pit level drills will be conducted weekly with each drilling crews. All pressure tests performed on BOPE and BOPE pit level drills will

be logged in the drilling log. Isolation of 133/8" x 95/8" casing annulus shall be confirmed by pressure testing of wellhead sealing component after said sealing component is installed.

Casing will be tested by pressuring up to 1,500 psi and holding pressure for thirty minutes. A casing test will be deemed successful if test pressure does not decline more

than 10% over the thirty minute period. Cement will be allowed to sit undisturbed for twentyfour hours and reach a minimum of 500 psi compressive strength across

the "zone of interest" prior to testing casing and drilling out. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review.

Cement will be placed on all casing strings utilizing the pump and plug method. A float will be installed in the casing shoe and float collar on all casing strings to hold

cement in place once pumping is completed. A top plug will be utilized on all casing strings to prevent contamination of the cement by the displacement fluid. A

preflush fluid will be pumped prior to cement to aid in removal of drilling mud from the wellbore, eliminate drilling mud contamination of the cement slurry and prepare

the surface of both the wellbore and casing for cement.

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. In accordance with Onshore Order No. 6, Colgate Energy does not anticipate that there will be enough H2S from

the surface to the Wolfcamp formations to meet the BLMs minimum requirements for the submission of an H2S Drilling Operation Plan or Public Protection Plan for

the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have an H2S safety package on all wells, attached is an H2S Drilling Operations Plan. Adequate flare lines will be

installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Choke_Hose_SN_53621_20220511064656.pdf

Colgate_13_MBS_RP_20220511064642.PDF

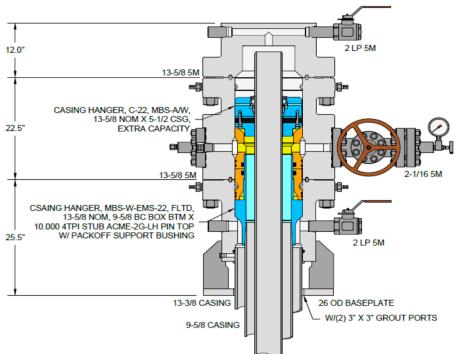
Robin__Overview_Map_20220517174412.pdf

Robin_Fed_127H_APD_Procedure_Update_4.24.23_20230425093944.pdf

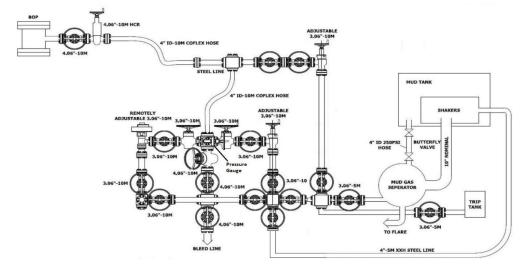
Other Variance attachment:

Well Name: ROBIN FED

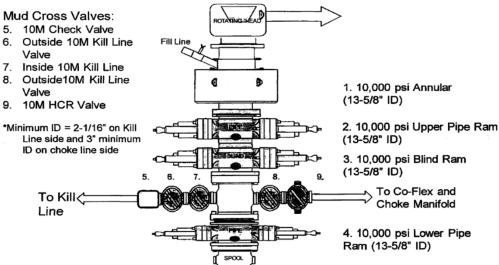
Multi-bowl Wellhead



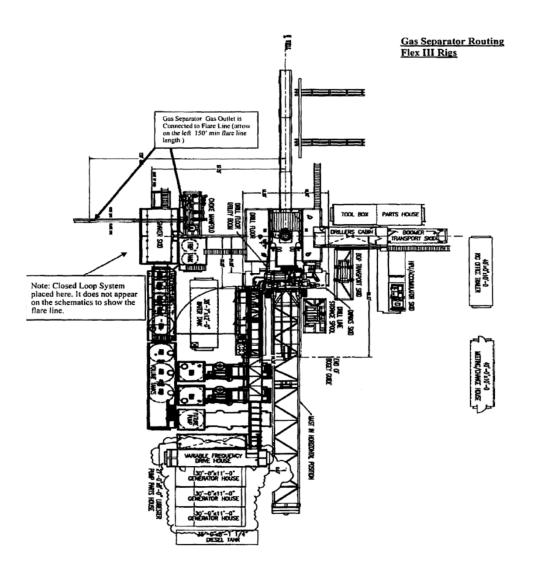
10M Choke Layout



10,000 psi BOP Stack:



Closed Loop System Layout:



Colgate's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, collapse and tension SF are calculated using Landmark's StressCheck (casing design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

Casing Design Assumptions:

<u>Surface</u>

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - (1) Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

<u>Intermediate I</u>

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.

- (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - (1) Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate or Intermediate II

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Gas Kick Profile
 - (1) Internal: Load profile based on influx encountered in lateral portion of wellbore with a maximum influx volume of 150 bbl and a kick intensity of 1.5 ppg using maximum anticipated MW of 9.9 ppg.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - (1) Internal: Lost circulation at the deepest TVD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Production

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Injection Down Casing
 - (1) Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test (Drilling)
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - c) Casing Pressure Test (Production)
 - (1) Internal: The design pressure test should be the greater of the planned test pressure prior to simulation down the casing, the regulatory test pressure, and the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with the pressure test having the greatest pressure.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - d) Tubing Leak
 - (1) Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the top of packer.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
 - b) Full Evacuation
 - (1) Internal: Full void pipe.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

File: APD-Rev00 Date: April 29, 2022 Page: 1 WELL SUMMARY

	String	OD/Weight/Grade	Connection	MD Interval	Drift Dia.	Min	imum Safet		Design Cost	
	Stillig	OD/Weight/Grade	Connection	(usft)	(")	Burst	Collapse	Axial	Triaxial	(\$)
1	Surface Casing	13 3/8", 54 500 ppf, J-55	BTC, J-55	30-1620	12.459	1.61	1.20	1.68	1.46	38,421
2	_									Total = 38,421
3 4 5	Intermediate Casing	9 5/8", 40.000 ppf, J-55	BTC, J-55	30-5520	8.750 A	1.39	1.68	1.84	1.37	93,624 Total = 93,624
6 7 8	Production Casing	5 1/2", 17.000 ppf, HP P-110	CDC-HTQ, BTC	30-20830	4.767	1.15	1.45	1.65	1.19	292,584 Total = 292,584
5 10										Total = 424,629

.

3/5/2020 8·48·46 PM

U. S. Steel Tubular Products 5.500" 17.00lbs/ft (0.304" Wall) P110 HP USS-CDC HTQ[®]

		Y	
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	Pipe	USS-CDC HTQ [®]	
Minimum Yield Strength	125,000		psi
Maximum Yield Strength	140,000		psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	130,000		psi
DIMENSIONS	Pipe	USS-CDC HTQ [®]	
Outside Diameter	5.500	6.300	in.
Wall Thickness	0.304		in.
Inside Diameter	4.892	4.892	in.
Standard Drift	4.767	4.767	in.
Alternate Drift			in.
Coupling Length		9.250	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	17.00		lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	16.89		lbs/ft
SECTION AREA	Pipe	USS-CDC HTQ [®]	
Critical Area	4.962	4.962	sq. in.
Joint Efficiency		97.1	%
PERFORMANCE	Pipe	USS-CDC HTQ [®]	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	9,440	9,440	psi
External Pressure Leak Resistance		7,550	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	12,090	12,090	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	620,000		lbs
Joint Strength		602,000	lbs
Compression Rating		361,000	lbs
Reference Length		23,608	ft
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating		60.7	deg/100 ft
MAKE-UP DATA	Pipe	USS-CDC HTQ [®]	
Make-Up Loss		4.63	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque		11,000	ft-Ibs
Maximum Make-Up Torque		15,500	ft-Ibs
Connection Yield Torque		19,200	ft-Ibs

1. Other than proprietary collapse and connection values, performance properties have been calculated using standard equations defined by API 5C3 and do not incorporate any additional design or safety factors. Calculations assume nominal pipe OD, nominal wall thickness and Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS).

2. Uniaxial bending rating shown is structural only, and equal to compression efficiency.

3. Torques have been calculated assuming a thread compound friction factor of 1.0 and are recommended only. Field make-up torques may require adjustment based on actual field conditions (e.g. make-up speed, temperature, thread compound, etc.).

4. Reference length is calculated by joint strength divided by nominal threaded and coupled weight with 1.5 safety factor.

5. Connection external pressure leak resistance has been verified to 80% API pipe body collapse pressure following the guidelines of API 5C5 Cal II.

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Colgate's Minimum Design Criteria

Burst, collapse and tension SF are calculated using Landmark's StressCheck (casing design) software. A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted.

Casing Design Assumptions:

<u>Surface</u>

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - (1) Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

<u>Intermediate I</u>

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.

- (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
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 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate or Intermediate II

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Gas Kick Profile
 - Internal: Load profile based on influx encountered in lateral portion of wellbore with a maximum influx volume of 150 bbl and a kick intensity of 1.5 ppg using maximum anticipated MW of 9.9 ppg.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
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 - (1) Internal: Lost circulation at the deepest TVD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
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Production

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Injection Down Casing
 - (1) Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
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 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - c) Casing Pressure Test (Production)
 - (1) Internal: The design pressure test should be the greater of the planned test pressure prior to simulation down the casing, the regulatory test pressure, and the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with the pressure test having the greatest pressure.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - d) Tubing Leak
 - (1) Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the top of packer.
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String	OD/Maight/Orada	Connection	MD Interva	Drift Dia.	Mir	imum Safet	Factor (A	Abs)	Design Cost	
Sung	OD/Weight/Grade	Connection	(usft)	(")	Burst	Collapse	Axial	Triaxial	(\$)	
Surface Casing	13 3/8", 54 500 ppf, J-55	BTC, J-55	30-1620	12.459	1.61	1.20	1.68	1.46	38,421	
									Total = 38,421	
Intermediate Casing	9 5/8", 40.000 ppf, J-55	BTC, J-55	30-5520	8.750 A	1.39	1.68	1.84	1.37	93,624 Total = 93,624	
Production Casing	5 1/2", 17.000 ppf, HP P-110	CDC-HTQ, BTC	30-20830	4.767	1.15	1.45	1.65	1.19	292,584 Total = 292,584	
)									Total = 424,629	

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File: APD-Rev00 Date: April 29, 2022 Page: 1 WELL SUMMARY

	String	OD/Weight/Grade	Connection	MD Interval	Drift Dia.		imum Safet			Design Cost
	oung	e e	Connocaon	(usft)	. (")	Burst	Collapse	Axial	Triaxial	(\$)
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3				00 5500	0.750.4	4.00	4.00	4.04	4.07	00.004
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5	Production Casing	5 1/2", 17.000 ppf, HP P-110	CDC-HTQ, BTC	30-20830	4.767	1.15	1.45	1.65	1.19	292,584
, ,	Floduction Casing	5 1/2 , 17.000 ppi, HP P-110	CDC-HIQ, BIC	30-20830	4.707	1.15	1.45	1.05	1.19	
2										Total – 292,304
										Total = 424 629
3) 0										Total = 292,58

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H₂S Contingency Plan



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I. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TELEPHONE LIST

PUBLIC SAFETY	911 or
Sheriff's Department:	
Eddy County Sherriff's Office	(575) 887-7551
Fire Department:	
Carlsbad Fire Department	(575) 885-3125
-	(<i>)</i>
Artesia Fire Department	(575) 746-5051
Ambulance:	
Elite Medical Transport (Carlsbad)	(915) 542-1144
Trans Aero MedEvac (Artesia)	(970) 657-7449
Hospitals:	
Carlsbad Medical Center	(575) 887-4100
Artesia General Hospital	(575) 748-3333
New Mexico Dept. of Transportation:	
Highway & Transportation Department	(505) 795- 1401
New Mexico Railroad Commission:	
Main Line	(505) 476-3441
OSHA 24 Hr. Reporting	(800) 321-6742
(8 hrs. after death or 24 hrs. after in-patient, amputation, loss of an eye)	(000) 321-0742

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Colgate Energy LLC.(432) 695-4222Vice President of Operations: Casey McCain(432) 664-6140Drilling Engineering Supervisor Rafael Madrid(432) 556-6387Drilling Engineering Technical Adviser Steven Segrest(405) 550-0277Operations Superintendent Rick Lawson(432) 530- 3188Drilling Superintendent Daniel Cameron(405) 933-0435Onsite Supervision (H&P 481 Rig Managers) Juan Gutierrez Jonathan Jackson(970) 394-4768 (970) 394-4768
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Jonathan Jackson (970)394-4768
Onsite Supervision (H&P 481 Company Men)
Pierre Dupuis (432)438-0114
Eric Rutherford (432)438-0114
Rolando Torres (432)438-0114
Trevor Hein (432)438-0114
Emergency Accommodations
Safety Solutions Office (432) 563-0400
Safety Solutions Dispatch (432) 556-2002
Craig Strasner (432) 894-0341 (Cell)

II. H₂S CONTINGENCY PLAN SECTION

Scope:

This contingency plan provides an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting the public within an area of exposure prior to an intentional release or following the accidental release of a potentially hazardous volume of hydrogen sulfide. The plan establishes guidelines for all personnel whose work activity may involve exposure to Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H_2S).

Objective:

Prevent any and all accidents and prevent the uncontrolled release of H₂S into the atmosphere. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

Purpose, Distribution and Updating of Contingency Plan:

The Purpose of this contingency plan is to protect the general public from the harmful effects of H_2S accidentally escaping from the subject producing well. This plan is designed to accomplish its purpose by assuring the preparedness necessary to:

- 1. Minimize the possibility of releasing H_2S into the atmosphere during related operations.
- 2. Provide for the logical, efficient, and safe emergency actions required to protect the general public in the event of an accidental release of a potentially hazardous quantity of H₂S.

Supplemental information is included with this plan and is intended as reference material for anyone needing a more detailed understanding of the many factors pertinent to H_2S drilling operations safety. The release of a potentially hazardous quantity of H_2S is highly unlikely. If such a release should occur however, obviously the exact time, rate, duration, and other pertinent facts will be known in advance thus, this contingency plan must necessarily be somewhat general. The plan does review in detail, as is reasonably possible, the type of accidental release that could possibly endanger the general public, the probable extent of such danger, and the emergency actions generally appropriate. In the event of such an accidental release, the specific actions to be taken will have to be determined at the time of release by the responsible personnel at the drilling location. Complete familiarity with this plan will help such personnel make the proper decisions rapidly. Familiarity with this plan is so required all operators, operator representatives, and drilling contractor supervisory personnel who could possibly be on duty at the drilling location at the time of an H_2S emergency.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OPERATOR TO ASSURE SUCH FAMILIARITY BEFORE DRILLING WITHIN 1000' OR THREE DAYS PRIOR TO PENETRATION OF THE SHALLOWEST FORMATION KNOWN OR SUSPECTED TO CONTAIN H₂S IN POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS QUANTITIES, AND ALSO TO ASSURE THE TIMELY ACCOMPLISHMENT OF ALL THE OTHER ACTION SPECIFIED HERE IN.

As this contingency plan was prepared considerably in advance of the anticipated H₂S operation, the plan must be kept current if it is to effectively serve its purpose. The operators will be responsible for seeing that all copies are updated. Updating the plan is required when any changes to the personnel Call List (Section) including telephone numbers occur or when any pertinent data or plans for the well are altered. The plan must also be updated when any changes in the general public likely to be within the exposure area in the event of an accidental release from the well bore of a potentially hazardous quantity of H₂S. Two copies of this plan shall be retained at the office of Colgate Energy. Two copies shall be retained at the drilling location.

Discussion of Plan:

Suspected Problem Zones:

Implementation: This plan, with all details, is to be fully implemented 1000' before drilling into the first sour zone.

Emergency Response Procedure: This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.

Emergency Equipment and Procedure: This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.

Training Provisions: This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to 1000' before drilling into the first sour zone.

Emergency call list: Included are the telephone numbers of all persons that would need to be contacted, should an H₂S emergency occur.

Briefing: This section deals with the briefing of all persons involved with the drilling of this well.

Public Safety: Public Safety Personnel will be made aware of the drilling of this well.

Check Lists: Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to ensure adherence to the plan.

General Information: A general information section has been included to supply support information.

III. OPERATING PROCEDURES

A. Blowout Preventer Drills

Due to the special piping and Mani folding necessary to handle poisonous gas, particular care will be taken to ensure that all rig personnel are completely familiar with their jobs during the drills. The Drilling Consultant and Tool Pusher (Rig Superintendent) are thoroughly familiar with the additional controls and piping necessary.

B. <u>H₂S Alarm Drills</u>

The Company Man and/ or designee will conduct frequent H_2S alarm drills for each crew by injecting a trace of H_2S where the detector will give an alarm. Under these conditions all personnel on location will put on air equipment and remain masked until all clear is announced.

C. Surface Annular Preventer/ Diverter System Testing

After installation of the surface annular preventer, Hydraulic Control Valve and diverter system, both are to be function tested. They also should be function tested frequently while drilling surface hole.

D. Blowout Preventer

After installation of the Blowout Preventer Stack, the stack will be pressure tested. The Choke manifold is also to be pressure tested at this time. This procedure will be repeated as required by the NMOCD, the BLM, or if any of the stack is nipped down. Also, at this time, the Blind and Pipe Rams are checked for correct operation.

E. <u>Well Control Practice Drills and Safety Meeting for Crew Members</u>

Pit drills are for the purpose of acquainting each member of the drilling crew with his duties in the event of an emergency. Drills will be held with each crew as frequently as required to thoroughly familiarize each man with his duties. Drills are to be held at least weekly from that time forward.

1. BOP Drill while on Bottom Drilling:

A. Signal will be three or more long blast given by driller on the horn.

- B. Procedure will be as follows:
 - 1. Tool Pusher: Supervises entire operation.
 - 2. Driller
 - a. Gives signal.
 - b. Picks up Kelly.
 - c. Stops pumps.
 - d. Observes flow.
 - e. Signal to close (pipe rams if necessary).
 - f. Check that Choke Manifold is closed.
 - g. Record drill pipe pressure, casing pressure and determine mud
 - volume gain.
 - 3. Motorman
 - a. Go to closing unit and standby for signal to close BOP.
 - b. Close BOP in signal.
 - c. Check on BOP closing.
 - d. Go to floor to assist driller. (NOTE: During test drills the BOP

need not be completely closed at the discretion of the supervisor. Supervisor should make it very clear that it is a test drill only!)

- 4. Derrickman
 - a. Check pumps.
 - b. Go to floor for directions from the driller.
- 5. Floorman
 - a. Go to manifold.
 - b. Observe and record pressure.
 - c. Check manifold and BOP for leaks.
 - d. Check with driller for additional instructions.
- 2. BOP Drill While Making Trip:
 - A. During trip driller will fill hole every five (5) stands and check the pits to be sure hole is taking mud.
 - B. Drill Procedure is as follows:
 - 1. Driller
 - a. Order Safety valve installed.
 - b. Alert those not on the floor.
 - c. Go to stations as described in above drill.
- 3. Safety Meetings
 - A. Every person involved in the operating will be informed of the characteristics of H₂S, its danger and safety procedures to be used when it is encountered, and recommended first-aid procedure for regular rig personnel. This will be done through a series of talks made before spud.
 - B. The Safety Advisor or Drilling Supervisor will conduct these training sessions and will repeat them as deemed necessary by him or as instructed by Colgate Energy. Talks may include the following subjects:
 - 1. Dangers of Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S).
 - 2. Use and limitations of air equipment.
 - 3. Use of resuscitator.
 - 4. Organize Buddy System.
 - 5. First Aid procedures.
 - 6. Use of H₂S detection devices.
 - 7. Designate responsible people.
 - 8. Explain rig layout and policy to visitors.
 - a. Designate smoking and safety or Muster area.
 - b. Emphasize the importance of wind directions.
 - 9. Describe and explain operation of BOP stack, manifold, separator, and pit piping. Include maximum allowable pressure for casing procedure.
 - 10. Explain functions of Safety Supervisor.
 - 11. Explain organize H₂S Drills.
 - 12. Explain the overall emergency plan with emphasis given to the evacuation phase of the plans.

Note: The above talks will be attended by every person involved in the operation. When drilling has
reached a depth where H₂S is anticipated, temporary service personnel and visitors will be directed to
the Drilling Consultant, who will designate the air equipment to be used by them in case of emergency,
acquaint them with the dangers involved and be sure of their safety while they are in the area. He will
point out the Briefing Areas, Windsocks, and Smoking Areas. He may refuse entrance to anyone, who in
his opinion should not be admitted because of lack of safety equipment, special operations in progress
or for other reasons involving personnel safety.

F. Outside Service Personnel

All service people such as cementing crews, logging crews, specialist, mechanics, and welders will furnish their own safety equipment. The Company Man/ or designee will be sure that the number of people on location does not exceed the number of masks on location, and they have been briefed regarding safety procedures. He will also be sure each of these people know about smoking and "Briefing Areas" and know what to do in case of an emergency alert or drill. Visitors will be restricted, except with special permission from the Drilling Consultant, when H₂S might be encountered. They will be briefed as to what to do in case of an alert or drill.

G. Onsite/ off shift workers

All workers that are staying on site must be identified as to where they are staying while off tour. If a drill/ or emergency takes place related to an H₂S release, each crew must have a designated person(s) that will wake them up and ensure that they are cleared to the appropriate muster area immediately.

H. Simultaneous Operations (SIMOPS)

If work is going on adjacent to the location is the responsibility of the Drilling Consultant or designee to communicate any applicable risks that may affect personnel working on that adjacent location. In the case of an H2S drill or event, there should be a designated crew member that is responsible for contacting personnel on adjacent locations. This could include just communication on potential events or in case of an event, notification to evacuate location. Drilling Consultant or designee are the Point of Contact and oversee all activities at such point of an H₂S event occurrence.

I. Area Residences/ Occupied Locations/ Public Roads

Any occupied residences/ businesses that are within a reasonable perimeter of the location (attached map will identify a 3000' radius around location) should be identified as part of this contingency and a reasonable effort will be made to gain contact information for them. As part of the briefing of the contingency plan, the team reviewing should identify where these potential receptors are and plan on who will contact them in case of a release that may impact that area.

J. <u>Drilling Fluids</u>

<u>Drilling Fluid Monitoring</u> – On Any Hazardous H_2S gas well, the earlier the warning of danger the better chance to control operations. Mud Company will be in daily contact with Colgate Energy Consultant. The Mud Engineer will take samples of the mud, analyze these samples, and make necessary recommendations to prevent H_2S gas from the formation, the pH will be increased as necessary for corrosion control.

<u>pH Control</u> – For normal drilling, pH of 10.5 - 11.5. Would be enough for corrosion protection. If there is an influx of H₂S gas from the formation, the pH will be increased as necessary for corrosion control.

<u> H_2S Scavengers</u> – If necessary H_2S scavengers will be added to the drilling mud.

IV. OPERATING CONDITIONS

A. Posting Well Condition Flags

Post the green, yellow or red well condition flag, as appropriate, on the well condition sign at the location entrance, and take necessary precautions as indicated below:

- 1. **Green Flag**: Potential Danger- When Drilling in known H₂S zones or when H₂S has been detected in the drilling fluid atmosphere. Protective breathing equipment shall be inspected, and all personnel on duty shall be alerted to be ready to use this equipment.
- Yellow Flag: Potential Danger- When the threshold limit value of H₂S (10 PPM) or of SO₂ (5 PPM) is reached. If the concentration of H₂S or SO₂ reaches 10 PPM, protective breathing equipment shall be worn by all working personnel, and non-working personnel shall go to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 3. **Red Flag**: Extreme danger*- When the ambient concentration of H₂S or SO₂ is reasonably believed or determined to have exceeded the potentially hazardous level. All non-essential personnel shall leave the drilling location taking the route most likely to exposure to escaping gas.

B. Requiring Air Masks Conditions

- 1. Whenever air masks are used, the person must be clean shaven as shown in the APC Guidelines
- 2. When breaking out any line where H_2S can reasonably be expected.
- 3. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H_2S exist.
- 4. When working in areas where 10 PPM or more of H₂S has been detected.
- 5. At any time, there is doubt as to the H_2S level in the area to be entered.

C. Kick Procedure

- 1. It is very important that the driller be continuously alert, especially when approaching a gas formation.
- 2. Should gas come into the well bore, it is very important to be aware of a kick at the earliest time.
- 3. If a kick is identified, follow appropriate diverter or shut in procedures according to the situation that is presented utilizing appropriate kick procedures.

V. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- I. In the event of any evidence of H₂S level above 10ppm, take the following steps immediately:
 - a. Secure breathing apparatus.
 - b. Order non-essential personnel out of the danger zone.
 - c. Take steps to determine if the H_2S level can be corrected or suppressed, and if so, proceed with normal operations.
- II. If uncontrollable conditions occur, proceed with the following:
 - a. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public downwind of the rig, including partial evacuation or isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel.
 - b. Remove all personnel to the Safe Briefing Area.
 - c. Notify public safety personnel for help with maintaining roadblocks, thus limiting traffic and implementing evacuation.
 - d. Determine and proceed with the best possible plan to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety measures.
- III. Responsibility
 - a. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be responsible for the total implementation of the plan.
 - b. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be in complete command during any emergency.
 - c. The Company Approved Supervisor shall designate a backup Supervisor if he/she is not available.
- IV. Actions to be taken
 - a. Assign specific tasks to drilling location personnel
 - b. Evacuate the general public from the exposure area
 - c. Cordon off the exposure area to prevent entry by unauthorized persons
 - d. Request assistance if and as needed and initiate emergency notifications
 - e. Stop the dispersion of H_2S
 - f. Complete emergency notifications as required
 - g. Return the situation to normal

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE IMPLEMENTATION

I. Drilling or Tripping

- a. <u>All Personnel</u>
 - i. When alarm sounds, don escape unit and report to upwind Safe Briefing Area.
 - ii. Check status of other personnel (buddy system).
 - iii. Secure breathing apparatus.
 - iv. Wait for orders from supervisor.

b. Drilling Consultant

- i. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- ii. Don Breathing Apparatus and return to the point of release with the Tool Pusher or Driller (buddy system).
- iii. Determine the concentration of H_2S .
- iv. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.
- c. <u>Tool Pusher</u>
 - i. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
 - ii. Don Breathing Apparatus and return to the point of release with the Drilling Consultant or the Driller (buddy system).
 - iii. Determine the concentration of H_2S .
 - iv. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.
- d. <u>Driller</u>
 - i. Check the status of other personnel (in a rescue attempt, always use the buddy system).
 - ii. Assign the least essential person to notify the Drilling Consultant and Tool Pusher, in the event of their absence.
 - iii. Assume the responsibility of the Drilling Consultant and the Tool Pusher until they arrive, in the event of their absence.
- e. Derrick Man and Floor Hands
 - i. Remain in the upwind Safe Briefing Area until otherwise instructed by a supervisor.
- f. <u>Mud Engineer</u>
 - i. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
 - ii. When instructed, begin check of mud for pH level and H_2S level.
- g. <u>Safety Personnel</u>
 - i. Don Breathing Apparatus.
 - ii. Check status of personnel.
 - iii. Wait for instructions from Drilling Consultant or Tool Pusher.

II. Taking a Kick

- a. All Personnel report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- *b.* Follow standard BOP/ diverter procedures.

III. Open Hole Logging

- *a.* All unnecessary personnel should leave the rig floor.
- *b.* Drilling Consultant and Safety Personnel should monitor the conditions and make necessary safety equipment recommendations.

IV. Running Casing or Plugging

- *a.* Follow "Drilling or Tripping" procedures.
- *b.* Assure that all personnel have access to protective equipment.

VI. POST EMERGENCY ACTIONS

In the event this plan is activated, the following post emergency actions shall be taken in an effort to reduce the possibility of a reoccurrence of the type of problem that required its activation, and/or assure that any future activation of a similar plan will be as effective as possible.

- A. Review the factors that caused or permitted the emergency occur, and if the need is indicated, modify operating, maintance and/or surveillance procedures.
- B. If the need is indicated, retrain employees in blowout prevention, H₂S emergency procedures and etc.
- C. Clean up, recharge, restock, reapair, and/ or repalce H₂S emergency equipment as necessary, and return it to its proper place. (For whatever rental equipment is used, this will be the resposibility of Rental Company).
- D. See that future H₂S drilling contingency plans are modified accordingly, if the need is indicated.

VII. IGNITION PROCEDURES

Responsibilities:

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the DRILLING CONSULTANT in concurrence with the STATE POLICE. In the event the Drilling Consultant is incapacitated, it becomes the responsibility of the RIG TOOL PUSHER. This decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope of controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions.

If time permits, notify the main office, but do not delay if human life is in danger. Initiate the first phase of the evacuation plan.

Instructions for Igniting the Well:

- Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. Both men must wear self-contained breathing apparatus and must use a full body harness and attach a retrievable safety line to the D-Ring in the back. One man must monitor the atmosphere for explosive gases with the LEL monitor, while the Drilling Consultant is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. The primary method to ignite is a 25mm flare gun with a range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite from upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best suited for protection and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before igniting, check for the presence of combustible gases.
- 6. After igniting, continue emergency actions and procedures as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will limit their actions to those directed by the Drilling Consultant.

Note: After the well is ignited, burning Hydrogen Sulfide will convert to Sulfur Dioxide, which is also highly toxic. Also, both are heavier than air. Do not assume the area is safe even after the well is ignited.

VIII. TRAINING PROGRAM

When working in an area where Hydrogen Sulfide (H_2S) might be encountered, definite training requirements must be carried out. The Company Supervisor will ensure that all personnel, at the well site, have had adequate training in the following:

- **1.** Hazards and characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S).
- **2.** Physicals effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on the human body.
- **3.** Toxicity of Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide.
- 4. H₂S detection, Emergency alarm and sensor location.
- 5. Don and Doff of SCBA and be clean shaven.
- **6.** Emergency rescue.
- **7.** Resuscitators.
- **8.** First aid and artificial resuscitation.
- 9. The effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on metals.
- **10.** Location safety.

Service company personnel and visiting personnel must be notified if the zone contains H₂S, and each service company must provide adequate training and equipment for their employees before they arrive at the well site.

IX. EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

Lease Entrance Sign:

Should be located at the lease entrance with the following information:

CAUTION – POTENTIAL POISON GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE NO ADMITTANCE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION

Respiratory Equipment:

- Fresh air breathing equipment should be placed at the safe briefing areas and should include the following:
- Two SCBA's at each briefing area.
- Enough airline units to operate safely, anytime the H₂S concentration reaches the IDLH level (100 ppm).

• Cascade system with enough breathing air hose and manifolds to reach the rig floor, the derrickman and the other operation areas.

Windsocks or Wind Streamers:

- A minimum of two 10" windsocks located at strategic locations so that they may be seen from any point on location.
- Wind streamers (if preferred) should always be placed at various locations on the well site to ensure wind consciousness. (Corners of location).

Hydrogen Sulfide Detector and Alarms:

- 1 Four channel H_2S monitor with alarms.
- Three (3) sensors located as follows: #1 Rig Floor, #2 Shale Shaker, #3 Cellar.
- Gastec or Draeger pump with tubes.
- Sensor test gas.

Well Condition Sign and Flags:

The Well Condition Sign w/flags should be placed a minimum of 150' before you enter the location. It should have three (3) color coded flags (green, yellow and red) that will be used to denote the following location conditions:

GREEN – Normal Operating Conditions YELLOW – Potential Danger RED – Danger, H₂S Gas Present

Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:

- Stretcher
- 2 100' Rescue lines.
- First Aid kit properly stocked.

Mud Inspection Equipment:

Garret Gas Train or Hach Tester for inspection of Hydrogen Sulfide in the drilling mud system.

Fire Extinguishers:

Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.

Blowout Preventer:

- The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated bottom hole pressure (BHP).
- The BOP should be tested upon installation.
- BOP, Choke Line and Kill Line will be tested as specified by Operator.

Confined Space Monitor:

There should be a portable multi-gas monitor with at least 3 sensors (O_2 , LEL H_2S), preferably 4 (O_2 , LEL, H_2S , CO). This instrument should be used to test the atmosphere of any confined space before entering. It should also be used for atmospheric testing for LEL gas before beginning any type of Hot Work. Proper calibration documentation will need to be provided.

Communication Equipment:

- Proper communication equipment such as cell phones or 2-way radios should be available at the rig.
- Radio communication shall be available for communication between the company man's trailer, rig floor and the tool pusher's trailer.
- Communication equipment shall be available on the vehicles.

Special Control Equipment:

- Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on the ground.
- Rotating head at the surface casing point.

Evacuation Plan:

- Evacuation routes should be established prior to spudding the well.
- Should be discussed with all rig personnel.

