

## Application for Permit to Drill

## U.S. Department of the Interior **Bureau of Land Management**

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## **APD Package Report**

Well Status: AAPD

APD ID: 10400101903

APD Received Date: 11/15/2024 08:54 AM Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Operator: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED Well Number: 203H

#### APD Package Report Contents

- Form 3160-3
- Operator Certification Report
- Application Report
- Application Attachments
  - -- Well Plat: 2 file(s)
- Drilling Plan Report
- Drilling Plan Attachments
  - -- Blowout Prevention Choke Diagram Attachment: 4 file(s)
  - -- Blowout Prevention BOP Diagram Attachment: 18 file(s)
  - -- Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): 12 file(s)
  - -- Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan: 2 file(s)
  - -- Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission: 4 file(s)
  - -- Other Facets: 24 file(s)
  - -- Other Variances: 21 file(s)
- SUPO Report
- SUPO Attachments
  - -- Existing Road Map: 4 file(s)
  - -- New Road Map: 12 file(s)
  - -- Attach Well map: 2 file(s)
  - -- Production Facilities map: 29 file(s)
  - -- Water source and transportation map: 2 file(s)
  - -- Construction Materials source location attachment: 2 file(s)
  - -- Well Site Layout Diagram: 6 file(s)
  - -- Recontouring attachment: 2 file(s)
  - -- Other SUPO Attachment: 4 file(s)
- PWD Report
- PWD Attachments
  - -- None

- Bond ReportBond Attachments
  - -- None

Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** 5. Lease Serial No. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NMNM121490 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. **✓** DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: ✓ Oil Well Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone ✓ Multiple Zone BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED 30-025-55193 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory RED HILLS;/UPPER BONE SPRING SHA 1111 BAGBY SKY LOBBY 2, HOUSTON, TX 77002 (713) 651-7000 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.\*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 22/T26S/R33E/NMP At surface TR F / 1899 FNL / 2355 FWL / LAT 32.0309941 / LONG -103.5611157 At proposed prod. zone LOT 3 / 100 FSL / 2595 FWL / LAT 32.0005291 / LONG -103.5603452 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office\* 12. County or Parish 13 State NM LEA 15. Distance from proposed\* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 100 feet location to nearest property or lease line, ft. 1266.0 (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location\* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, 33 feet 9792 feet / 19936 feet FED: NMB106709157 applied for, on this lease, ft. 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start\* 23. Estimated duration 3301 feet 12/25/2025 25 days 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above) 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date SHEA BAILEY / Ph: (713) 651-7000 (Electronic Submission) 11/15/2024 Title Regulatory Contractor Approved by (Signature) Date Name (Printed/Typed) (Electronic Submission) CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-5959 09/03/2025 Title Office Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals Carlsbad Field Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction



(Continued on page 2)

\*(Instructions on page 2)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

#### **NOTICES**

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

(Form 3160-3, page 2)

## **Additional Operator Remarks**

#### **Location of Well**

0. SHL: TR F / 1899 FNL / 2355 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 22 / LAT: 32.0309941 / LONG: -103.5611157 ( TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet ) PPP: TR K / 2540 FSL / 2595 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 22 / LAT: 32.0286843 / LONG: -103.5603423 ( TVD: 9527 feet, MD: 9591 feet ) PPP: TR K / 2641 FNL / 2595 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 27 / LAT: 32.0144408 / LONG: -103.5603438 ( TVD: 9792 feet, MD: 14875 feet ) BHL: LOT 3 / 100 FSL / 2595 FWL / TWSP: 22S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 34 / LAT: 32.0005291 / LONG: -103.5603452 ( TVD: 9792 feet, MD: 19936 feet )

#### **BLM Point of Contact**

Name: MARIAH HUGHES Title: Land Law Examiner Phone: (575) 234-5972 Email: mhughes@blm.gov

### **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: EOG Resources, Inc.

LEASE NO.: NMNM 0002965A, NMNM 121490, and NMNM 122622

COUNTY: Lea County, New Mexico

#### Wells:

The legal lands descriptions are located in Lea County, New Mexico (Table 1). The following surface hole locations are located in Township 26S, Range 33E, Section 22; bottom hole locations are located in Township 26S, Range 33E, Section 34.

**Table 1: Legal Lands Descriptions** 

Table 1. Legal Latius Descriptions				
Well Name	Surface Hole Legal Location*	Bottom Hole Legal Location*		
Well Pad A - Center of Pad: 2,054' FNL and 1,328' FWL				
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #105H	1,956' FNL and 1,261' FWL	100' FSL and 1,254' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #106H	1,933' FNL and 1,237' FWL	100' FSL and 330' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #305H	1,976' FNL and 1,369' FWL	100' FSL and 1,254' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #306H	1,953' FNL and 1,345' FWL	100' FSL and 330' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #505H	1,910' FNL and 1,213' FWL	100' FSL and 1,254' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #506H	1,888' FNL and 1,189' FWL	100' FSL and 330' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #746H	2,042' FNL and 1,526' FWL	100' FSL and 1,320' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #747H	2,019' FNL and 1,502' FWL	100' FSL and 660' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH1	1,999' FNL and 1,393' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH2	2,201' FNL and 1,417' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH3	2,064' FWL and 1,550' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH4	2,087' FNL and 1,574' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH5	2,172' FNL and 1,576' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH6	2,196' FNL and 1,553' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH7	2,220' FNL and 1,531' FWL			
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH8	2,244' FNL and 1,508' FWL			
Well	Pad B – Center of Pad: 1,924' FNL and 2,505	'FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H	1,899' FNL and 2,355' FWL	100' FSL and 2,595' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #204H	1,899' FNL and 2,322' FWL	100' FSL and 1,716' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #205H	1,899' FNL and 2,289' FWL	100' FSL and 792' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #403H	1,839' FNL and 2,514' FWL	100' FSL and 2,595' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #404H	1,839' FNL and 2,481' FWL	100' FSL and 1,716' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #405H	1,839' FNL and 2,448' FWL	100' FSL and 792' FWL		
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH9	1,899' FNL and 2,388' FWL			

Well Name	Surface Hole Legal Location*	Bottom Hole Legal Location*
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH10	1,839' FNL and 2,547' FWL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH11	1,779' FNL and 2,607' FWL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH12	1,779' FNL and 2,640' FWL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH13	1,779' FNL and 2,624' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH14	1,779' FNL and 2,591' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH15	1,839' FNL and 2,532' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH16	1,872' FNL and 2,532' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH17	1,905' FNL and 2,532' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH18	1,938' FNL and 2,532' FEL	
Well F	Pad C – Center of Pad: 2,055' FNL and 1,973	'FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #103H	2,172' FNL and 1,999' FEL	100' FSL and 2,194' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #104H	2,205' FNL and 1,999' FEL	100' FSL and 2,178' FWL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #303H	2,238' FNL and 1,999' FEL	100' FSL and 2,194' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #304H	2,271' FNL and 1,999' FEL	100' FSL and 2,178' FWL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #503H	1,920' FNL and 2,117' FEL	100' FSL and 2,194' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #504H	1,953' FNL and 2,117' FEL	100' FSL and 2,178' FWL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #743H	2,046' FNL and 2,058' FEL	100' FSL and 1,996' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #744H	2,079' FNL and 2,058' FEL	100' FSL and 2,595' FWL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #745H	2,112' FNL and 2,058' FEL	100' FSL and 1,980' FWL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH19	2,013' FNL and 2,059' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH20	1,887' FNL and 2,117' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH21	1,854' FNL and 2,117' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH22	1,794' FNL and 2,056' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH23	1,794' FNL and 2,023' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH24	1,794' FNL and 1,990' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH25	1,794' FNL and 1,957' FEL	
Well F	ad D – Center of Pad: 2,055' FNL and 1,383	' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #101H	2,238' FNL and 1,409' FEL	100' FSL and 346' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #102H	2,271' FNL and 1,409' FEL	100' FSL and 1,270' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #201H	2,172' FNL and 1,408' FEL	100' FSL and 808' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #202H	2,205' FNL and 1,409' FEL	100' FSL and 1,732' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #301H	2,079' FNL and 1,468' FEL	100' FSL and 346' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #302H	2,112' FNL and 1,468' FEL	100' FSL and 1,270' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #401H	2,013' FNL and 1,468' FEL	100' FSL and 808' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #402H	2,046' FNL and 1,468' FEL	100' FSL and 1,732' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #501H	1,920' FNL and 1,527' FEL	100' FSL and 346' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #502H	1,953' FNL and 1,527' FEL	100' FSL and 1,270' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #741H	1,854' FNL and 1,527' FEL	100' FSL and 676' FEL
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #742H	1,887' FNL and 1,527' FEL	100' FSL and 1,336' FEL

Well Name	Surface Hole Legal Location*	Bottom Hole Legal Location*
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH26	1,794' FNL and 1,466' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH27	1,794' FNL and 1,433' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH28	1,794' FNL and 1,400' FEL	
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com PH29	1,794' FNL and 1,367' FEL	

<sup>\*</sup>FNL = from north line; FSL = from south line; FWL = from west line; FEL = from east line; PH=Placeholder

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#### 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The failure of the operator to comply with these requirements may result in the assessment of liquidated damages or penalties pursuant to 43 CFR 3163.1 or 3163.2. A copy of these conditions of approval shall be present on the location during construction, drilling and reclamation activity. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

#### .1. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the operator, or any person working on the operator's behalf, on the public or federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area (within 100ft) of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer, in conjunction with a BLM Cultural Resource Specialist, to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant scientific values. The operator shall be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the operator.

Traditional Cultural Properties (TCPs) are protected by NHPA as codified in 36 CFR 800 for possessing traditional, religious, and cultural significance tied to a certain group of individuals. Though there are currently no designated TCPs within the project area or within a mile of the project area, but it is possible for a TCP to be designated after the approval of this project. If a TCP is designated in the project area after the project's approval, the BLM Authorized Officer will notify the operator of the following conditions and the duration for which these conditions are required.

- 1. Temporary halting of all construction, drilling, and production activities to lower noise.
- 2. Temporary shut-off of all artificial lights at night.

The operator is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), specifically NAGPRA Subpart B regarding discoveries, to protect human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered during project work. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and a BLM-CFO Authorized Officer will be notified immediately. The BLM will then be required to be notified, in writing, within 24 hours of the discovery. The written notification should include the geographic location by county and state, the contents of the discovery, and the steps taken to protect said discovery. You must also include any potential threats to the discovery and a conformation that all activity within 100ft of the discovery has ceased and work will not resume until written certification is issued. All work on the entire project must halt for a minimum of 3 days and work cannot resume until an Authorized Officer grants permission to do so.

Any paleontological resource discovered by the operator, or any person working on the operator's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. The operator will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the operator.

#### .2. RANGELAND RESOURCES

#### .2.1. Cattleguards

Where a permanent cattleguard is approved, an appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

#### .2.2. Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

#### .2.3. Livestock Watering Requirement

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

#### .3. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA, New Mexico Department of Agriculture, and BLM requirements and policies.

#### 1.3.1 African Rue (Peganum harmala)

Spraying: The spraying of African Rue must be completed by a licensed or certified applicator. In order to attempt to kill or remove African Rue the proper mix of chemical is needed. The mix consists of 2% Arsenal (Imazapyr) and 2% Roundup (Glyphosate) along with a nonionic surfactant. Any other chemicals or combinations shall be approved by the BLM Noxious Weeds Coordinator prior to treatment. African Rue shall be sprayed in connection to any dirt working activities or disturbances to the site being sprayed. Spraying of African Rue shall be done on immature plants at initial growth through flowering and mature plants between budding and flowering stages. Spraying shall not be conducted after flowering when plant is fruiting. This will ensure optimal intake of chemical and decrease chances of developing herbicide resistance. After spraying, the operator or necessary parties must contact the Carlsbad Field Office to inspect the effectiveness of the application treatment to the plant species. No ground disturbing activities can take place until the inspection by the authorized officer is complete. The operator may contact the Environmental Protection Department or the BLM Noxious Weed Coordinator at (575) 234-5972 or BLM NM CFO NoxiousWeeds@blm.gov.

Management Practices: In addition to spraying for African Rue, good management practices should be followed. All equipment should be washed off using a power washer in a designated containment area. The containment area shall be bermed to allow for containment of the seed to prevent it from entering any open areas of the nearby landscape. The containment area shall be excavated near or adjacent to the well pad at a depth of three feet and just large enough to get equipment inside it to be washed off. This will allow all seeds to be in a centrally located area that can be treated at a later date if the need arises.

#### .4. LIGHT POLLUTION

#### .4.1. Downfacing

All permanent lighting will be pointed straight down at the ground in order to prevent light spill beyond the edge of approved surface disturbance.

#### .4.2. Shielding

All permanent lighting will use full cutoff luminaires, which are fully shielded (i.e., not emitting direct or indirect light above an imaginary horizontal plane passing through the lowest part of the light source).

#### .4.3. Lighting Color

Lighting shall be 3,500 Kelvin or less (Warm White) except during drilling, completion, and workover operations. No bluish-white lighting shall be used in permanent outdoor lighting.

## SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

#### .1. WATERSHED

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

#### .1.1. Tank Battery

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20-mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Secondary containment holding capacity must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24-hourproduction, whichever is greater (displaced volume from all tanks within the berms MUST be subtracted from total volume of containment in calculating holding capacity). Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

#### .1.2. Buried/Surface Line(s)

When crossing ephemeral drainages, the pipeline(s) will be buried to a minimum depth of 48 inches from the top of pipe to ground level. Erosion control methods such as gabions and/or rock aprons must be placed on both up and downstream sides of the pipeline crossing. In addition, curled (weed free) wood/straw fiber wattles/logs and/or silt fences must be placed on the downstream side for sediment control during construction and maintained until soils and vegetation have stabilized. Water bars must be placed within the corridor to divert and dissipate surface runoff. A pipeline access road is not permitted to cross ephemeral drainages. Traffic must be diverted to a preexisting route. Additional seeding may be required in floodplains and drainages to restore energy dissipating vegetation.

Prior to pipeline installation/construction a leak detection plan will be developed. The method(s) could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

#### .1.3. Electric Line(s)

Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of overhead electric line and during the life of the power line will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. A power pole must not be placed in drainages, playas, wetlands, riparian areas, or floodplains and must span across the features at a distance away that does not promote further erosion.

#### .1.4. Temporary Use Fresh Water Frac Line(s)

- Once the temporary use exceeds the timeline of 180 days and/or with a 90-day extension status; further analysis will be required if the applicant pursues to turn the temporary ROW into a permanent ROW.
- The pipeline is to not obstruct ephemeral drainages or streams, allowing water to flow in its natural state unobstructed.

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- Prior to pipeline installation/construction, a leak detection plan will be developed. The method(s) could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan should incorporate an automatic shut-off system or manual shut-off valves with active monitoring to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.

#### CAVE/KARST .1.

#### .1.1. General Construction

- No blasting
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction, and no additional construction shall occur until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- All linear surface disturbance activities will avoid sinkholes and other karst features to lessen the possibility of encountering near surface voids during construction, minimize changes to runoff, and prevent untimely leaks and spills from entering the karst drainage system.
- This is a sensitive area and all spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment, as defined in NTL 3A for Major Undesirable Events.

#### .1.2. Pad Construction

- The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche. No blasting will be used for any construction or leveling activities.
- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g., caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised (i.e. an access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height).
- Following a rain event, all fluids will be vacuumed off of the pad and hauled off-site and disposed at a proper disposal facility.

#### .1.3. Road Construction

Turnout ditches and drainage leadoffs will not be constructed in such a manner as to alter the natural flow of water into or out of cave or karst features.

• Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface features are discovered during construction.

#### .1.4. Buried Pipeline/Cable Construction

• Rerouting of the buried line(s) may be required if a subsurface void is encountered during construction to minimize the potential subsidence/collapse of the feature(s) as well as the possibility of leaks/spills entering the karst drainage system.

#### .1.5. Powerline Construction

- Smaller powerlines will be routed around sinkholes and other karst features to avoid or lessen the
  possibility of encountering near surface voids and to minimize changes to runoff or possible leaks and
  spills from entering karst systems.
- Larger powerlines will adjust their pole spacing to avoid cave and karst features.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface voids are encountered.

#### .1.6. Surface Flowlines Installation

 Flowlines will be routed around sinkholes and other karst features to minimize the possibility of leaks/spills from entering the karst drainage system.

#### .1.7. Production Mitigation

- Tank battery locations and facilities will be bermed and lined with a 20-mil thick permanent liner that has a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures. Secondary containment holding capacity must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24-hour production, whichever is greater (displaced volume from all tanks within the berms MUST be subtracted from total volume of containment in calculating holding capacity).
- Implementation of a leak detection system to provide an early alert to operators when a leak has occurred.
- Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize
  the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

#### .1.8. Residual and Cumulative Mitigation

The operator will perform annual pressure monitoring on all casing annuli. If the test results indicate a casing failure has occurred, contact a BLM Engineer immediately, and take remedial action to correct the problem.

#### .1.9. Plugging and Abandonment Mitigation

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas, additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

#### 2.3 VISUAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

#### 2.5.1 **VRM IV**

Above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements are painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

#### 2.5.2 VRM III Facility Requirement

Above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements are painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

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## 3. CONSTRUCTION REQUIRENMENTS

#### CONSTRCUTION NOTIFICATION 3.1

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at BLM\_NM\_CFO\_Construction\_Reclamation@blm.gov at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and COAs on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

#### 3.2 **TOPSOIL**

The operator shall strip the topsoil (the A horizon) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. No more than the top 6 inches of topsoil shall be removed. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (the B horizon and below) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

#### 3.3 CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No reserve pits will be used for drill cuttings. The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

#### 3.4 FEDERAL MINERAL PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

#### 3.5 WELL PAD & SURFACING

Any surfacing material used to surface the well pad will be removed at the time of interim and final reclamation.

#### 3.6 EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the well cellar is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

The operator will also install and maintain mesh netting for all open well cellars to prevent access to smaller wildlife before and after drilling operations until the well cellar is free of fluids and the operator. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not have holes or gaps.

#### 3.7 ON LEASE ACESS ROAD

#### 3.7.1 **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed twenty-four (24) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

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#### 3.7.2 Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements will be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### 3.7.3 Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### 3.7.4 **Ditching**

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

#### 3.7.5 Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### 3.7.6 **Drainage**

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, leadoff ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

#### Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: \_\_400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4

#### 3.7.7 **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

### **Construction Steps**

- Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- Revegetate slopes

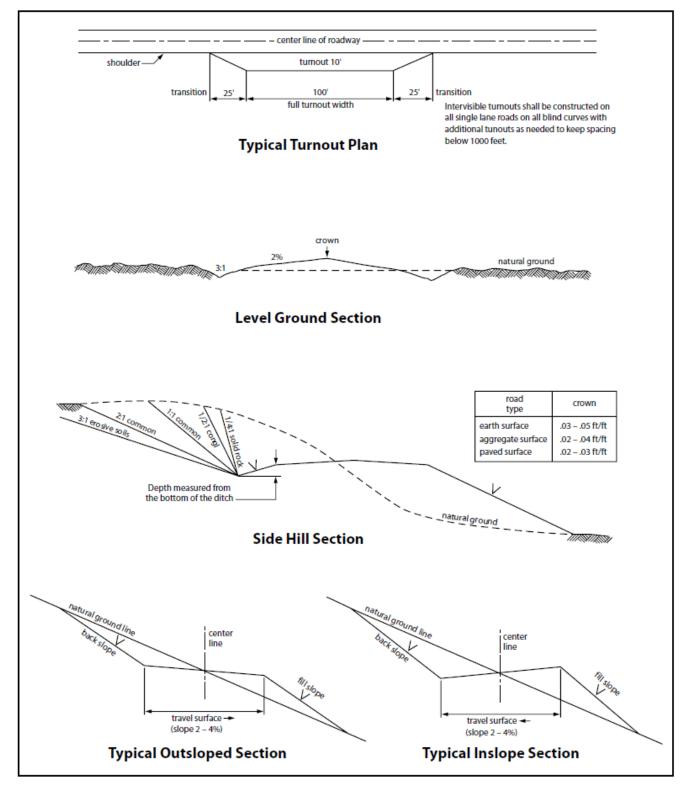


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

#### 4. PIPELINES

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- A leak detection plan <u>will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval</u> prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

#### 4.1 TEMPORARY FRESHWATER PIPELINES

Subject to the terms and conditions which are shown below, is hereby approved:

- 1. Surface pipelines 6.5 inch to 16 inch OD may be in place for no more than 180 days not including installation.
- 2. Surface pipeline will be in operation for no more than 180 days; a maximum of seven (7) days authorized for installation of the lay flat poly line prior to operation.
- 3. Surface pipelines larger than 6.5 inch to-16-inch OD may be in place for no more than 180 days from date of authorization, unless a SF-299 is submitted within 30 days of this decision expiring requesting a long term buried fresh water pipeline, and processing of the SF-299 is not yet complete at the end of 30 days, in which case the line(s) may be left in place until a decision is made on the SF-299.
  - All lines will be removed when no longer in use.
  - Width of authorized use is 15-feet.
- 4. No blading and/or earthwork will be allowed in order to place the pipeline except burying the line under crossings.
- 5. The pipeline will be buried under all intersecting routes, including BLM-designated trails and access roads into caliche pits, rancher watering stations, etc. All such buried crossings will be removed when the pipeline is removed, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 6. Pipelines larger than 6.5-inch OD may utilize other crossing methodologies (but any fill placed over pipeline must be brought in from off-site).
- 7. Pipeline crossings of fences must be avoided where possible. If a crossing is necessary, contact fence owner [usually the grazing permittee] prior to installation, and install by threading pipeline under the lowest wire of the fence; pipeline must never cross on top of any fence wires.
- 8. The pipeline shall stay within 10 feet maximum of existing disturbance (e.g. lease road, pipeline corridor etc.); placement must be within 5 feet whenever possible.
- 9. Placement of pumps or other high-maintenance equipment shall be installed along maintained lease roads.
- 10. Gas or diesel pumps, generators, or compressors shall be placed on geosynthetic lining [or 20 mil plastic] and in a containment structure capable of containing all potentially released fuels.

Containments must be protected against wildlife deaths in accordance with oilfield best management practices.

- 11. Due to potential damage to natural resources, no work is allowed during inclement weather.
- 12. Pipeline will be marked with your company's name and contact number, at beginning and ending points, at all public-road crossings, and at intervals not exceeding every 0.6 mile, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 13. Should unforeseen damage occur to resources, BLM will require reclamation of the impacted land.
- 14. No water may be released into the environment without BLM consent.
- 15. Placement of surface pipelines along or under public roadways may require permits from the road authority.

#### 4.2 BURIED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Operator agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The Operator shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this APD.
- 2. The Operator shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the operator shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the pipeline corridor or on facilities authorized under this APD. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The operator agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Pipeline corridor (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the operator's activity on the pipeline corridor), or resulting from the activity of the Operator on the pipeline corridor. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the operator, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
- 4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant is discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of operator, regardless of fault. Upon failure of operator to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the operator. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve operator of any responsibility as provided herein.

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- 5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized pipeline corridor.
- 6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.
- 7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this pipeline corridor will be 30 feet:
  - Blading of vegetation within the pipeline corridor will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed <u>20</u> feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation*.)
  - Clearing of brush species within the pipeline corridor will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.)
  - The remaining area of the pipeline corridor (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.)
- 8. The operator shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately \_\_\_6\_\_ inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.
- 9. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this pipeline corridor and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire pipeline corridor shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted, and a 6-inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.
- 10. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the pipeline corridor and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the operator's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 11. The operator shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the operator before maintenance begins. The operator will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the operator to construct temporary deterrence structures.
- 12. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 13. <u>Escape Ramps</u> The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches [that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted] to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:
  - a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them alive at least 100 yards from the trench.

b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30-degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench. Before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them alive at least 100 yards from the trench.

#### 14. Special Stipulations:

#### **Karst:**

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- If a void is encountered, alignments may be rerouted to avoid the karst feature and lessen the potential of subsidence or collapse of karst features, buildup of toxic or combustible gas, or other possible impacts to cave and karst resources from the buried pipeline.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required at such intersections, if any.
- A leak detection plan will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

#### 4.3 SURFACE PIPELINES

A copy of the APD and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Operator agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. Operator shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this APD.
- 2. Operator shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Operator shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 et seq. (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the pipeline corridoror on facilities authorized under this APD (see 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. Operator agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Pipeline corridor (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Operator's activity on the Pipeline corridor), or resulting from the activity of the Operator on the pipeline corridor. This provision applies without regard to whether a release is caused by Operator, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

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- 4. Operator shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Operator shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the pipeline corridor or permit area:
  - a. Activities of Operator including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
  - b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
    - (1) Land clearing
    - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
    - (3) Blasting
    - (4) Vandalism and sabotage
  - c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

- 5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant is discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Operator, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Operator to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as they deem necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Operator. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Operator of any responsibility as provided herein.
- 6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized pipeline corridor width of 30-feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline corridor, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline corridor. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or pipeline corridors.
- 7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 8. Operator shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.
- 9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 6 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
- 10. The operator shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The operator is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The operator will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be

braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

- 11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the operator will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
- 12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the operator to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
- 13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the pipeline corridor and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the operator's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 14. The operator shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the operator. The operator will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.
- 15. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 16. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

#### 4.4 RANGELAND MITIGATION FOR PIPELINES

#### 4.5.1 Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence must be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway with H-braces prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment operator prior to crossing any fence(s).

#### 4.5.2 Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at road-fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

#### 4.5.3 Livestock Watering Requirement

Structures that provide water to livestock, such as windmills, pipelines, drinking troughs, and earthen reservoirs, will be avoided by moving the proposed action.

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment operator if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

- Livestock operators will be contacted, and adequate crossing facilities will be provided as needed to ensure livestock are not prevented from reaching water sources because of the open trench.
- Wildlife and livestock trails will remain open and passable by adding soft plugs (areas where the
  trench is excavated and replaced with minimal compaction) during the construction phase. Soft
  plugs with ramps on either side will be left at all well-defined livestock and wildlife trails along
  the open trench to allow passage across the trench and provide a means of escape for livestock and
  wildlife that may enter the trench.
- Trenches will be backfilled as soon as feasible to minimize the amount of open trench. The Operator will avoid leaving trenches open overnight to the extent possible and open trenches that cannot be backfilled immediately will have escape ramps (wooden) placed at no more than 2,500 feet intervals and sloped no more than 45 degrees.

#### 5. OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LINES

A copy of the APD and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Operator agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The operator shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this APD.
- 2. The operator shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the operator shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the powerline corridor or on facilities authorized under this powerline corridor. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The operator agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Powerline corridor(unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the operator's activity on the powerline corridor), or resulting from the activity of the Operator on the powerline corridor. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the operator, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
- 4. There will be no clearing or blading of the powerline corridor unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The operator shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this powerline corridor, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the operator without liability or expense to the United States.

- 6. Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.
- 7. The operator shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The operator is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The operator will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 8. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.
- 9. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this APD, the operator shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.
- 10. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this APD, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

#### 11. Special Stipulations:

• For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly. Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

#### 12. Karst stipulations for overhead electric lines

- Smaller powerlines will be routed around sinkholes and other karst features to avoid or lessen the
  possibility of encountering near surface voids and to minimize changes to runoff or possible leaks
  and spills from entering karst systems. Larger powerlines will adjust their pole spacing to avoid
  cave and karst features.
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction.
- No further construction will be done until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required.

## 6. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

#### 5.1 WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

#### 5.1.1 Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities must be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

#### 5.1.2 Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife

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entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

#### 5.1.3. Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

#### 5.1.4. Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

#### 5.1.5. Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

#### 7. RECLAMATION

Stipulations required by the Authorized Officer on specific actions may differ from the following general guidelines

#### 6.1 ROAD AND SITE RECLAMATION

Any roads constructed during the life of the well will have the caliche removed or linear burial. If contaminants are indicated then testing will be required for chlorides and applicable contaminate anomalies for final disposal determination (disposed of in a manner approved by the Authorized Officer within Federal, State and Local statutes, regulations, and ordinances) and seeded to the specifications in sections 6.5 and 6.6.

#### **6.2 EROSION CONTROL**

Install erosion control berms, windrows, and hummocks. Windrows must be level and constructed perpendicular to down-slope drainage; steeper slopes will require greater windrow density. Topsoil between windrows must be ripped to a depth of at least 12", unless bedrock is encountered. Any large boulders pulled up during ripping must be deep-buried on location. Ripping must be perpendicular to down-slope. The surface must be left rough in order to catch and contain rainfall on-site. Any trenches resulting from erosion cause by run-off shall be addressed immediately.

#### 6.3 INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations must undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators must work with BLM surface protection specialists (BLM\_NM\_CFO\_Construction\_Reclamation@blm.gov) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation must allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche and any other surface material is required. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided in section 6.6.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notice, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

#### 6.4 FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

Prior to surface abandonment, the operator shall submit a Notice of Intent Sundry Notice and reclamation plan.

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding will be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM. After earthwork and seeding is completed, the operator is required to submit a Sundry Notice, Subsequent Report of Reclamation.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (BLM\_NM\_CFO\_Construction\_Reclamation@blm.gov).

#### 6.5 SEEDING TECHNIQUES

Seeds shall be hydro-seeded, mechanically drilled, or broadcast, with the broadcast-seeded area raked, ripped or dragged to aid in covering the seed. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area.

#### 6.6 SOIL SPECIFIC SEED MIXTURE

The lessee/permitee shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed land application will be accomplished by mechanical planting using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area. Smaller/heavier seeds tend to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first; the operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory BLM or Soil Conservation

District stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding or until several months of precipitation have occurred, enabling a full four months of growth, with one or more seed generations being established.

### **Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Site**

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

### **Species**

	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

<sup>\*</sup>Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

## PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: EOG Resources Incorporated

WELL NAME & NO.: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H

LOCATION: Section 22, T.26 S., R.33 E. COUNTY: Lea County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	• Yes	C No	
Potash	None	© Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	C Low	• Medium	C High
Cave/Karst Potential	C Critical		
Variance	© None	• Flex Hose	Other
Wellhead	Conventional	<ul><li>Multibowl</li></ul>	© Both
Wellhead Variance	O Diverter		
Other	□4 String	☐ Capitan Reef	□WIPP
Other	☐ Fluid Filled	☐ Pilot Hole	☐ Open Annulus
Cementing	☐ Contingency	▼ EchoMeter	Primary Cement
	Cement Squeeze		Squeeze
Special Requirements	☐ Water Disposal	<b>▼</b> COM	□ Unit
Special Requirements	☐ Batch Sundry		
Special Requirements	✓ Break Testing	✓ Offline	
Variance		Cementing	Clearance

#### A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated AT SPUD. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

#### **B. CASING**

The above well is approved for the primary design and 5 Designs listed in the "EOG BLM Variance 5a - Alternate Shallow Casing Designs" document. The casing set points and directional plans for the wells in the batch are within the boundary conditions reviewed in the blanket design. The COA is written for the deepest well on the pad. Operator is responsible to review the cement volumes based on the set points, design executed and to achieve the TOC requirements listed in the COA.

#### **Primary:**

- 1. The 10-3/4 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 1136 feet TVD (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of  $\underline{8}$ hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 5057 per BLM Geologist feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. Operator has also proposed ONLY running 6 inch casing or ONLY running 5.5 inch for the production string. Reviewed and is OK. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed to pump down 8-5/8" X 6" or 5-1/2" annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus Or operator shall run a CBL from TD of the 5-1/2" or 6" casing to surface after the second stage BH to verify TOC.

Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must run one CBL per Well Pad.

If cement does not reach surface, the next casing string must come to surface.

Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

#### **Shallow Design A:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1136** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 5057 per BLM Geologist feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed to pump down 9-5/8" X 5-1/2" annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus Or operator shall run a CBL from TD of the 5-1/2" casing to surface after the second stage BH to verify TOC.

Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must run one CBL per Well Pad.

If cement does not reach surface, the next casing string must come to surface.

Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

#### **Shallow Design B:**

- 1. The **10-3/4** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1136** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - e. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - f. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - g. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.

If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

- 2. The 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 5057 per BLM Geologist feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

• Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed to pump down 8-5/8" X 5-1/2" annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus Or operator shall run a CBL from TD of the 5-1/2" casing to surface after the second stage BH to verify TOC.

Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must run one CBL per Well Pad.

If cement does not reach surface, the next casing string must come to surface.

Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

### **Shallow Design C:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1136** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - h. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - i. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - j. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - k. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 5057 per BLM Geologist feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK

### b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 6 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed to pump down 9-5/8" X 6" annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus Or operator shall run a CBL from TD of the 6" casing to surface after the second stage BH to verify TOC.

Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must run one CBL per Well Pad.

If cement does not reach surface, the next casing string must come to surface.

Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

### **Shallow Design D:**

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 1136 feet TVD (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - 1. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - m. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - n. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.

- o. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 5057 per BLM Geologist feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 6 inch x 5.5 inch tapered production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed to pump down 8-5/8" X 6" x 5.5 " annulus after primary cementing stage. Operator must run Echo-meter to verify Cement Slurry/Fluid top in the annulus Or operator shall run a CBL from TD of the 6x 5.5" casing to surface after the second stage BH to verify TOC.

Submit results to the BLM. No displacement fluid/wash out shall be utilized at the top of the cement slurry between second stage BH and top out. Operator must run one CBL per Well Pad.

If cement does not reach surface, the next casing string must come to surface.

Operator must use a limited flush fluid volume of 1 bbl following backside cementing procedures.

### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the 10-3/4 inch surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 3500 (70% Working Pressure) psi.

- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

# **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S) Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

### (Note: For a minimum 5M BOPE or less (Utilizing a 10M BOPE system) BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-689-5981 Lea County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.

- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

### **Casing Clearance:**

- Variance in place for production interval as long as the 500' overlap into the previous casing meets the requirement
- Variance in place for salt interval clearance based on caliper data study

### **Offline Cementing**

Offline cementing OK for all three intervals if attached qualifiers are met and conducted in adherence to approved procedures. Notify the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
  - **Eddy County**

**EMAIL** or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,

**BLM\_NM\_CFO\_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV** (575) 361-2822

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.

- ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
- iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

### A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead

- cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

### **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:

- i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
- v. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - i. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
  - iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against

- the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 11360 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per **43 CFR 3172**.

### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

**JS** 6/27/2025



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Operator Certification Data Report

### **Operator**

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: SHEA BAILEY		<b>Signed on:</b> 08/27/2025
Title: Regulatory Contr	actor	
Street Address: 5509	CHAMPIONS BLVD	
City: MIDLAND	State: TX	<b>Zip:</b> 79707
Phone: (432)214-9797		
Email address: SHEA	_BAILEY@EOGRESOURCES.COM	
Field	k	
Representative Name	:	
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Phone:		
Email address:		



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Application Data

**APD ID:** 10400101903

Submission Date: 11/15/2024

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Number: 203H

Well Work Type: Drill

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes **Show Final Text** 

**Section 1 - General** 

APD ID: 10400101903

Tie to previous NOS?

Submission Date: 11/15/2024

**BLM Office:** Carlsbad

**User: SHEA BAILEY** 

**Title:** Regulatory Contractor

Federal/Indian APD: FED

Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM121490

Lease Acres:

Surface access agreement in place?

Allotted?

Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO

Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Operator letter of

Keep application confidential? N

**Permitting Agent? NO** 

**APD Operator: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

### **Operator Info**

**Operator Organization Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Operator Address: 600 17TH STREET, SUITE 1000 N

**Operator PO Box:** 

**Zip:** 80202

**Operator City: DENVER** 

State: CO

**Operator Phone:** (303)262-9894

**Operator Internet Address:** 

### **Section 2 - Well Information**

Well in Master Development Plan? NO

**Master Development Plan name:** 

Well in Master SUPO? NO

Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO

Well Number: 203H

Master Drilling Plan name:

Well API Number:

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Field Name: RED HILLS:

Pool Name: UPPER BONE

SPRING SHALE

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? N New surface disturbance?

Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL

Multiple Well Pad Name:
BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Number: 203H, 204H, 205H

Well Class: HORIZONTAL Number of Legs: 1

Well Work Type: Drill
Well Type: OIL WELL
Describe Well Type:
Well sub-Type: INFILL

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town: Distance to nearest well: 33 FT

Distance to lease line: 100 FT

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 1266 Acres

**Well plat:** BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_PLAT\_S\_20241111133250.pdf

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_C\_102\_S\_20250827061418.pdf

Well work start Date: 12/25/2025 Duration: 25 DAYS

### **Section 3 - Well Location Table**

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

**Describe Survey Type:** 

Datum: NAD83 Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number: Reference Datum: KELLY BUSHING

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this
SHL Leg #1	189 9	FNL	235 5	FW L	26S	33E	22	Tract F	32.03099 41	- 103.5611 157	LEA	NEW MEXI CO	• • – • •	F	NMNM 122622	330 1			N
KOP Leg #1	259 0	FSL	259 5	FW L	26S	33E	22	Tract K	32.02882 18	- 103.5603 423	LEA	NEW MEXI CO		F	FEE	- 601 4	937 1	931 5	Υ

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this
PPP		FSL	259	FW	26S	33E	22	Tract	32.02868		LEA	NEW		F	FEE	-	959	952	Υ
Leg	0		5	L				K	43	103.5603 423		MEXI	MEXI CO			622 6	1	7	
#1-1										423		CO	CO			O			
PPP	264	FNL	259	FW	26S	33E	27	Tract	32.01444		LEA		NEW	F	NMNM	-	148	979	Υ
Leg	1		5	L				K	08	103.5603 438		MEXI CO	MEXI CO		121490	649	75	2	
#1-2										430		CO	CO			I			
EXIT	100	FSL	259	FW	22S	33E	34	Lot	32.00052		LEA	NEW		F	NMNM	-	199	979	Υ
Leg			5	L				3	91	103.5603 452		MEXI	MEXI CO		02965A	649	36	2	
#1										402			CO			I			
BHL	100	FSL	259	FW	22S	33E	34	Lot	32.00052		LEA	NEW		F	NMNM	-	199	979	Υ
Leg			5	L				3	91	103.5603		MEXI	MEXI		02965A	649	36	2	
#1										452		СО	СО			I			

<u>C-102</u>			Energy		State of New ls & Natura	Mexico l Resources	Departmen	nt		Revise	ed July 9, 2024
Submit Electronic Via OCD Permitt			(	OIL CO	NSERVAT	ION DIVIS	SION			XInitial Submittal	
								Sub Typ	mittal	Amended Report	
								174		As Drilled	
		V	VELL LC	CATIO	N AND AC	REAGE DI	EDICATIO	N PLA	AT		
API Number 30-025- 5	55193		Pool Code 979	900	Pool N		ILLS; UPF	R BON	E SP	RING SHA	LE
Property Code	337725		Property Name		ARLOW XL 2	22-34 FED C	ОМ				203H
OGRID No.	7377		Operator Name		EOG RESO	URCES, INC	·.			Ground Level Elev	ation 3301'
Surface Owner:	State Fee	Tribal X Federal				Mineral Owner:	State X Fee Trib	oal <b>X</b> Federa	ıl		
					Surface	Location					
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	e		Longitude	County
F	22	26-S	33-E	-	1899' N	2355' W	N 32.030	9941	W 10	03.5611157	LEA
					Bottom Ho	le Location		'			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	e		Longitude	County
3	34	26-S	33-E	-	100' S	2595' W	N 32.000	5291	W 10	03.5603452	LEA
Dedicated Acres		ining Well Defin	ing Well API			Overlapping Spacing		C	Consolidate		
1266.00	DEFIN						Y			C	
Order Numbers	PENI	DING CON	1 AGREE	MENT		Well Setbacks are un	nder Common Owne	ership: Y	es No		
					Kick Off P	oint (KOP)					
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	e		Longitude	County
K	22	26-S	33-E	-	2590' S	2595' W	N 32.028	8218	W 10	03.5603423	LEA
				•	First Take	Point (FTP)		•			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude	e		Longitude	County
K	22	26-S	33-E	_	2540' S	2595' W	N 32.028	86843	W 10	03.5603423	LEA
				<u>.                                    </u>							
*** 1 .		m 1:		T x .x1		Point (LTP)	Y 25 4			· · · · · ·	
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude		101.40	Longitude	County
3	34	26-S	33-E	-	100' S	2595' W	N 32.000	15291	VV 10	03.5603452	LEA
Unitized Area or A				Spacing Unity	Type Horizont	al Vertical	Grou	und Floor Ele	vation	3326'	
C	OW AGR	EEMENT									
OPERATO	OR CERTII	FICATION				SURVEYOR	RS CERTIFIC	CATION	Ши.	his plat was plotte	
best of my kn	owledge and	belief; and, ij	the well is a	vertical or	complete to the directional well,	notes of actual	surveys made o	y me or u	nder ymu	i <b>su</b> pervision, and i	d from field that the same
in the land in well at this lo or unleased m	ncluding the ecation pursui ineral interes	proposed botton ant to a contr st, or to a vol:	n hole location act with an o untary pooling	n or has a ri wner of a wo	nineral interest ght to drill this rking interest r a compulsory	is true and cor	rect to the best	of my help	E/X/C		
pooling order  If this well is	•	·		this organic	ation has		<b>Z</b> //	/ (2 <b>4</b> 5)	08	<b></b>	
received The c unleased mine	onsent of at ral interest i re well's com	least one lesse in each tract ( pleted interval	e or owner of in the target	a working i pool or form				to Pr		$\gamma \in \mathcal{L}$	
	Bailei	1-	11/5/2	4			8/27/2024 10:07: of Professional Surv	50 / ONA 59 AM	L SUR	IIIIII	
Signature	0		Date			Signature and Seal	of Professional Surv	eyor	Date		
Shea Ba	iley					0.00	1 <u></u>	. 6~			
		cources	com			Certificate Number	Da	ite of Survey	- 1000 :		
sbailey1	weogre	sources.	COIII					05/25	5/2024		

C-102 Submit Electronically Via OCD Permitting  Property Name and Well Number		State of Ne y, Minerals & Natur OIL CONSERVA BARLOW XL 22	al Resources TION DIVI	SION	-	Submittal Type:	Revised July 9, 2024    XInitial Submittal   Amended Report   As Drilled
SURFACE LOCATION (SHL)  NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983  X=780638 Y=375870  LAT.: N 32.0309941  LONG.: W 103.5611157 NAD 1927  X=739451 Y=375813  LAT.: N 32.0308689  LONG.: W 103.5606497  1899' FNL 2355' FWL  KICK OFF POINT (KOP)  NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983  X=780884 Y=375081  LAT.: N 32.0288218  LONG.: W 103.5603423  NAD 1927  X=739696 Y=375024  LAT.: N 32.0286966  LONG.: W 103.5598764  2590' FSL 2595' FWL  UPPER MOST PERF. (UMP)  NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983  X=780884 Y=375031  LAT.: N 32.0286843  LONG.: W 103.5603423  NAD 1927  X=739696 Y=374974  LAT.: N 32.0285591  LONG.: W 103.5598765  2540' FSL 2595' FWL	X=778288.42—Y=375114.12 Y=375114.12 ZE X=778307.14 Y=372472.47  X=778325.46 Y=369831.52  ZE	: 	AZ = 179.60° 10242.7°  AZ = 179.60° 10242.7°  PENDING COM AGREEMENT AGREEMEN	22 27 /	23	67 62  F  1.81 2.23     LC     BOTT  2.84 3.70  SUR' I hereby plate was yearne is one	rvev
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:4	X=778362.14- Y=364668.93	T-26-S, R-33-E SECTION 34 LOT 1 - 36.42 ACRES LOT 2 - 36.48 ACRES LOT 3 - 36.52 ACRES LOT 4 - 36.58 ACRES	Q \_x=781418.9 Y=364692.1		X=783657 Y=364709	8/27/202	A 10:08:00 AM



### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Drilling Plan Data Report

09/04/2025

**APD ID: 10400101903** 

Submission Date: 11/15/2024

Highlighted data reflects the most

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

recent changes

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Well Number: 203H

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

**Show Final Text** 

### **Section 1 - Geologic Formations**

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
16320713	PERMIAN	3301	0	Ö	ALLUVIUM	NONE	N
16320714	RUSTLER	2268	1033	1033	ANHYDRITE	NONE	N
16320715	TOP SALT	1921	1380	1380	SALT	NONE	N
16320716	BASE OF SALT	-1424	4725	4725	SALT	NONE	N
16320719	BELL CANYON	-1685	4986	4986	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
16320720	CHERRY CANYON	-2580	5881	5881	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
16320721	BRUSHY CANYON	-4247	7548	7548	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
16320722	BONE SPRING LIME	-5790	9091	9091	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
16320723	AVALON SAND	-5866	9167	9167	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
16320724	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6753	10054	10054	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
16320725	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7269	10570	10570	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
16320727	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8503	11804	11804	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

### **Section 2 - Blowout Prevention**

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10M Rating Depth: 9792

Equipment: The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000 psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top. EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system. A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized. After running the 13-3/8 surface casing, a 13-3/8 BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Onshore Order No. 2. The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi. The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendors representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM. The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendors representative. All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or Jpacker type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized. A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5000 psi. Casing strings will be tested as per Onshore Order No. 2 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

### Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: SEE ATTACHED VARINCE LIST FOR FULL LIST OF REQUESTS Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions: - The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas. -Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues. Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line). Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack. EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of Onshore Order No. 2 (item III.A.2.a.i) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following: • Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad. • Full BOPE test every 21 days per Onshore Order No. 2. • Function test BOP elements per Onshore Order No. 2. • Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation. • After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad. • TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling ops. • See attached "EOG BLM Variance 3a -Offline Cement Intermediate Operational Procedure" Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation. EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions: - The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas. - Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

**Testing Procedure:** Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe. EOG will include the Echo-meter verified fluid top and the volume of displacement fluid above the cement slurry in the annulus in all post-drill sundries on wells utilizing this cement program. EOG will report to the BLM the volume of fluid (limited to 5 bbls) used to flush intermediate casing valves following backside cementing procedures.

### **Choke Diagram Attachment:**

Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20241011081942.pdf
10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20211227095328.pdf
Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20250827071148.pdf
10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20250827071225.pdf

### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20241011081942.pdf

10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20211227095328.pdf

Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20250827071148.pdf

10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20250827071225.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3c\_\_\_Shallow\_Target\_Production\_Offline\_Bradenhead\_Cement\_8.9.2024\_V2\_20241011082026.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3a\_b\_\_\_BOP\_Break\_test\_and\_Offline\_Intermediate\_Cement\_8.15.2023\_20241011082026.pdf

Wellhead\_3\_string\_10.750x8.625x5.500\_SDT\_3141\_20230227071046.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_4a\_\_\_Salt\_Section\_Annular\_Clearance\_11.8.2022\_20230307144721.pdf

10\_M\_BOP\_Diagram\_13.625\_in\_20230227071101.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_5a\_\_\_Alternate\_Shallow\_Casing\_Designs\_20240229084408.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_1c\_\_\_10M\_Annular\_Variance\_\_\_3\_String\_Large\_surface\_hole\_20230227071046.pdf

Blanket\_Casing\_Design\_\_\_Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_SHALLOW\_11.6.2024\_20241106155117.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Variances\_20241111134038.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_5a\_\_\_Alternate\_Shallow\_Casing\_Designs\_V5\_2024.06.11\_20250827073841.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_1c\_\_\_10M\_Annular\_Variance\_\_\_3\_String\_Large\_surface\_hole\_20250827073323.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3a\_b\_\_\_BOP\_Break\_test\_and\_Offline\_Intermediate\_Cement\_8.15.2023\_20250827073510.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3c\_\_Shallow\_Target\_Production\_Offline\_Bradenhead\_Cement\_8.9.2024\_V2\_20250827073818.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_4a\_\_\_Salt\_Section\_Annular\_Clearance\_11.8.2022\_20250827073830.pdf

Wellhead\_3\_string\_10.750x8.625x6.000\_SDT\_3141\_20250827073913.pdf

10\_M\_BOP\_Diagram\_13.625\_in\_20250827073945.pdf

Blanket\_Casing\_Design\_\_\_Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_SHALLOW\_11.6.2024\_20250827074013.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Variances\_20250827074013.pdf

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

## **Section 3 - Casing**

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	13	10.75	NEW	API	N	0	1136	0	1136	3301	2165	1136	J-55	40.5	ST&C	1.12 5	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
2	INTERMED IATE	9.87 5	8.625	NEW	API	N	0	4883	0	4825	3411	-1524	4883	J-55		OTHER - BTC-SC	1.12 5	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
3	INTERMED IATE	7.87 5	6.0	NEW	API	N	0	9271	0	9215	3340	-5914	9271	P- 110		OTHER - VAM SPRINT TC	1.12 5	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6
4	PRODUCTI ON	6.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	9271	19936	9215	9792	-5914	-6491	10665	P- 110		OTHER - VAM SPRINT SF	1.12 5	1.25	BUOY	1.6	BUOY	1.6

### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 1

String

**SURFACE** 

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

 $10.750 in\_40.5 ppf\_J55\_STC\_20241107071839.pdf$ 

 $See\_previously\_attached\_Drill\_Plan\_20241107071839.pdf$ 

 $Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Permit\_Info\_20241111134121.pdf$ 

 $10.750 in\_40.5 ppf\_J55\_STC\_20250827074118.pdf$ 

 $Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Permit\_Info\_20250827074118.pdf$ 

See\_previously\_attached\_Drill\_Plan\_20250827074136.pdf

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 2

String

INTERMEDIATE

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

8.625in\_32ppf\_J55\_BTC\_SC\_20241107071752.pdf

8.625in\_32ppf\_J55\_BTC\_SC\_20250827074049.pdf

Casing ID: 3

String

**INTERMEDIATE** 

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### **Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):**

6.000in\_24.50ppf\_CDS\_P110EC\_VAM\_SPRINT\_TC\_20241111134140.pdf

6.000in\_24.50ppf\_CDS\_P110EC\_VAM\_SPRINT\_TC\_20250827074206.pdf

Casing ID: 4

String

**PRODUCTION** 

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

5.500in\_20.00ppf\_P110EC\_SPRINT\_SF\_20241111134207.pdf

5.500in\_20.00ppf\_P110EC\_SPRINT\_SF\_20250827074235.pdf

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

### **Section 4 - Cement**

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Тор МD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	940	260	1.73	13.5	397.9	25	Class C	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
SURFACE	Tail		940	1140	120	1.34	14.8	160.8	25	Class C	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 940')
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	3906	300	2.22	12.7	666	25	Class C	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		3906	4980	140	1.32	14.8	184.8	25	Class C	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @3906')
PRODUCTION	Lead		0	7550	1000	1.32	14.8	1320	25	CLASS H	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR- 601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ Surface)
PRODUCTION	Tail		7550	1993 6	1470	1.52	13.2	2234. 4	25	CLASS H	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC- 102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE- 737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ 7550)

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

### **Section 5 - Circulating Medium**

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times. (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times. (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.

**Describe the mud monitoring system utilized:** The highest mud weight needed to balance formation is expected to be 11.5 ppg. In order to maintain hole stability, mud weights up to 14.0 ppg may be utilized. An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate. Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

### **Circulating Medium Table**

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	ЬН	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1140	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	8.8							
1140	4890	OIL-BASED MUD	9	10.5							
4880	9792	SALT SATURATED	8.8	9.5							

### Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.

