

Form 3160-3
(June 2015)FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires: January 31, 2018UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: ☐ DRILL ☐ REENTER		5. Lease Serial No.
1b. Type of Well: ☐ Oil Well ☐ Gas Well ☐ Other		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
1c. Type of Completion: ☐ Hydraulic Fracturing ☐ Single Zone ☐ Multiple Zone		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
2. Name of Operator		8. Lease Name and Well No.
3a. Address		9. API Well No. 30-025-53422
3b. Phone No. (include area code)		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface At proposed prod. zone		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*		12. County or Parish
		13. State
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No of acres in lease	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.	19. Proposed Depth	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	22. Approximate date work will start*	23. Estimated duration
24. Attachments		

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan. | 5. Operator certification. |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM. |

25. Signature	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date
Title		
Approved by (Signature)	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date
Title	Office	

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)



INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the well, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionally drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service well or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM connects this information to an evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Connection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

0. SHL: SESW / 150 FSL / 2053 FWL / TWSP: 21S / RANGE: 32E / SECTION: 33 / LAT: 32.4283407 / LONG: -103.6816464 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet)
PPP: SESW / 100 FSL / 2260 FWL / TWSP: 21S / RANGE: 32E / SECTION: 33 / LAT: 32.4282053 / LONG: -103.6810096 (TVD: 10875 feet, MD: 10896 feet)
PPP: SESW / 0 FSL / 2259 FWL / TWSP: 21S / RANGE: 32E / SECTION: 28 / LAT: 32.4424491 / LONG: -103.6809691 (TVD: 11108 feet, MD: 16170 feet)
BHL: NESW / 2543 FSL / 2260 FWL / TWSP: 21S / RANGE: 32E / SECTION: 28 / LAT: 32.4494437 / LONG: -103.6809651 (TVD: 11090 feet, MD: 18712 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: PAMELLA HERNANDEZ
Title: LIE
Phone: (575) 234-5954
Email: PHERNANDEZ@BLM.GOV

CONFIDENTIAL

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

CONFIDENTIAL

C-102 Submit Electronically Via OCD Permitting	State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION	Revised July 9, 2024	
		Submittal Type:	☒ Initial Submittal
			☐ Amended Report
		☐ As Drilled	

WELL LOCATION INFORMATION

API Number 30-025-53422	Pool Code 5695	Pool Name BILBREY BASIN; BONE SPRING
Property Code 336223	Property Name LOBO 33/28 FED COM	Well Number 564H
OGRID No. 14744	Operator Name MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY	Ground Level Elevation 3785'
Surface Owner: ☐ State ☐ Fee ☐ Tribal ☒ Federal		Mineral Owner: ☐ State ☐ Fee ☐ Tribal ☒ Federal

Surface Location

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
N	33	21S	32E		150 FSL	2053 FWL	32.4283407	103.6816464	LEA

Bottom Hole Location

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
K	28	21S	32E		2543 FSL	2260 FWL	32.4494372	103.6809651	LEA

Dedicated Acres 280	Infill or Defining Well	Defining Well API	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N)	Consolidation Code
Order Numbers.			Well setbacks are under Common Ownership: ☐ Yes ☐ No	

Kick Off Point (KOP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
N	33	21S	32E		10 FSL	2260 FWL	32.4279580	103.6809773	LEA

First Take Point (FTP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
N	33	21S	32E		100 FSL	2260 FWL	32.4282054	103.6809772	LEA

Last Take Point (LTP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
K	28	21S	32E		2543 FSL	2260 FWL	32.4494372	103.6809651	LEA

Unitized Area or Area of Uniform Interest	Spacing Unit Type ☒ Horizontal ☐ Vertical	Ground Floor Elevation:
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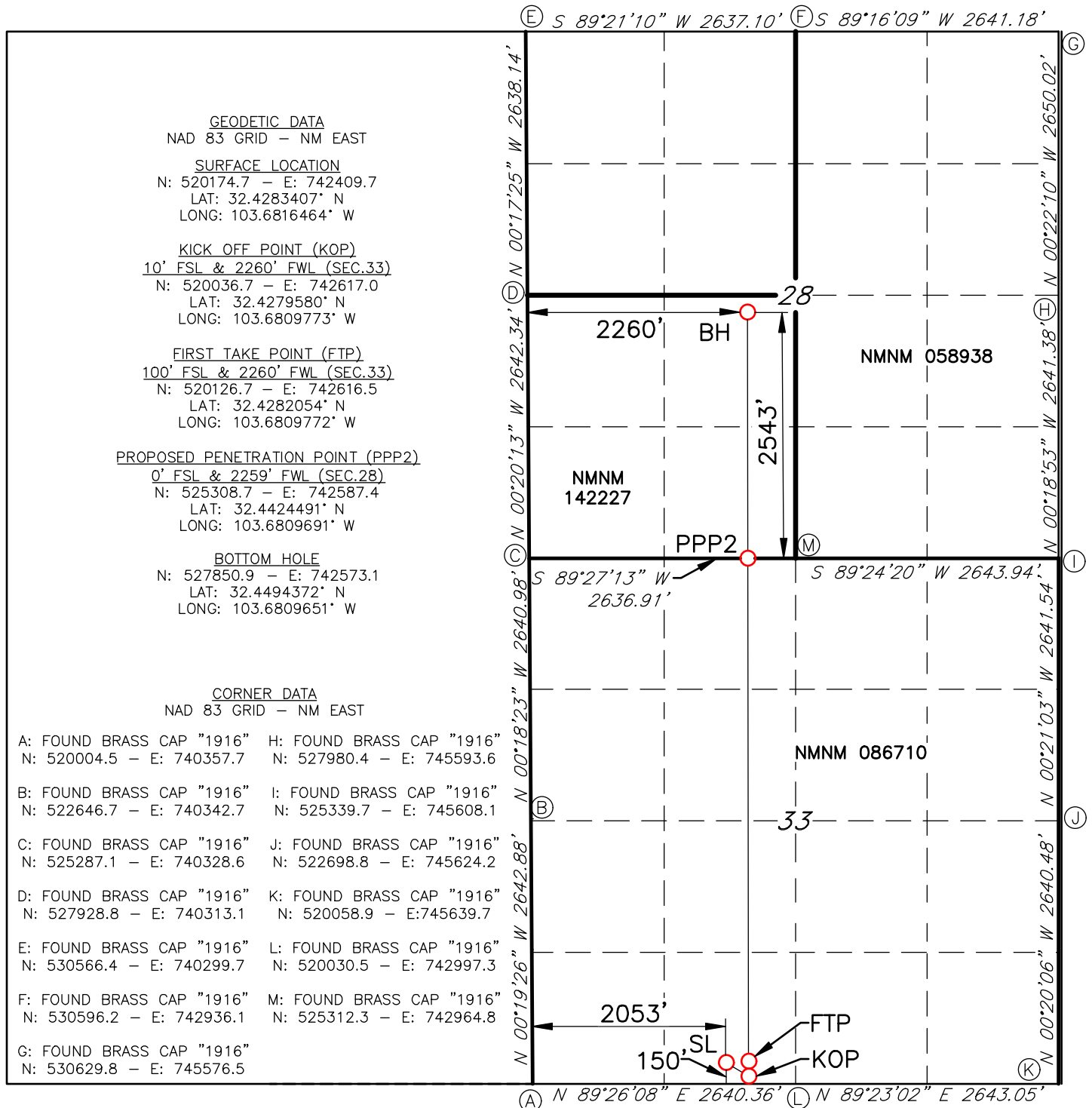
OPERATOR CERTIFICATIONS <i>I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and, if the well is a vertical or directional well, that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.</i> <i>If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has received the consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.</i> <i>Conner Whitley</i> 08/23/2024 Signature Date Conner Whitley Printed Name cwhitley@mewbourne.com Email Address		SURVEYOR CERTIFICATIONS <i>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.</i> Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor Certificate Number Date of Survey	
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Note: No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

ACREAGE DEDICATION PLATS

This grid represents a standard section. You may superimpose a non-standard section, or larger area, over this grid. Operators must outline the dedicated acreage in a red box, clearly show the well surface location and bottom hole location, if it is directionally drilled, with the dimensions from the section lines in the cardinal directions. If this is a horizontal wellbore show on this plat the location of the First Take Point and Last Take Point, and the point within the Completed interval (other than the First Take Point or Last Take Point) that is closest to any outer boundary of the tract.

Surveyors shall use the latest United States government survey or dependent resurvey. Well locations will be in reference to the New Mexico Principal Meridian. If the land is not surveyed, contact the OCD Engineering Bureau. Independent subdivision surveys will not be acceptable.



State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources DepartmentSubmit Electronically
Via E-permittingOil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505**NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN**

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

Section 1 – Plan Description**Effective May 25, 2021****I. Operator:** Mewbourne Oil Co. **OGRID:** 14744 **Date:** 5/2/24**II. Type:** ☒ Original ☐ Amendment due to ☐ 19.15.27.9.D(6)(a) NMAC ☐ 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NMAC ☐ Other.

If Other, please describe: _____

III. Well(s): Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D	Anticipated Gas MCF/D	Anticipated Produced Water BBL/D
LOBO 33/28 FED COM 564H		N 33 21S 32E	150' FSL x 2053' FV/L	2000	3500	3500

IV. Central Delivery Point Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM 564H [See 19.15.27.9(D)(1) NMAC]**V. Anticipated Schedule:** Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement Date	Initial Flow Back Date	First Production Date
LOBO 33/28 FED COM 564H		9/10/24	9/30/24	10/30/24	11/15/24	11/15/24

VI. Separation Equipment: ☒ Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.**VII. Operational Practices:** ☒ Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.**VIII. Best Management Practices:** ☒ Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

Section 2 – Enhanced Plan
EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

☒ Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in

XI. Map. ☐ Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system ☐ will ☐ will not have capacity to gather 100% of the anticipated natural gas production volume from the well prior to the date of first production.

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator ☐ does ☐ does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

☐ Attach Operator's plan to manage production in response to the increased line pressure.

XIV. Confidentiality: ☐ Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

Section 3 - Certifications

Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

☒ Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

☐ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system.

If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:

Well Shut-In. ☐ Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

Venting and Flaring Plan. ☐ Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- (b) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

(a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

(b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.

2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

Page 8

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature:	<i>Bradley Bishop</i>
Printed Name:	BRADLEY BISHOP
Title:	REGULATORY MANAGER
E-mail Address:	BBISHOP@MEWBOURNE.COM
Date:	5/2/24
Phone:	575-393-5905
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)	
Approved By:	
Title:	
Approval Date:	
Conditions of Approval:	

Mewbourne Oil Company

Natural Gas Management Plan – Attachment

- VI. Separation equipment will be sized by construction engineering staff based on stated manufacturer daily throughput capacities and anticipated daily production rates to ensure adequate capacity. Closed vent system piping, compression needs, and VRUs will be sized utilizing ProMax modelling software to ensure adequate capacity for anticipated production volumes and conditions.
- VII. Mewbourne Oil Company (MOC) will take following actions to comply with the regulations listed in 19.15.27.8 :
- A. MOC will maximize the recovery of natural gas by minimizing the waste, as defined by 19.15.2 NMAC, of natural gas through venting and flaring. MOC will ensure that well(s) will be connected to a natural gas gathering system with sufficient capacity to transport natural gas. If there is no adequate takeaway for the gas, well(s) will be shut in until the natural gas gathering system is available.
 - B. All drilling operations will be equipped with a rig flare located at least 100 ft from the nearest surface hole. Rig flare will be utilized to combust any natural gas that is brought to surface during normal drilling operations. In the case of emergency venting or flaring the volumes will be estimated and reported appropriately.
 - C. During completion operations any natural gas brought to surface will be flared. Immediately following the finish of completion operations, all well flow will be directed to permanent separation equipment. Produced natural gas from separation equipment will be sent to sales. It is not anticipated that gas will not meet pipeline standards. However, if natural gas does not meet gathering pipeline quality specifications, MOC will flare the natural gas for 60 days or until the natural gas meets the pipeline quality specifications, whichever is sooner. MOC will ensure that the flare is sized properly and is equipped with automatic igniter or continuous pilot. The gas sample will analyzed twice per week and the gas will be routed into a gathering system as soon as pipeline specifications are met.
 - D. Natural gas will not be flared with the exceptions and provisions listed in the 19.15.27.8 D.(1) through (4). If there is no adequate takeaway for the separator gas, well(s) will be shut in until the natural gas gathering system is available with exception of emergency or malfunction situations. Venting and/or flaring volumes will be estimated and reported appropriately.
 - E. MOC will comply with the performance standards requirements and provisions listed in 19.15.27.8 E.(1) through (8). All equipment will be designed and sized to handle maximum anticipated pressures and throughputs in order to minimize the waste. Production storage tanks constructed after May 25, 2021 will be equipped with automatic gauging system. Flares constructed after May 25, 2021 will be equipped with automatic igniter or continuous pilot. Flares will be located at least 100' from the well and storage tanks unless otherwise approved by the division. MOC will conduct AVO inspections as described in 19.15.27.8 E (5) (a) with frequencies specified in 19.15.27.8 E (5) (b) and (c). All emergencies will be resolved as quickly and safely as feasible to minimize waste.
 - F. The volume of natural gas that is vented or flared as the result of malfunction or emergency during drilling and completions operations will be estimated. The volume of natural gas that is vented, flared or beneficially used during production operations, will be measured or estimated. MOC will install equipment to measure

the volume of natural gas flared from existing process piping or a flowline piped from equipment such as high pressure separators, heater treaters, or vapor recovery units associated with a well or facility associated with a well authorized by an APD issued after May 25, 2021 that has an average daily production greater than 60 Mcf/day. If metering is not practicable due to circumstances such as low flow rate or low pressure venting and flaring, MOC will estimate the volume of vented or flared natural gas. Measuring equipment will conform to industry standards and will not be designed or equipped with a manifold that allows the diversion of natural gas around the metering element except for the sole purpose of inspecting and servicing the measurement equipment.

- VIII. For maintenance activities involving production equipment and compression, venting will be limited to the depressurization of the subject equipment to ensure safe working conditions. For maintenance of production and compression equipment the associated producing wells will be shut in to eliminate venting. For maintenance of VRUs all gas normally routed to the VRU will be routed to flare to eliminate venting.



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

08/23/2024

APD ID: 10400099334

Submission Date: 06/27/2024

Highlighted data
reflects the most
recent changes

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

[Show Final Text](#)

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
13997803	UNKNOWN	3801	28	28	OTHER : Topsoil	NONE	N
13997817	RUSTLER	3048	753	753	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	USEABLE WATER	N
13997804	TOP SALT	2719	1082	1082	SALT	NONE	N
13997806	BASE OF SALT	-586	4387	4387	SALT	NONE	N
13997807	LAMAR	-1011	4812	4812	DOLOMITE, LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997808	BELL CANYON	-1106	4907	4907	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997810	MANZANITA	-2176	5977	5977	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997812	BRUSHY CANYON	-4676	8477	8477	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997813	BONE SPRING	-4966	8767	8767	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997814	BONE SPRING 1ST	-5966	9767	9767	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
13997815	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6631	10432	10432	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
13997816	BONE SPRING 3RD	-7126	10927	10927	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 18712

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams, Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to the choke manifold. See attached for hydrostatic test chart. Anchors are not required by manufacturer. Variance is requested to use a multi bowl wellhead. Variance is requested to perform break testing according to attached procedure. If a breaktesting variance is approved & incorporated, API Standard 53 will be incorporated and

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater, will be performed.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR Part 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

- Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_5M_BOPE_Choke_Diagram_20240626152512.pdf
- Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_Flex_Line_Specs_API_16C_20240626152517.pdf
- Flex_Line_Specs_20240626152523.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

- Mewbourne_Break_Testing_Variance_20240515074532.pdf
- Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_5M_BOPE_Schematic_20240626152547.pdf
- Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_Multi_Bowl_WH_20240626152558.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	790	0	790	3785	2995	790	H-40	48	ST&C	2.18	4.9	DRY	8.49	DRY	14.27
2	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	3385	0	3385	-8529	400	3385	J-55	36	LT&C	1.13	1.96	DRY	2.63	DRY	3.27
3	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	3385	4307	3385	4307	401	-522	922	J-55	40	LT&C	1.13	1.73	DRY	10.28	DRY	12.45
4	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	N	4307	4650	4307	4650	-507	-865	343	L-80	40	LT&C	1.25	2.33	DRY	53.72	DRY	66.76
5	PRODUCTION	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	0	10571	0	10567	-8529	-6782	10571	P-110	26	LT&C	1.17	1.88	DRY	2.52	DRY	3.02
6	LINER	6.125	4.5	NEW	API	N	10371	18712	10355	11140	-6570	-7355	8341	P-110	13.5	LT&C	1.84	2.14	DRY	3	DRY	3.75

Casing Attachments

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COMWell Number: 564H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1StringSURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152637.pdf

Casing ID: 2StringINTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152625.pdf

Casing ID: 3StringINTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152757.pdf

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4	String	INTERMEDIATE
Inspection Document:		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String Spec:		
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):		
Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152739.pdf		
Casing ID: 5	String	PRODUCTION
Inspection Document:		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String Spec:		
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):		
Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152656.pdf		
Casing ID: 6	String	LINER
Inspection Document:		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String Spec:		
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):		
Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CsgAssumptions_20240626152726.pdf		

Section 4 - Cement

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SURFACE	Lead		0	601	400	2.12	12.5	850	100	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
SURFACE	Tail		601	790	200	1.34	14.8	268	100	Class C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	3965	730	2.12	12.5	1550	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		3965	4650	200	1.34	14.8	268	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	6000	4150	5300	100	2.12	12.5	220	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, Defoamer, LCM
PRODUCTION	Tail		5300	6000	100	1.34	14.8	134	25	Class C	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
PRODUCTION	Lead	6000	6000	8125	190	2.12	12.5	410	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		8125	10571	400	1.18	15.6	472	25	Class H	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
LINER	Lead		10371	18712	530	1.85	13.5	990	25	Class H	Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-Settling Agent

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR Part 3172. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3172.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COMWell Number: 564H

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	790	SPUD MUD	8.4	8.6							
790	4650	SALT SATURATED	9.5	10.2							
4650	10571	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.7							
10571	18712	OIL-BASED MUD	8.6	10							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

No logs are planned based on well control or offset log information. Offset Well: Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #704H

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY, MEASUREMENT WHILE DRILLING, MUD LOG/GEOLOGIC LITHOLOGY LOG, GAMMA RAY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5764

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 3320

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 140

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_H2S_Plan_20240626153041.pdf

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY**Well Name:** LOBO 33/28 FED COM**Well Number:** 564H

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_Dir_Plan_20240626153058.pdf

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_Dir_Plot_20240626153101.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Variance is requested to perform offline cementing according to the attached procedure. R-111Q Varaince:

Variance is requested to perform Open Hole

Cementing Variance per R-111Q Guidelines if well is in Potash.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_AddInfo_20240626153109.pdf