Designated Areas:

Parking and Visitor area:

- All vehicles are to be parked at a pre-determined safe distance from the wellhead.
- Designated smoking area.

Safe Briefing Areas:

- Two Safe Briefing Areas shall be designated on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds, or they are at a 180-degree angle if wind directions tend to shift in the area.
- Personal protective equipment should be stored at both briefing areas and if a moveable cascade trailer is used, it should be kept upwind of existing winds. When wind is from the prevailing direction, both briefing areas should be accessible.

Note:

- Additional equipment will be available at the H₂S Provider Safety office.
- Additional personal H₂S monitors are available for all employees on location.
- Automatic Flare Igniters are recommended for installation on the rig.

X. CHECKLISTS

Rig-up & Equipment Status Check List

Note: Initial & Date each item as they are implemented. Multiple wells require additional Columns to be Dated/ Initialed

	Date & Initial 1 st Well	Date & Initial 2 nd Well	Date & Initial 3 rd Well	Date & Initial 4 th Well
Sign at location entrance.				
Two (2) windsocks (in required locations).				
Wind Streamers (if required).				
SCBA's on location (Minimum of 2 @ each Muster Area)				
Air packs (working packs and escape packs), inspected and ready for use.				
Spare bottles for each air pack (if required).				
Cascade system and hose line hook up.				
Choke manifold hooked-up and tested. (before drilling out surface casing.)				
Remote Hydraulic BOP control tested (before drilling				
out surface casing). BOP tested (before drilling out surface casing).				
Safe Briefing Areas set-up				
Well Condition sign and flags on location and ready.				
Hydrogen Sulfide detection/ alarm system hooked-up & tested.				
Stretcher on location				
2 – 100' Lifelines on location.				
1 – 20# Fire Extinguisher in safety trailer.				
Confined Space monitor on location and tested.				
All rig crews and supervisor trained (as required).				
All rig crews and supervision medically qualified and fit tested on proper respirators				
Access restricted for unauthorized personnel.				
Pre-spud meeting held reviewing Contingencies				
Drills on H ₂ S and well control procedures.				
All outside service contractors advised of potential H_2S on the well.				
25mm Flare Gun on location w/flares.				

Procedural Check List

Perform the following on each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that they have not been tampered with.
- 3. Check pressure on the supply air bottles to make sure they are capable of recharging.
- 4. Make sure all the Hydrogen Sulfide detection systems are operative.
- 5. Ensure that all BOP/ Surface Annular/ Diverter systems are functioning and operational.

Perform the following each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that they are fully charged and operational. This requires that the air cylinder be opened, and the mask assembly be put on and tested to make sure that the regulators and masks are properly working. Negative and Positive pressure should be conducted on all masks.
- 2. BOP skills.
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand-by source.
- 4. Check all breathing air mask assemblies to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready for use.
- 5. Check pressure on cascade air cylinders to make sure they are fully charged and ready to use for refill purposes if necessary.
- 6. Check all cascade system regulators to make sure they work properly.
- 7. Perform breathing drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability (may be with H₂S Techs On-call):
 - Stretcher
 - Safety Belts and Ropes
 - Spare air Bottles
 - Spare Oxygen Bottles (if resuscitator required)
 - Gas Detector Pump and Tubes
 - Emergency telephone lists
 - Test the Confined Space Monitor to verify the batteries are good.

XI. BRIEFING PROCEDURES

The following scheduled briefings will be held to ensure the effective drilling and operation of this project:

Pre-Spud Meeting

Date: Prior to spudding the well.

- Attendance: Drilling Supervisor Drilling Engineer Drilling Consultant Rig Tool Pushers Rig Drillers Mud Engineer All Safety Personnel Key Service Company Personnel
- Purpose: Review and discuss the well program, step-by-step, to insure complete understanding of assignments and responsibilities.

XII. EVACUATION PLAN

General Plan

The direct lines of action prepared by Colgate Energy to protect the public from hazardous gas situations are as follows:

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drilling Consultant, Tool Pusher or Driller) determine that Hydrogen Sulfide gas cannot be limited to the well location, and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan. Escape routes are noted on the area map.
- 2. Company safety personnel or designee will notify the appropriate local government agency that a hazardous condition exists, and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company approved safety personnel that have been trained in the use of the proper emergency equipment will be utilized.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (State Police, Local Police Department, Fire Department, and the Sheriff's Department) will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining roadblocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- NOTE: Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.
 - 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, "Company" personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.
 - 6. If a major release is secured, all exposed housing, vehicles, rig buildings, and low-lying areas and other structures downwind must be tested and clear with SCBAs donned to ensure that all residual H₂S is cleared. Fans, or opening of doors is recommended to ensure that areas are cleared out as part of this process.

XIII. APPENDICES AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Radius of Exposure Affected Notification List

(within a 65' radius of exposure @100ppm)

The geologic zones that will be encountered during drilling are known to contain hazardous quantities of H₂S. The accompanying map illustrates the affected areas of the community. The residents within this radius will be notified via a hand delivered written notice describing the activities, potential hazards, conditions of evacuation, evacuation drill siren alarms and other precautionary measures.

Evacuee Description: Residents:

Notification Process:

A continuous siren audible to all residence will be activated, signaling evacuation of previously notified and informed residents.

Evacuation Plan:

All evacuees will migrate lateral to the wind direction.

The Operating Company will identify all home bound or highly susceptible individuals and make special evacuation preparations, interfacing with the local and emergency medical service as necessary.

Toxic Effects of H₂S Poisoning

Hydrogen Sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 PPM, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity – 1.192) and is colorless and transparent. Hydrogen Sulfide is almost as toxic as Hydrogen Cyanide and is 5-6 times more toxic than Carbon Monoxide. Occupational exposure limits for Hydrogen Sulfide and other gases are compared below in Table 1. Toxicity table for H₂S and physical effects are shown in Table 2.

	Perr	Ta nissible Exposure	able 1 e Limits of Vario	us Gases	
<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Sp. Gravity</u>	<u>TLV</u>	<u>STEL</u>	<u>IDLH</u>
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	.94	4.7 ppm	4.7 ppm	50 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	H₂S	1.192	10 ppm	15 ppm	100 ppm
Sulfide Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21	2 ppm	5 ppm	100 ppm
Chlorine	CL	2.45	.5 ppm	1 ppm	10 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	со	.97	25 ppm	200 ppm	1200 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	1.52	5000 ppm	30,000 ppm	40,000 ppm
Methane	CH ₄	.55	5% LEL	15% UEL	

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Definitions

- A. TLV Threshold Limit Value is the concentration employees may be exposed based on a TWA (time weighted average) for eight (8) hours in one day for 40 hours in one (1) week. This is set by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Hygienists) and regulated by OSHA.
- B. STEL Short Term Exposure Limit is the 15-minute average concentration an employee may be exposed to providing that the highest exposure never exceeds the OEL (Occupational Exposure Limit). The OEL for H₂S is 20 PPM.
- C. IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health is the concentration that has been determined by the ACGIH to cause serious health problems or death if exposed to this level. The IDLH for H₂S is 100 PPM.
- D. TWA Time Weighted Average is the average concentration of any chemical or gas for an eight (8) hour period. This is the concentration that any employee may be exposed based on a TWA.

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Toxicity Table of H₂S

<u>Percent %</u> .0001	<u>PPM</u> 1	<u>Physical Effects</u> Can smell less than 1 ppm.
.001 .0015	10 15	TLV for 8 hours of exposure. STEL for 15 minutes of exposure.
.01	100	Immediately Dangerous to Life & Health. Kills sense of smell in 3 to 5 minutes.
.02	200	Kills sense of smell quickly, may burn eyes and throat.
.05	500	Dizziness, cessation of breathing begins in a few minutes.
.07	700	Unconscious quickly, death will result if not rescued promptly.
.10	1000	Death will result unless rescued promptly. Artificial resuscitation may be necessary.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF H₂S

The properties of all gases are usually described in the context of seven major categories:

COLOR ODOR VAPOR DENSITY EXPLOSIVE LIMITS FLAMMABILITY SOLUBILITY (IN WATER) BOILING POINT

Hydrogen Sulfide is no exception. Information from these categories should be considered in order to provide a complete picture of the properties of the gas.

COLOR – TRANSPARENT

Hydrogen Sulfide is colorless, so it is invisible. This fact simply means that you can't rely on your eyes to detect its presence. In fact, that makes this gas extremely dangerous to be around.

ODOR – ROTTEN EGGS

Hydrogen Sulfide has a distinctive offensive smell, like "rotten eggs". For this reason, it earned its common name "sour gas". However, H₂S, even in low concentrations, is so toxic that it attacks and quickly impairs a victim's sense of smell, so it could be fatal to rely on your nose as a detection device.

VAPOR DENSITY – SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 1.192

Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air, so it tends to settle in low-lying areas like pits, cellars or tanks. If you find yourself in a location where H_2S is known to exist, protect yourself. Whenever possible, work in an area upwind and keep to higher ground.

EXPLOSIVE LIMITS – 4.0% TO 44%

Mixed with the right proportion of air or oxygen, H₂S will ignite and burn or explode, producing another alarming element of danger besides poisoning.

FLAMMABILITY

Hydrogen Sulfide will burn readily with a distinctive clear blue flame, producing Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂), another hazardous gas that irritates the eyes and lungs.

SOLUBILITY - 4 TO 1 RATIO WITH WATER

Hydrogen Sulfide can be dissolved in liquids, which means that it can be present in any container or vessel used to carry or hold well fluids including oil, water, emulsion and sludge. The solubility of H₂S is dependent on temperature and pressure, but if conditions are right, simply agitating a fluid containing H₂S may release the gas into the air.

BOILING POINT – (-77° Fahrenheit)

Liquefied Hydrogen Sulfide boils at a very low temperature, so it is usually found as a gas.

RESPIRATOR USE

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulate the use of respiratory protection to protect the health of employees. OSHA's requirements are written in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Part 1910, Section 134, Respiratory Protection. This regulation requires that all employees who might be required to wear respirators, shall complete an OSHA mandated medical evaluation questionnaire. The employee then should be fit tested prior to wearing any respirator while being exposed to hazardous gases.

Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of respirators in dangerous atmospheric situations, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available respirators.

Respirators shall be inspected prior to and after each use to make sure that the respirator has been properly cleaned, disinfected and that the respirator works properly. The unit should be fully charged prior to being used.

Anyone who may use respirators shall be properly trained in how to properly seal the face piece. They shall wear respirators in normal air and then in a test atmosphere. (Note: Such items as facial hair (beard or sideburns) and eyeglass temple pieces will not allow a proper seal.) Anyone who may be expected to wear respirators should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses. Contact lenses should not be allowed.

Respirators shall be worn during the following conditions:

- A. Any employee who works near the top or on the top of any tank unless tests reveal less than 20 ppm of H_2S .
- B. When breaking out any line where H_2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas where H_2S may be present.
- D. When working in areas where the concentration of H₂S exceeds the Threshold Limit Value for H₂S (10 ppm).
- E. At any time where there is a doubt as to the H_2S level in the area to be entered.

EMERGENCY RESCUE PROCEDURES

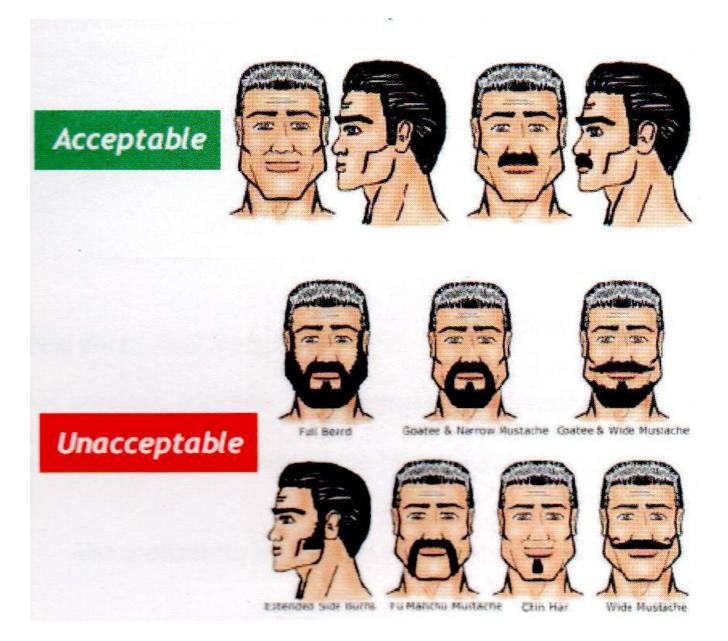
DO NOT PANIC!!!

Remain Calm – Think

- 1. Before attempting any rescue, you must first get out of the hazardous area yourself. Go to a safe briefing area.
- 2. Sound alarm and activate the 911 system.
- 3. Put on breathing apparatus. At least two persons should do this, when available use the buddy system.
- 4. Rescue the victim and return them to a safe briefing area.
- 5. Perform an initial assessment and begin proper First Aid/CPR procedures.
- 6. Keep victim lying down with a blanket or coat, etc.., under the shoulders to keep airway open. Conserve body heat and do not leave unattended.
- 7. If the eyes are affected by H₂S, wash them thoroughly with potable water. For slight irritation, cold compresses are helpful.
- 8. In case a person has only minor exposure and does not lose consciousness totally, it's best if he doesn't return to work until the following day.
- 9. Any personnel overcome by H₂S should always be examined by medical personnel. They should always be transported to a hospital or doctor.

Facial Hair – Clean Shaven Examples

Purpose: To define clean shaven expectations in the field for: 1) Respirator Use, if applicable and 2) First Aid Administration, if situation occurs related to H_2S exposure, having no facial hair can greatly benefit response time and treatment ability.





Colgate Energy

(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME) (Permit) Robin Fed DSU (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)

Permit

Plan: APD-Rev01

Standard Planning Report

29 April, 2022

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM



Database: Company:	EDM 5000.14 Colgate Ener	4 Single User E	b	Local Co-ord	linate Reference:	Well (C04) Rob 3670+30 @ 370	in Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Project:	-	y County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference		3670+30 @ 370	
Site:	(Permit) Rob	• • •	,	North Refere		Grid	
Well:	(C04) Robin				ulation Method:	Minimum Curva	ture
Wellbore:	Permit						
Design:	APD-Rev01						
Project	(Permit) Eddy	County, NM (8	3-NME)				
Map System:	US State Plane			System Datun	n:	Mean Sea Level	
Geo Datum.	North American						
Map Zone:	New Mexico Ea	istern Zone					
Site	(Permit) Robir	n Fed DSU					
Site Position:			Northing:		Editide		32.55594366
From:	Мар	0.00	Easting:		•	ude:	-103.58696631
Position Uncertainty:		0.00 usft	Slot Radius:	13-0	5/10		
Well	(C04) Robin F	ed 127H - Slot	(C04)				
Well Position	+N/-S	0.00 usft	Northing:		565,457.56 usft	Latitude:	32.55223072
	+E/-W	0.00 usft	Easting:		774,053.97 usft	Longitude:	-103.57805349
Position Uncertainty		0.00 usft	Wellhead Ele	vation:	usft	Ground Level:	3,670.00 usft
Grid Convergence:		0.41 °					
Wellbore	Permit						
Magnetics	Model Na	me	Sample Date	Declinatio (°)	n	Dip Angle (°)	Field Strength (nT)
	IGI	RF2020	3/15/2022		6.49	60.17	47,607.17723439
Design	APD-Rev01						
Audit Notes:							
Version:			Phase:	PLAN	Tie On De	pth:	0.00
Vertical Section:		•	rom (TVD) ısft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dir	
			0.00	0.00	0.00	3:	
Plan Survey Tool Pro Depth From	ogram Depth To	Date 4/28/2	2022				
(usft)		Survey (Wellb	ore)	Tool Name	Rem	arks	
1 0.00	20,830.22	APD-Rev01 (P	ermit)	MWD+IFR1+SAG	G+FDIR (SQC	de: 32.55594366 tude: -103.58696631 Latitude: 32.55223072 Longitude: -103.57805349 Ground Level: -103.57805349 Ground Level: 3,670.00 usft Dip Angle Field Strength (nT) 60.17 47,607.17723439 epth: 0.00 Direction (°) 359.56	
				OWSG MWD + II	.789.01 usft Latitude: 32.55594366 .298.22 usft Longitude: -103.58696631 13-3/16 " .103.58696631 565,457.56 usft Latitude: 32.55223072 774,053.97 usft Longitude: -103.57805349 usft Ground Level: 3,670.00 usft ation Dip Angle Field Strength (°) (nT) 6.49 60.17 47,607.17723439 Tie On Depth: 0.00 +E/-W Direction (usft) (°)		
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Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM



Planning Report

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,200.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,473.48	4.10	113.73	1,473.25	-3.94	8.96	1.50	1.50	0.00	113.73	
9,632.89	4.10	113.73	9,611.75	-238.84	543.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
9,906.37	0.00	0.00	9,885.00	-242.78	552.25	1.50	-1.50	0.00	180.00	
10,001.25	0.00	0.00	9,979.88	-242.78	552.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
10,601.25	60.00	11.00	10,476.08	38.44	606.91	10.00	10.00	0.00	11.00	
10,920.42	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	341.56	632.72	10.00	9.40	-3.58	-22.04	
20,830.22	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,251.06	556.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 03	-PBHL(R-L127I



Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.00	0.00	0.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.00	0.00	0.00	800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.00	0.00	0.00	900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.00	0.00	0.00	1,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.00	1.50	113.73	1,299.99	-0.53	1.20	-0.54	1.50	1.50	0.00
1,400.00	3.00	113.73	1,399.91	-2.11	4.79	-2.14	1.50	1.50	0.00
1,473.48	4.10	113.73	1,473.25	-3.94	8.96	-4.01	1.50	1.50	0.00
1,500.00	4.10	113.73	1,499.70	-4.70	10.70	-4.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,555.44	4.10	113.73	1,555.00	-6.30	14.33	-6.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rustler									
1,600.00	4.10	113.73	1,599.44	-7.58	17.24	-7.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,665.73 Salado	4.10	113.73	1,665.00	-9.47	21.55	-9.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.00	4.10	113.73	1,699.19	-10.46	23.79	-10.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.00	4.10	113.73	1,798.93	-13.34	30.34	-13.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00	4.10	113.73	1,898.67	-16.22	36.89	-16.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	4.10	113.73	1,998.42	-19.10	43.44	-19.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.00	4.10	113.73	2,098.16	-21.98	49.99	-22.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	4.10	113.73	2,197.91	-24.85	56.54	-25.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00	4.10	113.73	2,297.65	-27.73	63.08	-28.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.00	4.10	113.73	2,397.39	-30.61	69.63	-31.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.00	4.10	113.73	2,497.14	-33.49	76.18	-34.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.00	4.10	113.73	2,596.88	-36.37	82.73	-37.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00	4.10	113.73	2,696.62	-39.25	89.28	-39.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	4.10	113.73	2,796.37	-42.13	95.83	-42.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	4.10	113.73	2,896.11	-45.01	102.38	-45.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	4.10	113.73	2,995.86	-47.89	108.93	-48.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	4.10	113.73	3,095.60	-50.76	115.47	-51.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	4.10	113.73	3,195.34	-53.64	122.02	-54.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,254.80	4.10	113.73	3,250.00	-55.22	125.61	-56.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tansill 3,300.00	4.10	113.73	3,295.09	-56.52	128.57	-57.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.00	4.10	113.73	3,295.09 3,394.83	-50.52	128.57	-60.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,430.25	4.10	113.73	3,425.00	-60.27	137.10	-61.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,430.25 Yates	4.10	113.73	3,423.00	-00.27	137.10	-01.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
		440 70	0.404.57	00.00	444.0=	00 0 -	0.00	0.00	0.05
3,500.00	4.10	113.73	3,494.57	-62.28	141.67	-63.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	4.10	113.73	3,594.32	-65.16	148.22	-66.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,655.82	4.10	113.73	3,650.00	-66.77	151.87	-67.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
Seven Rivers 3,700.00	4.10	113.73	3,694.06	-68.04	154.77	-69.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.00	4.10	113.73	3,793.81	-70.92	161.31	-72.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	4.10 4.10	113.73 113.73	3,893.55	-73.80	167.86 171.57	-75.08 76.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,956.60	4.10	113.73	3,950.00	-75.43	171.57	-76.74	0.00	0.00	0.00

4/29/2022 6:22:11AM



Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
4,000.00	4.10	113.73	3,993.29	-76.67	174.41	-78.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	4.10	113.73	4,093.04	-79.55	180.96	-80.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,157.11	4.10	113.73	4,150.00	-81.20	184.70	-82.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
Queen									
4,200.00	4.10	113.73	4,192.78	-82.43	187.51	-83.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	4.10	113.73	4,292.53	-85.31	194.06	-86.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	4.10	113.73	4,392.27	-88.19	200.61	-89.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	4.10	113.73	4,492.01	-91.07	207.16	-92.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	4.10	113.73	4,591.76	-93.95	213.70	-95.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	4.10	113.73	4,691.50	-96.83	220.25	-98.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	4.10	113.73	4,791.24	-99.71	226.80	-101.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.00	4.10	113.73	4,890.99	-102.59	233.35	-104.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.00	4.10	113.73	4,990.73	-105.46	239.90	-107.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.00	4.10	113.73	5,090.48	-108.34	246.45	-110.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.00	4.10	113.73	5,190.22	-111.22	253.00	-113.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	4.10	113.73	5,289.96	-114.10	259.54	-116.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.00	4.10	113.73	5,389.71	-116.98	266.09	-119.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	4.10	113.73	5,489.45	-119.86	272.64	-121.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,590.78	4.10	113.73	5,580.00	-122.47	278.59	-124.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delaware Sa									
5,600.00	4.10	113.73	5,589.19	-122.74	279.19	-124.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	4.10	113.73	5,688.94	-125.62	285.74	-127.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	4.10	113.73	5,788.68	-128.50	292.29	-130.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	4.10	113.73	5,888.43	-131.37	298.84	-133.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.00	4.10	113.73	5,988.17	-134.25	305.39	-136.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	4.10	113.73	6,087.91	-137.13	311.93	-139.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	4.10	113.73	6,187.66	-140.01	318.48	-142.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	4.10	113.73	6,287.40	-142.89	325.03	-145.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	4.10	113.73	6,387.15	-145.77	331.58	-148.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	4.10	113.73	6,486.89	-148.65	338.13	-151.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.00	4.10	113.73	6,586.63	-151.53	344.68	-154.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	4.10	113.73	6,686.38	-154.41	351.23	-157.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.00	4.10	113.73	6,786.12	-157.28	357.77	-160.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.00	4.10	113.73	6,885.86	-160.16	364.32	-162.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.00	4.10	113.73	6,985.61	-163.04	370.87	-165.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.00	4.10	113.73	7,085.35	-165.92	377.42	-168.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.00	4.10	113.73	7,185.10	-168.80	383.97	-171.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.00	4.10	113.73	7,284.84	-171.68	390.52	-174.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.00	4.10	113.73	7,384.58	-174.56	397.07	-177.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.00	4.10	113.73	7,484.33	-177.44	403.62	-180.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.00	4.10	113.73	7,584.07	-180.32	410.16	-183.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.00	4.10	113.73	7,683.81	-183.20	416.71	-186.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.00	4.10	113.73	7,783.56	-186.07	423.26	-189.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	4.10	113.73	7,883.30	-188.95	429.81	-192.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.00	4.10	113.73	7,983.05	-191.83	436.36	-195.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.00	4.10	113.73	8,082.79	-194.71	442.91	-198.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.00	4.10	113.73	8,182.53	-197.59	449.46	-201.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.00	4.10	113.73	8,282.28	-200.47	456.00	-203.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.00	4.10	113.73	8,382.02	-203.35	462.55	-206.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,493.22	4.10	113.73	8,475.00	-206.03	468.66	-209.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bone Spring									
8,500.00	4.10	113.73	8,481.77	-206.23	469.10	-209.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.00	4.10	113.73	8,581.51	-209.11	475.65	-212.75	0.00	0.00	0.00



Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
8,700.00	4.10	113.73	8,681.25	-211.98	482.20	-215.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.00	4.10	113.73	8,781.00	-214.86	488.75	-218.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.00	4.10	113.73	8,880.74	-217.74	495.30	-221.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.00	4.10	113.73	8,980.48	-220.62	501.85	-224.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.00	4.10	113.73	9,080.23	-223.50	508.39	-227.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.00	4.10	113.73	9,179.97	-226.38	514.94	-230.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.00	4.10	113.73	9,279.72	-229.26	521.49	-233.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.00	4.10	113.73	9,379.46	-232.14	528.04	-236.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.00	4.10	113.73	9,479.20	-235.02	534.59	-239.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,570.98	4.10	113.73	9,550.00	-237.06	539.24	-241.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
FBSG	4.40	440 70	0.570.05	007.00	E 4 4 4 4	040.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.00	4.10	113.73	9,578.95	-237.89	541.14	-242.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,632.89	4.10	113.73	9,611.75	-238.84	543.29	-243.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.00	3.10	113.73	9,678.73	-240.54	547.15	-244.73	1.50	-1.50	0.00
9,800.00	1.60	113.73	9,778.64	-242.18	550.89	-246.41	1.50	-1.50	0.00
9,906.37	0.00	0.00	9,885.00	-242.78	552.25	-247.01	1.50	-1.50	0.00
10,001.25	0.00	0.00	9,979.88	-242.78	552.25	-247.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,022.05	25' MD, -247.01' 2.08	VS,9979.88 TV 11.00	10,000.67	-242.41	552.32	-246.64	10.00	10.00	0.00
00-EON(R-L		11.00	10,000.01	L (L.T)	502.02	2+0.04	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,050.00	4.87	11.00	10,028.57	-240.75	552.65	-244.98	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,100.00	9.87	11.00	10,078.14	-234.45	553.87	-238.69	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,147.97 SBSG	14.67	11.00	10,125.00	-224.44	555.81	-228.70	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,150.00	14.87	11.00	10,126.96	-223.93	555.91	-228.19	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,182.28	18.10	11.00	10,157.91	-214.94	557.66	-219.22	10.00	10.00	0.00
100FSL									
10,200.00	19.87	11.00	10,174.67	-209.28	558.76	-213.56	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,250.00	24.87	11.00	10,220.89	-190.60	562.39	-194.92	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,300.00	29.87	11.00	10,265.27	-168.04	566.78	-172.39	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,350.00	34.87	11.00	10,307.49	-141.77	571.88	-146.16	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,400.00	39.87	11.00	10,347.21	-111.98	577.67	-116.42	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,450.00	44.87	11.00	10,384.14	-78.92	584.10	-83.40	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,478.44	47.72	11.00	10,403.78	-58.74	588.02	-63.25	10.00	10.00	0.00
01-FTP(R-L1									
10,500.00	49.87	11.00	10,417.99	-42.81	591.12	-47.35	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,550.00	54.87	11.00	10,448.50	-3.95	598.67	-8.55	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,601.25	60.00	11.00	10,476.08	38.44	606.91	33.77	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,650.00	64.53	8.98	10,498.76	80.92	614.38	76.20	10.00	9.30	-4.15
10,700.00	69.21	7.05	10,518.39	126.44	620.77	121.67	10.00	9.35	-3.85
10,750.00	73.91	5.25	10,534.20	173.58	625.84	168.77	10.00	9.39	-3.61
10,800.00	78.62	3.52	10,546.07	222.00	629.55	217.15	10.00	9.42	-3.45
10,850.00	83.34	1.86	10,553.91	271.31	631.86	266.45	10.00	9.44	-3.33
10,900.00	88.07	0.22	10,557.65	321.14	632.76	316.27	10.00	9.45	-3.27
10,920.42	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	341.56	632.72	336.69	10.00	9.46	-3.25
	42' MD, 336.69' \	•		101 14	622.44	116 07	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	421.14	632.11	416.27 516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	521.13	631.34 630.57	516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200.00 11,300.00	90.00 90.00	359.56 359.56	10,558.00 10,558.00	621.13 721.13	630.57 629.80	616.27 716.27	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
11,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	821.13	629.02	816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	921.13 921.12	629.02	916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,021.12	627.48	1,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00

4/29/2022 6:22:11AM

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Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
11,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,121.12	626.71	1,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,221.11	625.94	1,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11 000 00	00.00	250 56	10 559 00	1 201 11	60F 17	1 246 27	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,321.11	625.17	1,316.27		0.00	
12,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,421.11	624.40	1,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,521.10	623.62	1,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,621.10	622.85	1,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,721.10	622.08	1,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,821.10	621.31	1,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	1,921.09	620.54	1,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,021.09	619.77	2,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
			,						
12,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,121.09	619.00	2,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,221.08	618.22	2,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,321.08	617.45	2,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,421.08	616.68	2,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,521.07	615.91	2,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,621.07	615.14	2,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,721.07	614.37	2,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,821.07	613.60	2,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	2,821.07 2,921.06	612.82	2,010.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
			,			,			
13,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,021.06	612.05	3,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,121.06	611.28	3,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,221.05	610.51	3,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,321.05	609.74	3,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,421.05	608.97	3,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.00	90.00	359.56	10.558.00	3,521.04	608.20	3,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,621.04	607.42	3,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,721.04	606.65	3,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,821.04	605.88	3,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	3,921.03	605.11	3,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,021.03	604.34	4,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,121.03	603.57	4,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,221.02	602.80	4,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,321.02	602.03	4,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,421.02	601.25	4,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,521.02	600.48	4,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,621.02	599.71	4,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,721.01	598.94	4,010.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
,									
15,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,821.01	598.17	4,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	4,921.00	597.40	4,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,021.00	596.63	5,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,121.00	595.85	5,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,220.99	595.08	5,216 27	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,320.99	594.31	5,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,420.99	593.54	5,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,520.99	593.54 592.77	5,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,620.98	592.00	5,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,720.98	591.23	5,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,820.98	590.45	5,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	5,920.97	589.68	5,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,020.97	588.91	6,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,120.97	588.14	6,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,220.96	587.37	6,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,320.96	586.60	6,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17.000.00	90.00	359.56 359.56	10,558.00	6,320.96 6,420.96	585.83	6,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00



Database:	EDM 5000.14 Single User Db	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well (C04) Robin Fed 127H - Slot (C04)
Company:	Colgate Energy	TVD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Project:	(Permit) Eddy County, NM (83-NME)	MD Reference:	3670+30 @ 3700.00usft
Site:	(Permit) Robin Fed DSU	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	(C04) Robin Fed 127H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Permit		
Design:	APD-Rev01		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
17,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,520.96	585.05	6,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,620.95	584.28	6,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,720.95	583.51	6,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,820.95	582.74	6,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	6,920.94	581.97	6,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,020.94	581.20	7,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,120.94	580.43	7,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,220.93	579.65	7,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.00	90.00	359.56	10.558.00	7,320.93	578.88	7,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,420.93	578.11	7,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,520.93	577.34	7,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,620.92	576.57	7,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,720.92	575.80	7,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,820.92	575.03	7,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	7,920.91	574.26	7,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,020.91	573.48	8,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,120.91	572.71	8,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,220.91	571.94	8,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
18,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,320.90	571.17	8,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,420.90	570.40	8,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,520.90	569.63	8,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,620.89	568.86	8,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,720.89	568.08	8,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,820.89	567.31	8,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	8,920.88	566.54	8,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.0
19,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,020.88	565.77	9,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,120.88	565.00	9,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,220.88	564.23	9,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,900.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,320.87	563.46	9,316.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,000.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,420.87	562.68	9,416.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,100.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,520.87	561.91	9,516.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,200.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,620.86	561.14	9,616.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,300.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,720.86	560.37	9,716.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,400.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,820.86	559.60	9,816.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,500.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	9,920.85	558.83	9,916.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,600.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,020.85	558.06	10,016.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,700.00	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,120.85	557.28	10,116.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,740.19	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,161.04	556.97	10,156.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
100FNL									
20,740.21	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,161.06	556.97	10,156.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
02-LTP(R-L12	27H)								
20,800.00	, 90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,220.85	556.51	10,216.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,830.22	90.00	359.56	10,558.00	10,251.06	556.28	10,246.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
	' MD, 10246.49'		•	·		,			

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM



Planning Report

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	EDM 5000.14 Colgate Energy (Permit) Eddy (Permit) Robin (C04) Robin F Permit APD-Rev01	ע County, N№ ר Fed DSU			TVD Refere MD Referer North Refer	ice:	3670+30 @	Robin Fed 127H - Slo 3700.00usft 3700.00usft Curvature	ot (C04)
Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
00-EON(R-L127H) - plan misses targe - Point	0.00 t center by 84.5		10,000.00 21.66usft M	-242.78 D (10000.29 T	636.86 VD, -242.42 N	565,214.78 I, 552.32 E)	774,690.83	32.55155100	-103.57599232
01-FTP(R-L127H) - plan misses targe - Point	0.00 t center by 223		10,558.00 478.44usft N	-212.79 MD (10403.78 ⁻	636.69 TVD, -58.74 N	565,244.77 I, 588.02 E)	774,690.66	32.55163343	-103.57599218
02-LTP(R-L127H) - plan misses targe - Point	0.00 t center by 0.02		10,558.00 0.21usft MD	10,161.06 (10558.00 TV	556.95 D, 10161.06 I	575,618.62 N, 556.97 E)	774,610.92	32.58014769	-103.57601142
03-PBHL(R-L127H) - plan hits target ce - Point	0.00 nter	0.00	10,558.00	10,251.06	556.28	575,708.62	774,610.25	32.58039507	-103.57601152

Casing Points

Measured	Vertical	Name	Casing	Hole
Depth	Depth		Diameter	Diameter
(usft)	(usft)		(")	('')
20,832.94	20" Casir	g	20	24

Formations

I	Measured Depth (usft)	Vertical Depth (usft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)
	1,555.44	1,555.00	Rustler			
	1,665.73	1,665.00	Salado			
	3,254.80	3,250.00	Tansill			
	3,430.25	3,425.00	Yates			
	3,655.82	3,650.00	Seven Rivers			
	3,956.60	3,950.00	Capitan			
	4,157.11	4,150.00	Queen			
	5,590.78	5,580.00	Delaware Sands			
	8,493.22	8,475.00	Bone Spring			
	9,570.98	9,550.00	FBSG			
	10,147.97	10,125.00	SBSG			

Plan Annotations Measured Vertical Local Coordinates Depth Depth +N/-S +E/-W (usft) (usft) (usft) (usft) Comment 10,001.25 9,979.88 -242.78 552.25 KOP: 10001.25' MD, -247.01' VS,9979.88' TVD 10,182.28 10,157.91 -214.94 557.66 100FSL 10,920.42 10,558.00 341.56 632.72 EOC: 10920.42' MD, 336.69' VS,10558.00' TVD 100FNL 20,740.19 10,558.00 10,161.04 556.97 20,830.22 10,558.00 TD: 20830.22' MD, 10246.49' VS,10558.00' TVD 10,251.06 556.28

Ontinental 🔧

Certificate of Conformity

			ContiTech		
Certificate Number 1036465	COM Or 1036465	der Reference	Customer Name & Address HELMERICH & PAYNE DRILLING CO		
Customer Purchase Order No:	7401225	20	1434 SOUTH BOULDER AVE TULSA, OK 74119		
Project:			USA		
Test Center Address		Accepted by COM Inspection	Accepted by Client Inspection		
ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp. 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 USA	Signed: Date:	Gerson Mejia-Lazo			

We certify that the items detailed below meet the requirements of the customer's Purchase Order referenced above, and are in conformance with the specifications given below.

ltem	Part No.	Description	Qnty	Serial Number	Specifications
60		RECERTIFICATION - 3" ID 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35 ft OAL	1	64526	ContiTech Standard
90		RECERTIFICATION - 3" ID 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35 ft OAL	1	53621	ContiTech Standard

HCO1036465 H&P.xlsx

Ontinental **5**

Hydrostatic Test Certificate

Tryarostatio root ee.		Contilech
Certificate Number 1036465	COM Order Reference 1036465	Customer Name & Address HELMERICH & PAYNE DRILLING CO
Customer Purchase Order No: 740122520		1434 SOUTH BOULDER AVE TULSA, OK 74119
Project:		USA
Test Center Address	Accepted by COM inspection	Accepted by Client Inspection
ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp. 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041	Signed: Date: 2/27/18	

We certify that the goods detailed hereon have been inspected as described below by our Quality Management System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform the requirements of the above referenced purchase order as issued to ContiTech Oil & Marine

Corporation.