GRCCL will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY,

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

### **Section 7 - Pressure**

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 4583 Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2428

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 168

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_H2S\_Plan\_Summary\_20241111134421.pdf Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_H2S\_Plan\_Summary\_20250827074304.pdf

### **Section 8 - Other Information**

### Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Wall\_Plot\_20241111134434.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Planning\_Report\_20241111134434.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Wall\_Plot\_20250827074325.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Planning\_Report\_20250827074325.pdf

### Other proposed operations facets description:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both A and B sections). The weld will be tested to 1,000 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

10.750in\_40.5ppf\_J55\_STC\_20230227072935.pdf

10\_M\_BOP\_Diagram\_13.625\_in\_20230227072935.pdf

10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20230227072936.pdf

Wellhead 3 string 10.750x8.625x5.500 SDT 3141 20230227072935.pdf

8.625in\_32ppf\_J55\_BTC\_SC\_20230227072935.pdf

8.625in\_32ppf\_P110EC\_BTC\_SC\_20230227072935.pdf

EOG\_Cameron\_3\_String\_13in\_10M\_MNDS\_20230227072935.PDF

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

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BLM_Waste_Management_Plan_Lea_County__20240724123044.pdf
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Blanket\_Casing\_Design\_\_\_Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_SHALLOW\_11.6.2024\_20241107082404.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Variances\_20241111134449.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Permit\_Info\_20241111134449.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Rig\_Layout\_20241111134449.pdf

OO\_II\_Replacement\_Language\_1\_20250521144702.pdf

10.750in\_40.5ppf\_J55\_STC\_20250827074600.pdf

10\_M\_BOP\_Diagram\_13.625\_in\_20250827074600.pdf

10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20250827074601.pdf

8.625in\_32ppf\_J55\_BTC\_SC\_20250827074645.pdf

Wellhead\_3\_string\_10.750x8.625x5.500\_SDT\_3141\_20250827074720.pdf

EOG Cameron 3 String 13in 10M MNDS 20250827074720.PDF

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Permit\_Info\_20250827074841.pdf

Barlow XL 22 34 Fed Com 203H Variances 20250827074842.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Rig\_Layout\_20250827074857.pdf

BLM\_Waste\_Management\_Plan\_Lea\_County\_\_20250827074926.pdf

OO\_II\_Replacement\_Language\_20250827075019.pdf

### Other Variance request(s)?:

### Other Variance attachment:

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10M_BOP_Diagram_13.625in_20230208150436.pdf
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10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20211227132831.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_1c\_\_\_10M\_Annular\_Variance\_\_\_3\_String\_Large\_surface\_hole\_20230227073050.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_5a\_\_\_Alternate\_Shallow\_Casing\_Designs\_20240229084904.pdf

EOG\_Cameron\_3\_String\_13in\_10M\_MNDS\_20230227073051.PDF

EOG BLM 10M Annular Variance 9.625 in 20230113071033.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3a\_b\_\_\_BOP\_Break\_test\_and\_Offline\_Intermediate\_Cement\_8.15.2023\_20241011082657.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3c\_\_\_Shallow\_Target\_Production\_Offline\_Bradenhead\_Cement\_8.9.2024\_V2\_20241011082657.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_4a\_\_\_Salt\_Section\_Annular\_Clearance\_11.8.2022\_20241011082708.pdf

Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20241011082645.pdf

EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement 11.12.2024 V4 20250521144645.pdf

10\_M\_BOP\_Diagram\_13.625\_in\_20250827084421.pdf

10\_M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20250827084422.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_1c\_\_\_10M\_Annular\_Variance\_\_\_3\_String\_Large\_surface\_hole\_20250827084456.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_5a\_\_\_Alternate\_Shallow\_Casing\_Designs\_V5\_2024.06.11\_20250827084457.pdf

 $EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3c\_\_Shallow\_Target\_Production\_Offline\_Bradenhead\_Cement\_8.9.2024\_V2\_20250827084605.pdf$ 

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3a\_b\_\_\_BOP\_Break\_test\_and\_Offline\_Intermediate\_Cement\_8.15.2023\_20250827084606.pdf

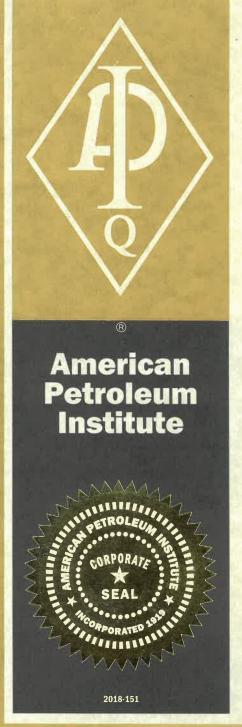
EOG\_Cameron\_3\_String\_13in\_10M\_MNDS\_20250827084606.PDF

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_3d\_\_\_Production\_Offline\_Cement\_11.12.2024\_V4\_20250827084645.pdf

Gates\_Co\_Flex\_Hose\_Test\_Chart\_and\_Certifications\_20250827084645.pdf

EOG\_BLM\_Variance\_4a\_\_\_Salt\_Section\_Annular\_Clearance\_11.8.2022\_20250827084645.pdf

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# Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram License Number: 7K-0519 ORIGINAL

The American Petroleum Institute hereby grants to

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The scope of this license includes the following: High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses at FSL 0, at FSL 1, at FSL 2

QMS Exclusions: No Exclusions Identified as Applicable

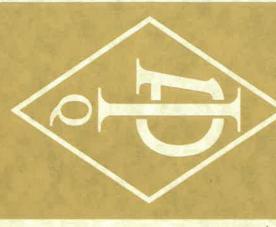
Effective Date: OCTOBER 24, 2024 Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2027

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Unchal Lidder

Senior Vice President of Global Industry Services

ORPORATEU II



# **Certificate of Authority to use the Official API Monogram**

License Number: 16C-0485

ORIGINAL

The American Petroleum Institute hereby grants to

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and in accordance with the provisions of the License Agreement. publications of the American Petroleum Institute entitled API Spec Q1® and API-16C the right to use the Official API Monogram® on manufactured products under the conditions in the official

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American

The scope of this license includes the following: Flexible Choke and Kill Lines at FSL 0, FSL 1, FSL 2, FSL 3 for any reason satisfactory to the Board of Directors of the American Petroleum Institute.

QMS Exclusions: No Exclusions Identified as Applicable

Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2027 Effective Date: OCTOBER 24, 2024

Senior Vice President of Global Industry Services annal didday

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**REGISTRATION NO. Q1-3650** 

# **Certificate of Registration**

The American Petroleum Institute certifies that the quality management system of

GATES ENGINEERING AND SERVICES 7603 Prairie Oak Drive, Suite 190 Houston, TX United States

has been assessed by the American Petroleum Institute and found to be in conformance with the following:

# API Spec Q1, 9th Edition

The scope of this registration and the approved quality management system applies to the

Assembly and Pressure Test of High Pressure Mud and Cement Hoses, Flexible Choke and Kill Lines and General Rubber Hydraulic Hose Assemblies

API approves the organization's justification for excluding

No Exclusions Identified as Applicable

API Spec Q1 Registered

Effective Date: OC Expiration Date: DEC Registered Since: DEC

OCTOBER 24, 2024 DECEMBER 18, 2027 DECEMBER 18, 2018

Senior Vice President of Global Industry Services

This certificate is valid for the period specified herein. The registered organization must continually meet all requirements of API Spec Q1, Specification for Quality Management System Requirements for Manufacturing Organizations for the Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry, and the requirements of the Registration Agreement. Registration is maintained and regularly monitored through annual full system audits. This certificate has been issued from API offices located at 200 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20001-5571, U.S.A. It is the property of API and must be returned upon request. To verify the authenticity of this certificate, go to www.api.org/compositelist.



GATES ENGINEERING & SERVICES NORTH AMERICA 7603 Prairie Oak Dr. Suite 190 Houston, TX. 77086 PHONE: +1 (281) 602-4100 FAX: +1 (281) 602-4147

EMAIL: gesna.quality@gates.com

WEB: gates.com/ollandgas

# CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

This is to verify that all Parts and/or Materials included in this shipment have been manufactured and/or processed in Conformance with applicable drawings and specifications, and that Records of Required Tests are on file and subject to examination. The following items were purchased via **Gates Engineering & Services North America** facilities in Houston, TX, USA. This hose assembly was designed and manufactured to meet requirements of API Spec 16C, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

CUSTOMER: HELMERICH & PAYNE INTERNATIONAL DRI	RILLING CO.
---	-------------

CUSTOMER P.O.#: 740399823 (TAG WITH H&P I.D # 88076545 &H&P P.O. # 740399823 (UK S/O

34557))

CUSTOMER P/N: 3.035.016C4116FX-FLTSSA

3" X 35 FT GATES API 16C CHOKE & KILL FSL 3 TEMP B HOSE ASSEMBLY WITH

STAINLESS STEEL ARMOR C/W 4 1/16" 10K H2S SUITED FLOAT X FLOAT

PART DESCRIPTION:

FLANGES WITH BX 155 RING GROOVE SUPPLIED WITH SAFETY CLAMPS/LIFT

**EYE CLAMPS** 

SALES ORDER #: 525112

QUANTITY:

**SERIAL #:** SN 139321 HOSE BATCH 139244

TITLE: QUALITY ASSURANCE

DATE: 2/10/2023

Gates Engir	neering & Services UK Ltd
Doc. Ref.	Form-056
Revision	4

### CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY



Gates SO No. 34557	Customer Name & Address: Gates Engineering & Services NA Inc	
Customer PO No: 1803964/ 1	Accounts payable	
Description: 3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY X 35FT OAL (QTY 5)	7N GESNA 1144 Fifteenth Street, Suite 1400 Denver, CO 80202 USA	- 1

This is to certify that the components listed below have been supplied in accordance with API 16C & the above referenced order number. The assemblies listed below have been manufactured and tested in the UK.

	SPECIFICATION		
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	BATCH NUMBER	QT
1	3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY X 35FT OAL PART NO: HA34539-001 END A: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE END B: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 17D SV SWIVEL FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE EACH END HAS AN INCONEL 625 INLAID RING GROOVE HOSE METALLIC PARTS MEET NACE-MR-0175 LATEST EDITION REQUIREMENTS WORKING PRESSURE: 10,000 PSI TEST PRESSURE: 15,000 PSI STANDARD: API 16C FSL3 MONOGRAMMED, 3RD EDITION EXTERNAL PROTECTION: STAINLESS STEEL ARMOUR INCLUDED FIRE RATED: API 16C STANDARD SECTION B.12.4 (704° FOR 30 MINS) H2S SERVICE SUITABLE TEMPERATURE CLASS B(-25 TO 100°C) HIGH TEMPERATURE EXPOSURE / SURVIVAL @ 177°C (INTERNAL IN A KICK SITUATION) SAFETY EQUIPMENT: INCLUDED 2 X HOSE SAFETY CLAMPS 2 X 3.6T SHACKLES 2 X 10MM OD X 6FT PCP COATED CHAINS	139062 139063 139064 139065 139244	5
	HOSE ASSEMBLYY WORKS ORDERS NUMBERS:  139051 139052 139053 139054 139321		
	SAFETY/LIFTER CLAMP 195MM 1.7T PART NO: HCC108	MYB59483	10
	SAFETY CHAIN 10MM C/S PCP 6FT PART NO: CHC001	ACU59481	10

Gates Engineering & Services UK Ltd			
Doc. Ref.	Form-051		
Revision	9		

### PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE



			Certificate No:
□ BURST	✓ HYDROSTATIC	☐ CYCLIC	PTC-139321

Product:	CK03F	Hose WO/Batch:	139244
Assembly WO:	139321	Length:	35FT
SO No:	34557	Date:	25/11/22
Customer:	Gates Engineering & Services NA Inc	Customer Reference:	PO 1803964/ 1

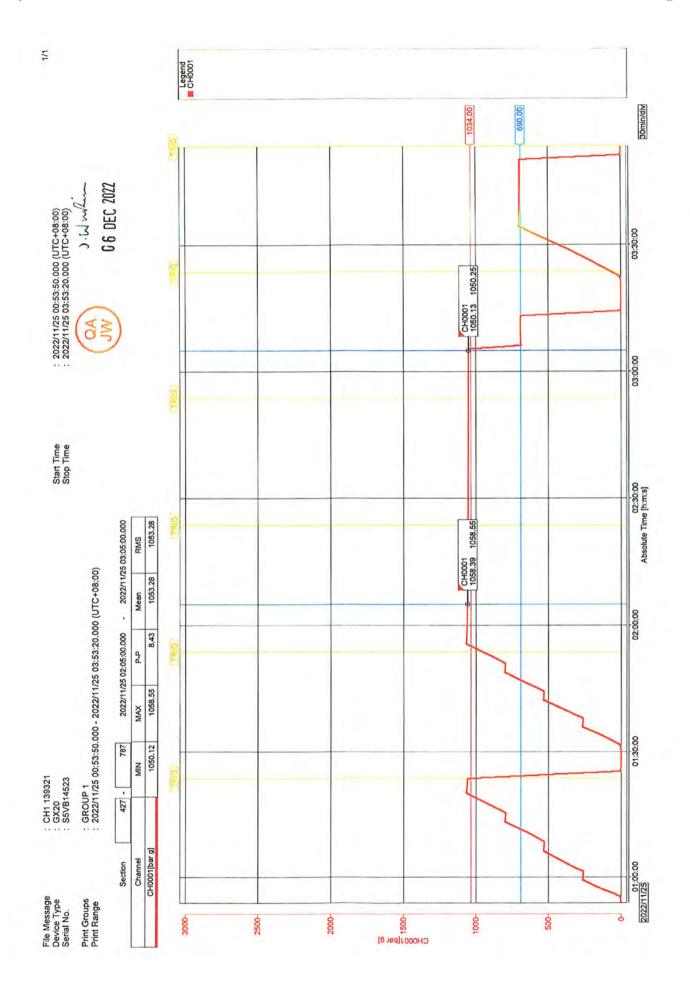
Inner Diameter:	3	Inch			
Working Pressure:	10000	Psi	690	bar	
Test Pressure:	15000	Psi	1034	bar	
Burst Pressure:	22500	Psi	1551	bar	

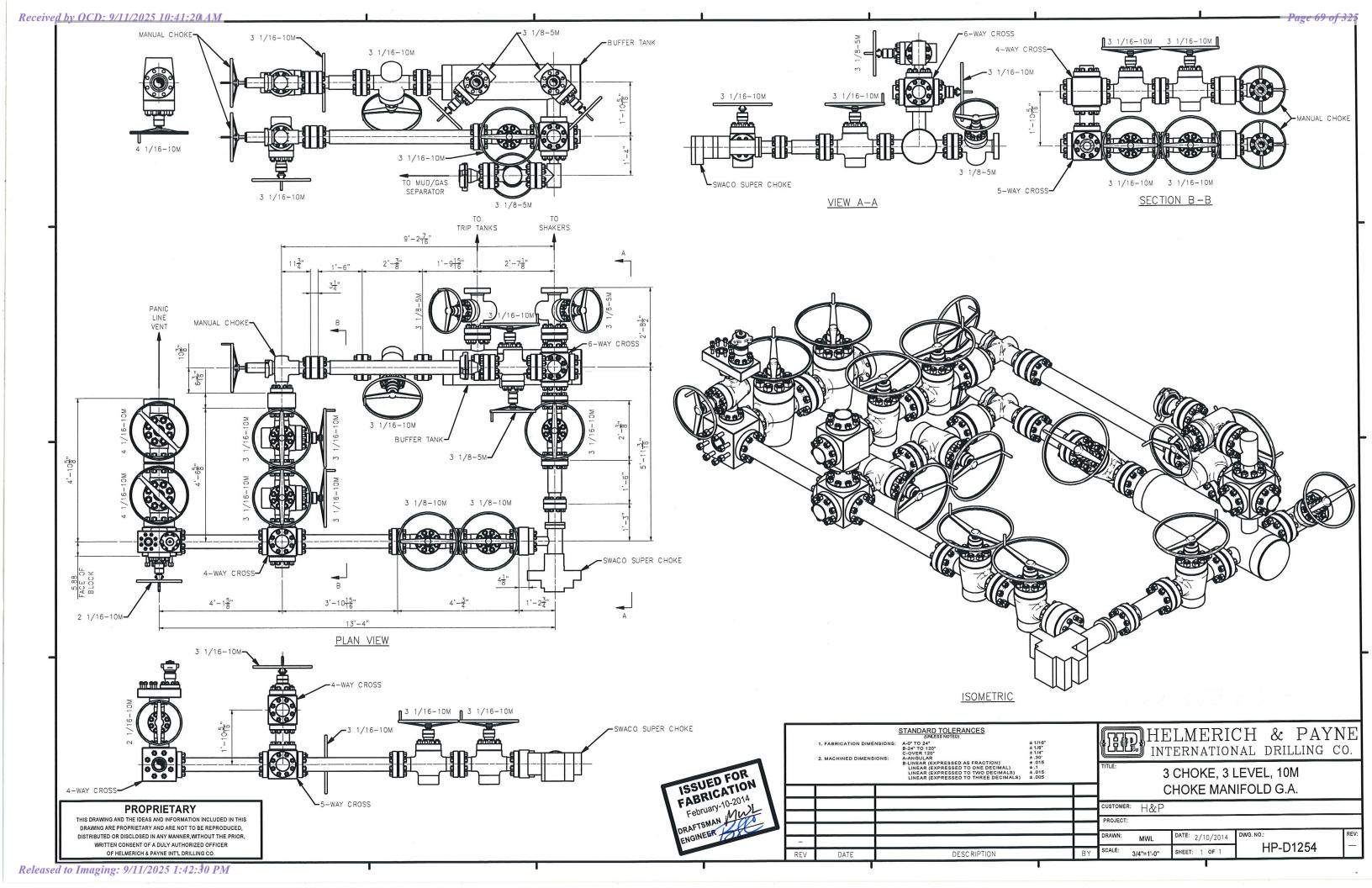
Hose Description:		3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY X 35FT OAL END A: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE END B: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 17D SV SWIVEL FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE			
Item No	Qty	Part Code	Customer Tag No (if applicable)		
1 1		HA34539-001	N/A		

	Pressure tested with water at ambient temperature for a minimum of 60 minutes at test pressure 1034 BAR
Details of Test:	Pressure Transducer S/N: 131203 (CH1)
	Chart Recorder S/N: S5VB14523
	Calibration Certificate No: IKMCERTU823
	Pressure Loss: 8.43 BAR
Results:	Acceptance Criteria: Pressure loss not to exceed 500 PSI (34.47 BAR)

GESUK Ltd	Third Party
06 DEC 2022	

CR 374







### EOG BLANKET CASING DESIGN VARIANCE

EOG respectfully requests the drill plans in the attached document 'EOG Alternate Casing Designs – BLM APPROVED' be added to the COA's for this well. These designs have been approved by the BLM down to the TVDs listed below and will allow EOG to run alternate casing designs for this well if necessary.

The designs and associated details listed are the "worst case scenario" boundaries for design safety factors. Location and lithology have NOT been accounted for in these designs. The specific well details will be based on the APD/Sundry package and the information listed in the COA.

The mud program will not change from the original design for this well. Summary of the mud programs for both shallow and deep targets are listed at the end of this document. If the target is changing, a sundry will be filed to update the casing design and mud/cement programs.

Cement volumes listed in this document are for reference only. The cement volumes for the specific well will be adjusted to ensure cement tops meet BLM requirements as listed in the COA and to allow bradenhead cementing when applicable.

This blanket document only applies to wells with three string designs outside of Potash and Capitan Reef boundaries.

<b>Shallow Design Boundary Conditions</b>								
	Deepest	Deepest	Max Inc	Max DLS				
	MD (ft)	TVD (ft)	(deg)	(°/100usft)				
Surface	2030	2030	0	0				
Intermediate	7793	5650	40	8				
Production	28578	12000	90	25				



### **Shallow Design A**

### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	l TVD	Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
6-3/4"	0	29,353	0	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

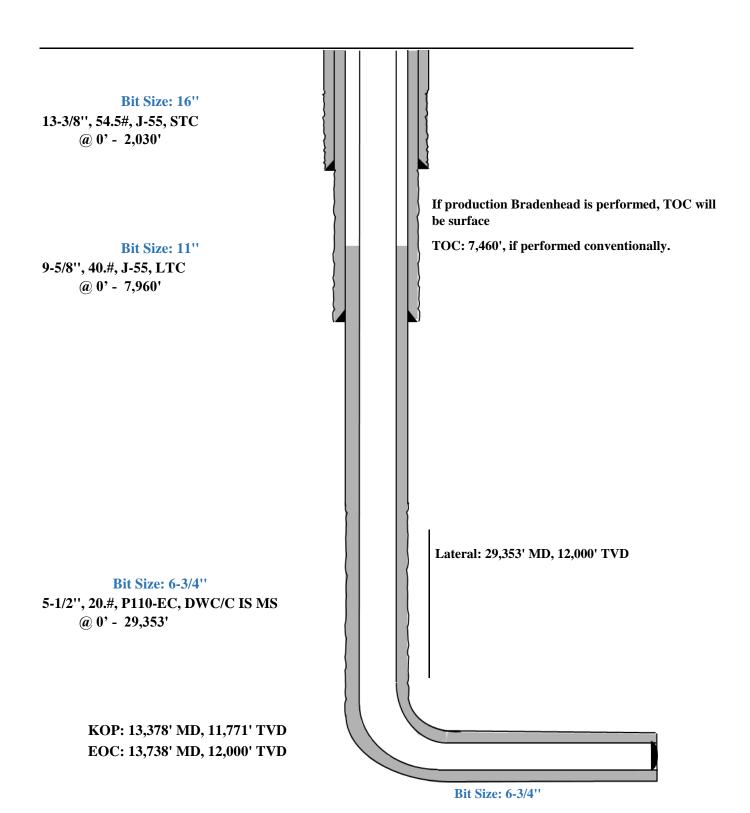
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidily Description
2,030' 13-3/8''	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353 <sup>'</sup> 5-1/2"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	1480	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

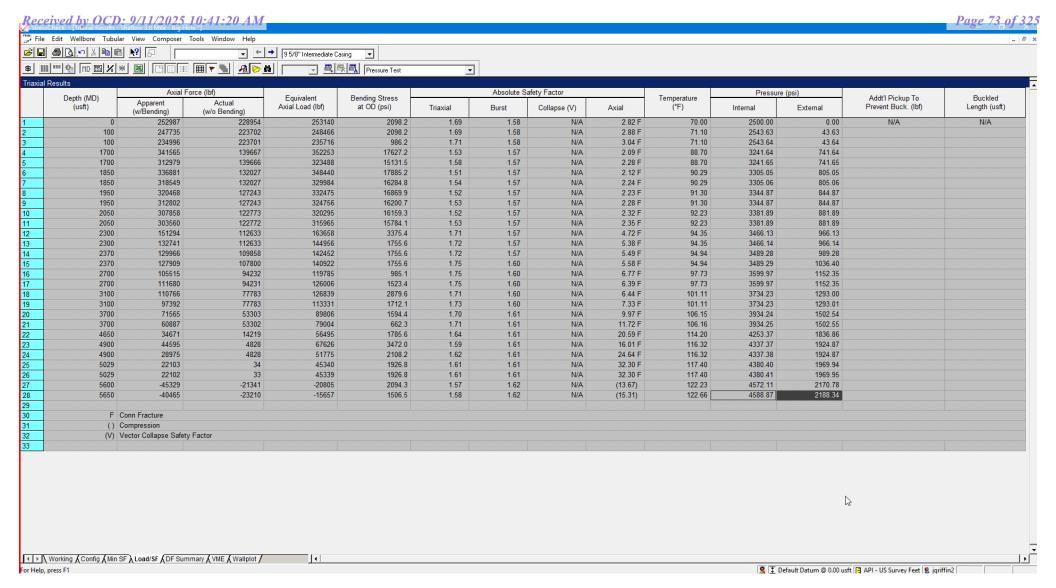


### Shallow Design A

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

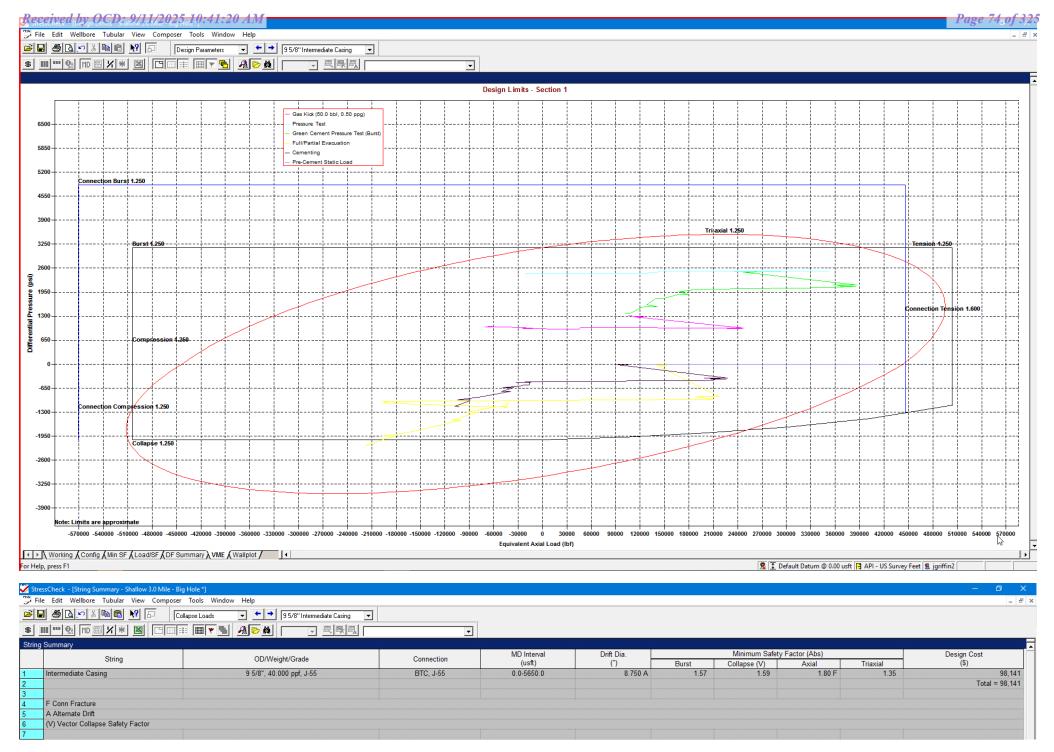




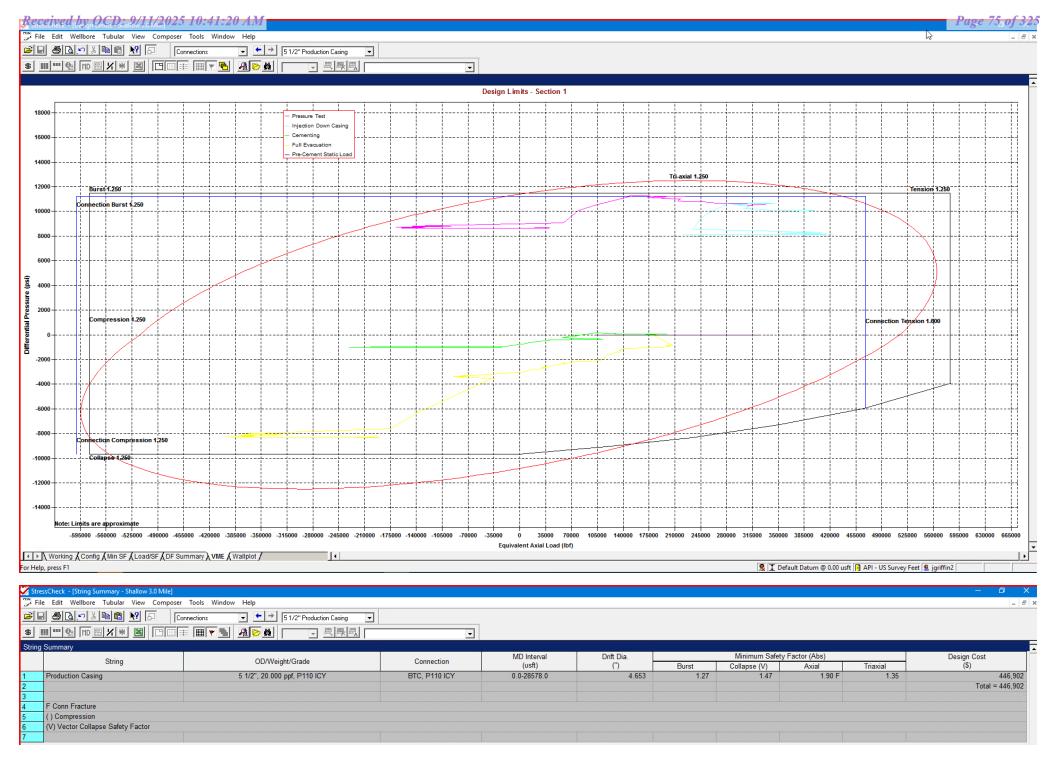
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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### Shallow Design B

#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13-1/2"	0	2,161	0	2,030	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	7,951	0	5,650	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
6-3/4"	0	29,353	0	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

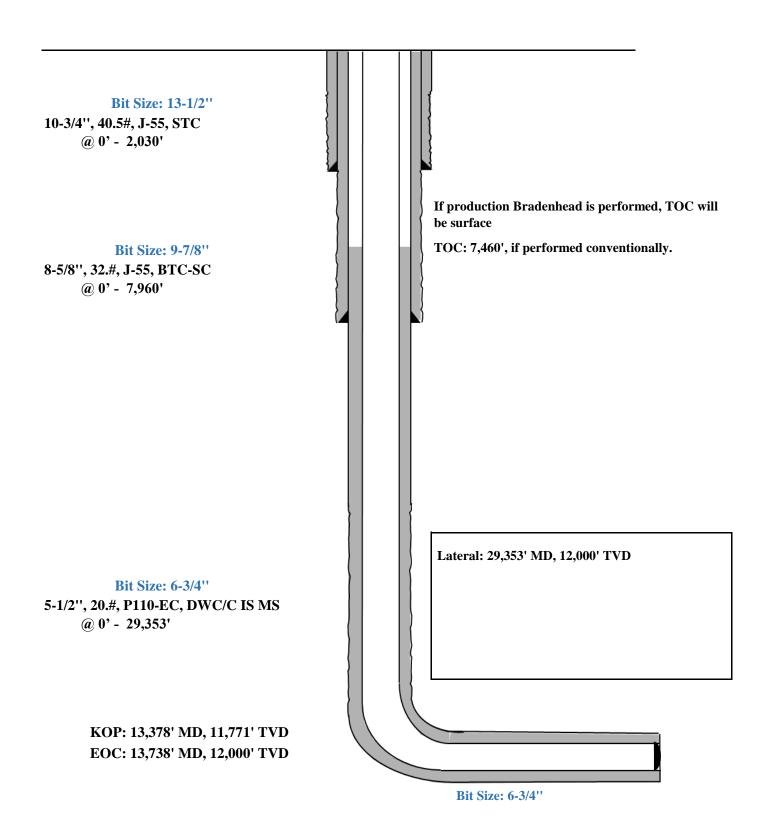
#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

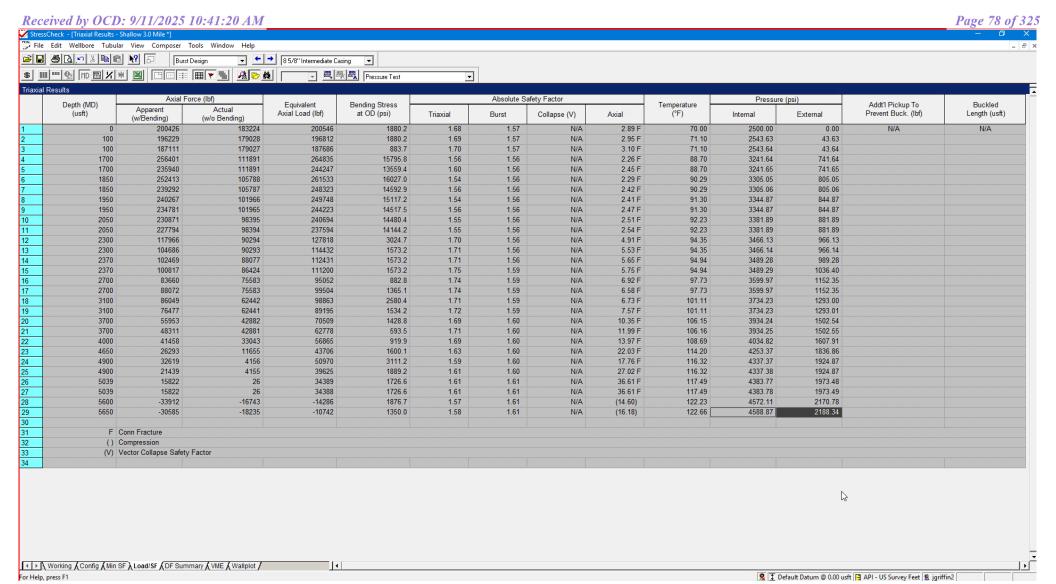
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidily Description
2,030'	530	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-
10-3/4''				Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	140	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2%
				Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050'	470	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC
8-5/8''				@ Surface)
	210	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353'	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6%
5-1/2''				Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	1480	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5%
				NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of
				Brushy)

## **Shallow Casing Design B**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

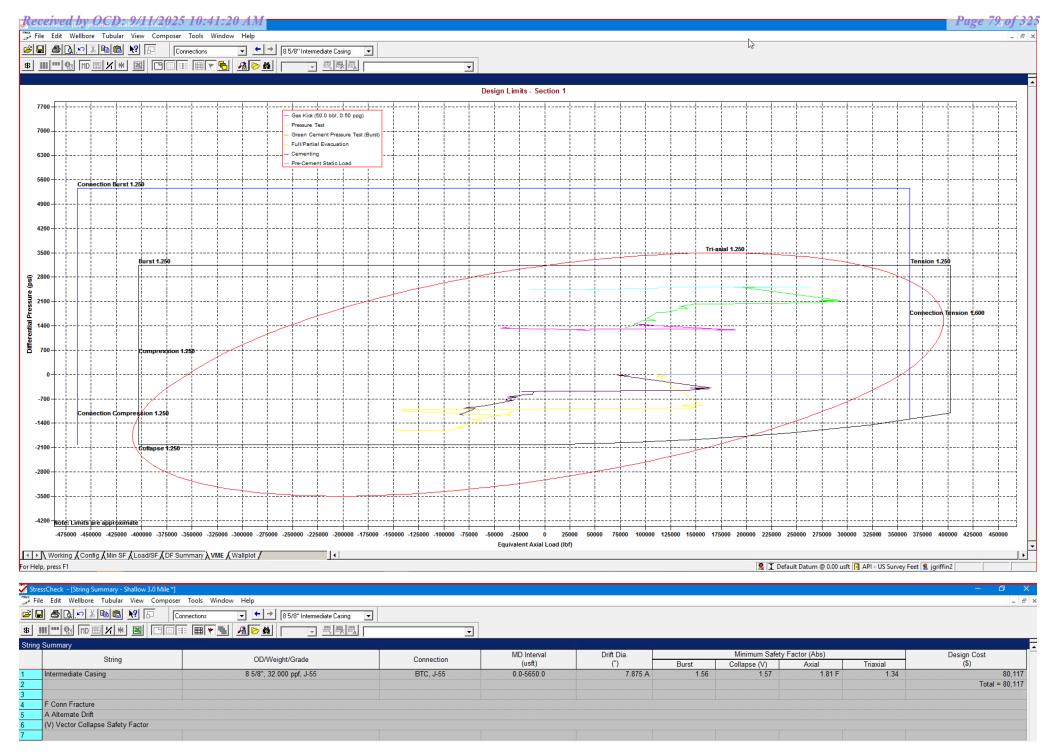




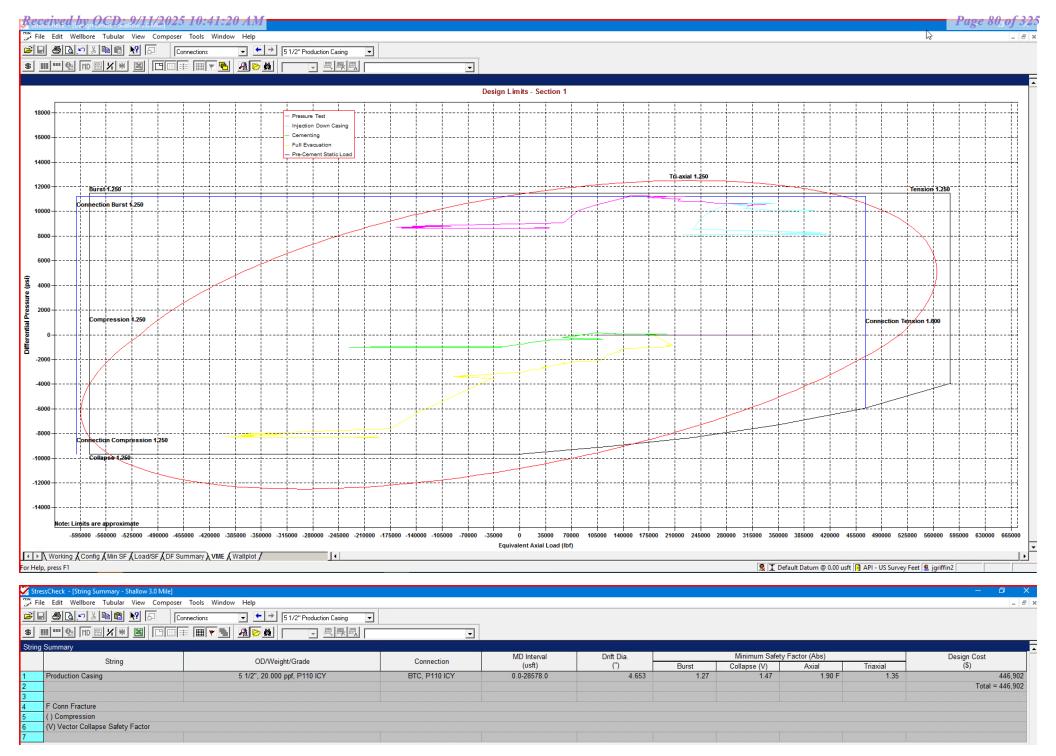
8-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 8-5/8" 32# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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## **Shallow Design C**

#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	<b>Interval MD</b>		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft) To (ft)		OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	29,353	0	12,000	6"	24.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-SF

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

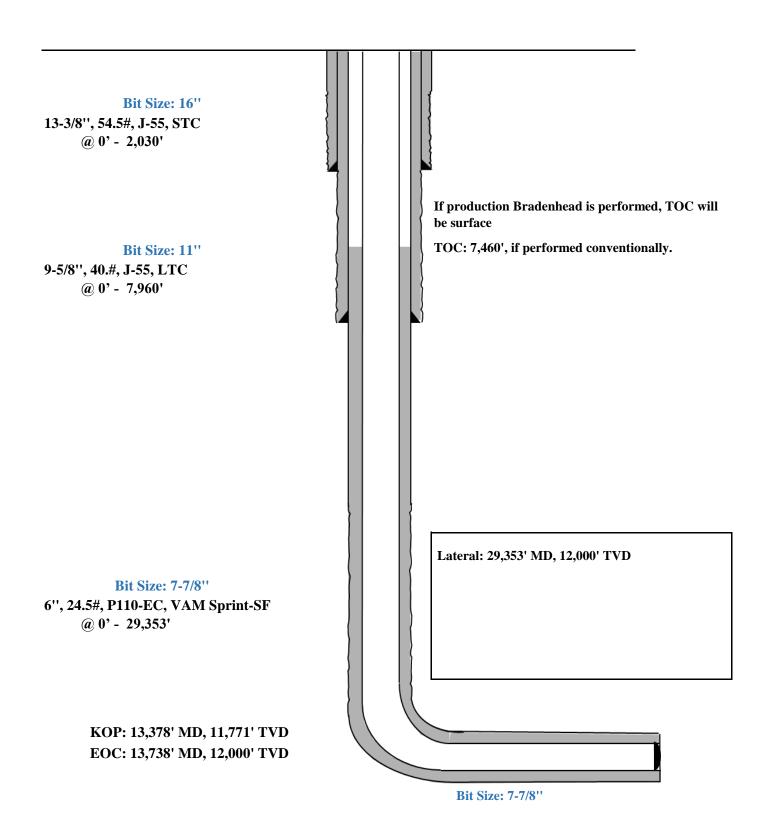
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidify Description
2,030' 13-3/8"	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353' 6"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	2500	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

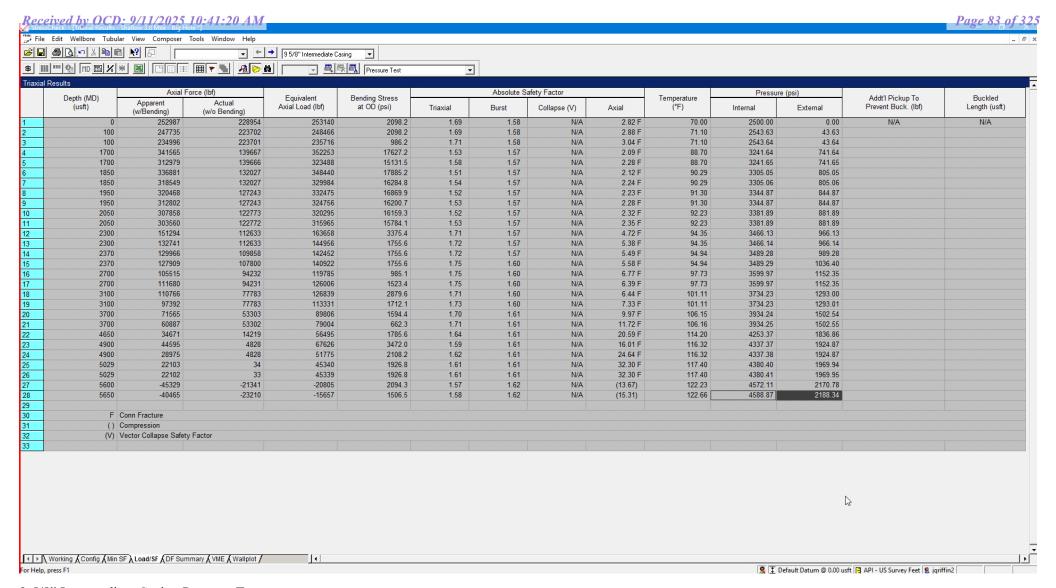


## **Shallow Design C**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

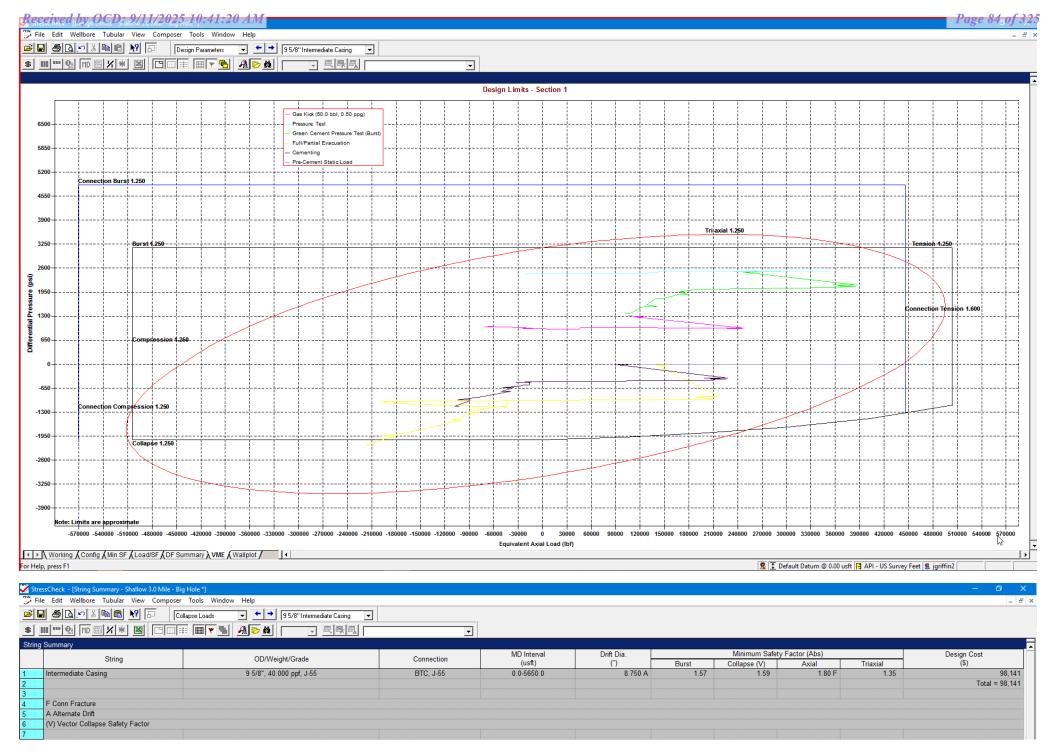




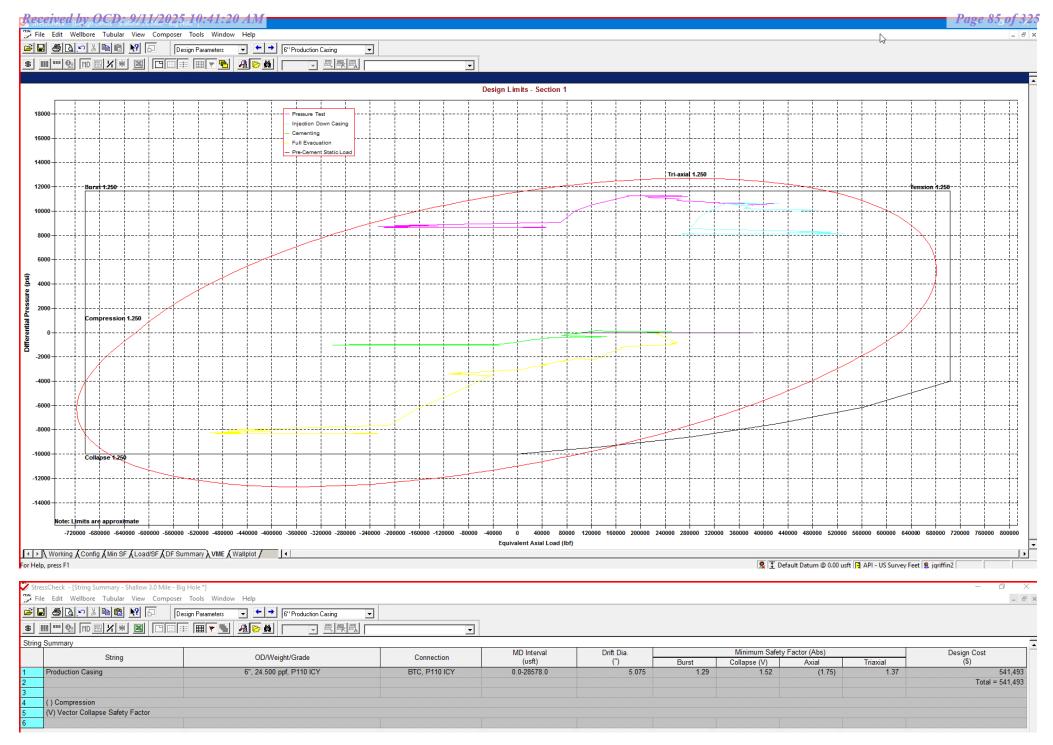
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



## **Shallow Design D**

#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	Interval MD		Interval TVD				
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft) To (ft)		OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	13,278	0	11,671	6"	22.3#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS
6-3/4"	13,278	29,353	11,671	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings in the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole sizes. An expansion additive will be utilized in the cement slurry for the entire length of the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole intervals to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

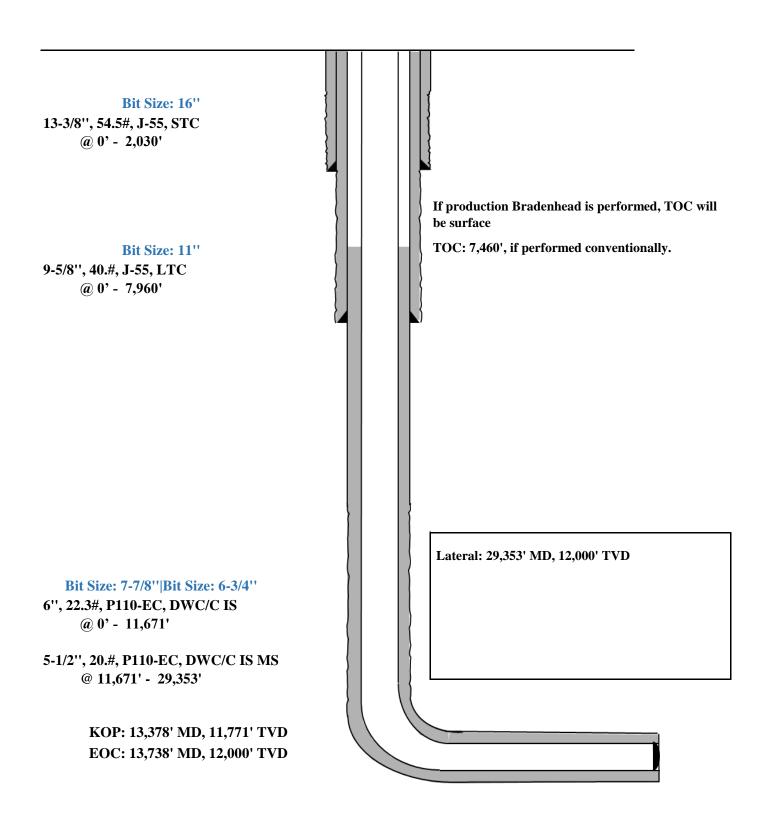
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Siurry Description
2,030' 13-3/8''	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353' 6"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	2500	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

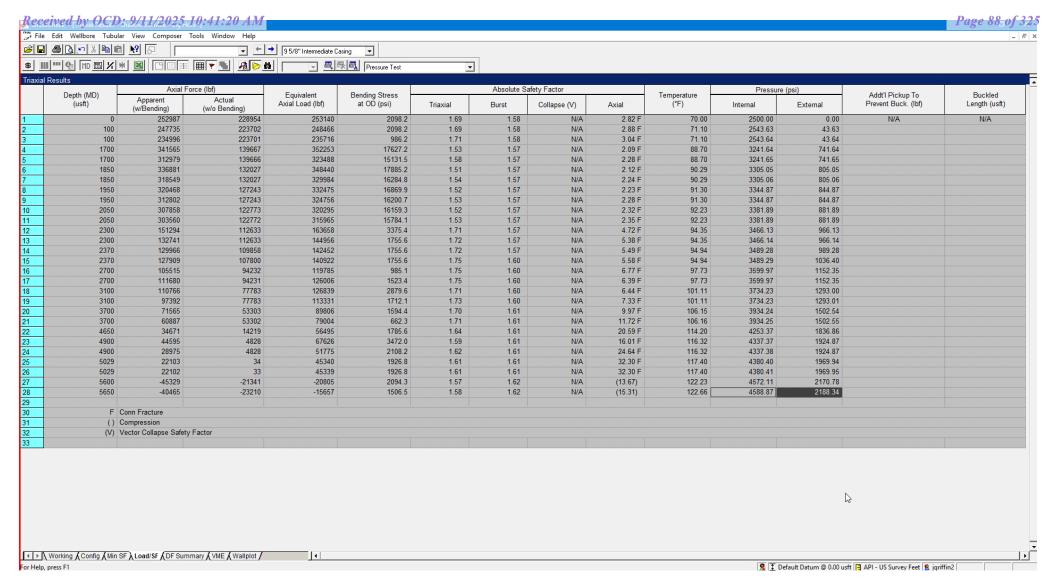


## **Shallow Design D**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

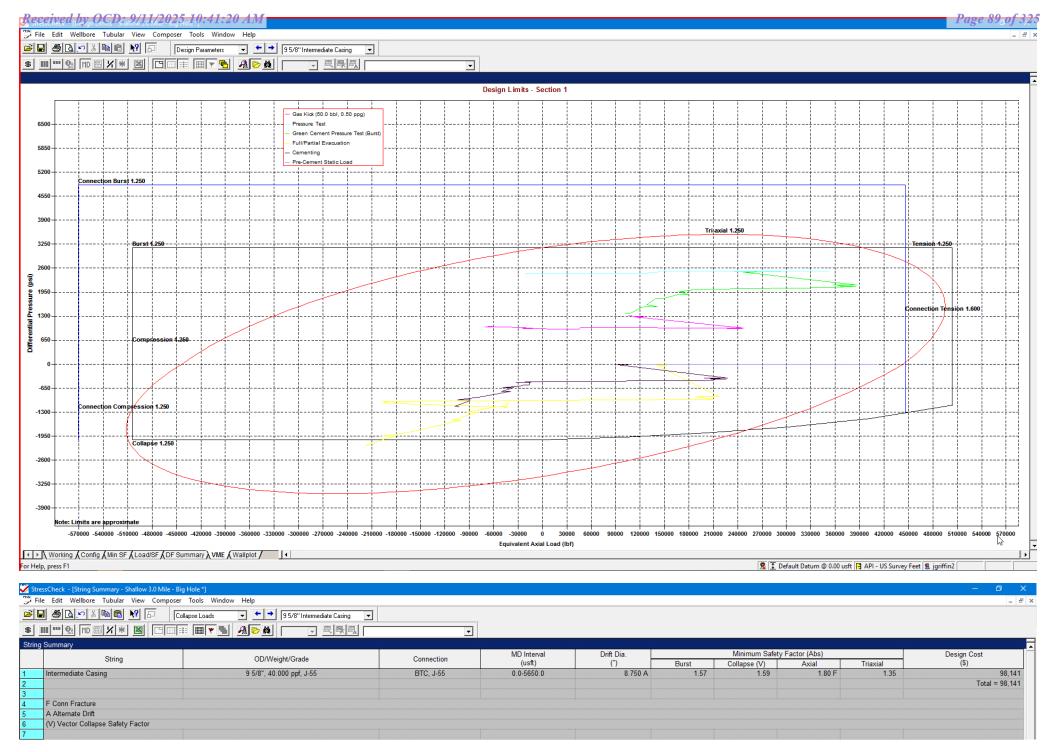




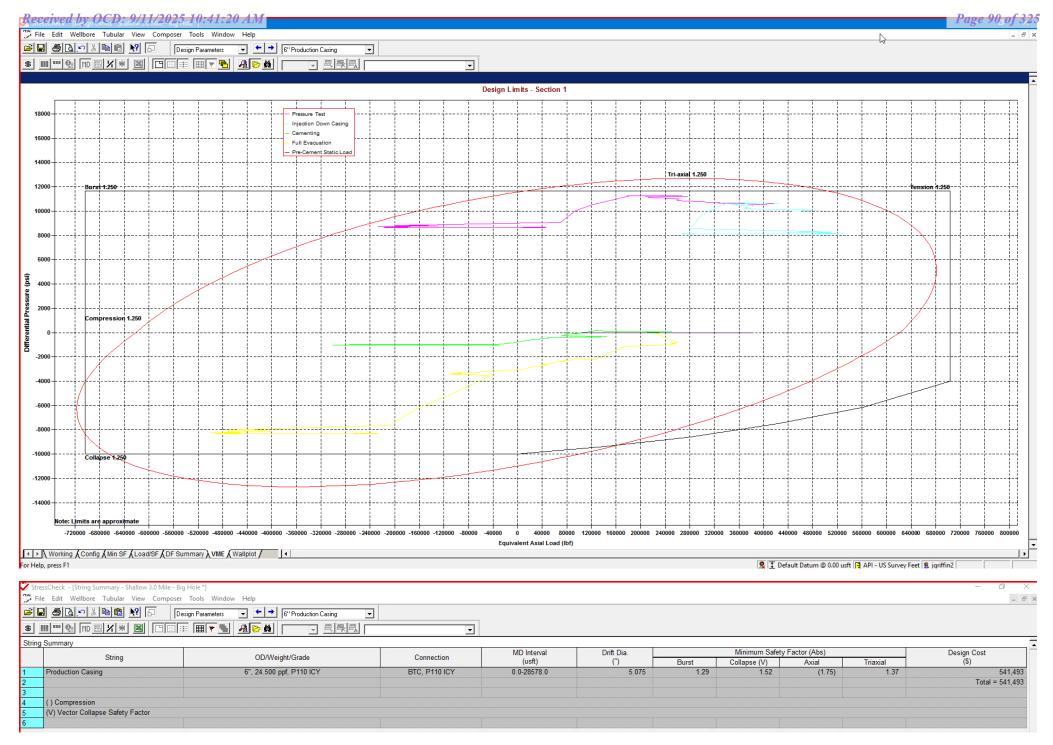
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

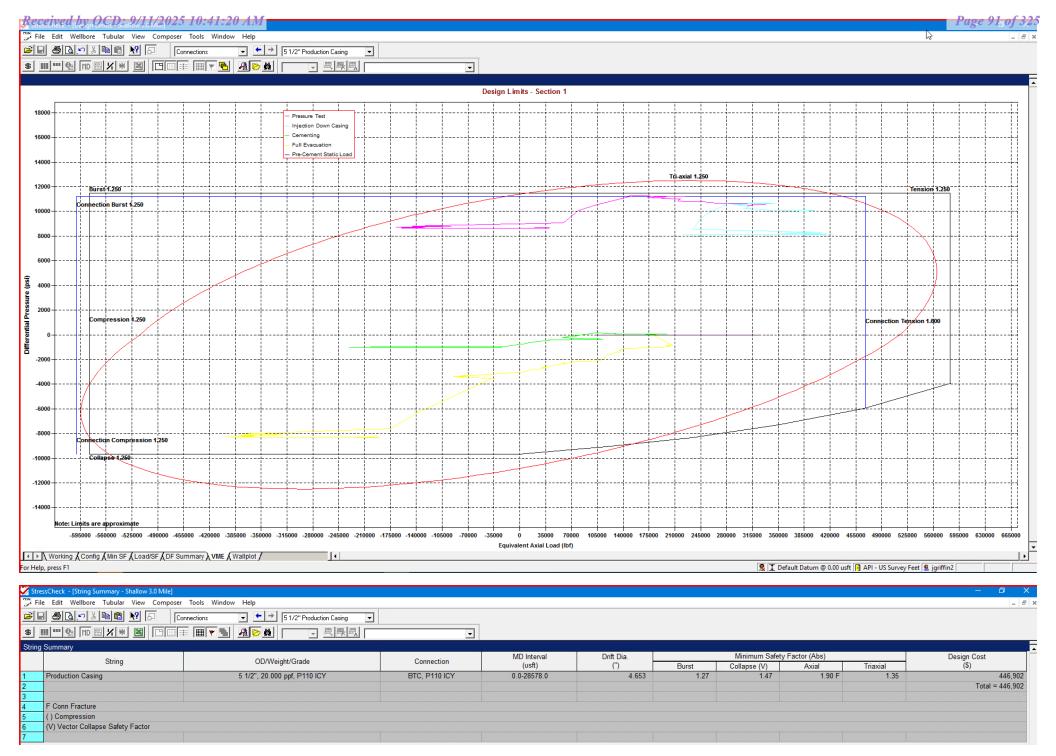
External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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## **Shallow Casing Design 501H**

Additive	Purpose
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator
MagOx	Expansive agent
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator
FL-62	Fluid loss control
Halad-344	Fluid loss control
Halad-9	Fluid loss control
HR-601	Retarder
Microbond	Expansive Agent

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the production casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the top of the Brushy Canyon and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 400 sacks of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (1.32 yld, 14.8 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.