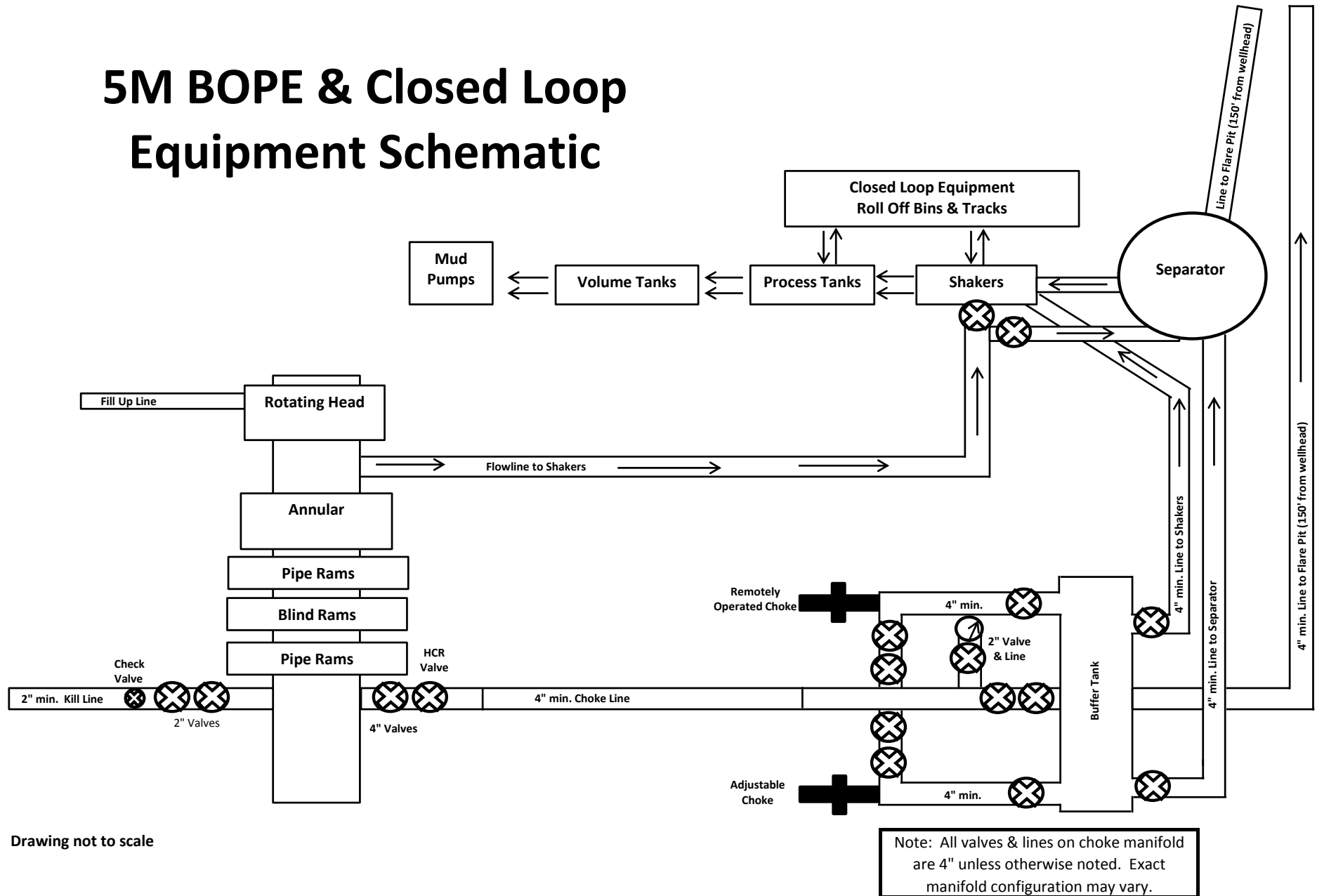
Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_Drlg_Program_20240626153113.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

Mewbourne_Offline_Cementing_Variance_20240624143604.pdf

Mewbourne_Break_Testing_Variance_20240626153137.pdf

5M BOPE & Closed Loop Equipment Schematic



Drawing not to scale

LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

HYDROSTATIC TESTING REPORT

LTTY/QR-5.7.1-28

No: 230826015

Product Name	Choke And Kill Hose	Standard	API Spec 16C 3 rd edition
Product Specification	3"×10000psi×60ft (18.29m)	Serial Number	7660144
Inspection Equipment	MTU-BS-1600-3200-E	Test medium	Water
Inspection Department	Q.C. Department	Inspection Date	2023.08.26

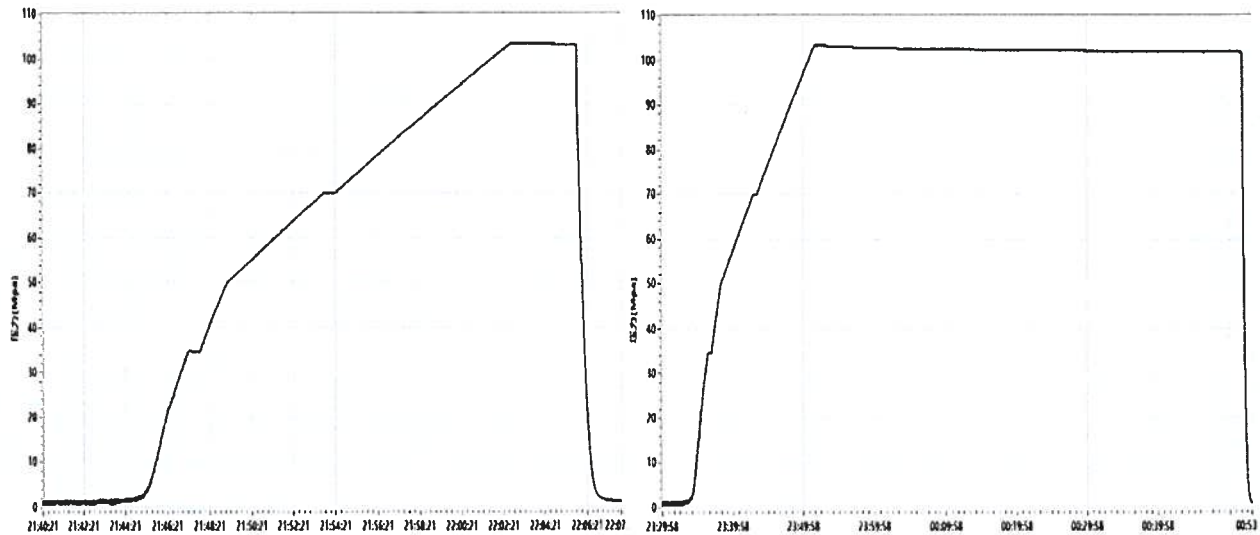
Rate of length change

Standard requirements	At working pressure ,the rate of length change should not more than $\pm 2\%$
Testing result	10000psi (69.0MPa) ,Rate of length change 0.7%

Hydrostatic testing

Standard requirements	At 1.5 times working pressure, the initial pressure-holding period of not less than three minutes, the second pressure-holding period of not less than one hour, no leaks.
Testing result	15000psi (103.5MPa), 3 min for the first time, 60 min for the second time, no leakage

Graph of pressure testing:



Conclusion	The inspected items meet standard requirements of API Spec 16C 3 rd edition				
Approver	Jiaolong Chen	Auditor	Huiling Dong	Inspector	Zhanheng Wang

LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

CERTIFICATE OF QUALITY

LTTY/QR-5.7.1-19B

No: LT2023-126-002

Customer Name	Austin Hose		
Product Name	Choke And Kill Hose		
Product Specification	3"×10000psi×60ft (18.29m)	Quantity	2PCS
Serial Number	7660143~7660144	FSL	FSL3
Temperature Range	-29℃~+121℃	Standard	API Spec 16C 3 rd edition
Inspection Department	Q.C. Department	Inspection date	2023.08.26

Inspection Items		Inspection results	
Appearance Checking		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
Size and Lengths		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
Dimensions and Tolerances		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
End Connections: 4-1/16"×10000psi Integral flange for sour gas service		In accordance with API Spec 6A 21 st edition	
End Connections: 4-1/16"×10000psi Integral flange for sour gas service		In accordance with API Spec 17D 3 rd edition	
Hydrostatic Testing		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
product Marking		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
Inspection conclusion		The inspected items meet standard requirements of API Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
Remarks			
Approver	Jiaolong Chen	Auditor	Huiling Dong
		Inspector	Zhansheng Wang

LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

№:LT230826016

Product Name: Choke And Kill Hose

Product Specification: 3"×10000psi×60ft (18.29m)

Serial Number: 7660143~7660144

End Connections: 4-1/16"×10000psi Integral flange for sour gas service

The Choke And Kill Hose assembly was produced by LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD . in Aug 2023, and inspected by LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. according to API Spec 16C 3rd edition on Aug 26, 2023. The overall condition is good. This is to certify that the Choke And Kill Hose complies with all current standards and specifications for API Spec 16C 3rd edition .

QC Manager:

Jianlong Chen

Date:Aug 26, 2023



GATES E & S NORTH AMERICA, INC.
134 44TH STREET
CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS 78405

PHONE: 361-887-9807
FAX: 361-887-0812
EMAIL: Tim.Cantu@gates.com
WEB: www.gates.com

10K CEMENTING ASSEMBLY PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE

Customer :	AUSTIN DISTRIBUTING	Test Date:	4/30/2015
Customer Ref. :	4060578	Hose Serial No.:	D-043015-7
Invoice No. :	500506	Created By:	JUSTIN CROPPER
Product Description:	10K3.548.0CK4.1/1610KFLGE/E LE		
End Fitting 1 :	4 1/16 10K FLG	End Fitting 2 :	4 1/16 10K FLG
Gates Part No. :	4773-6290	Assembly Code :	L36554102914D-043015-7
Working Pressure :	10,000 PSI	Test Pressure :	15,000 PSI

Gates E & S North America, Inc. certifies that the following hose assembly has been tested to the Gates Oilfield Roughneck Agreement/Specification requirements and passed the 15 minute hydrostatic test per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Edition, June 2010, Test pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 to 15,000 psi in accordance with this product number. Hose burst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the minimum of 2.5 times the working pressure per Table 9.

Quality Manager :

Date :

Signature :

QUALITY
4/30/2015
<i>Justin Cropper</i>

Production:

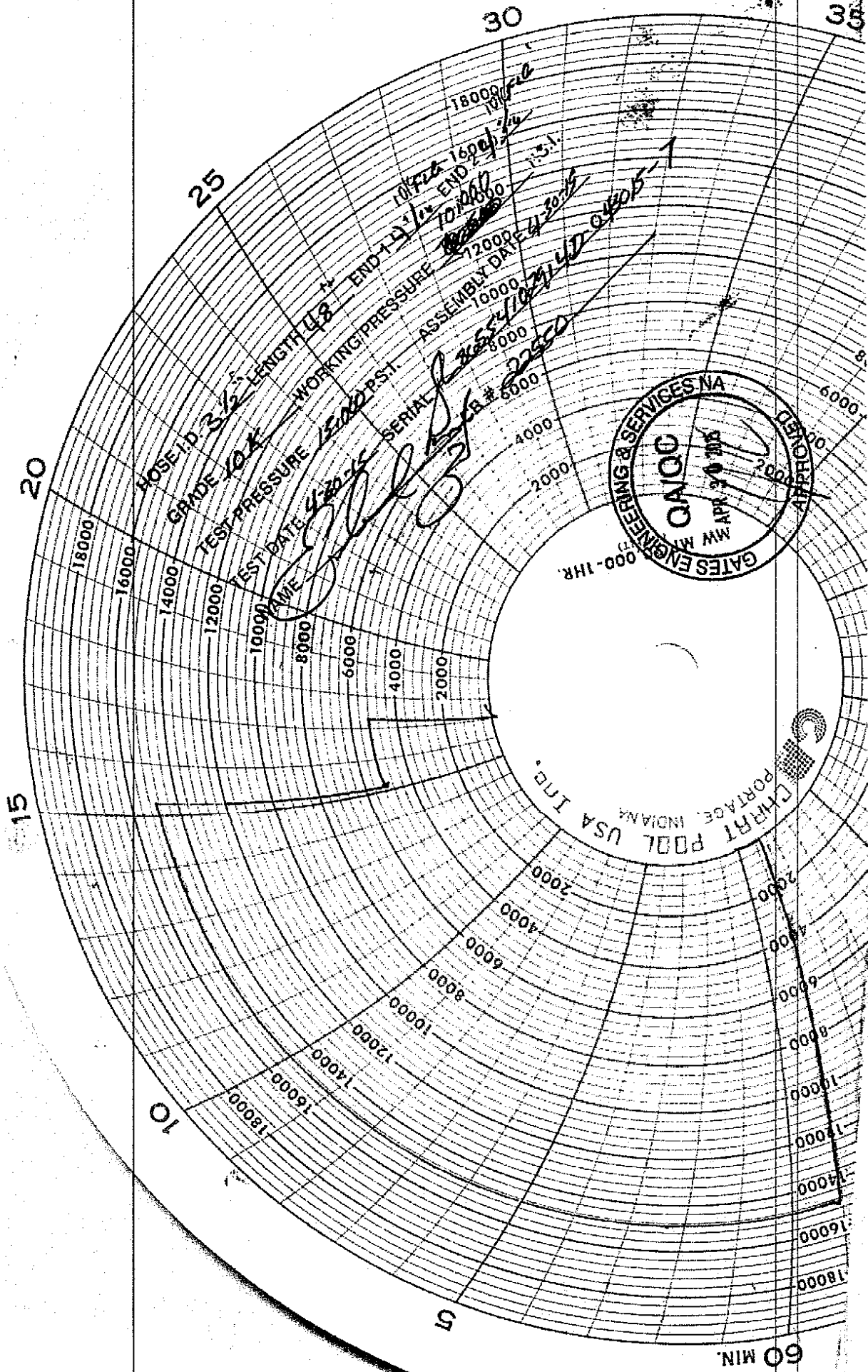
Date :

Signature :

PRODUCTION
4/30/2015
<i>Justin Cropper</i>

Form-PTC - 01 Rev.02







Mewbourne Oil Co.

BOP Break Testing Variance

Mewbourne Oil Company requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of 43 CFR 3172 to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with batch drilling & offline cementing operations. Modern rig upgrades which facilitate pad drilling allow the BOP stack to be moved between wells on a multi-well pad without breaking any BOP stack components apart. Widespread use of these technologies has led to break testing BOPE being endorsed as safe and reliable. American Petroleum Institute (API) best practices are frequently used by regulators to develop their regulations. API Standard 53, *Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells* (5th Ed., Dec. 2018) Section 5.3.7.1 states "A pressure test of the pressure containing component shall be performed following the disconnection or repair, limited to the affected component."

Procedures

1. Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
 - Full BOPE test at least every 21 days.
 - Function test BOP elements per 43 CFR 3172.
 - Contact the BLM if a well control event occurs.
2. After the well section is secured and the well is confirmed to be static, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad. Two breaks on the BOPE will be made (Fig. 1).
 - Connection between the flex line and the HCR valve
 - Connection between the wellhead and the BOP quick connect (Fig. 5 & 6).
3. A capping flange will be installed after cementing per wellhead vendor procedure & casing pressure will be monitored via wellhead valve.
4. The BOP will be removed and carried by a hydraulic carrier (Fig. 3 & 4).
5. The rig will then walk to the next well.
6. Confirm that the well is static and remove the capping flange.
7. The connection between the flex line and HCR valve and the connection between the wellhead and the BOP quick connect will be reconnected.
8. Install a test plug into the wellhead.
9. A test will then be conducted against the upper pipe rams and choke, testing both breaks (Fig. 1 & 2).
10. The test will be held at 250 psi low and to the high value submitted in the APD, not to exceed 5000 psi.
11. The annular, blind rams and lower pipe rams will then be function tested.
12. If a pad consists of three or more wells, steps 4 through 11 will be repeated.



13. A break test will only be conducted if the intermediate section can be drilled and cased within 21 days of the last full BOPE test.

Barriers

Before Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff

After Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff
- Offline cementing tool and/or cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

Summary

A variance is requested to only test broken pressure seals on the BOPE when moving between wells on a multi-well pad if the following conditions are met:

- A full BOPE test is conducted on the first well on the pad. API Standard 53 requires testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater.
- If the first well on the pad is not the well with the deepest intermediate section, a full BOPE test will also be performed when moving to a deeper well.
- The hole section being drilled has a MASP under 5000 psi.
- If a well control event occurs, Mewbourne will contact BLM for permission to continue break testing.
- If significant (>50%) losses occur, full BOPE testing will be required going forward.
- Full BOPE test will be required prior to drilling the production hole.

While walking the rig, the BOP stack will be secured via hydraulic winch or hydraulic carrier. A full BOPE test will be performed at least every 21 days.