Item	Part No.	Description	Qnty	Serial Number	Work. Press.	Test Press.	Test Time (minutes)
60		RECERTIFICATION - 3" ID 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35 ft OAL	1	64526	10,000 psi	15,000 psi	60
90		RECERTIFICATION - 3" ID 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35 ft OAL	1	53621	10,000 psi	15,000 psi	60

HCO1036465 H&P.xlsx

Hose Inspection Report

ContiTech Oil & Marine

Customer	Customer Reference #	COM Reference #	COM Inspector	Date of Inspection
H&P Drilling	740122520	1036465	A. Jaimes	02/22/2018

Hose Manufacturer Contitech Rubber Industrial

Hose Serial #	53621	Date of Manufacture	08/2008
Hose I.D.	3"	Working Pressure	10000PSI
Hose Type	Choke and Kill	Test Pressure	15000PSI
Manufacturing St	andard API 16C		
Connections			
End A: 4.1/16" 10	Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange	End B: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi A	PI Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange
 No damage 		No damage	
Material: Carbon	Steel	Material: Carbon Steel	
Seal Face: BX155	5	Seal Face: BX155	
Length Before Hydro Test: 35'		Length After Hydro tes	t: 35'

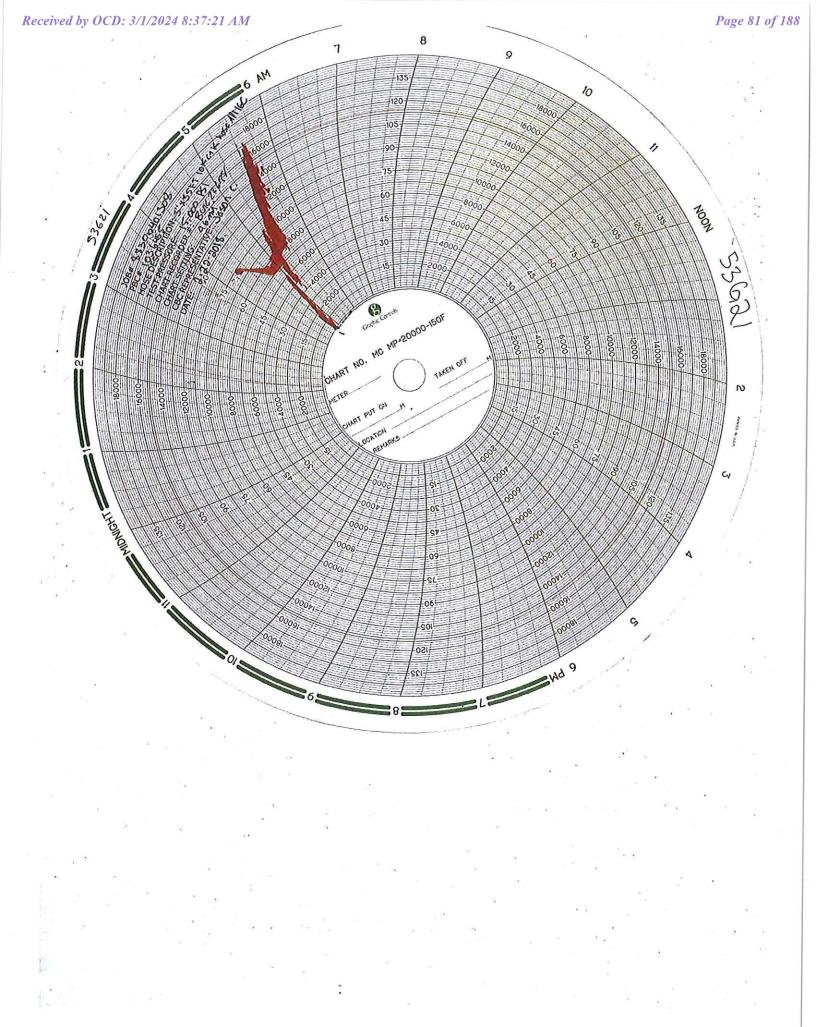
Conclusion: Hose #53621 passed the external inspection with no notable damage to the armor. Internal video inspection showed no damage to the hose liner. Hose #53621 passed the hydrostatic pressure test by holding a pressure of 15,000PSI for 60 minutes. Hose #53621is suitable for continued service.

Recommendations: In general the hose should be inspected on a regular on-going basis. The frequency and degree of the inspection should as a minimum follow these guidelines:

- Visual inspection: Every 3 to 6 months (or during installation/removal)
- Annual: In-situ pressure test (in addition to the 3 to 6 monthly inspections)
- Initial 5 years service: Major inspection
 - 2nd Major inspection: Following subsequent 3 year life cycle
 - (Detailed description of test regime available upon request, QCP 206-1)

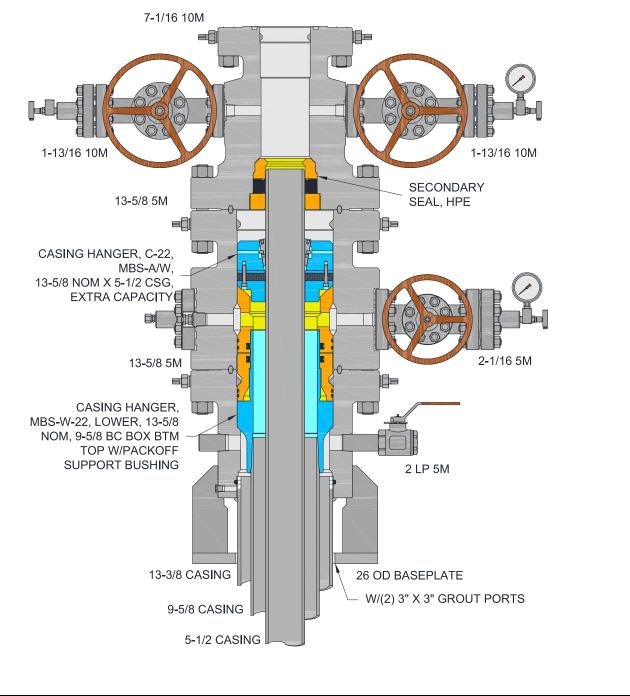
**NOTE: There are a number of critical elements in the hose that cannot be thoroughly checked through standard inspection techniques. Away from dissecting the hose body, the best way to evaluate the condition of the hose is through review of the operating conditions recorded during the hose service life, in particular maximums and peak conditions.

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MULTI-BOWL WELLHEAD SYSTEM RUNNING PROCEDURE



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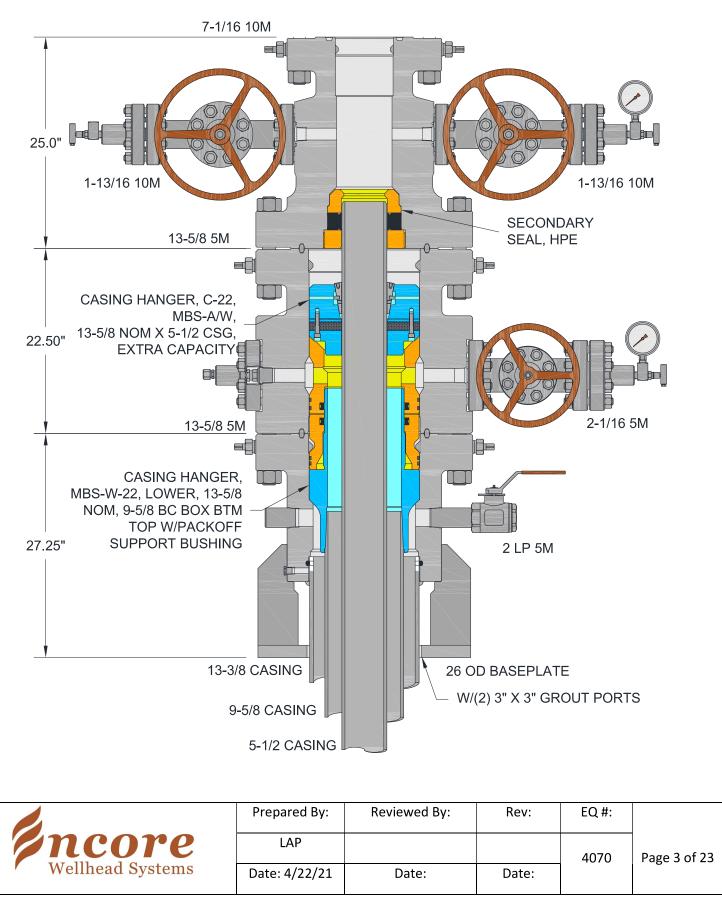
1.0	DIAGRAM OF STACK-UP
2.0	CASING HEAD SECTION4
3.0	TEST PLUG SECTION
4.0	WEAR BUSHING SECTION7
5.0	LOWER CASING HANGER SECTION
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7.0	TEST PLUG FOR PACKOFF SECTION13
	C-22 HANGER SECTION
9.0	TUBING HEAD SECTION16
10.0	EMERGENCY CASING HANGER C-21 SECTION19
API	PENDIX A: RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE FOR FIELD WELDING PIPE TO WELLHEAD PARTS FOR LOW PRESSURE SEAL



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1.0 DIAGRAM OF STACK-UP

1.1 **DIMENSIONS FOR CONFIGURATION**



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2.0 CASING HEAD SECTION

2.1 **PREPARATION**

- 2.1.1 Check and record Multi-bowl Assembly part numbers and serial numbers.
- 2.1.2 Inspect assembly's upper and lower bowl. Ensure seal areas are in good condition and free from damage.
- 2.1.3 Inspect ring groove for burrs, damage and any defects. If burrs exist, redress using emery cloth.
- 2.1.4 Ensure SOW O-Ring is in good condition. Replace if damaged.

2.2 LANDING

- 2.2.1 Determine 13-3/8" casing cutoff height. Cut and bevel accordingly.
- 2.2.2 Clean scale off casing OD.
- 2.2.3 Lift Multi-bowl Assembly with certified wire rope harness or landing & flange and lower carefully over casing stub.
- 2.2.4 Ensure Multi-bowl Assembly is level and outlet orientation will match flow lines. Remove 1/2" NPT pipe plug from bottom of casing head.
- 2.2.5 Tack weld Multi-bowl SOW to casing at four points. Recheck level.

NOTE: DO NOT USE HOT HEADS OR SIMILAR METHODS OF PREHEATING, AS IT MAY DAMAGE SEALS AND PACKING

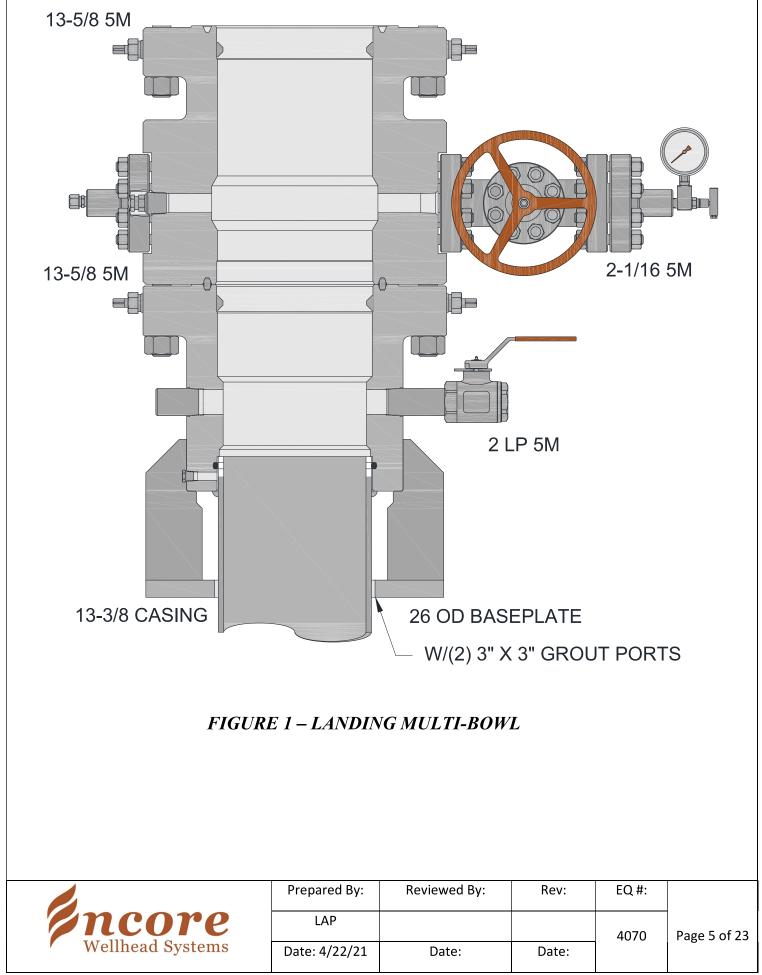
- 2.2.6 Preheat casing and Multi-bowl to specifications, 3" on either side of weld areas. Use heat sensitive crayons to monitor temperature limits.
- 2.2.7 Complete external weld. Perform post weld heat treatment.

NOTE: STEPS 2.2.4 TO 2.2.6 ARE TO BE COMPLETED BY OPERATOR'S AUTHORIZED WELDER ONLY. SEE SECTION 3.0 FOR FIELD WELDING PROCEDURE.

- 2.2.8 When weld is cool, test weld to 80% of casing collapse for minimum of 15 minutes. Use only water as test fluid, do not use oil.
- 2.2.9 Bleed off pressure after successful test. Replace pipe plug.
- 2.2.10 Install outlet accessories as required.



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3.0 TEST PLUG SECTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

- 3.1.1 Check and record BOP Test Plug Assembly part & serial numbers.
- 3.1.2 Inspect test plug's LP threads and Tool Joint threads for damage. Ensure O-rings & lift lugs are in good condition.

3.2 **RUNNING – TEST PLUG**

3.2.1 Make up a joint of drill pipe to test plug. Ensure O-rings are in down position.

NOTE: IF PUMPING THROUGH DRILL PIPE, MAKE SURE 1/2" LP PIPE PLUGS ARE REMOVED. IF PRESSURIZING THROUGH CHOKE OR KILL LINE, 1/2" LP PIPE PLUGS MUST BE INSTALLED AND DRILL PIPE MUST BE PROPERLY TORQUED TO TEST PLUG.

- 3.2.2 Open casing head outlet valve to check for leakage during BOP test.
- 3.2.3 Lightly oil test plug's O-rings.
- 3.2.4 Lower test plug through BOP and riser stack, land on casing head load shoulder.
- 3.2.5 Test BOP stack per operator's requirements. Never exceed connection's max working pressure. Monitor any leakage through open outlet valve.

3.3 **RETRIEVING – TEST PLUG**

- 3.3.1 After a successful test, release pressure and open BOP rams.
- 3.3.2 Drain fluid from BOP stack.
- 3.3.3 Pull and retrieve test plug slowly to avoid damage to seals.
- 3.3.4 Close casing head outlet valve.
- 3.3.5 Inspect test plug for damage. Replace O-rings if necessary. Clean, grease, store.

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4.0 WEAR BUSHING SECTION

4.1 **PREPARATION**

- 4.1.1 Check and record wear bushing and running tool part and serial numbers.
- 4.1.2 Inspect wear bushing for damage, ensuring bore, slots are clean and the bore is the correct ID.
- 4.1.3 Inspect running tool for damage, ensure threads and slots are clean.

4.2 RUNNING

- 4.2.1 Make up drill pipe to running tool. Ensure lift lugs are in the down position.
- 4.2.2 Lower running tool into wear bushing. Rotate 1/4 turn clockwise to lock position.
- 4.2.3 Slowly lower wear bushing through BOP stack and riser, land on casing head load shoulder.
- 4.2.4 Run in two Lockscrews, 180° apart, for retention.
- 4.2.5 Remove Running Tool from Wear Bushing by rotating drill pipe counter-clockwise 1/4 turn and slowly lifting it straight up.

4.2.5.1 NOTE: WHILE RETRIEVING THE TOOL, MONITOR THE WEIGHT INDICATOR TO ENSURE THE TOOL IS PROPERLY DISENGAGED.

- 4.2.6 Inspect the Running Tool for any visible damage.
- 4.2.7 Proceed with drilling for next casing size.

4.3 **RETRIEVING – WEAR BUSHING**

- 4.3.1 Make up drill pipe to Running Tool. Ensure lift lugs are in the down position.
- 4.3.2 Slowly lower Running Tool through BOP stack until it lands on Wear Bushing.
- 4.3.3 Slowly Rotate tool until it drop. This indicates the lift lugs have aligned with j-slots of the Wear Bushing.
- 4.3.4 Slack off all weight to make sure tool is down.
- 4.3.5 Rotate tool 1/4 turn clockwise to fully engage in Wear Bushing.
- 4.3.6 Retract the two engaged Lockscrews, 180° apart.
- 4.3.7 Inspect Running Tool and Wear Bushing for any damage. Clean, grease, & store.
- 4.3.8 Proceed to running next casing.



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5.0 LOWER CASING HANGER SECTION

5.1 **PREPARATION**

- 5.1.1 Inspect Mandrel Casing Hanger's casing thread and ACME running threads for damage. Ensure neck seal area is clean and in good condition.
- 5.1.2 Inspect the Running Tool's casing thread and running thread for any damage. Ensure bore and O-ring is clean and in good condition.
- 5.1.3 Verify Running Tool's .50" width OD groove is painted with fluorescent yellow.

5.2 INSTALLATION

5.2.1 Make up the Running Tool to the Hanger by rotating counter-clockwise 8 to 9 turns until it bottoms out on the Hanger.

NOTE: DO NOT TORQUE TO HANGER.

- 5.2.2 Pressure test the Running Tool's seal through the 1/8 LP test port for at least 15 minutes. Do not exceed 5,000psi test pressure.
- 5.2.3 After a successful test, release pressure.
- 5.2.4 Lower the Hanger onto the last joint of casing run. Make up the connection to the API threads recommended optimum torque.
- 5.2.5 Verify all lock-screws are fully retracted.
- 5.2.6 Slowly and carefully lower the Hanger through the BOP and land it in the Multi-bowl.
- 5.2.7 Slack off all weight on the casing.
- 5.2.8 Visually verify the yellow paint marking on the Running Tool is in the center of the upper-most outlet of the Multi-bowl indicating that the Hanger is properly landed.

NOTE: ENSURE THAT THE WELL IS SAFE AND THERE IS NO PRESSURE BEFORE OPENING THE UPPERMOST OUTLET VALVE. CLOSE THE OUTLET AFTER VISUAL INSPECTION.

- 5.2.9 Cement as required.
- 5.2.10 Back off Running Tool by rotating clockwise until thread jump can be felt.
- 5.2.11 Retrieve the landing joint and running tool to the rig floor.
- 5.2.12 Inspect the running tool for any damage. Clean, grease, and store.
- 5.2.13 Proceed to next operation.

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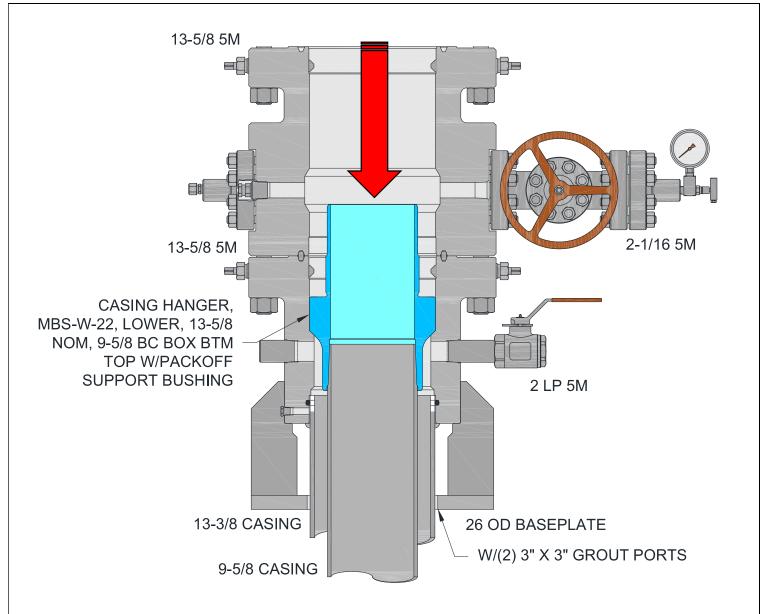


FIGURE 2 –CASING HANGER MANDREL

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6.0 PACKOFF SUPPORT BUSHING SECTION

6.1 PREPARATION

- 6.1.1 Check and record Pack-off Support Bushing and Running Tool part and serial numbers.
- 6.1.2 Inspect the Pack-offs elastomeric seals, bore, and OD for any damage. Ensure that all are clean and in good condition.
- 6.1.3 Inspect the Running Tool's IF thread for any damage. Ensure all are clean and in good condition.
- 6.1.4 Wash out Multi-bowl and top of casing hanger landing flutes and open lower valves in lower head.

NOTE: WASHING CAN BE DONE MANUALLY USING PRESSURIZED HOSE OR WITH A WASH TOOL.

6.2 INSTALLATION

- 6.2.1 Make up a landing joint to the Running Tool. Ensure to power tight the landing joint to the Running tool per API thread's specification.
- 6.2.2 Lightly oil the Pack-offs elastomeric seals and running threads.
- 6.2.3 Lower Running Tool into Pack-off and rotate 1/4 turn clockwise to lock position.
- 6.2.4 Verify all Lock-screws are fully retracted.
- 6.2.5 Slowly and carefully lower the Pack-off through the BOP and land it on the Hanger inside the Multi-bowl.

NOTE: HEAVY DRILL PIPE OR DRILL COLLAR MIGHT BE REQUIRED AS ADDITIONAL WEIGHT TO PULL DOWN THE PACK-OFF INTO ITS LANDING POSITION.

- 6.2.6 Verify that the Pack-off has landed properly by making measurement on its setting depth.
- 6.2.7 Run Lock-screws in pairs, 180 degrees apart, at the lower Multi-bowl. Tighten gland nuts to 350 ft.-lbs and Lock-screws to 450 ft.-lbs.
- 6.2.8 Pull the Running Tool to 2,000 lbs to confirm that the Pack-off has been successfully locked down.
- 6.2.9 Slack off tension.



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- 6.2.10 Locate the two Flange Test Ports on the upper Multi-bowl and remove the test cap from each of the fittings.
- 6.2.11 Attach a bleeder tool to one of the fittings and open the tool.
- 6.2.12 Attach a hydraulic test pump to the other fitting and pump hydraulic fluid until a continuous stream flows from the bleeder tool. Close the bleeder tool.
- 6.2.13 Perform pressure test to 5,000 psi for at least 15 minutes.

NOTE: IN CASE OF TESTING AGAINST A CASING, DO NOT EXCEED 80% OF CASING COLLAPSE.

- 6.2.14 After a successful test, release pressure. Replace test caps.
- 6.2.15 Remove the Running Tool from Pack-off by rotating the drill pipe counter-clockwise 1/4 turn and slowly lifting it straight up.

NOTE: WHILE RETRIEVING THE TOOL, MONITOR THE WEIGHT INDICATOR TO ENSURE THE TOOL IS PROPERLY DISENGAGED.

- 6.2.16 Retrieve the Running Tool to the rig floor.
- 6.2.17 Inspect the Running Tool for any damage. Clean, grease, and store.
- 6.2.18 Proceed to next operation.



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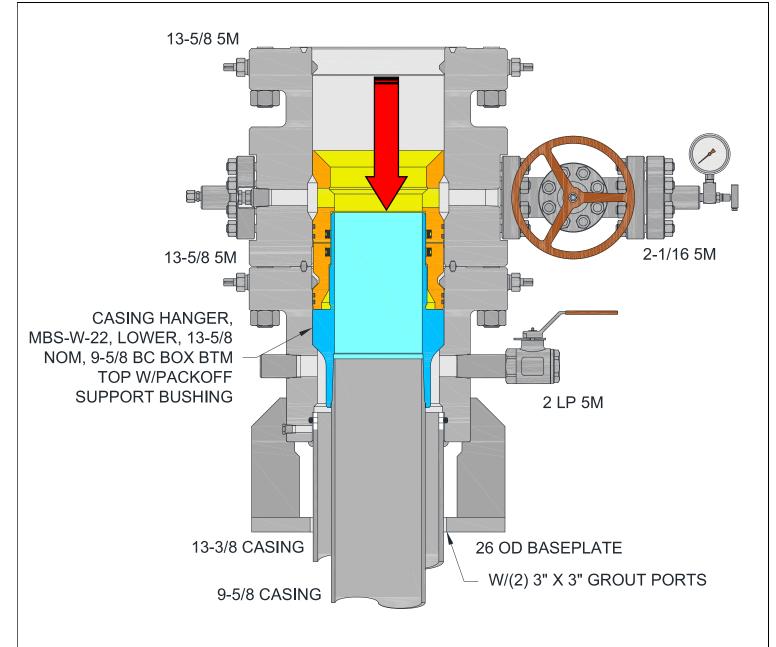


FIGURE 3 – PACKOFF SUPPORT BUSHING

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7.0 TEST PLUG FOR PACKOFF SECTION

7.1 **PREPARATION**

- 7.1.1 Check and record the BOP Test plug Assembly part number and serial number.
- 7.1.2 Inspect test plug's LP & tool joints threads for damage. Ensure O-ring & lift lugs are in good condition.

7.2 RUNNING

7.2.1 Make up a joint of drill pipe to test plug. Ensure O-ring is down and lift lugs are up.

NOTE: IF IT IS INTENDED TO TEST BY PUMPING THROUGH DRILL PIPE, MAKE SURE THAT THE FOUR 1/2" LP PIPE PLUGS ARE REMOVED. HOWEVER, IF TEST IS TO BE DONE BY PRESSURIZING THROUGH THE CHOKE OR KILL LINE, THE FOUR 1/2" LP PIPE PLUGS SHOULD BE INSTALLED AND DRILL PIPE MUST BE PROPERLY TORQUED TO THE TEST PLUG.

- 7.2.2 Verify lock-screws in the top flange are fully retracted.
- 7.2.3 Open Multi-bowl upper valve to check for leakage past test plug during BOP test.
- 7.2.4 Lightly oil test plug's O-ring.
- 7.2.5 Lower test plug through BOP stack until it lands on Pack-off Support Bushing.
- 7.2.6 Test BOP stack per operator's requirements. Never exceed connection's maximum working pressure. Monitor any leakage through open lower valve.

7.3 RETRIEVING

- 7.3.1 After a successful test, release pressure and open BOP rams.
- 7.3.2 Drain the fluid from BOP stack.
- 7.3.3 Pull and retrieve the test plug slowly to avoid damage.
- 7.3.4 Close the Multi-bowl upper outlet valve.
- 7.3.5 Inspect test plug for damage. Replace O-ring if necessary. Clean, grease, & store.



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8.0 <u>C-22 HANGER SECTION</u>

8.1 **PREPARATION**

- 8.1.1 Check and record Slip Casing Hanger Assembly Part serial numbers.
- 8.1.2 Inspect Slip Casing Hanger, Ensure all screws are in place & seals are in good condition.

8.2 INSTALLATION

- 8.2.1 Cement casing as required.
- 8.2.2 Drain multi-bowl
- 8.2.3 Separate Upper Multi-bowl from BOP.

NOTE: ENSURE WELL IS SAFE AND THERE IS NO PRESSURE BEFORE BREAKING CONNECTION.

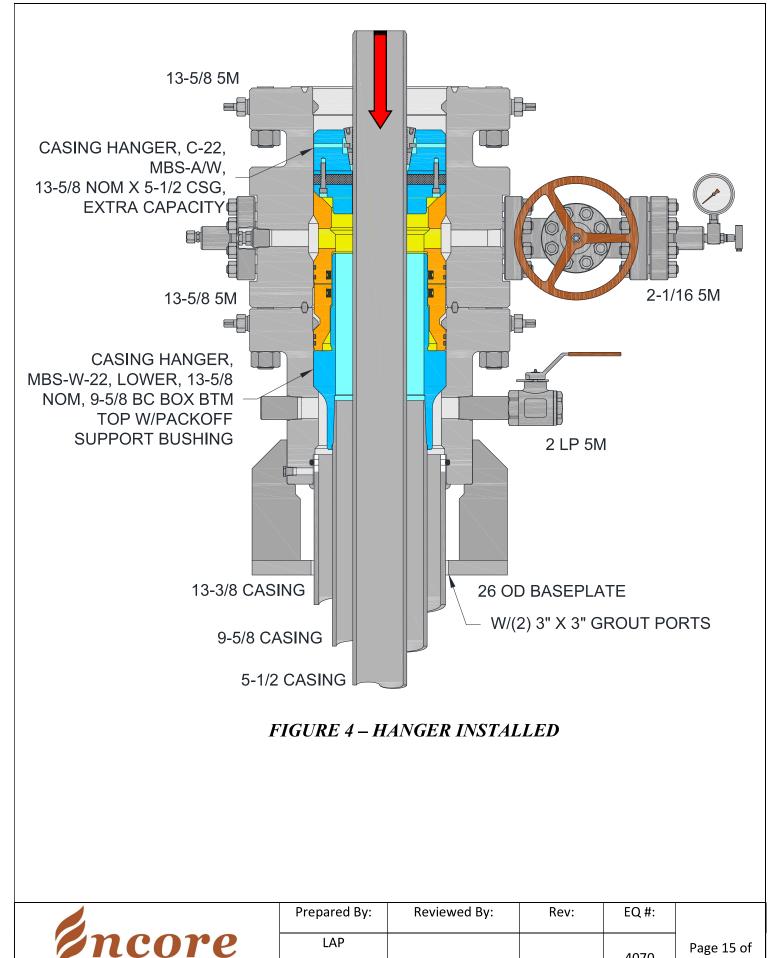
- 8.2.4 Lift BOP and suspend above Upper Multi-bowl high enough to install Hanger.
- 8.2.5 Washout as necessary.
- 8.2.6 Place two boards on Upper Multi-bowl top flange against casing.
- 8.2.7 Wrap Hanger around casing using boards as support.
- 8.2.8 Replace latch screw
- 8.2.9 Grease Hanger body and remove slip retaining screws.
- 8.2.10 Remove boards and lower Hanger into Multi-bowl.