#### **MUD PROGRAM:**

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal. The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Measured Depth	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0-2,030'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
2,030' – 7,793'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
5,450' – 28,578' Lateral	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.



**Appendix A - Spec Sheets** 

New Search »					Back to Previous List
					USC Metric
6/8/2015 10:04:37 AM	w y	2 2		2	
Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	211	_		psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000		<del></del> #		psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	<u>-</u>	_	-	psi
Dimensions	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	13.375	14.375		14.375	in.
Wall Thickness	0.380	<del>=</del> 1		.=:	in.
Inside Diameter	12.615	12.615	-	12.615	in.
Standard Drift	12.459	12.459	-	12.459	in,
Alternate Drift	-		-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-	( <del>ex</del> tit	1=0	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79	, <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		lbs/ft
Performance	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	127	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	æs	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00	2.1	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	=	909	æs	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,125	-	6,290	n
Make-Up Data	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss		4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	<del></del>	<del></del> -1	<del></del>	3,860	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM  Maximum Make-Up Torque	=	===	_	6,430	ft-lbs

New Search »

Make-Up Loss

Minimum Make-Up Torque

Maximum Make-Up Torque

Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM

in.

ft-lbs

ft-lbs

« Back to Previous List

USC Metric

4.81

4.75

3,900

6,500

3.38

3,390

5,650

6/8/2015 10:23:27 AM	40	v v		0.0	
Mechanical Properties	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	2	-	_	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	==	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000				psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	9.625	10.625	10.625	10.625	in.
Wall Thickness	0.395	п	m.	:=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	in.
Inside Diameter	8.835	8.835	8.835	8.835	in.
Standard Drift	8.679	8.679	8.679	8.679	in.
Alternate Drift	2.750	9.750	9.750	9.750	in

Wall Thickness	0.395	-	ET.	<del>200</del> .0	in.
Inside Diameter	8.835	8.835	8.835	8.835	in.
Standard Drift	8.679	8.679	8.679	8.679	in.
Alternate Drift	8.750	8.750	8.750	8.750	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.00	-	=		lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.97	-	1		lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	3,950	3,950	3,950	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	630.00	-	#1		1000 lbs
Joint Strength	,	714	520	452	1000 lbs
Reference Length	1:#	11,898	8,665	7,529	ft
Make-Up Data	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	





## **Connection Data Sheet**

OD (in.) WEIGHT (lbs./ft.) 5.500 Nominal: 20.00

**GRADE** 

API DRIFT (in.)

RBW% 87.5

CONNECTION DWC/C-IS MS

WALL (in.) 0.361 VST P110EC 4.653 Plain End: 19.83

	PIPE PROPERTIES			CONNECTION PR	OPERTIES	
0.4.14.81						
Outside Diameter		5.500	in.	Connection Type	Semi-Premi	um T&C
Inside Diameter		4.778	in.	Connection O.D. (nom)	6.115	in.
Nominal Area		5.828	sq.in.	Connection I.D. (nom)	4.778	in.
Grade Type		API 5CT		Make-Up Loss	4.125	in.
Min. Yield Strength		125	ksi	Coupling Length	9.250	in.
Max. Yield Strength		140	ksi	Critical Cross Section	5.828	sq.in.
Min. Tensile Strength		135	ksi	Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Yield Strength		729	klb	Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Ultimate Strength		787	klb	Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Min. Internal Yield		14,360	psi	External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Collapse		12,090	psi			

CONNECTION PERFORMAI	NCES	
Yield Strength	729	klb
Parting Load	787	klb
Compression Rating	729	klb
Min. Internal Yield	14,360	psi
External Pressure	12,090	psi
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	104.2	°/100 ft
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	26,040	ft

	FIELD END TORQUE \	/ALUES	
)	Min. Make-up torque	16,100	ft.lb
,	Opti. Make-up torque	17,350	ft.lb
)	Max. Make-up torque	18,600	ft.lb
i	Min. Shoulder Torque	1,610	ft.lb
i	Max. Shoulder Torque	12,880	ft.lb
t	Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns
t	Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns
_	Maximum Operational Torque	21,100	ft.lb
	Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	23,210	ft.lb

Need Help? Contact: tech.support@vam-usa.com Reference Drawing: 8136PP Rev.01 & 8136BP Rev.01

Date: 12/03/2019 Time: 06:19:27 PM

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

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#### **DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:**

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

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10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search »

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USC Metric

6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM

Mechanical Properties	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000				psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	-	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50	-			lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	-	700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,522	-	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque		-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



## API 5CT, 10th Ed. Connection Data Sheet

<b>O.D.</b> (in)	WEIGHT	(lb/ft)	WALL (in)	GRADE	*API DRIFT (in)	RBW %
8.625	Nominal: Plain End:	32.00 31.13	0.352	J55	7.796	87.5

Material Properties (PE)				
Pipe				
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi			
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi			
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi			
Coupling				
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi			
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi			
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi			

Pipe Body Data (PE)			
Geometry			
Nominal ID:	7.92 inch		
Nominal Area:	9.149 in <sup>2</sup>		
*Special/Alt. Drift:	7.875 inch		
Performance			
Pipe Body Yield Strength:	503 kips		
Collapse Resistance:	2,530 psi		
Internal Yield Pressure: (API Historical)	3,930 psi		

API Connection Data  Coupling OD: 9.625"		
STC Perform	ance	
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi	
STC Joint Strength:	372 kips	
LTC Performa	ance	
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi	
LTC Joint Strength:	417 kips	
SC-BTC Performance - C	plg OD = 9.125"	
BTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi	
BTC Joint Strength:	503 kips	

API Connection Torque					
	5	STC Tor	que (ft-lb	s)	
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655
	L	_TC Tor	que (ft-lb	s)	
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217
	_	NTO T		- 1	
	BTC Torque (ft-lbs)				
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up					

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

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Rev 3, 7/30/2021 POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. 10/21/2022 15:24

Issued on: 10 Feb. 2021 by Wesley Ott



**Connection Data Sheet** 

OD Weight (lb/ft) Wall Th. Grade API Drift: Connection

6 in. Nominal: 24.50 Plain End: 23.95

O.400 in. P110EC 5.075 in. VAM® SPRINT-SF

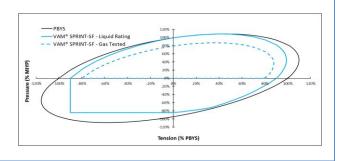
PIPE PROPERTIES		
Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.200	in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	7.037	sqin.
Grade Type	Hig	jh Yield
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135	ksi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES		
Connection Type	Integral	Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	6.277	in.
Connection ID (nom):	5.146	in.
Make-Up Loss	5.386	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.417	sqin.
Tension Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Compression Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe
Tension Efficiency Compression Efficiency Internal Pressure Efficiency	91.0 91.0 100	% of pipe % of pipe % of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES				
Tensile Yield Strength	801	klb		
Compression Resistance	801	klb		
Internal Yield Pressure	14,580	psi		
Collapse Resistance	12,500	psi		
Max. Structural Bending	83	°/100ft		
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30	°/100ft		

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	21,750	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	24,250	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	26,750	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	53,000	ft.lb

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a fill string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



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<sup>\* 87.5%</sup> RBW



#### **Connection Data Sheet**

 OD (in.)
 WEIGHT (lbs./ft.)
 WALL (in.)
 GRADE
 API DRIFT (in.)
 RBW%
 CONNECTION

 6.000
 Nominal: 22.30
 0.360
 VST P110EC
 5.155
 92.5
 DWC/C-IS

 Plain End: 21.70

PIPE PROPERTIES				
Nominal OD	6.000	in.		
Nominal ID	5.280	in.		
Nominal Area	6.379	sq.in.		
Grade Type	API 5CT			
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi		
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi		
Min. Tensile Strength	135	ksi		
Yield Strength	797	klb		
Ultimate Strength	861	klb		
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	13,880	psi		
Collapse Pressure	9,800	psi		

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES		
Yield Strength	797	klb
Parting Load	861	klb
Compression Rating	797	klb
Min. Internal Yield	13,880	psi
External Pressure	9,800	psi
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	47.7	°/100 ft
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	25,530	ft.

Need Help? Contact: <u>tech.support@vam-usa.com</u>
Reference Drawing: 8135PP Rev.02 & 8135BP Rev.02

Date: 07/30/2020 Time: 07:50:47 PM

CONNECTION PRO	PERTIES	
Connection Type	Semi-Prem	nium T&C
Connection OD (nom)	6.650	in.
Connection ID (nom)	5.280	in.
Make-Up Loss	4.313	in.
Coupling Length	9.625	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.379	sq.in.
Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe

FIELD END TORQUE VALUES				
Min. Make-up torque	17,000	ft.lb		
Opti. Make-up torque	18,250	ft.lb		
Max. Make-up torque	19,500	ft.lb		
Min. Shoulder Torque	1,700	ft.lb		
Max. Shoulder Torque	13,600	ft.lb		
Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns		
Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns		
Maximum Operational Torque	24,200	ft.lb		
Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	26.620	ft.lb		

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

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- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

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# 10,000 PSI BOP Annular Variance Request (EOG Variance 1c)

EOG Resources request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

## 1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

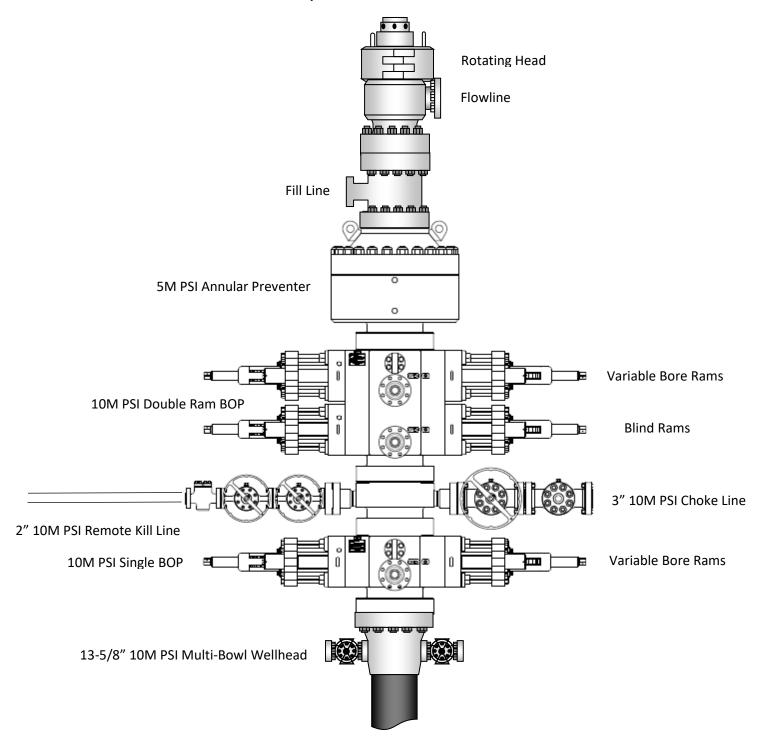
The tables below outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

12-1/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	<b>Primary Preventer</b>	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	8.000" - 9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
1 <sup>st</sup> Intermediate casing	9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

8-3/4" Production Hole Section					
10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	<b>Primary Preventer</b>	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	6.750" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	•	-
2 <sup>nd</sup> Intermediate casing	7.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

## EOG Resources 13-5/8" 10M PSI BOP Stack



#### 2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the EOG Resources drilling supervisor's office on location, and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 100% of its RWP.

#### General Procedure While Drilling

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Space out drill string
- 3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
- 4. Shut-in Well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure While Tripping

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out drill string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure While Running Production Casing

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Shut-in with blind rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 3. Confirm shut-in
- 4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 6. Regroup and identify forward plan

#### General Procedures While Pulling BHA thru Stack

- 1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe thru the stack.
  - a. Perform flowcheck, if flowing:
  - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - c. Stab full opening safety valve and close
  - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - f. Confirm shut-in
  - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - h. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - i. Regroup and identify forward plan

- 2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
  - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - e. Confirm shut-in
  - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - g. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - h. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" scenario.
  - c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull the string clear of the stack:
  - d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe, and full opening safety valve and close
  - e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram.
  - f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - g. Confirm shut-in
  - h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - i. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - j. Regroup and identify forward plan



#### **Break-test BOP & Offline Cementing:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of ECFR Title 43 Part 3172.6(b)(9)(iv) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days.
- This test will be conducted for 5M rated hole intervals only.
- Each rig requesting the break-test variance is capable of picking up the BOP without damaging components using winches, following API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth edition, December 2018, Annex C. Table C.4) which recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice.
- Function tests will be performed on the following BOP elements:
  - Annular à during each full BOPE test
  - Upper Pipe Rams à On trip ins where FIT required
  - Blind Rams à Every trip
  - Lower Pipe Rams à during each full BOPE test
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the
  casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling
  ops.

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Blind Rams

Roadside Kill

Test plug

# **Break Test Diagram (HCR valve)**

# Steps

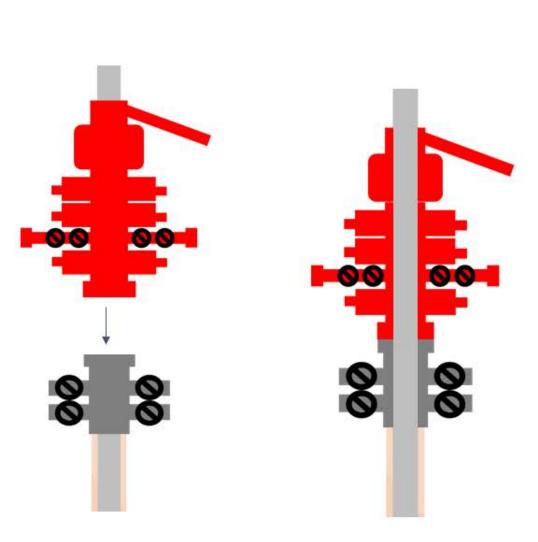
Pressure

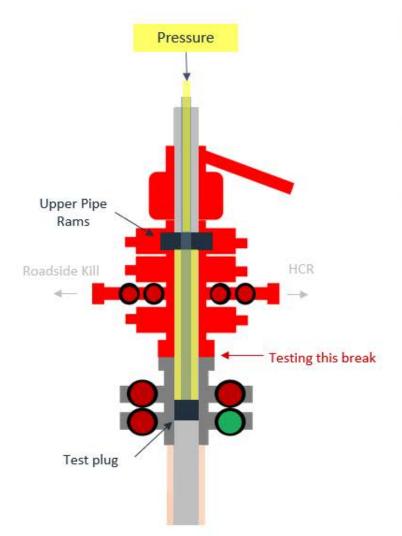
HCR

Testing this break

- 1. Set plug in wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Blind Rams (upper barrier)
- 3. Close roadside kill
- 4. Open HCR (pressure application)
- 5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- 6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to main choke manifold crown valve
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- 8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit

# **Break Test Diagram (Test Joint)**





#### Steps

- Set plug in with test joint wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Upper Pipe Rams (upper barrier)
- 3. Close roadside kill
- Close HCR
- Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- Tie BOP testers high pressure line to top of test joint
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit



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#### **Cement Program**

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

#### **Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing**

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
  - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
- 2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
  - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the casing will be cemented online.
- 3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
  - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
  - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
- 4. Set pack-off
  - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
  - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
- 5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
  - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
- 6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
  - a. Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nippled down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.
- 7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
- 8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
  - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
  - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
  - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
  - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nippled back up for any further remediation.



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- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
- 9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
  - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
  - b. If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
  - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
- 10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
- 11. Install offline cement tool.
  - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
- 12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
  - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
- 13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
  - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
  - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
- 14. Pump cement job as per plan.
  - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
  - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
- 15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
  - a. With floats holding and backside static:
    - i. Remove cement head.
  - b. If floats are leaking:
    - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
  - c. If there is flow on the backside:
    - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
- 16. Remove offline cement tool.
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
- 18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



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#### **Example Well Control Plan Content**

#### A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the <u>5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well</u>, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nippled up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

#### **B.** Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

#### **General Procedure While Circulating**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.

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- 6. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

#### **General Procedure While Cementing**

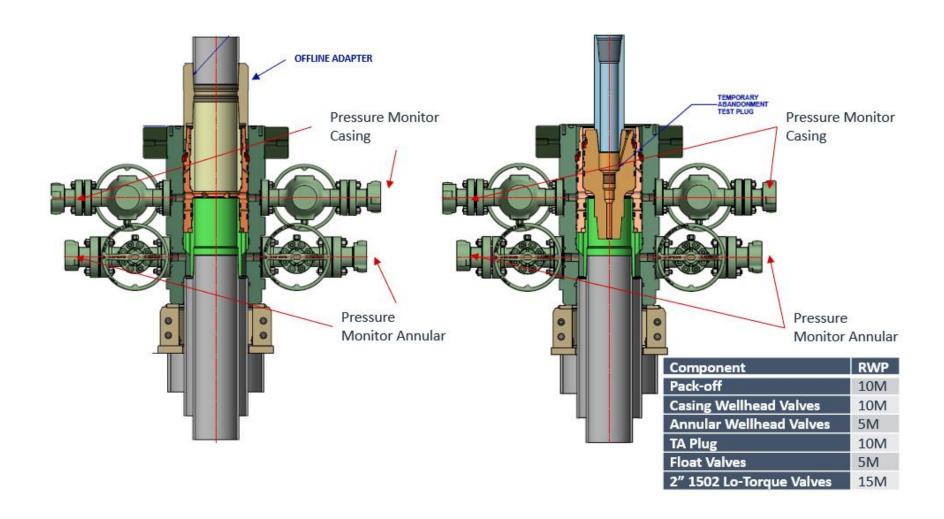
- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
- 7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
- 8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
- 9. Read and record the following
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

#### **General Procedure After Cementing**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 3. Confirm shut-in.
- 4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

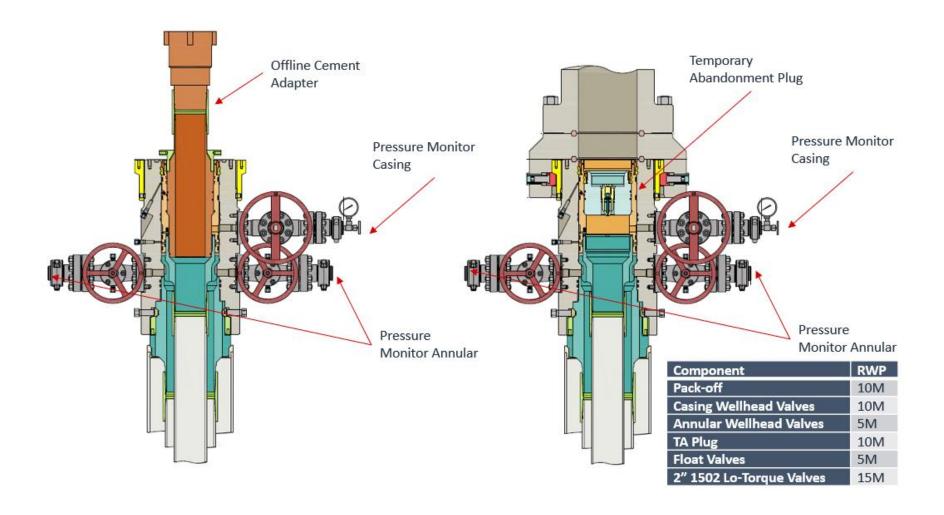
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Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic



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Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

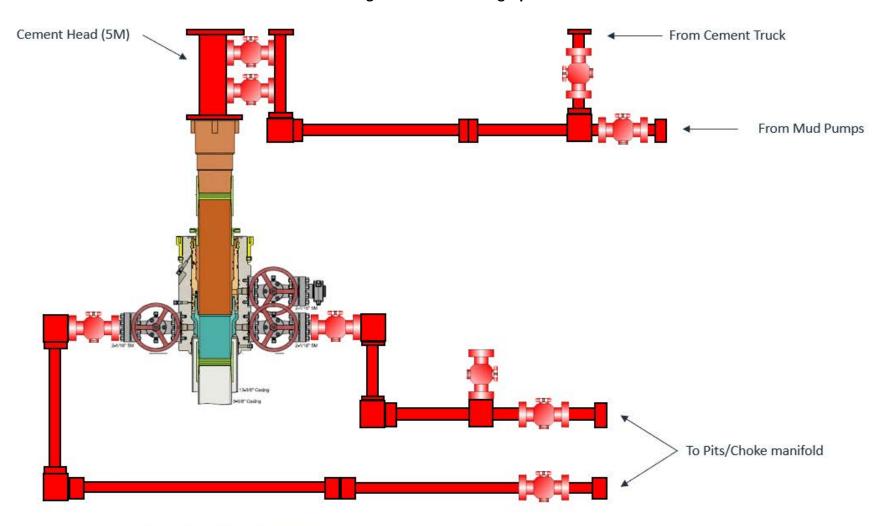


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Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up



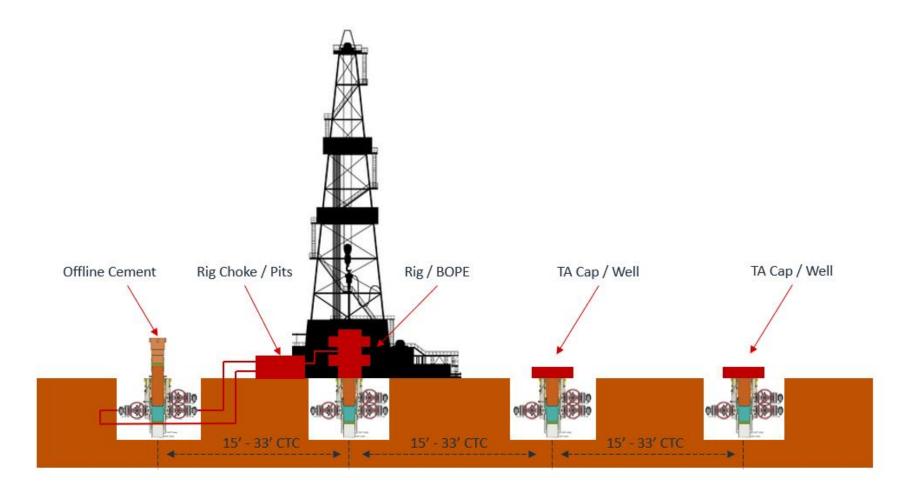
\*\*\* All Lines 10M rated working pressure

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Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram



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#### **Shallow Target Offline Bradenhead:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards to allow for offline bradenhead cementing of the production string after primary cementing operations have been completed. The primary cement job will be pumped conventionally (online) to top of the Brushy Canyon and will cover the target production intervals, and after production pack-off is set and tested, bradenhead will be pumped through casing valves between the production and intermediate casings (offline). For the bradenhead stage of production cementing, the barriers remain the same for offline cementing compared to performing it online.

The bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.

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# Salt Section Annular Clearance Variance Request

**Daniel Moose** 

# **Current Design (Salt Strings)**

#### **0.422"** Annular clearance requirement

- Casing collars shall have a minimum clearance of 0.422 inches on all sides in the hole/casing annulus, with recognition that variances can be granted for justified exceptions.
- 12.25" Hole x 9.625"40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing
  - 1.3125" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.8125" Clearance to coupling OD
- 9.875" Hole x 8.75" 38.5# P110 Sprint-SF Casing
  - 0.5625" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.433" Clearance to coupling OD

# **Annular Clearance Variance Request**

EOG request permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues

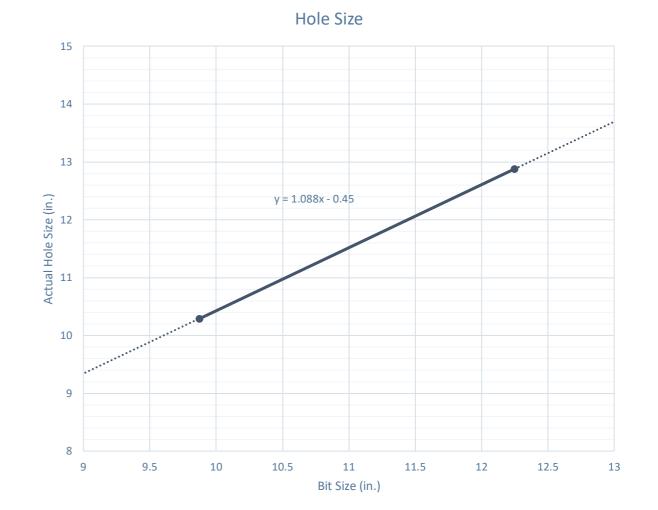
### **Volumetric Hole Size Calculation**

#### **Hole Size Calculations Off Cement Volumes**

- Known volume of cement pumped
- Known volume of cement returned to surface
- Must not have had any losses
- Must have bumped plug

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Hole
  - 12.88" Hole
    - 5.13% diameter increase
    - 10.52% area increase
  - 0.63" Average enlargement
  - 0.58" Median enlargement
  - 179 Well Count
- 9.875" Hole
  - 10.30" Hole
    - 4.24% diameter increase
    - 9.64% area increase
  - 0.42" Average enlargement
  - 0.46" Median enlargement
  - 11 Well Count

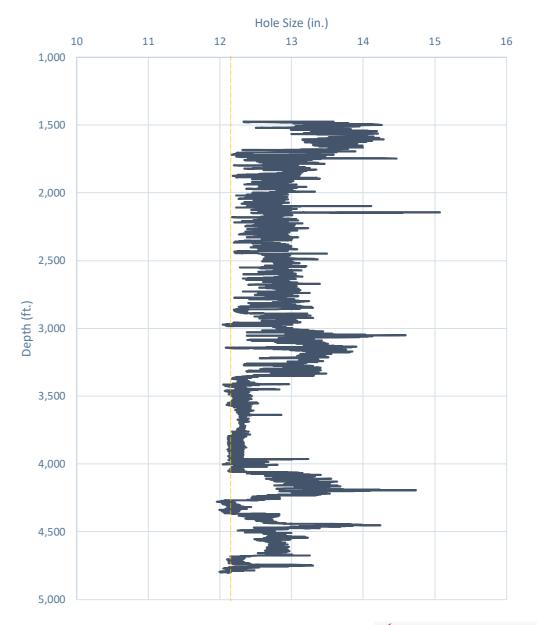


#### Modelo 10 Fed Com #501H

# Caliper Hole Size (12.25")

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Bit
  - 12.76" Hole
    - 4.14% diameter increase
    - 8.44% area increase
  - 0.51" Average enlargement
  - 0.52" Median enlargement
  - Brine

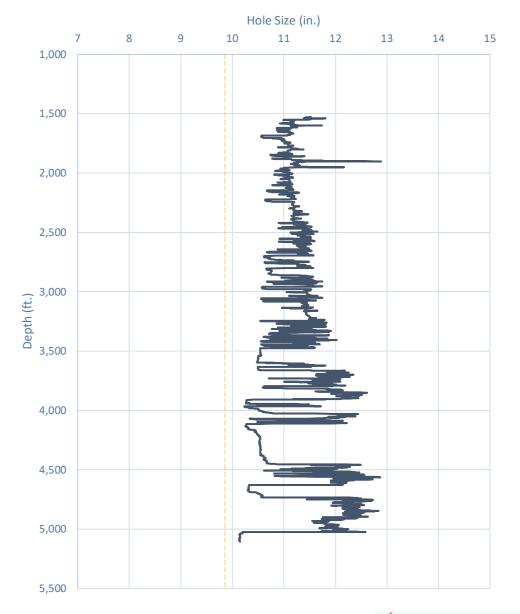


# Caliper Hole Size (9.875")

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 9.875" Hole
  - 11.21" Hole
    - 13.54% diameter increase
    - 28.92% area increase
  - 1.33" Average enlargement
  - 1.30" Median enlargement
  - EnerLite

#### Whirling Wind 11 Fed Com #744H



# **Design A**

# Proposed 11" Hole with 9.625" 40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing

- 11" Bit + 0.52" Average hole enlargement = 11.52" Hole Size
  - 0.9475" Clearance to casing OD

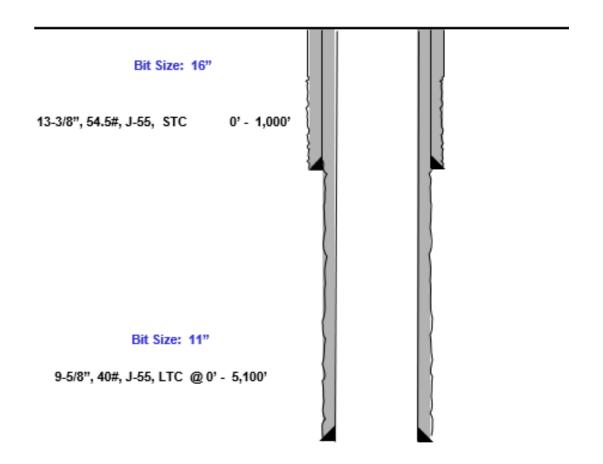
$$=\frac{11.52-9.625}{2}$$

• 0.4475" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{11.52-10.625}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 13.375" 54.5# J55 STC
  - 0.995" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200' overlap)

$$=\frac{12.615-10.625}{^{2}}$$



# **Design B**

# Proposed 9.875" Hole with 8.625" 32# J55/P110 BTC-SC Casing

- 9.875" Bit + 0.42" Average hole enlargement = 10.295" Hole Size
  - 0.835" Clearance to casing OD

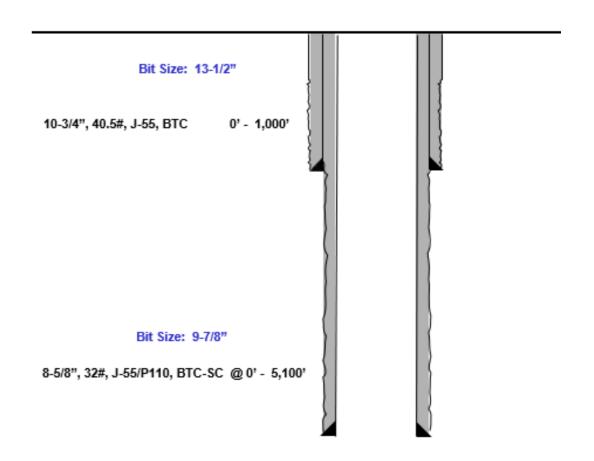
$$=\frac{10.295-8.625}{2}$$

• 0.585" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{10.295-9.125}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 10.75" 40.5# J55 STC
  - 0.4625" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200' overlap)

$$=\frac{10.05-9.125}{2}$$



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# Index

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# **Casing Spec Sheets**

#### PERFORMANCE DATA

API LTC 9.625 in 40.00 lbs/ft K55 HC Technical Data Sheet

Tubular Parameters					
Size	9.625	in	Minimum Yield	55	ksi
Nominal Weight	40.00	lbs/ft	Minimum Tensile	95	ksi
Grade	K55 HC		Yield Load	629	kips
PE Weight	38.94	lbs/ft	Tensile Load	1088	kips
Wall Thickness	0.395	in	Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi
Nominal ID	8.835	in	Collapse Pressure	3600	psi
Drift Diameter	8.750	in			1

Connection Parameters					
Connection OD	10.625	in			
Coupling Length	10.500	in			
Threads Per Inch	8	tpi			
Standoff Thread Turns	3.50	turns			
Make-Up Loss	4.750	in			
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi			

11.454

#### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

13.375 54.50/0.380 J55 PDF

New Search I)



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6/8/2015 10:04:37 AM					
Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	-	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	13.375	14.375	-	14.375	in.
Wall Thickness	0.380	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	12.615	12.615	-	12.615	in.
Standard Drift	12.459	12.459	-	12.459	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	-	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	-	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		909	-	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,125	-	6,290	ft
Make-Up Data	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,860	ff-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	6,430	ff-lbs

Nom. Pipe Body Area

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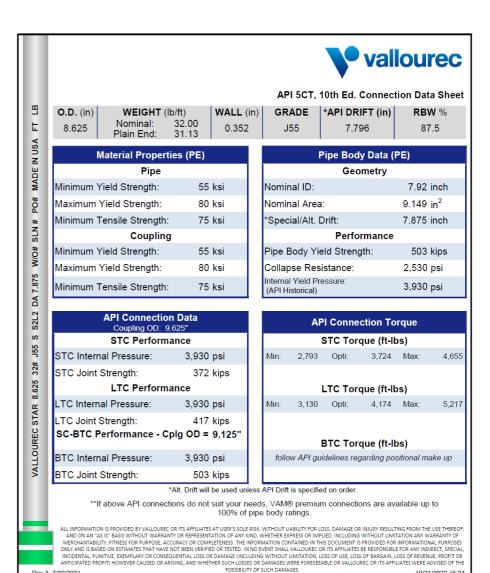
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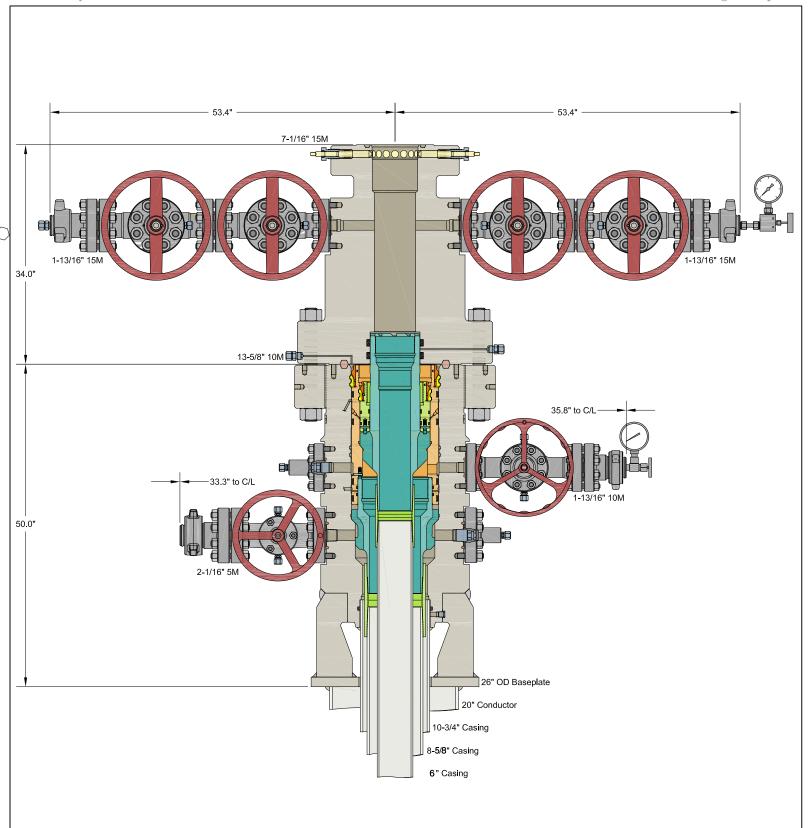
## **Casing Spec Sheets**

#### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search » « Back to Previous List USC Metric 6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM BTC LTC Ptpe STC **Mechanical Properties** Minimum Yield Strength 55,000 psi Maximum Yield Strengtl 80,000 Minimum Tensile Strength 75,000 psi BTC LTC Pipe STC 11.750 Outside Diamete 10.750 11.750 in. Wall Thickness 0.350 Inside Diameter 10.050 10.050 10.050 Standard Drift 9.894 9.894 in. Alternate Drift in. Nominal Linear Weight, T&C 40.50 lbs/ft 38.91 lbs/ft Plain End Weight Performance Ptpe BTC LTC STC 1.580 1,580 1,580 Minimum Collapse Pressure psi 3,130 Minimum Internal Yield Pressure 3.130 3.130 629.00 Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength 1000 lbs 700 Joint Strength 420 1000 lbs Reference Length 11,522 6,915 BTC Make-Up Data Ptpe STC 4.81 Make-Up Loss 3.50 in. Minimum Make-Up Torque 3,150 ft-lbs Maximum Make-Up Torque 5,250 ft-lbs



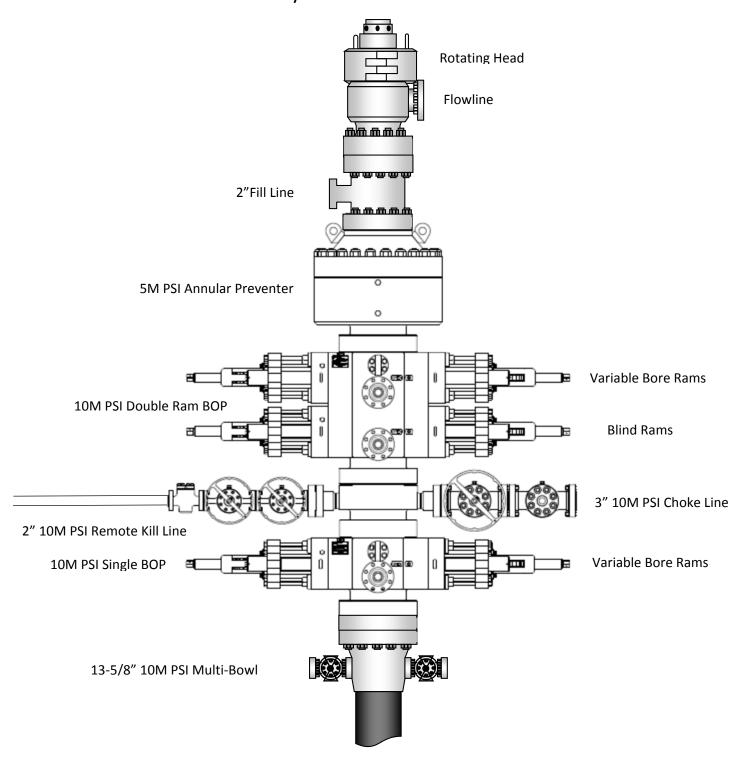


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ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

# CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC 10-3/4" x 8-5/8" x 5-1/2" MBU-3T-SF-SOW Wellhead System With 8-5/8" & 5-1/2" Pin Bottom Mandrel Casing Hangers And 13-5/8" 10M x 7-1/16" 15M CTH-DBLHPS Tubing Head EOG RESOURCES DRAWN APPRV DRAWNG NO. SDT-3141

Exhibit 1
EOG Resources
13-5/8" 10M PSI BOP Stack





#### **EOG Batch Casing**

Pad Name: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com SHALLOW

SHL: Section 22, Township 26-S, Range 33-E, LEA County, NM

EOG requests for the below wells to be approved for all designs listed in the Blanket Casing Design ('EOG BLM Variance 5a - Alternate Shallow Casing Designs.pdf' OR 'EOG BLM Variance 5b - Alternate Deep Casing Designs.pdf') document. The MDs and TVDs for all intervals are within the boundary conditions. The max inclination and DLS are also within the boundary conditions. The directional plans for the wells are attached separately.

XX/ H X/	API#		face	Intern	nediate	Production	
Well Name	AFI#	MD	TVD	MD	TVD	MD	TVD
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #101H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,887	4,825	19,498	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #102H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,843	4,825	19,457	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #103H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,857	4,825	19,472	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #104H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,992	4,825	19,597	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #105H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,870	4,825	19,487	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #106H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,948	4,825	19,560	9,353
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #201H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,852	4,825	19,904	9,792
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #202H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,884	4,825	19,936	9,792
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,883	4,825	19,936	9,792
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #204H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,911	4,825	19,962	9,792
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #205H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	5,094	4,825	20,125	9,792
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #301H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,911	4,825	20,301	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #302H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,855	4,825	20,250	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #303H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,852	4,825	20,249	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #304H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,986	4,825	20,374	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #305H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,869	4,825	20,267	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #306H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,965	4,825	20,357	10,135
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #401H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,871	4,825	20,555	10,425
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #402H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,893	4,825	20,577	10,425
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #403H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,887	4,825	20,572	10,425
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #404H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,940	4,825	20,622	10,425
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #405H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	5,158	4,825	20,811	10,425
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #501H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,940	4,825	21,238	11,045
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #502H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,872	4,825	21,177	11,045
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #503H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,880	4,825	21,185	11,045
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #504H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,993	4,825	21,291	11,045
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #505H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,877	4,825	21,184	11,045
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #506H	30-025-****	1,136	1,136	4,947	4,825	21,251	11,045



#### **EOG Batch Casing**

#### Variances

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a Intermediate Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3a\_b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs
- EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement 11.01.2024 V3.pdf



#### **EOG Batch Casing**

#### GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

#### ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

1,033'
1,111'
1,380'
4,725'
4,960'
4,986'
5,881'
7,548'
9,091'
9,167'
10,054'
10,269'
10,570'
11,095'
11,804'
12,267'

#### ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0-400'	Fresh Water
Bell Canyon	4,986'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	5,881'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,548'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,167'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,054'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,269'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,570'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting surface casing at 1,140' and circulating cement back to surface.



#### Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H API #: 30-025-\*\*\*\* Variances

EOG respectfully requests the below variances to be applied to the above well:

- Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the intermediate casing in the intermediate hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the intermediate interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.
- Variance is also requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the production casing in the production hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the production interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.
- Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.
- Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).
  - Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.
- EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a Inermediate Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3a b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3c Shallow Target Production Offline Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs



#### API 5CT, 10th Ed. Connection Data Sheet

<b>O.D.</b> (in)	WEIGHT	(lb/ft)	WALL (in)	GRADE	*API DRIFT (in)	RBW %
8.625	Nominal: Plain End:	32.00 31.13	0.352	J55	7.796	87.5

Material Properties (PE)						
Pipe						
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi					
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi					
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi					
Coupling						
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi					
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi					
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi					

Pipe Body Data (PE)						
Geometry						
Nominal ID:	7.92 inch					
Nominal Area:	9.149 in <sup>2</sup>					
*Special/Alt. Drift:	7.875 inch					
Performai	nce					
Pipe Body Yield Strength:	503 kips					
Collapse Resistance:	2,530 psi					
Internal Yield Pressure: (API Historical)	3,930 psi					

API Connection Data  Coupling OD: 9.625"						
STC Performand	ce					
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930	psi				
STC Joint Strength:	372	kips				
LTC Performance						
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930	psi				
LTC Joint Strength:	417	kips				
SC-BTC Performance - Cplg OD = 9.125"						
BTC Internal Pressure:	3,930	psi				
BTC Joint Strength:	503	kips				

API Connection Torque								
	STC Torque (ft-lbs)							
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655			
	L	TC Tor	que (ft-lb	s)				
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217			
	_	)TO T	<b>(£</b> 4 11a	- 1				
	E	31C for	que (ft-lb	)S)				
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up								

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

ALL INFORMATION IS PROVIDED BY VALLOUREC OR ITS AFFILIATES AT USER'S SOLE RISK, WITHOUT LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR INJURY RESULTING FROM THE USE THEREOF; AND ON AN "AS IS" BASIS WITHOUT WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION OF ANY KIND, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS BASED ON ESTIMATES THAT HAVE NOT BEEN VERIFIED OR TESTED. IN NO EVENT SHALL VALLOUREC OR ITS AFFILIATES BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, EXEMPLARY OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OR DAMAGE (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF BARGAIN, LOSS OF REVENUE, PROFIT OR ANTICIPATED PROFIT) HOWEVER CAUSED OR ARISING, AND WHETHER SUCH LOSSES OR DAMAGES WERE FORESEEABLE OR VALLOUREC OR ITS AFFILIATES WERE ADVISED OF THE

Rev 3, 7/30/2021 POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. 10/21/2022 15:24

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USC Metric

6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM

Mechanical Properties	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000				psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	-	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50	-			lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	-	700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,522	-	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque		-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



#### 1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

#### 2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Tamarisk Anhydrite       1,111'         Top of Salt       1,380'         Base of Salt       4,725'         Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'         Leonard (Avalon) Shale       9,167'	astler	1,033'
Base of Salt       4,725'         Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'	marisk Anhydrite	1,111'
Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'	p of Salt	1,380'
Bell Canyon 4,986' Cherry Canyon 5,881' Brushy Canyon 7,548' Bone Spring Lime 9,091'	se of Salt	4,725'
Cherry Canyon 5,881' Brushy Canyon 7,548' Bone Spring Lime 9,091'	mar	4,960'
Brushy Canyon 7,548' Bone Spring Lime 9,091'	ell Canyon	4,986'
Bone Spring Lime 9,091'	erry Canyon	5,881'
1 6	ushy Canyon	7,548'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	one Spring Lime	9,091'
Econard (Avaion) Shale 9,107	onard (Avalon) Shale	9,167'
1st Bone Spring Sand 10,054'	Bone Spring Sand	10,054'
2nd Bone Spring Shale 10,269'	d Bone Spring Shale	10,269'
2nd Bone Spring Sand 10,570'	d Bone Spring Sand	10,570'
3rd Bone Spring Carb 11,095'	d Bone Spring Carb	11,095'
3rd Bone Spring Sand 11,804'	d Bone Spring Sand	11,804'
Wolfcamp 12,267'	olfcamp	12,267'
TD 9,792'	)	9,792'

#### 3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0-400'	Fresh Water
Bell Canyon	4,986'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	5,881'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,548'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,167'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,054'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,269'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,570'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 10-3/4" casing at 1,140' and circulating cement back to surface.



#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13"	0	1,136	0	1,136	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	4,883	0	4,825	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
7-7/8"	0	9,271	0	9,215	6"	24.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-TC
6-3/4"	9,271	19,936	9,215	9,792	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint SF

<sup>\*\*</sup>For highlighted rows above, variance is requested to run entire string of either 6" or 5-1/2" casing string above due to availablility.

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings in the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole sizes. An expansion additive will be utilized in the cement slurry for the entire length of the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole intervals to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Depth	No. Sacks	Wt.	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description
1,140' 10-3/4"	260	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	120	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 940')
4,980' 8-5/8"	300	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	140	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 3906')
19,936' 6"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	1470	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ 7550')



Additive	Purpose		
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention		
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator		
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention		
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator		
MagOx	Expansive agent		
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent		
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator		
FL-62	Fluid loss control		
Halad-344	Fluid loss control		
Halad-9	Fluid loss control		
HR-601	Retarder		
Microbond Expansive Agent			

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 6" and 5-1/2" production casing strings with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,548') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 400 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (1.32 yld, 14.8 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.



#### **6. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL**:

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000-psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top. All BOPE will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil & Gas order No. 2.

EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system.

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Before drilling out of the surface casing, the ram-type BOP and accessory equipment will be tested to 10,000/250 psig and the annular preventer to 5,000/250 psig.

Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe.

#### 7. TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM:

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal.

The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Depth	Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 1,140'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
1,140' – 4,890'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
4,880' – 19,936'	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6
Lateral				

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.



#### 8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT:

- (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.