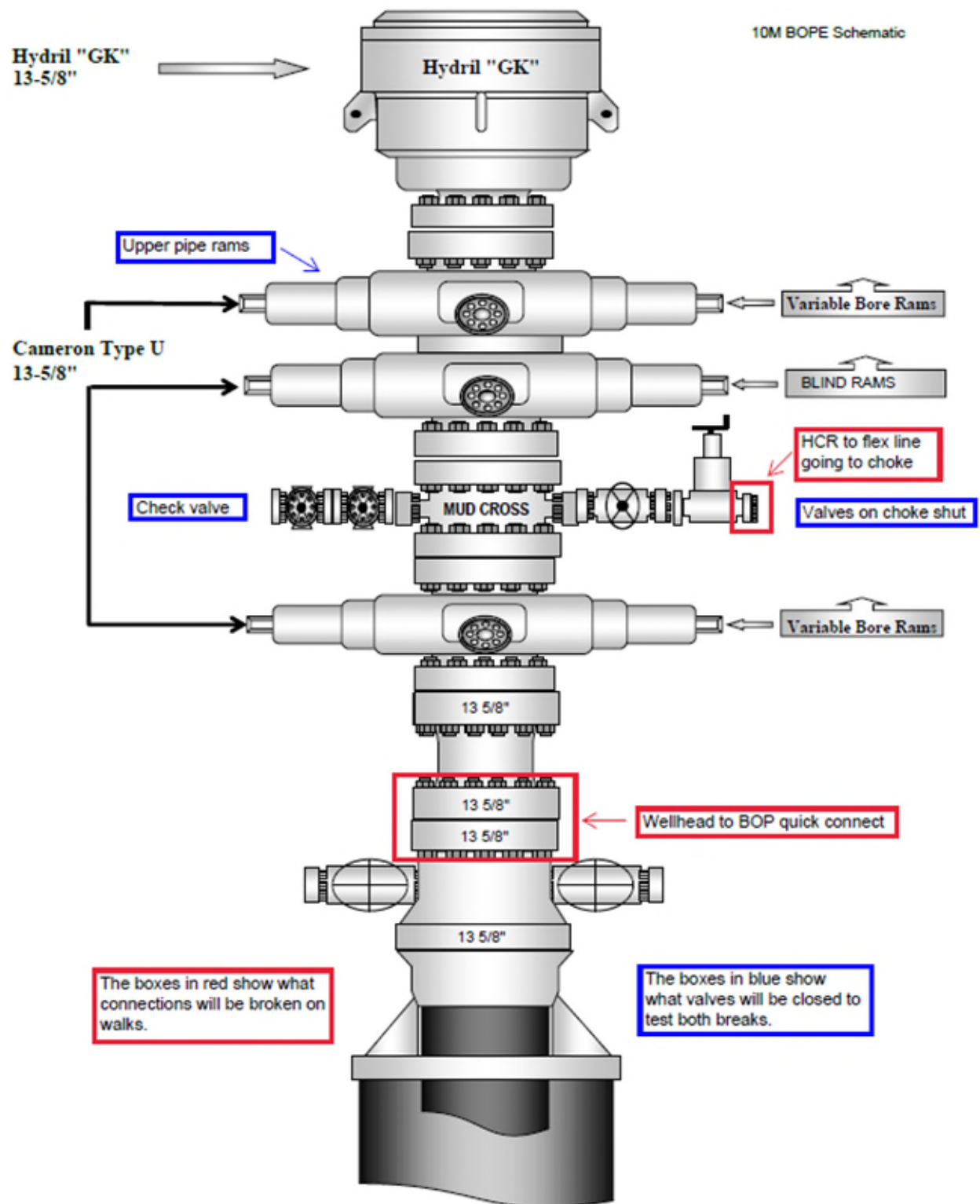


Figure 1. BOP diagram



5M BOPE & Closed Loop Equipment Schematic

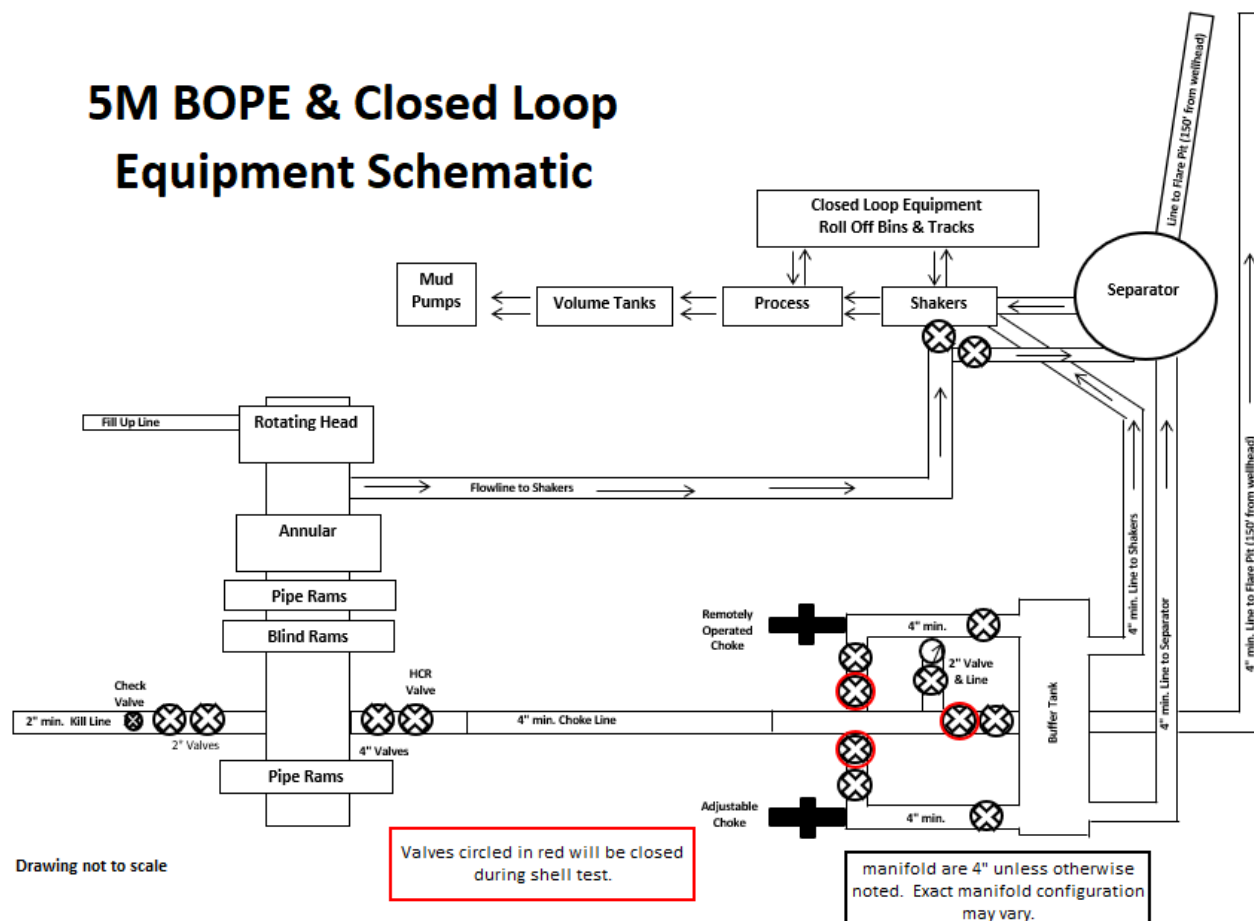


Figure 2. BOPE diagram

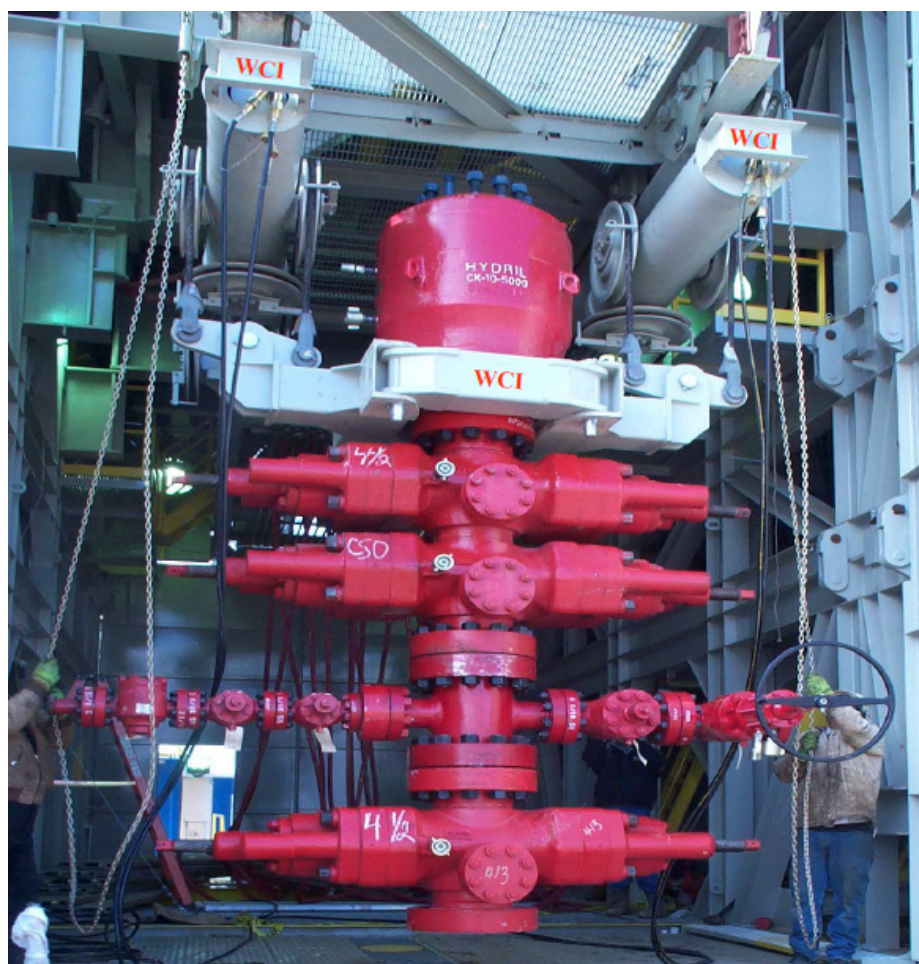


Figure 3. BOP handling system



Figure 4. BOP handling system

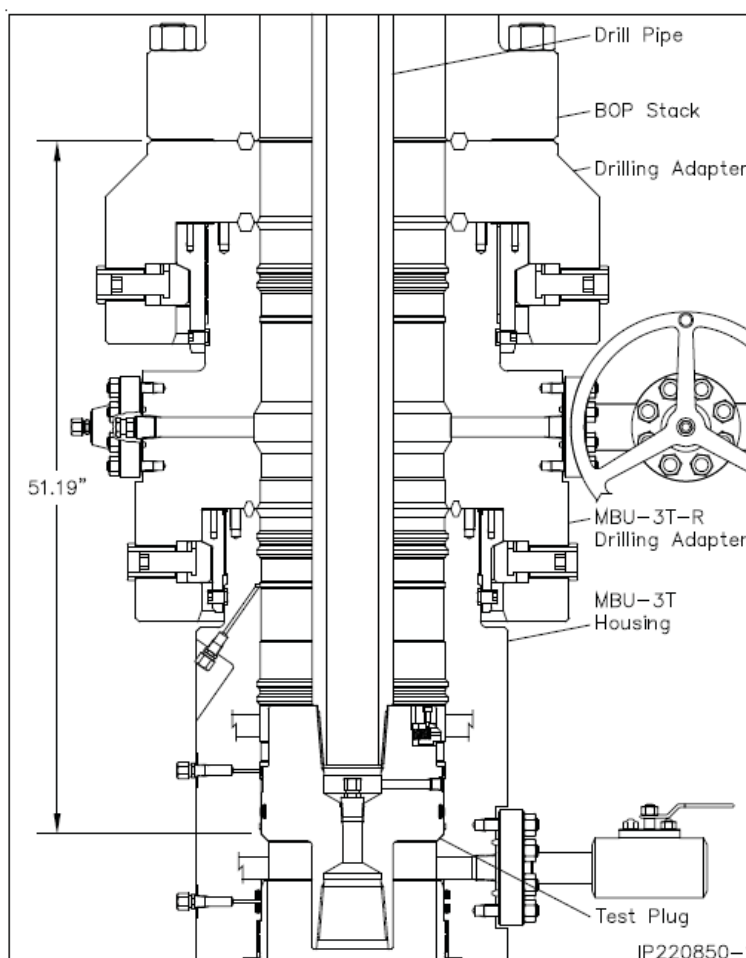


Figure 5. Cactus 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect

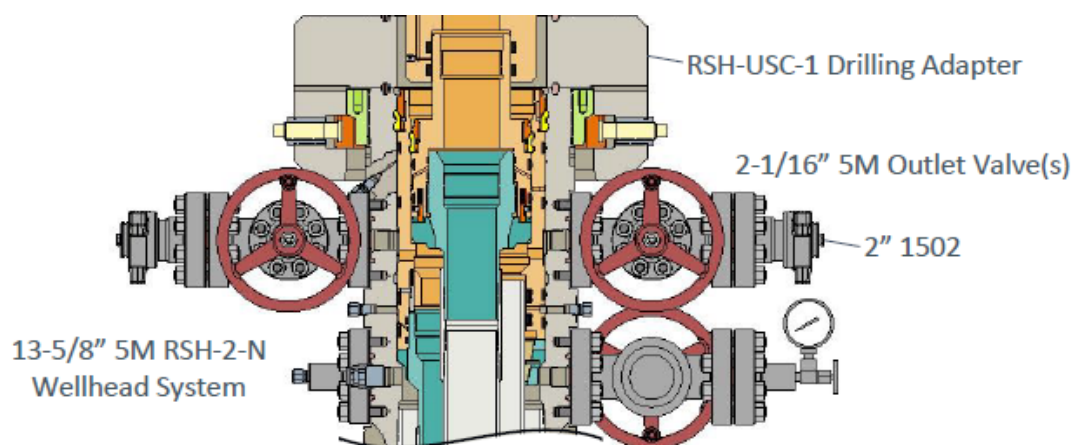
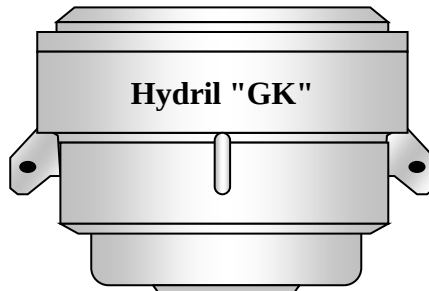
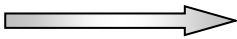


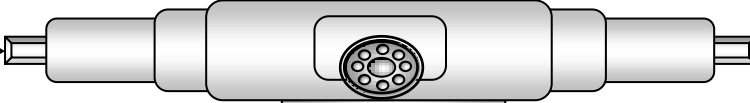
Figure 6. Vault 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect

Hydril "GK"
13 5/8" 5M

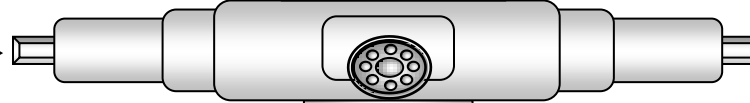


Hydril "GK"

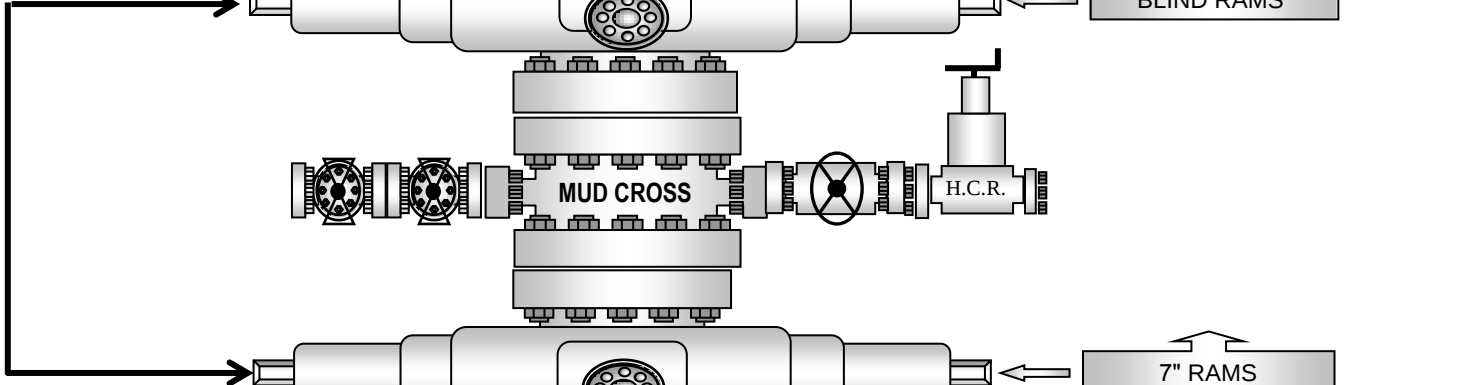
Cameron Type U
13 5/8" 5M



VARIABLE BORE RAMS



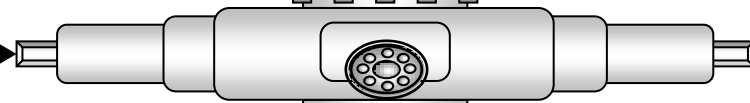
BLIND RAMS



MUD CROSS



H.C.R.



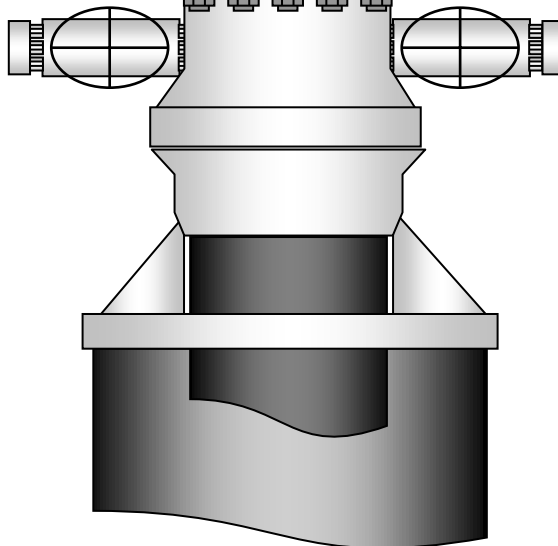
7" RAMS

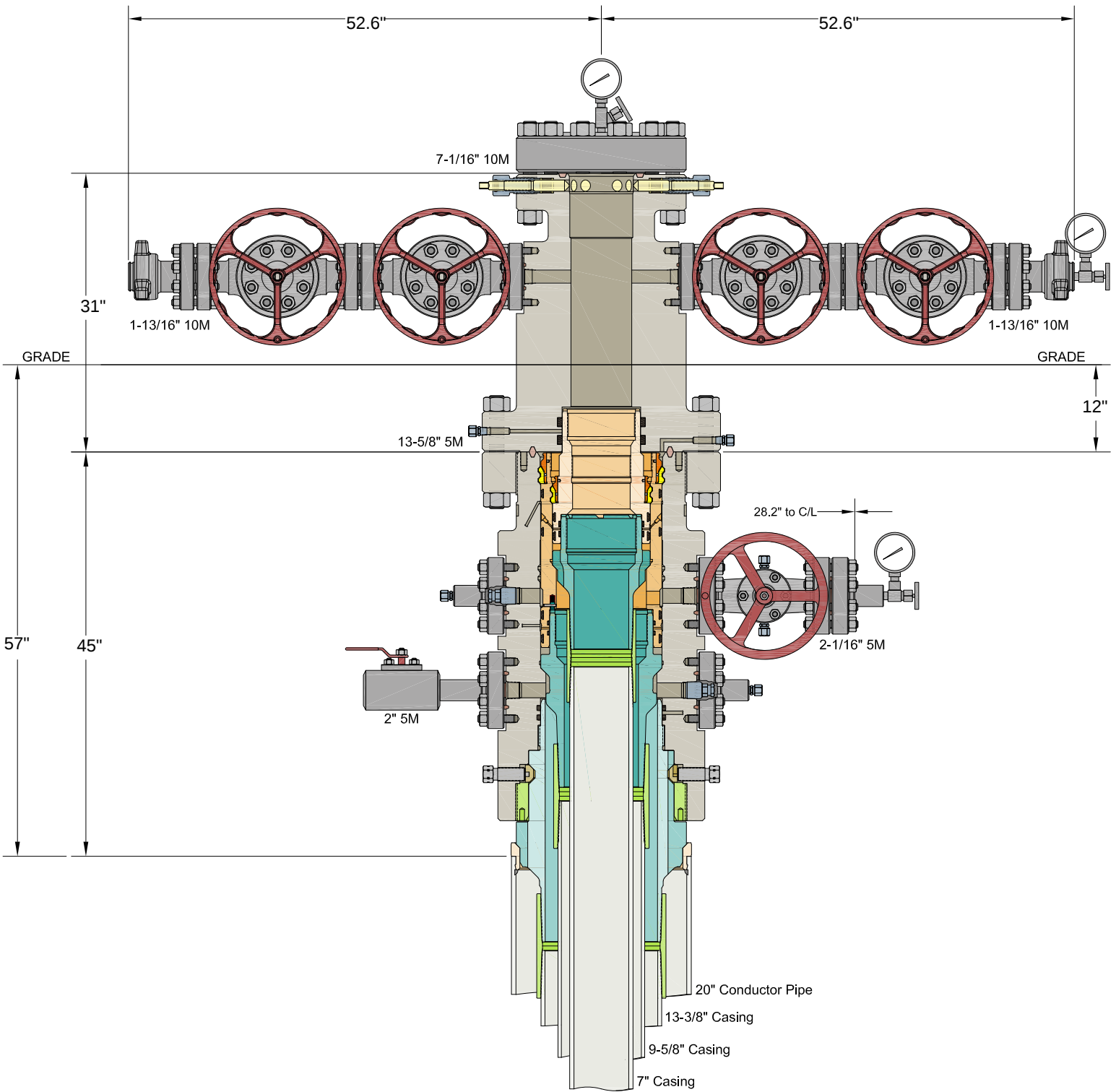


13 5/8" 5M

13 5/8" 5M

13 5/8" 5M





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ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC

MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY
NEW MEXICO

20" x 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" x 7" MBU-3T-CFL-R-DBLO Wellhead System
With 9-5/8" & 7" Fluted Mandrel Casing Hangers
And 13-5/8" 5M x 7-1/16" 10M CTH-DBLHPS Tubing Head

DRAWN	DLE	18APR22
APPRV		
DRAWING NO.	HBE0000660	

Casing Program Design A						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
									1.8 Wet	1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	790'	790'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	2.18	4.90	8.49	14.27
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	3385'	3385'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	1.13	1.96	2.63	3.27
Int	12.25"	3385'	3385'	4307"	4307"	9.625" 40# J55 LTC	1.13	1.73	10.28	12.45
Int	12.25"	4307'	4307'	4650"	4650"	9.625" 40# L80 LTC	1.25	2.33	53.72	66.76
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	10571'	10567"	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.17	1.87	2.52	3.02
Liner	6.125"	10371'	10355'	18712'	11140'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.84	2.14	3.00	3.75

Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft³/sack	TOC/BOC	Volume ft³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13.375 in	LEAD	400	12.5	2.12	0' - 601'	850	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	601' - 790'	268		Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	730	12.5	2.12	0' - 3965'	1550	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	3965' - 4650'	268		Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	190	12.5	2.12	6000' - 8125'	410	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	8125' - 10571'	472		Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
7" DV Tool @ 6000'								
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	100	12.5	2.12	4150' - 5300'	220	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	5300' - 6000'	134		Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	530	13.5	1.85	10371' - 18712'	990	25%	Class H: Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-settling Agent

Design A - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 790'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
790' - 4650'	9.5 - 10.2	Brine
4650' - 10571'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
10571' - 18712'	8.6 - 10.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler	753'	Usable Water	Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	4812'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	1082'	None	Bell Canyon	4907'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	4387'	None	Cherry Canyon		
Yates			Manzanita Marker	5977'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Basal Brushy Canyon	8477'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			Bone Spring	8767'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			1st Bone Spring	9767'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			2nd Bone Spring	10432'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			3rd Bone Spring	10927'	Oil/Natural Gas
Glorieta			Wolfcamp	11491'	Oil/Natural Gas

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3170 Subpart 3172. Must have table for contingency casing.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	Y
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	Y
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company, Lobo 33/28 Fed Com 564H

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)

BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)

Casing Program Design B						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Drv 1.8 Wet	1.6 Drv 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	790'	790'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	2.18	4.90	8.49	14.27
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	3385'	3385'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	1.13	1.96	2.63	3.27
Int	12.25"	3385'	3385'	4307'	4307'	9.625" 40# J55 LTC	1.13	1.73	10.28	12.45
Int	12.25"	4307'	4307'	4650'	4650'	9.625" 40# L80 LTC	1.25	2.33	53.72	66.76
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	11475'	11140'	7" 26# HCP110 LTC	1.39	1.77	2.32	2.78
Liner	6.125"	10571'	10567"	18712'	11140'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.84	2.14	3.08	3.84

Design B - Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft³/sack	TOC/BOC	Volume ft³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13.375 in	LEAD	400	12.5	2.12	0' - 601'	850	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	601' - 790'	268		Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	730	12.5	2.12	0' - 3965'	1550	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	3965' - 4650'	268		Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	270	12.5	2.12	6000' - 9019'	580	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	9019' - 11475'	472		Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
7" DV Tool @ 6000'								
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	100	12.5	2.12	4150' - 5300'	220	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	5300' - 6000'	134		Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	10571' - 18712'	970	25%	Class H: Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-

Design B - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 790'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
790' - 4650'	9.5 - 10.2	Brine
4650' - 11475'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
11475' - 18712'	8.6 - 10.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler	753'	Usable Water	Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	4812'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	1082'	None	Bell Canyon	4907'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	4387'	None	Cherry Canyon		
Yates			Manzanita Marker	5977'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Basal Brushy Canyon	8477'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			Bone Spring	8767'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			1st Bone Spring	9767'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			2nd Bone Spring	10432'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			3rd Bone Spring	10927'	Oil/Natural Gas
Glorieta			Wolfcamp	11491'	Oil/Natural Gas