NOTE: ENSURE TO CENTER CASING AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE USING CAT-LINE.

- 8.2.11 Ensure Hanger is properly seated by tapping down on slip bowl.
- 8.2.12 Engage slip segments evenly by hammering down on top of segments.
- 8.2.13 Pull tension on casing to desired weight then slack off tension to set load to energize packing.
- 8.2.14 Rough cut casing approximately 18" above casing spool top flange.
- 8.2.15 Clean ring groove and install ring gasket into top flange.
- 8.2.16 Final cut casing at 5-3/4" +/-1/8" above top flange and bevel cut stub to specifications.

NOTE: ENSURE STUB IS PROPERLY BEVELED WITHOUT ANY ROUGH EDGES THAT COULD DAMAGE THE PACK-OFF SEALS, PICK-UP LANDING JOINT WITH PRE-INSTALLED MANDREL CASING HANGER RUNNING TOOL.

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9.0 TUBING HEAD SECTION

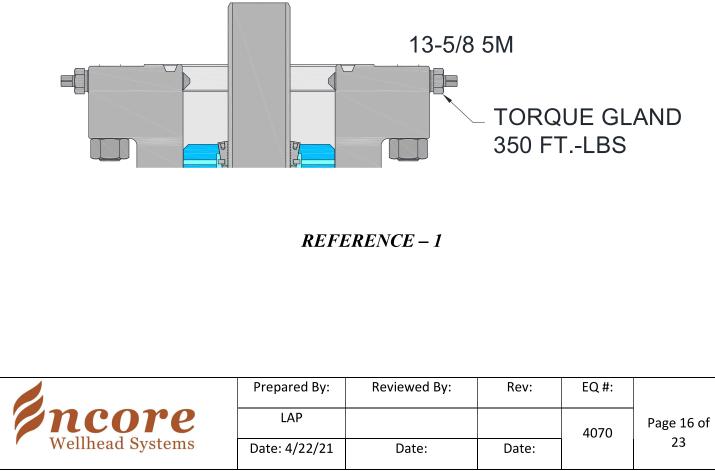
9.1 PREPARATION

- 9.1.1 Check & record tubing head assembly part & serial numbers.
- 9.1.2 Inspect tubing head's bowl & ring groove for burrs, damage and/or any defects. Ensure seal areas are in good condition and free from damage. If burrs exist, redress using emery cloth.
- 9.1.3 Ensure bore and FS seals are clean and in good condition.

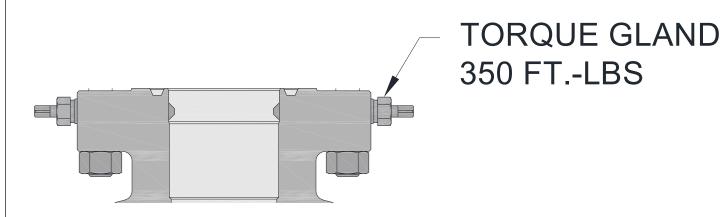
9.2 INSTALLATION

- 9.2.1 Place ring gasket into casing spool ring groove.
- 9.2.2 Slowly and carefully lift and orient tubing head assembly over casing spool and casing hanger neck. Line up casing spool to bolt holes on casing head.
- 9.2.3 Lower tubing head and install onto casing spool. Nipple up tubing head to API recommended specifications.
- 9.2.4 Locate 1/2 LP flange test port on Tubing Head bottom flange remove fitting test cap.

9.2.5 Torque lock-screw glands to 350 ft.-lbs on the upper multi-bowl flange. See reference 1



- 9.2.6 Attach hydraulic test pump to fitting and pressure test flange to 5,000 psi or 80% of collapse of casing whichever is less, Perform test for at least 15 minutes.
- 9.2.7 After successful test, release pressure, detach test pump and reinstall cap.
- 9.2.8 Torque lock-screws glands to 350 ft.-lbs before nipple up of BOP's on 7-1/16" flange. See reference 2



REFERENCE - 2

9.2.9 Nipple up BOP to casing spool assembly.

9.2.10 Proceed to drilling and running next casing size.

NOTE: SECONDARY SEAL WILL BE INSTALLED AND LANDED WITH TUBING HEAD.

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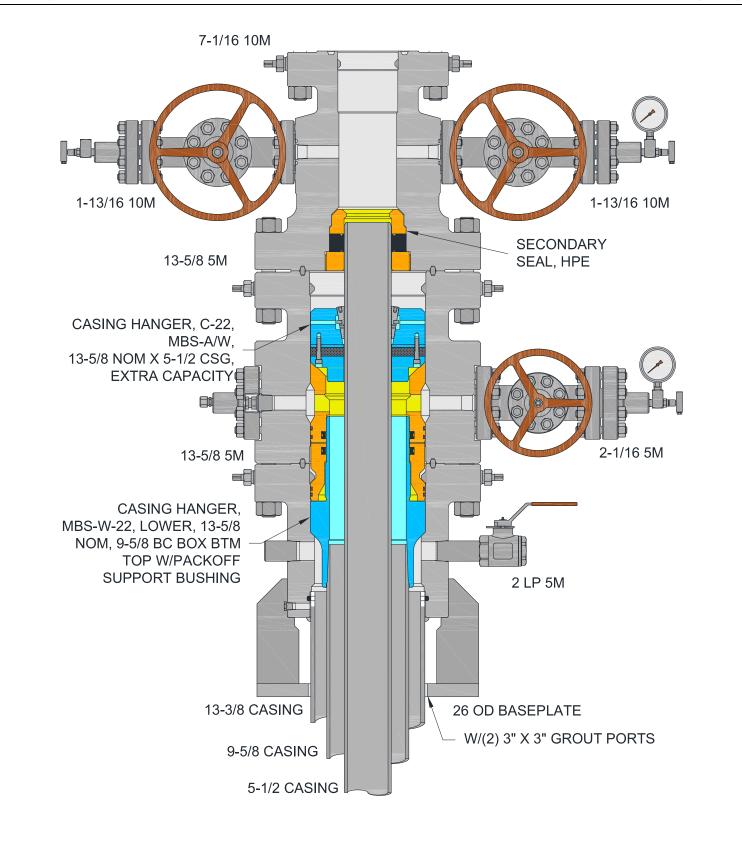


FIGURE 5 – TUBING HEAD SECTION

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10.0 EMERGENCY CASING HANGER C-21 SECTION

10.1 PREPARATION

- 10.1.1 If casing becomes stuck, follow the steps outlined below.
- 10.1.2 With casing suspended break flange connection between casing spool & casing head, lift & secure the casing spool & BOP at a safe working distance above casing head.
- 10.1.3 Examine the C-21 casing hanger for damage.

10.2 INSTALLATION

- 10.2.1 Place two boards on casing to support the casing hanger.
- 10.2.2 Remove the latch screw to open the hanger.
- 10.2.3 Wrap hanger around the casing & replace the latch screw, remove slip retainer screws.
- 10.2.4 Prepare to lower the hanger.
- 10.2.5 Remove the boards & carefully lower the hanger. If necessary, use a cat line or tugger to centralize the casing.
- 10.2.6 When the hanger is landed on load shoulder pull tension on the casing to desired hanging weight & then slack off.
- 10.2.7 Nipple up casing spool & BOP to casing head.

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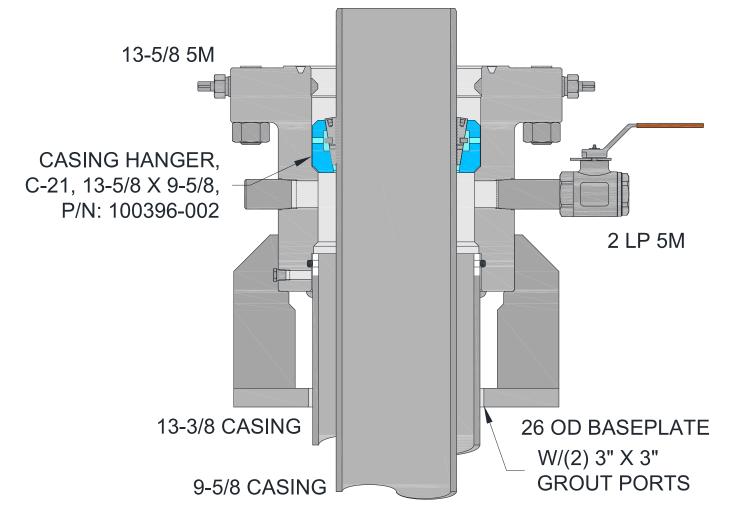


FIGURE 6 – EMERGENCY CASING HANGER

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APPENDIX A: <u>RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE FOR FIELD WELDING PIPE TO</u> <u>WELLHEAD PARTS FOR LOW PRESSURE SEAL</u>

The following procedure is a direct extraction (except for the numeric, footnote designators) from the 20thEdition of the API 6A. Editorial footnotes have been added to provide additional information that may be of benefit when developing procedures for specific field welding applications. The recommended procedure and footnotes are for general information purposes and it should be mentioned that Encore is not responsible for determining or administering any field welding practices. The organization performing the welding should qualify their welding procedure(s) and welder(s) in accordance with applicable codes and standards. The success of any field weld should be verified by subsequent hydrostatic test at the direction of the customer.

1. **Introduction and Scope** - The following recommended procedure has been prepared with particular regard to attaining pressure-tight welds when attaching casing heads, flanges, etc., to casing. Although most of the high strength casing used (such as P-110) is not normally considered field weldable, some success may be obtained by using the following or similar procedures.

CAUTION: IN SOME WELLHEADS, THE SEAL WELD IS ALSO A STRUCTURAL WELD AND CAN BE SUBJECTED TO HIGH TENSILE STRESSES. CONSIDERATION MUST THEREFORE BE GIVEN BY COMPETENT AUTHORITY TO THE MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF THE WELD AND ITS HEAT AFFECTED ZONE.

- 2. The steels used in wellhead parts and in casing are high strength steels that are susceptible to cracking when welded. It is imperative that the finished weld and adjacent metal be free from cracks. The heat from welding also affects the mechanical properties. This is especially serious if the weld is subjected to service tension stresses.
- 3. This procedure is offered only as a recommendation. The responsibility for welding lies with the user and results are largely governed by the welder's skill. Weld-ability of thee several makes and grades of casing varies widely, thus placing added responsibility on the welder. Transporting a qualified welder to the job, rather than using a less-skilled man who may be at hand, will, in most cases, prove economically. The responsible operating representative should ascertain the welder's qualifications and if necessary, assure himself by instruction or demonstration, that the welder is able to perform the work satisfactorily.

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- 4. Welding Conditions Unfavorable welding conditions must be avoided or minimized in every way possible, as even the most skilled welder cannot successfully weld steels that are susceptible to cracking under adverse working conditions, or when the work is rushed. Work above the welder on the drilling floor should be avoided. The weld should be protected from dripping mud, water, and oil and from wind, rain, or other adverse weather conditions. The drilling mud, water, or other fluids must be lowered in the casing and kept at a low level until the weld has properly cooled. It is the responsibility of the user to provide supervision that will assure favorable working conditions, adequate time, and the necessary cooperation of the rig personnel.
- 5. **Welding** The welding should be done by the shielded metal-arc or other approved process.
- 6. Filler Metal After the root pass, low hydrogen electrodes or filler wires of a yield strength equal to the casing yield strength should be used. The low hydrogen electrodes include classes EXX15, EXX16, EX18, and EXX28 of AWS A5.1 (latest edition): *Mild Steel Covered Arc-Welding Electrodes** and AWS A5.5 (latest edition): *Low Alloy Steel Covered Arc-Welding Electrodes**. Low hydrogen electrodes should not be exposed to the atmosphere until ready for use. Electrodes exposed to atmosphere should be dried 1 to 2 hours at 500 to 600°F (*260 to 316°C*) just before use. *Available from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.
- 7. **Preparation of Base Metal -** The area to be welded should be dry and free of any paint, grease, scale, rust, or dirt.
- 8. **Preheating** Both the casing and the wellhead member should be preheated to 250-400°F (*121 to 204°C*) for a distance of at least 3 inches (*76.2mm*) on either side of the weld location, using a suitable preheating torch. Before applying preheat, the fluid should be bailed out of the casing to a point several inches (*mm*) below the weld location. The preheat temperature should be checked by the use of heat sensitive crayons. Special attention must be given to preheating the thick sections of wellhead parts to be welded, to insure uniform heating and expansion with respect to the relatively thin casing.

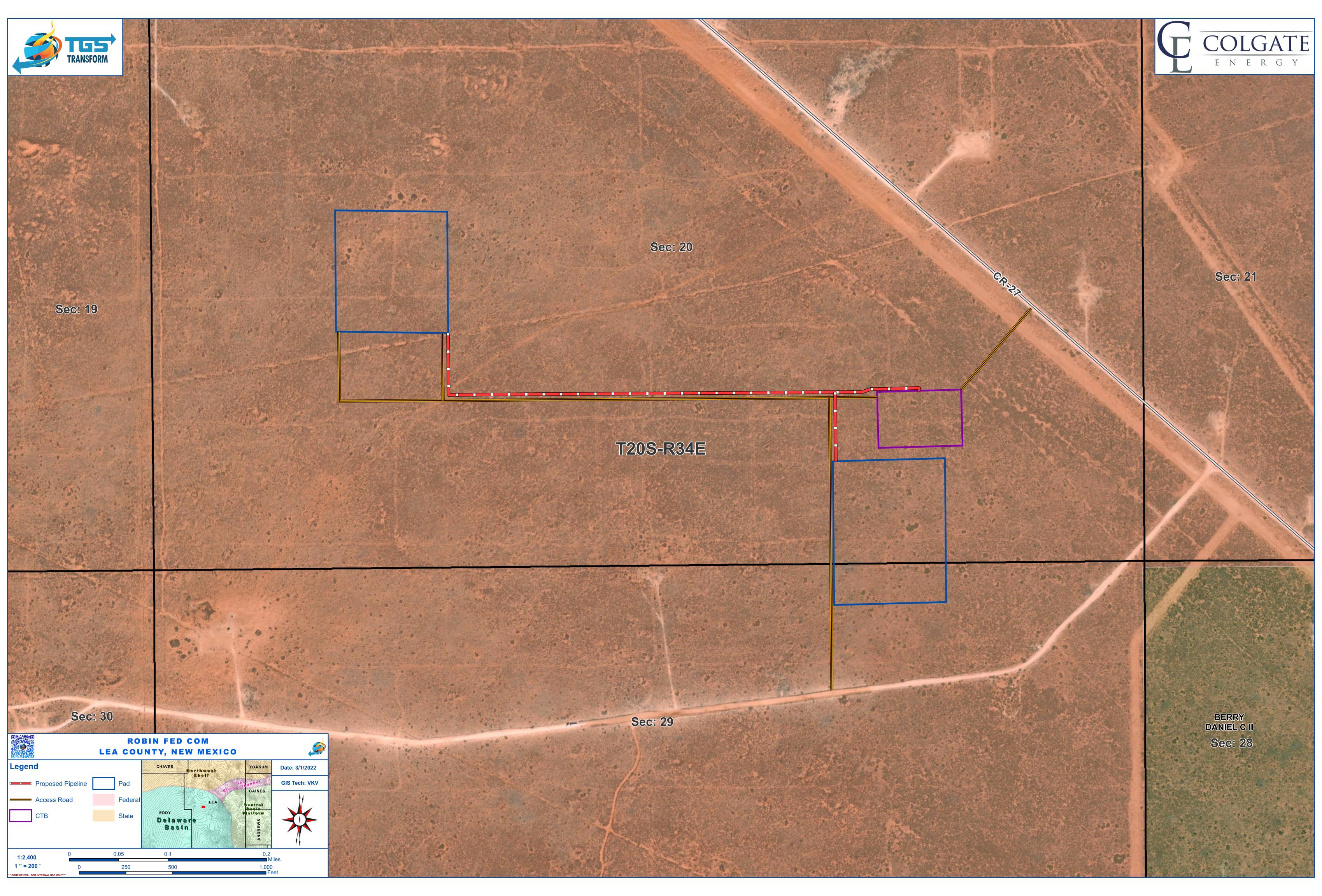
NOTE: PREHEATING MAY HAVE TO BE MODIFIED BECAUSE OF THE EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON ADJACENT PACKING ELEMENTS WHICH MAY BE DAMAGED BY EXPOSURE TO TEMPERATURES 200°F (93°C) AND HIGHER. TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS OF THE PACKING MATERIALS SHOULD BE DETERMINED BEFORE THE APPLICATION OF PREHEAT.

	Prepared By
ncore	LAP
Wellhead Systems	Date: 4/22/2

Prepared By:	Reviewed By:	Rev:	EQ #:	
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Date: 4/22/21	Date:	Date:		23

- 9. Welding Technique Use a 1/8" or 5/32" (3.2 or 4.0mm) E6010 electrodes and step weld the first beat (root pass); that is, weld approximately 2 to 4 inches (50 to 100mm) and then move diametrically opposite this point and weld 2 to 4 inches (50 to 100mm). Then weld 2 to 4 inches (50 to 100mm) halfway between the first two welds, more diametrically opposite this weld, and so on until the first pass is completed. The second pass should be make with 5/32" (4.0mm) low hydrogen electrode of the proper strength and may be continuous. The balance of the welding groove may then be filled with continuous passes without back stepping or lacing, using a 3/16" (4.8mm) low hydrogen electrode. All beads should be stringer beads with good penetration, and each bead after the root pass should be thoroughly peened before applying the next bead. There should be no undercutting and welds shall be workmanlike in appearance.
 - a. Test ports should be open when welding is performed to prevent pressure build-up within the test cavity.
 - b. During welding temperature of base metal on either side of weld should be maintained at 250°F (121°C) minimum.
 - c. Care should be taken to insure that the welding cable is properly grounded to the casing, but ground wire should not be welded to the casing or the wellhead. Ground wire should be firmly clamped to the casing, the wellhead, or fixed in position between pipe slips. Bad contact may cause sparking, with resultant hard spots beneath which incipient cracks may develop; the welding cable should not be grounded to the steel derrick, nor to the rotary-table base.
- **10.** Cleaning All slag or flux remaining on any welding bead should be removed before laying the next bead. This also applies to the completed weld.
- 11. **Defects -** Any cracks or blow holes that appear on any bead should be removed to sound metal by chipping or grinding before depositing the next bead.
- 12. Post heating For the removal of all brittle areas on high strength steel casing, a post heat temperature of 1050-1100°F (566 to 593°C) is desirable. It is recognized, however, that this temperature is difficult or impossible to obtain in the field, and that the mechanical properties of the wellhead parts and the pipe may be considerably reduced by these temperatures. As a practical matter, the temperature range of 500-900°F (260-482°C) has been used with satisfactory results.
- 13. **Cooling -** Rapid cooling must be avoided. To assure slow cooling, welds should be protected from extreme weather conditions (cold, rain, high winds, etc.). By the use of a blanket made from suitable insulating material. Particular attention should be given to maintaining uniform cooling of the thick sections of the wellhead parts and the relatively thin casing will pull away from the head or hanger if allowed to cool more rapidly. The welds should cool in air to 250°F (*121°C*) (measured with a heat sensitive crayon) prior to permitting the mud to rise in the casing.

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Drilling Program Colgate Energy Robin Fed 127H 330' FSL & 1,295' FEL (SHL) Sec 20-T20S-R34E Lea County, New Mexico

The estimated tops of geologic formations are as follows:

Formation:	TVD	Subsea
Rustler	1555	2145
Salado	1665	2035
Tansill	3250	450
Yates	3425	275
Seven Rivers	3650	50
Capitan	3950	-250
Queen	4150	-450
Cherry Canyon	5580	-1880
Brushy Canyon	6790	-3120
Bone Spring Lime	8475	-4775
1st Bone Spring Sand*	9550	-5850
2nd Bone Spring Sand*	10125	-6425

Formations anticipated to contain fresh water, oil or gas are as follows:

WaterFresh water is anticipated at 65' and will be protected by setting a water string at 1620' and cementing to surface.WaterThe Capitan Reef is anticipated to contain usable water and will be protected by setting an intermediate casing string at 5520' and
cementing to surface using a stage tool.HydrocarbonsOil and gas are anticipated in the above (*) formations. These zones will be protected by casing as necessary.

Proposed casing program is as follows:

Name	Hole Size	Casing Size	Weight & Grade	Thread Collar	Top Csg	Setting Depth	<u>Collapse</u>	Burst	Tension
Surface	17 1/2	13 3/8	54.5# J-55 (new)	BTC	0	1,620'	1.125	1.2	1.6
Intermediate	12 1/4	9 5/8	40# J-55 (new)	BTC	0	5,520'	1.125	1.2	1.6
Production	8 3/4	5 1/2	17# HPP-110 (new)	CDC HTQ	0	20,830'	1.125	1.1	1.6
							SE Values	will meet	or exceed

Proposed cementing program is as follows:

Name	<u>Slurry</u>	Sacks	<u>Yield</u>	Weight	Excess	Top Cement	Blend
Surface	Lead	1050	1.68	13.7	100%	0'	ExtendaCem-CZ
	Tail	340	1.35	14.8	100%	1,290'	HalCem-C + accelerator
Intermediate	Lead	171	1.88	12.9	50%	3,730'	EconoCem-HLC + 5 % salt + 5 lb/sk Kol-Seal
	Tail	230	1.33	14.8	25%	4,416'	HalCem-C
2nd Stage	Lead	564	1.88	12.9	50%	0'	EconoCem-HLC + 5 % salt + 5 lb/sk Kol-Seal
	Tail	325	1.33	14.8	25%	2,626'	HalCem-C
Production	Lead	1086	2.41	11.5	10%	0'	Class H + POZ + extender + fluid loss + dispersant + retarder
	Tail	1778	1.73	12.5	10%	9,760'	Class H + POZ + extender + fluid loss + dispersant + retarder

Proposed casing and cementing accessories are as follows: (Casing will be centralized per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f)

Surface:1 centralizer 5' above shoe held in place with stop ring; 1 centralizer per joint for following 2 joints then every other joint to surfaceIntermediate:2 centralizers on 1st joint, 1 centralizer on 2nd joint, 1 centralizer every 4th joint to surface

Stage tool will be placed at approximately 3730' to ensure intermediate casing string is adequately cemented.

Production: 2 centralizers on bottom joint, 1 centralizer on 2nd joint, 1 centralizer every 3rd joint to 5020'

Proposed pressure control equipment is as follows (see schematics below):

BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. A rotating head will also be installed and utilized as needed. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the pre-set level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multi-bowl speed head allowing for hang-off of intermediate casing & isolation of the 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variable-bore rams) will be run in upper ram-body of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

A request for variance of pressure control equipment as follows:

1. Colgate Energy requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. In the event the specific hose is not available, one of equal or higher rating will be used.

BOPE will be tested per the following procedure:

After surface casing is set and the BOPE installed, pressure tests of BOPE will be performed by a third party tester utilizing water and a test plug to 250 psi low and 5,000 psi high. To deem a pressure test successful, pressure must be maintained for ten minutes without any bleed-off. A valve on the wellhead below seat of test plug will be open at all time during BOPE tests to guard against damage to casing. The BOPE will be re-tested in this manner after any connection breaks or passage of allotted time (25 days). Any BOPE which fails to pass pressure tests after initial install will be replaced prior to drilling out of surface casing shoe. If at any time a BOPE component cannot function to secure the hole, the hole shall be secured utilizing a retrievable packer, and the non-functioning BOPE component shall be replaced. After repair or replacement, a pressure test of the repaired or replaced component and any connections broken to repair or replace the non-functioning component will be tested in the same manner as described for initial install of BOPE. The annular preventer will be faction tested at least weekly, and the ram-type preventers will be function tested on each trip. BOPE pit level drills will be conducted weekly with each drilling crews. All pressure tests performed on BOPE and BOPE pit level drills will be logged in the drilling log. Isolation of 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" casing annulus shall be confirmed by pressure testing of wellhead sealing component after said sealing component is installed.

Each casing string will be tested once installed in the wellbore per the following procedure:

Casing will be tested by pressuring up to 1,500 psi and holding pressure for thirty minutes. A casing test will be deemed successful if test pressure does not decline more than 10% over the thirty minute period. Cement will be allowed to sit undisturbed for twenty-four hours and reach a minimum of 500 psi compressive strength across the "zone of interest" prior to testing casing and drilling out. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review.

Each casing string will be cemented per the following cementing procedure:

Cement will be placed on all casing strings utilizing the pump and plug method. A float will be installed in the casing shoe and float collar on all casing strings to hold cement in place once pumping is completed. A top plug will be utilized on all casing strings to prevent contamination of the cement by the displacement fluid. A preflush fluid will be pumped prior to cement to aid in removal of drilling mud from the wellbore, eliminate drilling mud contamination of the cement slurry and prepare the surface of both the wellbore and casing for cement.

Proposed mud system is as follows:

Name	<u>Hole Size</u>	Mud Weight	<u>Viscosity</u>	Fluid Loss	Type Mud
Surface	17-1/2"	8.6 - 9.0	28 - 34	NC	FW Spud Mud
Intermediate*	12-1/4"	10.0 - 10.2	30 - 32	NC	Brine Water
Production	8-3/4"	9.0 - 10.0	32 - 35	-	OBM

All necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions. The mud monitoring system is an electronic Pason system satisfying requirements of Onshore Order #1. Both visual and electronic mud monitoring equipment will be utilized to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating system fluid volume. Slow pump rates will be taken & recorded tourly in the drilling log. Mud engineer will perform tests and provide written report at least every 12 hours while circulating. A trip tank will be utilized and trip sheet will be recorded to ensure wellbore is taking proper fluid volume during all tripping operations. Gas detecting equipment will be utilized to monitor for hydrocarbon gas at the shakers while drilling and/or circulating. H2S monitoring equipment with both visual & auditory alarms will be installed and operational at the shakers, rig floor and cellar while drilling and/or circulating. A flare system with an effective method for ignition & discharge more than 100 feet from the wellbore will be utilized to gather and burn all gas; lines will be straight unless targeted with running tees. A mud gas separator will be installed and operable at least 500 feet before first anticipated hydrocarbon zone.

*If loss circulation is encountered in Capitan Reef, only fresh water will be pumped down drill string for remainder of hole section.

Proposed testing, surveying, logging and coring program is as follows:

No open-hole logs are planned at this time. Directional surveys will be collected at no greater than 200' intervals while drilling through the MWD tools. A GR log will be collected while drilling through the MWD tools from intermediate casing to TD. No DSTs or cores are planned at this time. No temperature logs planned at this time. CBL will be run to confirm TOC on production casing after rig is removed from location. A formation integrity test (FIT) will be performed on 9-5/8" casing string after BOPE is installed to at least 1 ppge over planned section mud weight after drilling ten feet of new hole.

Anticipated potential hazards are as follows:

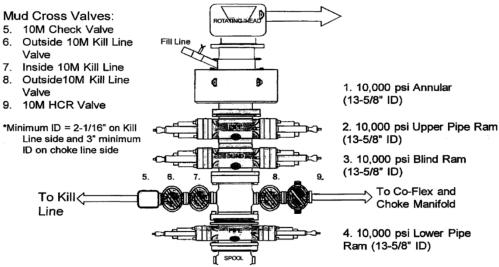
No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. In accordance with Onshore Order No. 6, Colgate Energy does not anticipate that there will be enough H_2S from the surface to the Wolfcamp formations to meet the BLM's minimum requirements for the submission of an " H_2S Drilling Operation Plan" or "Public Protection Plan" for the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have an H_2S safety package on all wells, attached is an " H_2S Drilling Operations Plan". Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used.

Estimated BHP: 8.3 lbs/gal gradient or less Estimated BHT: 120° F

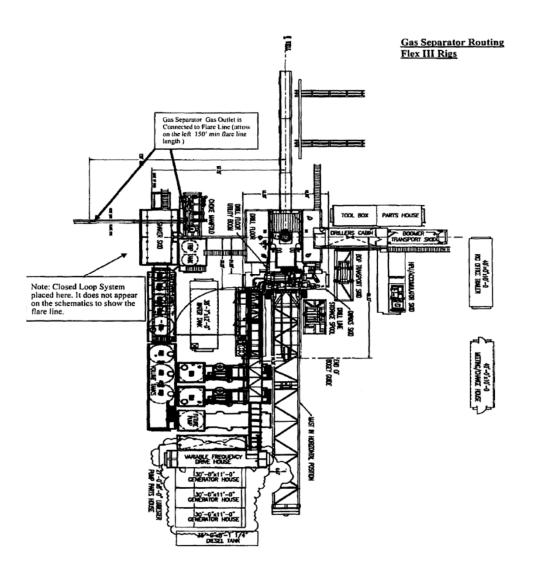
Planned commencement of operations is as follows:

Road and location construction will begin after BLM approval of APD. Anticipated spud date as soon as approved. Drilling expected to take 30 days. If production casing is run an additional 60 days will be required to complete and construct surface facilities.

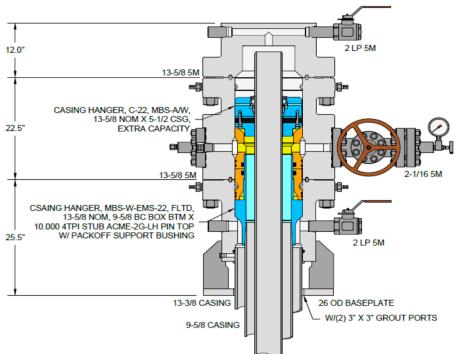
10,000 psi BOP Stack:



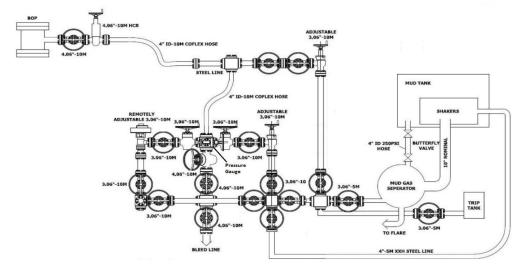
Closed Loop System Layout:



Multi-bowl Wellhead



10M Choke Layout



Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM

WAFMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APD ID: 10400085479

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Type: OIL WELL

Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

Existing Road Map:

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_1_20220518083144.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS

Row(s) Exist? NO

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

Existing Road Improvement Description:

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 -	Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads							
Will new roads be needed? YES								
New Road Map:								
Robin_Federal_Road_20231129050342.pdf								
New road type: LOCAL								
Length: 5755.39	Feet	Width (ft.): 30						
Max slope (%): 1		Max grade (%): 1						
Army Corp of Engineers	s (ACOE) permit red	<mark>auired?</mark> N						
ACOE Permit Number(s):							
New road travel width: 2	20							
New road access erosic	on control: None							
New road access plan o	or profile prepared?	Ν						
New road access plan								

02/29/2024

Submission Date: 05/21/2022

Well Number: 127H Well Work Type: Drill

5/21/2022 Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

SUPO Data Report

recent changes <u>Show Final Text</u>

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

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Access road engineering design? N Access road engineering design

Turnout? N

Access surfacing type: GRAVEL

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description:

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: Grader

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

Drainage Control comments: No drainage crossed

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: None

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_3_20220518083404.pdf

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description: Production Facilities. One pad was staked with the BLM for construction and use as Central Tank Battery (CTB). The Central Tank Battery is the Robin Federal tank battery. The Robin Federal tank battery is 300ftx450ft (3.09 Acres) located in the NESE Section 20-T20S-R31E NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico (Centerpoint: 815FSL & 1183FEL). Plat of the proposed facility is attached. A 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted after construction with a site-security diagram and layout of the facility with associated equipment. Buried & Surface Flowlines. In the event the Robin Federal wells are found productive, twenty-four (24) 22in. or less buried composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a maximum safety pressure rating of 1400psi (operating pressure: 750 psi) for transport of oil, gas, frac water, gas lift, fuel gas, and produced water are requested to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. If Colgate Operating, LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

decides to run surface lines, twenty-four (24) 4in. or less composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a max. safety psi rating of 750 (op. psi: 125psi) for transport of oil, gas and produced water will be required to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. Total Flowline Length: 3237.35ft long by 30ft wide or 2.22 acres. Midstream Tie-In. A midstream tie-in is not requested with this project. In the event that a midstream tie-in is necessary, Colgate Operating, LLC will file application with the appropriate authorities to construct via right-of-way. Disposal Facilities. Produced water will be hauled from location to a commercial disposal facility as needed. Once wells are drilled and completed, a 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted to BLM in compliance with Onshore Order 7. Flare. A flare is not requested with this project. The flare will be located on the proposed CTB and submitted on the subsequent facility diagram. Aboveground Structures. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted earth-tone colors such as shale green that reduce the visual impacts of the built environment. Containment Berms. Containment berms will be constructed of compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1.5 times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas. Electrical. Electrical is not proposed with this project as a power tie-in has not been identified. Once identified, Colgate Operating, LLC will file an application with the appropriate authorities to construct planned lines via right-of-way.