#### 9. LOGGING, TESTING AND CORING PROGRAM:

- (A) Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.
- (B) GR-CCL will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

## 10. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

The estimated bottom-hole temperature (BHT) at TD is 168 degrees F with an estimated maximum bottom-hole pressure (BHP) at TD of 4,583 psig and a maximum anticipated surface pressure of 2,428 psig (based on 9.0 ppg MW). No hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. Severe loss circulation is expected from 7,548' to intermediate casing point.

#### 11. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

#### 12. WELLHEAD:

A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized.

After running the surface casing, a BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170.

The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi.

The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendor's representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.

The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendor's representative.

All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or J-packer type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized.

A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5000 psi.

Casing strings will be tested as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

#### 13. VARIANCE REQUESTS:

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 3a\_b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs



#### 14. TUBING REQUIREMENTS:

EOG respectively requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

• 19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING RQUIREMENTS:

J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.

1899' FNL **Proposed Wellbore** KB: 3326' 2355' FWL GL: 3301'

**Section 22** 

API: 30-025-\*\*\*\* T-26-S, R-33-E

Bit Size: 13"

10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC @ 0' - 1,136'

Bit Size: 9-7/8"

8-5/8", 32.#, J-55, BTC-SC

@ 0' - 4,883'

Bit Size: 7-7/8"|Bit Size: 6-3/4"

6", 24.5#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint-TC @ 0' - 9,215'

5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint SF

@ 9,215' - 19,936'

KOP: 9,371' MD, 9,315' TVD

EOC: 10,121' MD, 9,792' TVD

If production Bradenhead is performed, TOC will be at surface

TOC @ 4,383', if performed conventionally.

Lateral: 19,936' MD, 9,792' TVD

**Upper Most Perf:** 

2540' FSL & 2595' FWL Sec. 22

**Lower Most Perf:** 

100' FSL & 2595' FWL Sec. 34

BH Location: 100' FSL & 2595' FWL

Sec. 34, T-26-S, R-33-E

See previously attached Drill Plan



#### **CONNECTION DATA SHEET**





#### PIPE BODY PROPERTIES

Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.200	in.
Nominal Wall Thickness	0.400	in.
Minimum Wall Thickness	87.5	%
Nominal Weight (API)	24.50	lb/ft
Plain End Weight	23.95	lb/ft
Drift	5.075	in.
Grade Type	High Yie	ld
Grade Type Minimum Yield Strength	High Yie	ld <i>ksi</i>
Minimum Yield Strength	125	ksi
Minimum Yield Strength  Maximum Yield Strength	125 140	ksi ksi
Minimum Yield Strength  Maximum Yield Strength  Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength	125 140 135	ksi ksi ksi

#### **CONNECTION PROPERTIES**

Connection Type	Semi-Pr	emium Threaded & Cou
Nominal Connection OD	6.525	in.
Nominal Connection ID	5.267	in.
Make-up Loss	4.283	in.
Coupling Length	8.831	in.
Tension Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body
Compression Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body

#### **JOINT PERFORMANCES**

Tension Strength	880	klb
Compression Strength	880	klb
Internal Pressure Resistance	14,580	psi
<b>External Pressure Resistance</b>	12,500	psi
Maximum Bending, Structural	95	°/100 ft
Maximum Bending, with Sealability(1)	30	°/100 ft
Maximum Load on Coupling Face	373	klb

(1) Sealability rating demonstrated as per API RP 5C5 / ISO 13679



BOOST YOUR EFFICIENCY, REDUCE COSTS AND ENSURE 100% WELL INTEGRITY WITH VAM® FIELD SERVICE

Scan the QR code to contact us



Issued on: 08 Jul. 2020 by Wesley Ott



**Connection Data Sheet** 

OD	Weight	Wall Th.	Grade	API Drift:	Connection
5 1/2 in.	20.00 lb/ft	0.361 in.	P110EC	4.653 in.	VAM® SPRINT-SF
				ı	

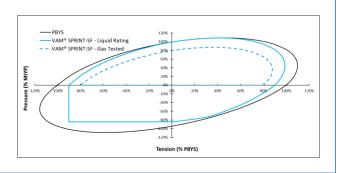
PIPE PROPERTIES		
Nominal OD	5.500	in.
Nominal ID	4.778	in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	5.828	sqin.
Grade Type	Hig	h Yield
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135	ksi

CONNECTION P	ROPERTIES	
Connection Type	Semi-Premium Integral	Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	5.783	in.
Connection ID (nom):	4.717	in.
Make-Up Loss	5.965	in.
Critical Cross Section	5.244	sqin.
Tension Efficiency	90.0	% of pipe
Compression Efficiency	90.0	% of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES							
Tensile Yield Strength	656	klb					
Compression Resistance	656	klb					
Internal Yield Pressure	14,360	psi					
Collapse Resistance	12,080	psi					
Max. Structural Bending	89	°/100ft					
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30	°/100ft					

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	20,000	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	22,500	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	25,000	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	40,000	ft.lb

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a fill string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows  $\mathrm{VAM}^{\circledR}$  like  $\mathrm{VAM}^{\circledR}$ 

canada@vamfieldservice.com usa@vamfieldservice.com mexico@vamfieldservice.com brazil@vamfieldservice.com uk@vamfieldservice.com dubai@vamfieldservice.com nigeria@vamfieldservice.com angola@vamfieldservice.com china@vamfieldservice.com baku@vamfieldservice.com singapore@vamfieldservice.com australia@vamfieldservice.com

Over 140 VAM® Specialists available worldwide 24/7 for Rig Site Assistance



<sup>\* 87.5%</sup> RBW



#### **Hydrogen Sulfide Plan Summary**

- A. All personnel shall receive proper H2S training in accordance with Onshore Order III.C.3.a.
- B. Briefing Area: two perpendicular areas will be designated by signs and readily accessible.
- C. Required Emergency Equipment:
- **■** Well control equipment
  - a. Flare line 150' from wellhead to be ignited by flare gun.
  - b. Choke manifold with a remotely operated choke.
  - c. Mud/gas separator
- Protective equipment for essential personnel:
  - a. Breathing Apparatus:
    - i. Rescue Packs (SCBA) 1 unit shall be placed at each breathing area, 2 shall be stored in the safety trailer.
    - ii. Work/Escape packs —4 packs shall be stored on the rig floor with sufficient air hose not to restrict work activity.
    - iii. Emergency Escape Packs —4 packs shall be stored in the doghouse for emergency evacuation.
  - b. Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:
    - i. Stretcher
    - ii. Two OSHA full body harness
    - iii. 100 ft 5/8 inch OSHA approved rope
    - iv. 1-20# class ABC fire extinguisher

#### ■ H2S Detection and Monitoring Equipment:

The stationary detector with three sensors will be placed in the upper dog house if equipped, set to visually alarm @ 10 ppm and audible @ 14 ppm. Calibrate a minimum of every 30 days or as needed. The sensors will be placed in the following places: Rig floor / Bell nipple / End of flow line or where well bore fluid is being discharged. (Gas sample tubes will be stored in the safety trailer)

#### ■ Visual Warning System:

- a. One color code condition sign will be placed at the entrance to the site reflecting the possible conditions at the site.
- b. A colored condition flag will be on display, reflecting the current condition at the site at the time.
- c. Two wind socks will be placed in strategic locations, visible from all angles.



#### ■ Mud Program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to surface. The operator will have the necessary mud products to minimize hazards while drilling in H2S bearing zones.

#### ■ Metallurgy:

All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.

#### **■** Communication:

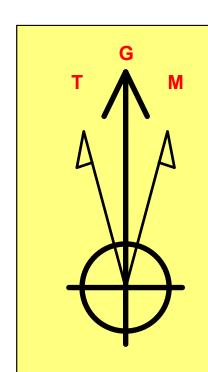
Communication will be via cell phones and land lines where available.



### **Emergency Assistance Telephone List**

PUBLIC SAFETY:	911 or
<b>Lea County Sheriff's Department</b>	(575) 396-3611
Corey Helton	
Fire Department	
Carlsbad	(575) 885-3125
Artesia	(575) 746-5050
Hospitals	
Carlsbad	(575) 887-4121
Artesia	(575) 748-3333
Hobbs	(575) 392-1979
Dept. of Public Safety/Carlsbad	(575) 748-9718
Highway Department	(575) 885-3281
U.S. Department of Labor	(575) 887-1174
Bureau of Land Management - Hobbs (Lea Co)	(575) 393-3612
PET On Call - Hobbs	(575) 706-2779
Bureau of Land Management - Carlsbad (Eddy Co)	(575) 234-5972
PET On Call - Carlsbad	(575) 706-2779
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - Artesia	(575) 748-1283
Inspection Group South - Gilbert Gordero	(575) 626-0830
EOG Resources, Inc.	
EOG Midland	(432) 686-3600
Company Drilling Consultants:	
Jett Dueitt	(432) 230-4840
Blake Burney	
Drilling Engineers	
Stephen Davis	(432) 235-9789
Matt Day	(210) 296-4456
Drilling Managers	
Branden Keener	(210) 294-3729
Drilling Superintendents	
Lance Hardy	(432) 215-8152
Ryan Reynolds	(432) 215-5978
Steve Kelly	(210) 416-7894
H&P Drilling	
H&P Drilling	(432) 563-5757
Nabors Drilling	(132) 000 0101
Nabors Drilling	(432) 363-8180
Patterson UTI	( - )
Patterson UTI	(432) 561-9382
EOG Safety	(12-) 201 7502
Brian Chandler (HSE Manager)	(817) 239-0251
	(= 1)===================================





8100<del>-</del>

450

900

Azimuths to Grid North
True North: -0.41°
Magnetic North: 5.72°

Magnetic Field Strength: 47029.5nT Dip Angle: 59.61° Date: 10/31/2024 Model: IGRF2020

To convert a Magnetic Direction to a Grid Direction, Add 5.72° To convert a Magnetic Direction to a True Direction, Add 6.13° East To convert a True Direction to a Grid Direction, Subtract 0.41°

Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H

Plan #0.1 RT

PROJECT DETAILS: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983
Datum: North American Datum 1983
Ellipsoid: GRS 1980
Zone: New Mexico Eastern Zone

System Datum: Mean Sea Level

**WELL DETAILS: #203H** 

3301.0

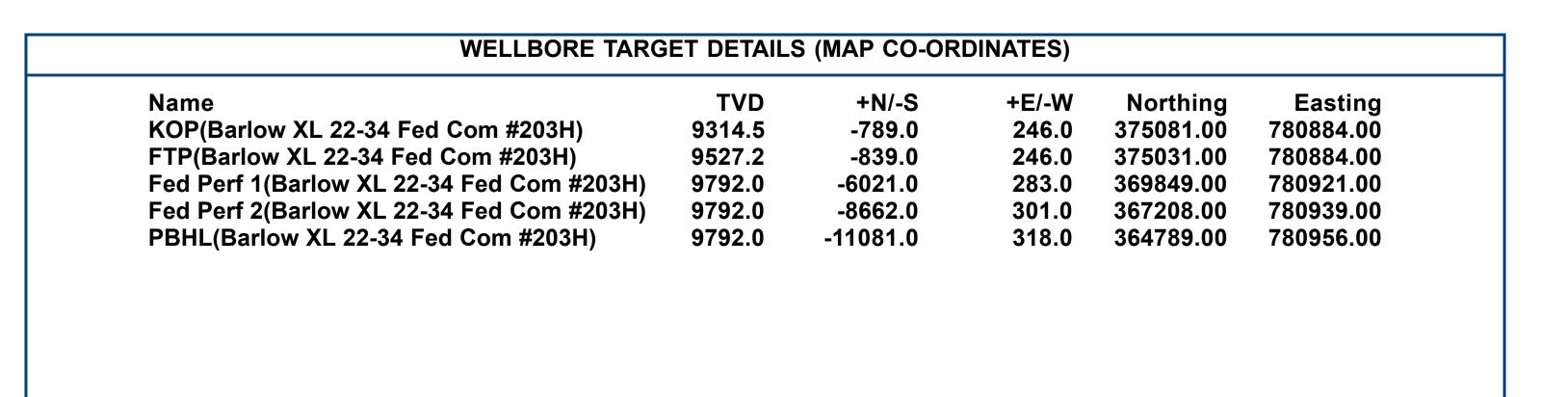
kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Northing Easting **780638.00** 

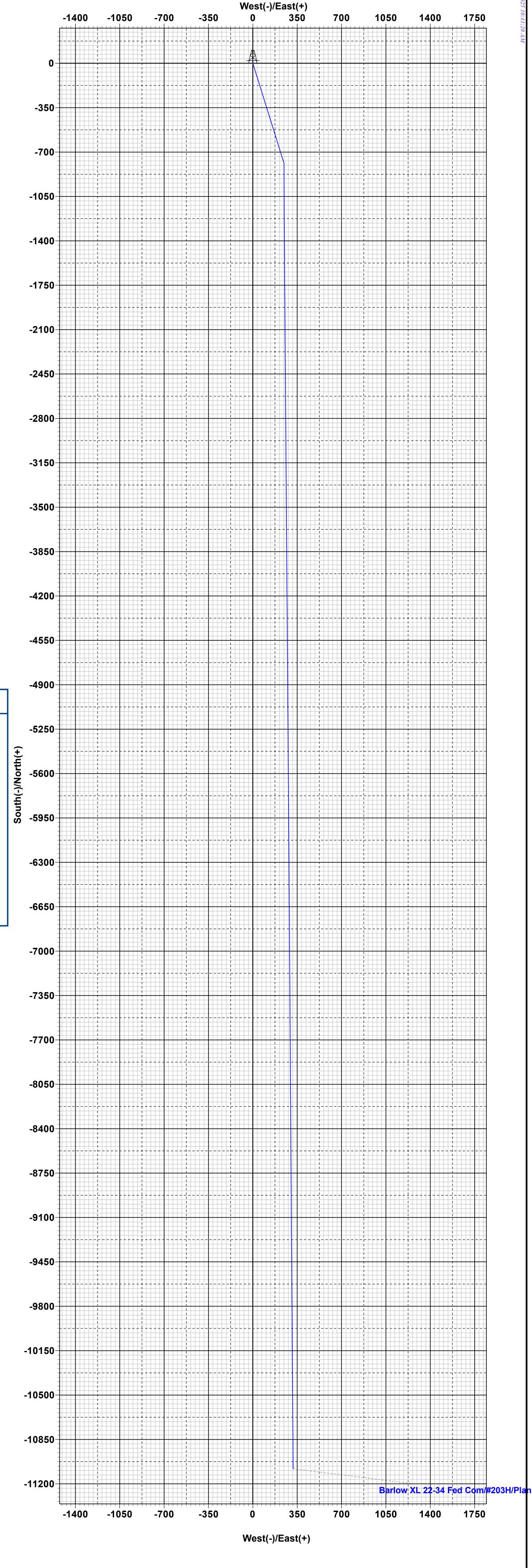
Latittude 32° 1' 51.583 N

Longitude 103° 33' 40.021 W

	SECTION DETAILS											
Sec	MD	Inc	Azi	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Dleg	TFace	VSect	Target		
1	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0			
2	1236.0	0.00	0.00	1236.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0			
3	1633.8	7.96	162.68	1632.5	-26.3	8.2	2.00	162.68	26.5			
4	7206.4	7.96	162.68	7151.5	-762.7	237.8	0.00	0.00	769.2			
5	7604.2	0.00	0.00	7548.0	-789.0	246.0	2.00	180.00	795.7			
6	9370.7	0.00	0.00	9314.5	-789.0	246.0	0.00	0.00	795.7	KOP(Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H)		
7	9591.1	26.46	180.00	9527.2	-839.0	246.0	12.00	180.00	845.7	FTP(Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H)		
8	10120.7	90.00	179.58	9791.9	-1266.5	248.2	12.00	-0.47	1273.1			
9	14875.3	90.00	179.58	9792.0	-6021.0	283.0	0.00	0.00	6026.6	Fed Perf 1(Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H)		
10	17516.4	90.00	179.64	9792.0	-8662.0	301.0	0.00	88.72	8667.1	Fed Perf 2(Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H)		
11	19935.5	90.00	179.56	9792.0	-11081.0	318.0	0.00	-90.91	11085.6	PBHL(Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H)		



7650



5400

3600

4050

4500



## **Midland**

Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME) Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H

OH

Plan: Plan #0.1 RT

## **Standard Planning Report**

31 October, 2024



#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

Well: #203H Wellbore: 0H

Design: Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

Minimum Curvature

Project Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Map System:US State Plane 1983Geo Datum:North American Datum 1983Map Zone:New Mexico Eastern Zone

System Datum:

Mean Sea Level

Site Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

 Site Position:
 Northing:
 375,543.00 usft
 Latitude:
 32° 1′ 48.213 N

 From:
 Map
 Easting:
 782,531.00 usft
 Longitude:
 103° 33′ 18.059 W

 Position Uncertainty:
 0.0 usft
 Slot Radius:
 13-3/16 "
 13-3/16 "

Well #203H **Well Position** +N/-S 0.0 usft Northing: 375,870.00 usft Latitude: 32° 1' 51.583 N +E/-W 0.0 usft Easting: 780,638.00 usft Longitude: 103° 33' 40.021 W **Position Uncertainty** 0.0 usft Wellhead Elevation: usft **Ground Level:** 3,301.0 usft 0.41° **Grid Convergence:** 

ОН Wellbore Declination Magnetics **Model Name** Sample Date Dip Angle Field Strength (°) (°) (nT) 47,029.49088769 IGRF2020 10/31/2024 6.13 59.61

Plan #0.1 RT Design Audit Notes: PLAN Tie On Depth: 0.0 Version: Phase: Vertical Section: Depth From (TVD) +N/-S +E/-W Direction (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) 178.36 0.0 0.0 0.0



#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

Well: #203H Wellbore: 0H

Design: Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,236.0	0.00	0.00	1,236.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,633.8	7.96	162.68	1,632.5	-26.3	8.2	2.00	2.00	0.00	162.68	
7,206.4	7.96	162.68	7,151.5	-762.7	237.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7,604.2	0.00	0.00	7,548.0	-789.0	246.0	2.00	-2.00	0.00	180.00	
9,370.7	0.00	0.00	9,314.5	-789.0	246.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	KOP(Barlow XL 22-34
9,591.1	26.46	180.00	9,527.2	-839.0	246.0	12.00	12.00	81.65	180.00	FTP(Barlow XL 22-34
10,120.7	90.00	179.58	9,791.9	-1,266.5	248.2	12.00	12.00	-0.08	-0.47	
14,875.3	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-6,021.0	283.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Fed Perf 1(Barlow XL
17,516.4	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-8,662.0	301.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	88.72	Fed Perf 2(Barlow XL
19,935.5	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-11,081.0	318.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	-90.91	PBHL(Barlow XL 22-3

# eog resources

#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

 Well:
 #203H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

esigii.	Flail #0.1 IXI								
lanned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0		0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
					0.0				
0.008	0.00	0.00	0.008	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,236.0	0.00		1,236.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
		0.00							
1,300.0	1.28	162.68	1,300.0	-0.7	0.2	0.7	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,400.0	3.28	162.68	1,399.9	-4.5	1.4	4.5	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,500.0	5.28	162.68	1,499.6	-11.6	3.6	11.7	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,600.0	7.28	162.68	1,599.0	-22.0	6.9	22.2	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,633.8	7.96	162.68	1,632.5	-26.3	8.2	26.5	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,700.0	7.96	162.68	1,698.1	-35.1	10.9	35.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.0	7.96	162.68	1,797.1	-48.3	15.1	48.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	7.96	162.68	1,896.2	-61.5	19.2	62.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	7.96	162.68	1,995.2	-74.7	23.3	75.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.0	7.96	162.68	2,094.2	-87.9	27.4	88.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	7.96	162.68	2,193.3	-101.1	31.5	102.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.0	7.96	162.68	2,292.3	-114.4	35.7	115.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	7.96	162.68	2,391.3	-127.6	39.8	128.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	7.96	162.68	2,490.4	-140.8	43.9	142.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	7.96	162.68	2,589.4	-154.0	48.0	155.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	7.96	162.68	2,688.5	-167.2	52.1	168.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	7.96	162.68	2,787.5	-180.4	56.3	182.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.0	7.96	162.68	2,886.5	-193.6	60.4	195.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	7.96	162.68	2,985.6	-206.9	64.5	208.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.0	7.96	162.68	3,084.6	-220.1	68.6	221.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.0	7.96	162.68	3,183.6	-233.3	72.7	235.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
2 200 2	7.00	100.00	2 000 7	040 5	70.0	040.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.0	7.96	162.68	3,282.7	-246.5	76.9	248.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.0	7.96	162.68	3,381.7	-259.7	81.0	261.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	7.96	162.68	3,480.8	-272.9	85.1	275.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0	7.96	162.68	3,579.8	-286.1	89.2	288.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	7.96	162.68	3,678.8	-299.3	93.3	301.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	1.50	102.00	5,070.0	-233.3	33.3	301.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.0	7.96	162.68	3,777.9	-312.6	97.5	315.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	7.96	162.68	3,876.9	-325.8	101.6	328.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0		162.68	3,975.9		105.7	341.9			0.00
	7.96			-339.0			0.00	0.00	
4,100.0	7.96	162.68	4,075.0	-352.2	109.8	355.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.0	7.96	162.68	4,174.0	-365.4	113.9	368.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.0	7.96	162.68	4,273.1	-378.6	118.1	381.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.0	7.96	162.68	4,372.1	-391.8	122.2	395.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.0	7.96	162.68	4,471.1	-405.1	126.3	408.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.0	7.96	162.68	4,570.2	-418.3	130.4	421.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	7.96	162.68	4,669.2	-431.5	134.5	435.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	7.96	162.68	4,768.2	-444.7	138.7	448.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
			4,867.3						
4,900.0	7.96	162.68		-457.9	142.8	461.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	7.96	162.68	4,966.3	-471.1	146.9	475.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	7.96	162.68	5,065.4	-484.3	151.0	488.5	0.00	0.00	0.00

# **b**eog resources

#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

 Well:
 #203H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

Design:	Plan #0.1 RT								
Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
5,200.0	7.96	162.68	5,164.4	-497.6	155.1	501.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.0	7.96	162.68	5,263.4	-510.8	159.3	515.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.0	7.96	162.68	5,362.5	-524.0	163.4	528.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	7.96	162.68	5,461.5	-537.2	167.5	541.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0 5,700.0	7.96 7.96	162.68 162.68	5,560.5 5,659.6	-550.4 -563.6	171.6 175.7	555.1 568.4	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
5,800.0	7.96	162.68	5,758.6	-576.8	179.9	581.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0 6,000.0	7.96 7.96	162.68 162.68	5,857.7 5,956.7	-590.1 -603.3	184.0 188.1	595.1 608.4	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
6,100.0	7.96	162.68	6,055.7	-616.5	192.2	621.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	7.96	162.68	6,154.8	-629.7	196.3	635.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.0	7.96	162.68	6,253.8	-642.9	200.4	648.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	7.96	162.68	6,352.8	-656.1	204.6	661.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	7.96	162.68	6,451.9	-669.3	208.7	675.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	7.96	162.68	6,550.9	-682.5	212.8	688.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	7.96	162.68	6,650.0	-695.8	216.9	701.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	7.96	162.68	6,749.0	-709.0	221.0	715.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	7.96	162.68	6,848.0	-722.2	225.2	728.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	7.96	162.68	6,947.1	-735.4	229.3	741.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.0	7.96	162.68	7,046.1	-748.6	233.4	755.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,206.4	7.96	162.68	7,151.5	-762.7	237.8	769.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.0	6.08	162.68	7,244.4	-773.6	241.2	780.2	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,400.0	4.08	162.68	7,344.0	-782.1	243.8	788.7	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,500.0 7,604.2	2.08 0.00	162.68 0.00	7,443.8 7,548.0	-787.2 -789.0	245.4 246.0	793.9 795.7	2.00 2.00	-2.00 -2.00	0.00 0.00
7,700.0	0.00	0.00	7,643.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.0	0.00	0.00	7,743.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	0.00	0.00	7,843.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7 795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.0	0.00	0.00	7,943.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.0	0.00	0.00	8,043.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.0	0.00	0.00	8,143.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	0.00	0.00	8,243.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	0.00	0.00	8,343.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	0.00	0.00	8,443.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0 8,700.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	8,543.8 8,643.8	-789.0 -789.0	246.0 246.0	795.7 795.7	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
8,800.0	0.00	0.00	8,743.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0 9,000.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	8,843.8 8,943.8	-789.0 -789.0	246.0 246.0	795.7 795.7	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
9,000.0	0.00	0.00	9,043.8	-769.0 -789.0	246.0	795.7 795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.0	0.00	0.00	9,143.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	0.00	0.00	9,243.8	-789.0	246.0	795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,370.7	0.00	0.00	9,314.5	-789.0	246.0	795.7 795.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,375.0	0.52	180.00	9,318.8	-789.0	246.0	795.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,400.0	3.52	180.00	9,343.8	-789.9	246.0	796.6	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,425.0	6.52	180.00	9,368.7	-792.1	246.0	798.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,450.0	9.52	180.00	9,393.4	-795.6	246.0	802.3	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,475.0	12.52	180.00	9,418.0	-800.3	246.0	807.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,500.0	15.52	180.00	9,442.2	-806.4	246.0	813.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,525.0 9,550.0	18.52 21.52	180.00 180.00	9,466.1 9,489.6	-813.7 -822.3	246.0 246.0	820.4 829.0	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.00 0.00
	21.52				246.0				
9,575.0	24.52	180.00	9,512.6	-832.1	246.0	838.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,591.1 9,600.0	26.46 27.52	180.00 179.98	9,527.2 9,535.1	-839.0 -843.0	246.0 246.0	845.7 849.7	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.00 -0.21
9,000.0	21.52	179.90	<del>ა</del> ,აან. I	-043.0	∠40.0	049.7	12.00	12.00	-U.Z I

# eog resources

#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

 Well:
 #203H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

Design:	Plan #0.1 RT								
Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
9,625.0	30.52	179.93	9,557.0	-855.1	246.0	861.9	12.00	12.00	-0.19
9,650.0	33.52	179.90	9,578.1	-868.4	246.0	875.1	12.00	12.00	-0.16
9,675.0	36.52	179.86	9,598.6	-882.7	246.1	889.4	12.00	12.00	-0.13
9,700.0	39.52	179.83	9,618.3	-898.1	246.1	904.8	12.00	12.00	-0.12
9,725.0	42.52	179.81	9,637.2	-914.5	246.2	921.2	12.00	12.00	-0.10
9,750.0	45.52	179.79	9,655.1	-931.9	246.2	938.6	12.00	12.00	-0.09
9,775.0	48.52	179.76	9,672.2	-950.2	246.3	956.9	12.00	12.00	-0.08
9,800.0	51.52	179.75	9,688.2	-969.4	246.4	976.0	12.00	12.00	-0.07
9,825.0	54.52	179.73	9,703.3	-989.3	246.5	996.0	12.00	12.00	-0.07
9,850.0	57.52	179.71	9,717.3	-1,010.1	246.6	1,016.7	12.00	12.00	-0.06
9,875.0	60.52	179.70	9,730.1	-1,031.5	246.7	1,038.1	12.00	12.00	-0.06
9,900.0	63.52	179.68	9,741.9	-1,053.6	246.8	1,060.2	12.00	12.00	-0.06
9,925.0	66.52	179.67	9,752.4	-1,076.2	246.9	1,082.9	12.00	12.00	-0.05
9,950.0	69.52	179.66	9,761.8	-1,099.4	247.1	1,106.0	12.00	12.00	-0.05
9,975.0	72.52	179.65	9,769.9	-1,123.0	247.2	1,129.7	12.00	12.00	-0.05
10,000.0	75.52	179.63	9,776.8	-1,147.1	247.3	1,153.7	12.00	12.00	-0.05
10,025.0	78.52	179.62	9,782.4	-1,171.4	247.5	1,178.0	12.00	12.00	-0.05
10,050.0	81.52	179.61	9,786.7	-1,196.0	247.7	1,202.7	12.00	12.00	-0.05
10,075.0 10,100.0 10,120.7 10,200.0	84.52 87.52 90.00	179.60 179.59 179.58 179.58	9,789.8 9,791.5 9,791.9 9,791.9	-1,220.9 -1,245.8 -1,266.5	247.8 248.0 248.2	1,227.5 1,252.4 1,273.1 1,352.4	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 0.00	-0.04 -0.04 -0.04
10,300.0 10,400.0	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	179.58 179.58 179.58 179.58	9,791.9 9,791.9 9,791.9 9,791.9	-1,345.8 -1,445.8 -1,545.8	248.7 249.5 250.2	1,452.3 1,552.3	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
10,500.0 10,600.0 10,700.0	90.00 90.00	179.58 179.58	9,792.0 9,792.0	-1,645.8 -1,745.8 -1,845.8	250.9 251.7 252.4	1,652.3 1,752.3 1,852.2	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
10,800.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-1,945.8	253.1	1,952.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,900.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,045.8	253.9	2,052.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,145.8	254.6	2,152.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,245.8	255.3	2,252.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,345.8	256.1	2,352.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,300.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,445.8	256.8	2,452.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,545.7	257.5	2,552.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,645.7	258.3	2,652.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,745.7	259.0	2,752.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,845.7	259.7	2,852.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-2,945.7	260.5	2,952.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,045.7	261.2	3,052.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,145.7	261.9	3,152.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,245.7	262.7	3,251.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,345.7	263.4	3,351.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,445.7	264.1	3,451.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,545.7	264.9	3,551.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,645.7	265.6	3,651.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,745.7	266.3	3,751.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,845.7	267.1	3,851.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-3,945.7	267.8	3,951.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,045.7	268.5	4,051.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,145.7	269.3	4,151.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,245.7	270.0	4,251.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,345.7	270.7	4,351.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,445.7	271.5	4,451.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,545.7	272.2	4,551.6	0.00	0.00	0.00

# eog resources

#### **Planning Report**

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)
Site: Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

 Well:
 #203H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

Grid

Design:	Plan #0.1 RT								
Planned Survey									
Measured Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Vertical Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Vertical Section	Dogleg Rate	Build Rate	Turn Rate
(usft)	(°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)
13,500.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,645.7	272.9	4,651.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,745.7	273.7	4,751.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,845.7	274.4	4,851.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-4,945.7	275.1	4,951.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,045.7	275.9	5,051.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,145.7	276.6	5,151.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,245.7	277.3	5,251.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,345.7	278.1	5,351.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,445.7	278.8	5,451.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,545.7	279.5	5,551.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,645.7	280.3	5,651.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,745.7	281.0	5,751.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,845.7	281.7	5,851.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-5,945.7	282.4	5,951.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-5,945.7 -6,021.0	283.0	6,026.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-6,021.0 -6,045.7	283.2	6,051.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-6,145.7	283.9	6,151.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-6,245.7	284.6	6,251.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-6,345.6	285.4	6,351.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-6,445.6	286.1	6,451.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.00 90.00	179.59 179.59	9,792.0 9,792.0	-6,545.6	286.8 287.5	6,551.2 6,651.2	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
15,500.0 15,600.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-6,645.6 -6,745.6	288.2	6,751.1	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0				-0,745.0					
15,700.0	90.00	179.60	9,792.0	-6,845.6	288.9	6,851.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0	90.00	179.60	9,792.0	-6,945.6	289.6	6,951.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.0	90.00	179.60	9,792.0	-7,045.6	290.3	7,051.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-7,145.6	291.0	7,151.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-7,245.6	291.7	7,251.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-7,345.6	292.4	7,351.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-7,445.6	293.0	7,451.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-7,545.6	293.7	7,550.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-7,645.6	294.4	7,650.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-7,745.6	295.1	7,750.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-7,845.6	295.7	7,850.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-7,945.6	296.4	7,950.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,045.6	297.0	8,050.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,145.6	297.7	8,150.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,245.6	298.3	8,250.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,345.6	299.0	8,350.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,445.6	299.6	8,450.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.0	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-8,545.6	300.3	8,550.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.0	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-8,645.6	300.9	8,650.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,516.4	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-8,662.0	301.0	8,667.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.0	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-8,745.6	301.5	8,750.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.0	90.00	179.64	9,792.0	-6,745.6 -8,845.6	301.5	8,850.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-8,945.6	302.8	8,950.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.0	90.00	179.63	9,792.0	-9,045.6	303.5	9,050.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-9,145.6	304.1	9,150.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.0	90.00	179.62	9,792.0	-9,245.6	304.8	9,250.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.0 18,300.0	90.00 90.00	179.62 179.61	9,792.0 9,792.0	-9,345.6 -9,445.6	305.4 306.1	9,350.5 9,450.5	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
18,400.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0 9,792.0	-9,445.6 -9,545.6	306.1	9,450.5 9,550.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.0	90.00	179.61	9,792.0	-9,545.6 -9,645.6	307.5	9,650.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.0	90.00	179.60	9,792.0	-9,745.6	308.2	9,750.4	0.00	0.00	0.00



#### **Planning Report**

Database: Company:

Project:

Site:

PEDMB

#203H

ОН

Midland Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com

Well: Wellbore:

Design: Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #203H

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft

kb = 26' @ 3327.0usft Grid

anned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
18,700.0	90.00	179.60	9,792.0	-9,845.6	308.9	9,850.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-9,945.6	309.6	9,950.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,900.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-10,045.6	310.3	10,050.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,000.0	90.00	179.59	9,792.0	-10,145.6	311.0	10,150.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-10,245.6	311.7	10,250.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,200.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-10,345.6	312.5	10,350.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.0	90.00	179.58	9,792.0	-10,445.6	313.2	10,450.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.0	90.00	179.57	9,792.0	-10,545.6	313.9	10,550.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,500.0	90.00	179.57	9,792.0	-10,645.5	314.7	10,650.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600.0	90.00	179.57	9,792.0	-10,745.5	315.4	10,750.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.0	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-10,845.5	316.2	10,850.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.0	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-10,945.5	317.0	10,950.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,900.0	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-11,045.5	317.7	11,050.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,935.5	90.00	179.56	9,792.0	-11,081.0	318.0	11,085.6	0.00	0.00	0.00

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
KOP(Barlow XL 22-34 Formula) - plan hits target cented - Point	0.00 er	0.00	9,314.5	-789.0	246.0	375,081.00	780,884.00	32° 1' 43.758 N	103° 33' 37.229 W
FTP(Barlow XL 22-34 Fe - plan hits target cente - Point	0.00 er	0.00	9,527.2	-839.0	246.0	375,031.00	780,884.00	32° 1' 43.264 N	103° 33' 37.233 W
PBHL(Barlow XL 22-34 I - plan hits target cente - Point	0.00 er	0.00	9,792.0	-11,081.0	318.0	364,789.00	780,956.00	32° 0' 1.909 N	103° 33' 37.248 W
Fed Perf 2(Barlow XL 22 - plan hits target cente - Point	0.00 er	0.00	9,792.0	-8,662.0	301.0	367,208.00	780,939.00	32° 0' 25.847 N	103° 33' 37.244 W
Fed Perf 1(Barlow XL 22 - plan hits target cente - Point	0.00 er	0.00	9,792.0	-6,021.0	283.0	369,849.00	780,921.00	32° 0′ 51.983 N	103° 33' 37.234 W

10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search »

« Back to Previous List

USC Metric

6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM

Mechanical Properties	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	_	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	_	_	_	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	_	_	_	psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	poi
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	-	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	-	700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,522	-	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque		-	-	3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque		-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



#### API 5CT, 10th Ed. Connection Data Sheet

<b>O.D.</b> (in)	WEIGHT	(lb/ft)	WALL (in)	GRADE	*API DRIFT (in)	RBW %
8.625	Nominal: Plain End:	32.00 31.13	0.352	J55	7.796	87.5

Material Properties (PE)						
Pipe						
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi					
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi					
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi					
Coupling						
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi					
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi					
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi					

Pipe Body Data (PE)					
Geomet	ry				
Nominal ID:	7.92 inch				
Nominal Area:	9.149 in <sup>2</sup>				
*Special/Alt. Drift:	7.875 inch				
Performa	nce				
Pipe Body Yield Strength:	503 kips				
Collapse Resistance:	2,530 psi				
Internal Yield Pressure: (API Historical)	3,930 psi				

API Connection Data						
Coupling OD: 9	9.625"					
STC Perform	STC Performance					
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi					
STC Joint Strength:	372 kips					
LTC Performance						
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi					
LTC Joint Strength:	417 kips					
SC-BTC Performance - C	plg OD = 9.125"					
BTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi					
BTC Joint Strength:	503 kips					

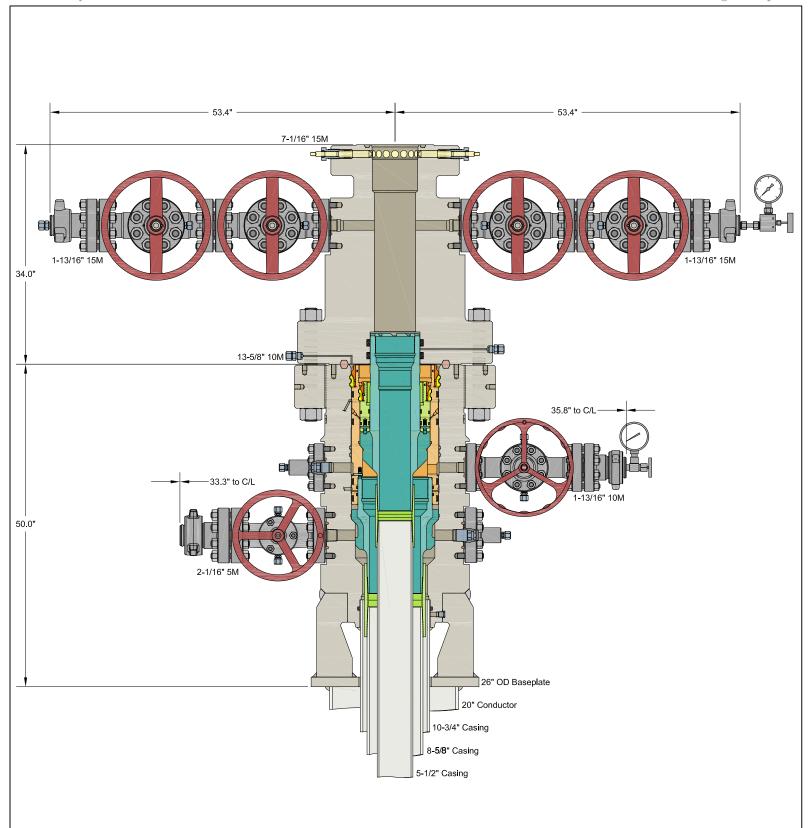
API Connection Torque							
	STC Torque (ft-lbs)						
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655		
LTC Torque (ft-lbs)							
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217		
BTC Torque (ft-lbs)							
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up							

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

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Rev 3, 7/30/2021 POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. 10/21/2022 15:24

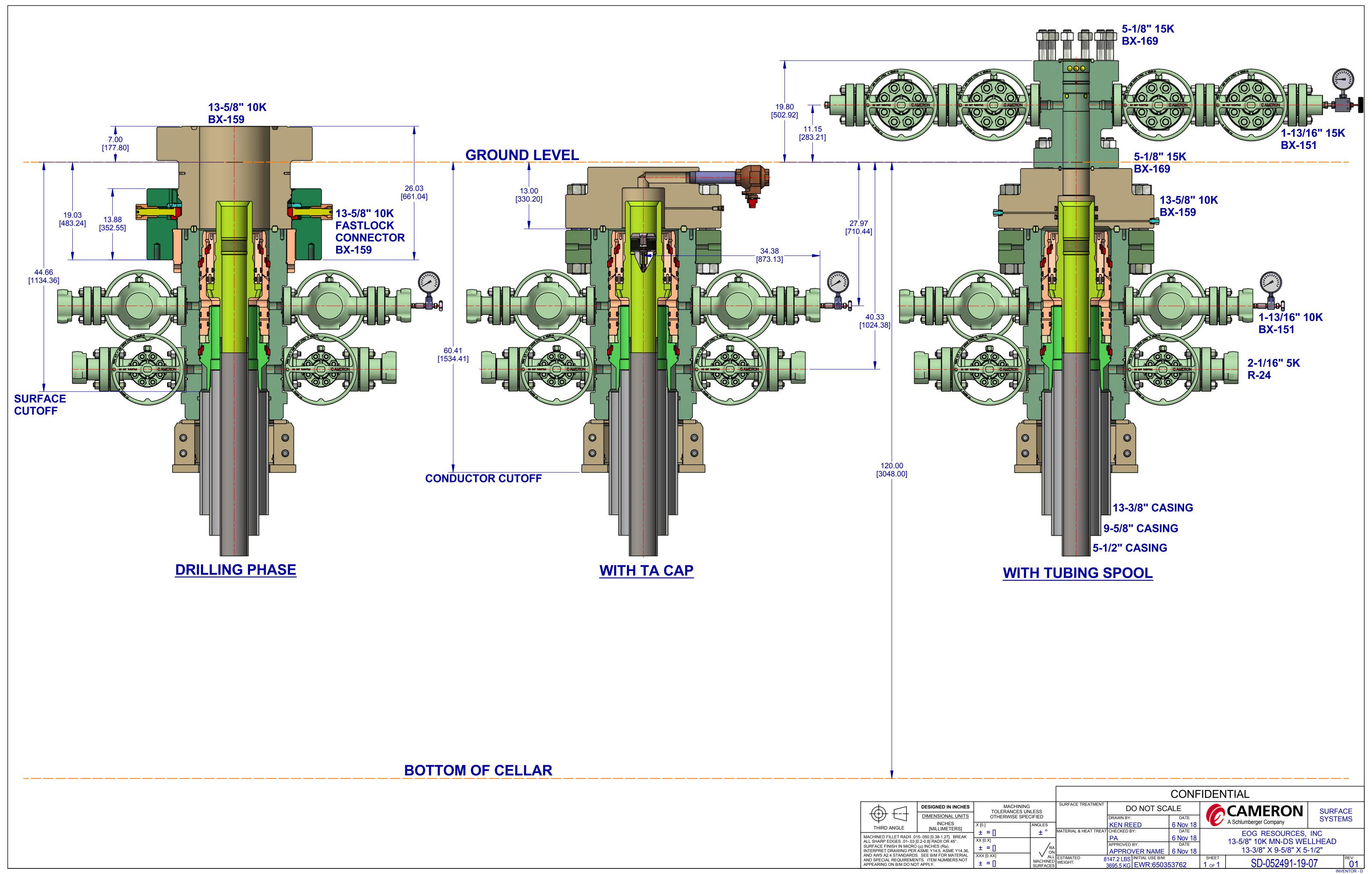


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ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE

# CACTUS WELLHEAD LLC 10-3/4" x 8-5/8" x 5-1/2" MBU-3T-SF-SOW Wellhead System With 8-5/8" & 5-1/2" Pin Bottom Mandrel Casing Hangers And 13-5/8" 10M x 7-1/16" 15M CTH-DBLHPS Tubing Head EOG RESOURCES DRAWN DLE 14APR21 APPRV DRAWING NO. SDT-3141

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#### 1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

#### 2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Tamarisk Anhydrite       1,111'         Top of Salt       1,380'         Base of Salt       4,725'         Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'         Leonard (Avalon) Shale       9,167'         1st Bone Spring Sand       10,054'	Rustler 1,	,033'
Base of Salt       4,725'         Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'         Leonard (Avalon) Shale       9,167'	Tamarisk Anhydrite 1,	,111'
Lamar       4,960'         Bell Canyon       4,986'         Cherry Canyon       5,881'         Brushy Canyon       7,548'         Bone Spring Lime       9,091'         Leonard (Avalon) Shale       9,167'	Top of Salt 1,	,380'
Bell Canyon 4,986' Cherry Canyon 5,881' Brushy Canyon 7,548' Bone Spring Lime 9,091' Leonard (Avalon) Shale 9,167'	Base of Salt 4,	,725'
Cherry Canyon5,881'Brushy Canyon7,548'Bone Spring Lime9,091'Leonard (Avalon) Shale9,167'	Lamar 4,	,960'
Brushy Canyon 7,548' Bone Spring Lime 9,091' Leonard (Avalon) Shale 9,167'	Bell Canyon 4,	,986'
Bone Spring Lime 9,091' Leonard (Avalon) Shale 9,167'	Cherry Canyon 5,	,881'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale 9,167'	Brushy Canyon 7,	,548'
,	Bone Spring Lime 9,	,091'
1st Bone Spring Sand 10,054'	Leonard (Avalon) Shale 9,	,167'
	1st Bone Spring Sand	0,054'
2nd Bone Spring Shale 10,269'	2nd Bone Spring Shale 10	0,269'
2nd Bone Spring Sand 10,570'	2nd Bone Spring Sand	0,570'
3rd Bone Spring Carb 11,095'	3rd Bone Spring Carb	1,095'
3rd Bone Spring Sand 11,804'	3rd Bone Spring Sand	1,804'
Wolfcamp 12,267'	Wolfcamp 12	2,267'
TD 9,792'	TD 9,	,792'

#### 3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0-400'	Fresh Water
Bell Canyon	4,986'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	5,881'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,548'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,167'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,054'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,269'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,570'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 10-3/4" casing at 1,140' and circulating cement back to surface.



#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	d TVD	Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13"	0	1,136	0	1,136	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	4,883	0	4,825	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
7-7/8"	0	9,271	0	9,215	6"	24.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-TC
6-3/4"	9,271	19,936	9,215	9,792	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint SF

<sup>\*\*</sup>For highlighted rows above, variance is requested to run entire string of either 6" or 5-1/2" casing string above due to availablility.

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings in the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole sizes. An expansion additive will be utilized in the cement slurry for the entire length of the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole intervals to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

Donth	No.	Wt.	Yld Ft3/sk	Slurry Description	
<b>Depth</b> 1,140' 10-3/4"	Sacks 260	<b>ppg</b> 13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake (TOC @ Surface)	
	120	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 940')	
4,980' 8-5/8"	300	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)	
	140	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 3906')	
19,936'	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)	
	1470	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ 7550')	



Additive	Purpose		
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention		
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator		
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention		
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator		
MagOx	Expansive agent		
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent		
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator		
FL-62	Fluid loss control		
Halad-344	Fluid loss control		
Halad-9	falad-9 Fluid loss control		
HR-601	Retarder		
Microbond	Expansive Agent		

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the 6" and 5-1/2" production casing strings with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the Brushy Canyon (7,548') and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 400 sacks of Class C/H cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (1.32 yld, 14.8 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.



#### **6. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL**:

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000-psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top. All BOPE will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil & Gas order No. 2.

EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system.

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Before drilling out of the surface casing, the ram-type BOP and accessory equipment will be tested to 10,000/250 psig and the annular preventer to 5,000/250 psig.

Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe.

#### 7. TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM:

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal.

The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Depth	Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 1,140'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
1,140' – 4,890'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
4,880' – 19,936'	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6
Lateral				

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.



#### 8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT:

- (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.

#### 9. LOGGING, TESTING AND CORING PROGRAM:

- (A) Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.
- (B) GR-CCL will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

## 10. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

The estimated bottom-hole temperature (BHT) at TD is 168 degrees F with an estimated maximum bottom-hole pressure (BHP) at TD of 4,583 psig and a maximum anticipated surface pressure of 2,428 psig (based on 9.0 ppg MW). No hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. Severe loss circulation is expected from 7,548' to intermediate casing point.

#### 11. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

#### 12. WELLHEAD:

A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized.

After running the surface casing, a BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170.

The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi.

The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendor's representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.

The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendor's representative.

All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or J-packer type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized.

A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5000 psi.

Casing strings will be tested as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.

#### 13. VARIANCE REQUESTS:

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 3a\_b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs



#### 14. TUBING REQUIREMENTS:

EOG respectively requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

• 19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING RQUIREMENTS:

J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.

1899' FNL **Proposed Wellbore** KB: 3326' 2355' FWL GL: 3301'

**Section 22** 

API: 30-025-\*\*\*\* T-26-S, R-33-E

Bit Size: 13"

10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC @ 0' - 1,136'

Bit Size: 9-7/8"

8-5/8", 32.#, J-55, BTC-SC

@ 0' - 4,883'

Bit Size: 7-7/8"|Bit Size: 6-3/4"

6", 24.5#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint-TC

@ 0' - 9,215'

5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, VAM Sprint SF

@ 9,215' - 19,936'

KOP: 9,371' MD, 9,315' TVD

EOC: 10,121' MD, 9,792' TVD

If production Bradenhead is performed, TOC will be at surface

TOC @ 4,383', if performed conventionally.

Lateral: 19,936' MD, 9,792' TVD

**Upper Most Perf:** 

2540' FSL & 2595' FWL Sec. 22

**Lower Most Perf:** 

100' FSL & 2595' FWL Sec. 34

BH Location: 100' FSL & 2595' FWL

Sec. 34, T-26-S, R-33-E



#### Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H API #: 30-025-\*\*\*\* Variances

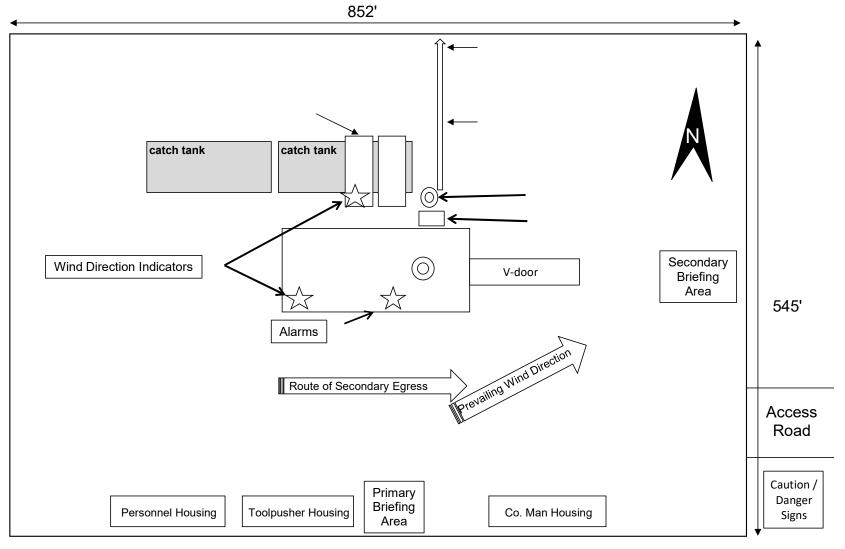
EOG respectfully requests the below variances to be applied to the above well:

- Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the intermediate casing in the intermediate hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the intermediate interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.
- Variance is also requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the production casing in the production hole. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the production interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.
- Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.
- Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).
  - Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.
- EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 2a Inermediate Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3a b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3c Shallow Target Production Offline Bradenhead Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 3d Production Offline Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs

EXhibit 4 Well Site Diagram EOG Resources
Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com #203H



#### **BLM: Waste Management Plan**

#### Lea County

#### 43 CFR 3162.3-1(j)

- (1) initial oil production estimates and decline,
- (2) initial gas production estimates and decline

The charts below illustrate the requested anticipated production decline over the first three years of gas and oil production.



## (3) certification that the operator has an executed gas sales contract to sell 100 percent of the produced oil-well gas

In accordance with the requirements set forth in 43 CFR subpart 3178, we hereby certify that we have entered into sales contracts to sell 100% of the produced oil-well gas, less the gas anticipated for use on-lease pursuant to 43 CFR Subpart 3178.