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3170 Subpart 3172. Must have table for contingency casing.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	Y
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	Y
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company, Lobo 33/28 Fed Com 564H

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)

BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)

Well Location GL: 3785'

Point	Calls	Leases	Aliquot	Section	Township	Range	County	Lat	Long	TVD	MD
SHL	SHL: 150' FSL & 2053' FWL (Sec 33)	NMNM 86710	SESW	33	21S	33E	Lea	32.4283407	103.6816464	0'	0'
KOP	KOP: 10' FSL & 2260' FWL (Sec 33)	NMNM 86710	SESW	33	21S	33E	Lea	32.4279580	103.6809773	10,567'	10,571'
FTP	FTP: 100' FSL & 2260' FWL (Sec 33)	NMNM 86710	SESW	33	21S	33E	Lea	32.4282053	103.6810096	10,875'	10,896'
PPP2	PPP2: 0' FSL & 2259' FWL (Sec 28)	NMNM 142227	SESW	28	21S	33E	Lea	32.4424491	103.6809691	11,108'	16,170'
BHL	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL (Sec 28)	NMNM 142227	NESW	28	21S	33E	Lea	32.4494372	103.6809651	11,090'	18,712'

GEOLOGY

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Lithology	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Lithology	Mineral Resources
Rustler	753'	Dolomite/Anhydrite	Usable Water	Yeso			
Castile				Delaware (Lamar)	4812'	Limestone/Dolomite	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	1082'	Salt	None	Bell Canyon	4907'	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	4387'	Salt	None	Cherry Canyon			
Yates				Manzanita Marker	5977'	Limestone	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers				Basal Brushy Canyon	8477'	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen				Bone Spring	8767'	Limestone	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan				1st Bone Spring	9767'	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg				2nd Bone Spring	10432'	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres				3rd Bone Spring Carb	10927'		Oil/Natural Gas
Glorietta				3rd Bone Spring	11491'	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas

Casing Program Design A						BLM Minimum Safety Factors		1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
										1.8 Wet	1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst		SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	790'	790'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	2.18	4.90		8.49	14.27
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	3385'	3385'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	1.13	1.96		2.63	3.27
Int	12.25"	3385'	3385'	4307'	4307'	9.625" 40# J55 LTC	1.13	1.73		10.28	12.45
Int	12.25"	4307'	4307'	4650'	4650'	9.625" 40# L80 LTC	1.25	2.33		53.72	66.76
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	10571'	10567'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.17	1.87		2.52	3.02
Liner	6.125"	10371'	10355'	18712'	11140'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.84	2.14		3.00	3.75

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3172. Must have table for contingency casing.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	Y
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	Y
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)

BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)

Design A - Cement Program

Csg. Size		# Sacks	Wt., lb/gal	Yield, ft³/sack	TOC/BOC	Volume, ft³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13.375 in	LEAD	400	12.5	2.12	0' - 601'	850	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	601' - 790'	268		Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	730	12.5	2.12	0' - 3965'	1550	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	3965' - 4650'	268		Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	190	12.5	2.12	6000' - 8125'	410	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	8125' - 10571'	472		Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
7" DV Tool @ 6000'								
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	100	12.5	2.12	4150' - 5300'	220	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	5300' - 6000'	134		Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	530	13.5	1.85	10371' - 18712'	990	25%	Class H: Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-

Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and tested before drilling hole, in:	Size, in	System Rated WP	Type		Tested to:	Rating Depth
12.25	13.375	5M	Annular	X	2500#	18,712'
		5M	Blind Ram	X	5000#	
			Pipe Ram	X		
			Double Ram			
			Other*			

*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams, Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Variance Request: A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to the choke manifold. See attached for hydrostatic test chart. Anchors are not required by manufacturer. Variance is requested to use a multi bowl wellhead. Variance is requested to perform break testing according to attached procedure. If a break testing variance is approved & incorporated, API Standard 53 will be incorporated and testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater, will be performed.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR Part 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

Y	Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR Part 3172. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3172.
N	Mewbourne Oil Company request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Mud Program

Depth (MD)	Mud Wt., lb/gal	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
0' - 790'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
790' - 4650'	9.5 - 10.2	Brine
4650' - 10571'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
10571' - 18712'	8.6 - 10.	OBM

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain of fluid?	Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring
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Mewbourne Oil Company, Lobo 33/28 Fed Com 564H

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)

BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)

Logging and Testing Procedures

Logging, Coring and Testing.	
N	Will run GR/CNL from KOP (10571') to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole). Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
Y	No logs are planned based on well control or offset log information. Offset Well: Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #704H
N	Coring? If yes, explain:

Open & Cased Hole Logs Run In the Well

☐ Caliper	☐ Cement Bond Log	☐ CNL/FDC
☐ Compensated Densilog	☐ Compensated Neutron Log	☐ Computer Generated Log
☐ Dip Meter Log	☒ Directional Survey	☐ Dual Induction/Microresistivity
☐ Dual Lateral Log/Microspherically Focused	☐ Electric Log	☐ Formation Density Compensated Log
☒ Gamma Ray Log	☒ Measurement While Drilling	☐ Mud Log/Geological Lithology Log
☐ Other	☐ Porosity-Resistivity Log	☐ Sidewall Neutron Log
☐ Sonic Log	☐ Spontaneous Potential Log	☐ Temperature Log

Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	5793 psi
BH Temperature	140
Abnormal Temp, Pressure, or Geologic Hazards	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers in surface hole. Weighted mud for possible over-pressure in Wolfcamp formation.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

	H2S is present
X	H2S Plan attached

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)

BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)

Other facets of operation

Mewbourne Oil Company also requests approval to implement Design B as described below. BLM will be notified of elected design.	
Offline Cementing Variance: Variance is requested to perform offline cementing according to the attached procedure. Mewbourne proposes performing Open Hole Cementing per R-111Q Guidelines if well is in Potash.	R-111Q:

Casing Program Design B						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	1.8 Wet	1.8 Wet
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	790'	790'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	2.18	4.90	8.49	14.27
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	3385'	3385'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	1.13	1.96	2.63	3.27
Int	12.25"	3385'	3385'	4307'	4307'	9.625" 40# J55 LTC	1.13	1.73	10.28	12.45
Int	12.25"	4307'	4307'	4650'	4650'	9.625" 40# L80 LTC	1.25	2.33	53.72	66.76
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	11475'	11140'	7" 26# HCP110 LTC	1.39	1.77	2.32	2.78
Liner	6.125"	10571'	10567'	18712'	11140'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.84	2.14	3.08	3.84

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3172. Must have table for contingency casing.

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	Y
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	Y
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Design B - Cement Program

Csg. Size		# Sacks	Wt., lb/gal	Yield, ft³/sack	TOC/BOC	Volume, ft³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13.375 in	LEAD	400	12.5	2.12	0' - 601'	850	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	601' - 790'	268		Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	730	12.5	2.12	0' - 3965'	1550	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	3965' - 4650'	268		Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	270	12.5	2.12	6000' - 9019'	580	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	9019' - 11475'	472		Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
7" DV Tool @ 6000'								
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	100	12.5	2.12	4150' - 5300'	220	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	5300' - 6000'	134		Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	10571' - 18712'	970	25%	Class H: Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-



Mewbourne Oil Co.

Surface & Intermediate Offline Cementing Variance

Mewbourne Oil Company requests a variance to perform offline cementing for surface and intermediate casing strings with the following conditions:

- Offline cementing will not be performed on production casing.
- Offline cementing will not be performed on a hole section with MASP > 5000 psi.
- Offline cementing will not be performed concurrently with offset drilling.

Surface Casing Order of Operations:

1. Run 13 3/8" surface casing as per normal operations (TPGS and float collar).
2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
3. Confirm well is static.
4. Make up 13 5/8" wellhead or wellhead landing ring assembly and land on 20" conductor.
5. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm float(s) are still holding.
6. Confirm well is static.
7. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint.
8. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
9. Make up offline cement tool with forklift per wellhead manufacturer (Fig. 1 & 2).
10. Make up cement head on top of offline cement tool with forklift.
11. Commence cement operations.
12. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 16.
13. If cement does not circulate, notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
14. Use 1" pipe for remedial cement job until the surface casing is cemented to surface.
15. Confirm well is static.
16. Once cement job is complete, the cement head and offline cementing tool are removed. The wellhead technician returns to cellar to install wellhead/valves.
17. Install wellhead capping flange.

Barriers

Before Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus

**After Walk:**

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Offline cementing tool tested to 5000 psi and cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

20" Surface Casing Order of Operations (4 string area):

1. Run 20" surface casing as per normal operations (TPGS and float collar).
2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
3. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm float(s) are still holding.
4. Confirm well is static.
5. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint.
6. Make up cement head.
7. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
8. Commence cement operations.
9. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 13.
10. If cement does not circulate, notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
11. Use 1" pipe for remedial cement job until the surface casing is cemented to surface.
12. Confirm well is static.
13. Once cement job is complete, remove cement head and install cap.

Barriers**Before Walk:**

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Cement Head

After Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Cement head
- Capping flange after cementing



Intermediate Casing Order of Operations:

1. Run casing as per normal operations (float shoe and float collar).
2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
3. Confirm well is static (if running SBM).
4. Land casing.
5. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm floats are still holding.
6. Confirm well is static.
7. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint. Install packoff & test.
8. Nipple down BOP.
9. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
10. Make up offline cement tool using forklift per wellhead manufacturer (Fig. 3 - 8).
11. Make up cement head on top of offline cement tool.
12. Commence cement operations.
13. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 16.
14. If cement does not circulate (when required), notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
15. Pump remedial cement job if required.
16. Confirm well is static.
17. Remove cement head and offline cementing tool.
18. Install wellhead capping flange and test.

Barriers

Before Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff

After Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff
- Offline cementing tool tested to 5000 psi and cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

**Risks:**

- Pressure build up in annulus before cementing
 - Contact BLM if a well control event occurs.
 - Rig up 3rd party pump or rig pumps to pump down casing and kill well.
 - Returns will be taken through the wellhead valves to a choke manifold (Fig 9 & 10).
 - Well could also be killed through the wellhead valves down the annulus.

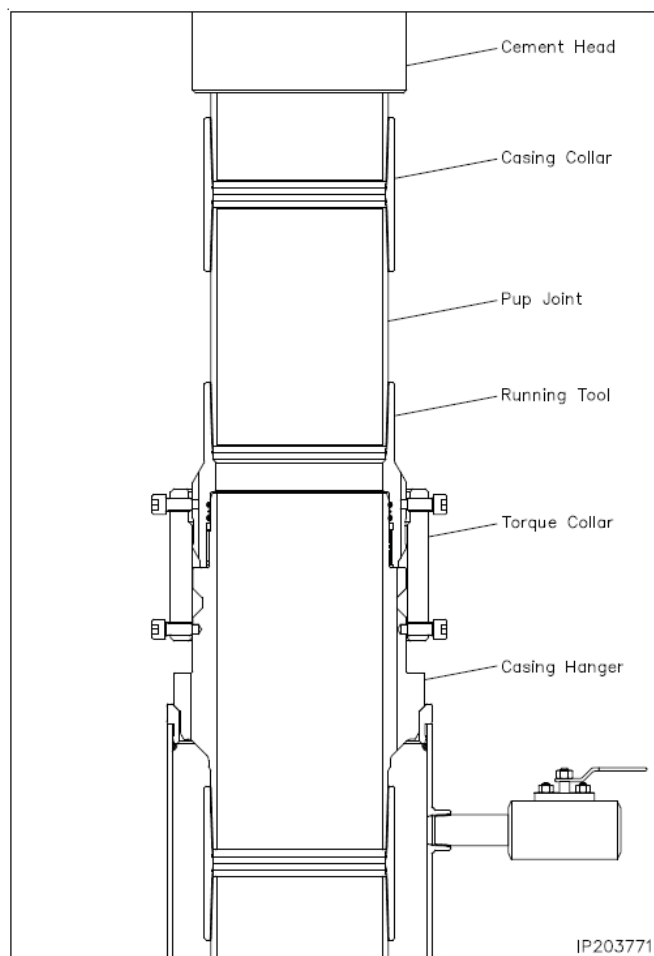


Figure 1. Cactus 13 3/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 13 3/8" pup joint and casing.

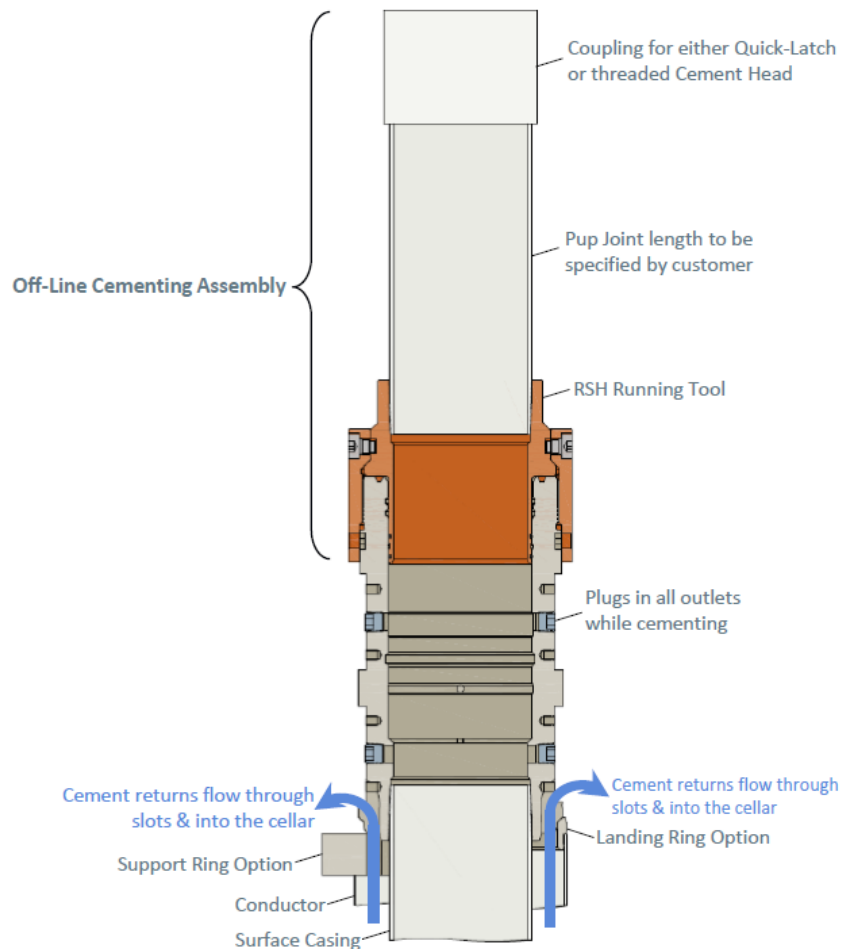


Figure 2. Vault 13 3/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 13 3/8" pup joint and casing.

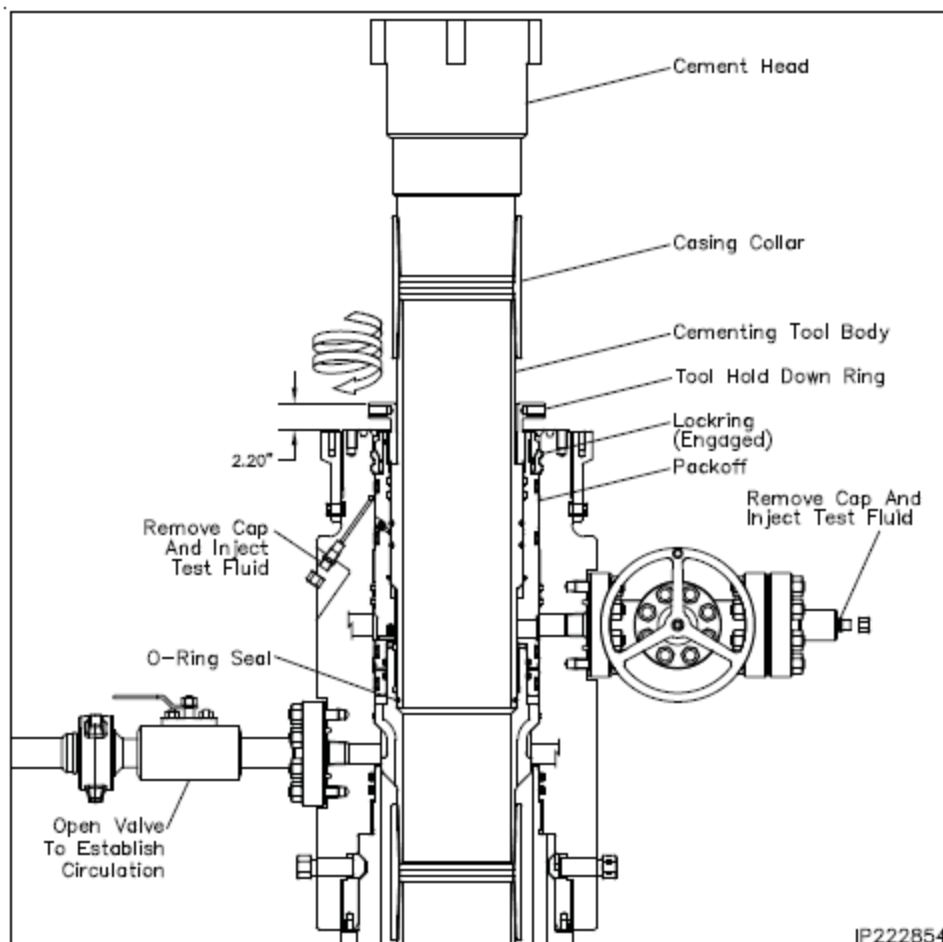


Figure 3. Cactus 9 5/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 9 5/8" pup joint and casing.

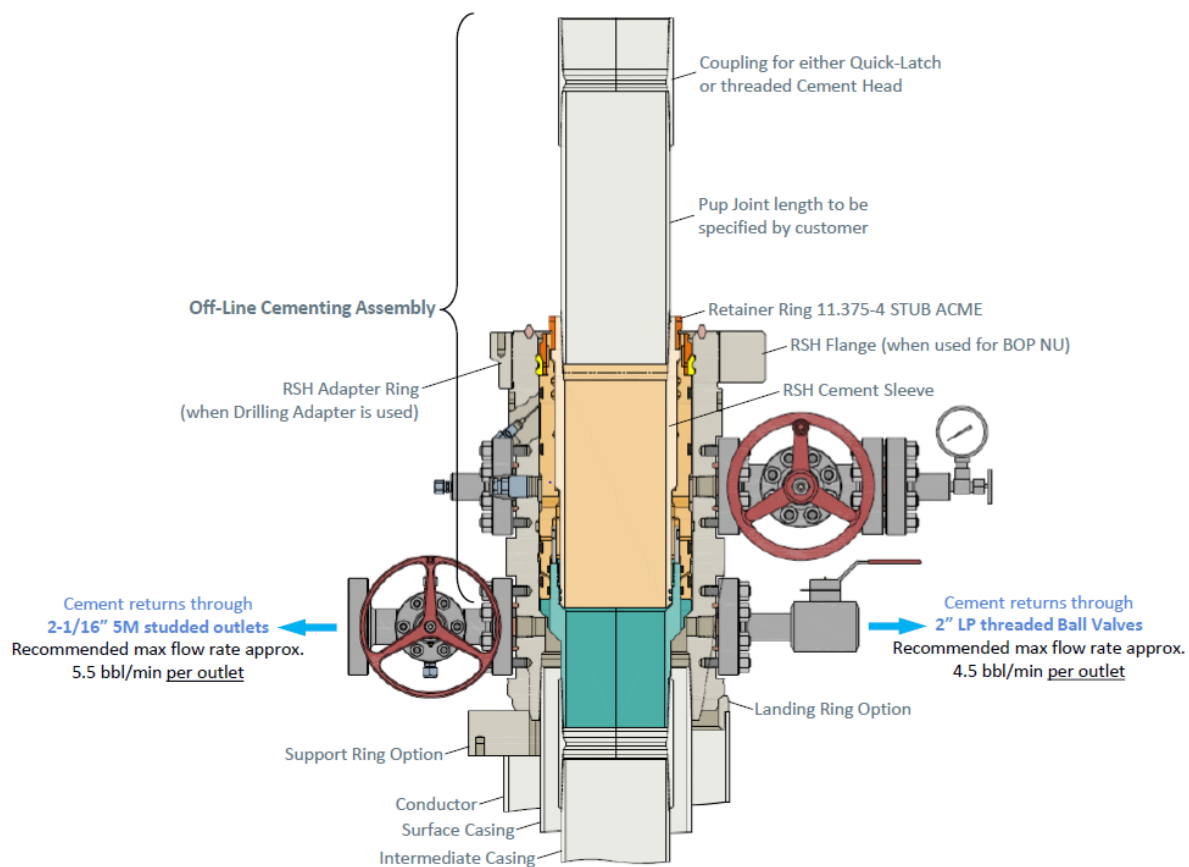


Figure 4. Vault 9 5/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 9 5/8" pup joint and casing.