Production Facilities map:

Robin_Federal_FL_20231003052853.pdf Robin_Federal_CTB_20231003052854.pdf

Section 5 - Location ar	nd Types of	f Water Supply	
Water Source Tab	le		
Water source type: OTHER		-	
Describe type: Berry's existing wate 21 s-33e	er station on sta	ate land in N2NE4 2-	
Water source use type:	SURFACE C	ASING	
Source latitude:		So	ource longitude:
Source datum:			
Water source permit type:	OTHER		
Water source transport method:	TRUC	KING	
Source land ownership: STATE			
Source transportation land owner	ship: STATE		
Water source volume (barrels): 17	000	So	ource volume (acre-feet): 2.19118264
Source volume (gal): 714000			

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ell Name: ROBIN FED		Well Number: 127H
Water source type: OTHER		
Describe type: Water will be trucke private land in NWNW 1 8-20s-34e	d from Legacy's existing	pond on
Water source use type:	SURFACE CASING	
Source latitude:		Source longitude:
Source datum:		
Water source permit type:	OTHER	
Water source transport method:	TRUCKING	
Source land ownership: PRIVATE		
Source transportation land owner	ship: PRIVATE	
Water source volume (barrels): 17	7000	Source volume (acre-feet): 2.19118264
Source volume (gal): 714000		

Water source and transportation

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_5_20220518083539.pdf

Water source comments:

New water well? N

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:	Well Longitude:	Well datum:
Well target aquifer:		
Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):	Est thickness of	aquifer:
Aquifer comments:		
Aquifer documentation:		
Well depth (ft):	Well casing type:	
Well casing outside diameter (in.):	Well casing inside	diameter (in.):
New water well casing?	Used casing sourc	e:
Drilling method:	Drill material:	
Grout material:	Grout depth:	
Casing length (ft.):	Casing top depth (ft.):
Well Production type:	Completion Metho	d:
Water well additional information:		

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Using any construction materials: YES

Construction Materials description: NM One Call (811), Legacy, Targa, DCP, and Solaris will be notified before construction starts. Top :::::6" of soil and brush will be stockpiled south and west of the well pad and south and west of the CTB. CTB topsoil pile will be no higher than 3 6" and will be seeded in place. V-door will face east. Closed loop mud system will be used. Caliche will be hauled from an existing caliche pit on private land in SENE 28-20s-34e.

Construction Materials source location

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_6_20220518083627.pdf

Section 7 - Methods for Handling

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Drill cuttings, mud, salts, and other chemicals

Amount of waste: 550 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Steel mud tanks

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: PRIVATE

FACILITY Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Contents (drill cuttings, mud, salts, and other chemicals) of the mud tanks will be hauled to R360's state approved (NM-01-0006) disposal site at Halfway.

Waste type: SEWAGE

Waste content description: Black and Grey Water

Amount of waste: 5 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Plastic holding tanks and chemical toilets

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: OTHER

Disposal location ownership: OTHER

Disposal type description: Public

Disposal location description: Human waste will be disposed of in chemical toilets and hauled to the Carlsbad wastewater treatment plant.

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

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Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: Trash

Amount of waste: 10 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Portable trash cage

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: OTHER

Disposal location ownership: OTHER

Disposal type description: Public

Disposal location description: All trash will be placed in a portable trash cage. It will be hauled to the Eddy County landfill. There will be no trash burning.

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO Are you storing cuttings on location? Y Description of cuttings location Steel tanks Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Section 8 - Ancillary

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: N

Ancillary Facilities

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_9_20220518083806.pdf

Comments: Also see Rig Layout diagram for depictions of the well pad, trash cage, access onto the location, parking, living facilities, and rig orientation.

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: Robin Pad East

Multiple Well Pad Number: 2

Recontouring

Robin_Fed_East_SUPO_Section_10_20220518083818.pdf

Drainage/Erosion control construction: Crowned and ditched

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: Harrowed on the contour

Well pad proposed disturbance (acres): 19.55	Well pad interim reclamation (acres): 4.46	Well pad long term disturbance (acres): 15.09
Road proposed disturbance (acres): 3.96	Road interim reclamation (acres): 0	Road long term disturbance (acres): 3.96
Powerline proposed disturbance (acres): 0	Powerline interim reclamation (acres):	Powerline long term disturbance (acres): 0
Pipeline proposed disturbance (acres): 2.22	Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 2.22	Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0
Other proposed disturbance (acres): 3.09	Other interim reclamation (acres): 0	Other long term disturbance (acres): 3.09
Total proposed disturbance: 28.82	Total interim reclamation: 6.68	Total long term disturbance: 22.14

Disturbance Comments:

Reconstruction method: All of the west driveway, south 80' of the east driveway, south and west 80' of the well pad will be interim reclaimed. After the last well is plugged, then the remainder of the pad will be reclaimed within 6 months of plugging. Disturbed areas will be contoured to match pre-construction grades.

Topsoil redistribution: Soil and brush will be evenly spread over disturbed areas and harrowed on the contour. Disturbed areas will be seeded in accordance with surface owner requirements. Noxious weeds will be controlled. CTB will be similarly reclaimed once its last well is plugged.

Soil treatment: None

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: Mesquite and/or Creosote bush

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Page 118 of 188

Existing Vegetation at the well pad

Existing Vegetation Community at the road: Mesquite and/or Creosote bush Existing Vegetation Community at the road Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline: Mesquite and/or Creosote bush Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances: Mesquite and/or Creosote bush Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances

Non native seed used? N

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? N

Seedling transplant description

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? N Seed harvest description: Seed harvest description attachment:

	Seed		
	Seed Table		
	Seed S	ummary	Total pounds/Acre:
	Seed Type	Pounds/Acre	
eed	reclamation		
	Operator Co	ontact/Responsible	e Official
Fire	st Name:		Last Name:
Phone:			Email:
Seed	bed prep:		

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? N Existing invasive species treatment description: Existing invasive species treatment Weed treatment plan description: To BLM Standards Weed treatment plan Monitoring plan description: To BLM Standards Monitoring plan Success standards: To BLM Standards Pit closure description: No Pit Pit closure attachment:

Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: WELL PAD Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office: State Local Office: Military Local Office: USFWS Local Office: USFWS Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Well Name: ROBIN FED

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: EXISTING ACCESS ROAD Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office: State Local Office: Military Local Office: USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office:

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD **Describe:** Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, PRIVATE OWNERSHIP Other surface owner description: **BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office:** NPS Local Office: State Local Office: **Military Local Office: USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Forest/Grassland: USFS Ranger District:**

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Page 121 of 188

Surface use plan certification: NO Surface use plan certification document:

Surface access agreement or bond: AGREEMENT

Surface Access Agreement Need description: There is not currently an SUA from the private land owner.

Surface Access Bond BLM or Forest Service:

BLM Surface Access Bond number:

USFS Surface access bond number:

Disturbance type: PIPELINE Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, PRIVATE OWNERSHIP Other surface owner description: **BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office:** State Local Office: Military Local Office: **USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Forest/Grassland: USFS Ranger District:**

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Surface use plan certification: NO Surface use plan certification document:

Surface access agreement or bond: AGREEMENT

Surface Access Agreement Need description: There is not currently an SUA from the private land owner.

Surface Access Bond BLM or Forest Service:

BLM Surface Access Bond number:

USFS Surface access bond number:

Disturbance type: OTHER **Describe:** Tank Battery Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, PRIVATE OWNERSHIP Other surface owner description: **BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office:** State Local Office: Military Local Office: **USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Forest/Grassland: USFS Ranger District:**

Well Number: 127H

Surface use plan certification: NO

Surface use plan certification document:

Surface access agreement or bond: AGREEMENT

Surface Access Agreement Need description: There is not currently an SUA from the private land owner.

Surface Access Bond BLM or Forest Service:

BLM Surface Access Bond number:

USFS Surface access bond number:

Section 12 - Other

Right of Way needed? Y

Use APD as ROW? Y

ROW Type(s): 281001 ROW - ROADS,285003 ROW – POWER TRANS,288100 ROW – O&G Pipeline,288101 ROW – O&G Facility Sites,289001 ROW- O&G Well Pad,FLPMA (Powerline)

ROW

SUPO Additional Information: Lone Mountain Archaeological conducted a block inspection filed report NMCRIS-149522 on January 17, 2022. On-site inspection was conducted on February 1, 2022, with Jeff Robertson and Jim Rutley (both BLM).

Use a previously conducted onsite? N

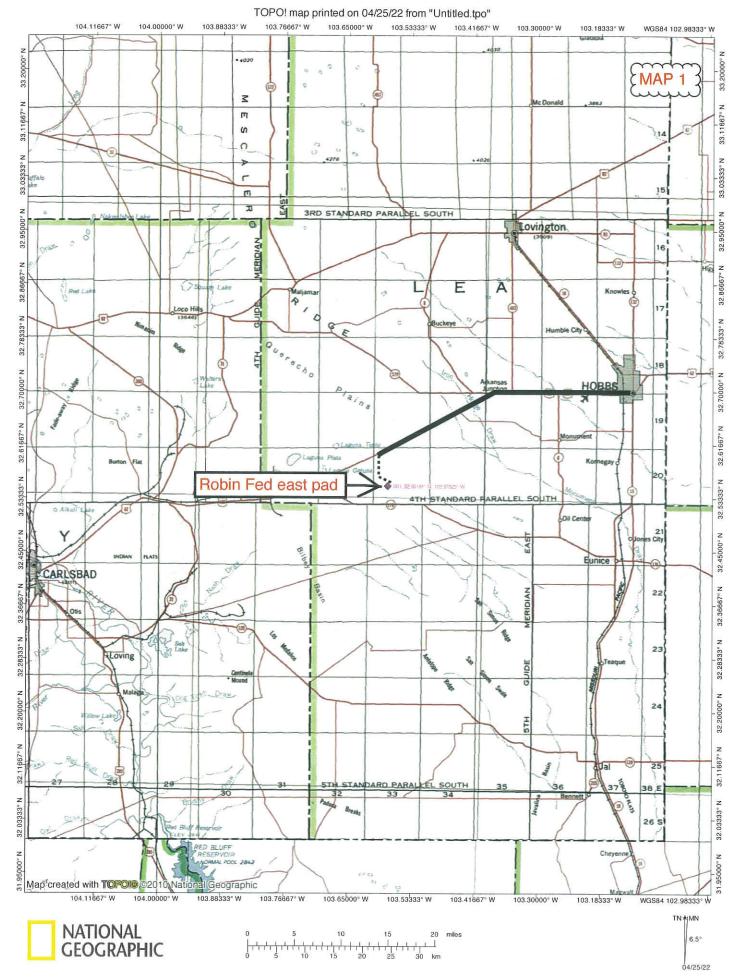
Previous Onsite information:

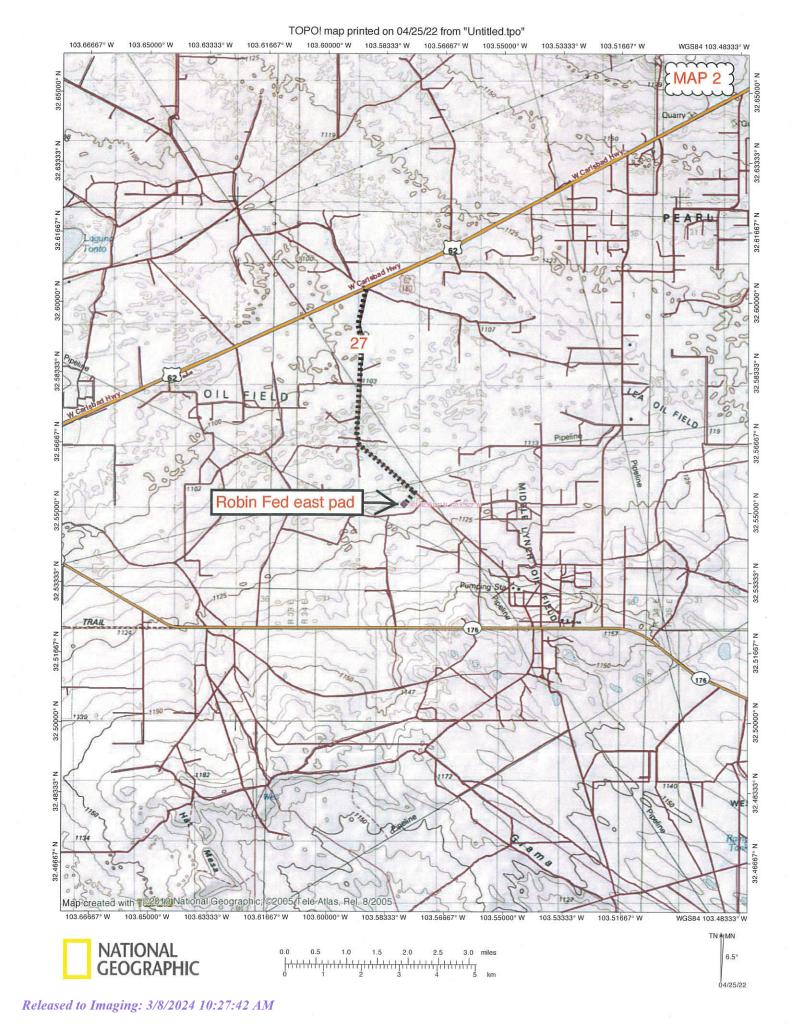
Other SUPO

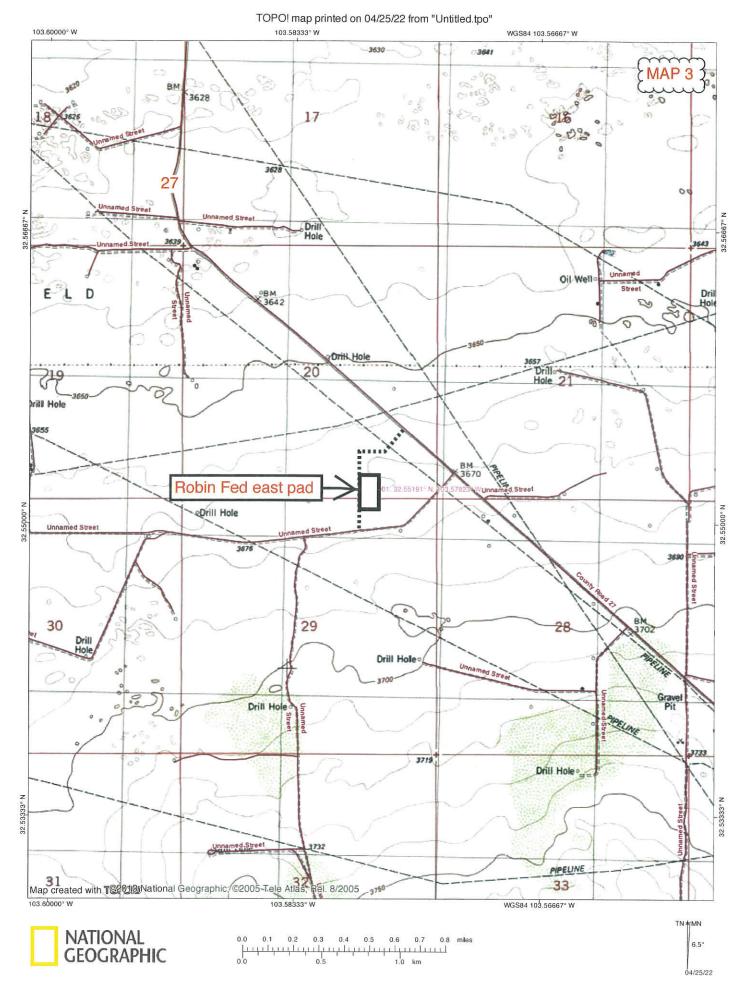
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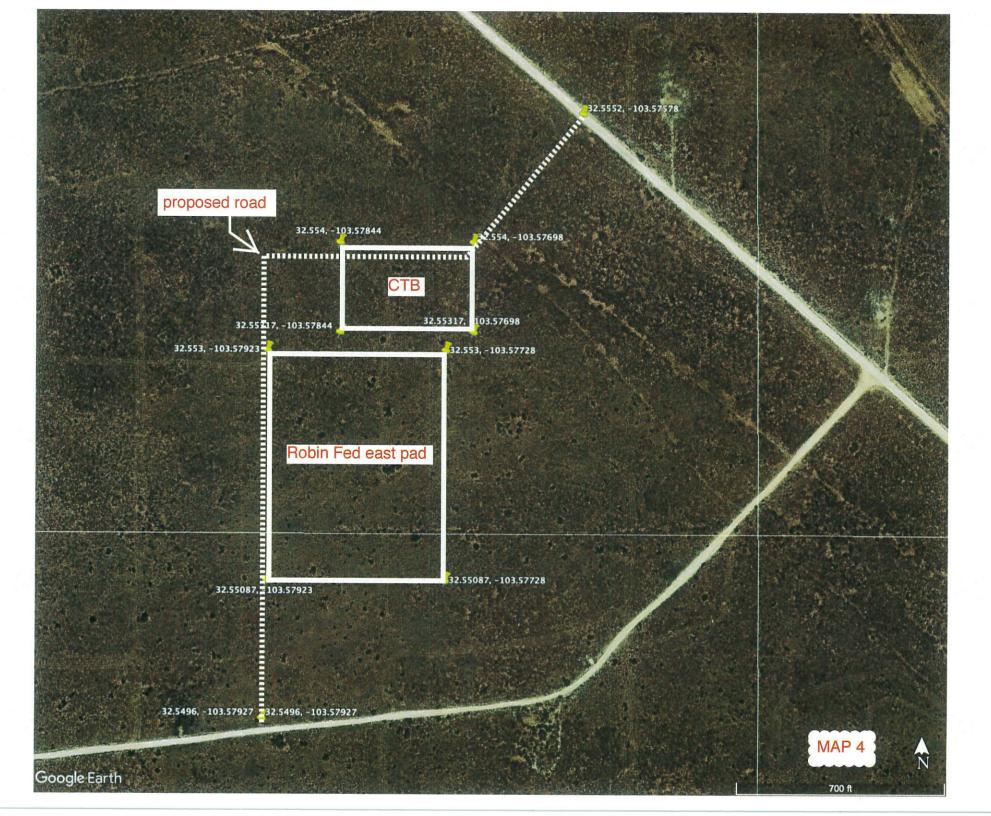
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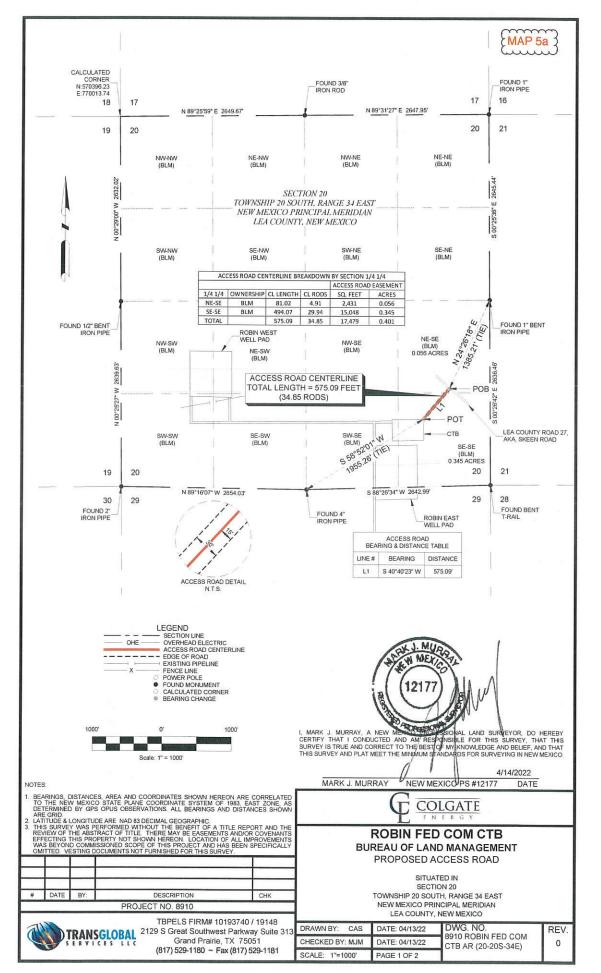








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MAP 5b



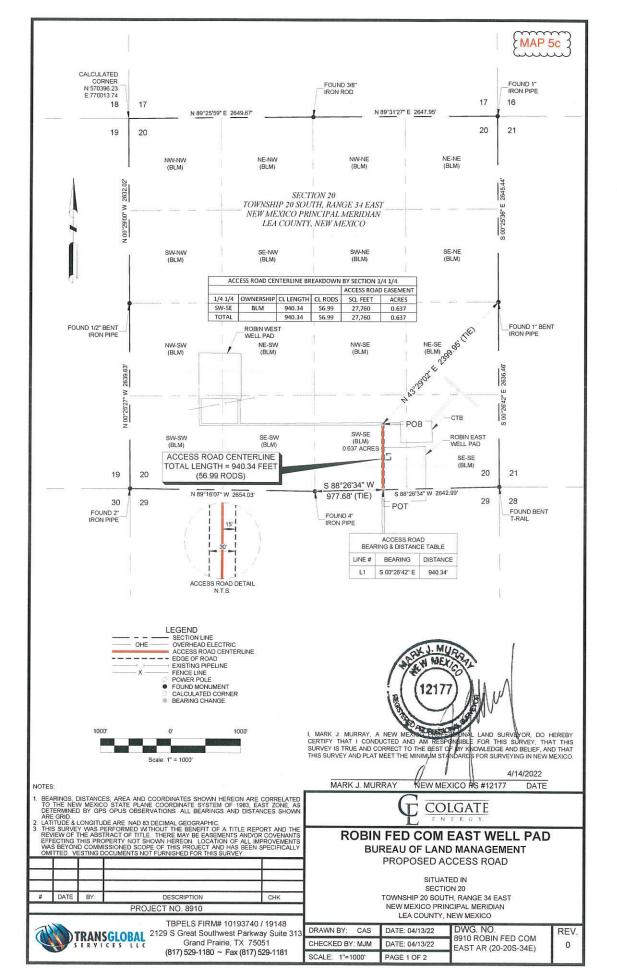
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SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 575.09 FEET OR 34.85 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

NOT	ES:					-			
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R	 THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS EFFECTIVE THIS DEPORTED AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS AND A					ROBIN FED	COM CTB		
W	EFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.			BU	REAU OF LAND	MANAGEMENT			
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#	DATE	BY:	DESCRIPTION	CHK		TOWNSHIP 20 SOUT		RANGE 34 EAST	
			PROJECT NO. 8910		NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN				
			TRDELS FIDM# 101023	40/10140		LEA COUNTY, M	NEW MEXICO		
1	TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313 Grand Prairie, TX 75051			DRAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV.		
4				CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM CTB AR (20-20S-34E)	0		
			(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (81	7) 529-1181	SCALE: 1"=1000"	PAGE 2 OF 2	0.0(20.200.042)		





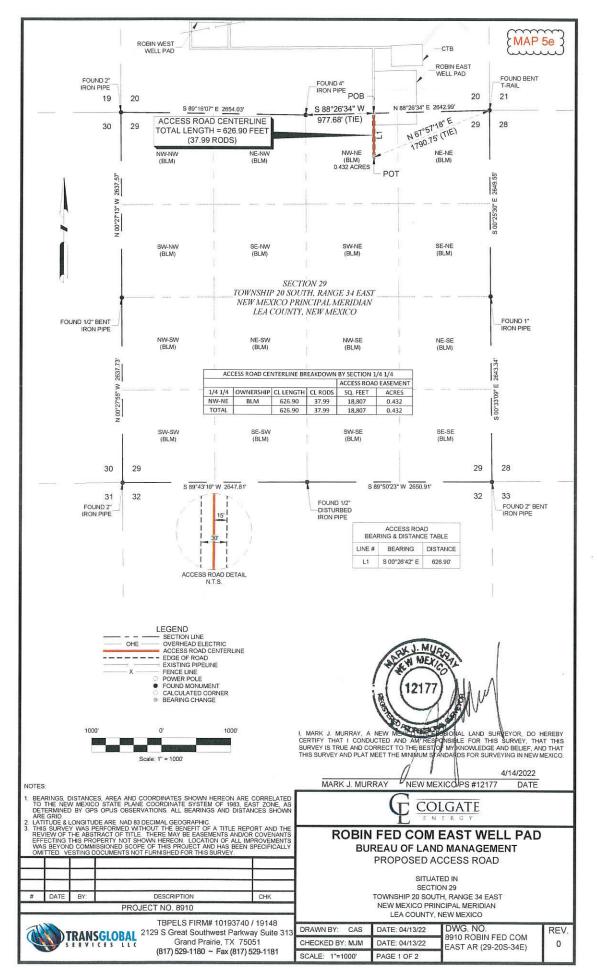
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BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 1" BENT IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE EAST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS N 43°29'02" E, A DISTANCE OF 2399.95 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566057.74, E:773679.31 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°26'42" E, A DISTANCE OF 940.34 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN THE SOUTH BOUNDARY LINE OF SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE SOUTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 88°26'34" W, A DISTANCE OF 977.68 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565117.44, E:773686.62 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 940.34 FEET OR 56.99 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

N	OTES						Provide and the second second second			
1. 2.	 BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AREA AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE CORRELATED TO THE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, AS DETERMINED BY GPS OPUS OBSERVATIONS ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES SHOWN ARE GRID. LATITUDE & LONGITUDE ARE. NAD 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC. 					D DISTANCES SHOWN			LGATE ERGY	
3	3. This SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS EFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.				REAU OF LAN	EAST WELL PAD				
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E							SITUATED IN SECTION 20			
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1 7	TRANSGLOBAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313			DRAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO. 8910 ROBIN FED COM	REV.			
	SERVICES LLC Grand Prairie, TX 75051				CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	EAST AR (20-20S-34E)	0		
L				NUMBER OF STREET, STREET, ST. ST.	(817) 529-1180 ~ Fa	x (817) 529-1181	SCALE: 1"=1000'	PAGE 2 OF 2		





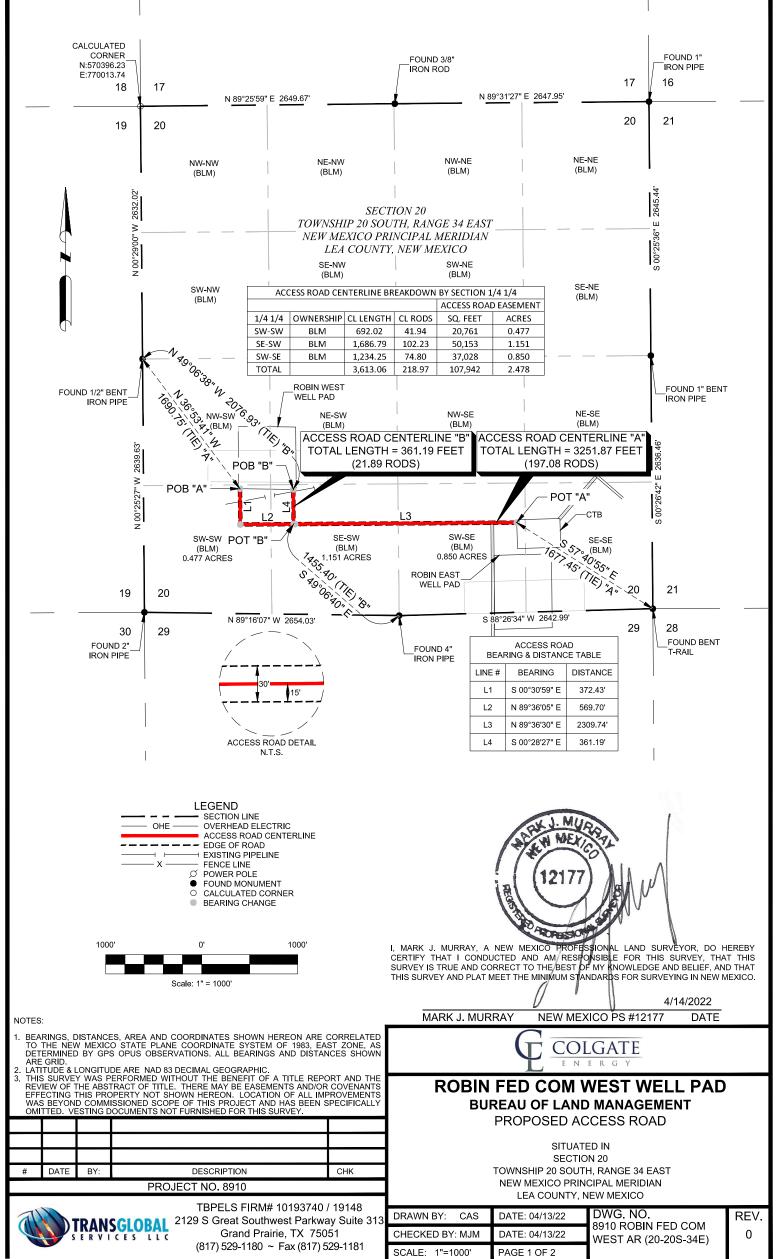
BEING THE CENTERLINE OF A PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD, SITUATED IN SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID CENTERLINE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN THE NORTH BOUNDARY LINE OF SAID SECTION 29, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE NORTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 29 BEARS S 88°26'34" W, A DISTANCE OF 977.68 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565117.44, E:773686.62 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°26/42" E, A DISTANCE OF 626.90 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 29, FROM WHICH A BENT T-RAIL FOUND FOR THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 29 BEARS N 67°57'18" E, A DISTANCE OF 1790.75 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:564490.56, E:773691.49 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 626.90 FEET OR 37.99 RODS IN SAID SECTION 29.