#### (4) any other information demonstrating the operator's plans to avoid the waste of gas.

In an effort to avoid the waste of gas production, EOG Resources utilizes the following equipment/procedures as part of its facilities and operations:

- Instrument Air Compressors
- Wellhead Autochokes

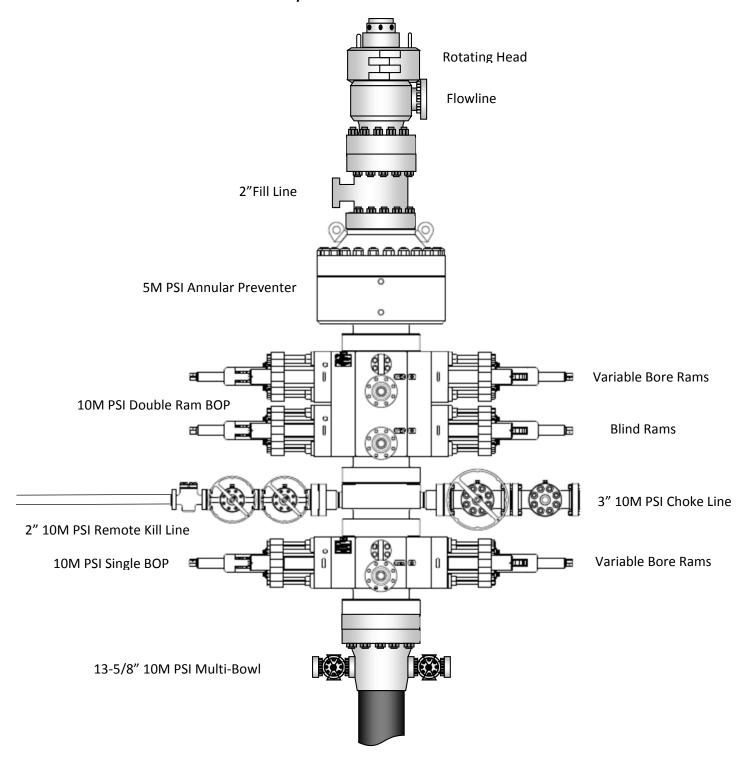
- iSense Continuous Leak Detection
- Tank Vapor Capture
- Audio, Visual, & Olfactory (AVO) Inspections
- Optical Gas Imaging (OGI) Inspections
- High- & Low-Pressure Gas Capture Tracking
- Vapor Recovery Unit Monitoring



#### Air Biscuit 16 Fed Com 207H API #: 30-025-\*\*\*\* OO II Language

Any language referencing Onshore Order II (OO II) in any document associated with the above referenced well now references Title 43 CFR Part 3170.

Exhibit 1
EOG Resources
13-5/8" 10M PSI BOP Stack



# 10,000 PSI BOP Annular Variance Request (EOG Variance 1c)

EOG Resources request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

## 1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

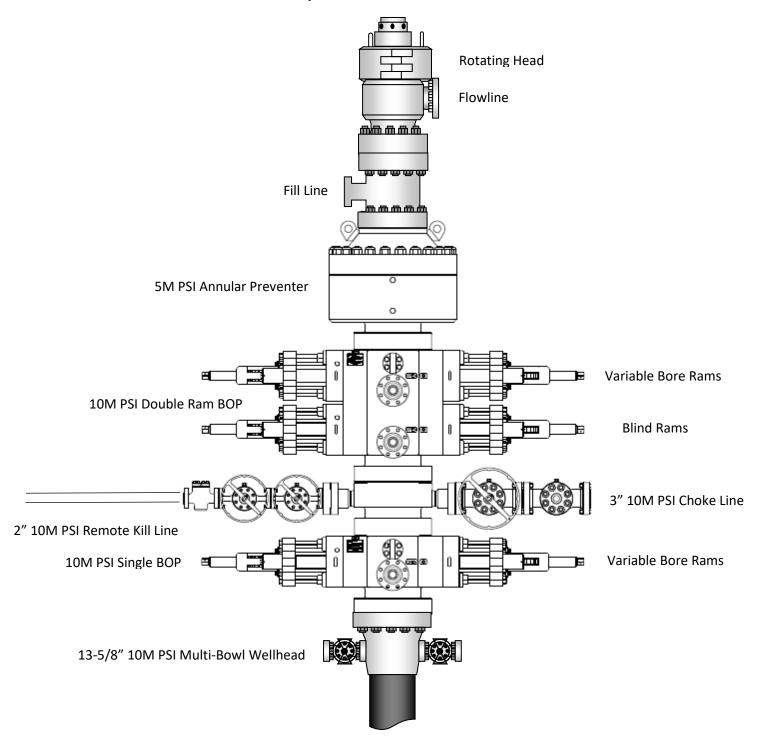
The tables below outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

12-1/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi requirement										
Component	OD	<b>Primary Preventer</b>	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP					
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M					
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-					
Mud Motor	8.000" - 9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-					
1 <sup>st</sup> Intermediate casing	9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-					
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-					

	8-3/4" Production Hole Section										
C	10M psi requirement										
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP						
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M						
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-						
Mud Motor	6.750" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-						
2 <sup>nd</sup> Intermediate casing	7.625"	Annular	5M	-	-						
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-						

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

## EOG Resources 13-5/8" 10M PSI BOP Stack



#### 2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the EOG Resources drilling supervisor's office on location, and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 100% of its RWP.

## General Procedure While Drilling

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Space out drill string
- 3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
- 4. Shut-in Well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure While Tripping

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out drill string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

## General Procedure While Running Production Casing

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

## General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Shut-in with blind rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 3. Confirm shut-in
- 4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 6. Regroup and identify forward plan

## General Procedures While Pulling BHA thru Stack

- 1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe thru the stack.
  - a. Perform flowcheck, if flowing:
  - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - c. Stab full opening safety valve and close
  - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - f. Confirm shut-in
  - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - h. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - i. Regroup and identify forward plan

- 2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
  - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - e. Confirm shut-in
  - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - g. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - h. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" scenario.
  - c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull the string clear of the stack:
  - d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe, and full opening safety valve and close
  - e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram.
  - f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - g. Confirm shut-in
  - h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - i. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - j. Regroup and identify forward plan



#### EOG BLANKET CASING DESIGN VARIANCE

EOG respectfully requests the drill plans in the attached document 'EOG Alternate Casing Designs – BLM APPROVED' be added to the COA's for this well. These designs have been approved by the BLM down to the TVDs listed below and will allow EOG to run alternate casing designs for this well if necessary.

The designs and associated details listed are the "worst case scenario" boundaries for design safety factors. Location and lithology have NOT been accounted for in these designs. The specific well details will be based on the APD/Sundry package and the information listed in the COA.

The mud program will not change from the original design for this well. Summary of the mud programs for both shallow and deep targets are listed at the end of this document. If the target is changing, a sundry will be filed to update the casing design and mud/cement programs.

Cement volumes listed in this document are for reference only. The cement volumes for the specific well will be adjusted to ensure cement tops meet BLM requirements as listed in the COA and to allow bradenhead cementing when applicable.

This blanket document only applies to wells with three string designs outside of Potash and Capitan Reef boundaries.

<b>Shallow Design Boundary Conditions</b>									
	Deepest	Deepest	Max Inc	Max DLS					
	MD (ft)	TVD (ft)	(deg)	(°/100usft)					
Surface	2030	2030	0	0					
Intermediate	7793	5650	40	8					
Production	28578	12000	90	25					



## **Shallow Design A**

## 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	Interval TVD				
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
6-3/4"	0	29,353	0	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

## 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

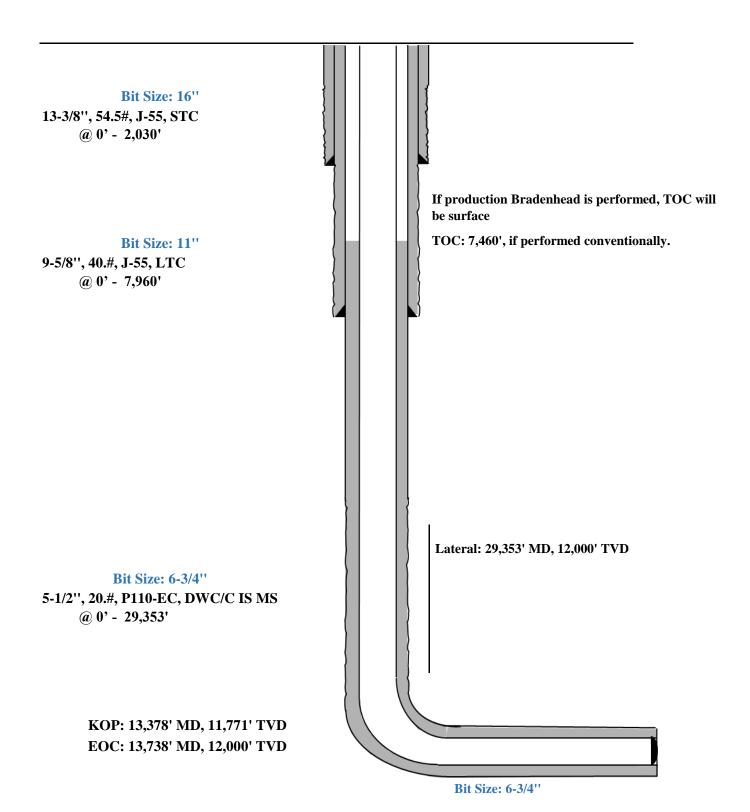
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidify Description
2,030' 13-3/8"	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353' 5-1/2"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	1480	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

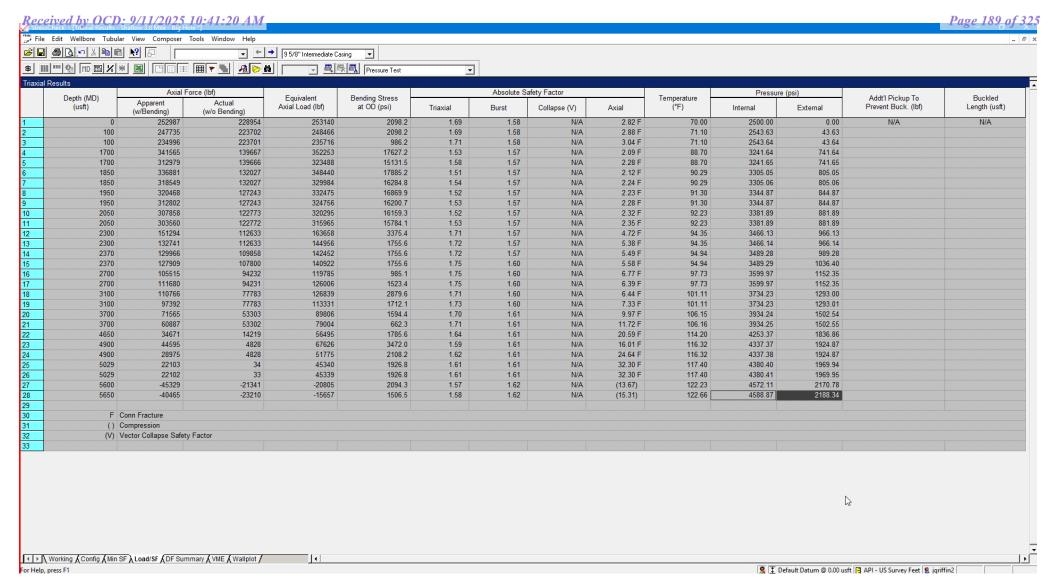


## Shallow Design A

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

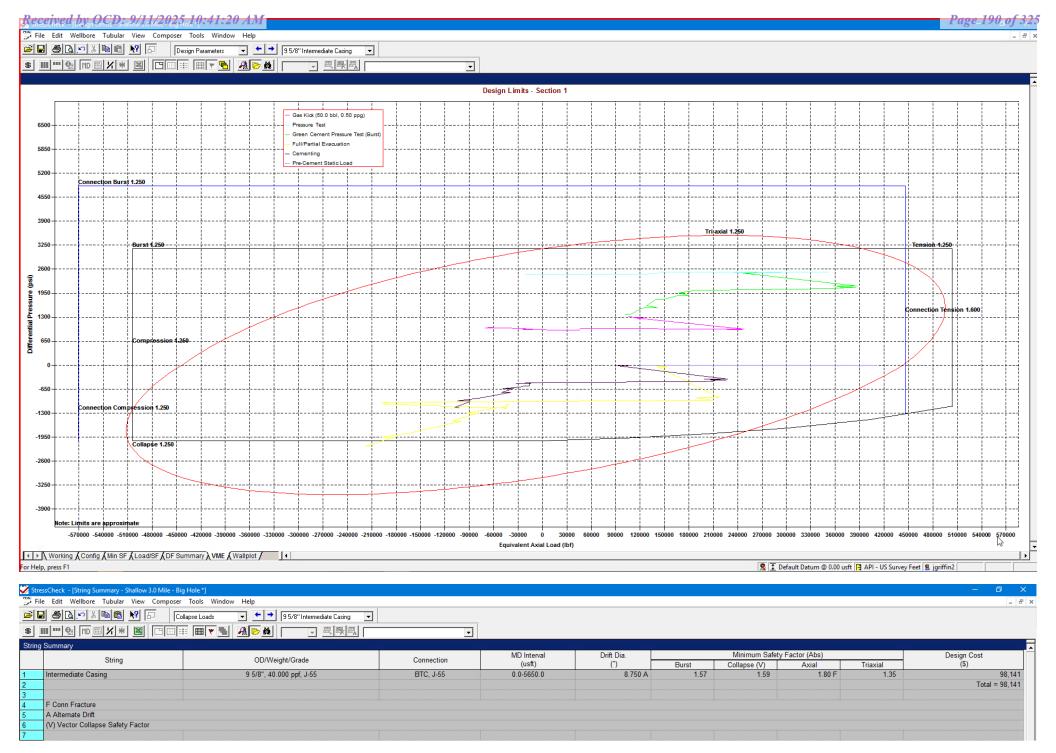




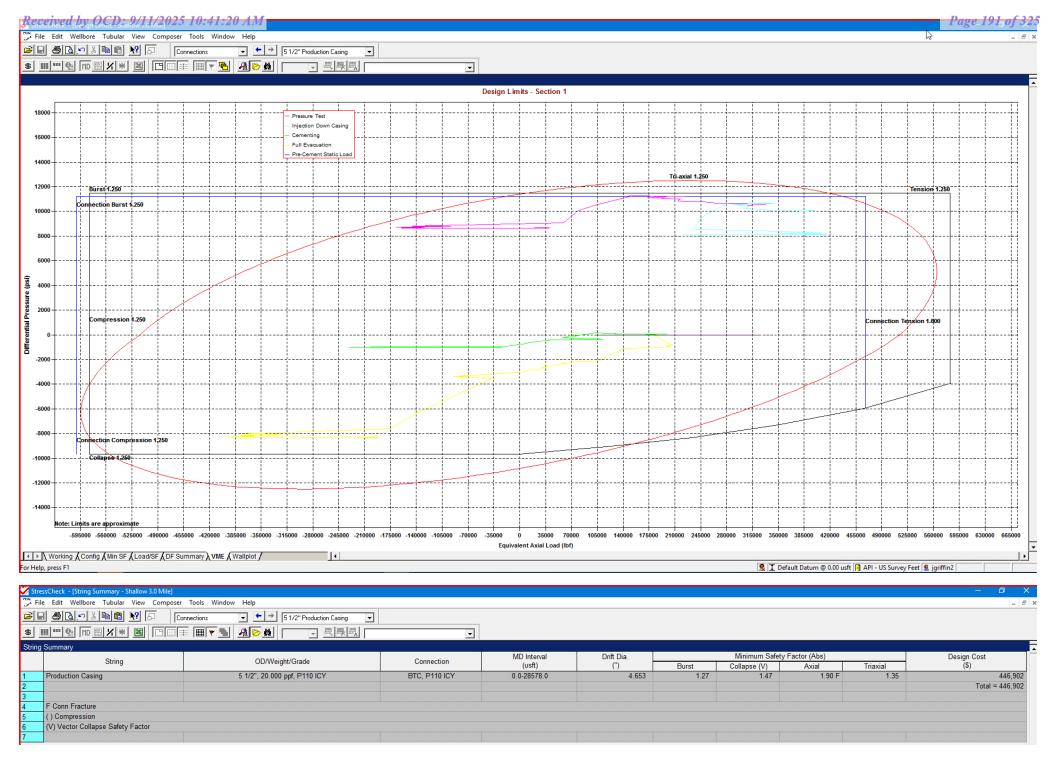
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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## Shallow Design B

## 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interva	Interval TVD				
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13-1/2"	0	2,161	0	2,030	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	7,951	0	5,650	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
6-3/4"	0	29,353	0	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

## 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Siarry Description
2,030' 10-3/4"	530	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	140	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 8-5/8"	470	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	210	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353'	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	1480	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

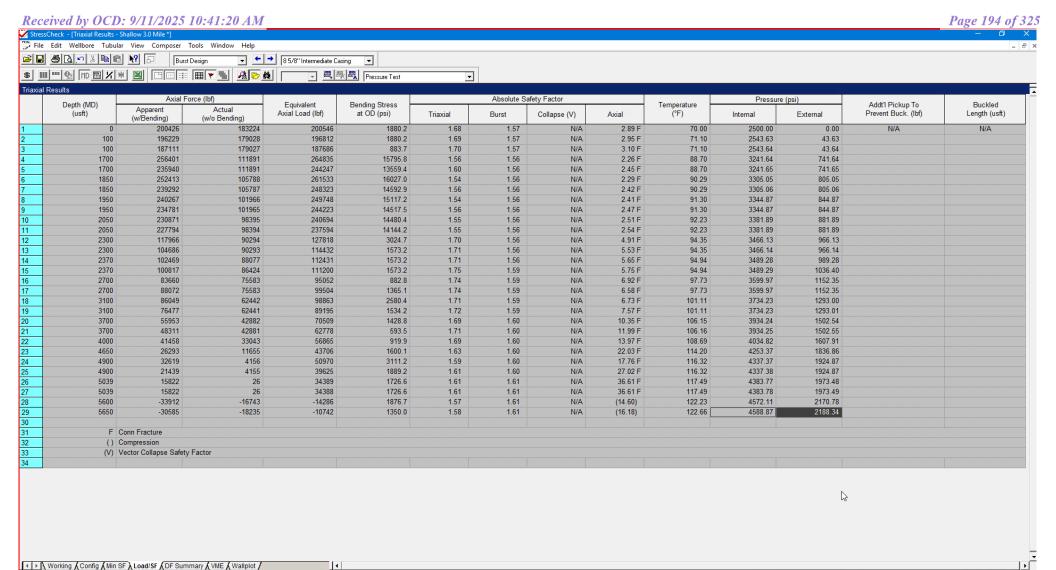
## **Shallow Casing Design B**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

Bit Size: 13-1/2" 10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC @ 0' - 2,030' If production Bradenhead is performed, TOC will be surface TOC: 7,460', if performed conventionally. Bit Size: 9-7/8" 8-5/8", 32.#, J-55, BTC-SC @ 0' - 7,960' Lateral: 29,353' MD, 12,000' TVD Bit Size: 6-3/4" 5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS @ 0' - 29,353' KOP: 13,378' MD, 11,771' TVD EOC: 13,738' MD, 12,000' TVD

Bit Size: 6-3/4"

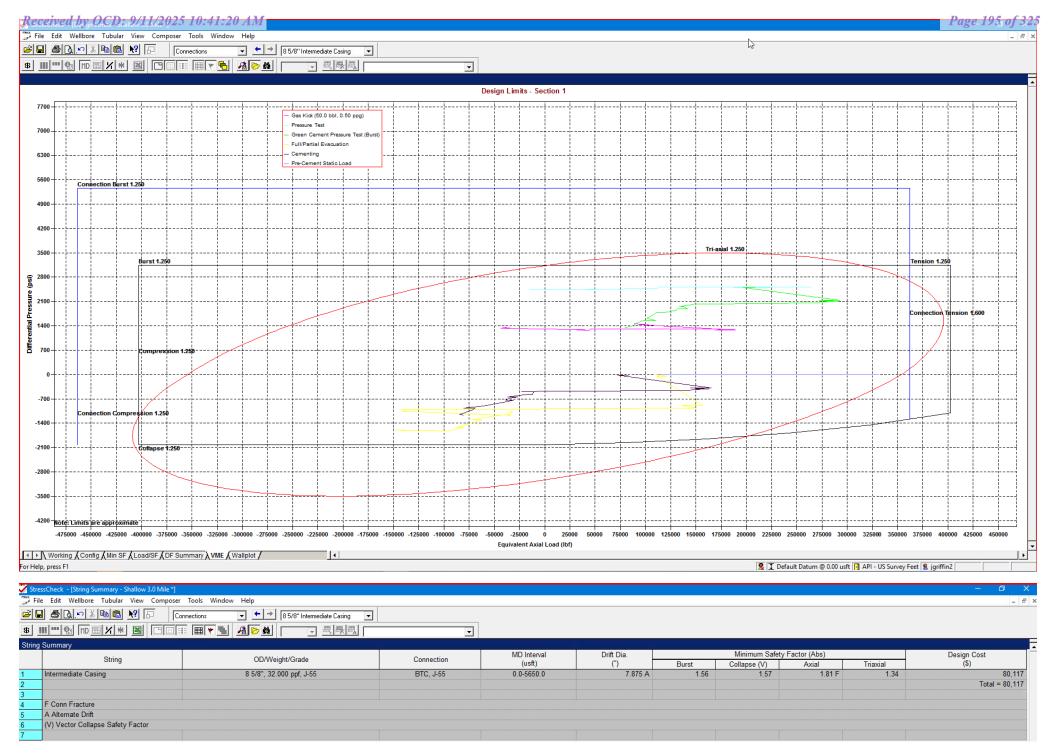


8-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

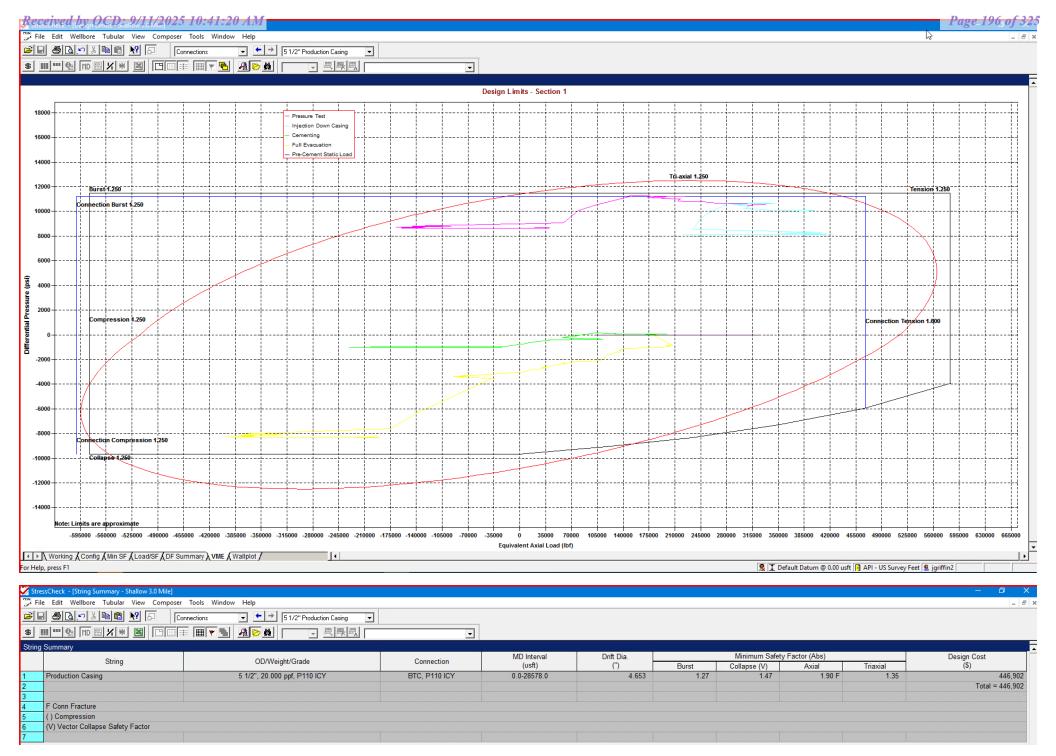
Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi

Default Datum @ 0.00 usft 🖪 API - US Survey Feet 🙎 jgriffin2



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 8-5/8" 32# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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## **Shallow Design C**

## 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	Interval TVD				
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	29,353	0	12,000	6"	24.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-SF

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

## 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

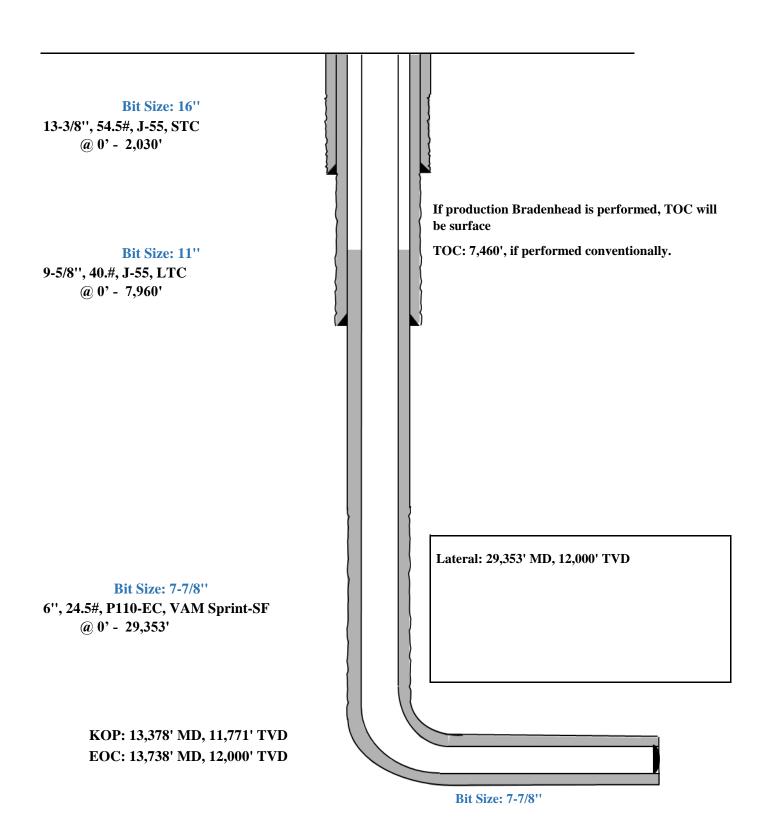
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Siurry Description
2,030' 13-3/8''	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353' 6"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	2500	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

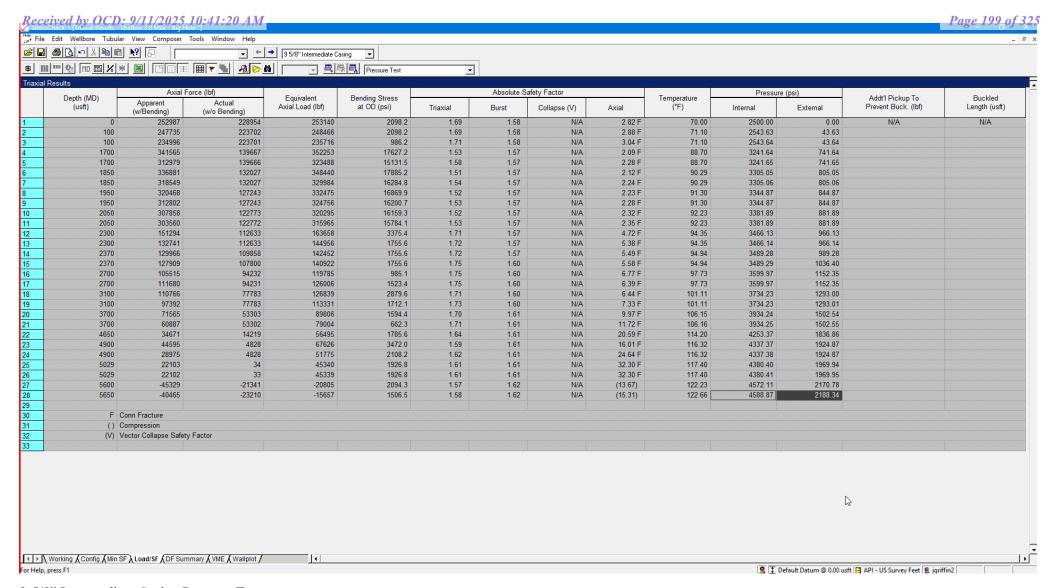


## **Shallow Design C**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

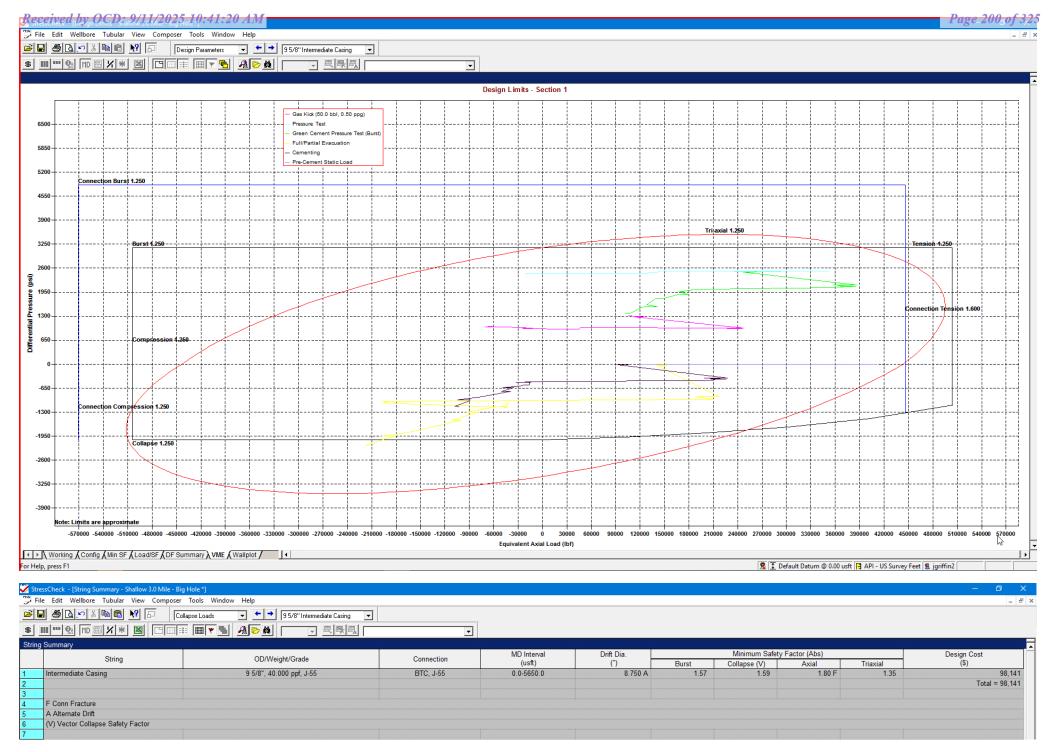




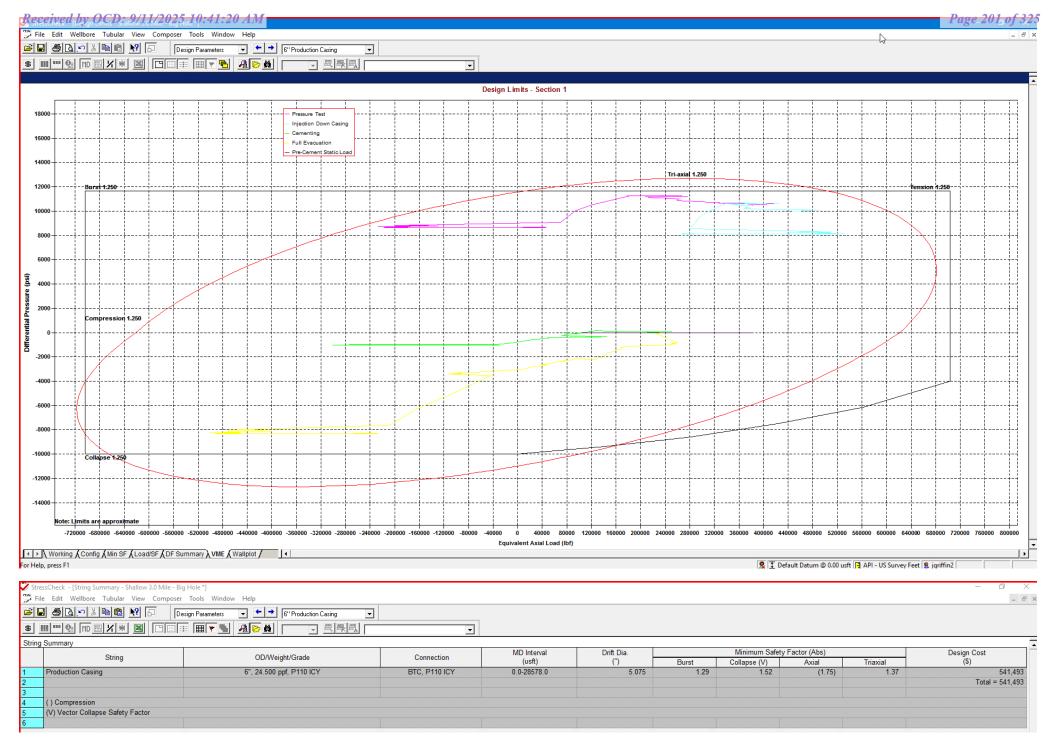
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



## **Shallow Design D**

## 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	l TVD	Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,161	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,951	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	13,278	0	11,671	6"	22.3#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS
6-3/4"	13,278	29,353	11,671	12,000	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings in the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole sizes. An expansion additive will be utilized in the cement slurry for the entire length of the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole intervals to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

## 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidify Description
2,030' 13-3/8"	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C/H + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello- Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C/H + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
8,050' 9-5/8"	760	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C/H + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C/H + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6360')
29,353' 6"	1000	14.8	1.32	Bradenhead squeeze: Class C/H + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (TOC @ surface)
	2500	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class C/H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ Top of Brushy)

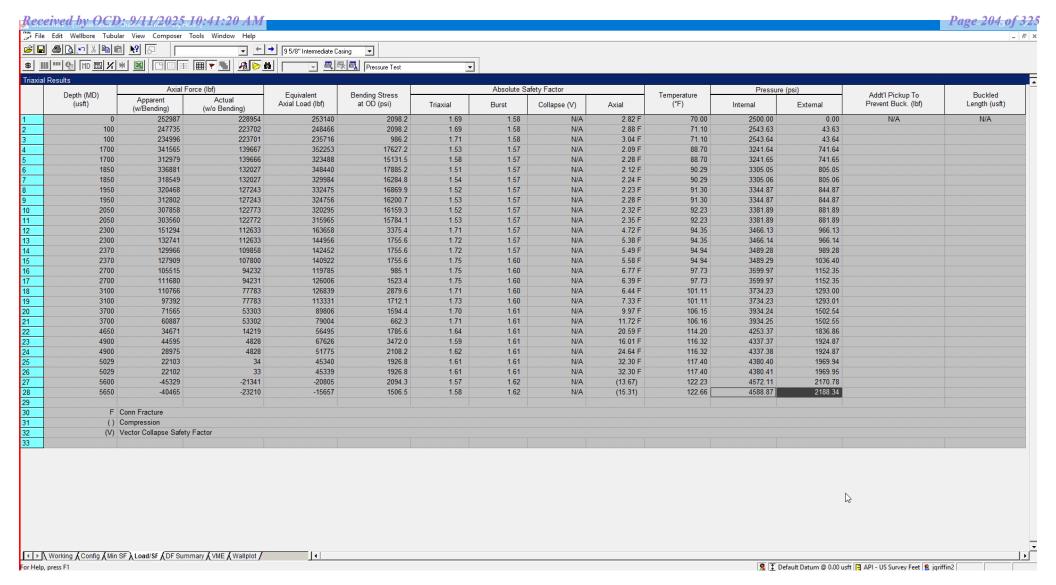


## **Shallow Design D**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

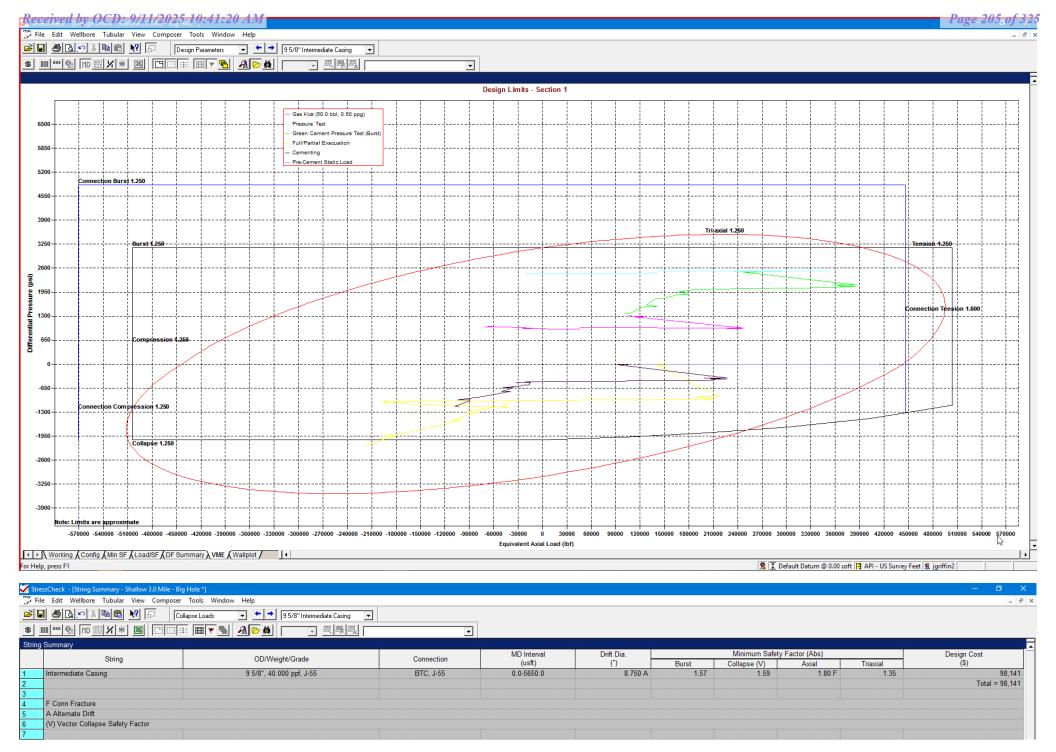
**Bit Size: 16''** 13-3/8", 54.5#, J-55, STC @ 0' - 2,030' If production Bradenhead is performed, TOC will be surface TOC: 7,460', if performed conventionally. **Bit Size: 11''** 9-5/8", 40.#, J-55, LTC @ 0' - 7,960' Lateral: 29,353' MD, 12,000' TVD Bit Size: 7-7/8"|Bit Size: 6-3/4" 6", 22.3#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS @ 0' - 11,671' 5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS @ 11,671' - 29,353' KOP: 13,378' MD, 11,771' TVD EOC: 13,738' MD, 12,000' TVD



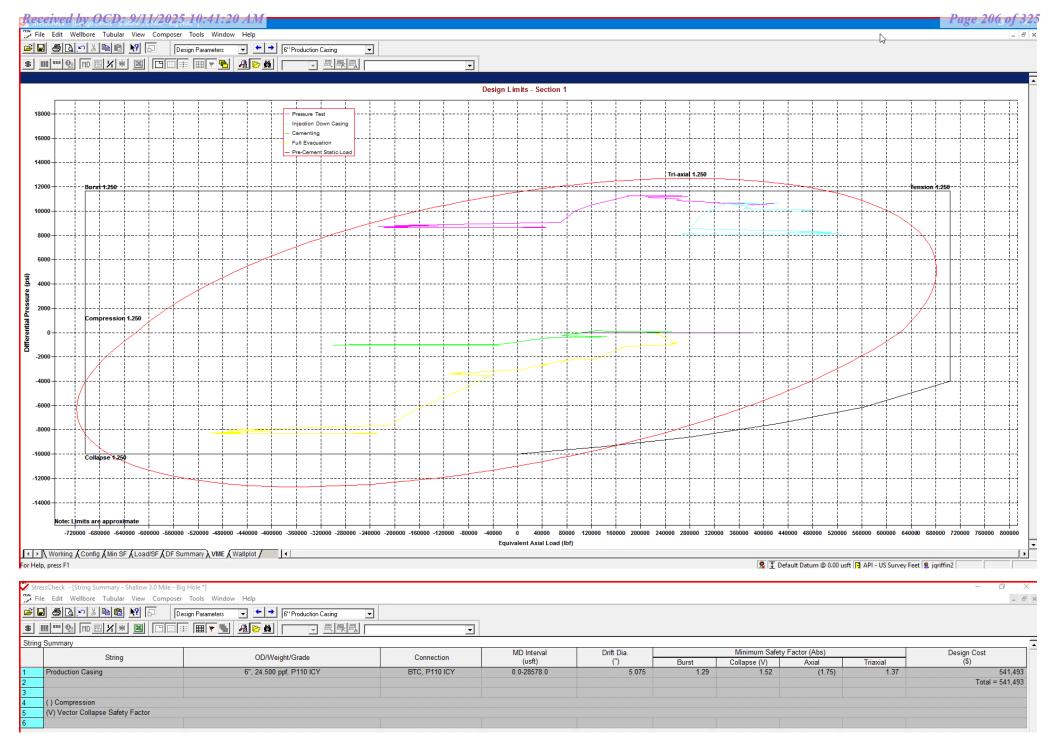
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

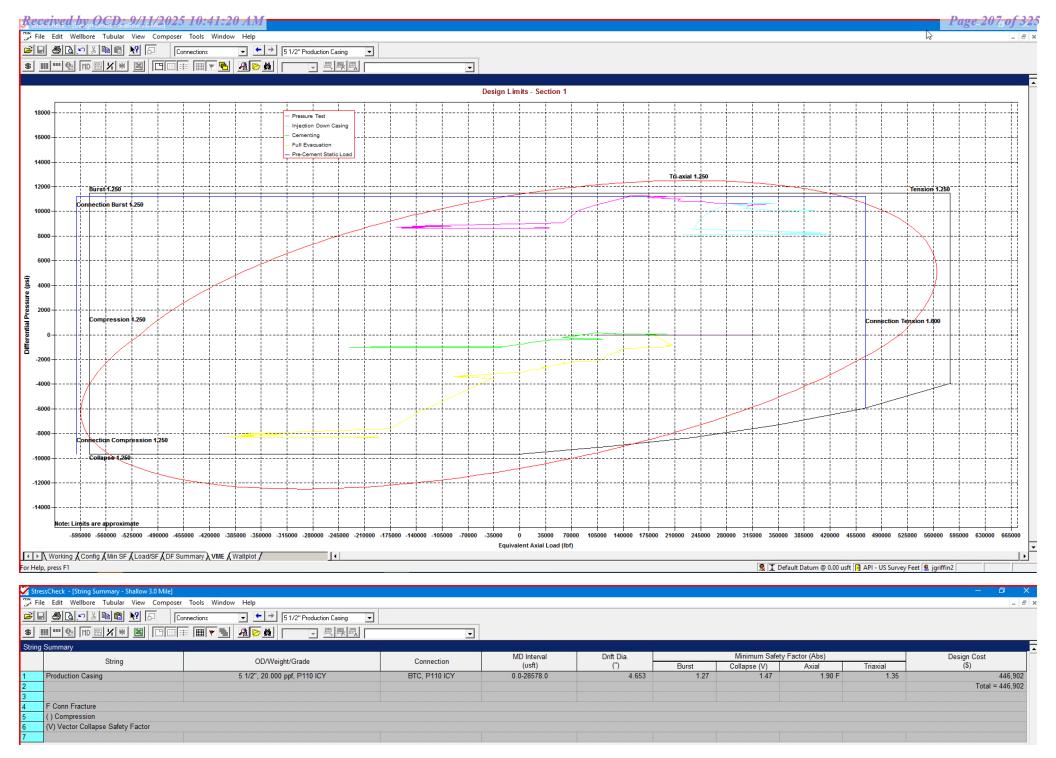
External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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## **Shallow Casing Design 501H**

Additive	Purpose
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator
MagOx	Expansive agent
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator
FL-62	Fluid loss control
Halad-344	Fluid loss control
Halad-9	Fluid loss control
HR-601	Retarder
Microbond	Expansive Agent

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

EOG requests variance from minimum standards to pump a two stage cement job on the production casing string with the first stage being pumped conventionally with the calculated top of cement at the top of the Brushy Canyon and the second stage performed as a 1000 sack bradenhead squeeze with planned cement from the Brushy Canyon to surface. If necessary, a top out consisting of 400 sacks of Class C cement + 3% Salt + 1% PreMag-M + 6% Bentonite Gel (1.32 yld, 14.8 ppg) will be executed as a contingency. Top will be verified by Echo-meter.

Bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.



## **MUD PROGRAM:**

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal. The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Measured Depth	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 2,030'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
2,030' – 7,793'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
5,450' – 28,578' Lateral	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.



**Appendix A - Spec Sheets** 

« Back to Previous List

USC Metric 6/8/2015 10:04:37 AM **Mechanical Properties** Pipe BTC LTC STC Minimum Yield Strength 55,000 psi Maximum Yield Strength 80,000 psi Minimum Tensile Strength 75,000 psi Dimensions Pipe BTC LTC STC **Outside Diameter** 13.375 14.375 14.375 Wall Thickness 0.380 in.

Inside Diameter 12.615 12.615 12.615 in. Standard Drift 12.459 12.459 12.459 in.

Alternate Drift	-	=		_	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-		3-3	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79	2	<u> -</u>	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	<del>22</del> 7	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	<del></del> 0	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00		-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	=	909	. <del></del> 0	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	= =	11,125	-	6,290	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	=	4.81		3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque			<del></del>	3,860	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque	-	= :	-	6,430	ft-lbs

New Search » « Back to Previous List USC Metric 6/8/2015 10:23:27 AM **Mechanical Properties** BTC LTC STC Pipe 55,000 Minimum Yield Strength psi Maximum Yield Strength 80.000 psi 75,000 Minimum Tensile Strength psi **Dimensions** Pipe BTC LTC STC **Outside Diameter** 9.625 10.625 10.625 10.625 in. Wall Thickness 0.395 in. Inside Diameter 8.835 8.835 8.835 8.835 in. Standard Drift 8.679 8.679 8.679 8.679 in. Alternate Drift 8.750 8.750 8.750 8.750 in.

40.00

38.97

Pipe

2,570

3,950

630.00

Pipe

BTC

2,570

3,950

714

11,898

BTC

4.81

LTC

2,570

3,950

520

8,665

LTC

4.75

3,900

6,500

Nominal Linear Weight, T&C

Plain End Weight

Minimum Collapse Pressure

Minimum Internal Yield Pressure

Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength

Performance

Joint Strength

Reference Length

Make-Up Data

Make-Up Loss

Minimum Make-Up Torque

Maximum Make-Up Torque

Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM

lbs/ft lbs/ft psi psi

1000 lbs

1000 lbs

ft

in.

ft-lbs

ft-lbs

STC

2,570

3.950

452

7,529

STC

3.38

3,390

5,650





## **Connection Data Sheet**

OD (in.) WEIGHT (lbs./ft.) 5.500 Nominal: 20.00

WALL (in.) 0.361

**GRADE** VST P110EC API DRIFT (in.) 4.653

RBW% 87.5

CONNECTION DWC/C-IS MS

Plain End: 19.83

PIPE PRO	PERTIES	
Outside Diameter	5.500	in.
Inside Diameter	4.778	in.
Nominal Area	5.828	sq.in.
Grade Type	API 5CT	
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Tensile Strength	135	ksi
Yield Strength	729	klb
Ultimate Strength	787	klb
Min. Internal Yield	14,360	psi
Collapse	12,090	psi

	CONNECTION PROPERTIES					
۱.	Connection Type	Semi-Prem	ium T&C			
۱.	Connection O.D. (nom)	6.115	in.			
۱.	Connection I.D. (nom)	4.778	in.			
	Make-Up Loss	4.125	in.			
si	Coupling Length	9.250	in.			
i	Critical Cross Section	5.828	sq.in.			
si	Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe			
b	Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe			
b	Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe			
si	External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe			
si						

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES					
Yield Strength	729	klb			
Parting Load	787	klb			
Compression Rating	729	klb			
Min. Internal Yield	14,360	psi			
External Pressure	12,090	psi			
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	104.2	°/100 ft			
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	26,040	ft			

	FIELD END TORQUE VALUES						
ו	Min. Make-up torque	16,100	ft.lb				
)	Opti. Make-up torque	17,350	ft.lb				
)	Max. Make-up torque	18,600	ft.lb				
i	Min. Shoulder Torque	1,610	ft.lb				
i	Max. Shoulder Torque	12,880	ft.lb				
t	Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns				
t	Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns				
	Maximum Operational Torque	21,100	ft.lb				
	Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	23,210	ft.lb				

Need Help? Contact: tech.support@vam-usa.com Reference Drawing: 8136PP Rev.01 & 8136BP Rev.01

Date: 12/03/2019 Time: 06:19:27 PM

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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#### **DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:**

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

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10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search »

« Back to Previous List

USC Metric

6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM

Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	-	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	-	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50			-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length		11,522		6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque		-		3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque		-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



## API 5CT, 10th Ed. Connection Data Sheet

<b>O.D.</b> (in)	WEIGHT	(lb/ft)	WALL (in)	GRADE	*API DRIFT (in)	RBW %
8.625	Nominal: Plain End:	32.00 31.13	0.352	J55	7.796	87.5

Material Properties (PE)					
Pipe					
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi				
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi				
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi				
Coupling					
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi				
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi				
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi				

Pipe Body Data (PE)					
Geomet	ry				
Nominal ID:	7.92 inch				
Nominal Area:	9.149 in <sup>2</sup>				
*Special/Alt. Drift:	7.875 inch				
Performa	nce				
Pipe Body Yield Strength:	503 kips				
Collapse Resistance:	2,530 psi				
Internal Yield Pressure: (API Historical)	3,930 psi				

API Connection Data Coupling OD: 9.625"						
STC Perform	ance					
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi					
STC Joint Strength:	372 kips					
LTC Perform	ance					
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi					
LTC Joint Strength:	417 kips					
SC-BTC Performance - Cplg OD = 9.125"						
BTC Internal Pressure:	2 020 pai					
bio internal Pressure.	3,930 psi					
BTC Joint Strength:	503 kips					

API Connection Torque							
	STC Torque (ft-lbs)						
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655		
	L	_TC Tor	que (ft-lb	s)			
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217		
	_	NTO T	<b>(£</b> 4 11a	- 1			
		31C for	que (ft-lb	)S)			
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up							

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

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Rev 3, 7/30/2021 POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. 10/21/2022 15:24

Issued on: 10 Feb. 2021 by Wesley Ott



**Connection Data Sheet** 

OD Weight (lb/ft) Wall Th. Grade API Drift: Connection

6 in. Nominal: 24.50 Plain End: 23.95

Wall Th. Grade API Drift: Connection

VAM® SPRINT-SF

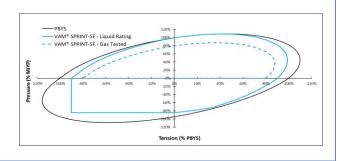
		-
PI PE PROPERTI ES		
Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.200	in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	7.037	sqin.
Grade Type	Hig	gh Yield
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135	ksi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES		
Connection Type	Integral	Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	6.277	in.
Connection ID (nom):	5.146	in.
Make-Up Loss	5.386	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.417	sqin.
Tension Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Compression Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES			
Tensile Yield Strength	801	klb	
Compression Resistance	801	klb	
Internal Yield Pressure	14,580	psi	
Collapse Resistance	12,500	psi	
Max. Structural Bending	83	°/100ft	
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30	°/100ft	

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	21,750	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	24,250	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	26,750	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	53,000	ft.lb

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a fill string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



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### Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows VAM® like VAM®

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<sup>\* 87.5%</sup> RBW



### **Connection Data Sheet**

 OD (in.)
 WEIGHT (lbs./ft.)
 WALL (in.)
 GRADE
 API DRIFT (in.)
 RBW%
 CONNECTION

 6.000
 Nominal: 22.30
 0.360
 VST P110EC
 5.155
 92.5
 DWC/C-IS

 Plain End: 21.70

PIPE PROPERTIES		
Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.280	in.
Nominal Area	6.379	sq.in.
Grade Type	API 5CT	
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Tensile Strength	135	ksi
Yield Strength	797	klb
Ultimate Strength	861	klb
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	13,880	psi
Collapse Pressure	9,800	psi

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES		
Yield Strength	797	klb
Parting Load	861	klb
Compression Rating	797	klb
Min. Internal Yield	13,880	psi
External Pressure	9,800	psi
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	47.7	°/100 ft
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	25,530	ft.

Need Help? Contact: <u>tech.support@vam-usa.com</u>
Reference Drawing: 8135PP Rev.02 & 8135BP Rev.02

Date: 07/30/2020 Time: 07:50:47 PM

CONNECTION PRO	OPERTIES	
Connection Type	Semi-Pren	nium T&C
Connection OD (nom)	6.650	in.
Connection ID (nom)	5.280	in.
Make-Up Loss	4.313	in.
Coupling Length	9.625	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.379	sq.in.
Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe

FIELD END TORQUE V	ALUES	
Min. Make-up torque	17,000	ft.lb
Opti. Make-up torque	18,250	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	19,500	ft.lb
Min. Shoulder Torque	1,700	ft.lb
Max. Shoulder Torque	13,600	ft.lb
Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns
Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns
Maximum Operational Torque	24,200	ft.lb
Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	26.620	ft.lb

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

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### **DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:**

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

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### **Shallow Target Offline Bradenhead:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards to allow for offline bradenhead cementing of the production string after primary cementing operations have been completed. The primary cement job will be pumped conventionally (online) to top of the Brushy Canyon and will cover the target production intervals, and after production pack-off is set and tested, bradenhead will be pumped through casing valves between the production and intermediate casings (offline). For the bradenhead stage of production cementing, the barriers remain the same for offline cementing compared to performing it online.