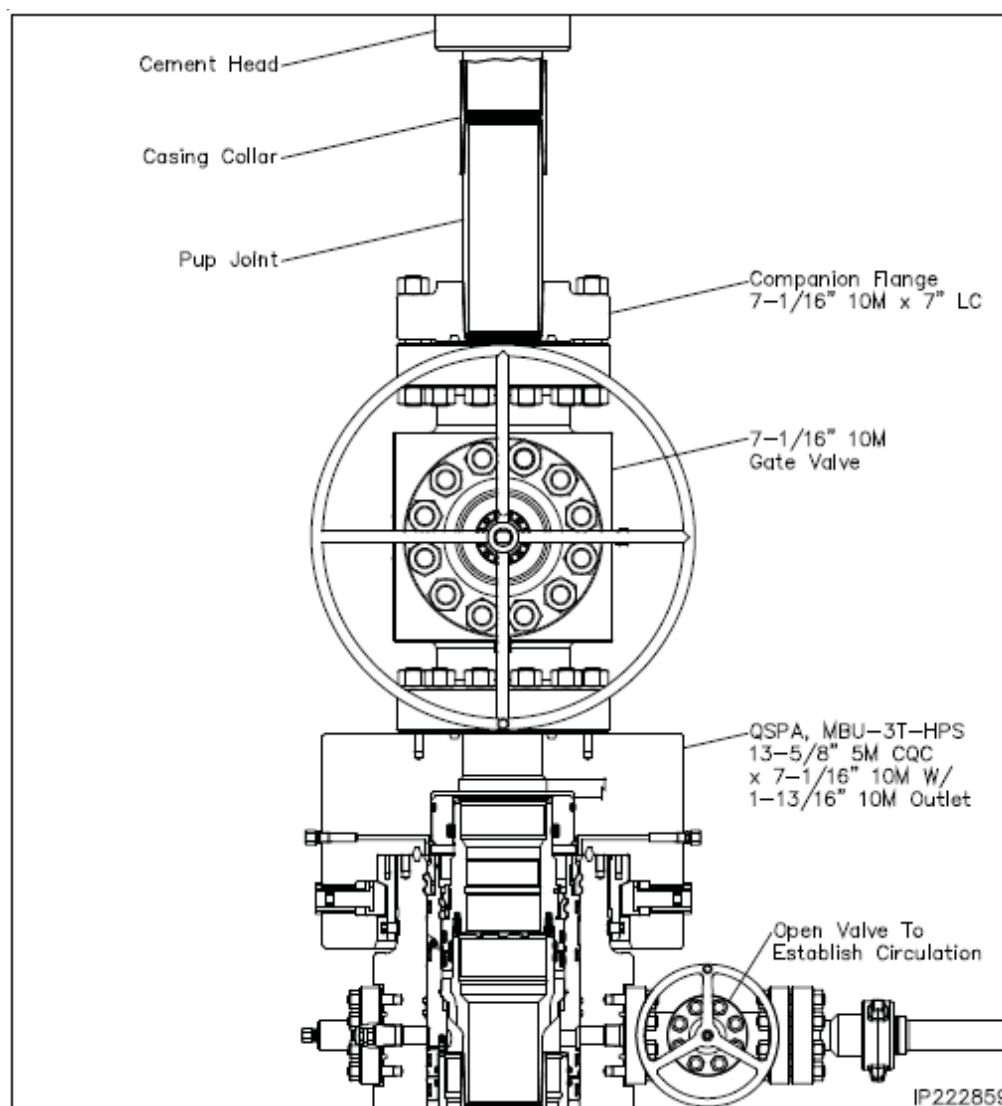


Figure 5. Cactus 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.

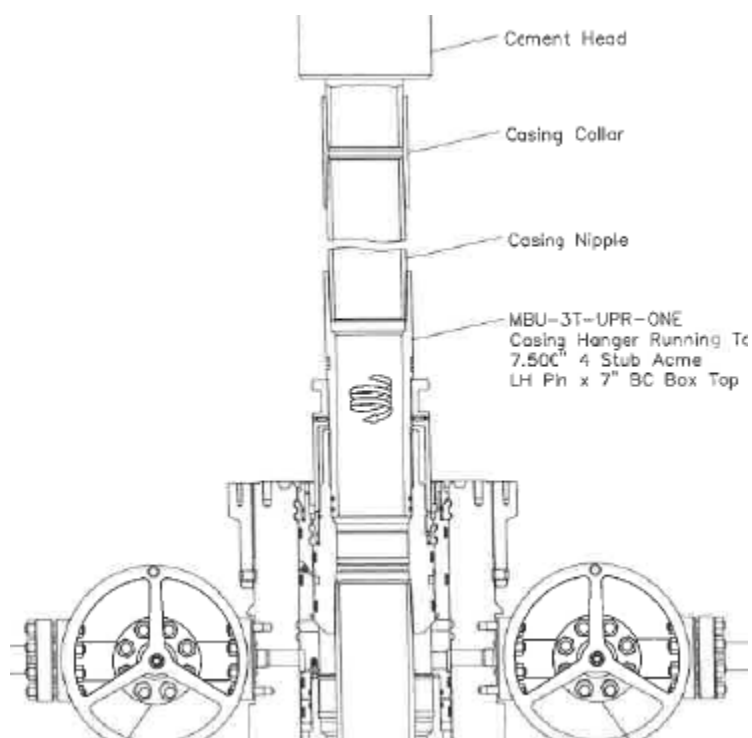


Figure 6. Cactus 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.

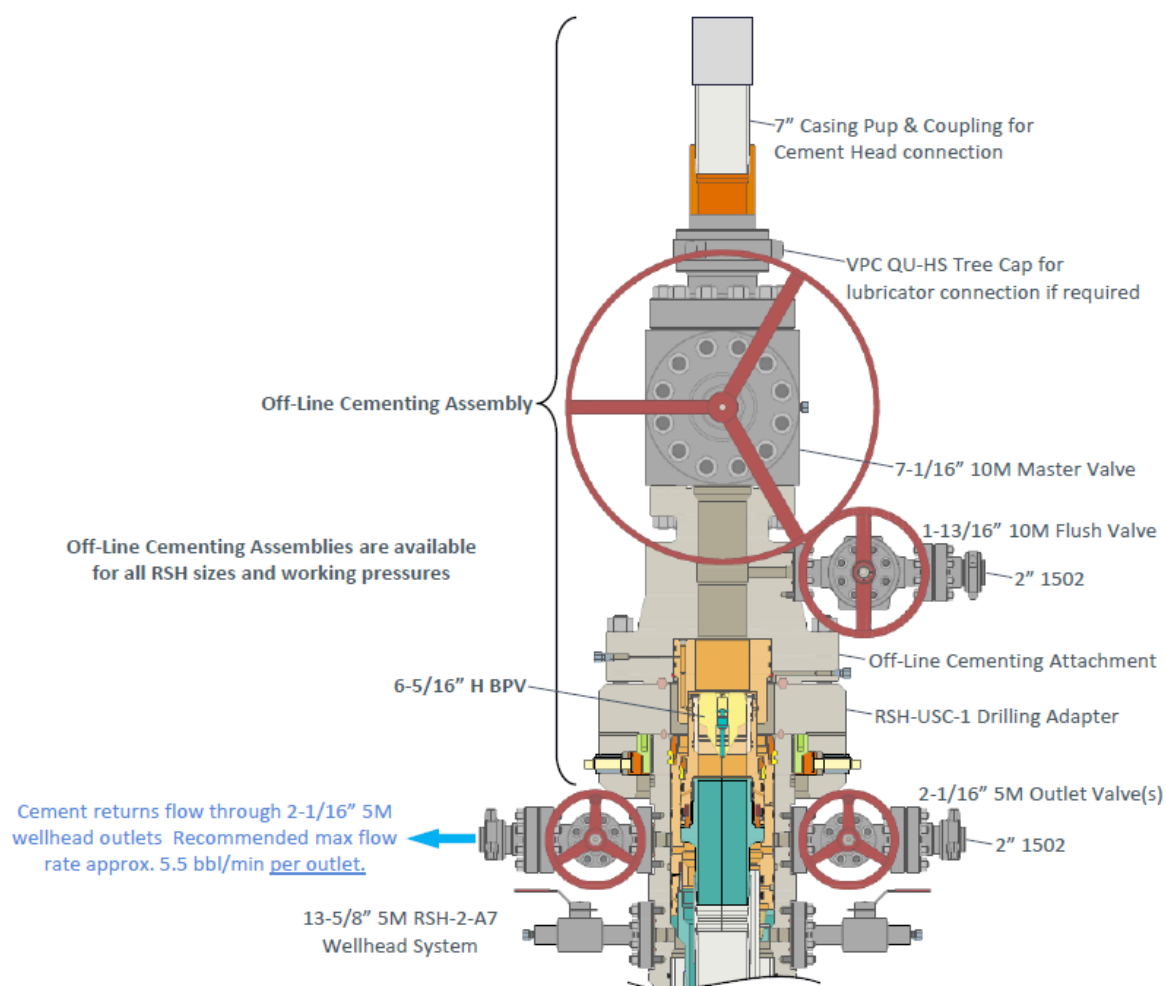


Figure 7. Vault 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.

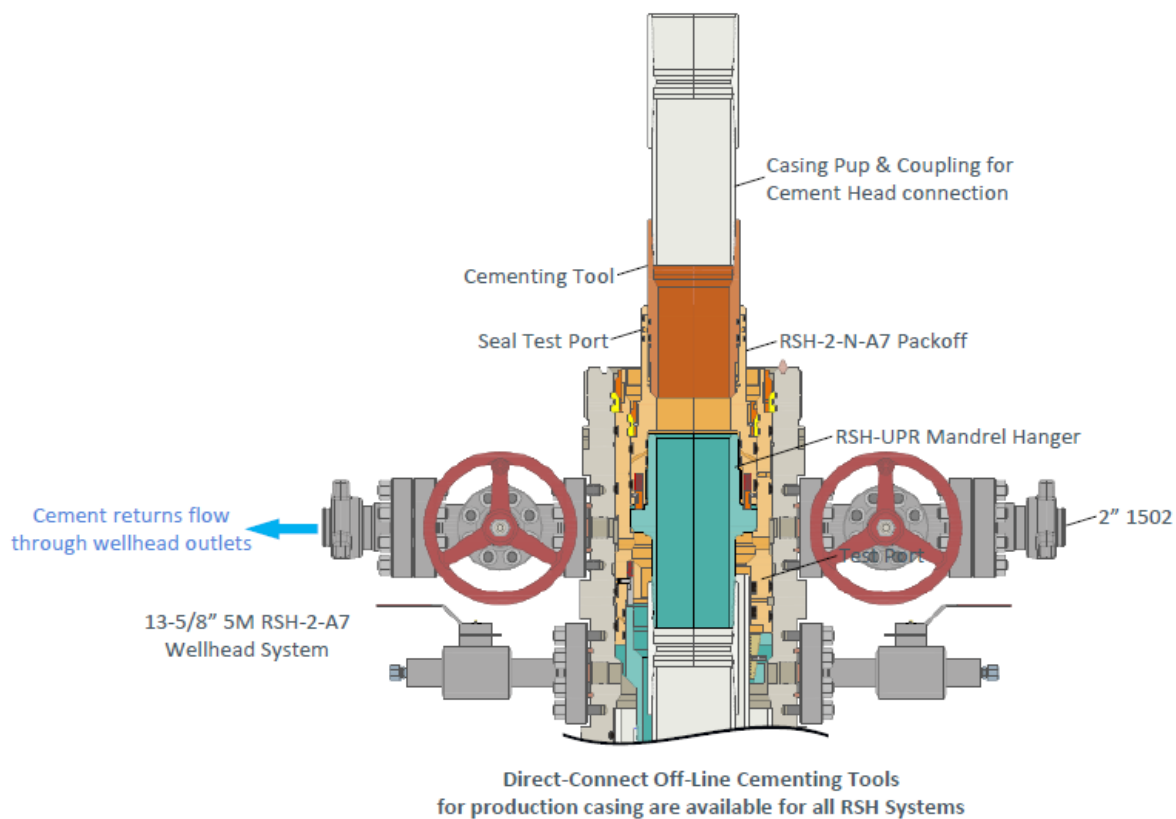


Figure 8. Vault 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.

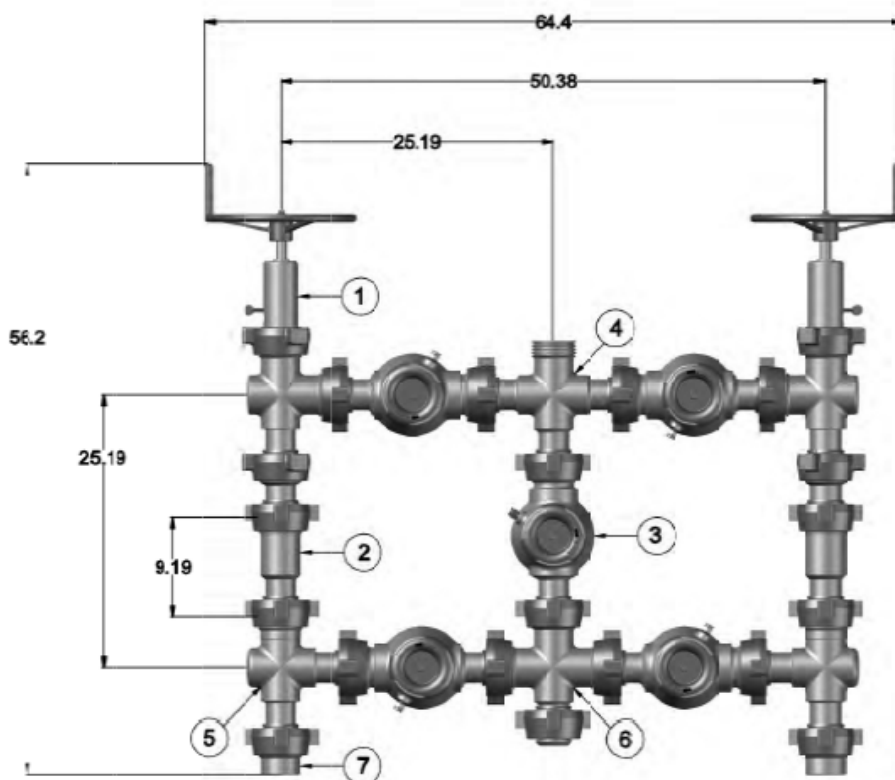


Figure 9. Five valve 15k choke manifold.

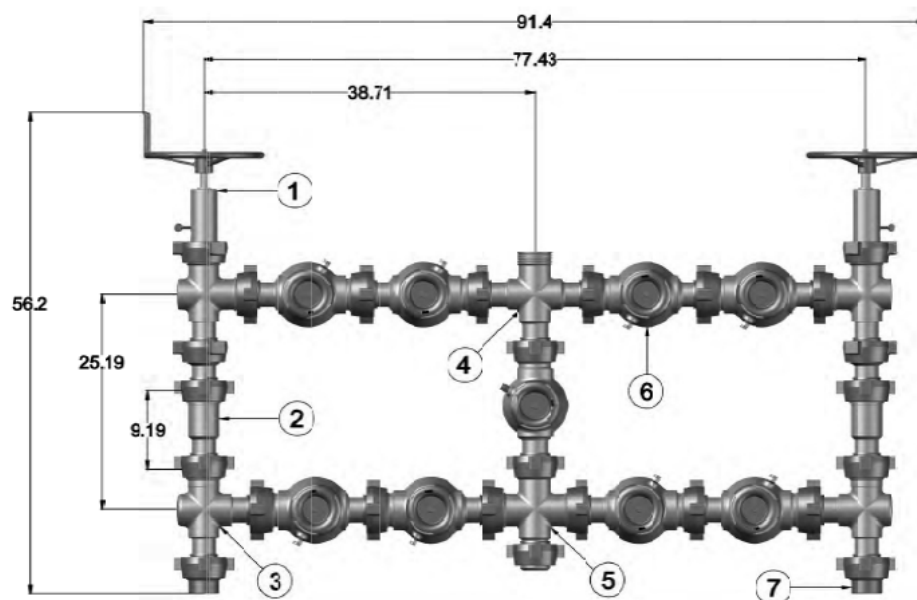


Figure 10. Nine valve 15k choke manifold.



Mewbourne Oil Co.

BOP Break Testing Variance

Mewbourne Oil Company requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of 43 CFR 3172 to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with batch drilling & offline cementing operations. Modern rig upgrades which facilitate pad drilling allow the BOP stack to be moved between wells on a multi-well pad without breaking any BOP stack components apart. Widespread use of these technologies has led to break testing BOPE being endorsed as safe and reliable. American Petroleum Institute (API) best practices are frequently used by regulators to develop their regulations. API Standard 53, *Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells* (5th Ed., Dec. 2018) Section 5.3.7.1 states "A pressure test of the pressure containing component shall be performed following the disconnection or repair, limited to the affected component."

Procedures

1. Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
 - Full BOPE test at least every 21 days.
 - Function test BOP elements per 43 CFR 3172.
 - Contact the BLM if a well control event occurs.
2. After the well section is secured and the well is confirmed to be static, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad. Two breaks on the BOPE will be made (Fig. 1).
 - Connection between the flex line and the HCR valve
 - Connection between the wellhead and the BOP quick connect (Fig. 5 & 6).
3. A capping flange will be installed after cementing per wellhead vendor procedure & casing pressure will be monitored via wellhead valve.
4. The BOP will be removed and carried by a hydraulic carrier (Fig. 3 & 4).
5. The rig will then walk to the next well.
6. Confirm that the well is static and remove the capping flange.
7. The connection between the flex line and HCR valve and the connection between the wellhead and the BOP quick connect will be reconnected.
8. Install a test plug into the wellhead.
9. A test will then be conducted against the upper pipe rams and choke, testing both breaks (Fig. 1 & 2).
10. The test will be held at 250 psi low and to the high value submitted in the APD, not to exceed 5000 psi.
11. The annular, blind rams and lower pipe rams will then be function tested.
12. If a pad consists of three or more wells, steps 4 through 11 will be repeated.



13. A break test will only be conducted if the intermediate section can be drilled and cased within 21 days of the last full BOPE test.

Barriers

Before Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff

After Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff
- Offline cementing tool and/or cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

Summary

A variance is requested to only test broken pressure seals on the BOPE when moving between wells on a multi-well pad if the following conditions are met:

- A full BOPE test is conducted on the first well on the pad. API Standard 53 requires testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater.
- If the first well on the pad is not the well with the deepest intermediate section, a full BOPE test will also be performed when moving to a deeper well.
- The hole section being drilled has a MASP under 5000 psi.
- If a well control event occurs, Mewbourne will contact BLM for permission to continue break testing.
- If significant (>50%) losses occur, full BOPE testing will be required going forward.
- Full BOPE test will be required prior to drilling the production hole.

While walking the rig, the BOP stack will be secured via hydraulic winch or hydraulic carrier. A full BOPE test will be performed at least every 21 days.