NOTE	ES:							_
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0	OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.					PROPOSED AC		
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			PROJECT NO. 8910			NEW MEXICO PRIN		
			TBPELS FIRM#	10193740 / 19148		LEA COUNTY, N	NEW MEXICO	
1	A A	DAM		est Parkway Suite 313	DRAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV.
	Grand Prairie, TX 75051				CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM EAST AR (29-20S-34E)	0
			(817) 529-1180 ~	Fax (817) 529-1181	SCALE: 1"=1000'	PAGE 2 OF 2	LNOT / (20-200-04L)	



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EASEMENT DETAIL "A"

BEING THE CENTERLINE OF A PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD, SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID CENTERLINE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 1/2" BENT IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE WEST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS N 36°53'41" W, A DISTANCE OF 1690.75 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566412.15, E:771050.98 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°30'59" E, A DISTANCE OF 372.43 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 89°36'05" E, A DISTANCE OF 569.70 FEET TO A POINT;

THENCE N 89°36'30" E, A DISTANCE OF 2309.74 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A BENT T-RAIL FOUND FOR THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 57°40'55" E, A DISTANCE OF 1677.45 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566059.48, E:773933.71 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 3251.87 FEET OR 197.08 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

EASEMENT DETAIL "B"

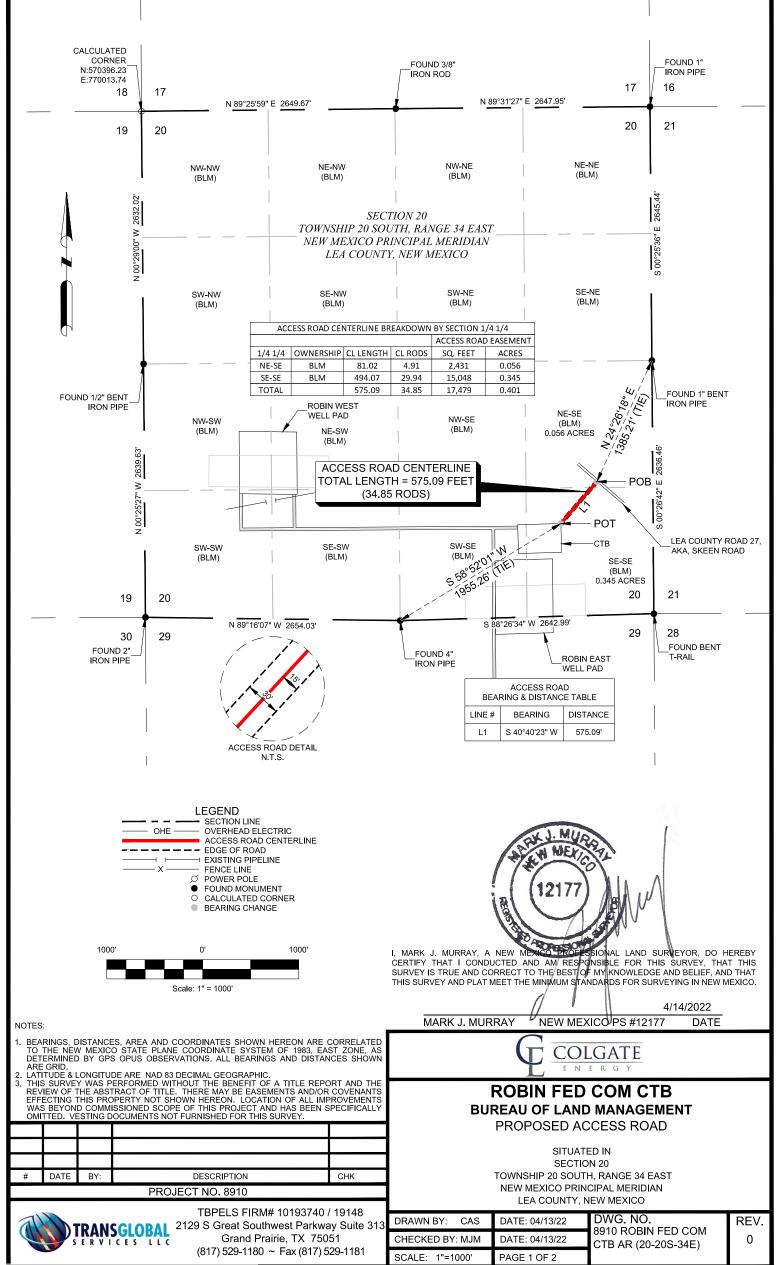
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BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 1/2" BENT IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE WEST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS N 49°06'38" W, A DISTANCE OF 2076.93 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566404.75, E:771606.06 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°28'27" E, A DISTANCE OF 361.19 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE SOUTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 49°06'40" E, A DISTANCE OF 1455.40 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566043.57, E:771609.05 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 361.19 FEET OR 21.89 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

NOTES	OTES:										
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					PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD						
					SITUATED IN SECTION 20						
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			PROJECT NO. 8910			NEW MEXICO PRIN					
			TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 1	10149		LEA COUNTY, N	EW MEXICO				
A		DAN	CCIODAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway		DRAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV.			
	S S	ERVI	Grand Prairie, TX 75051	1	CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM WEST AR (20-20S-34E)	0			
			(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529	(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181 SCAL		PAGE 2 OF 2					



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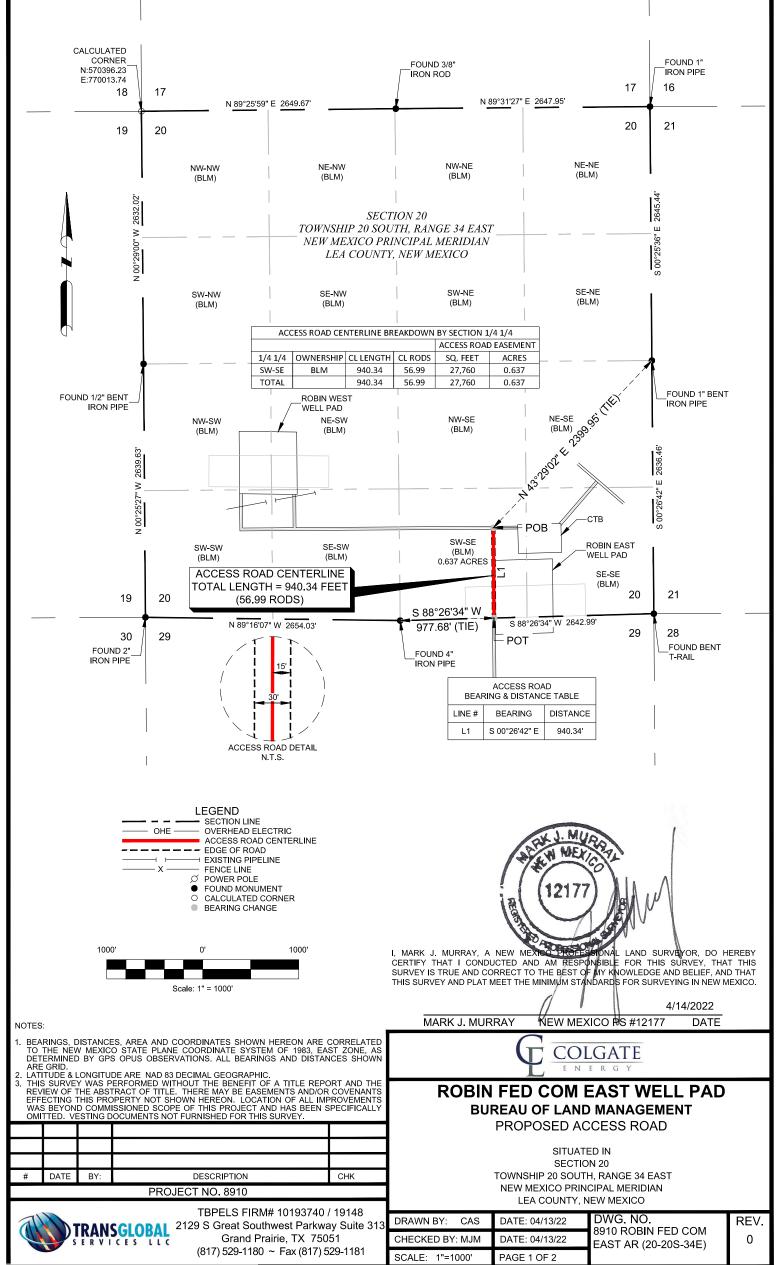
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SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 575.09 FEET OR 34.85 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

NOTES	6:								
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							PROPOSED AC	CCESS ROAD	
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#	DATE	BY:	PROJECT NO. 8910	CHK	TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN				
				/ 10149			LEA COUNTY, N	NEW MEXICO	
A	TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 TRANSGLOBAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313			DRAWN BY:	CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV.	
	s		CESLLC Grand Prairie, IX 75		CHECKED BY:	MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM CTB AR (20-20S-34E)	0
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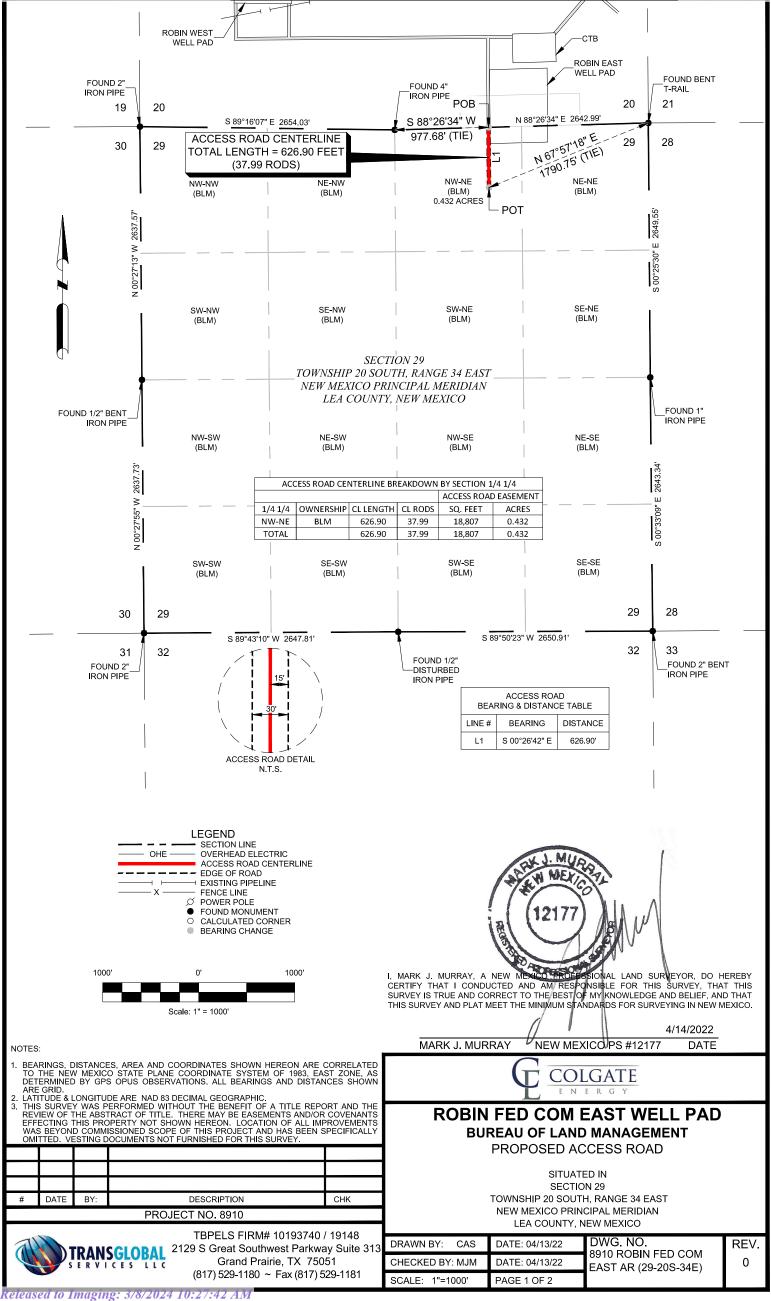
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THENCE S 00°26'42" E, A DISTANCE OF 940.34 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN THE SOUTH BOUNDARY LINE OF SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE SOUTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 88°26'34" W, A DISTANCE OF 977.68 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565117.44, E:773686.62 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

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					PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD					
					SITUATED IN SECTION 20					
#	DATE	BY:	DESCRIPTION	СНК	TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST					
PROJECT NO. 8910					NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO					
TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 TDANCCLODAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313				DRAWN BY:	CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV.		
Grand Prairie, TX 75051 SERVICES LLC (817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181					CHECKED BY	: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM EAST AR (20-20S-34E)	0	
					SCALE: 1"=1	000'	PAGE 2 OF 2			



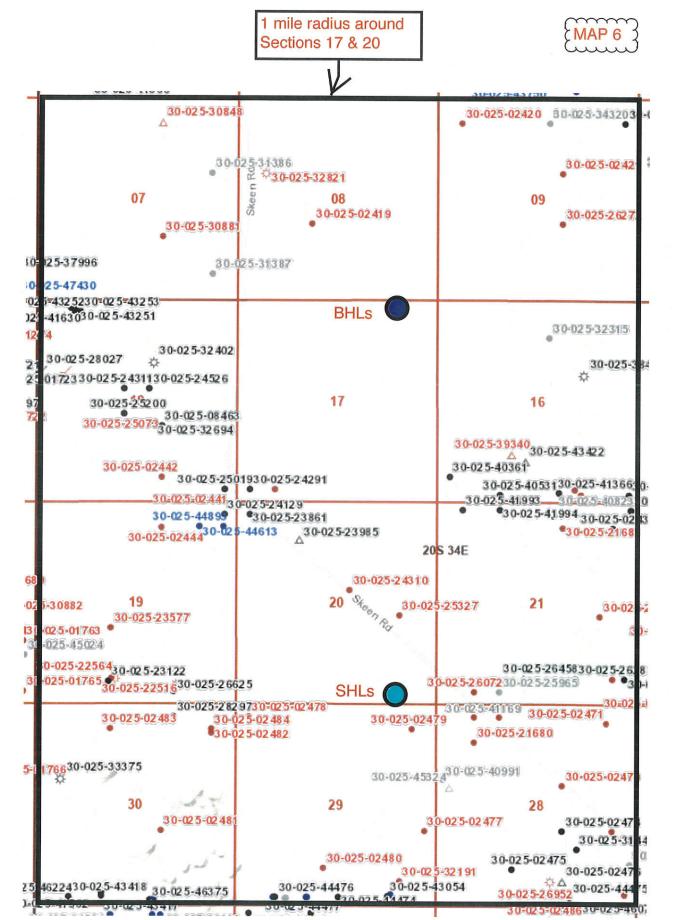
BEING THE CENTERLINE OF A PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD, SITUATED IN SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID CENTERLINE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:

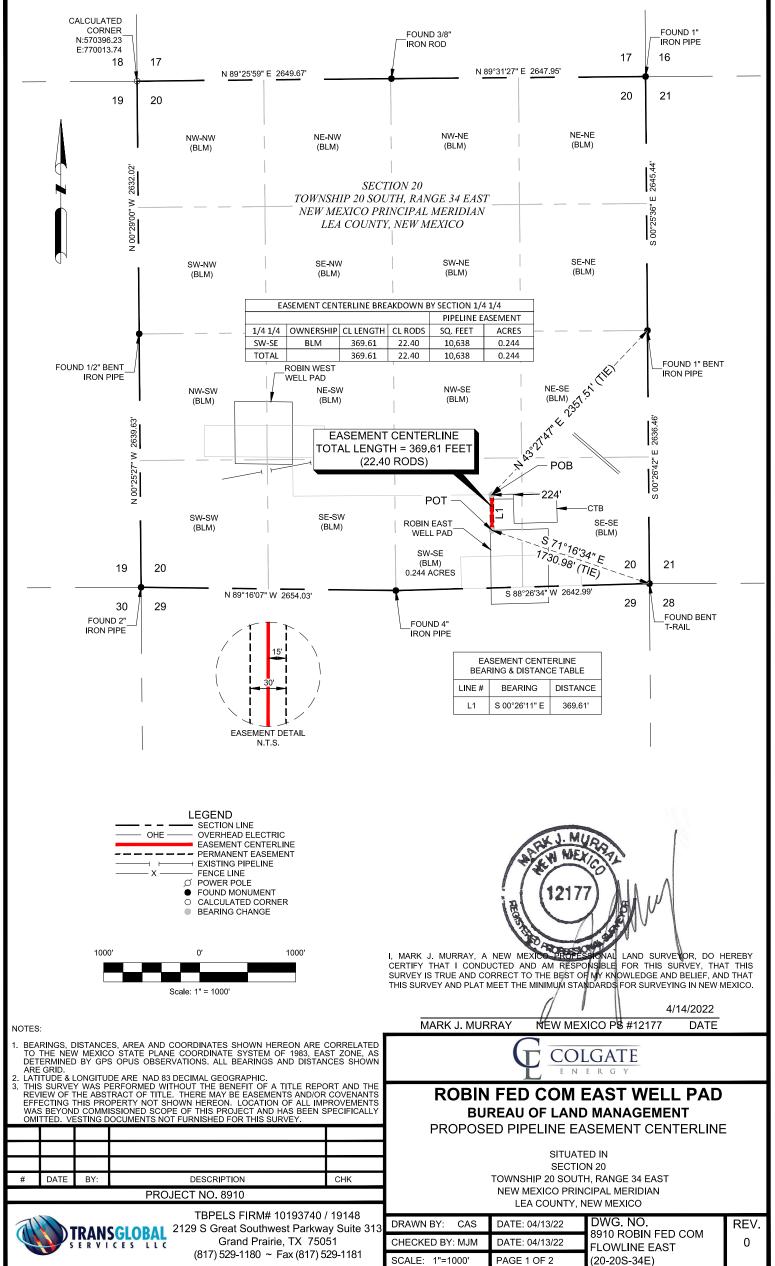
BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN THE NORTH BOUNDARY LINE OF SAID SECTION 29, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE NORTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 29 BEARS S 88°26'34" W, A DISTANCE OF 977.68 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565117.44, E:773686.62 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°26'42" E, A DISTANCE OF 626.90 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 29, FROM WHICH A BENT T-RAIL FOUND FOR THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 29 BEARS N 67°57'18" E, A DISTANCE OF 1790.75 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:564490.56, E:773691.49 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 626.90 FEET OR 37.99 RODS IN SAID SECTION 29.

NOTES:										
 BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AREA AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE CORRELATED TO THE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, AS DETERMINED BY GPS OPUS OBSERVATIONS. ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES SHOWN ARE GRID. LATITUDE & LONGITUDE ARE NAD 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC. 										
3. THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS EFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.				ROBIN FED COM EAST WELL PAD BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT						
						PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD SITUATED IN SECTION 29				
#	DATE	BY:		DESCRIPTION	СНК	TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST				
PROJECT NO. 8910						NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO				
TRANSGLOBAL SERVICES LLC TRANSGLOBAL SERVICES LLC TRANSGLOBAL SERVICES LLC Grand Prairie, TX 75051				DRAWN BY:	CAS	DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO.	REV. 0		
				CHECKED BY:	MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM EAST AR (29-20S-34E)			
(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181					SCALE: 1"=10	000'	PAGE 2 OF 2			
xeleased to Imaging: 3/8/2024 10:27:42 AM										





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CENTERLINE DESCRIPTION

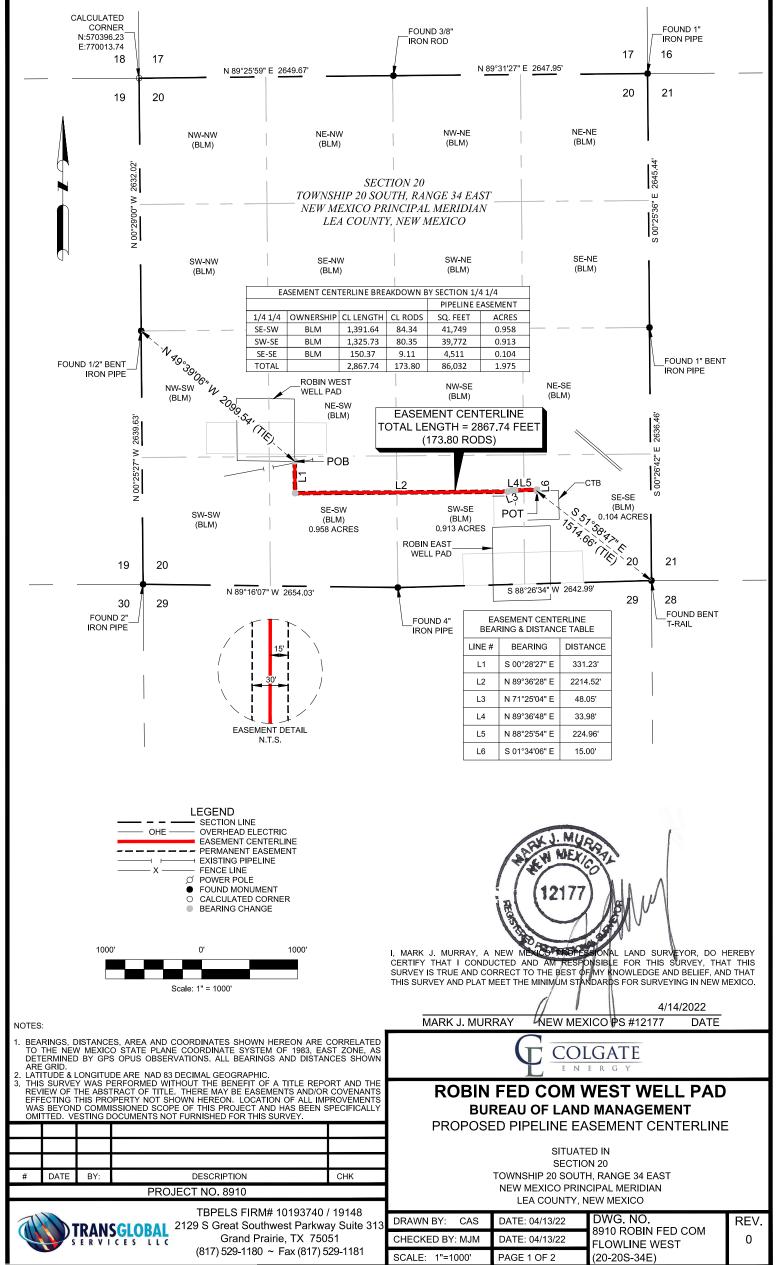
BEING THE CENTERLINE OF A PROPOSED PIPELINE EASEMENT, SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID CENTERLINE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 1" BENT IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE EAST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS N 43°27'47" E, A DISTANCE OF 2357.51 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566087.94, E:773709.13 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°26'11" E, A DISTANCE OF 369.61 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A BENT T-RAIL FOUND FOR THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 71°16'34" W, A DISTANCE OF 1730.98 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565718.35, E:773711.95 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 369.61 FEET OR 22.40 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

NOTES:											
DET ARE 2. LAT	 BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AREA AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE CORRELATED TO THE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, AS DETERMINED BY GPS OPUS OBSERVATIONS. ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES SHOWN ARE GRID. LATITUDE & LONGITUDE ARE NAD 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC. 						$\overline{\text{COLGATE}}_{E \text{ N } E \text{ R } G \text{ Y}}$				
3. THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS EFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.					BUI	REAU OF LAND	EAST WELL PAD D MANAGEMENT ASEMENT CENTERLINE				
#	DATE	BY:		DESCRIPTION	СНК	SITUATED IN SECTION 20 TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST					
PROJECT NO. 8910					NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO						
TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313 Grand Prairie, TX 75051 (817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181				DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY	CAS ′: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22 DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO. 8910 ROBIN FED COM FLOWLINE EAST	REV. 0			
	र्थ , प्रा			(017) 323-1100 Tax (017)	020-1101	SCALE: 1"=1	000'	PAGE 2 OF 2	(20-20S-34E)		



Released to Imaging: 3/8/2024 10:27:42 AM

CENTERLINE DESCRIPTION

BEING THE CENTERLINE OF A PROPOSED PIPELINE EASEMENT, SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID CENTERLINE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS:

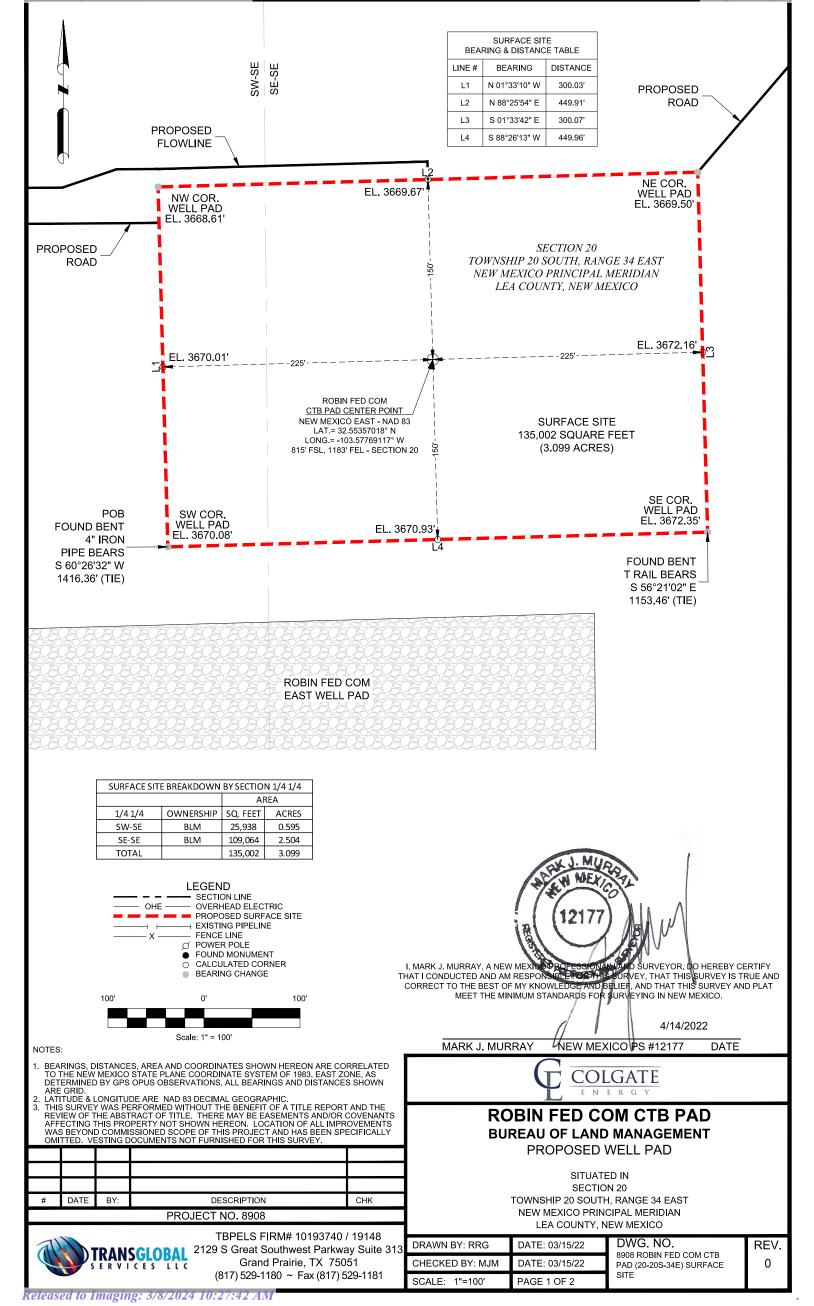
BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 1/2" BENT IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE WEST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS N 49°39'06" W, A DISTANCE OF 2099.54 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566404.99, E:771636.06 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE S 00°28'27" E, A DISTANCE OF 331.23 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 89°36'28" E, A DISTANCE OF 2214.52 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 71°25'04" E, A DISTANCE OF 48.05 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 89°36'48" E, A DISTANCE OF 33.98 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 88°25'54" E, A DISTANCE OF 224.96 FEET TO A POINT;

THENCE S 01°34'06" E, A DISTANCE OF 15.00 FEET TO THE POINT OF TERMINATION OF SAID CENTERLINE IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A BENT T-RAIL FOUND FOR THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 51°58'47" W, A DISTANCE OF 1514.66 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF TERMINATION HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:566095.63, E:774158.08 FEET FOR REFERENCE.

SAID CENTERLINE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 2867.74 FEET OR 173.80 RODS IN SAID SECTION 20.

NOTE	DTES:									
TO DE AR	THE NEV TERMINED E GRID.	V MEXIC D BY GPS	ES, AREA AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE C O STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAS S OPUS OBSERVATIONS. ALL BEARINGS AND DISTAN DE ARE NAD 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC.							
2. DATI DE & LONGTIDE ARE WAD 53 DECIMAL SEGURATION. 3. THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENETT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS EFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.										
					FNOFUSI		SEMENT CENTEREINE	-		
					SITUATED IN					
#	DATE	BY:	DESCRIPTION	СНК		SECTION 20 TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST				
PROJECT NO. 8910					NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN					
				10140		LEA COUNTY, N				
TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 TDANIC CLODAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313					DRAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22				
SERVICES LLC Grand Prairie, TX 75051			51	CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 04/13/22	8910 ROBIN FED COM FLOWLINE WEST	0			
(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181				SCALE: 1"=1000'	PAGE 2 OF 2	(20-20S-34E)				



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EXHIBIT "A"

METES AND BOUNDS DESCRIPTION

BEING A PROPOSED SURFACE SITE SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST, NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. SAID SURFACE SITE BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

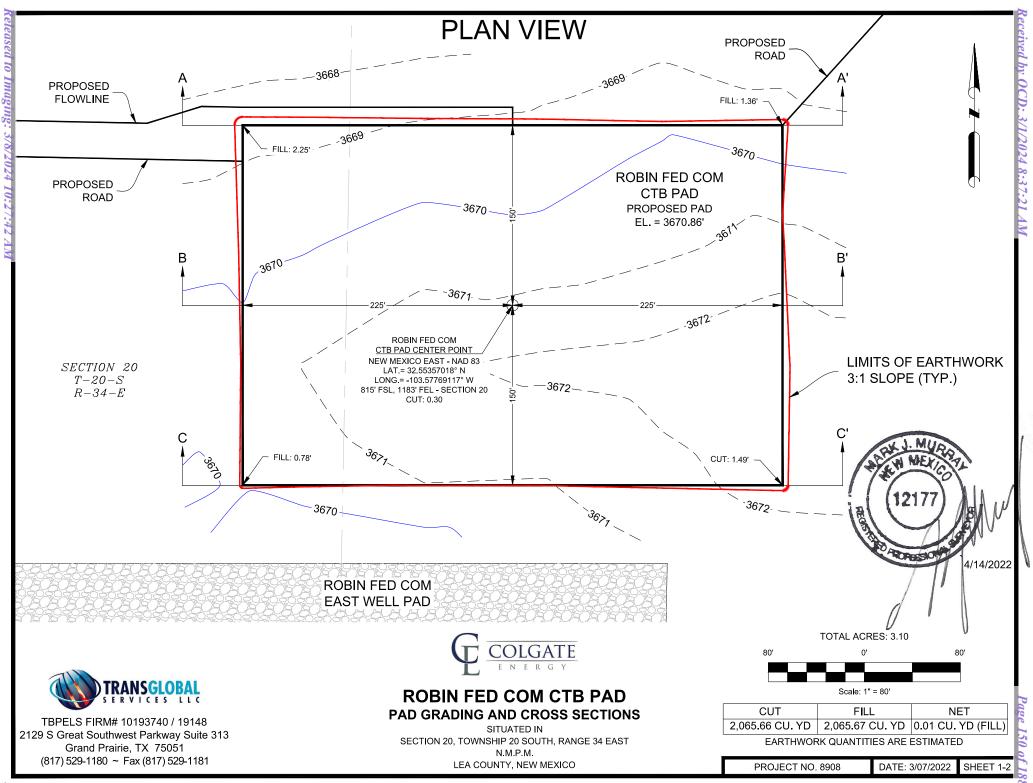
BEGINNING AT A POINT, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WHICH A 4" IRON PIPE FOUND FOR THE SOUTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 60°26'32" W, A DISTANCE OF 1416.36 FEET (TIE). SAID POINT OF BEGINNING HAVING A NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF 1983, EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:565789.56, E:773941.34 FEET FOR REFERENCE;

THENCE N 01°33'10" W, A DISTANCE OF 300.03 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE N 88°25'54" E, A DISTANCE OF 449.91 FEET TO A POINT; THENCE S 01°33'42" E, A DISTANCE OF 300.07 FEET TO A POINT, FROM WHICH A BENT T RAIL FOUND FOR THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 20 BEARS S 56°21'02" E, A DISTANCE OF 1153.46 FEET (TIE);

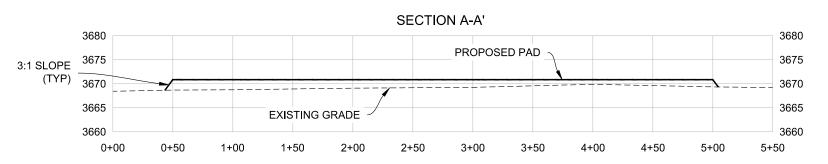
THENCE S 88°26'13" W, A DISTANCE OF 449.96 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

SAID SURFACE SITE CONTAINING A TOTAL OF 135,002 SQUARE FEET OR 3,099 ACRES IN SAID SECTION 20.