The bradenhead will be the primary option for production cementing. EOG also requests to have the conventional option in place to accommodate for logistical or wellbore conditions. The tie back requirements will be met if the cement is pumped conventionally, and cement volumes will be adjusted accordingly. TOC will be verified by CBL.



### **Break-test BOP & Offline Cementing:**

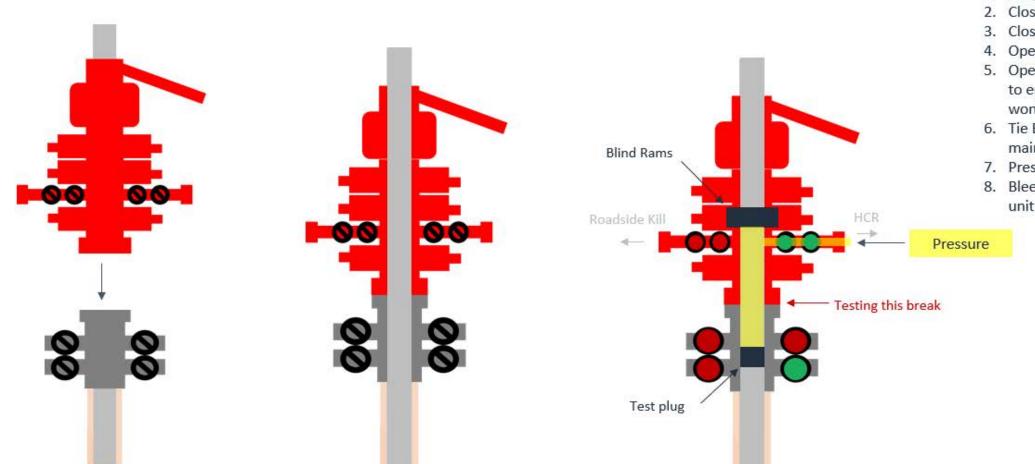
EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of ECFR Title 43 Part 3172.6(b)(9)(iv) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days.
- This test will be conducted for 5M rated hole intervals only.
- Each rig requesting the break-test variance is capable of picking up the BOP without damaging components using winches, following API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth edition, December 2018, Annex C. Table C.4) which recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice.
- Function tests will be performed on the following BOP elements:
  - Annular à during each full BOPE test
  - Upper Pipe Rams à On trip ins where FIT required
  - Blind Rams à Every trip
  - Lower Pipe Rams à during each full BOPE test
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the
  casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling
  ops.

Received by OCD: 9/11/2025 10:41:20 AM

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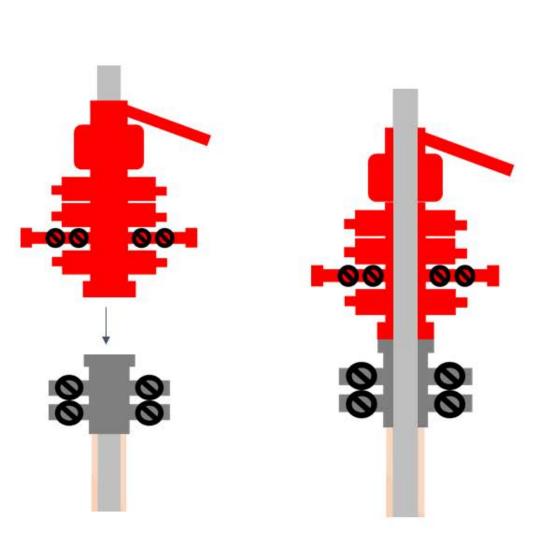
# **Break Test Diagram (HCR valve)**

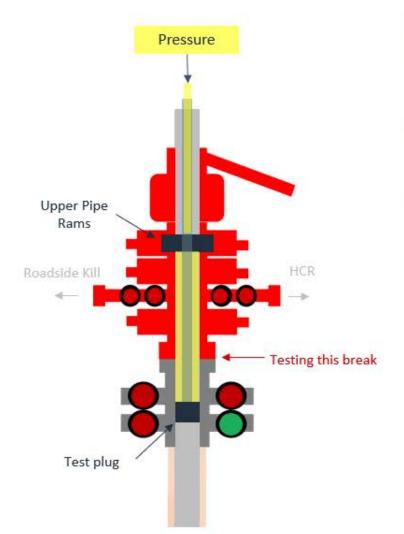


### Steps

- 1. Set plug in wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Blind Rams (upper barrier)
- 3. Close roadside kill
- 4. Open HCR (pressure application)
- Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- Tie BOP testers high pressure line to main choke manifold crown valve
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit

# **Break Test Diagram (Test Joint)**





### Steps

- Set plug in with test joint wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Upper Pipe Rams (upper barrier)

Page 223 of 325

- 3. Close roadside kill
- 4. Close HCR
- Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- Tie BOP testers high pressure line to top of test joint
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit



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### **Cement Program**

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

# **Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing**

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
  - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
- 2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
  - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the casing will be cemented online.
- 3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
  - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
  - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
- 4. Set pack-off
  - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
  - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
- 5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
  - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
- 6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
  - a. Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nippled down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.
- 7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
- 8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
  - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
  - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
  - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
  - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nippled back up for any further remediation.



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- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
- 9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
  - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
  - b. If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
  - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
- 10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
- 11. Install offline cement tool.
  - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
- 12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
  - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
- 13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
  - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
  - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
- 14. Pump cement job as per plan.
  - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
  - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
- 15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
  - a. With floats holding and backside static:
    - i. Remove cement head.
  - b. If floats are leaking:
    - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
  - c. If there is flow on the backside:
    - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
- 16. Remove offline cement tool.
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
- 18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



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### **Example Well Control Plan Content**

### A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the <u>5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well</u>, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nippled up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

### **B.** Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

# **General Procedure While Circulating**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.

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- 6. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

### **General Procedure While Cementing**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
- 7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
- 8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
- 9. Read and record the following
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

# **General Procedure After Cementing**

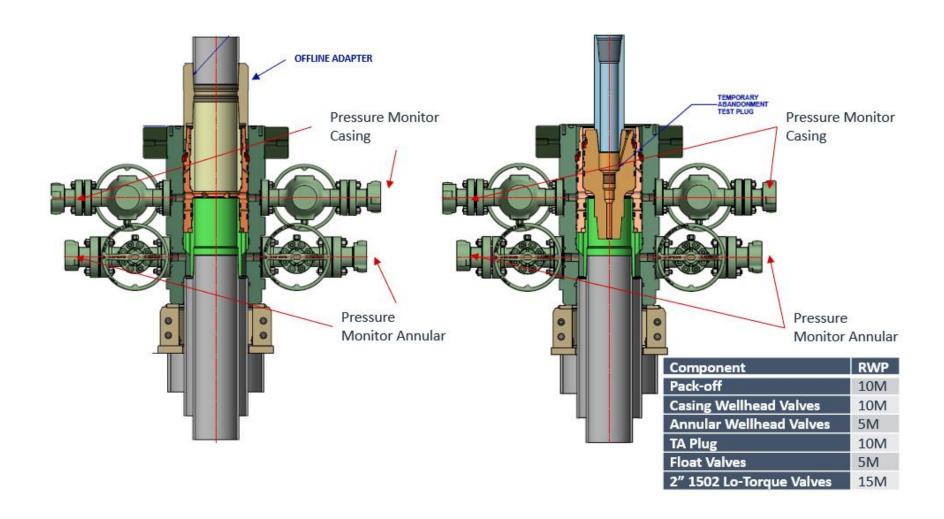
- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 3. Confirm shut-in.
- 4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

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Offline Intermediate Cementing Procedure

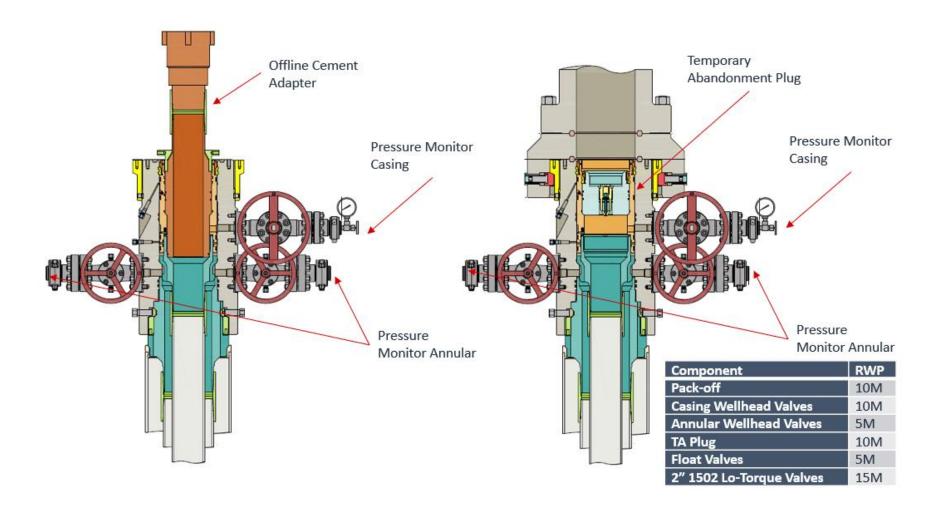
Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic



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Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

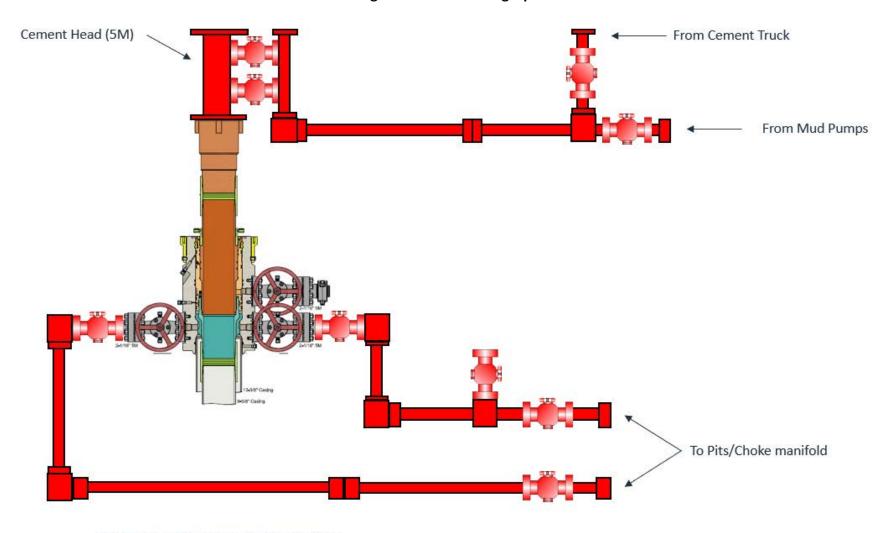


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Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up



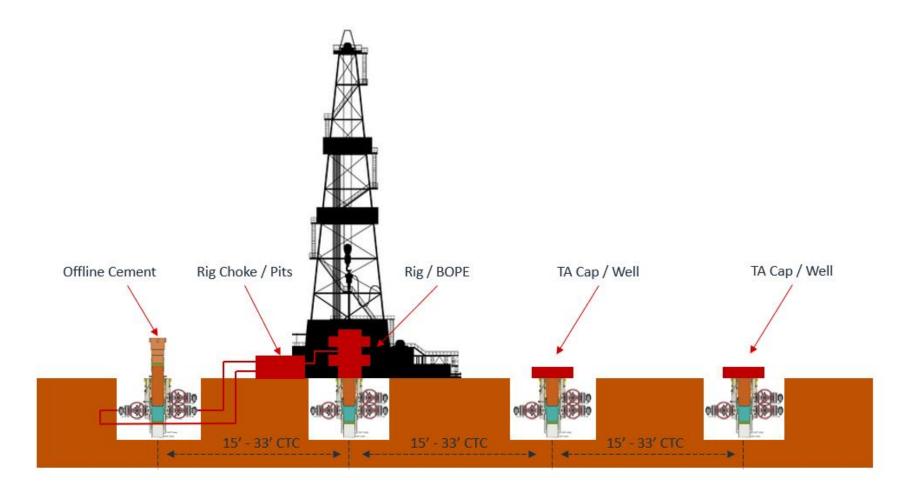
\*\*\* All Lines 10M rated working pressure

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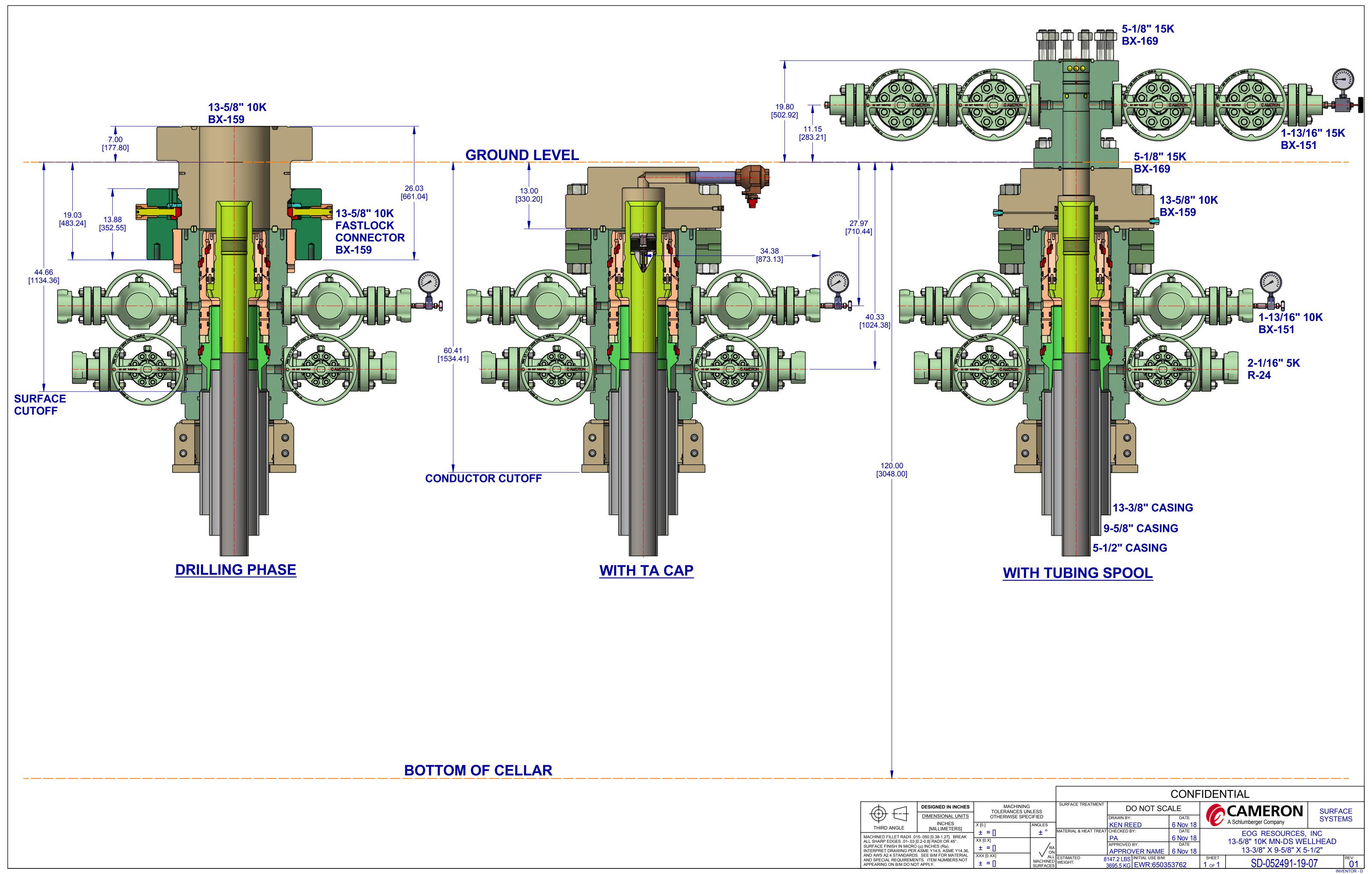
Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram



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# Offline Production Cement Variance

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# **EOG Offline Production Checklist**

### Offline Checklist

All items below must be met. If not, the production cement will be done online.

- 1. Offline production cement jobs must be above the Atoka formation.
- Nothing out of the ordinary observed during drilling, tripping or casing running operations in the Production Hole Section.
- 3. Casing must be landed with Hanger.
- EOG Company Man and Superintendent with Well Control certification must be present to monitor returns.
- 5. EOG Cement Advisor must be present to oversee the Cement Job.
- 6. Rig Manager is responsible for walking the rig to the next well.
- 7. The BOP will NOT be nippled down if:
  - ANY barrier fails to test.
  - ANY offset frac operations are observed within 1 mile and within the same producing horizon.
- After all barriers test and the BLM has been notified, the BOP may be nippled down to proceed with offline operations.
- EOG will not Drill out of the next well until Cement Operations have concluded on the offline well.

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# **Offline Procedure**

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations. Review EOG Offline Requirements Checklist, if the well is a candidate for Offline Cement on the Production continue following this procedure. Conduct negative pressure test while running casing and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
  - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to 15,000 psi.
- 2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger.
  - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the casing will be cemented online.
  - b. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff rated to 10,000 psi. Pressure test same to 10,000 psi.
  - c. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 10,000 psi. Remove landing joint.
- 3. Install back pressure valve in the casing for a 3<sup>rd</sup> casing barrier.
  - a. Back pressure valve rated to a minimum of 10,000 psi.
- 4. With the well Secured and BLM notified; Nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle and Skid/Walk rig to next well on pad.
  - a. Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nippled down until after the cement job has concluded.
  - b. Note, EOG Company Man and Cement Advisor will oversee Cementing Operations while Rig Manager walks the rig and nipples up the BOP.
  - c. Note, EOG will not drill out of the subsequent well until after plug bump.
- 5. Install 10M Gate Valve, with Wellhead Adapter.
  - a. This creates an additional barrier on the annulus and inside the casing.
  - b. Gate valve rated to a minimum of 10,000 psi.
- 6. Test connection between Wellhead Adapter seals against hanger neck and ring gasket to 10,000 psi.
- 7. Remove backpressure valve from the casing.
- 8. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
- 9. After rig up of cement head and cement lines, and confirmation of the annular barriers and casing barriers, notify the BLM with intent to proceed offline cementing.
- 10. Perform cement job.
- 11. \*Note\* Procedure continued on the next page.

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# **Offline Procedure**

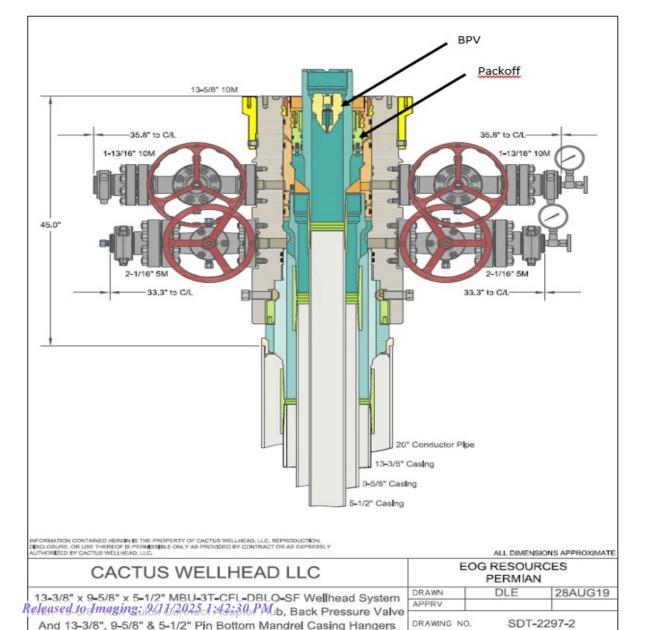
- 12. If an influx is noted during the Cement Job:
  - a. It is the Company Man and Superintendent's responsibility to maintain well control.
  - b. The aux manifold will be redirected to the rig's chokes.
  - c. Backpressure will be held on the well with the chokes to ensure well control is maintained through the remainder of the cement job while circulating out the influx.
  - d. If annular surface pressure approaches 90% tested pressure of the manifold or if circulating the influx out with the cementing pumps is not feasible, the well can be secured by closing the casing valves (10M).
  - e. Once cement is in place, we will close the casing valves and confirm the well is static and floats are holding.
  - f. If the floats fail, the gate valve (10M) or cement head (10M) can be closed to secure the well.
- 13. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
- 14. Remove cement head.
- 15. Install back pressure valve.
- 16. Remove 10M Gate Valve and Wellhead Adapter.
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
- 18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi.

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# **Offline Barrier Overview**



Barriers in Place during removal of BOP			
Operation	Casing	Annulus	
Nippling Down BOP	<ol> <li>BPV</li> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff	

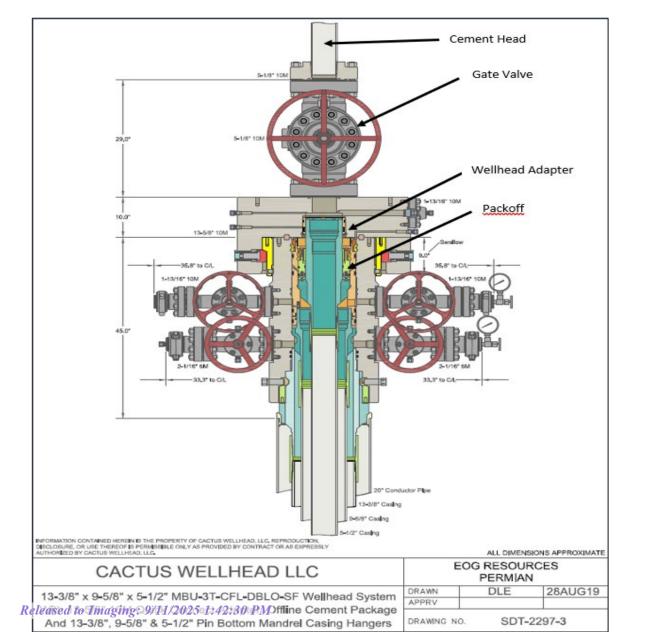
Barriers in Place during Offline Cementing of Production Casing		
Operation	Casing	Annulus
Pull BPV	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical Packoff     3. 10M Wellhead Adapter
Install Cement Head	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical 10M Packoff</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>
Cement Job	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> <li>Cement Head</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff     10M Wellhead Adapter
Remove Cement Head	1. Float Valves 2. 10M Gate Valve	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff     3. 10M Wellhead Adapter
Install BPV	1. Float Valves 2. 10M Gate Valve	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical 10M Packoff</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>
Remove 10M Gate Valve	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff
Nipple Up TA Cap	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff



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# **Offline Barrier Overview**



Barriers in Place during removal of BOP		
Operation	Casing	Annulus
Nippling Down BOP	<ol> <li>BPV</li> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff

Barriers in Place during Offline Cementing of Production Casing				
Operation	Casing	Annulus		
Pull BPV	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Packoff</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Install Cement Head  1. Hydrostatic Barrie 2. Float Valves 3. 10M Gate Valve		<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical 10M Packoff</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Cement Job	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> <li>Cement Head</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff     10M Wellhead Adapter		
Remove Cement Head	1. Float Valves 2. 10M Gate Valve	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff     3. 10M Wellhead Adapter		
Install BPV	1. Float Valves 2. 10M Gate Valve	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical 10M Packoff</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Remove 10M Gate Valve	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff		
Nipple Up TA Cap	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>	Hydrostatic Barrier     Mechanical 10M Packoff		

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# More Control: Meeting/Exceeding Barrier Requirements

Casing Barriers – Online vs Offline				
Operation	Online	Offline		
Install Cement Head	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> </ol>		
Cement Job	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>Cement Head</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> <li>Cement Head</li> </ol>		
Remove Cement Head	1. Float Valves	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>10M Gate Valve</li> </ol>		
Install BPV & Nipple Down BOP / Offline Adapter	1. Float Valves	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>		
Nipple Up TA Cap	1. Float Valves	<ol> <li>Float Valves</li> <li>BPV</li> </ol>		

Annulus Barriers – Online vs Offline				
Operation	Online	Offline		
Install Cement Head	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Annular</li> <li>VBR</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Cement Job	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Annular</li> <li>VBR</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Remove Cement Head  1. Hydrostatic Barrier 2. Annular 3. VBR		<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> <li>10M Wellhead Adapter</li> </ol>		
Install BPV & Nipple Down BOP / Offline Adapter	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> </ol>		
Nipple Up TA Cap	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Hydrostatic Barrier</li> <li>Mechanical Pack-off</li> </ol>		

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# **Return Rig Up Diagram**

Offline Online Annular Tested: Lines Tested: 5000psi f/10min 5000psi f/10min 250psi f/10min 250psi f/10min ~5-30days Before every job Aux Choke Manifold Kill line Pits Rig Choke Rig Choke Kill line Open Top Manifold Manifold Note:

- 1) Have the Rig's same Well Control Capabilities as Online
- 2) Have more flexibility with Gate Valve than with a Landing Joint through BOP 3) Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM Never had to circulate out a kick during Offline



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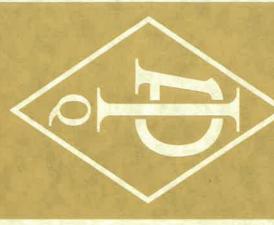
Effective Date: OCTOBER 24, 2024 Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2027

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Senior Vice President of Global Industry Services

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**REGISTRATION NO. Q1-3650** 

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The scope of this registration and the approved quality management system applies to the

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API approves the organization's justification for excluding

No Exclusions Identified as Applicable

API Spec Q1
Registered

Effective Date: OCTOBER 24, 2024
Expiration Date: DECEMBER 18, 2027
Registered Since: DECEMBER 18, 2018

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Senior Vice President of Global Industry Services

This certificate is valid for the period specified herein. The registered organization must continually meet all requirements of API Spec Q1, Specification for Quality Management System Requirements for Manufacturing Organizations for the Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry, and the requirements of the Registration Agreement. Registration is maintained and regularly monitored through annual full system audits. This certificate has been issued from API offices located at 200 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20001-5571, U.S.A. It is the property of API and must be returned upon request. To verify the authenticity of this certificate, go to www.api.org/compositelist.



GATES ENGINEERING & SERVICES NORTH AMERICA 7603 Prairie Oak Dr. Suite 190 Houston, TX. 77086 PHONE: +1 (281) 602-4100 FAX: +1 (281) 602-4147

EMAIL: gesna.quality@gates.com

WEB: gates.com/ollandgas

# CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

This is to verify that all Parts and/or Materials included in this shipment have been manufactured and/or processed in Conformance with applicable drawings and specifications, and that Records of Required Tests are on file and subject to examination. The following items were purchased via **Gates Engineering & Services North America** facilities in Houston, TX, USA. This hose assembly was designed and manufactured to meet requirements of API Spec 16C, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

CUSTOMER: HELMERICH & PAYNE INTERNATIONAL DRI	RILLING CO.
---	-------------

CUSTOMER P.O.#: 740399823 (TAG WITH H&P I.D # 88076545 &H&P P.O. # 740399823 (UK S/O

34557))

CUSTOMER P/N: 3.035.016C4116FX-FLTSSA

3" X 35 FT GATES API 16C CHOKE & KILL FSL 3 TEMP B HOSE ASSEMBLY WITH

STAINLESS STEEL ARMOR C/W 4 1/16" 10K H2S SUITED FLOAT X FLOAT

PART DESCRIPTION: FLANGES WITH BX 155 RING GROOVE SUPPLIED WITH SAFETY CLAMPS/LIFT

TEANOLS WITH BY 133 KING GROOVE SOFFEIED WITH SAFETT CEANIFS/EII

**EYE CLAMPS** 

SALES ORDER #: 525112

QUANTITY: 1

SERIAL #: SN 139321 HOSE BATCH 139244

TITLE: QUALITY ASSURANCE

DATE: 2/10/2023

	neering & Services UK Ltd
Doc. Ref.	Form-056
Revision	4

### CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY



Gates SO No. 34557	Customer Name & Address: Gates Engineering & Services NA Inc	
Customer PO No: 1803964/ 1	Accounts payable	
Description: 3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY X 35FT OAL (QTY 5)	7N GESNA 1144 Fifteenth Street, Suite 1400 Denver, CO 80202 USA	- 1

This is to certify that the components listed below have been supplied in accordance with API 16C & the above referenced order number. The assemblies listed below have been manufactured and tested in the UK.

	SPECIFICATION				
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	BATCH NUMBER	QT		
1	3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMBLY X 35FT OAL PART NO: HA34539-001 END A: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE END B: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 17D SV SWIVEL FLANGE WITH BX155 RING GROOVE EACH END HAS AN INCONEL 625 INLAID RING GROOVE HOSE METALLIC PARTS MEET NACE-MR-0175 LATEST EDITION REQUIREMENTS WORKING PRESSURE: 10,000 PSI TEST PRESSURE: 15,000 PSI STANDARD: API 16C FSL3 MONOGRAMMED, 3RD EDITION EXTERNAL PROTECTION: STAINLESS STEEL ARMOUR INCLUDED FIRE RATED: API 16C STANDARD SECTION B.12.4 (704° FOR 30 MINS) H2S SERVICE SUITABLE TEMPERATURE CLASS B(-25 TO 100°C) HIGH TEMPERATURE EXPOSURE / SURVIVAL @ 177°C (INTERNAL IN A KICK SITUATION) SAFETY EQUIPMENT: INCLUDED 2 X HOSE SAFETY CLAMPS 2 X 3.6T SHACKLES 2 X 10MM OD X 6FT PCP COATED CHAINS	139062 139063 139064 139065 139244	5		
	HOSE ASSEMBLYY WORKS ORDERS NUMBERS:  139051 139052 139053 139054 139321				
	SAFETY/LIFTER CLAMP 195MM 1.7T PART NO: HCC108	MYB59483	10		
	SAFETY CHAIN 10MM C/S PCP 6FT PART NO: CHC001	ACU59481	10		

	neering & Services UK Ltd
Doc. Ref.	Form-051
Revision	9

# PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE



			Certificate No:
□ BURST	✓ HYDROSTATIC	☐ CYCLIC	PTC-139321

Product:	CK03F	Hose WO/Batch:	139244
Assembly WO:	139321	Length:	35FT
SO No:	34557	Date:	25/11/22
Customer:	Gates Engineering & Services NA Inc	Customer Reference:	PO 1803964/ 1

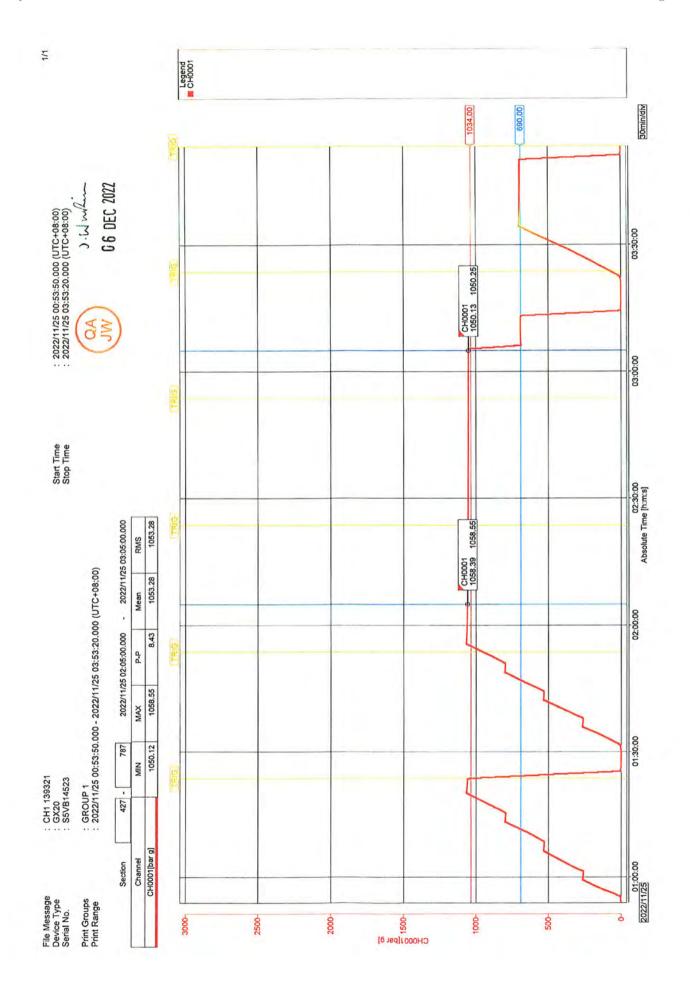
Inner Diameter:	3 Inch	3	Inch			
Working Pressure:	10000	Psi	690	bar		
Test Pressure:	15000	Psi	1034	bar		
Burst Pressure:	22500	Psi	1551	bar		

Hose Description: 3" 10K API 16C CHOKE & KILL HOSE ASSEMENT AS ASSEMBLY AS		END A: 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE	
Item No	Qty	Part Code	Customer Tag No (if applicable)
1	1	HA34539-001	N/A

	Pressure tested with water at ambient temperature for a minimum of 60 minutes at test pressure 1034 BAR
Details of Test:	Pressure Transducer S/N: 131203 (CH1)
	Chart Recorder S/N: S5VB14523
	Calibration Certificate No: IKMCERTU823
Results:	Pressure Loss: 8.43 BAR
	Acceptance Criteria: Pressure loss not to exceed 500 PSI (34.47 BAR)

GESUK Ltd	Third Party
06 DEC 2022	

CR 374



Received by OCD: 9/11/2025 10:41:20 AM



# Salt Section Annular Clearance Variance Request

**Daniel Moose** 

# **Current Design (Salt Strings)**

# **0.422"** Annular clearance requirement

- Casing collars shall have a minimum clearance of 0.422 inches on all sides in the hole/casing annulus, with recognition that variances can be granted for justified exceptions.
- 12.25" Hole x 9.625"40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing
  - 1.3125" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.8125" Clearance to coupling OD
- 9.875" Hole x 8.75" 38.5# P110 Sprint-SF Casing
  - 0.5625" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.433" Clearance to coupling OD

# **Annular Clearance Variance Request**

EOG request permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues

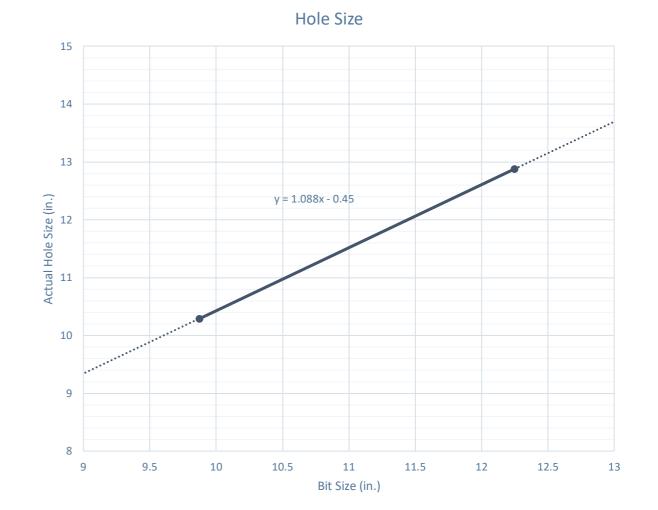
# **Volumetric Hole Size Calculation**

# **Hole Size Calculations Off Cement Volumes**

- Known volume of cement pumped
- Known volume of cement returned to surface
- Must not have had any losses
- Must have bumped plug

# **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Hole
  - 12.88" Hole
    - 5.13% diameter increase
    - 10.52% area increase
  - 0.63" Average enlargement
  - 0.58" Median enlargement
  - 179 Well Count
- 9.875" Hole
  - 10.30" Hole
    - 4.24% diameter increase
    - 9.64% area increase
  - 0.42" Average enlargement
  - 0.46" Median enlargement
  - 11 Well Count

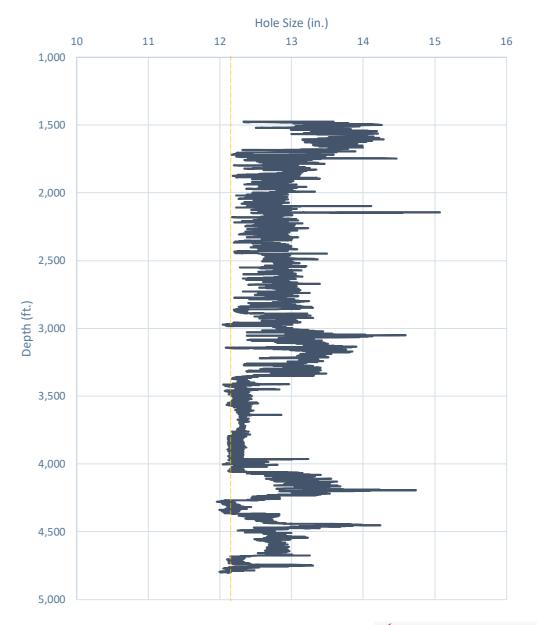


# Modelo 10 Fed Com #501H

# Caliper Hole Size (12.25")

# **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Bit
  - 12.76" Hole
    - 4.14% diameter increase
    - 8.44% area increase
  - 0.51" Average enlargement
  - 0.52" Median enlargement
  - Brine

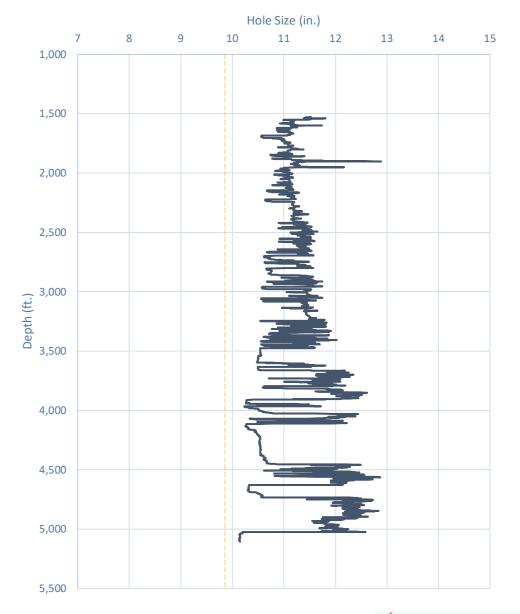


### Caliper Hole Size (9.875")

### **Average Hole Size**

- 9.875" Hole
  - 11.21" Hole
    - 13.54% diameter increase
    - 28.92% area increase
  - 1.33" Average enlargement
  - 1.30" Median enlargement
  - EnerLite

### Whirling Wind 11 Fed Com #744H



### **Design A**

### Proposed 11" Hole with 9.625" 40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing

- 11" Bit + 0.52" Average hole enlargement = 11.52" Hole Size
  - 0.9475" Clearance to casing OD

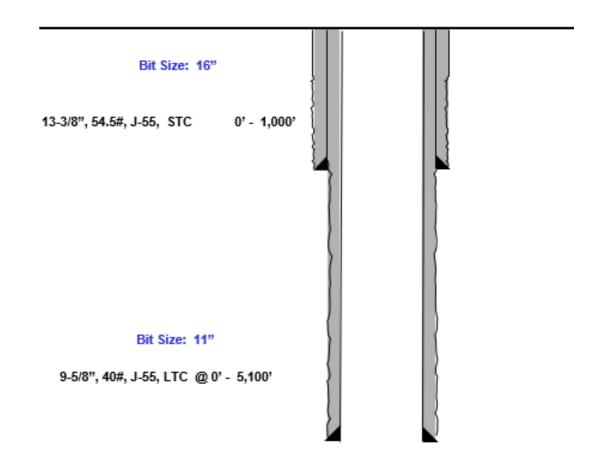
$$=\frac{11.52-9.625}{2}$$

• 0.4475" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{11.52-10.625}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 13.375" 54.5# J55 STC
  - 0.995" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200") overlap)

$$=\frac{12.615-10.625}{2}$$



## **Design B**

# Proposed 9.875" Hole with 8.625" 32# J55/P110 BTC-SC Casing

- 9.875" Bit + 0.42" Average hole enlargement = 10.295" Hole Size
  - 0.835" Clearance to casing OD

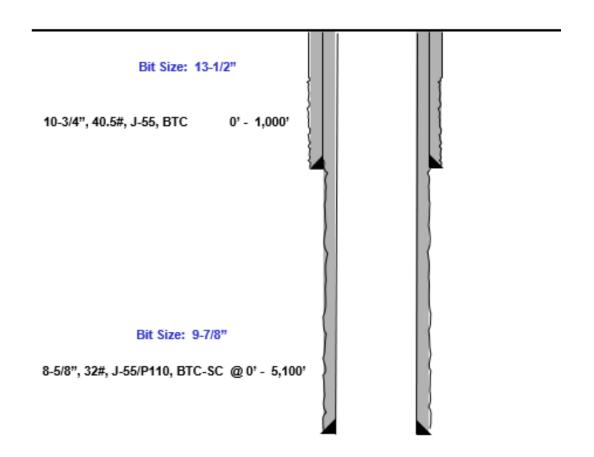
$$=\frac{10.295-8.625}{2}$$

• 0.585" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{10.295-9.125}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 10.75" 40.5# J55 STC
  - 0.4625" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200' overlap)

$$=\frac{10.05-9.125}{2}$$



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# Index

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## **Casing Spec Sheets**

### PERFORMANCE DATA

**API LTC** 9.625 in K55 HC 40.00 lbs/ft **Technical Data Sheet** 

Tubular Parameters					
Size	9.625	in	Minimum Yield	55	ksi
Nominal Weight	40.00	lbs/ft	Minimum Tensile	95	ksi
Grade	K55 HC		Yield Load	629	kips
PE Weight	38.94	lbs/ft	Tensile Load	1088	kips
Wall Thickness	0.395	in	Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi
Nominal ID	8.835	in	Collapse Pressure	3600	psi
Drift Diameter	8.750	in		•	1

Connection Parameters			
Connection OD	10.625	in	
Coupling Length	10.500	in	
Threads Per Inch	8	tpi	
Standoff Thread Turns	3.50	turns	
Make-Up Loss	4.750	in	
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi	

11.454

### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

13.375 54.50/0.380 J55 PDF

New Search »

USC		Metric
-----	--	--------

« Back to Previous List

58/2015 10.04:37 AM					
Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	-	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	13.375	14.375	-	14.375	in.
Wall Thickness	0.380	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	12.615	12.615	-	12.615	in.
Standard Drift	12.459	12.459	-	12.459	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	-	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	-	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		909	-	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,125	-	6,290	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,860	ft-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	6,430	ft-lbs

Nom. Pipe Body Area

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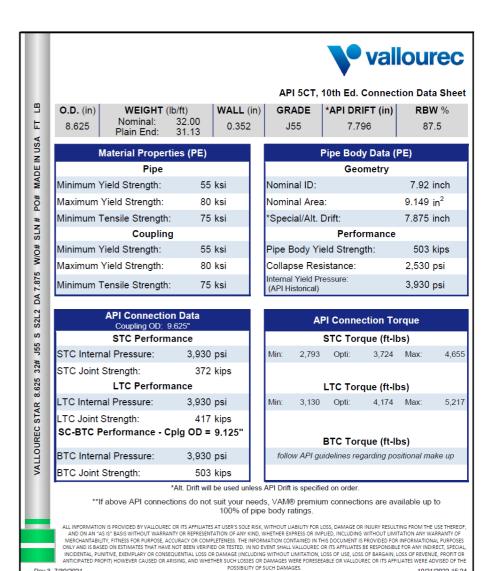
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### **Casing Spec Sheets**

#### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search » « Back to Previous List USC Metric 6/8/2015 10:14:05 AM BTC LTC Ptpe STC **Mechanical Properties** Minimum Yield Strength 55,000 psi Maximum Yield Strengtl 80,000 Minimum Tensile Strength 75,000 psi BTC LTC Pipe STC 11.750 Outside Diamete 10.750 11.750 in. Wall Thickness 0.350 Inside Diameter 10.050 10.050 10.050 Standard Drift 9.894 9.894 in. Alternate Drift in. Nominal Linear Weight, T&C 40.50 lbs/ft 38.91 lbs/ft Plain End Weight Performance Ptpe BTC LTC STC 1.580 1,580 1,580 Minimum Collapse Pressure psi 3,130 Minimum Internal Yield Pressure 3.130 3.130 629.00 Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength 1000 lbs 700 Joint Strength 420 1000 lbs Reference Length 11,522 6,915 BTC Make-Up Data Ptpe STC 4.81 Make-Up Loss 3.50 in. Minimum Make-Up Torque 3,150 ft-lbs Maximum Make-Up Torque 5,250 ft-lbs





U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT SUPO Data Repo

**APD ID:** 10400101903

Submission Date: 11/15/2024

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Number: 203H

Well Work Type: Drill

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes **Show Final Text** 

#### **Section 1 - Existing Roads**

Will existing roads be used? YES

#### **Existing Road Map:**

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_VIC\_20241111134514.pdf BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_EX5\_REV1\_20250521143422.pdf BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_EX5\_REV1\_20250827085106.pdf BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_VIC\_20250827085408.pdf

**Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS** 

Row(s) Exist? NO

### ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

**Existing Road Improvement Description:** 

**Existing Road Improvement Attachment:** 

#### Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

#### Will new roads be needed? YES

#### **New Road Map:**

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_D\_ROADS\_SEC22\_REV1\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_CTB\_ROADS\_SEC22\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_B\_ROADS\_REV1\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_C\_ROADS\_SEC22\_REV1\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_A\_ROADS\_REV1\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

BO\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_CTB\_S\_20250521143455.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_A\_ROADS\_REV1\_S\_20250827090116.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_D\_ROADS\_SEC22\_REV1\_S\_20250827090116.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_B\_ROADS\_REV1\_S\_20250827090116.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_PAD\_C\_ROADS\_SEC22\_REV1\_S\_20250827090116.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_CTB\_ROADS\_SEC22\_S\_20250827090202.pdf

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**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

BO\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_CTB\_S\_20250827090202.pdf

New road type: RESOURCE

Length: 7275 Feet Width (ft.): 30

Max slope (%): 2 Max grade (%): 20

Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? N

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 24

**New road access erosion control:** Newly constructed or reconstructed roads will be constructed as outlined in the BLM "Gold Book" and to meet the standards of the anticipated traffic flow and all anticipated weather requirements as needed. Construction will include ditching, draining, crowning and capping or sloping and dipping the roadbed as necessary to provide a well-constructed and safe road. We plan to water twice a year.

New road access plan or profile prepared? N

New road access plan

Access road engineering design? N

Access road engineering design

**Turnout?** N

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: OFFSITE

Access surfacing type description: 6" of compacted caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth:

Offsite topsoil source description: See attached SUPO

Onsite topsoil removal process:

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

#### **Drainage Control**

New road drainage crossing: CULVERT

**Drainage Control comments: N/A** 

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: N/A

**Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:** 

#### **Access Additional Attachments**

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

#### **Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells**

#### **Existing Wells Map?** YES

#### **Existing Well map Attachment:**

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_MILES\_RADIUS\_20241111134604.pdf BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_MILES\_RADIUS\_20250827090337.pdf

#### Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

#### Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? SUBMIT

Production Facilities description: SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26, RANGE 33, N.M.P.M

#### **Production Facilities map:**

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_503H\_504H\_743H\_744H\_745H\_103H\_104H\_303H\_304H\_PH19\_PH25\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_LIFT\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_OHE\_SEC22\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_503H\_504H\_743H\_744H\_745H\_103H\_104H\_303H\_304H\_PH19\_PH25\_4\_IN\_AG\_L P\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV1\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_506H\_505H\_106H\_105H\_306H\_305H\_747H\_746H\_PH1\_PH8\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV 2\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_403H\_404H\_405H\_203H\_204H\_205H\_PH9\_PH18\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_202505 21143546.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_506H\_505H\_106H\_105H\_306H\_305H\_747H\_746H\_PH1\_PH8\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV2\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_SEC21\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_741H\_742H\_501H\_502H\_\_401H\_402H\_301H\_302H\_201H\_202H\_101H\_102H\_PH2 6\_PH29\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_741H\_742H\_501H\_502H\_\_401H\_402H\_301H\_302H\_201H\_202H\_101H\_102H\_PH2 6\_PH29\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV1\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_OHE\_SEC21\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_SEC22\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_403H\_404H\_405H\_203H\_204H\_205H\_PH9\_PH18\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV1 \_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_WATER\_SEC21\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_WATER\_SEC22\_S\_20250521143547.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_WATER\_SEC21\_S\_20250827090451.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_WATER\_SEC22\_S\_20250827090451.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_OHE\_SEC22\_S\_20250827090634.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_LIFT\_S\_20250827090634.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_503H\_504H\_743H\_744H\_745H\_103H\_104H\_303H\_304H\_PH19\_PH25\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_20250827090908.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_506H\_505H\_106H\_105H\_306H\_305H\_747H\_746H\_PH1\_PH8\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV 2\_S\_20250827090932.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_403H\_404H\_405H\_203H\_204H\_205H\_PH9\_PH18\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_202508 27090956.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_506H\_505H\_106H\_105H\_306H\_305H\_747H\_746H\_PH1\_PH8\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV2\_S\_20250827091035.pdf

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_SEC21\_S\_20250827091049.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_741H\_742H\_501H\_502H\_\_401H\_402H\_301H\_302H\_201H\_202H\_101H\_102H\_PH2 6\_PH29\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV1\_S\_20250827091119.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_741H\_742H\_501H\_502H\_\_401H\_402H\_301H\_302H\_201H\_202H\_101H\_102H\_PH2 6\_PH29\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV1\_S\_20250827091119.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_GAS\_SEC22\_S\_20250827091151.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_OHE\_SEC21\_S\_20250827091151.pdf

EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_403H\_404H\_405H\_203H\_204H\_205H\_PH9\_PH18\_4\_IN\_AG\_LP\_FUEL\_GAS\_REV1 \_S\_20250827091235.pdf

#### **Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply**

#### **Water Source Table**

Water source type: RECYCLED

Water source use type: OTHER

Describe use type: The source and location of the wat location will be drilled using a combination of water much program. (i) Water will be obtained from commercial wa to the location by trucks using existing and proposed ro attached. (ii) Water may be supplied from frac ponds ar temporary above-ground surface lines a shown on the r 4-inch polyethylene or layflat lines and up to six 12-inch water. Freshwater is defined as containing less than 10 (TDS), exhibiting no petroleum sheen when standing, a mechanical processes that expose it to heavy metals or to utilize up to six 4-inch polyethylene or layflat lines and transport treated produced water is defined as the recor reusable form and may include mechanical and chemic FRESHWATER PIT, NWSW SECTION 18, TOWNSHIF Treated Produced Water Source: REUSE PIT, SESE S SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST Temporary surface lines wo multiple water source locations in the surrounding area temporarily laid above ground with minimal disturbance laid no more than 10 feet from the edge of the existing of ditch, road surface or two-track road, or other man-mad push-off arm or another mechanism will be used. All ve the existing disturbance. Map or maps showing the loca will be provided with the APD and included in the Enviro map file (shape file or KMZ file) shall be submitted with

Source longitude:

Source latitude:

Source datum:

City:

Water source permit type:

WATER RIGHT

Water source transport method:

TRUCKING

PIPELINE

Source land ownership: FEDERAL

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Source transportation land ownership: FEDERAL

Water source volume (barrels): 1 Source volume (acre-feet): 0.00012889

Source volume (gal): 42

#### Water source and transportation

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_Water\_Map\_20250521143557.pdf Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_Water\_Map\_20250827091310.pdf

Water source comments: see SUPO

New water well? N

#### **New Water Well Info**

Well latitude: Well Longitude: Well datum:

Well target aquifer:

Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft): Est thickness of aquifer:

**Aquifer comments:** 

Aquifer documentation:

Well depth (ft): Well casing type:

Well casing outside diameter (in.): Well casing inside diameter (in.):

New water well casing?