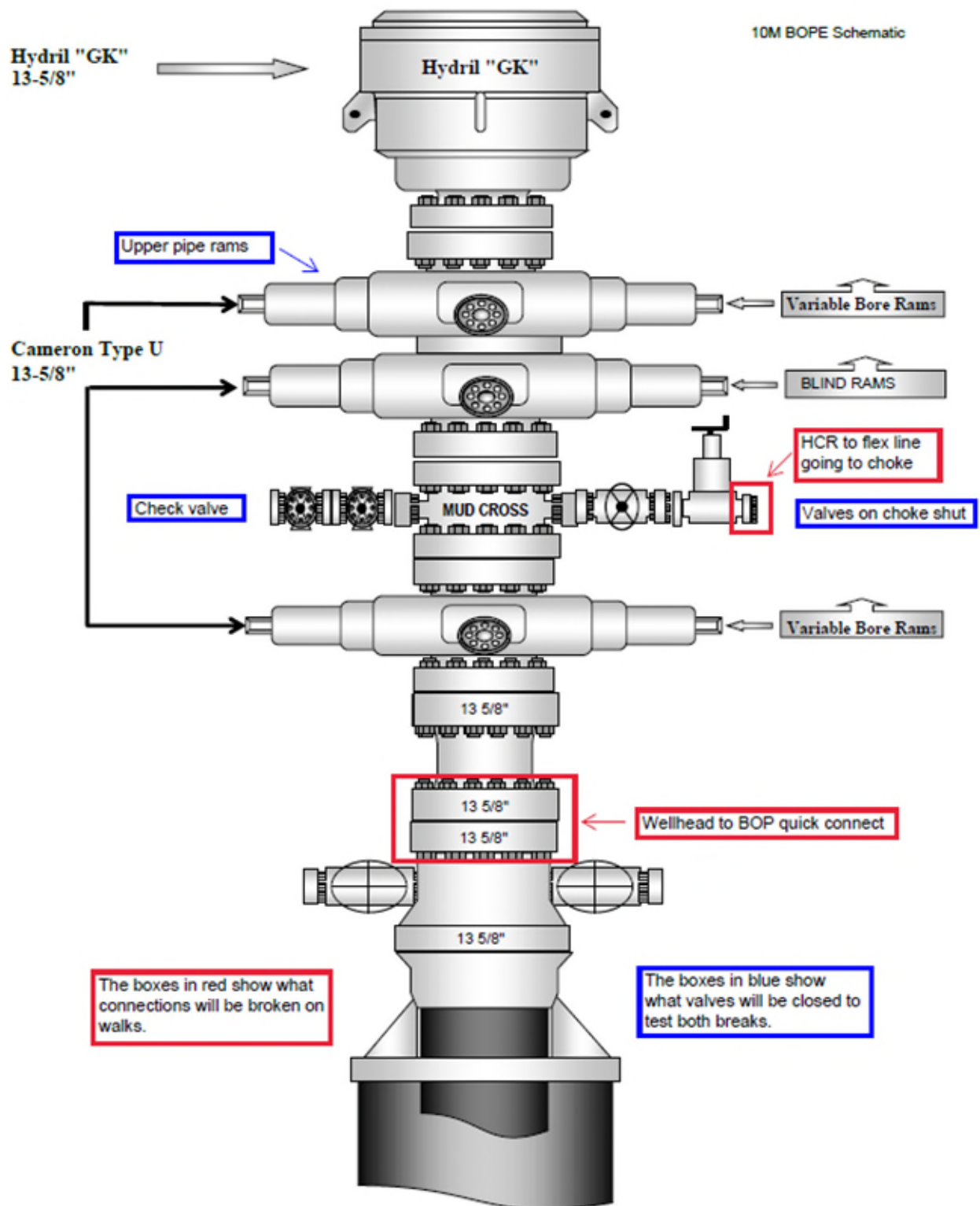


Figure 1. BOP diagram



5M BOPE & Closed Loop Equipment Schematic

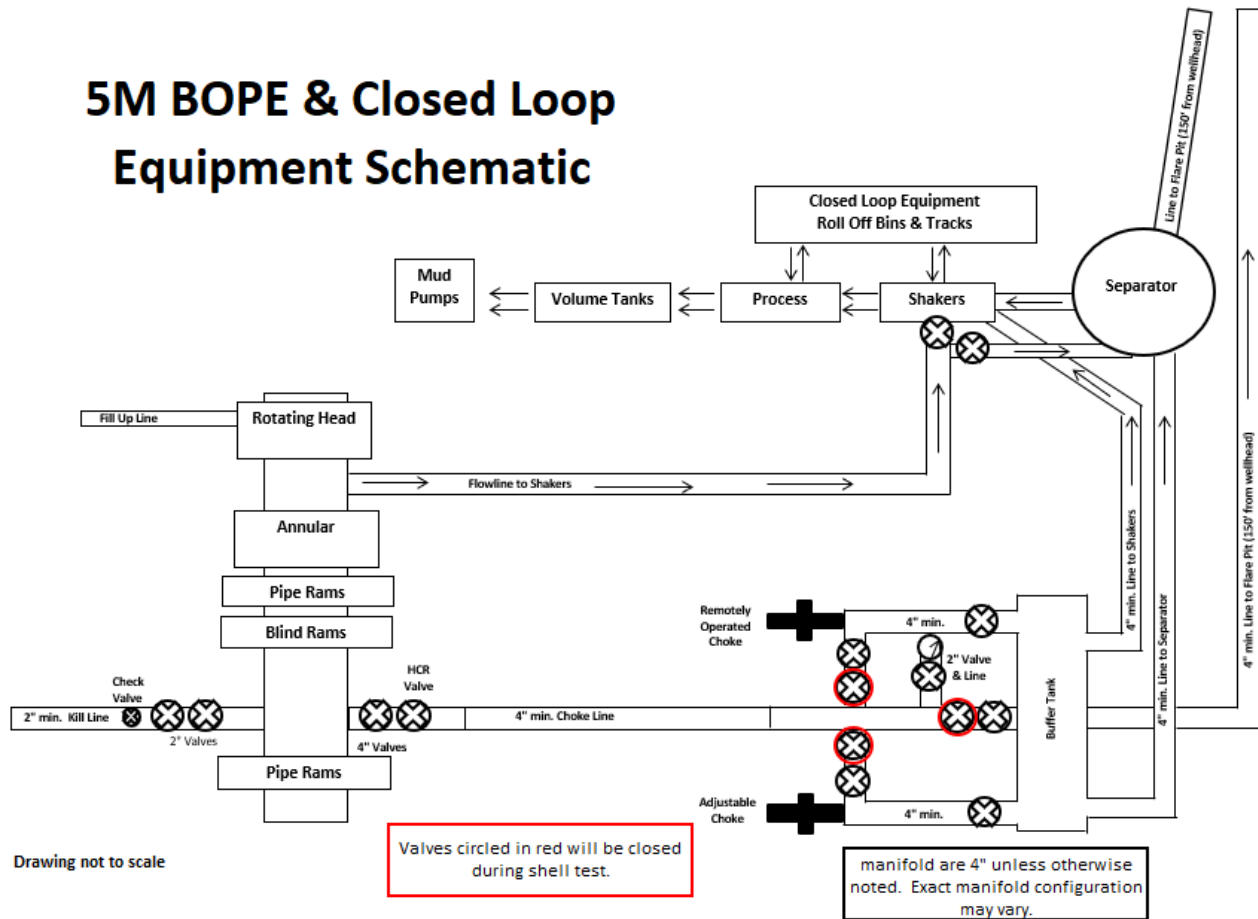


Figure 2. BOPE diagram

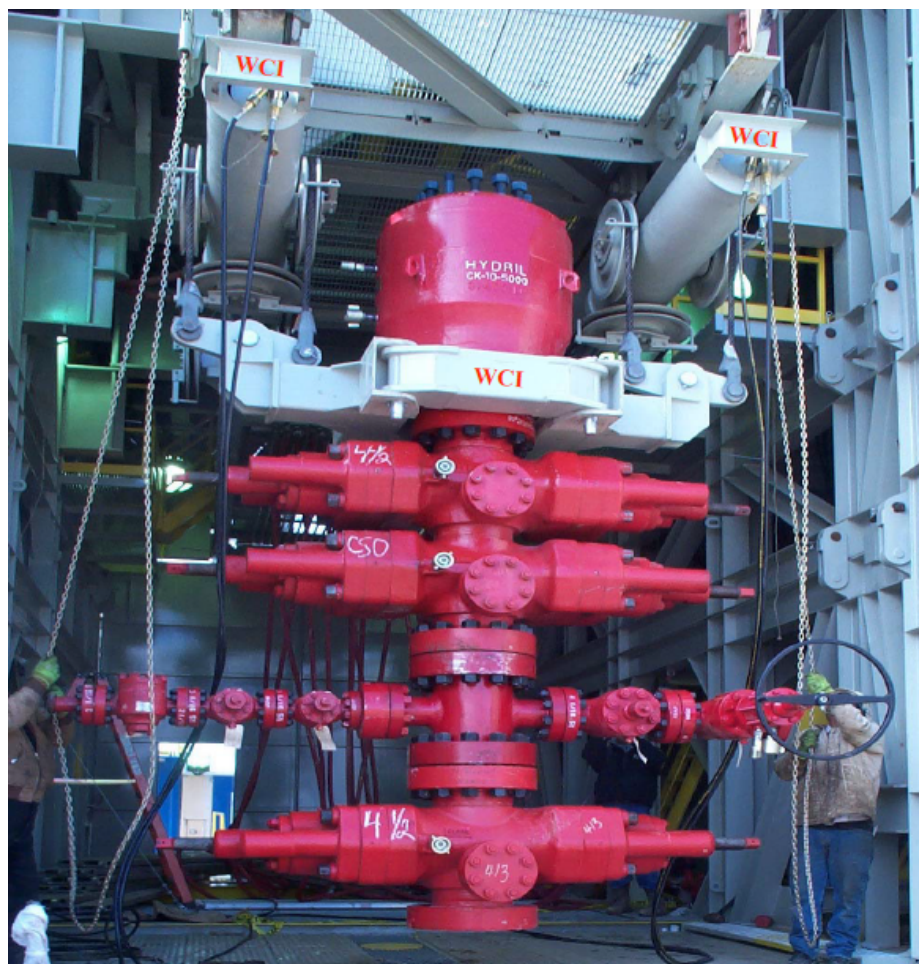


Figure 3. BOP handling system



Figure 4. BOP handling system

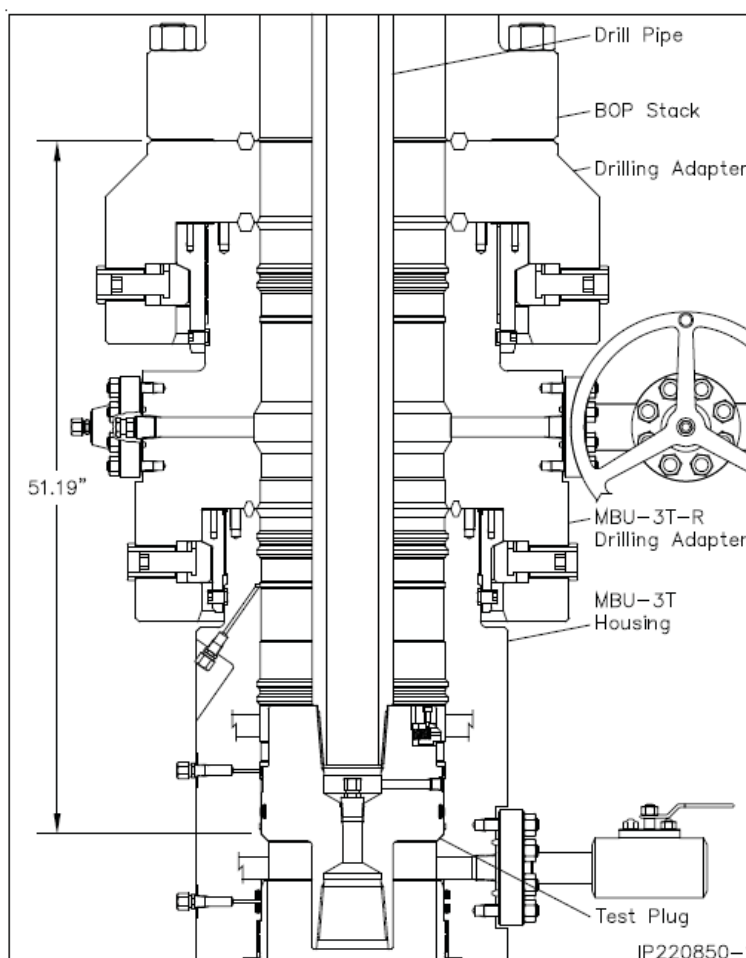


Figure 5. Cactus 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect

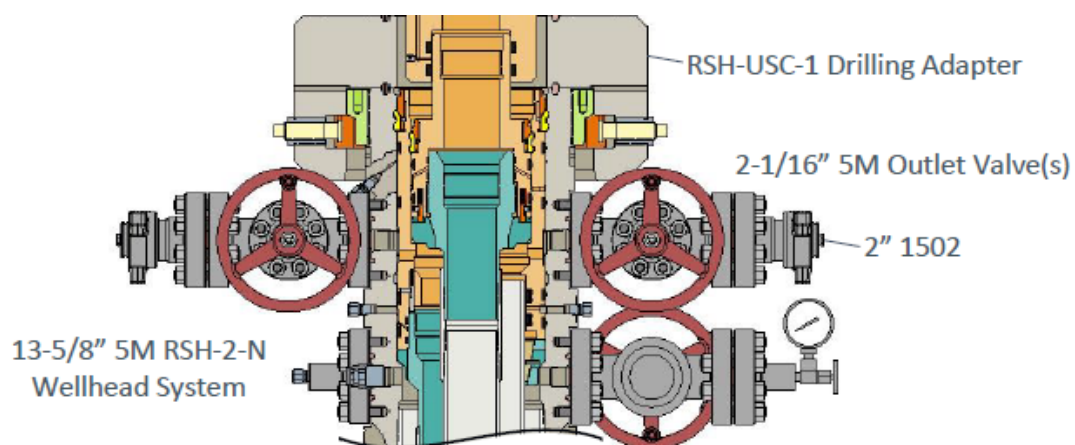


Figure 6. Vault 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect

Mewbourne Oil Company

Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83

Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H

Sec 33, T21S, R32E

SHL: 150' FSL & 2053' FWL, Sec 33

BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28

Plan: Design #1

Standard Planning Report

19 June, 2024

Planning Report

Database:	Hobbs	Local Co-ordinate Reference:		Site Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	
Company:	Mewbourne Oil Company	TVD Reference:		WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)	
Project:	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83	MD Reference:		WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)	
Site:	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	North Reference:		Grid	
Well:	Sec 33, T21S, R32E	Survey Calculation Method:		Minimum Curvature	
Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28				
Design:	Design #1				

Project	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83				
Map System:	US State Plane 1983		System Datum:	Mean Sea Level	
Geo Datum:	North American Datum 1983				
Map Zone:	New Mexico Eastern Zone				

Site	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H				
Site Position:		Northing:	520,174.70 usft	Latitude:	32.4283407
From:	Map	Easting:	742,409.70 usft	Longitude:	-103.6816465
Position Uncertainty:	0.0 usft	Slot Radius:	13-3/16 "		

Well	Sec 33, T21S, R32E					
Well Position	+N/-S	0.0 usft	Northing:	520,174.70 usft	Latitude:	32.4283407
	+E/-W	0.0 usft	Easting:	742,409.70 usft	Longitude:	-103.6816465
Position Uncertainty		0.0 usft	Wellhead Elevation:	3,813.0 usft	Ground Level:	3,785.0 usft
Grid Convergence:	0.35 °					

Wellbore	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28				
Magnetics	Model Name	Sample Date	Declination (°)	Dip Angle (°)	Field Strength (nT)
	IGRF2010	12/31/2014	7.21	60.27	48,370.40888111

Design	Design #1				
Audit Notes:					
Version:	Phase:	PROTOTYPE	Tie On Depth:	0.0	
Vertical Section:	Depth From (TVD) (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Direction (°)	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.22	

Plan Survey Tool Program	Date	6/19/2024			
Depth From (usft)	Depth To (usft)	Survey (Wellbore)	Tool Name	Remarks	
1	0.0	18,712.2	Design #1 (BHL: 2543' FSL & 226		

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2,084.1	1.68	123.65	2,084.1	-0.7	1.0	2.00	2.00	0.00	123.65	
10,486.6	1.68	123.65	10,483.0	-137.3	206.3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
10,570.7	0.00	0.00	10,567.0	-138.0	207.3	2.00	-2.00	0.00	180.00	KOP: 10' FSL & 2260'
11,474.7	90.40	359.68	11,140.0	438.9	204.1	10.00	10.00	0.00	-0.32	
18,712.2	90.40	359.68	11,090.0	7,676.2	163.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	BHL: 2543' FSL & 226

Planning Report

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Project:	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83	MD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Site:	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Sec 33, T21S, R32E	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28		
Design:	Design #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
SHL: 150' FSL & 2053' FWL (33)									
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.0	0.00	0.00	1,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.0	0.00	0.00	1,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.0	0.00	0.00	1,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.0	0.00	0.00	1,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.0	0.00	0.00	1,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	0.00	0.00	1,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,084.1	1.68	123.65	2,084.1	-0.7	1.0	-0.7	2.00	2.00	0.00
2,100.0	1.68	123.65	2,100.0	-0.9	1.4	-0.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	1.68	123.65	2,199.9	-2.6	3.9	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.0	1.68	123.65	2,299.9	-4.2	6.3	-4.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	1.68	123.65	2,399.9	-5.8	8.7	-5.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	1.68	123.65	2,499.8	-7.4	11.2	-7.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	1.68	123.65	2,599.8	-9.1	13.6	-8.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	1.68	123.65	2,699.7	-10.7	16.1	-10.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	1.68	123.65	2,799.7	-12.3	18.5	-11.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.0	1.68	123.65	2,899.6	-14.0	21.0	-13.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	1.68	123.65	2,999.6	-15.6	23.4	-15.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.0	1.68	123.65	3,099.6	-17.2	25.8	-16.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.0	1.68	123.65	3,199.5	-18.8	28.3	-18.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.0	1.68	123.65	3,299.5	-20.5	30.7	-19.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.0	1.68	123.65	3,399.4	-22.1	33.2	-21.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	1.68	123.65	3,499.4	-23.7	35.6	-22.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0	1.68	123.65	3,599.3	-25.3	38.1	-24.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	1.68	123.65	3,699.3	-27.0	40.5	-26.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.0	1.68	123.65	3,799.2	-28.6	42.9	-27.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	1.68	123.65	3,899.2	-30.2	45.4	-29.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0	1.68	123.65	3,999.2	-31.8	47.8	-30.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.0	1.68	123.65	4,099.1	-33.5	50.3	-32.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.0	1.68	123.65	4,199.1	-35.1	52.7	-34.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.0	1.68	123.65	4,299.0	-36.7	55.2	-35.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.0	1.68	123.65	4,399.0	-38.3	57.6	-37.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.0	1.68	123.65	4,498.9	-40.0	60.0	-38.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.0	1.68	123.65	4,598.9	-41.6	62.5	-40.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	1.68	123.65	4,698.9	-43.2	64.9	-41.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	1.68	123.65	4,798.8	-44.8	67.4	-43.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.0	1.68	123.65	4,898.8	-46.5	69.8	-45.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	1.68	123.65	4,998.7	-48.1	72.3	-46.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	1.68	123.65	5,098.7	-49.7	74.7	-48.1	0.00	0.00	0.00

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Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28		
Design:	Design #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
5,200.0	1.68	123.65	5,198.6	-51.4	77.1	-49.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.0	1.68	123.65	5,298.6	-53.0	79.6	-51.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.0	1.68	123.65	5,398.6	-54.6	82.0	-52.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	1.68	123.65	5,498.5	-56.2	84.5	-54.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	1.68	123.65	5,598.5	-57.9	86.9	-56.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0	1.68	123.65	5,698.4	-59.5	89.4	-57.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.0	1.68	123.65	5,798.4	-61.1	91.8	-59.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0	1.68	123.65	5,898.3	-62.7	94.2	-60.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0	1.68	123.65	5,998.3	-64.4	96.7	-62.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.0	1.68	123.65	6,098.3	-66.0	99.1	-63.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	1.68	123.65	6,198.2	-67.6	101.6	-65.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.0	1.68	123.65	6,298.2	-69.2	104.0	-67.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	1.68	123.65	6,398.1	-70.9	106.5	-68.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	1.68	123.65	6,498.1	-72.5	108.9	-70.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	1.68	123.65	6,598.0	-74.1	111.3	-71.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	1.68	123.65	6,698.0	-75.7	113.8	-73.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	1.68	123.65	6,798.0	-77.4	116.2	-74.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	1.68	123.65	6,897.9	-79.0	118.7	-76.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	1.68	123.65	6,997.9	-80.6	121.1	-78.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.0	1.68	123.65	7,097.8	-82.2	123.5	-79.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.0	1.68	123.65	7,197.8	-83.9	126.0	-81.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.0	1.68	123.65	7,297.7	-85.5	128.4	-82.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.0	1.68	123.65	7,397.7	-87.1	130.9	-84.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.0	1.68	123.65	7,497.7	-88.8	133.3	-85.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.0	1.68	123.65	7,597.6	-90.4	135.8	-87.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.0	1.68	123.65	7,697.6	-92.0	138.2	-89.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.0	1.68	123.65	7,797.5	-93.6	140.6	-90.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	1.68	123.65	7,897.5	-95.3	143.1	-92.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.0	1.68	123.65	7,997.4	-96.9	145.5	-93.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.0	1.68	123.65	8,097.4	-98.5	148.0	-95.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.0	1.68	123.65	8,197.4	-100.1	150.4	-96.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	1.68	123.65	8,297.3	-101.8	152.9	-98.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	1.68	123.65	8,397.3	-103.4	155.3	-100.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	1.68	123.65	8,497.2	-105.0	157.7	-101.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0	1.68	123.65	8,597.2	-106.6	160.2	-103.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.0	1.68	123.65	8,697.1	-108.3	162.6	-104.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.0	1.68	123.65	8,797.1	-109.9	165.1	-106.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0	1.68	123.65	8,897.1	-111.5	167.5	-107.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.0	1.68	123.65	8,997.0	-113.1	170.0	-109.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.0	1.68	123.65	9,097.0	-114.8	172.4	-111.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.0	1.68	123.65	9,196.9	-116.4	174.8	-112.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	1.68	123.65	9,296.9	-118.0	177.3	-114.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.0	1.68	123.65	9,396.8	-119.6	179.7	-115.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.0	1.68	123.65	9,496.8	-121.3	182.2	-117.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.0	1.68	123.65	9,596.8	-122.9	184.6	-118.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.0	1.68	123.65	9,696.7	-124.5	187.1	-120.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.0	1.68	123.65	9,796.7	-126.2	189.5	-122.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.0	1.68	123.65	9,896.6	-127.8	191.9	-123.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.0	1.68	123.65	9,996.6	-129.4	194.4	-125.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100.0	1.68	123.65	10,096.5	-131.0	196.8	-126.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,200.0	1.68	123.65	10,196.5	-132.7	199.3	-128.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300.0	1.68	123.65	10,296.4	-134.3	201.7	-130.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400.0	1.68	123.65	10,396.4	-135.9	204.2	-131.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,486.6	1.68	123.65	10,483.0	-137.3	206.3	-132.9	0.00	0.00	0.00