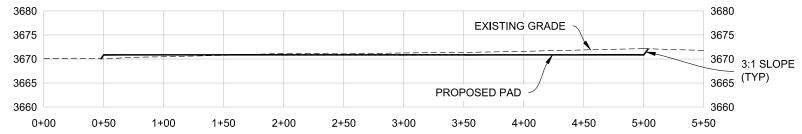
NOTES	S:									
TO DET ARE 2. LAT	THE NEW TERMINED E GRID. ITUDE & L	MEXICO BY GPS .ONGITU	ES, AREA AND COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAS OPUS OBSERVATIONS. ALL BEARINGS AND DISTAM DE ARE NAD 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC.	T ZONE, AS ICES SHOWN	$\overline{COLGATE}_{E \ N \ E \ R \ G \ Y}$					
THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT AND THE REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TITLE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR COVENANTS AFFECTING THIS PROPERTY NOT SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS WAS BEYOND COMMISSIONED SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SPECIFICALLY OMITTED. VESTING DOCUMENTS NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.					ROBIN FED COM CTB PAD BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT					
					PROPOSED WELL PAD					
						SITUATI				
#	DATE	BY:	DESCRIPTION	СНК	TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST					
PROJECT NO. 8908					NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO					
-1			TBPELS FIRM# 101937		,	_				
TRANSGLOBAL 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313 SERVICES LLC Grand Prairie, TX 75051					DRAWN BY: RRG	DATE: 03/15/22	DWG. NO. 8908 ROBIN FED COM CTB	REV.		
					CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 03/15/22	PAD (20-20S-34E) SURFACE	0		
			(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (81	7) 529-1181	SCALE: 1"=100'	PAGE 2 OF 2	SITE			



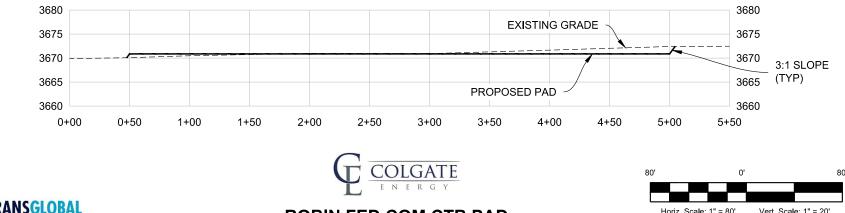
CROSS-SECTIONS



SECTION B-B'

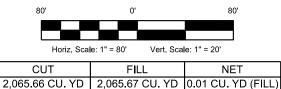


SECTION C-C'





SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE ESTIMATED

DATE: 3/07/2022

PROJECT NO. 8908

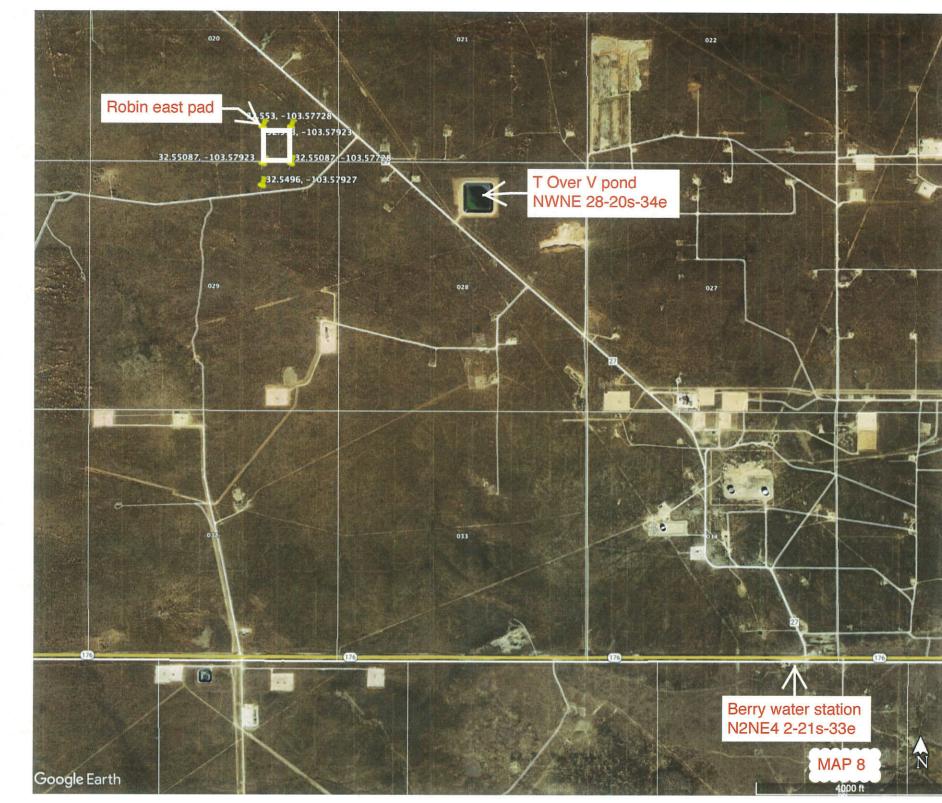
ERVICES LLC

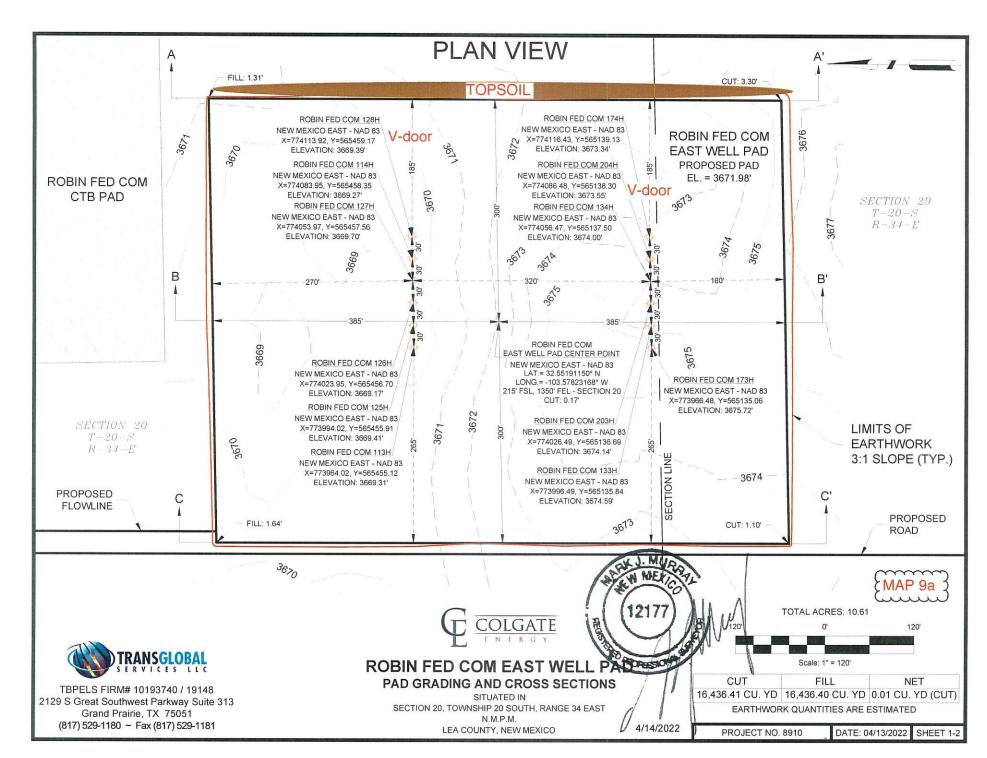
TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148

2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313

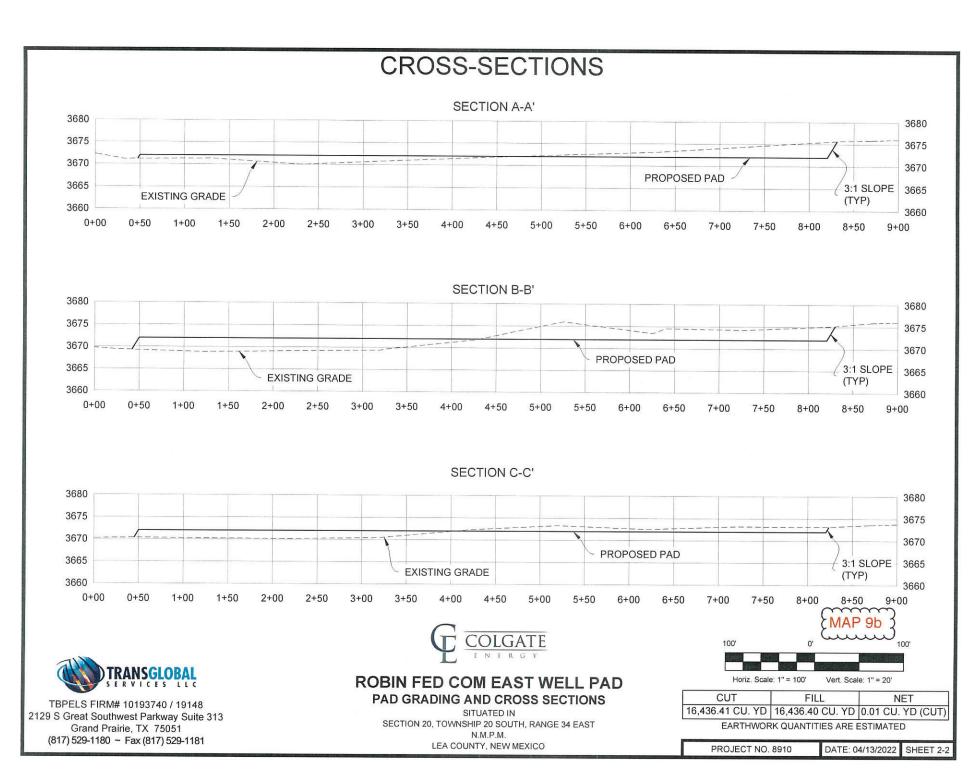
Grand Prairie, TX 75051

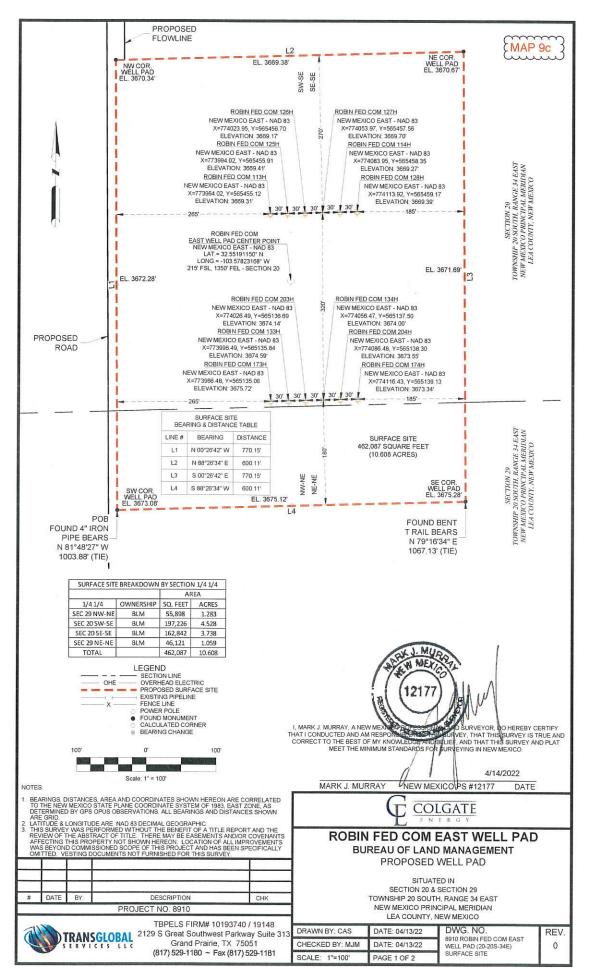
(817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181





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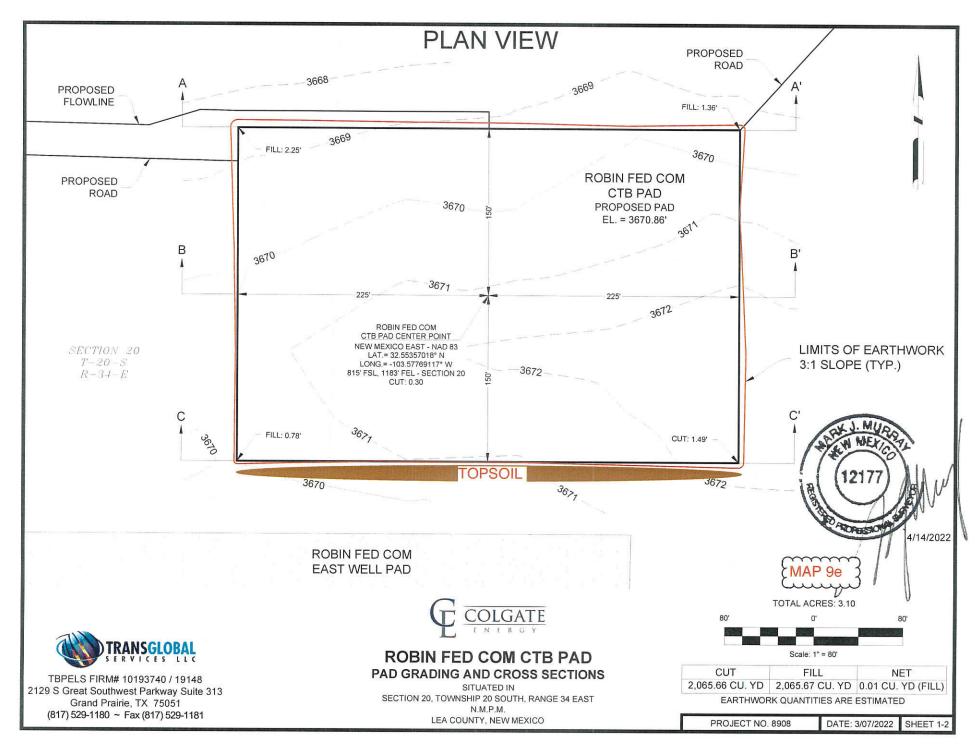


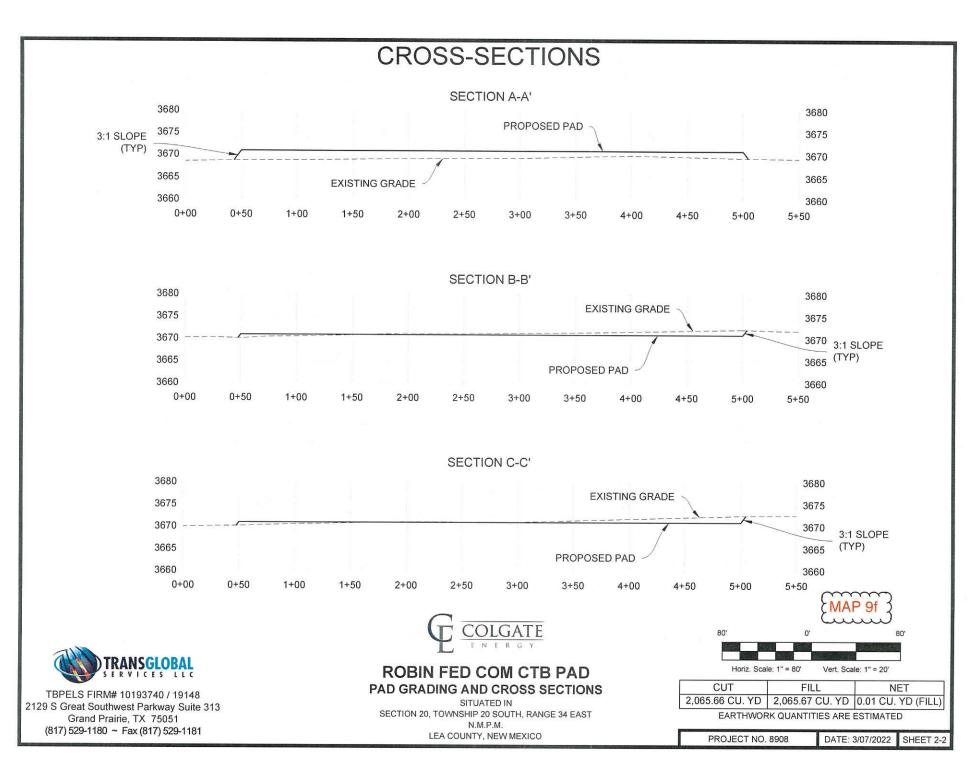


EMAP 9d 3

COORDINATE	S OF 1983, EAST Z	ONE, VALUE OF N: NCE OF 770.15 FEE	564947.82, E:773702.	93 FEET FOR REF	ERENCE;	3 A NEW MEXICO STA	
THENCE N 88 THENCE S 00	°26'34" E, A DISTAN °26'42" E, A DISTAN	NCE OF 600.11 FEE NCE OF 770.15 FEE	T TO A POINT;		T RAIL FOUND FOR	R THE SOUTHEAST CO	RNER OF
THENCE S 88	°26'34" W, A DISTAI	NCE OF 600.11 FEE	T TO THE POINT OF	BEGINNING.			
AID SURFAC	E SITE CONTAININ	IG A TOTAL OF 462	087 SQUARE FEET	OR 10.608 ACRES	IN SAID SECTION 2	0 & SECTION 29.	
S:							
THE NEW MEXI	CO STATE PLANE COOR	INATES SHOWN HEREON DINATE SYSTEM OF 1983 IS. ALL BEARINGS AND D	EAST ZONE AS		C COI	LGATE	
RE GRID.				DODIN	L		
FECTING THIS P AS BEYOND CON	ROPERTY NOT SHOWN I MISSIONED SCOPE OF T	RE MAY BE EASEMENTS HEREON. LOCATION OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS NISHED FOR THIS SURVI	ALL IMPROVEMENTS BEEN SPECIFICALLY			EAST WELL P. MANAGEMENT WELL PAD	AD
					SITUAT		
DATE BY:	The local division of	DESCRIPTION	СНК		SECTION 20 & TOWNSHIP 20 SOUT NEW MEXICO PRIN	H, RANGE 34 EAST	
		NO. 8910 TBPELS FIRM# 101	93740 / 19148		LEA COUNTY, N	NEW MEXICO	
TRA	NSGLOBAL 2129	S Great Southwest Grand Prairie,	Parkway Suite 313	RAWN BY: CAS	DATE: 04/13/22 DATE: 04/13/22	DWG. NO. 8910 ROBIN FED COM EAS WELL PAD (20-20S-34E)	T REV
	ICES LLC						

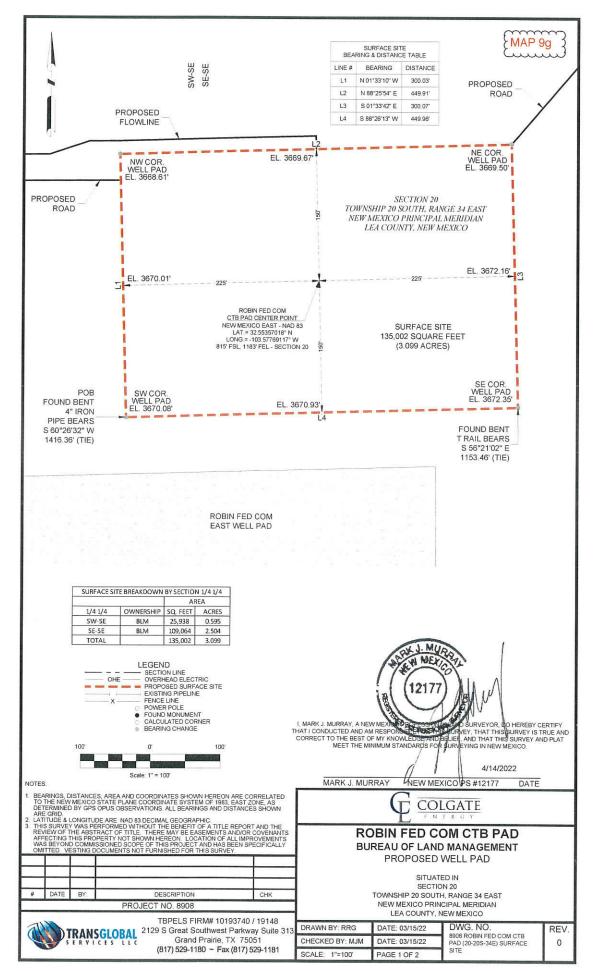
METES AND BOUNDS DESCRIPTION



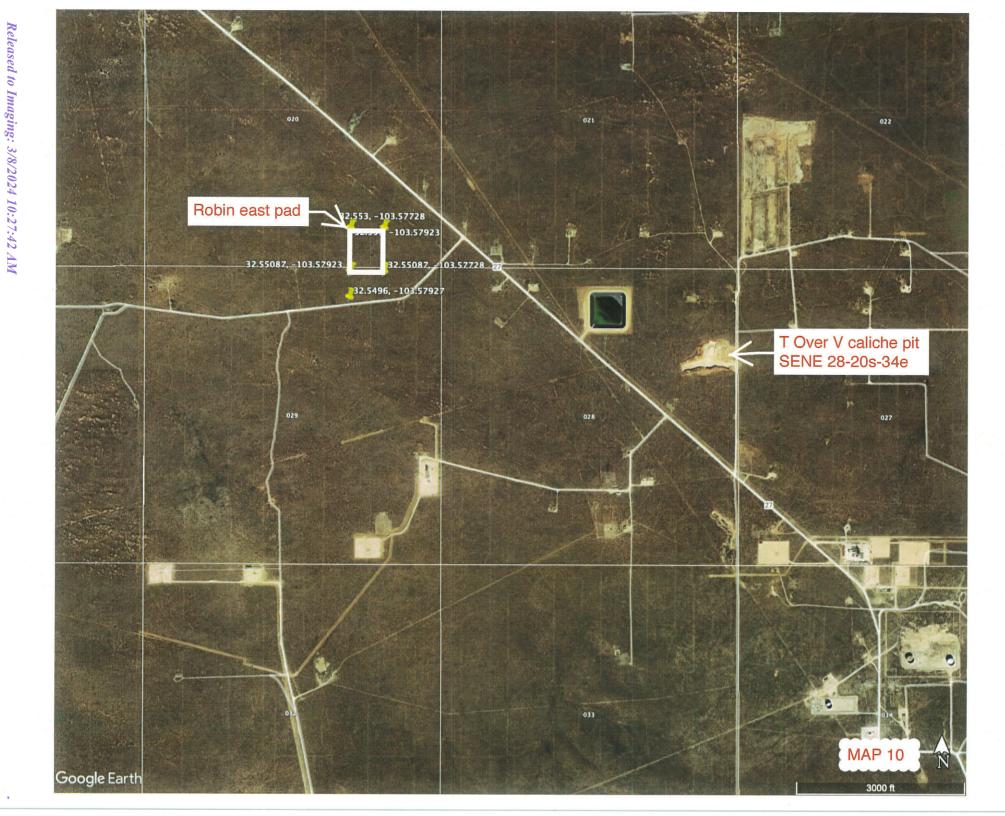


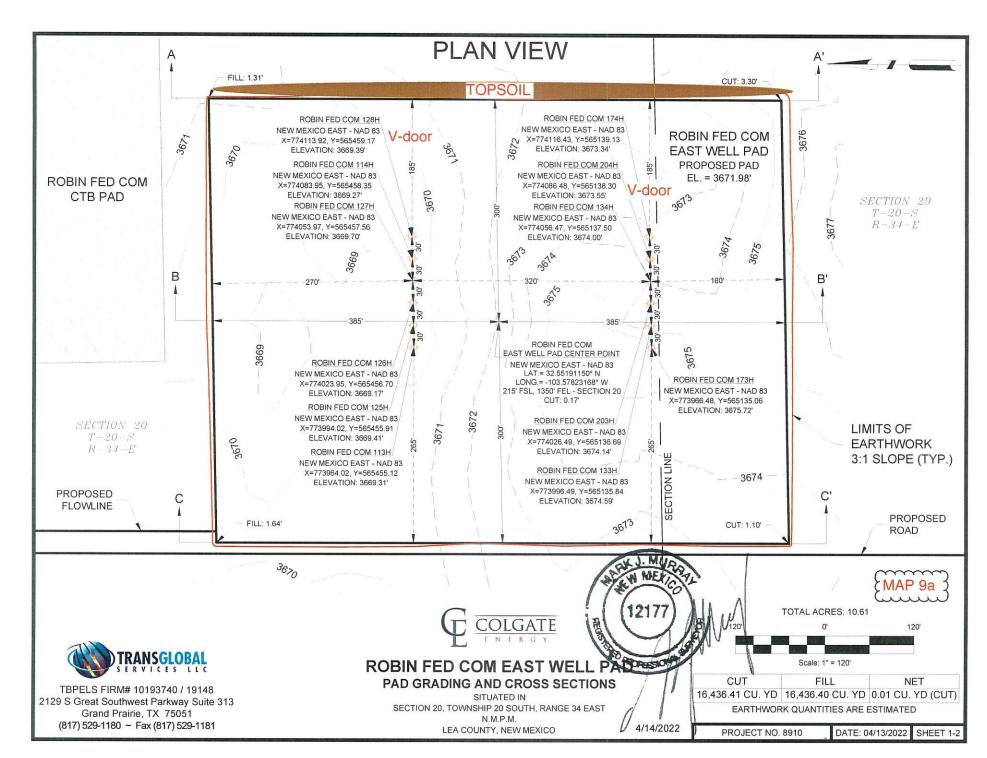
Released to Imaging: 3/8/2024 10:27:42 AM

Page 158 of 188

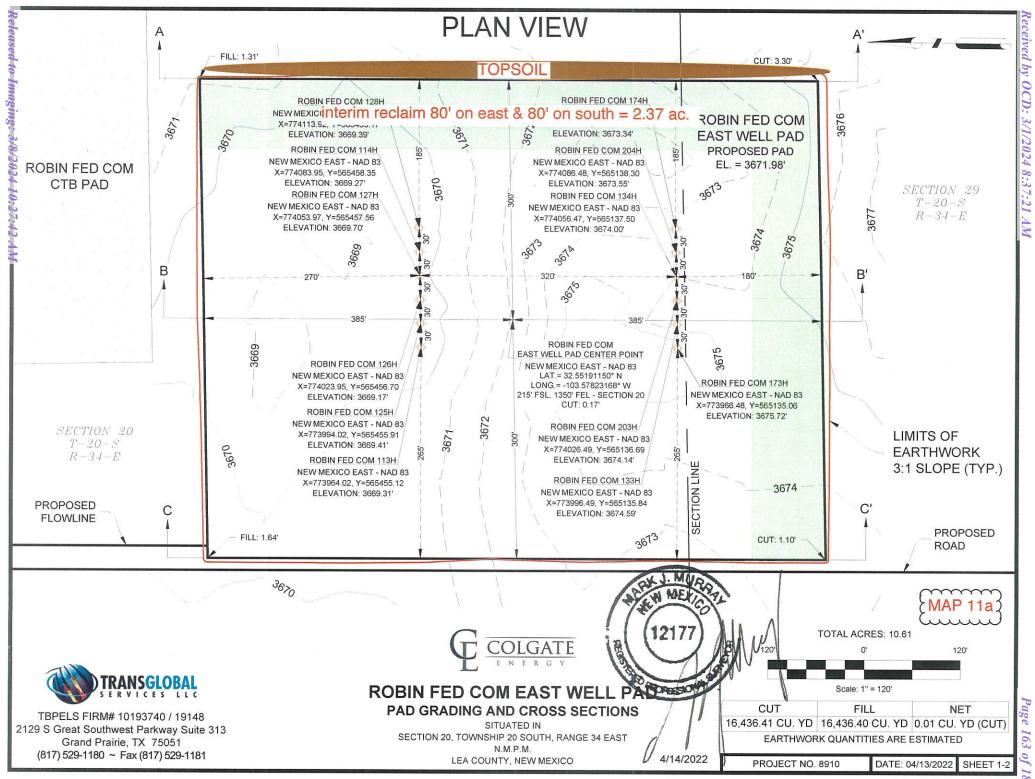


						MAP 9h
	METES	AND BOU	INDS DESCRIPTI	ON		
BEING A PROPOSED S MERIDIAN, LEA COUNTY	SURFACE SITE SITUATED IN S Y, NEW MEXICO. SAID SURFACE	SECTION 20, SITE BEING	TOWNSHIP 20 SOI MORE PARTICULAR	UTH, RANGE 34 LY DESCRIBED AS	EAST, NEW MEXI SFOLLOWS:	CO PRINCIPAL
20 BEARS S 60°26'32"	, IN SAID SECTION 20, FROM WH W, A DISTANCE OF 1416.36 F , EAST ZONE, VALUE OF N:56578	FEET (TIF) S	SAID POINT OF BE	SINNING HAVING	RTER CORNER OF A NEW MEXICO	SAID SECTION STATE PLANE
THENCE N 88°25'54" E, A THENCE S 01°33'42" E, A	A DISTANCE OF 300.03 FEET TO A DISTANCE OF 449.91 FEET TO A DISTANCE OF 300.07 FEET TO S S 56°21'02" E, A DISTANCE OF	A POINT; A POINT, FF	ROM WHICH A BENT T (TIE);	T RAIL FOUND FC	R THE SOUTHEAS	T CORNER OF
THENCE S 88°26'13" W, A	A DISTANCE OF 449.96 FEET TO	THE POINT (OF BEGINNING.			
SAID SURFACE SITE CO	NTAINING A TOTAL OF 135,002 8	SQUARE FEE	T OR 3.099 ACRES II	N SAID SECTION 2	0.	
NOTES:						
DETERMINED BY GPS OPUS OBSE	ID COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE C NE COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST 2 ERVATIONS, ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANC	ES SHOWN			LGATE	
ARE GRID. 2. LATITUDE & LONGITUDE ARE NAI 3. THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED 1 REVIEW OF THE ABSTRACT OF TI	D 83 DECIMAL GEOGRAPHIC. WTHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPOR TILE. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AND/OR SHOWN HEREON. LOCATION OF ALL IMP 20PE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN ST	RT AND THE	DC			D
	SHOWN HEREON, LOCATION OF ALL IMP COPE OF THIS PROJECT AND HAS BEEN SI NOT FURNISHED FOR THIS SURVEY.	PECIFICALLY			DIVICIBPA DMANAGEMEN	
				PROPOSED		
# DATE BY:	DESCRIPTION	0.00	-	SITUAT	DN 20	
	DESCRIPTION ROJECT NO. 8908	СНК		TOWNSHIP 20 SOUT NEW MEXICO PRIN	ICIPAL MERIDIAN	
TRANCOLOR	TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 2129 S Great Southwest Parkw Grand Braino, TX, 750	/ 19148 /av.Suite 313	DRAWN BY: RRG	LEA COUNTY, I DATE: 03/15/22	DWG. NO.	REV
	Grand Prairie, TX 750 (817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817)	051	CHECKED BY: MJM	DATE: 03/15/22	8908 ROBIN FED COM PAD (20-20S-34E) SUI	ACTB
	(017) 020-1100 - Fax (017)	040-1101	SCALE: 1"=100'	PAGE 2 OF 2	SITE	





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3680

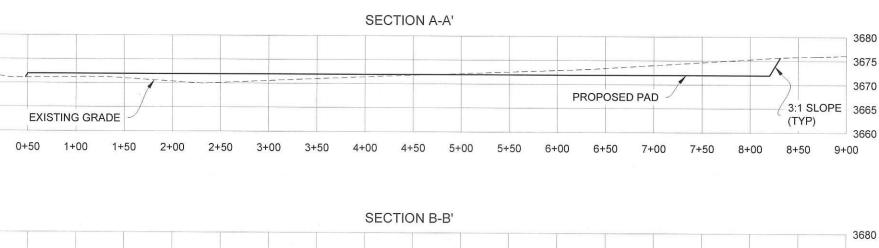
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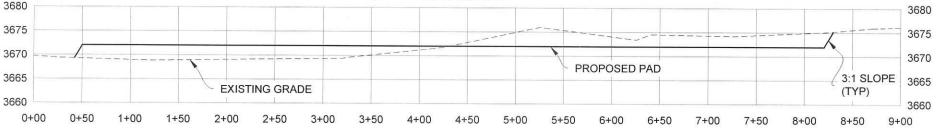
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3665

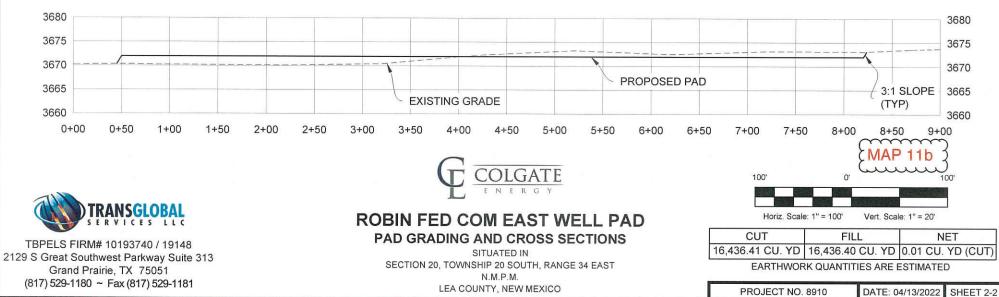
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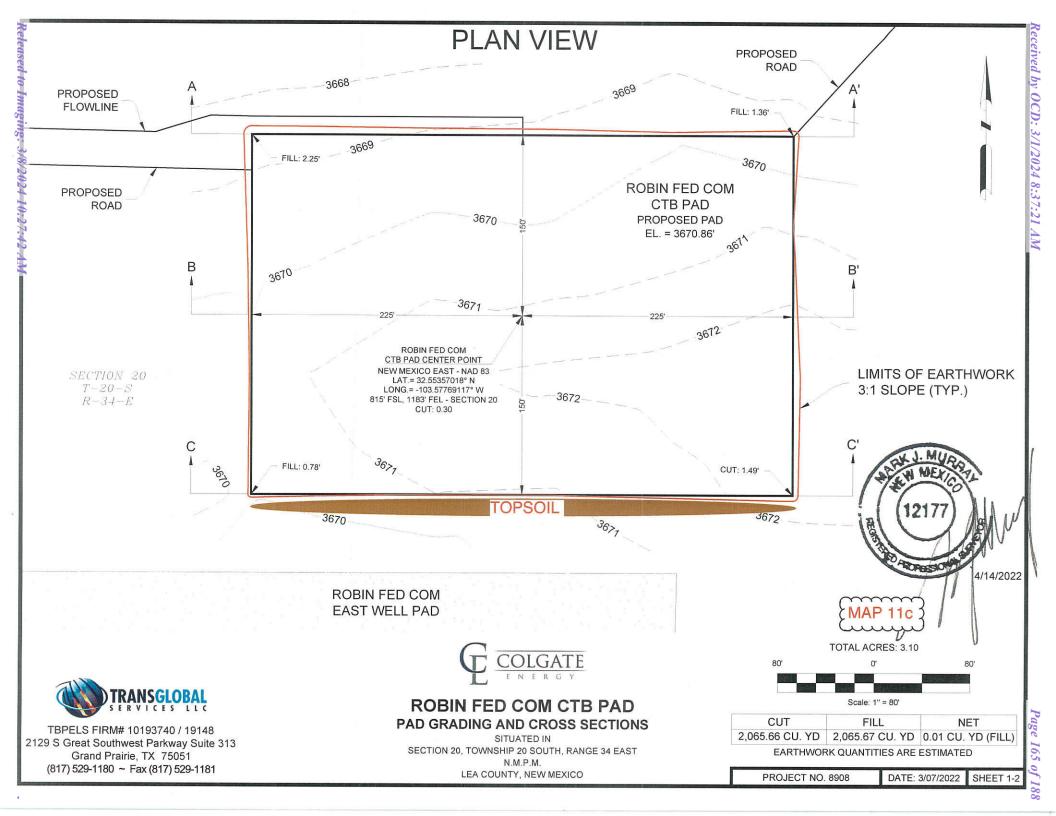
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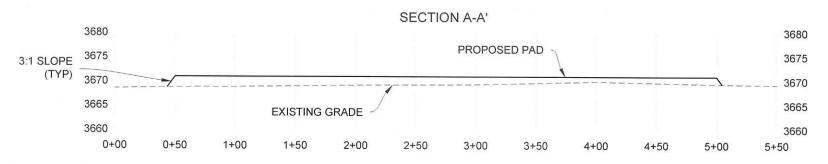


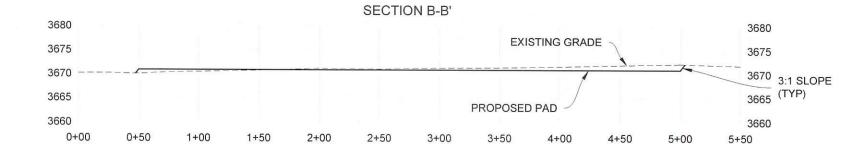
SECTION C-C'

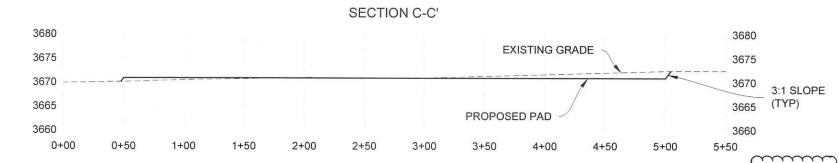




CROSS-SECTIONS







COLGATE



.Surs.