Used casing source:

Drilling method: Drill material:

Grout material: Grout depth:

Casing length (ft.): Casing top depth (ft.):

Well Production type: Completion Method:

Water well additional information:

State appropriation permit:

Additional information attachment:

#### **Section 6 - Construction Materials**

Using any construction materials: YES

Construction Materials description: Caliche will be supplied from pits shown on the attached caliche source map. Caliche utilized for the drilling pad will be obtained either from an existing approved mineral pit, or by benching into a hill, which will allow the pad to be level with existing caliche from the cut or extracted by Flipping the well location. A mineral material permit will be obtained from BLM prior to excavating any caliche on Federal Lands. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure for Flipping a well location is as follows: \* -An adequate amount of topsoil/root zone (usually top 6 inches of soil) will be stripped from the proposed well location and stockpiled along the side of the well location as depicted on the well site diagram/survey plat. -An area within the proposed well site dimensions will be used to excavate caliche. Subsoil will be removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad dimensions. -Once caliche/surfacing mineral is found, the mineral material will be excavated and stockpiled within the approved drilling pad dimensions. -Then, subsoil will be pushed back in the excavated hole, and caliche will be spread accordingly across the entire well pad and road (if available). -Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside the

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

well pad dimensions. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat. \* If no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM-approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired before obtaining mineral material from BLM pits or federal land.

#### **Construction Materials source location**

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_Caliche\_Map\_20250521143606.pdf Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_Caliche\_Map\_20250827091329.pdf

#### **Section 7 - Methods for Handling**

Waste type: DRILLING

**Waste content description:** Drilling fluids and produced oil and water from the well during drilling and completion operations will be stored onsite in frac tanks and disposed of at the time of rig down. Primary disposal location for EOGs NM operations is the North Delaware Basin Disposal facility in Jal, New Mexico which is a privately owned commercial facility. Some EOG locations within New Mexico may require transportation of cuttings to other licensed commercial disposal facilities based on geographic location.

Amount of waste: 0 barrels

Waste disposal frequency: Daily

Safe containment description: STEEL TANKS

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL

**FACILITY** 

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: North Delaware Basin Disposal Facility in Jal, NM

Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: trash generated by onsite personnel

Amount of waste: 1 pounds

Waste disposal frequency: Weekly

Safe containment description: Trash dumpsters are utilized to contain garbage onsite. Dumpsters are maintained by a third

party vendor. All trash is hauled to Lee County landfill.

Safe containment attachment:

Waste disposal type: OTHER Disposal location ownership: OTHER

Disposal type description: Lee County Landfill

Disposal location description: Lee County Landfill

Waste type: SEWAGE

Waste content description: Human grey water waste

Amount of waste: 1 barrels

Waste disposal frequency: Weekly

<style isBold="true">Safe containment description:</style> Human waste managed by third-party vendors. ROW construction waste contained in on-site portable toilets maintained by third party vendor. During drilling activities waste is managed by third party vendor utilizing onsite aerobic (treatment) wastewater management. Liquids treated through the aerobic system are transferred to via water line to CTBs for reuse

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

by EOG. All solid waste remaining after treatment process are pumped into an enclosed waste transfer truck at the time of rig down and taken to one of the following disposal facilities by the third party vendor: Qual Run Services LLC (a Licensed Waste Management Service Facility in Reeves County, Texas) or ReUse OilField Services (a Licensed Waste Management Facility in Mentone, TX)

Safe containment attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL

**FACILITY** 

Disposal type description:

<style isBold=&quot;true&quot;&gt;Disposal location description:&lt;/style&gt; Human waste managed by third-party vendors. ROW construction waste contained in on-site portable toilets maintained by third party vendor. During drilling activities waste is managed by third party vendor utilizing onsite aerobic (treatment) wastewater management. Liquids treated through the aerobic system are transferred to via water line to CTBs for reuse by EOG. All solid waste remaining after treatment process are pumped into an enclosed waste transfer truck at the time of rig down and taken to one of the following disposal facilities by the third party vendor: Qual Run Services LLC (a Licensed Waste Management Service Facility in Reeves County, Texas) or ReUse OilField Services (a Licensed Waste Management Facility in Mentone, TX)

#### **Reserve Pit**

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

#### **Cuttings Area**

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? Y

**Description of cuttings location** EOG utilizes a Closed Loop System, cuttings leave the rig and enter low/highwall cuttings bin. Cuttings are then transferred to trucks for transportation to a State of New Mexico approved disposal facility. Primary disposal location for EOGs NM operations is the North Delaware Basin Disposal Facility in Jal, New Mexico which is a privately owned commercial facility. Some EOG locations within New Mexico may require transportation of cuttings to other licensed commercial disposal facilities based on geographic location.

**Cuttings area length (ft.)** 

Cuttings area width (ft.)

**Cuttings area depth (ft.)** 

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

**Cuttings area liner** 

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

#### **Section 8 - Ancillary**

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: N

**Ancillary Facilities** 

#### Comments:

#### **Section 9 - Well Site**

#### Well Site Layout Diagram:

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_SITE\_20241111134643.pdf

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_WELLSITE\_20241111134643.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Rig\_Layout\_20241111134643.pdf

Barlow\_XL\_22\_34\_Fed\_Com\_203H\_Rig\_Layout\_20250827091602.pdf

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_SITE\_20250827091602.pdf

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_WELLSITE\_20250827091602.pdf

Comments: Exhibit 2A-Wellsite, Exhibit 2B-Padsite, Exhibit 4-Rig Layout

#### Section 10 - Plans for Surface

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance Multiple Well Pad Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Multiple Well Pad Number: 203H, 204H, 205H

#### Recontouring

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_RECLAMATION\_20241111134655.pdf BARLOW XL 22 34 FED COM 203H RECLAMATION 20250827091735.pdf

**Drainage/Erosion control construction:** Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff, and siltation of the surrounding area.

**Drainage/Erosion control reclamation:** The interim reclamation will be monitored periodically to ensure that vegetation has reestablished and that erosion is controlled.

Well pad proposed disturbance Well pad interim reclamation (acres): 0 Well pad long term disturbance

(acres): 0

Road proposed disturbance (acres): 0 Road interim reclamation (acres): 0 Road long term disturbance (acres): 0

Powerline proposed disturbance Powerline interim reclamation (acres): Powerline long term disturbance

(acres): 0 (acres): 0

Pipeline proposed disturbance Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 0 Pipeline long term disturbance

(acres): 0

Other proposed disturbance (acres): 0 Other interim reclamation (acres): 0 Other long term disturbance (acres): 0

Total proposed disturbance: 0 Total interim reclamation: 0 Total long term disturbance: 0

**Disturbance Comments:** All Interim and Final reclamation must be within 6 months. Interim must be within 6 months of completion and final within 6 months of abandonment plugging. Dual pad operations may alter timing.

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

**Reconstruction method:** In areas planned for interim reclamation, all the surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads. Areas planned for interim reclamation will be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.

**Topsoil redistribution:** Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts and fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds, will be used. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.

**Soil treatment:** Re-seed according to BLM standards. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, and that erosion is controlled.

**Existing Vegetation at the well pad:** Grass, forbs, and small woody vegetation, such as mesquite will be excavated as the topsoil is removed. Large woody vegetation will be stripped and stored separately and respreads evenly on the site following topsoil respreading. Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils.

#### **Existing Vegetation at the well pad**

**Existing Vegetation Community at the road:** All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

#### **Existing Vegetation Community at the road**

**Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline:** All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

#### **Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline**

**Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances:** All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to the initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.

#### **Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances**

Non native seed used? N

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? N

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? N

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Seed

**Seed Table** 

**Seed Summary** 

Seed Type Pounds/Acre

Seed reclamation

**Operator Contact/Responsible Official** 

First Name: Last Name:

Phone: Email:

Seedbed prep:

Seed BMP:

Seed method:

Existing invasive species? N

Existing invasive species treatment description:

**Existing invasive species treatment** 

**Weed treatment plan description:** All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, erosion is controlled, and free of noxious weeds. Weeds will be treated if found.

**Total pounds/Acre:** 

Weed treatment plan

**Monitoring plan description:** Reclamation will be completed within 6 months of well plugging. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, erosion is controlled, and free of noxious weeds.

Monitoring plan

Success standards: N/A

Pit closure description: N/A

Pit closure attachment:

**Section 11 - Surface** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Disturbance type: WELL PAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

**BIA Local Office:** 

**BOR Local Office:** 

**COE Local Office:** 

**DOD Local Office:** 

**NPS Local Office:** 

**State Local Office:** 

**Military Local Office:** 

**USFWS Local Office:** 

Other Local Office:

**USFS** Region:

**USFS Forest/Grassland:** 

**USFS Ranger District:** 

**Section 12 - Other** 

Right of Way needed? N

Use APD as ROW?

ROW Type(s):

**ROW** 

**SUPO Additional Information:** The onsite meeting was conducted at the BLM CFO on 07/03/2024. Topographic is the land surveyor, and Goshawk will be the Environmental Consultant for this Well Package. We plan to use eight 12-inch lay flat hoses to transport water and eight 4-inch polylines or layflay for drilling and frac operations. The well will be produced using gas lift as the artificial lift method. Produced water will be transported via pipeline to the EOG produced water gathering system. Central Tank Battery: Barlow XL 22-34 is a new facility in the NE4NW4 NW4NE4 of Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico. The facility is 400 x 750 Produced Water Gathering Sale Line: BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 3,797.76 Fee Surface Section 21, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 50.14 Gas Gathering Sale Line: BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 50.11 Localized Gas Lift: BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 4,099.89 Crude Oil Gathering Sale Line: N/A, third-party connection

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Barlow XL 22-43 Overhead Electric Line: BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 3,604.41 Fee Surface Section 21, Township 26S, Range 33E Total Footage 100.17 Monoline: N/A Caliche Pit Option: EOG will use the fee caliche pit in the SESE, NESE, NWSE, SWSE, SESW, and NESW in Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico. Reuse/Fresh Options: The EOG Rattlesnake Reuse Pit in the SWSE of Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico. The EOG Endurance Pit in the NWNW of Section 36, Township 26S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico. The EOG Bandit Pit in NE4 of Section 3, Block 76, Loving County, Texas.

Use a previously conducted onsite? N

**Previous Onsite information:** 

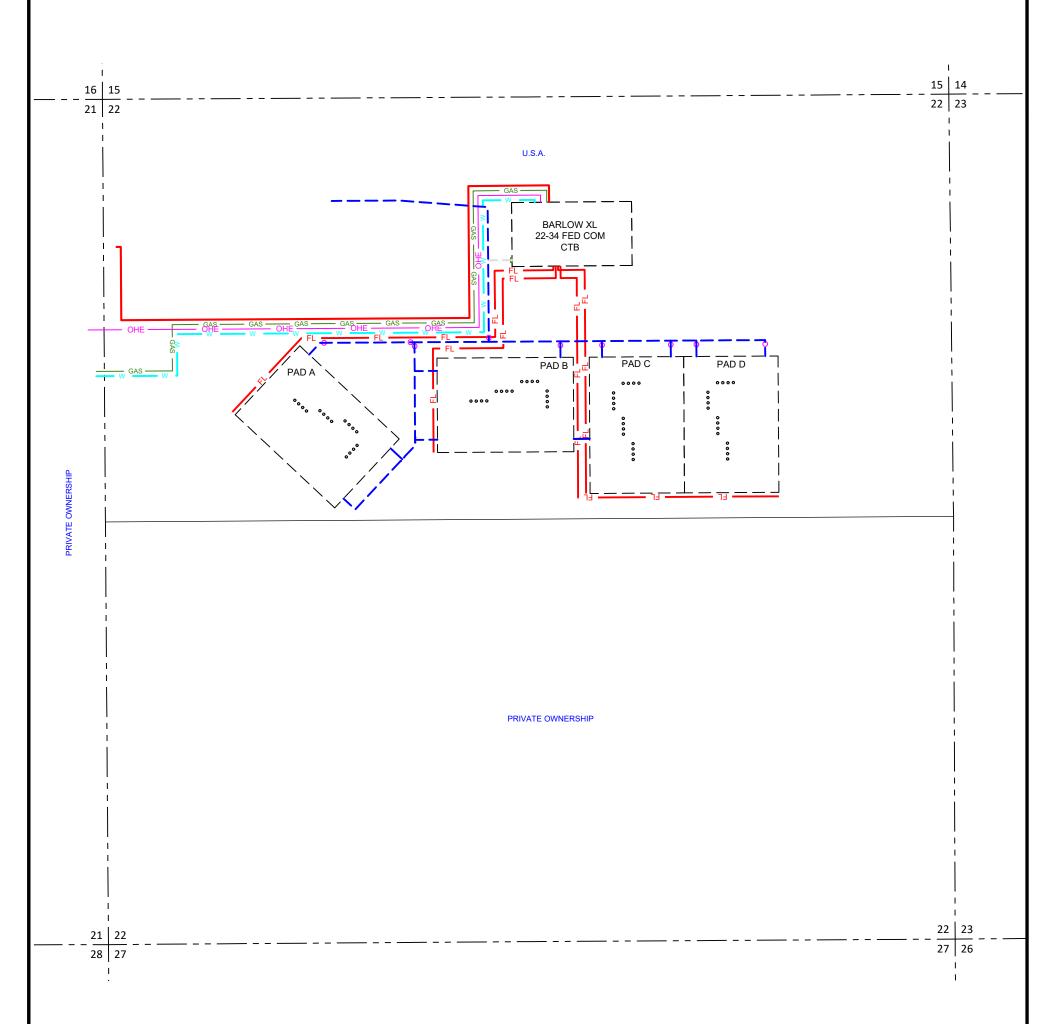
#### **Other SUPO**

BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_\_203H\_L\_E\_20241111134709.pdf
REV\_SUPO\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_20250521143642.pdf
BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_L\_E\_20250827091821.pdf
REV\_SUPO\_BARLOW\_XL\_22\_34\_FED\_COM\_203H\_20250827091834.pdf



SECTIONS 26, 21 TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

### BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM AREA SKETCH



| eog resources, inc.                   |     |            |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------------|
| 5.5.6                                 | R   | EVISION:   |
| BARLOW XL<br>22-34 FED COM            | ELS | 03/05/2025 |
| AREA SKETCH                           |     |            |
| 7 II CEPT OTCE TOTT                   |     |            |
| DATE: 07/18/2024                      |     |            |
| FILE:BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 REV1 |     |            |

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| _ | LEGEND |   |
|---|--------|---|
| _ |        | TOWNSHIP LINE SECTION LINE                  |
|   |        | DEED LINE<br>PROPOSED ROAD                  |
|   | FL ——— | PROPOSED FLOWLINE/<br>4" LEAN FUEL LINE     |
|   | OHE    | PROPOSED GAS LIFT LINE<br>PROPOSED ELECTRIC |
|   | W GAS  | PROPOSED WATER LINE<br>PROPOSED GAS LINE    |
|   | OIL——  | PROPOSED OIL LINE PROPOSED CULVERT          |
|   | 0      | PROPOSED CATTLEGUARD                        |

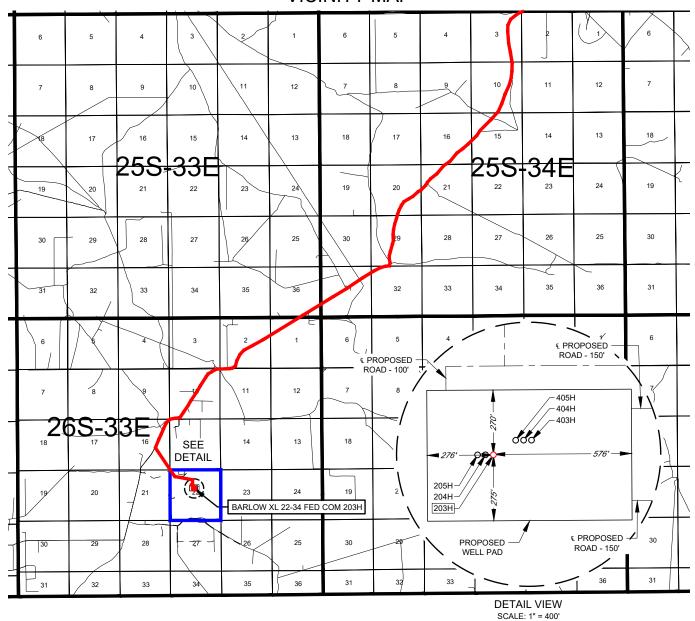
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### EXHIBIT 2 VICINITY MAP



eog resources, inc.

| LEASE NAME & WELL NO.:          | BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| LL/ IOL II/ IIIIL & II/LLL IIIO |                              |

 SECTION
 22
 TWP
 26-S
 RGE
 33-E
 SURVEY
 N.M.P.M.

 COUNTY
 LEA
 STATE
 NM

 DESCRIPTION
 1899' FNL & 2355' FWL

#### **DISTANCE & DIRECTION**

FROM INT. OF NM-128 W, & NM-18 S, GO WEST ON NM-128 W ±14.1

MILES, THENCE SOUTHWEST (LEFT) ON BATTLE AXE RD ±15.7 MILES,

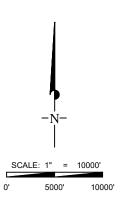
THENCE SOUTHEAST (LEFT) ON LEASE ROAD ±1.2 MILES, THENCE

EAST (LEFT) ON A PROPOSED RD. ±854 FEET TO A POINT ±334 FEET

NORTHWEST OF THE LOCATION.

THIS EASEMENT/SERVITUDE LOCATION SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN SURVEYED ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION AND PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND AT THE TIME OF SURVEY, AND DATA PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES, INC. THIS CERTIFICATION IS MADE AND LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE. THIS SURVEY IS CERTIFIED FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.

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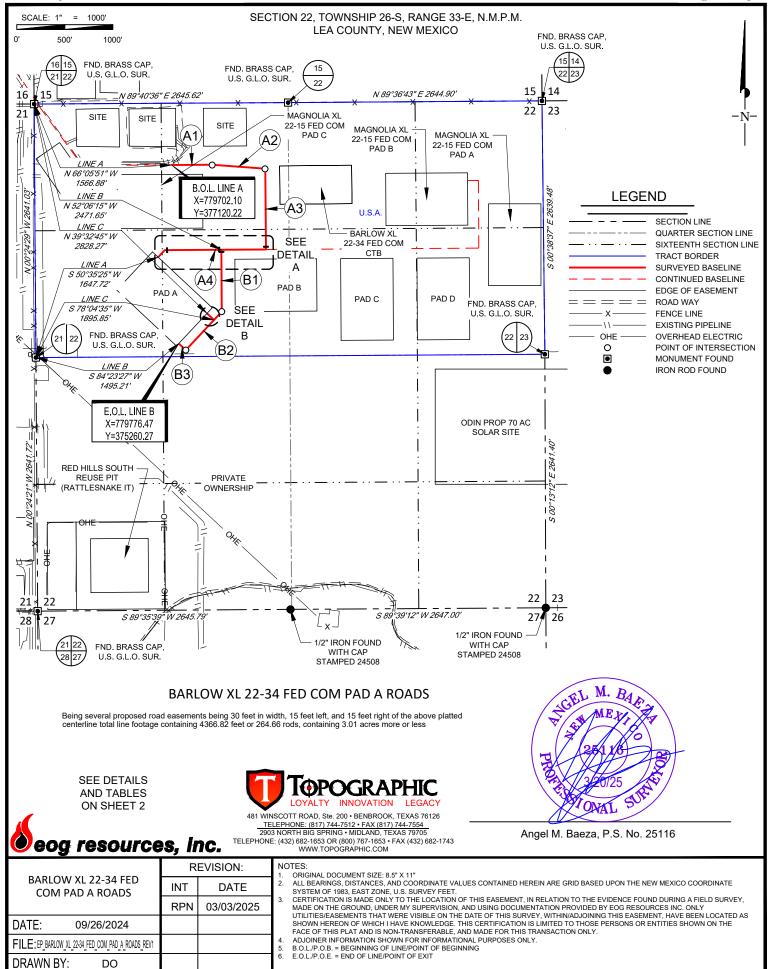
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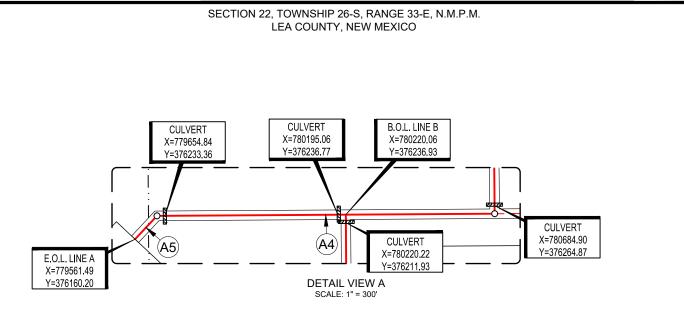
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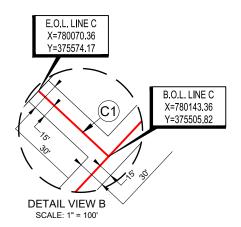
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1 OF 2

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#### LINE A TABLE

| LINE | BEARING       | DISTANCE |
|------|---------------|----------|
| A1   | N 89°40'24" E | 422.63'  |
| A2   | S 85°44'33" E | 554.19'  |
| A3   | S 00°31'37" E | 841.65'  |
| A4   | S 89°38'15" W | 1055.31' |
| A5   | S 43°06'54" W | 100.01'  |

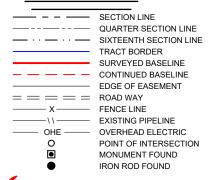
#### LINE B TABLE

| LINE | BEARING       | DISTANCE |
|------|---------------|----------|
| B1   | S 00°21'43" E | 644.85'  |
| B2   | S 43°06'52" W | 548.19'  |
| В3   | N 46°53'09" W | 100.00'  |

#### LINE C TABLE

| LINE | BEARING       | DISTANCE |
|------|---------------|----------|
| C1   | N 46°53'09" W | 100.00'  |

#### **LEGEND**



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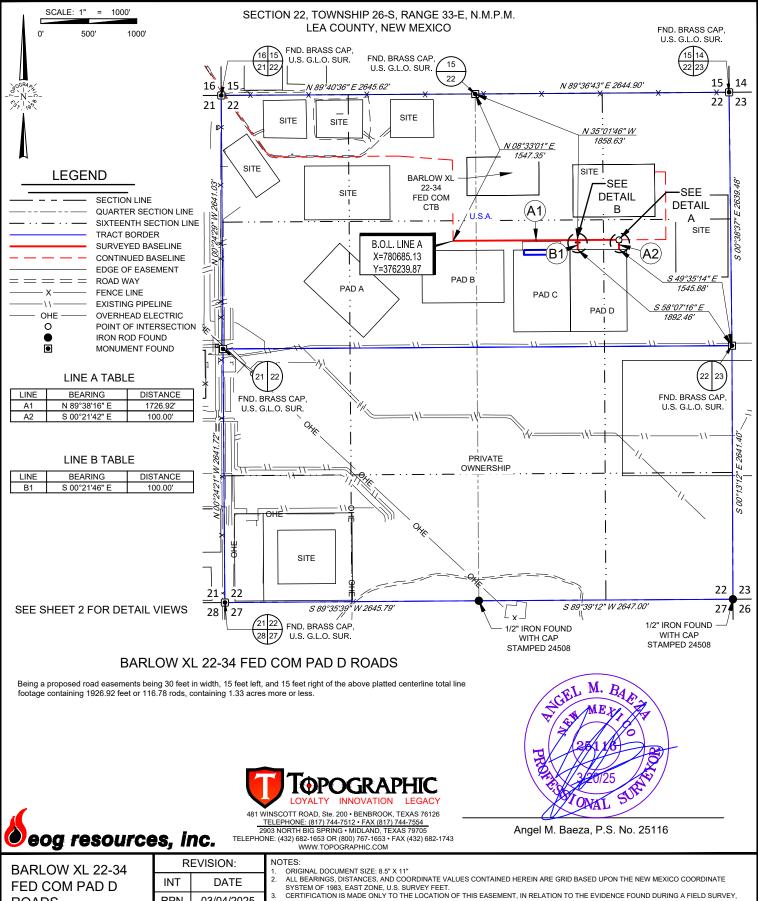
#### **REVISION: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED** INT DATE COM PAD A ROADS RPN 03/03/2025 DATE: 09/26/2024 FILE: EP BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM PAD A ROADS REV1 DRAWN BY: DO SHEET: 2 OF 2

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- BOL/POB = REGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF REGINNING E.O.L./P.O.E. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT
- URVEYIEOG MIDLAND\BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COMIFINAL PRODUCTS\EP BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM PAD A ROADS REV1.DWG 3/20/2025 10:25:09 AM c



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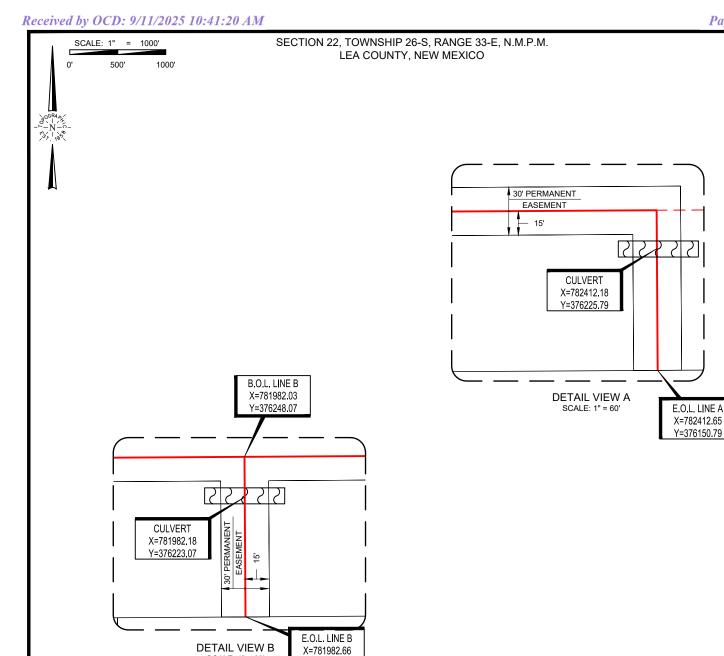
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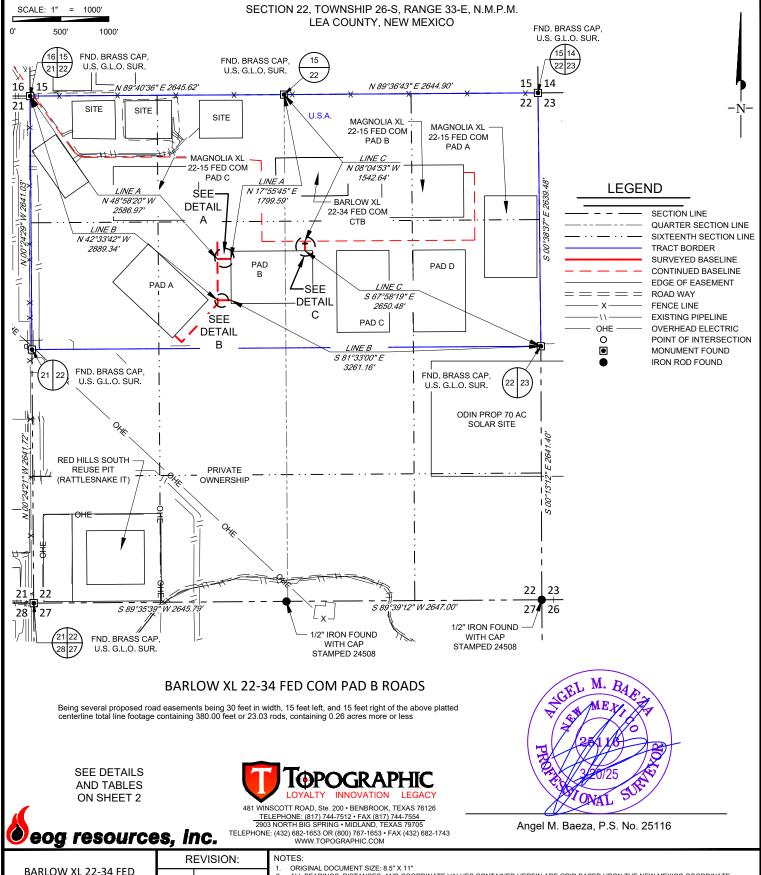
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BARLOW XL 22-34 FED INT DATE **COM PAD B ROADS RPN** 03/04/2025 DATE: 09/30/2024 FILE: EP BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM PAD B ROADS REV1 DRAWN BY: DO

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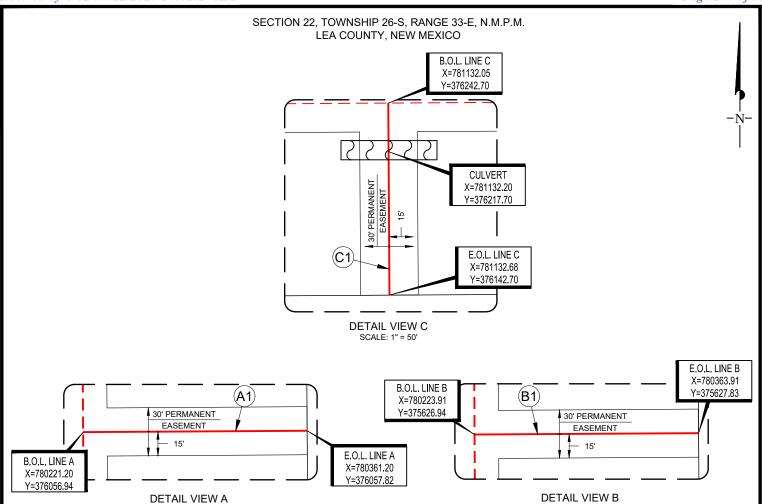
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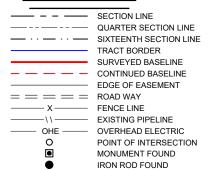
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#### LINE A TABLE

| LINE BEARING |               | DISTANCE |
|--------------|---------------|----------|
| A1           | N 89°38'17" E | 140.00'  |

#### **LEGEND**



SCALE: 1" = 60'

#### LINE B TABLE

| LINE | BEARING       | DISTANCE |
|------|---------------|----------|
| B1   | N 89°38'17" E | 140.00'  |

#### LINE C TABLE

| LINE | BEARING       | DISTANCE |
|------|---------------|----------|
| C1   | S 00°21'41" E | 100.00'  |



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SCALE: 1" = 60'

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| BARLOW XL 22-34 FED<br>COM PAD B ROADS            | INT       | DATE       |  |
| COIVI PAD B ROADS                                 | RPN       | 03/04/2025 |  |
| DATE: 09/26/2024                                  |           |            |  |
| FILE: EP_BARLOW_XL_22-34_FED_COM_PAD_B_ROADS_REV1 |           |            |  |
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| SHEET: 2 OF 2                                     |           |            |  |

#### NOTES

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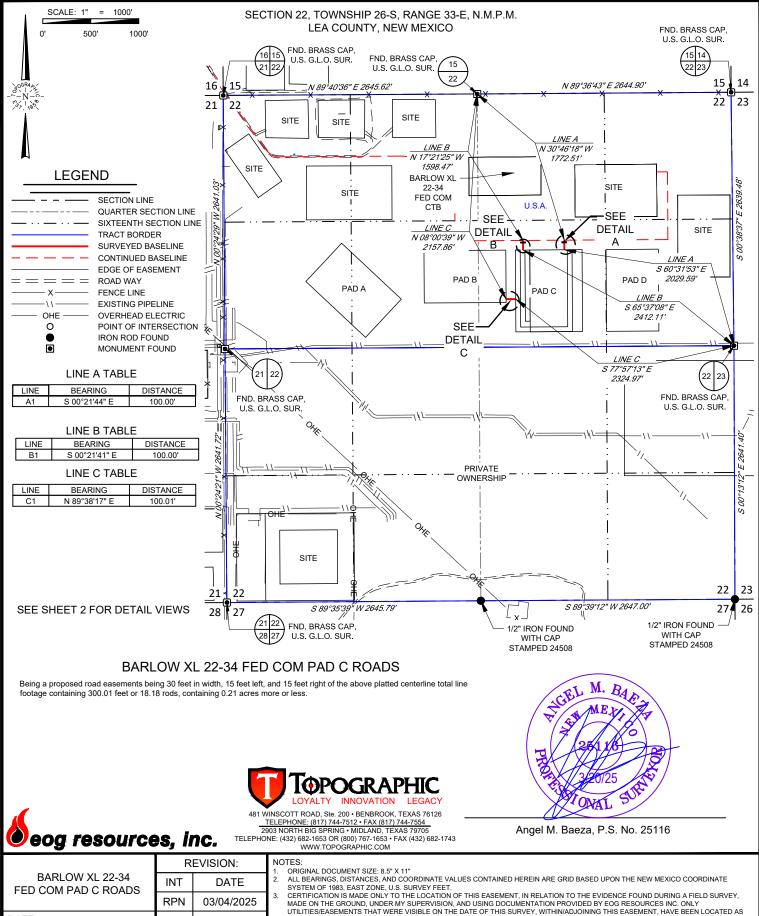
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FED COM PAD C ROADS

RPN 03/04/2025

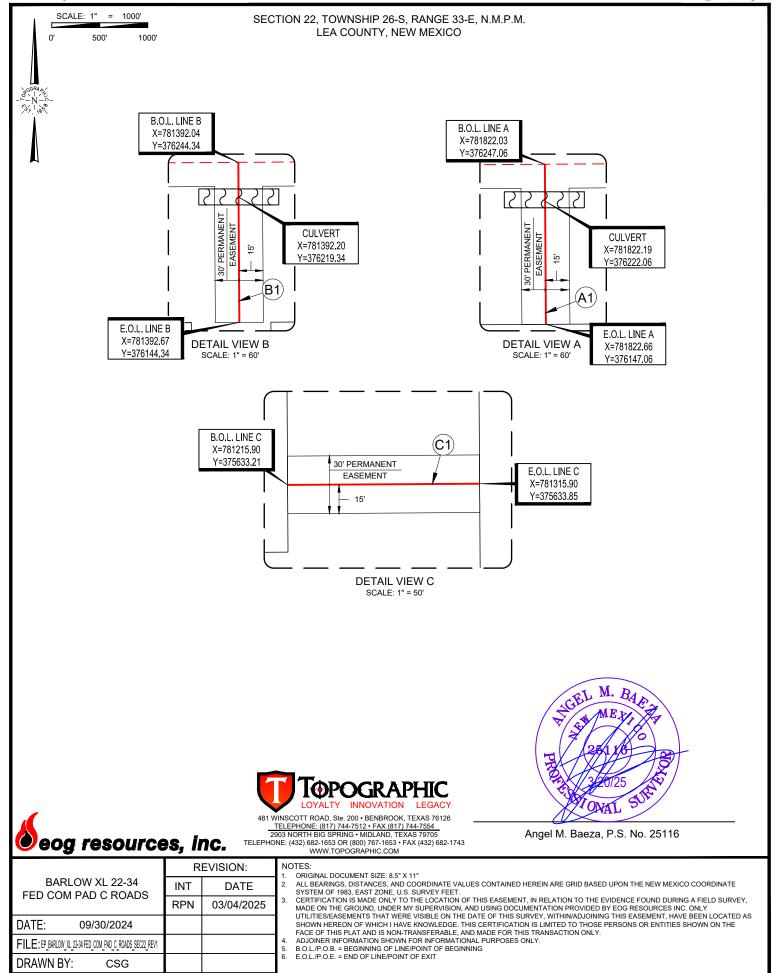
DATE: 09/30/2024

FILE: PBROWN 1234FD 000 PAD C ROADS

RPN 03/04/2025

DRAWN BY: CSG

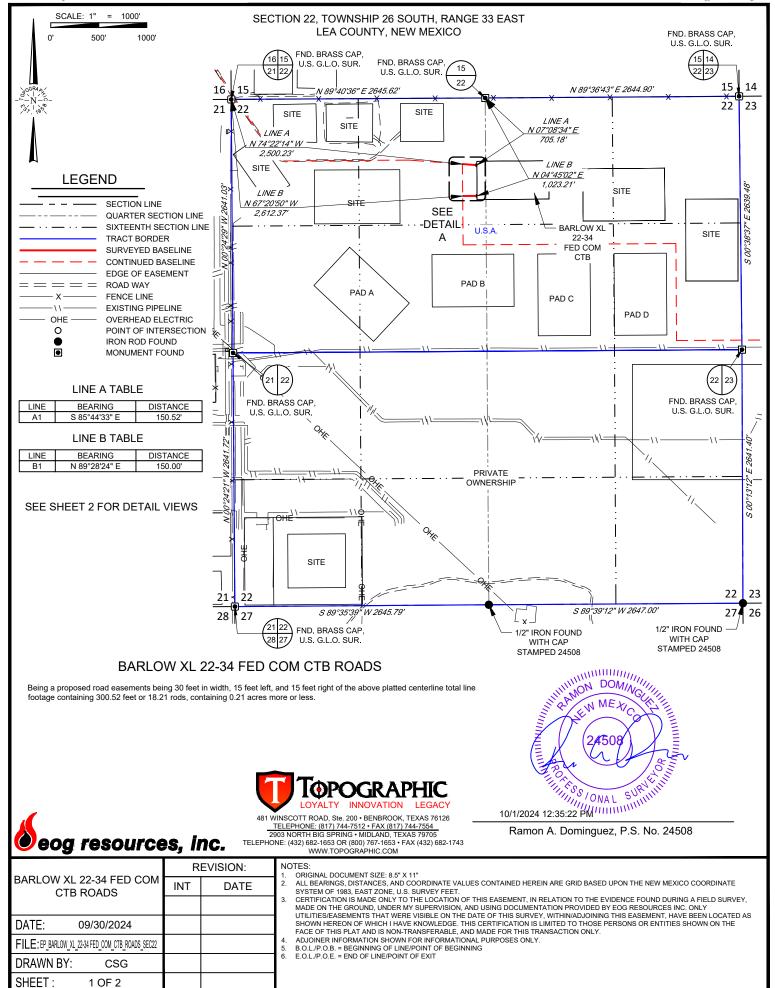
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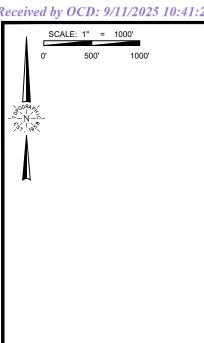


EOG MIDLAND\BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM\FINAL PRODUCTS\EP BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM PAD C ROADS SEC22 REV1.DWG 3/20/2025 10:15:30 AM c

2 OF 2

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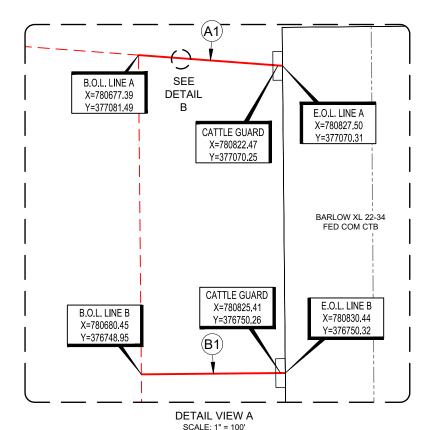


30

15'

**DETAIL VIEW B** SCALE: 1" = 30'

SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 33 EAST LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO





481 WINSCOTT ROAD, Ste. 200 • BENBROOK, TEXAS 76126 TELEPHONE: (817) 744-7512 • FAX (817) 744-7554
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TELEPHONE: (432) 682-1653 OR (800) 767-1653 • FAX (432) 682-1743
WWW.TOPOGRAPHIC.COM 10/1/2024 12:35:23 PM Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508

THINK DOMING

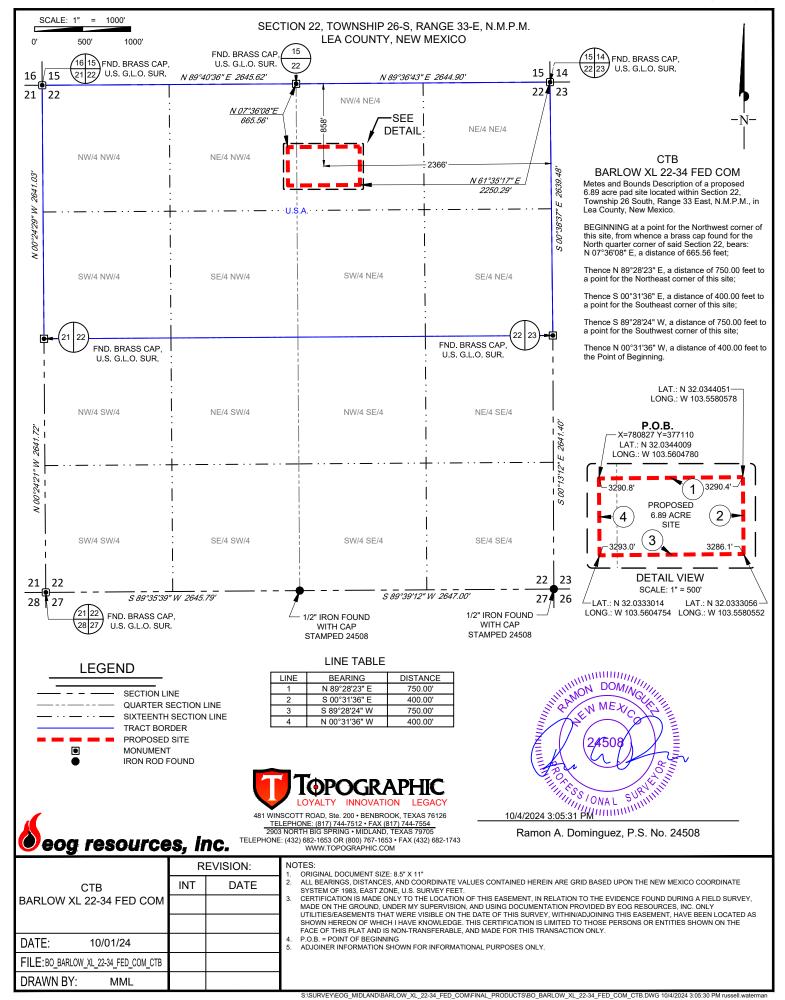
**REVISION:** BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM INT DATE CTB ROADS DATE: 09/30/2024 FILE: EP BARLOW\_XL\_22-34 FED\_COM\_CTB\_ROADS\_SEC22 DRAWN BY: CSG SHEET: 2 OF 2

#### NOTES

- ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"
  ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREIN ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE
  SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET.
  CERTIFICATION IS MADE ONLY TO THE LOCATION OF THIS EASEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE EVIDENCE FOUND DURING A FIELD SURVEY,
- MADE ON THE GROUND, UNDER MY SUPERVISION, AND USING DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED BY EOG RESOURCES INC. ONLY UTILITIES/EASEMENTS THAT WERE VISIBLE ON THE DATE OF THIS SURVEY, WITHIN/ADJOINING THIS EASEMENT, HAVE BEEN LOCATED AS SHOWN HEREON OF WHICH I HAVE KNOWLEDGE. THIS CERTIFICATION IS LIMITED TO THOSE PERSONS OR ENTITIES SHOWN ON THE FACE OF THIS PLAT AND IS NON-TRANSFERABLE, AND MADE FOR THIS TRANSACTION ONLY.
- B.O.L./P.O.B. = BEGINNING OF LINE/POINT OF BEGINNING

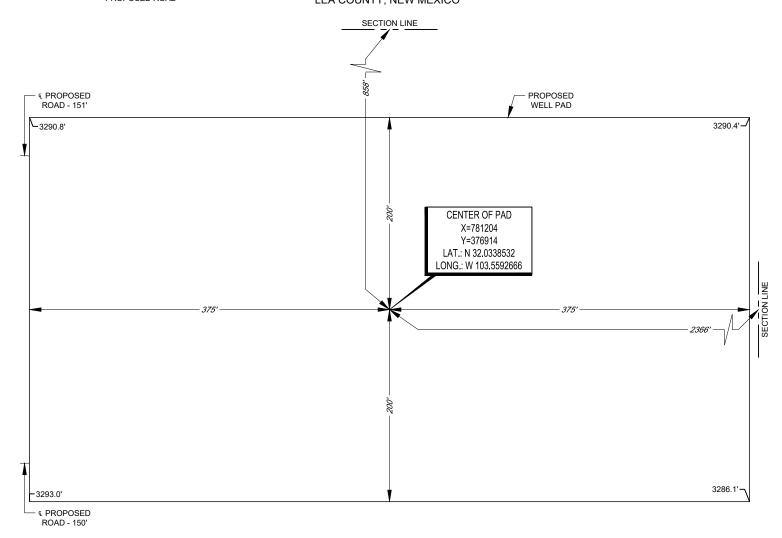
  E.O.L./P.O.B. = END OF LINE/POINT OF EXIT

🛡 eog resources, inc.



**LEGEND** SECTION LINE PROPOSED ROAD

SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO





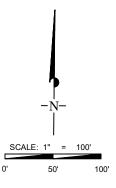
Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508

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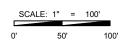
ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"

CTB BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM CENTER OF PAD IS 858' FNL & 2366' FEL





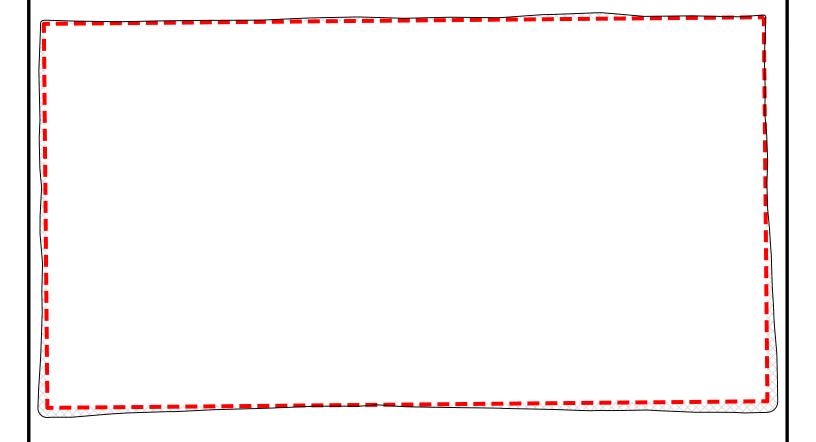
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### CTB BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM WELL PAD DETAIL

SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO









eog resources, inc.