Planning Report

Database:	Hobbs	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H
Company:	Mewbourne Oil Company	TVD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Project:	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83	MD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Site:	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Sec 33, T21S, R32E	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28		
Design:	Design #1		

Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
10,500.0	1.41	123.65	10,496.4	-137.5	206.6	-133.1	2.00	-2.00	0.00
10,570.7	0.00	0.00	10,567.0	-138.0	207.3	-133.6	2.00	-2.00	0.00
KOP: 10' FSL & 2260' FWL (33)									
10,600.0	2.93	359.68	10,596.3	-137.3	207.3	-132.8	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,650.0	7.93	359.68	10,646.1	-132.5	207.3	-128.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,700.0	12.93	359.68	10,695.3	-123.5	207.2	-119.0	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,750.0	17.93	359.68	10,743.4	-110.2	207.1	-105.7	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,800.0	22.93	359.68	10,790.3	-92.7	207.0	-88.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,850.0	27.93	359.68	10,835.4	-71.3	206.9	-66.8	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,896.2	32.55	359.68	10,875.3	-48.0	206.8	-43.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
FTP: 100' FSL & 2260' FWL (33)									
10,900.0	32.93	359.68	10,878.5	-45.9	206.8	-41.5	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,950.0	37.93	359.68	10,919.3	-17.0	206.6	-12.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,000.0	42.93	359.68	10,957.3	15.5	206.4	19.8	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,050.0	47.93	359.68	10,992.4	51.1	206.2	55.4	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,100.0	52.93	359.68	11,024.2	89.6	206.0	94.0	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,150.0	57.93	359.68	11,052.6	130.7	205.8	135.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,200.0	62.93	359.68	11,077.2	174.2	205.5	178.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,250.0	67.93	359.68	11,098.0	219.7	205.3	224.0	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,300.0	72.93	359.68	11,114.8	266.8	205.0	271.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,350.0	77.93	359.68	11,127.3	315.1	204.8	319.4	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,400.0	82.93	359.68	11,135.7	364.4	204.5	368.7	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,450.0	87.93	359.68	11,139.6	414.3	204.2	418.5	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,474.6	90.39	359.68	11,140.0	438.9	204.1	443.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
LP: 588' FSL & 2260' FWL (33)									
11,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,139.8	464.3	203.9	468.5	0.01	0.01	0.00
11,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,139.1	564.3	203.4	568.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,138.4	664.2	202.8	668.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,137.8	764.2	202.2	768.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,137.1	864.2	201.7	868.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,136.4	964.2	201.1	968.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,135.7	1,064.2	200.5	1,068.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,135.0	1,164.2	200.0	1,168.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,134.3	1,264.2	199.4	1,268.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,133.6	1,364.2	198.9	1,368.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,132.9	1,464.2	198.3	1,468.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,132.2	1,564.2	197.7	1,568.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,131.5	1,664.2	197.2	1,668.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,130.8	1,764.2	196.6	1,768.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,130.2	1,864.2	196.1	1,868.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,129.5	1,964.2	195.5	1,967.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,128.8	2,064.2	194.9	2,067.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,128.1	2,164.2	194.4	2,167.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,127.4	2,264.2	193.8	2,267.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,126.7	2,364.2	193.2	2,367.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,126.0	2,464.2	192.7	2,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,125.3	2,564.2	192.1	2,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,124.6	2,664.2	191.6	2,667.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,123.9	2,764.2	191.0	2,767.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,123.2	2,864.2	190.4	2,867.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,122.6	2,964.2	189.9	2,967.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,121.9	3,064.2	189.3	3,067.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,121.2	3,164.1	188.7	3,167.4	0.00	0.00	0.00

Planning Report

Database:	Hobbs	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H
Company:	Mewbourne Oil Company	TVD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Project:	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83	MD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Site:	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Sec 33, T21S, R32E	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28		
Design:	Design #1		

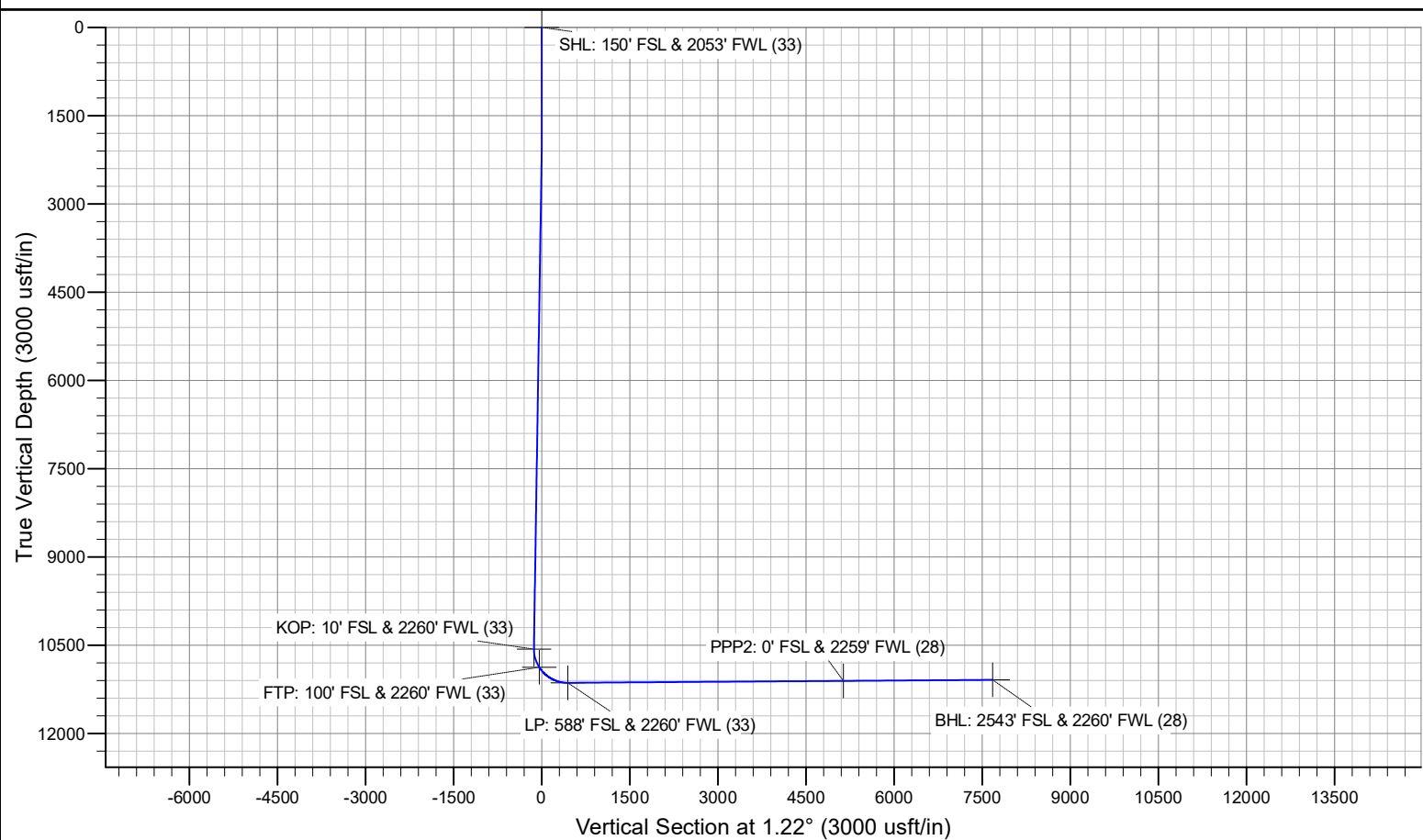
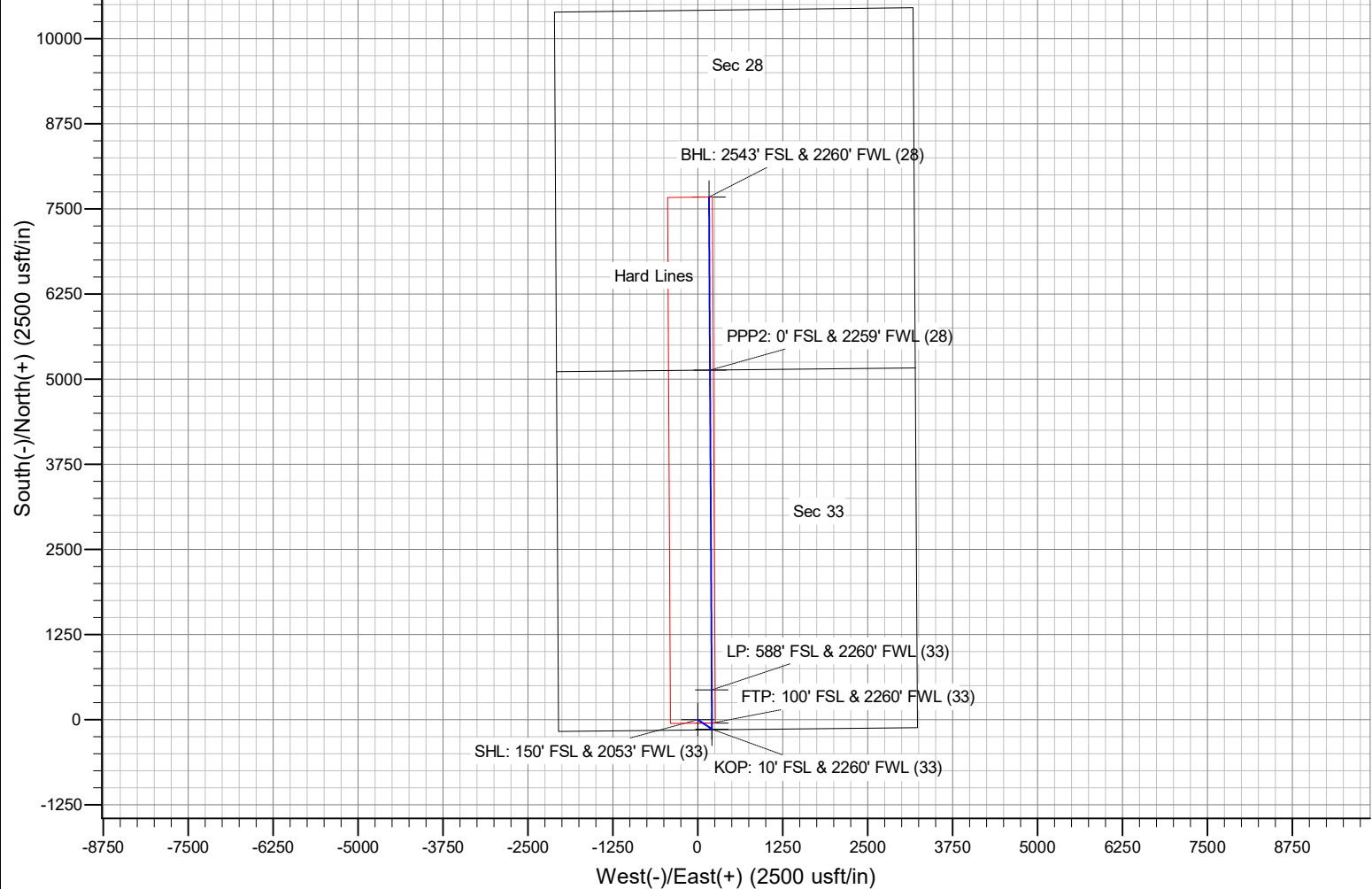
Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
14,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,120.5	3,264.1	188.2	3,267.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,119.8	3,364.1	187.6	3,367.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,119.1	3,464.1	187.1	3,467.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,118.4	3,564.1	186.5	3,567.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,117.7	3,664.1	185.9	3,667.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,117.0	3,764.1	185.4	3,767.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,116.3	3,864.1	184.8	3,867.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,115.6	3,964.1	184.3	3,967.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,115.0	4,064.1	183.7	4,067.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,114.3	4,164.1	183.1	4,167.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,113.6	4,264.1	182.6	4,267.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,112.9	4,364.1	182.0	4,367.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,112.2	4,464.1	181.4	4,466.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,111.5	4,564.1	180.9	4,566.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,110.8	4,664.1	180.3	4,666.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,110.1	4,764.1	179.8	4,766.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,109.4	4,864.1	179.2	4,866.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,108.7	4,964.1	178.6	4,966.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,108.0	5,064.1	178.1	5,066.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,169.9	90.40	359.68	11,107.6	5,134.0	177.7	5,136.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
PPP2: 0' FSL & 2259' FWL (28)									
16,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,107.4	5,164.1	177.5	5,166.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,106.7	5,264.1	177.0	5,266.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,106.0	5,364.1	176.4	5,366.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,105.3	5,464.1	175.8	5,466.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,104.6	5,564.1	175.3	5,566.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,103.9	5,664.0	174.7	5,666.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,103.2	5,764.0	174.1	5,766.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,102.5	5,864.0	173.6	5,866.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,101.8	5,964.0	173.0	5,966.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,101.1	6,064.0	172.5	6,066.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,100.4	6,164.0	171.9	6,166.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,099.8	6,264.0	171.3	6,266.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,099.1	6,364.0	170.8	6,366.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,098.4	6,464.0	170.2	6,466.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,097.7	6,564.0	169.6	6,566.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,097.0	6,664.0	169.1	6,666.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.0	90.40	359.68	11,096.3	6,764.0	168.5	6,766.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.0	90.40	359.68	11,095.6	6,864.0	168.0	6,866.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.0	90.40	359.68	11,094.9	6,964.0	167.4	6,966.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.0	90.40	359.68	11,094.2	7,064.0	166.8	7,065.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.0	90.40	359.68	11,093.5	7,164.0	166.3	7,165.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.0	90.40	359.68	11,092.8	7,264.0	165.7	7,265.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.0	90.40	359.68	11,092.2	7,364.0	165.2	7,365.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.0	90.40	359.68	11,091.5	7,464.0	164.6	7,465.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.0	90.40	359.68	11,090.8	7,564.0	164.0	7,565.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,700.0	90.40	359.68	11,090.1	7,664.0	163.5	7,665.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,712.2	90.40	359.68	11,090.0	7,676.2	163.4	7,677.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL (28)									

Planning Report

Database:	Hobbs	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H
Company:	Mewbourne Oil Company	TVD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Project:	Lea County, New Mexico NAD 83	MD Reference:	WELL @ 3813.0usft (Original Well Elev)
Site:	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Sec 33, T21S, R32E	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Sec 28		
Design:	Design #1		

Design Targets									
Target Name									
- hit/miss target	Dip Angle	Dip Dir.	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Northing	Easting	Latitude	Longitude
- Shape	(°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)		
SHL: 150' FSL & 2053' F - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	520,174.70	742,409.70	32.4283407	-103.6816465
KOP: 10' FSL & 2260' F - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	10,567.0	-138.0	207.3	520,036.70	742,617.00	32.4279579	-103.6809774
FTP: 100' FSL & 2260' F - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	10,875.3	-48.0	206.8	520,126.70	742,616.49	32.4282053	-103.6809772
BHL: 2543' FSL & 2260' - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	11,090.0	7,676.2	163.4	527,850.90	742,573.10	32.4494371	-103.6809650
PPP2: 0' FSL & 2259' F - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	11,107.6	5,134.0	177.7	525,308.70	742,587.38	32.4424493	-103.6809690
LP: 588' FSL & 2260' FV - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	11,140.0	438.9	204.1	520,613.60	742,613.76	32.4295437	-103.6809765

Lobo 33/28 Fed Com #564H



Mewbourne Oil Company, Lobo 33/28 Fed Com 564H**Sec 33, T21S, R32E****SHL: 150' FSL 2053' FWL (Sec 33)****BHL: 2543' FSL 2260' FWL (Sec 28)**

Operator Name:	Property Name:	Well Number
Mewbourne Oil Company	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com	564H

Kick Off Point (KOP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County
N	33	21	33	-	10'	FSL	2260'	FWL	Lea
Latitude					Longitude			NAD	
32.427958					-103.6809773			83	

First Take Point (FTP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County
N	33	21	33	-	100'	FSL	2260'	FWL	Lea
Latitude					Longitude			NAD	
32.4282053					-103.6810096			83	

Last Take Point (LTP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County
K	28	21	33	-	2543'	FSL	2260'	FWL	Lea
Latitude					Longitude			NAD	
32.4494372					-103.6809651			83	

Is this well the defining well for the Horizontal Spacing Unit?

N

Is this well an infill well?

Y

If infill is yes please provide API if available, Operator Name and well number for Defining well for Horizontal Spacing Unit.

API #

Operator Name:	Property Name:	Well Number
Mewbourne Oil Company	Lobo 33/28 Fed Com	623H

**PECOS DISTRICT
SURFACE USE
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

Mewbourne Oil Co.

**LOBO DRILL ISLAND
Lea County, N.M.
Lease Number: NMNM086710**

Wells:

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 402H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 1981' FWL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 2543' FSL & 930' FWL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 406H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 1780' FEL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 474H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 2089' FWL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 2543' FSL & 2250' FWL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 564H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 2053' FWL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 2543' FSL & 2260' FWL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 568H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 1740' FEL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100' FNL & 600' FEL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 582H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 1999' FWL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 2543' FSL & 940' FWL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

LOBO 33/28 FED COM 586H

Surface Hole Location: 150' FSL & 1800' FEL, Section 33, T. 21S., R. 32E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100' FNL & 1700' FEL, Section 28, T. 21S., R 32E.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☒ **Special Requirements**
 - Watershed
 - Lesser Prairie Chicken
 - Potash Resources
- ☐ **Construction**
 - Notification
 - Topsoil
 - Closed Loop System
 - Federal Mineral Material Pits
 - Well Pads
 - Roads
- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
- ☒ **Production (Post Drilling)**
 - Well Structures & Facilities
 - Pipelines
 - Electric Lines
- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See information below discussing NAGPRA.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Watershed:

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

TANK BATTERY:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

BURIED/SURFACE LINE(S):

When crossing ephemeral drainages the pipeline(s) will be buried to a minimum depth of 48 inches from the top of pipe to ground level. Erosion control methods such as gabions and/or rock aprons should be placed on both up and downstream sides of the pipeline crossing. In addition, curled (weed free) wood/straw fiber wattles/logs and/or silt fences should be placed on the downstream side for sediment control during construction and maintained until soils and vegetation have stabilized. Water bars should be placed within the ROW to divert and dissipate surface runoff. A pipeline access road is not permitted to cross these ephemeral drainages. Traffic should be diverted to a preexisting route. Additional seeding may be required in floodplains and drainages to restore energy dissipating vegetation.