207/81

TBPELS FIRM# 10193740 / 19148 2129 S Great Southwest Parkway Suite 313 Grand Prairie, TX 75051 (817) 529-1180 ~ Fax (817) 529-1181 PAD GRADING AND CROSS SECTIONS SITUATED IN SECTION 20, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 34 EAST N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

ROBIN FED COM CTB PAD

 Horiz. Scale: 1" = 80'
 Vert. Scale: 1" = 20'

 CUT
 FILL
 NET

 2,065.66 CU. YD
 2,065.67 CU. YD
 0.01 CU. YD (FILL)

 EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE ESTIMATED

 PROJECT NO. 8908
 DATE: 3/07/2022

0'

80'

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Robin Federal Project Well List Colgate Operating, LLC 08/17/2023

Robin Fed Com Wells West Pad

Robin Fed Com 111H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1255' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 112H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1375' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 121H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1285' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 122H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1315' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 990' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 123H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1345' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 124H

Surface Hole Location: 1680' FSL & 1405' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 131H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1285' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 132H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1345' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 201H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1315' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 990' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 202H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1375' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 171H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1255' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 990' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Com 172H

Surface Hole Location: 1480' FSL & 1405' FWL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FWL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed Wells

East Pad

Robin Fed 113H

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1385' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1265' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 125H

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1355' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 126H

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1325' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 127H

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1295' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 660' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 128H

Surface Hole Location: 330' FSL & 1235' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 133H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1355' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 2310' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 134H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1295' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 990' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 173H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1385' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 174H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1235' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 203H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1325' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Robin Fed 204H

Surface Hole Location: 10' FSL & 1265' FEL, Section 20, T. 20 S., R. 34. E. Bottom Hole Location: 10' FNL & 330' FEL, Section 17, T. 20 S., R. 34. E.

Well Site Locations

The results of the Robin Federal Development Program will develop economic quantities of oil and gas in the 'Parkway' area with multiple primary formations targeted. Well locations are determined based on cross-section variations and details. Locations will be selected to minimize the likelihood of encountering faults and/or drilling hazards while still targeting suitably productive zones.

If drilling results in an unproductive well, the well will be plugged and abandoned as soon as practical after the conclusion of production testing. Productive wells may be shut-in temporarily for BLM authorization for production activities and facilities.

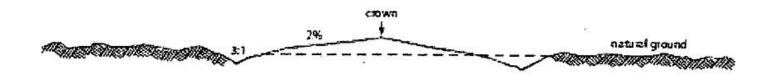
Surface Use Plan

1. Existing Roads

- A. From the Junction of NM 18 and US 62/180 in South Hobbs go West 28.5 miles on US 62/180 to the equivalent of Mile Post 76.6. Turn left and go South by Southeast 3.75 miles on caliche County Road 27 (aka Sheen Road). Turn right and go Southwest 575.09ft cross-county to the Northeast corner of the CTB. Transportation maps identifying existing roads that will be used to access the project area are included from TransGlobal marked as, 'Robin Federal Existing Access Map'.
- B. Transportation Plan identifying existing roads that will be used to access the project area is included from Permits West marked as, 'Robin Federal Existing Access Map.' All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the routes shown on the 'Robin Federal Existing Access Map' as provided by Permits West. Maintenance of the access roads will continue until abandonment and reclamation of the well pads is completed.

2. New or Upgraded Access Roads

- A. **New Roads**. There are a total of 5,755.39ft or 1.09 miles (3.96 acres) of proposed and staked access roads in the Robin Federal lease area.
- B. **Well Pads**. The well pads selected for development will determine which existing roads will be upgraded and which new roads will be built. The lease flow diagram shows the location of proposed roads that will need to be constructed to access the well pads.
- C. Anticipated Traffic. After well completion, travel to each well site will included one lease operator truck and two oil trucks per day until the Central Tank Battery are completed. Upon completion of the Central Tank Battery, one lease operator truck will continue to travel to each well site to monitor the working order of the wells and to check well equipment for proper operation. Two oil trucks will continue to travel to the Central Tank Battery only for oil hauling. Additional traffic will include one maintenance truck periodically throughout the year for pad upkeep and weed removal. Well service trips will include only the traffic necessary to work on the wells or provide chemical treatments periodically and as needed throughout the year.
- D. **Routing**. All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the travel routes laid out in the Robin Federal Existing Access Map and proposed new roads provided by Uintah Engineering & Land Surveying and Permits West unless otherwise approved by the BLM and applied for by Colgate Operating, LLC.
- E. **Road Dimensions**. The maximum width of the driving surface of new roads will be 14 feet. The roads will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 1 foot deep with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.



Level Ground Section

- F. **Surface Material**. Surface material will be native caliche. The average grade of all roads will be approximately 3%.
- G. Fence Cuts: No.
- H. Fences: No.
- I. Cattle Guards: No.
- J. Turnouts: No.
- K. Culverts: No.
- L. Cuts and Fills: Not significant.
- M. **Topsoil**. Approximately 6 inches of topsoil (root zone) will be stripped from the proposed access road prior to any further construction activity. The topsoil that was stripped will be spread along the edge of the road and within the ditch. The topsoil will be seeded with the proper seed mix designated by the BLM.
- N. **Maintenance**. The access road will be constructed and maintained as necessary to prevent soil erosion and accommodate all-weather traffic. The road will be crowned and ditched with water turnouts installed as necessary to provide for proper drainage along with access road route.
- O. **Drainage**. The access road and associated drainage structures will be constructed and maintained in accordance with road guidelines contained in the joint BLM/USFS publication: Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, The Gold Book, Fourth Edition and/or BLM Manual Section 9113 concerning road construction standards on projects subject to federal jurisdiction.

3. Location of Existing Wells

A. See attached Existing Wells map.

4. Ancillary Facilities

A. **Ancillary Facilities**. No off-pad ancillary facilities are planned during the exploration phase including, but not limited to: campsites, airstrips or staging areas.

5. Location of Proposed Production Facilities

- A. Production Facilities. One pad was staked with the BLM for construction and use as Central Tank Battery (CTB). The Central Tank Battery is the Robin Federal tank battery. The Robin Federal tank battery is 300ftx450ft (3.09 Acres) located in the NESE Section 20-T20S-R31E NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico (Centerpoint: 815'FSL & 1183'FEL). Plat of the proposed facility is attached. A 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted after construction with a site-security diagram and layout of the facility with associated equipment.
- B. Buried & Surface Flowlines. In the event the Robin Federal wells are found productive, twenty-four (24) 22in. or less buried composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a maximum safety pressure rating of 1400psi (operating pressure: 750 psi) for transport of oil, gas, frac water, gas lift, fuel gas, and produced water are requested to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. If Colgate Operating, LLC decides to run surface lines, twenty-four (24) 4in. or less composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a max. safety psi rating of 750 (op. psi: 125psi) for transport of oil, gas and produced water will be

required to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. Total Flowline Length: 3237.35ft long by 30ft wide or 2.22 acres.

- C. **Midstream Tie-In**. A midstream tie-in is not requested with this project. In the event that a midstream tie-in is necessary, Colgate Operating, LLC will file application with the appropriate authorities to construct via right-of-way.
- D. **Disposal Facilities**. Produced water will be hauled from location to a commercial disposal facility as needed. Once wells are drilled and completed, a 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted to BLM in compliance with Onshore Order 7.
- E. **Flare**. A flare is not requested with this project. The flare will be located on the proposed CTB and submitted on the subsequent facility diagram.
- F. **Aboveground Structures**. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted earth-tone colors such as 'shale green' that reduce the visual impacts of the built environment.
- G. **Containment Berms**. Containment berms will be constructed completely around any production facilities designed to hold fluids. The containment berms will be constructed of compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1.5 times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas.
- H. **Electrical**. Electrical is not proposed with this project as a power tie-in has not been identified. Once identified, Colgate Operating, LLC will file an application with the appropriate authorities to construct planned lines via right-of-way.

Production Facilities. One pad was staked with the BLM for construction and use as Central Tank Battery (CTB). The Central Tank Battery is the Robin Federal tank battery. The Robin Federal tank battery is 300ftx450ft (3.09 Acres) located in the NESE Section 20-T20S-R31E NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico (Centerpoint: 815'FSL & 1183'FEL). Plat of the proposed facility is attached. A 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted after construction with a site-security diagram and layout of the facility with associated equipment. Buried & Surface Flowlines. In the event the Robin Federal wells are found productive, twenty-four (24) 22in. or less buried composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a maximum safety pressure rating of 1400psi (operating pressure: 750 psi) for transport of oil, gas, frac water, gas lift, fuel gas, and produced water are requested to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. If Colgate Operating, LLC decides to run surface lines, twenty-four (24) 4in. or less composite flexpipe or steel flowlines with a max. safety psi rating of 750 (op. psi: 125psi) for transport of oil, gas and produced water will be required to the Robin Federal Central Tank Battery. Total Flowline Length: 3237.35ft long by 30ft wide or 2.22 acres. Midstream Tie-In. A midstream tie-in is not requested with this project. In the event that a midstream tie-in is necessary, Colgate Operating, LLC will file application with the appropriate authorities to construct via right-of-way. Disposal Facilities. Produced water will be hauled from location to a commercial disposal facility as needed. Once wells are drilled and completed, a 3160-5 sundry notification will be submitted to BLM in compliance with Onshore Order 7. Flare. A flare is not requested with this project. The flare will be located on the proposed CTB and submitted on the subsequent facility diagram. Aboveground Structures. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted earth-tone colors such as 'shale green' that reduce the visual impacts of the built environment. Containment Berms. Containment berms will be constructed completely around any production facilities designed to hold fluids. The containment berms will be constructed of compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1.5 times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas. Electrical. Electrical is not proposed with this project as a power tie-in has not been identified. Once identified, Colgate Operating, LLC will file an application with the appropriate authorities to construct planned lines via right-of-way.

6. Location and Types of Water Supply

The well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the drilling program. The water will be obtained from a 3rd party vendor and hauled to the proposed location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads depicted in the attached exhibits. No water well will be drilled on the location.

Water for drilling, completion and dust control will be purchased from the following company: Twin Wells Ranch (private source)

Water for drilling, completion and dust control will be supplied by private supplier T Over V's to Colgate Operating, LLC from the NWNE Section 28-T20S-R34E, Lea County, NM. If T Over V's is unable to provide water for drilling, completion, and dust control, Permian Rescoures will utilize Berry's existing water station on State Land in the N2NE4 Section 2-T21S-R33E.

Anticipated water usage for drilling includes an estimated 50,000 barrels (bbls) of water to drill a horizontal well in a combination of fresh water and brine as detailed in the mud program in the drilling plans. These volumes are calculated for ~1.5 bbls per foot of hole drilled with excess to accommodate any lost circulation or wash out that may occur. Actual water volumes used during operations will depend on the depth of the well, length of horizontal sections, and the losses that may occur during the operation.

Temporary water flowlines will be permitted via ROW approval letter and proper grants as-needed based on drilling and completion schedules. Well completion is expected to require approximately 1,950,000 bbls of water per horizontal well. Actual water volumes used during operations will depend on the depth of the well and length of horizontal sections.

7. Construction Activities

- A. Construction, reclamation, and/or routine maintenance will not be conducted during periods when the soil conditions for construction could lead to impacts to the surrounding environment, or when watershed damage is likely to occur as a result of these activities.
- B. Any construction material that may be required for surfacing of the drill pad and access road will be from a contractor having a permitted source of materials within the general area. No construction materials will be removed from federal lands without prior approval from the appropriate surface management agency. All roads and well pads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.
- C. Anticipated Caliche Location:
 - a. Private Caliche Pit, SENE Section 28-T20S-R34E

8. Methods for Handling Waste

- **Cuttings**. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed-loop mud system. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to a New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) approved disposal site.
- **Drilling Fluids**. These will be contained in steel mud pits and then taken to a NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility.
- **Produced Fluids**. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to a NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.
- Sewage. Portable, self-contained toilets will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of drilling and completion activities, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents thereof disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All state and local laws and regulations pertaining to the disposal of human and solid waste will be complied with. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- Garbage and Other Waste Materials. All garbage, junk and non-flammable waste materials will be contained in a self-contained, portable dumpster or trash cage, to prevent scattering and will be removed

and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Immediately after drilling all debris and other waste materials on and around the well location not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned up and removed from the location. No potentially adverse materials or substances will be left on the location.

- **Debris**. Immediately after removal of the drilling rig, all debris and other waste materials not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned and removed from the well location. No potential adverse materials or substances will be left on location.
- Hazardous Materials.
 - i. All drilling wastes identified as hazardous substances by the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation Liability Act (CERCLA) removed from the location, and not reused at another drilling location, will be disposed of at a hazardous waste facility approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
 - ii. Colgate Operating, LLC and its contractors will comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations, existing or hereafter enacted/promulgated, with regard to any hazardous material, as defined in this paragraph, that will be used, produced, transported or stored on the oil and gas lease. "Hazardous material" means any substance, pollutant or contaminant that is listed as hazardous under the CERCLA of 1980, as amended, 42 U.S.C 9601 et seq., and its regulation. The definition of hazardous substances under CERLCA includes any "hazardous waste" as defined in the RCRA of 1976, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq., and its regulations. The term hazardous material also includes any nuclear or nuclear by-product material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, 42 U.C.S. 2011 et seq. The term does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof that is not otherwise specifically listed or designated as a hazardous substance under CERCLA Section 101 (14) U.S.C. 9601 (14) nor does the term include natural gas.
 - iii. No hazardous substances or wastes will be stored on the location after completion of the well.
 - iv. Chemicals brought to location will be on the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) approved inventory list.
 - v. All undesirable events (fires, accidents, blowouts, spills, discharges) as specified in Notice to Lessees (NTL) 3A will be reported to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office. Major events will be reported verbally within 24 hours, followed by a written report within 15 days. "Other than Major Events" will be reported in writing within 15 days.

9. Well Site Layout

- A. **Rig Plat Diagrams**: There are two (2) multi-well pads requested for the Robin Federal anticipated project. This will allow enough space for cuts and fills, topsoil storage, and storm water control. Interim reclamation of these pads is anticipated after the drilling and completion of all wells on the pad. The well site layout for all pads is attached.:
 - 1. West Pad: 650ftx600ft (8.95 Acres)
 - 2. East Pad: 600ftx770ft (10.60 Acres)
- B. **Closed-Loop System**: There will be no reserve pit as each well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. The closed loop system will meet the NMOCD requirements 19.15.17.
- C. **V-Door Orientation**: The pad was staked with an East v-door orientation in accordance to the staked section and as agreed upon with Jeff Robertson, BLM Natural Resource Specialist, present at on-site inspection.
- D. All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the approved disturbed areas of this APD (i.e., access road, well pad and topsoil storage areas).

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

Colgate Operating, LLC requests a variance from interim reclamation until all drilling and completion activities have been finished on the pads as these are multi-well pads where drilling and completion will be consecutive with the other wells on the pad. Once activities are completed, Colgate Operating, LLC. will coordinate interim reclamation with the appropriate BLM personnel or use the following plan:

Non-Commercial Well (Not Productive), Interim & Final Reclamation:

Definition: Reclamation includes disturbed areas where the original landform and a natural vegetative community will be restored and it is anticipated the site will not be disturbed for future development.

Reclamation Standards:

The portions of the pad not essential to production facilities or space required for workover operations will be reclaimed and seeded as per BLM requirements for interim reclamation. (See Interim Reclamation plats attached).

All equipment and trash will be removed, and the surfacing material will be removed from the well pad and road and transported to the original caliche pit or used to maintain other roads. The location will then be ripped and seeded.

The original stock piled topsoil will be spread over the areas being reclaimed and the original landform will be restored for all disturbed areas including well pads, production facilities, roads, pipelines, and utility corridors as close as possible to the original topography. The location will then be ripped and seeded.

A self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or otherwise approved) plant community will be established on the site with a density sufficient to control erosion and invasion by non-native plants and to re-establish wildlife habitat or forage production. At a minimum, the established plant community will consist of species included in the seed mix and/or desirable species occurring in the surrounding natural vegetation.

Erosion features are equal to or less than surrounding area and erosion control is sufficient so that water naturally infiltrates into the soil and gullying, headcutting, slumping, and deep or excessive rills (greater than 3 inches) are not observed.

The site will be free of State or County listed noxious weeds, oil field debris and equipment, and contaminated soil. Invasive and non-native noxious weeds will be controlled.

Seeding:

- <u>Seedbed Preparation</u>: Initial seedbed preparation will consist of recontouring to the appropriate interim or final reclamation standard. All compacted areas to be seeded will be ripped to a minimum depth of 18 inches with a minimum furrow spacing of 2 feet, followed by recontouring the surface and then evenly spreading the stockpiled topsoil. Prior to seeding, the seedbed will be scarified to a depth of no less than 4-6 inches. If the site is to be broadcast seeded, the surface will be left rough enough to trap seed and snow, control erosion, and increase water infiltration.
- If broadcast seeding is to be used and is delayed, final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4-6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- <u>Seed Application</u>. Seeding will be conducted no more than two weeks following completion of final seedbed preparation. A certified weed-free seed mix designed by the BLM to meet reclamation standards will be used.
- If the site is harrowed or dragged, seed will be covered by no more than 0.25 inch of soil.

11. Surface Ownership

- A. 100% of the Robin Federal project area is under the administrative jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management.
- B. The surface is multiple-use with the primary uses of the region for grazing and for the production of oil and gas.

12. Other Information

- **Cultural Resources Archaeology**: A Class III Cultural Resources Examination has been by Lone Mountain Archaeological Services and the results will be forwarded to the BLM Office.
- **Dwellings and Structures**. There are no dwellings or structures within 2 miles of this location.

<u>Surveying</u>

• Well Sites. Well pad locations have been staked. Surveys of the proposed access roads and well pad locations have been completed by Uintah Engineering & Land Surveying, a registered professional land surveyor. Center stake surveys with access roads have been completed on Federal lands with Jeff Robertson, Bureau of Land Management Natural Resource Specialist, in attendance.

Soils and Vegetation

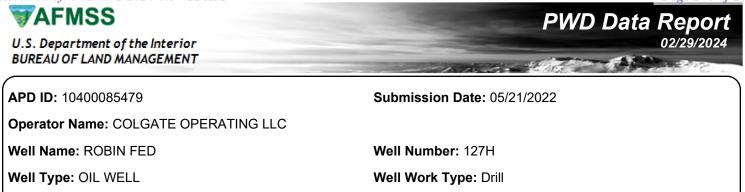
- Environmental Setting. Soils are classified as Reeves soils. These soils are associated with the loamy ecological site which typically supports black and blue grama and tobosa grasslands with an even distribution of yucca, mesquite, American tarbush, cholla, and creosote.
- **Traffic**. No truck traffic will be operated during periods or in areas of saturated ground when surface rutting could occur. The access road will be constructed and maintained as necessary to prevent soil erosion and accommodate all-weather traffic. The road will be crowned and ditched with water turnouts installed as necessary to provide for proper drainage along the access road route.
- Water. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate or within the project area.

13. Bond Coverage

Bond Number: NMB001841

Onsite: February 1, 2022 with Jeff Robertson (BLM Natural Resource Specialist) and James Rutley (BLM Geologist).

<u>Page 176 of 188</u>



Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

Section 2 - Lined

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? N Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Lined pit PWD on or off channel: Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Lined pit Pit liner description: **Pit liner manufacturers** Precipitated solids disposal: Decribe precipitated solids disposal: Precipitated solids disposal Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule Lined pit reclamation description: Lined pit reclamation Leak detection system description: Leak detection system

PWD disturbance (acres):

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Lined pit Monitor description:

Lined pit Monitor

Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Lined pit bond number:

Lined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information

Section 3 - Unlined

Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD surface owner:

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic

State

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well name:

Injection well API number:

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information

Section 4 -

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

Injection well type:

PWD surface owner:

Injection well number:

Assigned injection well API number?

Injection well new surface disturbance (acres):

Minerals protection information:

Mineral protection

Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?

UIC Permit

Section 5 - Surface

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? N

 Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

 PWD surface owner:
 PWD disturbance (acres):

 Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):
 PWD disturbance (acres):

 Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?
 Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:

 Surface Discharge site facilities information:
 Surface discharge site facilities map:

 Section 6 Section 6

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? N

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

PWD disturbance (acres):

Received by OCD: 3/1/2024 8:37:21 AM

Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC

Well Name: ROBIN FED

Well Number: 127H

Other PWD type description:

Other PWD type

Have other regulatory requirements been met?

Other regulatory requirements

WAFMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APD ID: 10400085479 Operator Name: COLGATE OPERATING LLC Well Name: ROBIN FED Well Type: OIL WELL

Submission Date: 05/21/2022

Well Number: 127H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes <u>Show Final Text</u>

Bond

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number:

BIA Bond number:

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

- Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?
- Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?
- **BLM reclamation bond number:**
- Forest Service reclamation bond number:
- Forest Service reclamation bond
- **Reclamation bond number:**
- **Reclamation bond amount:**
- **Reclamation bond rider amount:**
- Additional reclamation bond information



State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

<u>Section 1 – Plan Description</u> <u>Effective May 25, 2021</u>

I. Operator: <u>Permian Resources Operating, LLC</u> OGRID: <u>372165</u>

Date: <u>8/29/2023</u>

II. Type: \square Original \square Amendment due to \square 19.15.27.9.D(6)(a) NMAC \square 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NMAC \square Other. If Other, please describe:

III. Well(s): Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil	Anticipated Gas	Anticipated Prod Water
Robin Fed Com 111H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1255' FWL	730 BOPD	1062 MCFD	1729 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 112H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1375' FWL	730 BOPD	1062 MCFD	1729 BWPD
Robin Fed 113H		O-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1385' FEL	730 BOPD	1062 MCFD	1729 BWPD
Robin Fed 114H		P-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1265' FEL	730 BOPD	1062 MCFD	1729 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 121H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1285' FWL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 122H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1315' FWL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 123H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1345' FWL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 124H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1680' FSL – 1405' FWL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed 125H		O-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1355' FEL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed 126H		O-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1325' FEL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed 127H		P-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1295' FEL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed 128H		P-20-T20S-R34E	330' FSL – 1235' FEL	869 BOPD	685 MCFD	3740 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 131H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1285' FWL	949 BOPD	1059 MCFD	4116 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 132H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1345' FWL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed 133H		O-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1355' FEL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed 134H		P-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1295' FEL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 171H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1255' FWL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 172H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1405' FWL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed 173H		O-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1385' FEL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed 174H		P-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1235' FEL	1054 BOPD	1177 MCFD	4573 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 201H		L-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1315' FWL	2100 BOPD	2100 MCFD	5000 BWPD
Robin Fed Com 202H		K-20-T20S-R34E	1480' FSL – 1375' FWL	2100 BOPD	2100 MCFD	5000 BWPD
Robin Fed 203H		O-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1325' FEL	2100 BOPD	2100 MCFD	5000 BWPD
Robin Fed 204H		P-20-T20S-R34E	10' FSL – 1265' FEL	2100 BOPD	2100 MCFD	5000 BWPD

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IV. Central Delivery Point Name: <u>Batman CTB</u>

[See 19.15.27.9(D)(1) NMAC]

V. Anticipated Schedule: Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

			TD Reached	Completion Commencement	Initial Flow	First Production
Well Name	ΑΡΙ	Spud Date	Date	Date	Back Date	Date
Robin Fed Com 111H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 112H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 113H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 114H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 121H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 122H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 123H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 124H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 125H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 126H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 127H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 128H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 131H		2/26/2024	3/13/2024	5/30/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed Com 132H		4/1/2024	4/17/2024	5/30/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed 133H		3/17/2024	4/2/2024	5/26/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed 134H		4/21/2024	5/7/2024	5/26/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed Com 171H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 172H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 173H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 174H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed Com 201H		3/13/2024	4/1/2024	5/30/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed Com 202H		4/2/2024	4/21/2024	5/26/2024	6/23/2024	6/23/2024
Robin Fed 203H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Robin Fed 204H		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

VI. Separation Equipment: ☑ Attach a complete description of how Operator will seize separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

VII. Operations Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

VIII. Best Management Practices: 🗹 Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

Section 3 – Certifications

Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

 \square Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

 \Box Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system.

If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:

Well Shut-In. \Box Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

Venting and Flaring Plan. \Box Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) Power generation on lease;
- (b) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 – Notices

- 1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:
 - (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
 - (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, not later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file and update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until the Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
 - (c) OCD may deny or conditionally approve and APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: Juleo, Via

Printed Name: Tinlee Via

Title: Contract Drilling Engineer

E-mail Address: tinlee.via@permianres.com

Date: 9/29/2023

Phone: 512-755-6018

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

(Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)

Approved By:

Title:

Approval Date:

Conditions of Approval:

Permian Resources Operating, LLC (372165)

Natural Gas Management Plan Descriptions

VI. Separation Equipment:

Permian Resources Operating, LLC (Permian) utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations. Our goal is to maintain 5 minutes of retention time in the test vessel and 20 minutes in the heater treater at peak production rates. The gas produced is routed from the separator to the gas sales line.

VII. Operational Practices:

Drilling

During Permian's drilling operations it is uncommon for venting or flaring to occur. If flaring is needed due to safety concerns, gas will be routed to a flare and volumes will be estimated.

Flowback

During completion/recompletion flowback operations, after separation flowback begins and as soon as it is technically feasible, Permian routes gas though a permanent separator and the controlled facility where the gas is either sold or flared through a high-pressure flare if needed.

Production

Per 19.15.27.8.D, Permian's facilities are designed to minimize waste. Our produced gas will only be vented or flared in an emergency or malfunction situation, except as allowed for normal operations noted in 19.15.27.8.D(2) & (4). All gas that is flared is metered. All gas that may be vented will be estimated.

Performance Standards

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations.

All of Permian's permanent storage tanks associated with production operations which are routed to a flare or control device are equipped with an automatic gauging system.

All of Permian's flare stacks, both currently installed and for future installation, are:

1) Appropriately sized and designed to ensure proper combustion effciency.

2)Equipped with an automatic ignitor or continuous pilot.

3) Anchored and located at least 100 feet from the well and storage tanks.

Permian's field operations and HSE teams have implemented an AVO inspection schedule that adheres to the requirements of 19.15.27.8.E(5).

All of our operations and facilities are designed to minimize waste. We routinely employ the following methods and practices:

- Closed-loop systems
- Enclosed and properly sized tanks

- Vapor recovery units to maximize recovery of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions
- Low-emitting or electric engines whenever practical
- Combustors and flare stacks in the event of a malfunction or emergency
- Routine facility inspections to identify leaking components, functioning control devices, such as flares and combustors, and repair / replacement of malfunctioning components where applicable

Measurement or estimation

Permian measures or estimates the volumes of natural gas vented, flared and/or beneficially used for all of our drilling, completing and producing wells. We utilize accepted industry standards and methodology which can be independently verified. Annual GOR testing is completed on our wells and will be submitted as required by the OCD. None of our equipment is designed to allow diversion around metering elements except during inspection, maintenance and repair operations.

VIII. Best Management Practices:

Permian Resources utilizes the following BMPs to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance activities:

- Use a closed-loop process wherever possible during planned maintenance activities, such as blowdowns, liquid removal, and work over operations.
- Employ low-emitting or electric engines for equipment, such as compressors
- Adhere to a strict preventative maintenance program which includes routine facility inspections, identification of component malfunctions, and repairing or replacing components such as hatches, seals, valves, etc. where applicable
- Utilize vapor recovery units (VRU's) to maximize recovery of volumes of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions
- Route low pressure gas and emissions streams to a combustion device to prevent venting where necessary

Enhanced Natural Gas Management Plan

Operator's Plan to Manage Production in Response to Increased Line Pressure

Permian Resources Operating, LLC (Permian) anticipates that its existing wells connected to the same portion of the natural gas gathering system will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new wells. Permian will actively monitor line pressure throughout the field and will make necessary adjustments to existing production separators' pressures to send gas to sales. Permian also plans to implement automated alarms on all flare meters to alert of flaring events as they occur. The alarms will send notifications to field operations and engineering staff via text message and email at every occurrence of flaring. In addition, Permian plans to implement automated alarms on all flare meters to alert of any continuous flaring event that has continued for at least 4 hours. The alarms will send notifications to field operations and engineering management. Permian personnel will promptly respond to these alarms, communicate with midstream partners, and take the appropriate action to reduce flaring caused by high line pressure from new well production.

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV 1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
Permian Resources Operating, LLC	372165
300 N. Marienfeld St Ste 1000	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79701	319299
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

CONDITIO		
Created By	Condition	Condition Date
pkautz	Will require a File As Drilled C-102 and a Directional Survey with the C-104	3/8/2024
pkautz	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string	3/8/2024
pkautz	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system	3/8/2024
pkautz	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing	3/8/2024
pkautz	If cement does not circulate on any string, a CBL is required for that string of casing	3/8/2024

CONDITIONS

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Action 319299