Prior to pipeline installation/construction a leak detection plan will be developed. The method(s) could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

Range:**Cattleguards**

Where a permanent cattlegaurd is approved, an appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Lesser Prairie Chicken:**Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken:**

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

Timing Limitation Exceptions:

The Carlsbad Field Office will publish an annual map of where the LPC timing and noise stipulations and conditions of approval (Limitations) will apply for the identified year (between March 1 and June 15) based on the latest survey information. The LPC Timing Area map will identify areas which are Habitat Areas (HA), Isolated Population Area (IPA), and Primary Population Area (PPA). The LPC Timing Area map will also have an area in red crosshatch. The red crosshatch area is the only area where an operator is required to submit a request for exception to the LPC Limitations. If an operator is operating outside the red crosshatch area, the LPC Limitations do not apply for that year and an exception to LPC Limitations is not required.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching:

Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

Potash Resources

Lessees must comply with the 2012 Secretarial Potash Order. The Order is designed to manage the efficient development of oil, gas, and potash resources. Section 6 of the Order provides general provisions which must be followed to minimize conflict between the industries and ensure the safety of operations.

To minimize impacts to potash resources, the proposed well is confined within the boundaries of the established Lobo 33 28 Drill Island.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)**Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS**Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

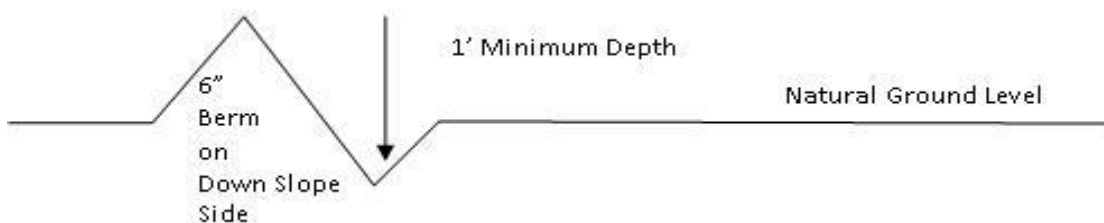
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsliping and insliping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

- Construction Steps
1. Salvage topsoil

2. Construct road

3. Redistribute topsoil

4. Revegetate slopes

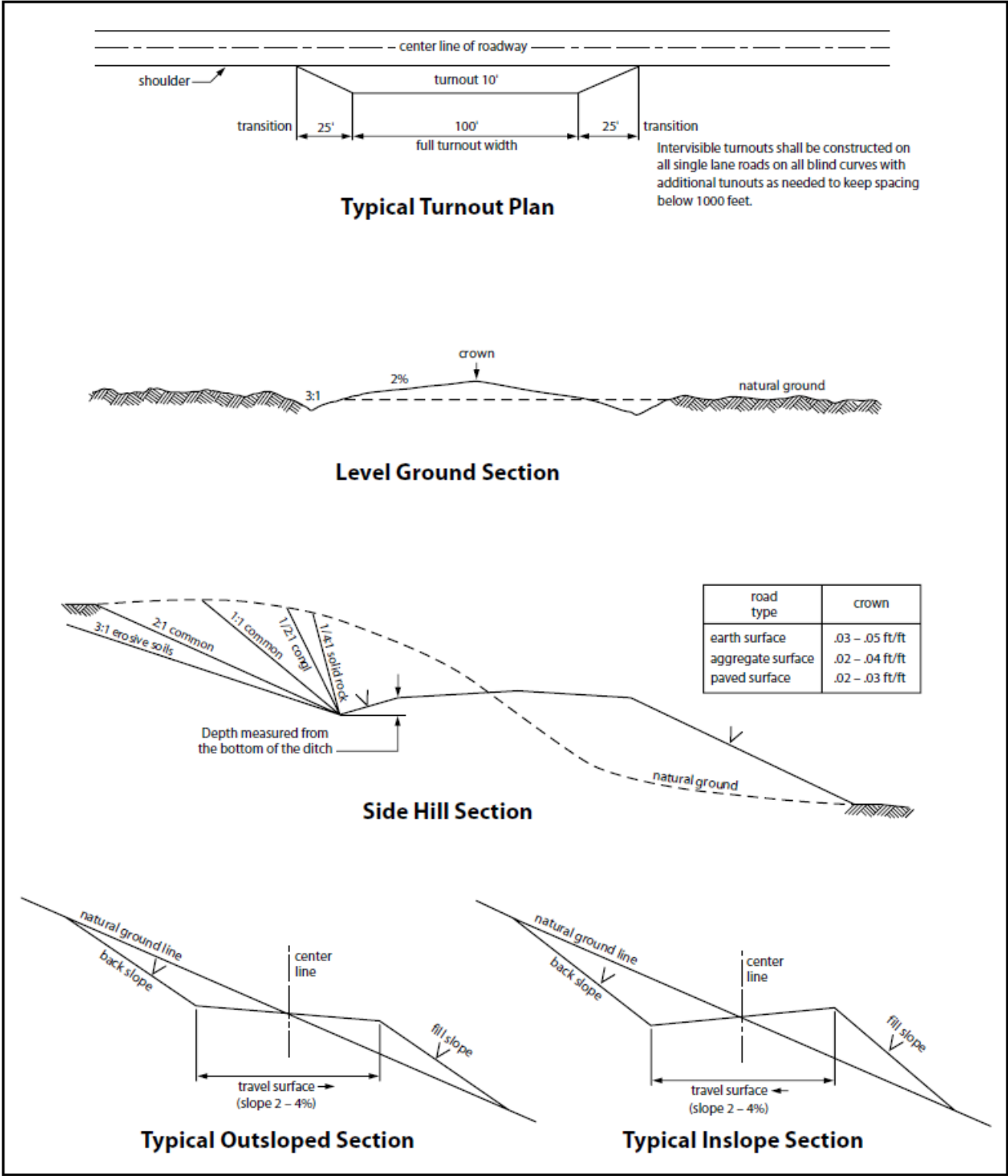


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the

trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.

- If a void is encountered alignments may be rerouted to avoid the karst feature and lessen; the potential of subsidence or collapse of karst features, buildup of toxic or combustible gas, or other possible impacts to cave and karst resources from the buried pipeline.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required at such intersections, if any.
- A leak detection plan **will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval** prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, siting values and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever

found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:

- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed 20 feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
- Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

- ☐ Seed Mixture 1
- ☐ Seed Mixture 2
- ☒ Seed Mixture 2/LPC
- ☐ Seed Mixture 3
- ☐ Seed Mixture 4
- ☐ Seed Mixture Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 17 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

17. The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

18. Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

19. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

20. Escape Ramps - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches [that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted] to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

21. Special Stipulations:

Karst:

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- If a void is encountered alignments may be rerouted to avoid the karst feature and lessen; the potential of subsidence or collapse of karst features, buildup of toxic or combustible gas, or other possible impacts to cave and karst resources from the buried pipeline.

- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required at such intersections, if any.
- A leak detection plan **will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval** prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, siting valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the Grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 *et seq.* (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant (see 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. Holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, *et seq.* or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, *et seq.*) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way Holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way Holder on the Right-of-Way. This provision applies without regard to whether a release is caused by Holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
4. Holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:
 - a. Activities of Holder including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
 - b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
 - (3) Blasting

(4) Vandalism and sabotage;

c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he/she deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of 30 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. Holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky or dune areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 6 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 16 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

16. The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

17. Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

18. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas

of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

19. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

C. ELECTRIC LINES

- Smaller powerlines will be routed around sinkholes and other karst features to avoid or lessen the possibility of encountering near surface voids and to minimize changes to runoff or possible leaks and spills from entering karst systems. Larger powerlines will adjust their pole spacing to avoid cave and karst features.
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction.
- No further construction will be done until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required.

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.
5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006 . The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter

raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.

8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 11 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

11. The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

12. Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

13. Special Stipulations:

For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.

Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed shall be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. Seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass	5lbs/A
Sand Bluestem	5lbs/A
Little Bluestem	3lbs/A
Big Bluestem	6lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis	2lbs/A
Sand Dropseed	1lbs/A

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY
WELL NAME & NO.:	LOBO 33/28 FED COM 564H
APD ID:	10400099334
LOCATION:	Section 33, T.21 S., R.32 E. NMP.
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico ▼

COA

H ₂ S	☐ No ☒ Yes			
Potash / WIPP	☐ None	☒ Secretary	☐ R-111-Q	☐ Open Annulus
	3-String Design: Open Production Casing Annulus			☐ WIPP
Cave / Karst	☒ Low	☐ Medium	☐ High	☐ Critical
Wellhead	☐ Conventional	☒ Multibowl	☐ Both	☐ Diverter
Cementing	☐ Primary Squeeze	☐ Cont. Squeeze	☐ EchoMeter	☒ DV Tool
Special Req	☐ Capitan Reef	☐ Water Disposal	☒ COM	☐ Unit
Waste Prev.	☐ Self-Certification	☐ Waste Min. Plan	☒ APD Submitted prior to 06/10/2024	
Additional Language	☒ Flex Hose	☐ Casing Clearance	☐ Pilot Hole	☒ Break Testing
	☐ Four-String	☒ Offline Cementing	☒ Fluid-Filled	

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Drilling Plan shall be activated **AT SPUD**. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet **43 CFR 3176** requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING DESIGN

Primary Casing Design

Note: Surface casing set depth was adjusted per BLM geologist's recommendation.

1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1,072 ft.** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. **If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 ft. above the salt.**
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic-type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of

- six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or **500 psi compressive strength**, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
2. The **9-5/8 in.** intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **4,650 ft.** The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8 inch** intermediate casing is:
- **Option 1 (Single Stage): Cement to surface.** If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Potash.

Note: Excess cement is less than 25%, more cement is required if washout occurs. Adjust cement volume and excess based on a fluid caliper or similar method that reflects the as-drilled size of the wellbore.

Note: Intermediate casing must be kept fluid-filled to meet minimum collapse design requirements.

- ❖ In Secretary Potash Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
3. Operator has proposed to set **7 in.** production casing at approximately **10,571 ft.** (10,567 ft. TVD). The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7 in.** production casing is:
- Operator has proposed to cement in two stages by conventionally cementing the first stage and performing a bradenhead squeeze on the second stage within 180 days after well completion in accordance with the R-111-Q guidelines.
 - a. First stage: Operator will cement production casing with intent to bring cement to top of Brushy Canyon formation. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst and Potash.
 - b. Second stage: Operator will perform bradenhead squeeze within 180 days after completion per R-111-Q requirements. Cement shall be tie-back **at least 500 ft. into intermediate casing**. If cement does not circulate, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified.
 - ❖ Operator must run a cement evaluation tool (fluid shot tool, Temperature log or CBL, etc.) to verify TOC after the second stage bradenhead. Submit the results to

the BLM. If cement does not tie-back at least 500 ft. into the previous casing shoe, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified.

- ❖ A monitored open annulus will be incorporated during completion by leaving the Intermediate Casing x Production Casing annulus un-cemented and monitored inside the Intermediate String. Operator must follow monitoring requirements listed within R-111-Q. Tieback requirements shall be met within 180 days.

4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **4-1/2 in.** production liner is:
 - Cement should tie-back **at least 100 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Alternate Casing Design

Note: Surface casing set depth was adjusted per BLM geologist's recommendation.

1. The **13-3/8 inch** surface casing shall be set at approximately **1,072 ft.** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. **If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 ft. above the salt.**
 - e. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic-type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - f. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or **500 psi compressive strength**, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - g. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - h. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
2. The **9-5/8 in.** intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **4,650 ft.** The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8 inch** intermediate casing is:
 - **Option 1 (Single Stage): Cement to surface.** If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Potash.

Note: Excess cement is less than 25%, more cement is required if washout occurs. Adjust cement volume and excess based on a fluid caliper or similar method that reflects the as-drilled size of the wellbore.

Note: Intermediate casing must be kept fluid-filled to meet minimum collapse design requirements.

- ❖ In Secretary Potash Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
3. Operator has proposed to set **7 in.** (HCP-110, 26#) production casing at approximately **11,475 ft.** (11,140 ft. TVD). The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7 in.** production casing is:
- Operator has proposed to cement in two stages by conventionally cementing the first stage and performing a bradenhead squeeze on the second stage within 180 days after well completion in accordance with the R-111-Q guidelines.
 - c. First stage: Operator will cement production casing with intent to bring cement to top of Brushy Canyon formation. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst and Potash.
 - d. Second stage: Operator will perform bradenhead squeeze within 180 days after completion per R-111-Q requirements. Cement shall be tie-back **at least 500 ft. into intermediate casing**. If cement does not circulate, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified.
 - ❖ Operator must run a cement evaluation tool (fluid shot tool, Temperature log or CBL, etc.) to verify TOC after the second stage bradenhead. Submit the results to the BLM. If cement does not tie-back at least 500 ft. into the previous casing shoe, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified.
 - ❖ A monitored open annulus will be incorporated during completion by leaving the Intermediate Casing x Production Casing annulus un-cemented and monitored inside the Intermediate String. Operator must follow monitoring requirements listed within R-111-Q. Tieback requirements shall be met within 180 days.
4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **4-1/2 in.** production liner is:
- Cement should tie-back **at least 100 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use **flex line** from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout

preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M) psi**. The BOP/BOPE and annular preventer shall be pressure-tested in accordance with **title 43 CFR 3172 and API Standard 53**.

- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in the **title 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9)** must be followed.

BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for intervals utilizing a 5M BOPE or less. **(Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP.)**
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-361-2822 Eddy County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per **43 CFR 3172**.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

Offline Cementing

Operator has been **(Approved)** to pump the proposed cement program offline in the **Surface and intermediate(s) intervals**. Offline cementing should commence within 24 hours of landing the casing for the interval. Notify the BLM 4hrs prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure at **Eddy County: 575-361-2822**.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Contact Lea County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981.

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like

pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).

- b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the doghouse or stairway area.
3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at

- least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:

- i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
 - v. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - i. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (Only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
 - iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
 - iv. The test shall be run on a 5000-psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M

BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one-hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2-hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four-hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low-pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per **43 CFR 3172**.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

SA 08/06/2024

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan
Mewbourne Oil Company

1. General Requirements

Rule 118 does not apply to this well because MOC has researched this area and no high concentrations of H₂S were found. MOC will have on location and working all H₂S safety equipment before the Delaware formation for purposes of safety and insurance requirements.

2. Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will have received training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to entering the drilling pad area of the well:

1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide gas.
2. The proper use of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
3. The proper use of hydrogen sulfide detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures.
4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue operations.

Additionally, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1 The effects of hydrogen sulfide on metal components. If high tensile tubular systems are utilized, supervisory personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2 Corrective action and shut in procedures, blowout prevention, and well control procedures while drilling a well.
- 3 The contents of the Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

There will be an initial training session prior to encountering a known hydrogen sulfide source. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Equipment and Systems

All hydrogen sulfide safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational prior to drilling below the 9 5/8" intermediate casing.

1. Well Control Equipment
 - A. Choke manifold with minimum of one adjustable choke/remote choke.
 - B. Blowout preventers equipped with blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
 - C. Auxiliary equipment including annular type blowout preventer.
2. Protective Equipment for Essential Personnel

Thirty minute self contained work unit located in the dog house and at briefing areas.

Additionally: If H₂S is encountered in concentrations less than 10 ppm, fans will be placed in work areas to prevent the accumulation of hazardous amounts of poisonous gas. If higher concentrations of H₂S are detected the well will be shut in and a rotating head, mud/gas separator, remote choke and flare line with igniter will be installed.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Protection and Monitoring Equipment

Two portable hydrogen sulfide monitors positioned on location for optimum coverage and detection. The units shall have audible sirens to notify personnel when hydrogen sulfide levels exceed 20 PPM.

4. Visual Warning Systems

A. Wind direction indicators as indicated on the wellsite diagram.

B. Caution signs shall be posted on roads providing access to location. Signs shall be painted a high visibility color with lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distances from potentially contaminated areas.

4. **Mud Program**

The mud program has been designed to minimize the amount of hydrogen sulfide entrained in the mud system. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices, and the use of hydrogen sulfide scavengers will minimize hazards while drilling the well.

5. **Metallurgy**

All tubular systems, wellheads, blowout preventers, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifolds, and valves shall be suitable for service in a hydrogen sulfide environment when chemically treated.

6. **Communications**

State & County Officials phone numbers are posted on rig floor and supervisors trailer. Communications in company vehicles and toolpushers are either two way radios or cellular phones.

7. **Well Testing**

Drill stem testing is not an anticipated requirement for evaluation of this well. If a drill stem test is required, it will be conducted with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity. The test will be conducted during daylight hours only.

8. **Emergency Phone Numbers**

Eddy County Sheriff's Office	911 or 575-887-7551
Ambulance Service	911 or 575-885-2111
Carlsbad Fire Dept	911 or 575-885-2111
Loco Hills Volunteer Fire Dept.	911 or 575-677-3266
Closest Medical Facility - Columbia Medical Center of Carlsbad	575-492-5000

Mewbourne Oil Company	Hobbs District Office	575-393-5905
	Fax	575-397-6252
	2nd Fax	575-393-7259

District Manager	Robin Terrell	575-390-4816
Drilling Superintendent	Frosty Lathan	575-390-4103
	Bradley Bishop	575-390-6838
Drilling Foreman	Wesley Noseff	575-441-0729

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COMWell Number: 564H

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Water source type: IRRIGATION

Water source use type:

DUST CONTROL

CAMP USE

SURFACE CASING

INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING

STIMULATION

Source latitude: 32.423752

Source longitude: -103.655604

Source datum: NAD83

Water source permit type:

WATER WELL

Water source transport method:

TRUCKING

Source land ownership: FEDERAL

Source transportation land ownership: FEDERAL

Water source volume (barrels): 3240

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.41761363

Source volume (gal): 136080

Water source type: IRRIGATION

Water source use type:

DUST CONTROL

CAMP USE

SURFACE CASING

INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING

STIMULATION

Source latitude: 32.30893

Source longitude: -103.89153

Source datum: NAD83

Water source permit type:

WATER WELL

Water source transport method:

TRUCKING

Source land ownership: PRIVATE

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

Source transportation land ownership: FEDERAL

Water source volume (barrels): 3240

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.41761363

Source volume (gal): 136080

Water source and transportation

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_WaterSourceTansMap_20240626153328.pdf

Water source comments: Both sources shown on one map

New water well? N

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:Well Longitude:Well datum:

Well target aquifer:

Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):Est thickness of aquifer:

Aquifer comments:

Aquifer documentation:

Well depth (ft):Well casing type:

Well casing outside diameter (in.):Well casing inside diameter (in.):

New water well casing?Used casing source:

Drilling method:Drill material:

Grout material:Grout depth:

Casing length (ft.):Casing top depth (ft.):

Well Production type:Completion Method:

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Using any construction materials: YES

Construction Materials description: Caliche - both sources shown on one map

Construction Materials source location

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_CalicheSoureTansMap_20240626153337.pdf

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY**Well Name:** LOBO 33/28 FED COM**Well Number:** 564H**Section 7 - Methods for Handling****Waste type:** DRILLING**Waste content description:** Drill Cuttings**Amount of waste:** 3240 barrels**Waste disposal frequency :** One Time Only**Safe containment description:** Drill cuttings will be properly contained in steel tanks (20 yard roll off bins.)**Safe containmant attachment:****Waste disposal type:** HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE**Disposal type description:****Disposal location description:** NMOCD approved disposal locations are CRI or Lea Land, both facilities are located on HWY 62/180, Sec 27 T20S R32E.**Waste type:** SEWAGE**Waste content description:** Human waste & Grey water**Amount of waste:** 1500 gallons**Waste disposal frequency :** Weekly**Safe containment description:** 2000 gallon plastic container**Safe containmant attachment:****Waste disposal type:** HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE**Disposal type description:****Disposal location description:** City of Carlsbad Water Treatment Facility**Waste type:** GARBAGE**Waste content description:** Garbage & Trash**Amount of waste:** 1500 pounds**Waste disposal frequency :** One Time Only**Safe containment description:** Enclosed Trash Trailer**Safe containmant attachment:****Waste disposal type:** HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY **Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE**Disposal type description:****Disposal location description:** Waste Management Facility in Carlsbad, NM**Reserve Pit****Reserve Pit being used?** NO

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: LOBO 33/28 FED COM

Well Number: 564H

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.) Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? N

Description of cuttings location

Cuttings area length (ft.) Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.) Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: N

Ancillary Facilities

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Lobo_33_28_Fed_Com_564H_WellSiteLayout_20240626153350.pdf

Comments: None

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410
Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170
District IV
1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 377020

CONDITIONS

Operator: MEWBOURNE OIL CO P.O. Box 5270 Hobbs, NM 88241	OGRID:
	14744
	Action Number: 377020
	Action Type: [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
ward.rikala	Notify OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement	8/30/2024
ward.rikala	Will require a File As Drilled C-102 and a Directional Survey with the C-104	8/30/2024
ward.rikala	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string	8/30/2024
ward.rikala	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing	8/30/2024
ward.rikala	If cement does not circulate on any string, a CBL is required for that string of casing	8/30/2024
ward.rikala	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system	8/30/2024