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|                                     | REVISION: |      | 1 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|---|
| CTB BARLOW XL 22-34                 | INT       | DATE | 2 |
| FED COM                             | ·         |      |   |
|                                     |           |      |   |
| DATE: 10/01/24                      |           |      |   |
| FILE:BO_BARLOW_XL_22-34_FED_COM_CTB |           |      |   |
| DRAWN BY: MML                       |           |      |   |

- ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"

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#### EXHIBIT 3 eog resources, inc. SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO Conoco Amoco, etal (Broughton Pet.) Conoco Rubicon Ot.G 02965 HEP **(** 2 · 1 · 2011 VB 846 (ullet)Del Diac Williamson HBP 02965 169 ≌ EOG W.Wind . L-4785 Мапиано 10 5200 Ф[Р104 1 GR (Amoco) (State) (WC Disc.) (6.5 Mil.) (1015 314) 3 30 2012 Gas Prod Em 本I-IT ZMil. 14 Scoastel Sty R E 16 17 (219 9 (82) Texaco State McDonald) Ammons 6 Modera | Peregrine | 115 1 MILE RADIUS 26 33 Nammons E. Madera U.S.M.I. P20 4 Miller H. Ama F. R. M Dinwiddle U.S. Madera To siso State BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H 5 Coastal Sts Madera TD 5310 D/A 9 · 29 · 62 D.E. Gonzale 5-1-2019 122622 D.E. Gonzales 5-1-2019 122622 90 ≌ Conoc D. E. Gonzales 5 1 · 2019 122622 90 <u>©</u> Mewbourne Conoco $\phi^{l}$ 10:31:2016 HBP 02965 K.O.P. U.M.P. 0296! Transcendent O & G. 90. 💯 3 - 7 - 2015 Condica Jewell<mark>(Cullins, M.I.</mark> HBP Z. Klehne 02965 ₩S. <u> 2</u>2 -21 BHL Q E06 (73-2015 EUG Resc 1-23-2015 El Cinco Hum-Madera T05325 D/A10-31-60 HBP 02965 <u>u.s/ , M</u> ! Aldridge Fed-Conti TO 4590 DIA 5:8:58 Eug Resc. 1.72-7015 Peregrine 1.23-2013 7. R. Krehne U.S. MI Fram Fed Hatield Modero 7 10.5. Kiehne T. R Kiehne U.S D.E. Gonzales D.E Gonzales 11 · 1 · 2018 121490 475.<u>∞</u> EOG |-23-20|5 ٩ 61.1 E06 Resc. heyron Erig Res Conoco +6P 02065 1-23-2<del>0</del>15 -23-2015 { 8 ¢ 7 **5** 0 6 Peregrin 23 70 Hankamer Gulf-Fed TC4986 D/A J 31 62 R. Wellowson' Conoco Fed. (P.J. Stout) (Fed.) TD 5200 2-3WD,-T R Krehme 27 D.E. Gonzales 11 2018:121490 ſΗ Kiehne 28 Energen (Ens Eron) Rattiesnake. 26 ਹ.ਛ. Golf-Zales II-1-2018 121490 475 € D.E. Conzales Yates Pet,etal, Φ, EXXONI E FI Mar. Fed. Del Disc (00) 125553 53.600.20 ¥4 +es Rennett Hall-Fed Tr5266 (DIAS 260 any Disc.) Reaves & 105094 DIATI 28 84 Ritchie Ritchie Madera 705717 C A3 12 u.S. Mi Bel Disc **®** 1.4KP T-R Kiehne 5 • US 0.E. Conzales 11: 1: 2018 12:1490 475.20 ConocoPhillips Conzales (Contil) Chevron 02965 --1 - 7015 3 1838¦ ≩1, <del>361</del> <u>1</u>7 02965 Pathy The Pari HBP LM.P./ B.H.L. 35 7 36 36 A ARAIAC MITARAC 7 4 114 AT 36 36 MA #3657A 36 174c U.S. MI 3E BHL BHL 6 115 EOGRes Endura 1 MILE RADIUS Leaseal LEASE NAME & WELL NO .: . BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H N 32.0309941 W 103.5611157 203H LATITUDE 203H LONGITUDE SCALE: NTS ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES, AND COORDINATE VALUES CONTAINED HEREON ARE GRID BASED UPON THE NEW MEXICO COORDINATE SYSTEM OF 1983, EAST ZONE, U.S. SURVEY FEET

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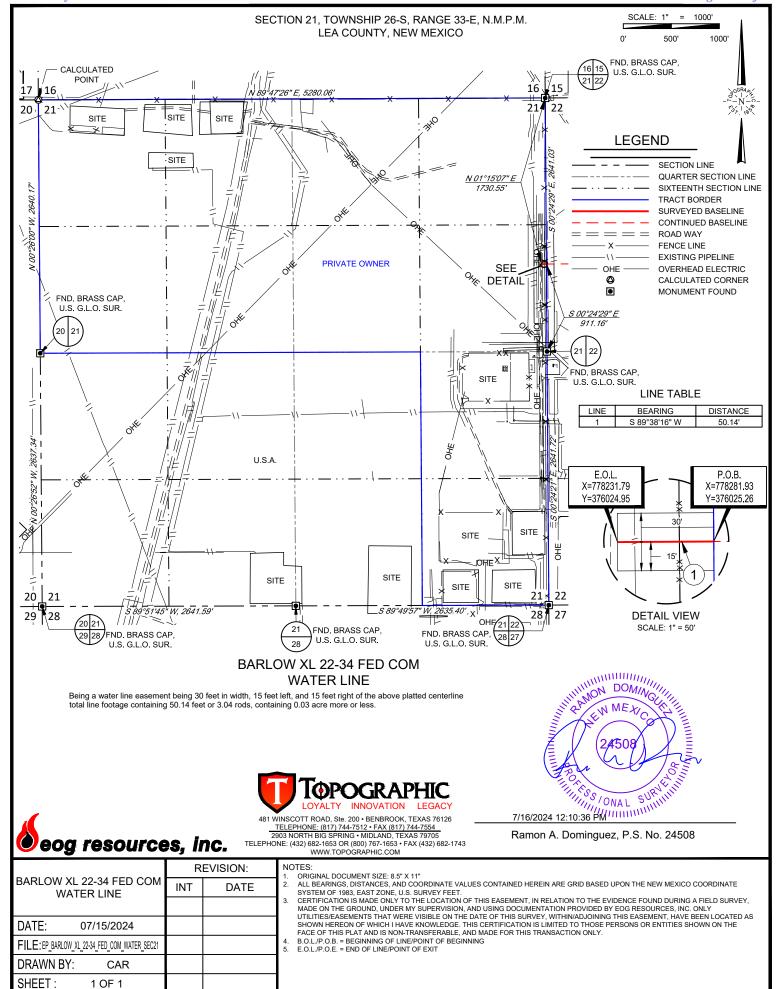
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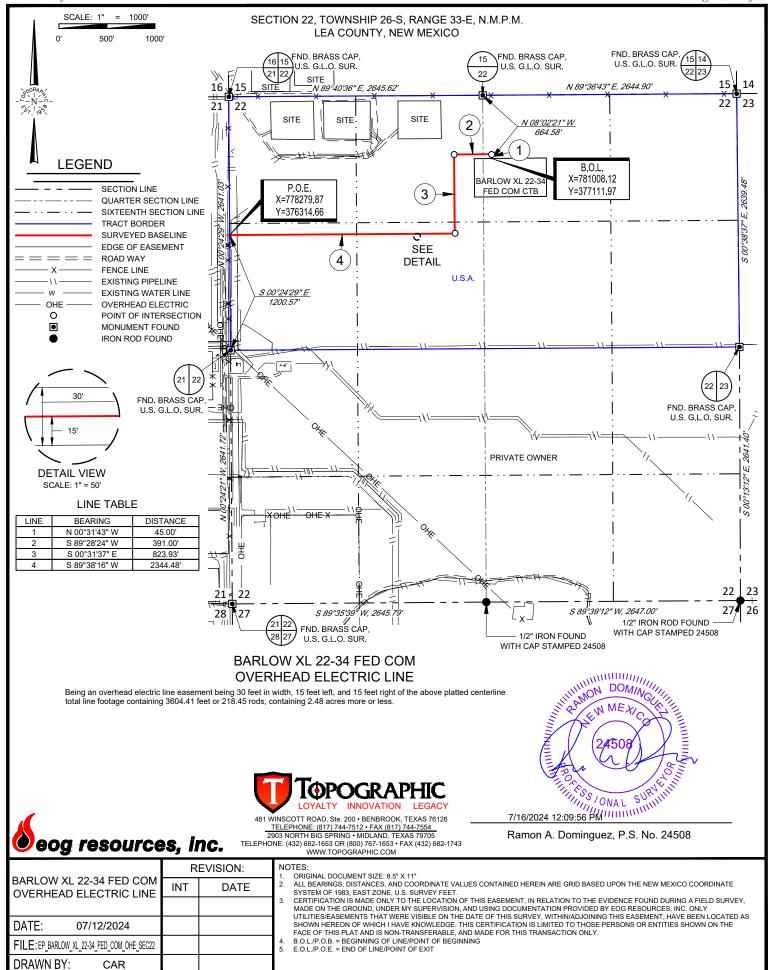
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TELEPHONE: (432) 682-1653 OR (800) 767-1653 • FAX (432) 682-1743

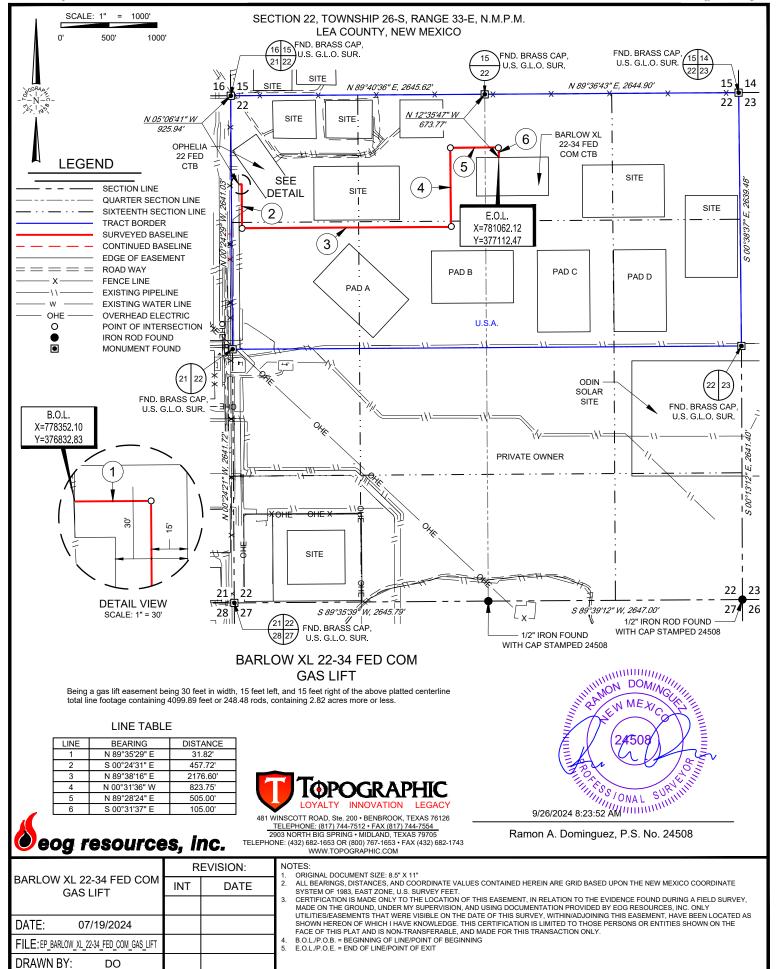
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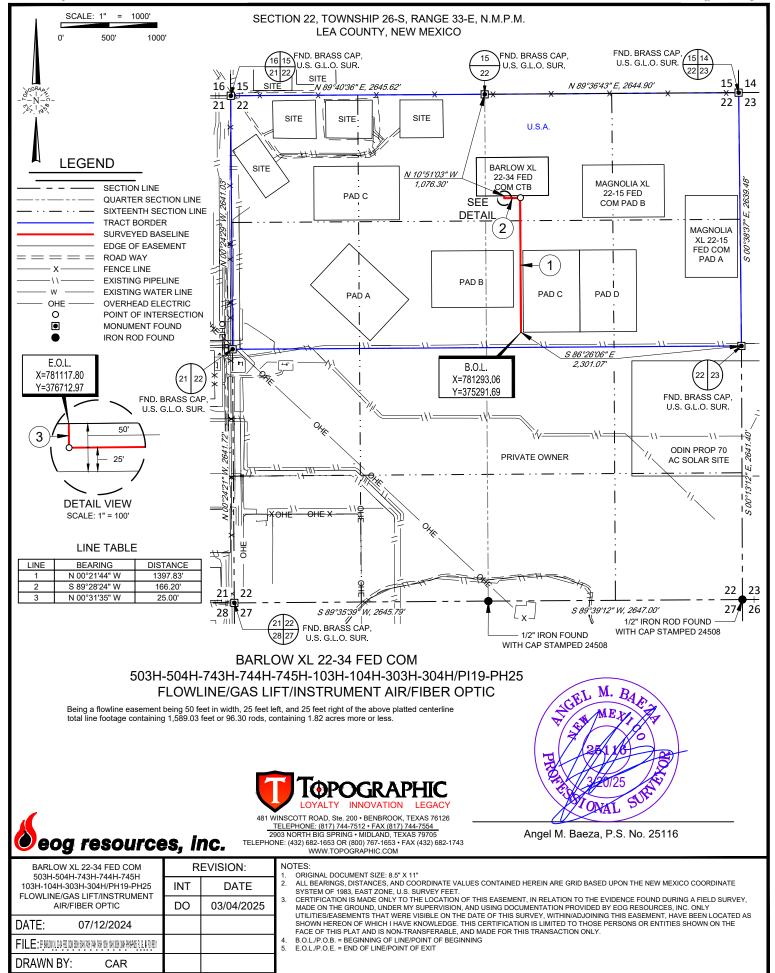
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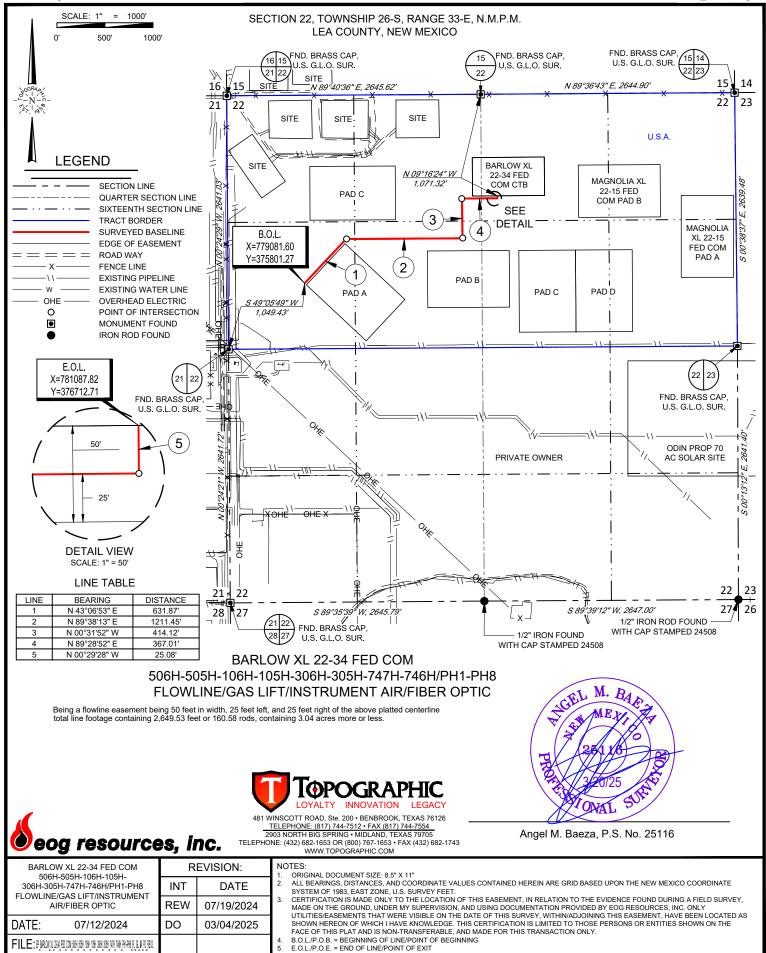


1 OF 1

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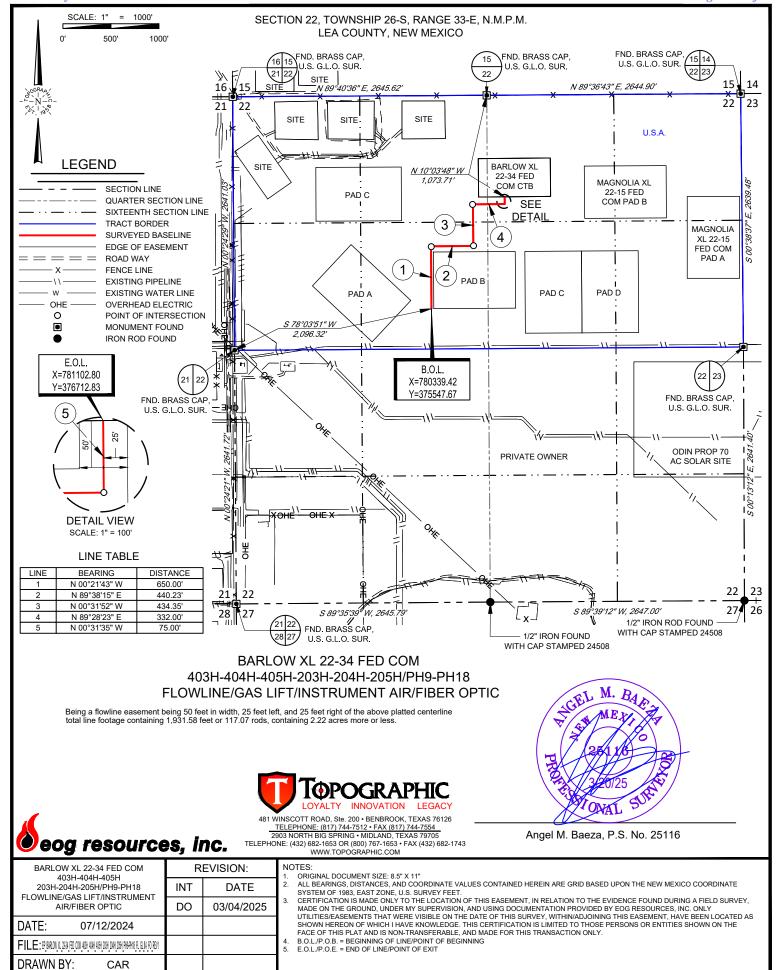


S:\SURVEY\EOG\_MIDLAND\BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM/FINAL\_PRODUCTS\EP\_BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_506H\_505H\_106H\_105H\_306H\_305H\_747H\_746H\_PH1-PH8\_FL\_GL\_IA\_FO\_REV2.DWG 3/20/2025 10:12:49 AM caleb.ol

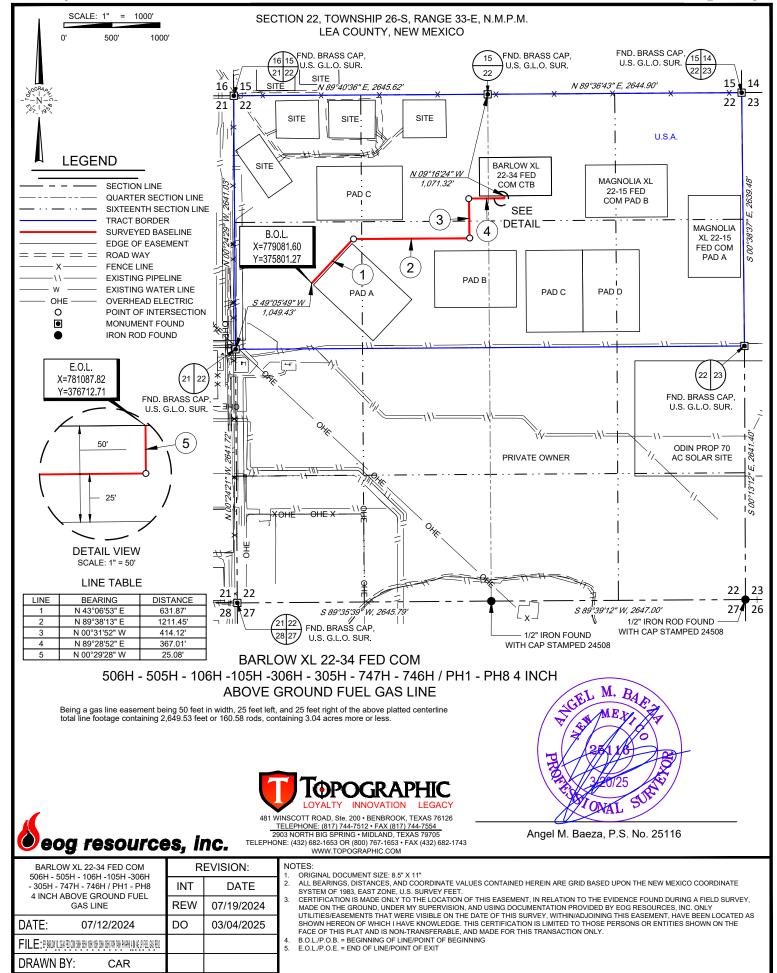
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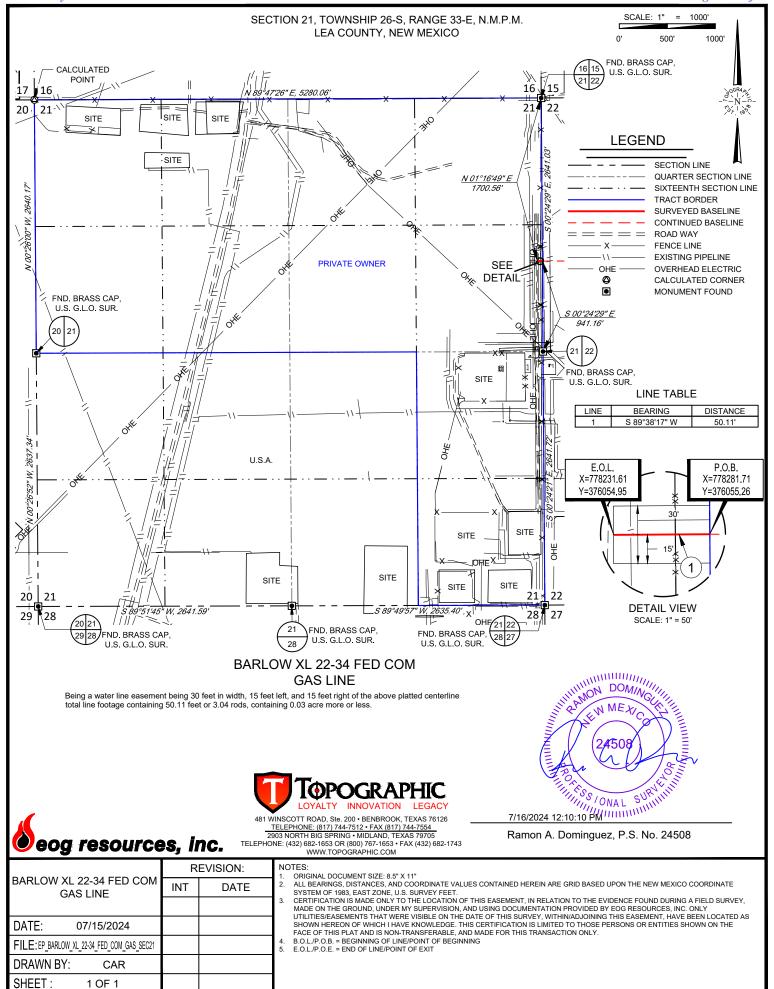
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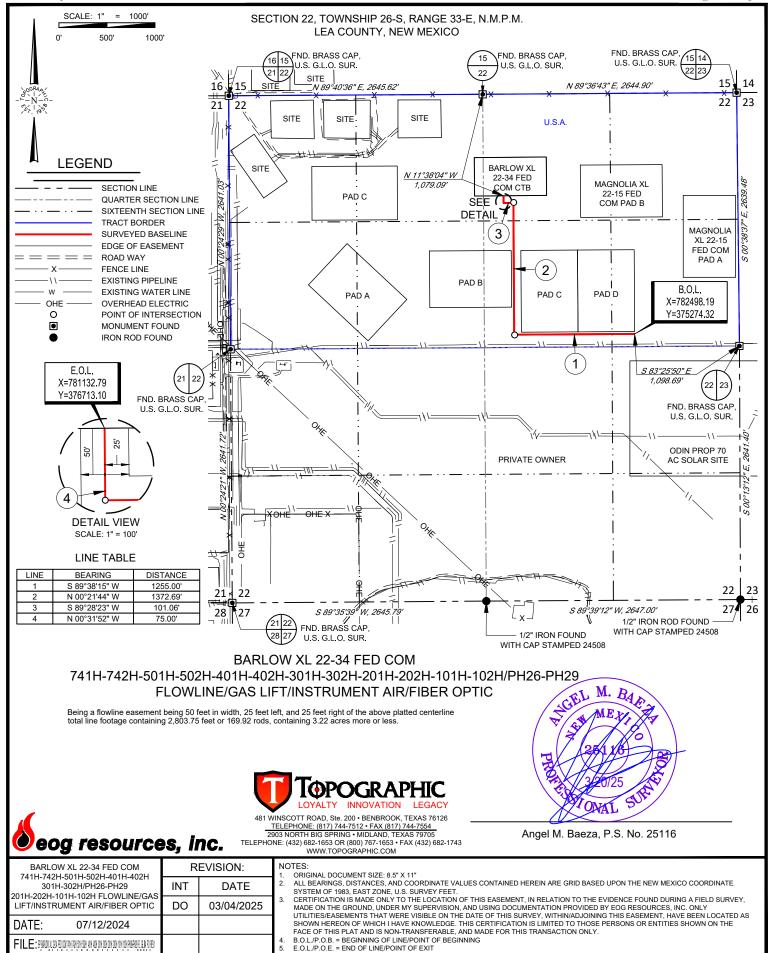


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SHEET





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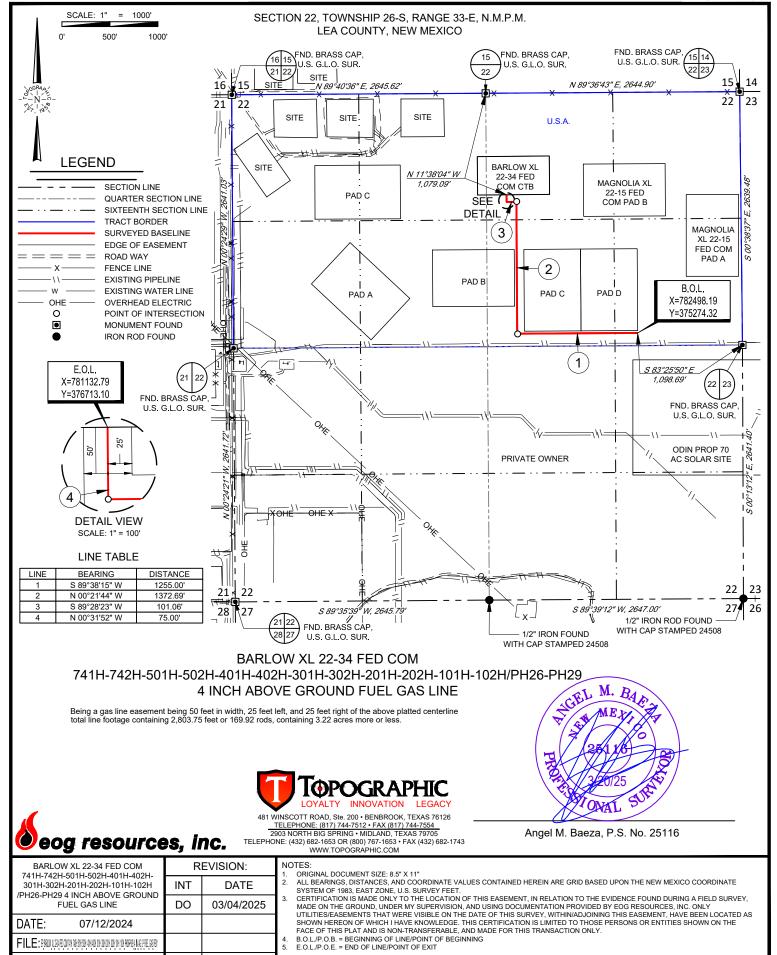
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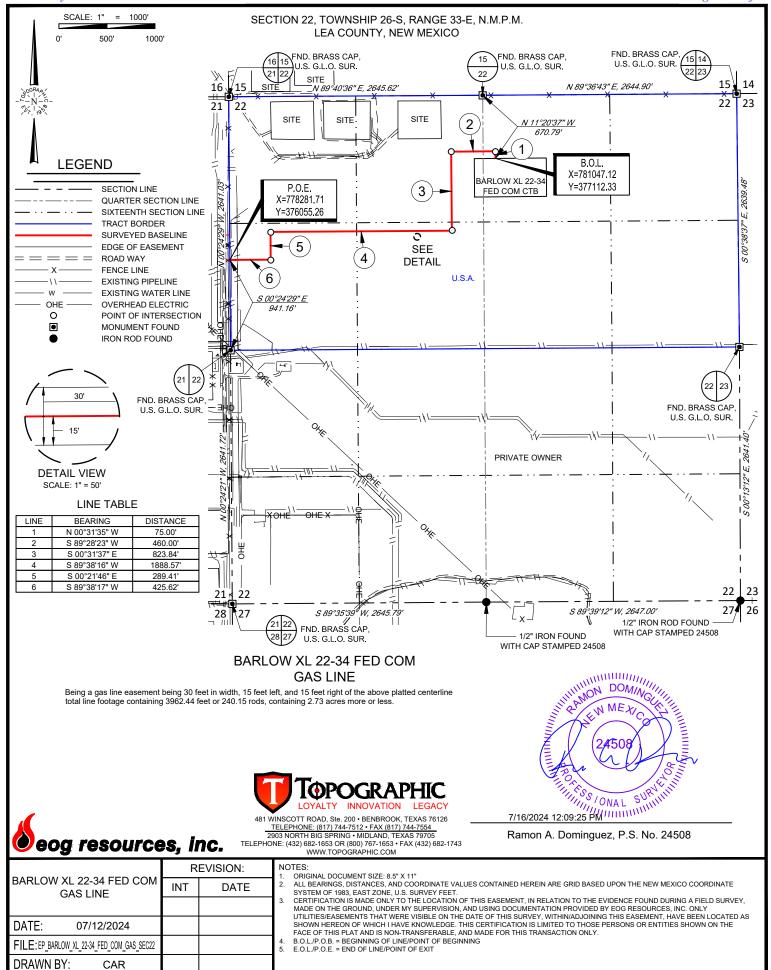
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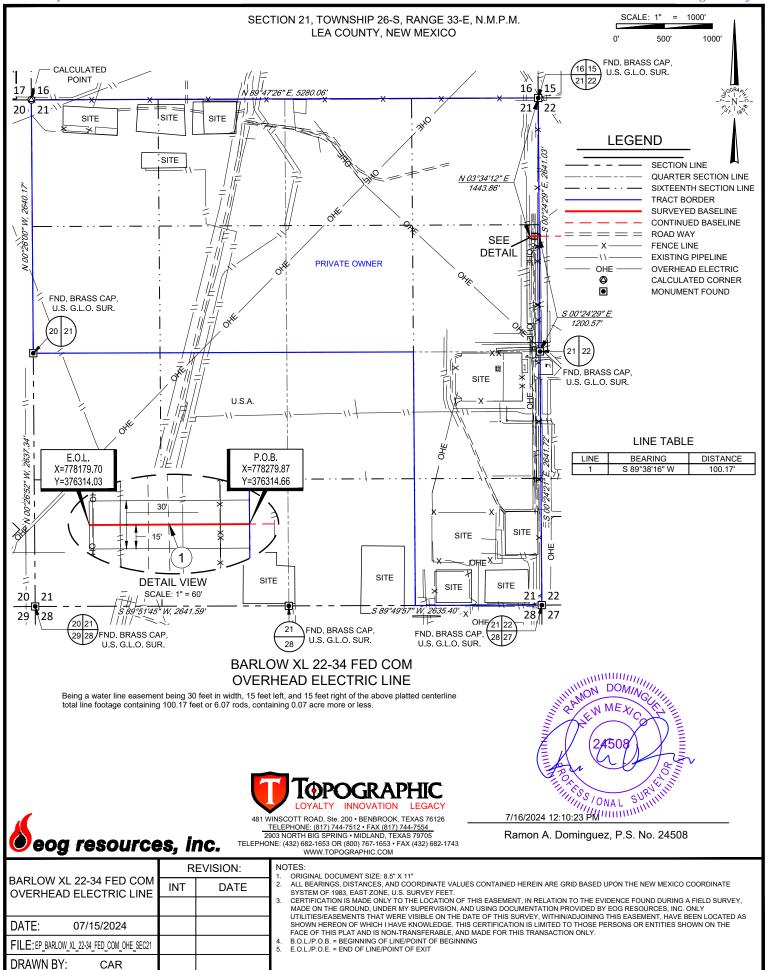
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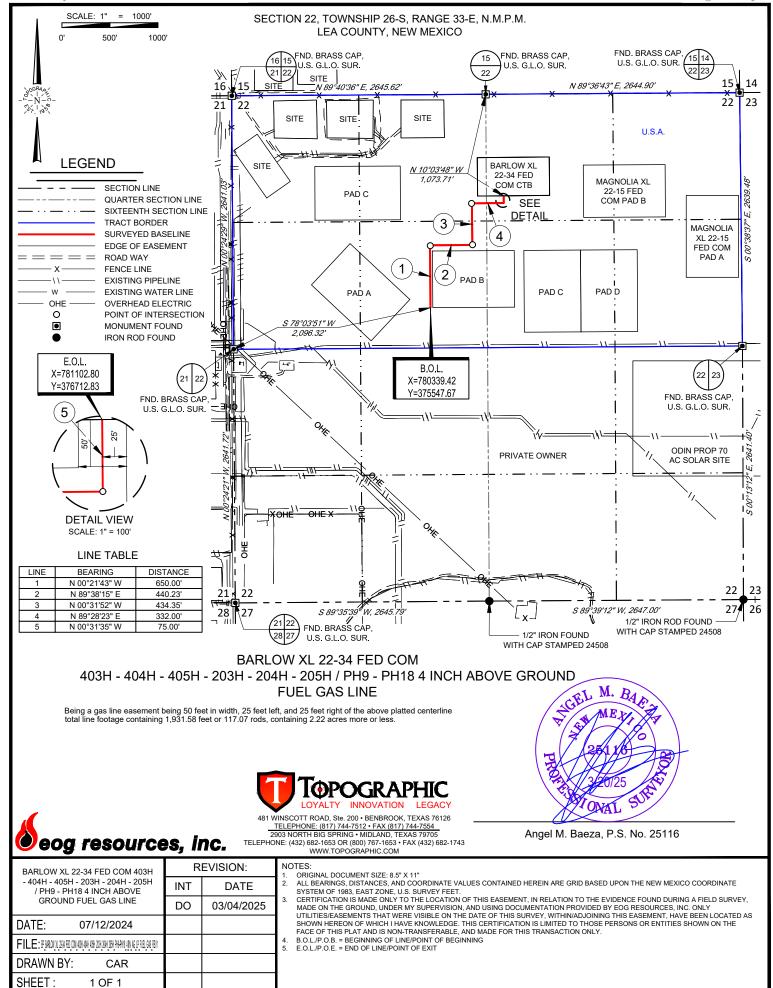
1 OF 1

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1 OF 1

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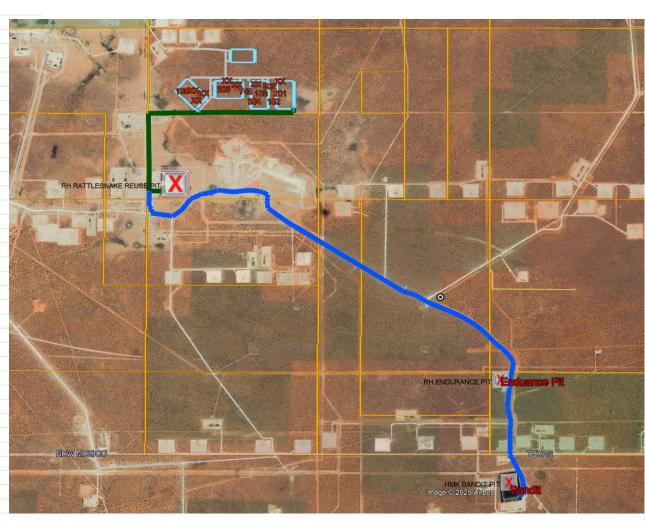


# FRESH & REUSE WATER MAP | BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Rattlesnake Reuse Pit is in the SWSW of Section 22, Township 26 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico, or Latitude: 32° 1'22.74"N, Longitude: 103°33'57.88"W.

The Bandit Fresh Water Pit is in Section 3, Block 76 Public School Land Survey, A-1221, Loving County, Texas or Latitude: 31°59'51.32"N, Longitude 103°31'57.78" W

WELL NAME BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_105H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_106H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_305H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_306H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_505H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_506H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_746H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_747H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_203H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_204H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_205H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 403H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 404H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_405H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_101H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_102H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_201H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_202H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_301H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_302H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_401H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_402H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_501H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_502H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 741H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_742H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_103H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_104H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_303H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_304H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_503H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_504H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_743H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 744H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 745H

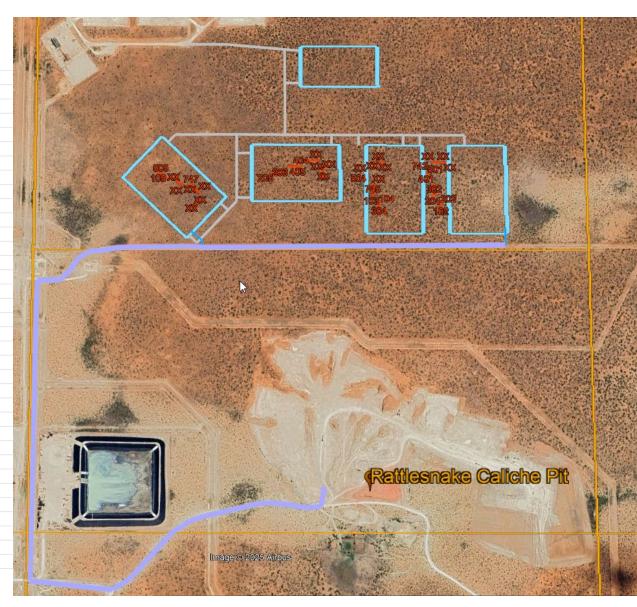


# CALICHE MAP | BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

The caliche pit is in the SWSE of Section 22, Township 26-South, Range 33-East, Lea County, New Mexico

Latitude: 32.022754, Longitude -103.558434

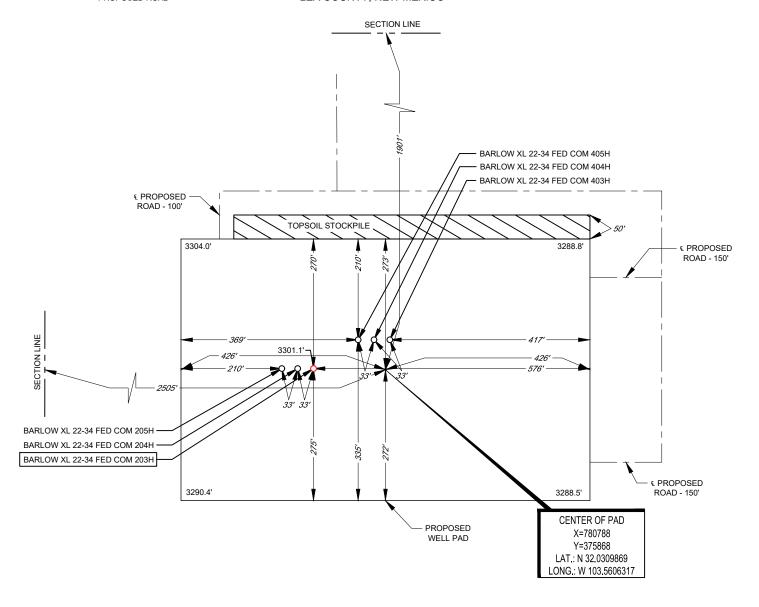
WELL NAME BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_105H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_106H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_305H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_306H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_505H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_506H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_746H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_747H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_203H BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 204H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_205H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_403H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_404H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_405H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_101H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_102H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_201H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_202H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_301H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_302H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_401H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_402H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_501H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_502H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_741H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_742H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_103H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_104H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_303H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_304H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_503H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_504H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_743H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_744H BARLOW\_XL\_22-34\_FED\_COM\_745H

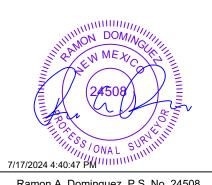


**LEGEND** SECTION LINE PROPOSED ROAD

SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

DETAIL VIEW SCALE: 1" = 200'





Ramon A. Dominguez, P.S. No. 24508

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SCALE: 1" 200 0' 100 200'

LEASE NAME & WELL NO.:

203H LATITUDE\_

N 32.0309941



BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H

TELEPHONE: (432) 682-1653 OR (800) 767-1653 • FAX (432) 682-1743 WWW.TOPOGRAPHIC.COM

203H LONGITUDE

CENTER OF PAD IS 1901' FNL & 2505' FWL

W 103.5611157

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SIZE: 8.5" X 11"

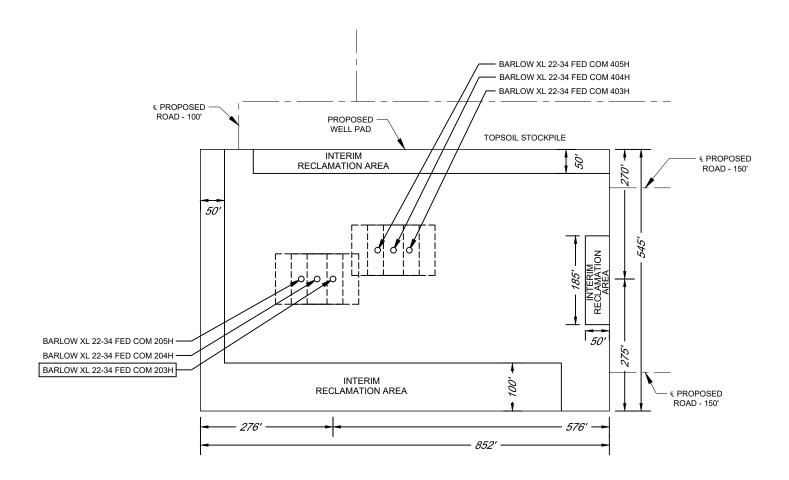
# **EXHIBIT 2C**

## RECLAMATION AND FACILITY DIAGRAM - PRODUCTION FACILITIES DIAGRAM

SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 26-S, RANGE 33-E, N.M.P.M. LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

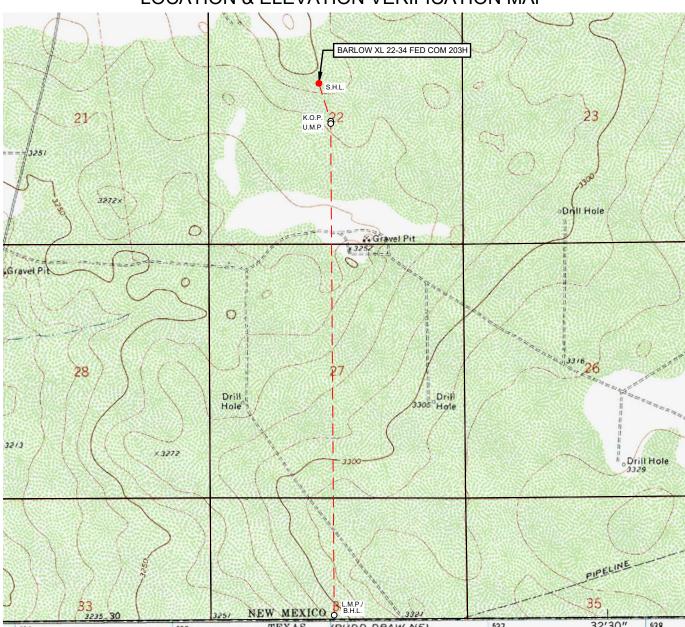
DETAIL VIEW SCALE: 1" = 200'





LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: <u>BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H</u>
203H LATITUDE <u>N 32.0309941</u> 203H LONGITUDE <u>W 103.5611157</u>

# **LOCATION & ELEVATION VERIFICATION MAP**





LEASE NAME & WELL NO.: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H

 SECTION
 22
 TWP
 26-S
 RGE
 33-E
 SURVEY
 N.M.P.M.

 COUNTY
 LEA
 STATE
 NM
 ELEVATION
 3301'

 DESCRIPTION
 1899' FNL & 2355' FWL

LATITUDE \_\_\_\_\_ N 32.0309941 \_\_\_\_ LONGITUDE \_\_\_\_ W 103.5611157

-N-SCALE: 1" = 2000' 0' 1000' 2000'

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SHL: 1899 FNL & 2355 FWL, Section: 22, T.26S., R.33E. BHL: 100 FSL & 2595 FWL. Section: 4. T.26S., R.33E.

# **Surface Use Plan of Operations**

#### Introduction

The following surface use plan of operations will be followed and carried out once the APD is approved. No other disturbance will be created other than what was submitted in this surface use plan. If any other surface disturbance is needed after the APD is approved, a BLM approved sundry notice or right of way application will be acquired prior to any new surface disturbance.

Before any surface disturbance is created, stakes or flagging will be installed to mark boundaries of permitted areas of disturbance, including soils storage areas. As necessary, slope, grade, and other construction control stakes will be placed to ensure construction in accordance with the surface use plan. All boundary markers will be maintained in place until final construction cleanup is completed. If disturbance boundary markers are disturbed or knocked down, they will be replaced before construction proceeds.

If terms and conditions are attached to the approved APD and amend any of the proposed actions in this surface use plan, we will adhere to the terms and conditions.

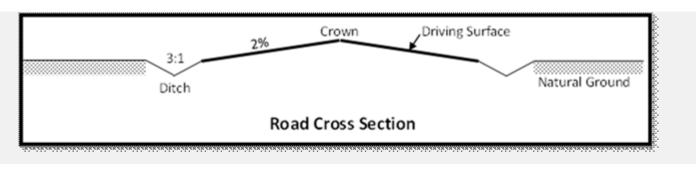
# 1. Existing Roads

- a. The existing access road route to the proposed project is depicted on BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 103H VICINITY. Improvements to the driving surface will be done where necessary. No new surface disturbance will be done, unless otherwise noted in the New or Reconstructed Access Roads section of this surface use plan..
- b. The existing access road route to the proposed project does cross lease boundaries and a BLM road right-of-way will be acquired from the BLM prior to construction activities.
- c. The operator will improve or maintain existing roads in a condition the same as or better than before operations begin. The operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattleguards, other range improvement projects, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use.
- d. We will prevent and abate fugitive dust as needed, whether created by vehicular traffic, equipment operations, or wind events. BLM written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.

#### 2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads

- a. An access road will be needed for this proposed project. See the survey plat for the location of the access road
- b. The length of access road needed to be constructed for this proposed project is about 7275 feet.
- c. The maximum driving width of the access road will be 30 feet. The maximum width of surface disturbance when constructing the access road will not exceed 25 feet. All areas outside of the driving surface will be revegetated.
- d. The access road will be constructed with 6 inches of compacted caliche.
- e. When the road travels on fairly level ground, the road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the road crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes. See Road Cross Section diagram below.

SHL: 1899 FNL & 2355 FWL, Section: 22, T.26S., R.33E. BHL: 100 FSL & 2595 FWL, Section: 4, T.26S., R.33E.



- f. The access road will be constructed with a ditch on each side of the road.
- g. The maximum grade for the access road will be 20 percent.
- h. No turnouts will be constructed on the proposed access road.
- i. No cattleguards will be installed for this proposed access road.
- j. Since the proposed access road crosses lease boundaries, a right-of-way will be required for this access road. A right-of-way grant will be applied for through the BLM. The access road will not be constructed until an approved BLM right-of-way grant is acquired.
- k. No culverts will be constructed for this proposed access road.
- 1. No low water crossings will be constructed for the access road.
- m. Since the access road is on level ground, no lead-off ditches will be constructed for the proposed access road.
- n. Newly constructed or reconstructed roads, on surface under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, will be constructed as outlined in the BLM "Gold Book" and to meet the standards of the anticipated traffic flow and all anticipated weather requirements as needed. Construction will include ditching, draining, crowning and capping or sloping and dipping the roadbed as necessary to provide a well-constructed and safe road.
- o. cut/fill plats will be included

#### 3. Location of Existing Wells

- a. BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H RADIUS of the APD depicts all known wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well.
- b. There is no other information regarding wells within a one mile radius.

# 4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities SEE BELOW FOR SEC 4 ATTACHMENT

- a. All permanent, lasting more than 6 months, above ground structures including but not limited to pumpjacks, storage tanks, barrels, pipeline risers, meter housing, etc. that are not subject to safety requirements will be painted a non-reflective paint color, Shale Green, from the BLM Standard Environmental Colors chart, unless another color is required in the APD Conditions of Approval.
- b. If any type of production facilities are located on the well pad, they will be strategically placed to allow for maximum interim reclamation, recontouring, and revegetation of the well location.
- c. A production facility is proposed to be installed off the proposed well location. Production from the well will be processed at this production facility. BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM CTB depicts the location of the production facilities.

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- d. The proposed production facility will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1-1/2 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for percipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.
- e. BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 depicts the production facility as well.
- f. A pipeline to transport production from the proposed well to the production facility will be installed.
  - i. We plan to install a 6 inch buried flex steel pipeline from the proposed well to the offsite production facility. The proposed length of the pipeline will be 8975 feet. The working pressure of the pipeline will be about 1440 psi. A 30 feet wide work area will be needed to install the buried pipeline. In areas where blading is allowed, topsoil will be stockpiled and separated from the excavated trench mineral material. Final reclamation procedures will match the procedures in Plans for Surface Reclamation. When the excavated soil is backfilled, it will be compacted to prevent subsidence. No berm over the pipeline will be evident.
  - ii.BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 depicts the proposed production pipeline route from the well to the existing production facility.
  - iii. Since the proposed pipeline cross' lease boundaries, a right of way grant will be acquired prior to installation of the proposed pipeline.

If any plans change regarding the production facility or other infrastructure (pipeline, electric line, etc.), we will submit a sundry notice or right of way (if applicable) prior to installation or construction.

#### **Electric Line(s)**

- a. We plan to install an overhead electric line for the proposed well. The proposed length of the electric line will be 3604 feet. BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 depicts the location of the proposed electric line route. The electric line will be construction to provide protection from raptor electrocution.
- b. Since the proposed electric line crossess lease boundaries, a right of way grant will be acquired prior to installation of the proposed electric line.

# 5. Location and Types of Water

a. The source and location of the water supply are as follows: The source and location of the water supply are as follows: This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the drilling program (i) Water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by trucks using existing and proposed roads as depicted on the road map attached (ii) Water may be supplied from frac ponds and transported to the location by temporary above ground surface lines a shown on the map EOG plans to utilize up to eight (8) twelve inch (12") layflat lines to transport fresh water Freshwater contains less than 10\_000 mg\_I Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)\_ exhibits no petroleum sheen when standing\_ and is not previously used in mechanical processes that expose it to heavy metals or other potential toxins EOG plans to utilize up to eight (8) twelve inch (12") to transport treated produced water\_ defined as reconditioning produced water to a reusable form and may include mechanical and chemical processes Treated Produced Water Source:

The EOG Rattlesnake Reuse Pit in the SWSE of Section 22\_ Township 26S\_ Range 33E\_ Lea County\_ New Mexico

Page 3 of 8

SHL: 1899 FNL & 2355 FWL, Section: 22, T.26S., R.33E. BHL: 100 FSL & 2595 FWL, Section: 4, T.26S., R.33E.

The EOG Bandit Pit in NE4 of Section 3 Block 76 Loving County Texas

Temporary surface lines would originate from a single or multiple water source locations in the surrounding area of the proposed action and be temporarily laid above ground with minimal disturbance

Temporary surface line(s) shall be laid no more than 10 feet from the existing disturbance's edge (ie\_bar\_borrow ditch\_road surface or two track road\_or other man made addition to the landscape) A push off arm or another mechanism will be used All vehicle equipment will remain within the existing disturbance

Map or maps showing the locations of the temporary surface lines will be provided with the APD and included in the Environmental Assessment An electronic map file (shape file or KMZ file) shall be submitted with the Environmental Assessment.

b. Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com\_Water Map depicts the proposed route for a 12 inch lay flat temporary (<90 days) water pipeline supplying water for drilling operations.

#### 6. Construction Material

a. Caliche will be supplied from pits shown on the attached caliche source map.

Caliche utilized for the drilling pad will be obtained either from an existing approved mineral pit, or by benching into a hill, which will allow the pad to be level with existing caliche from the cut or extracted by "Flipping" the well location. A mineral material permit will be obtained from BLM prior to excavating any caliche on Federal Lands. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure for "Flipping" a well location is as follows:

- -An adequate amount of topsoil/root zone (usually top 6 inches of soil) will be stripped from the proposed well location and stockpiled along the side of the well location as depicted on the well site diagram/survey plat.
- -An area within the proposed well site dimensions will be used to excavate caliche.
- Subsoil will be removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad dimensions.
- -Once caliche/surfacing mineral is found, the mineral material will be excavated and stockpiled within the approved drilling pad dimensions.
- -Then, subsoil will be pushed back in the excavated hole, and caliche will be spread accordingly across the entire well pad and road (if available).
- -Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stockpiled outside the well pad dimensions. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

If no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM-approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired before obtaining mineral material from BLM pits or federal land.

# 7. Methods for Handling Waste

- a. Drilling fluids and produced oil and water from the well during drilling and completion operations will be stored safely and disposed of properly in an NMOCD approved disposal facility.
- b. Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations will be collected in a trash container and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility. All trash on and around the well site will be collected for disposal.
- c. Human waste and grey water will be properly contained and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility.
- d. After drilling and completion operations, trash, chemicals, salts, frac sand and other waste material will be removed and disposed of properly at a state approved disposal facility.
- e. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop system. Drill cutting will be properly disposed of into steel

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tanks and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal facility.

## 8. Ancillary Facilities

a. No ancillary facilities will be needed for this proposed project.

## 9. Well Site Layout

- a. The following information is presented in the well site survey plat or diagram:
  - i. reasonable scale (near 1":50')
  - ii.well pad dimensions
  - iii. well pad orientation
  - iv. drilling rig components
  - v.proposed access road
  - vi. elevations of all points
  - vii. topsoil stockpile
  - viii. reserve pit location/dimensions if applicable
  - ix. other disturbances needed (flare pit, stinger, frac farm pad, etc.)
  - x. existing structures within the 600' x 600' archaeoligical surveyed area (pipelines, electric lines, well pads, etc
- b. The proposed drilling pad was staked and surveyed by a professional surveyor. The attached survey plat of the well site depicts the drilling pad layout as staked.
- c. A title of a well site diagram is Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H Rig Layout. This diagram depicts the rig lay out.
- d. Topsoil Salvaging
  - i. Grass, forbs, and small woody vegetation, such as mesquite will be excavated as the topsoil is removed. Large woody vegetation will be stripped and stored separately and respread evenly on the site following topsoil respreading. Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils. Contaminated soil will not be stockpiled, but properly treated and handled prior to topsoil salvaging.

#### 10. Plans for Surface Reclamation

#### **Reclamation Objectives**

- i. The objective of interim reclamation is to restore vegetative cover and a portion of the landform sufficient to maintain healthy, biologically active topsoil; control erosion; and minimize habitat and forage loss, visual impact, and weed infestation, during the life of the well or facilities.
- ii. The long-term objective of final reclamation is to return the land to a condition similar to what existed prior to disturbance. This includes restoration of the landform and natural vegetative community, hydrologic systems, visual resources, and wildlife habitats. To ensure that the long-term objective will be reached

through human and natural processes, actions will be taken to ensure standards are met for site stability of 8

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visual quality, hydrological functioning, and vegetative productivity.

- iii. The BLM will be notified at least 3 days prior to commencement of any reclamation procedures.
- iv. If circumstances allow, interim reclamation and/or final reclamation actions will be completed no later than 6 months from when the final well on the location has been completed or plugged. We will gain written permission from the BLM if more time is needed.
- v. Interim reclamation will be performed on the well site after the well is drilled and completed. Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H Reclamation depicts the location and dimensions of the planned interim reclamation for the well site.

#### **Interim Reclamation Procedures (If performed)**

- 1. Within 30 days of well completion, the well location and surrounding areas will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
- 2. In areas planned for interim reclamation, all the surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
- 3. The areas planned for interim reclamation will then be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.
- 4. Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts & fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds, will be used. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- 5. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
- 6. The interim reclamation will be monitored periodically to ensure that vegetation has reestablished and that erosion is controlled.

#### Final Reclamation (well pad, buried pipelines, etc.)

- 1. Prior to final reclamation procedures, the well pad, road, and surrounding area will be cleared of material, trash, and equipment.
- 2. All surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
- 3. All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, production facilities, and interim reclaimed areas will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.
- 4. After all the disturbed areas have been properly prepared, the areas will be seeded with the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating

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to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.

- 5. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the entire area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
- 6. All unused equipment and structures including pipelines, electric line poles, tanks, etc. that serviced the well will be removed.
- 7. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, and that erosion is controlled.

# 11. Surface Ownership

a. The surface ownership of the proposed project is federal.

#### 12. Other Information

a. The onsite meeting was conducted at the BLM CFO on 07/03/2024. Topographic is the land surveyor, and Goshawk will be the Environmental Consultant for this Well Package.

We plan to use eight 12-inch lay flat hoses to transport water and eight 4-inch polylines or lay flat for drilling and frac operations.

The well will be produced using gas lift as the artificial lift method.

Produced water will be transported via pipeline to the EOG produced water gathering system.

We are asking for sixteen associated pipelines, all depicted on the attached Exhibit 5 Overall Sketch and associated pipeline plats:

# 13. Maps and Diagrams

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H VICINITY - Existing Road

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H RADIUS - Wells Within One Mile

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM CTB - Production Facilities Diagram

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 - Additional Production Facilities Diagram

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 - Production Pipeline

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM EX5 - Electric Line

Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com Water Map - Drilling Water Pipeline

Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H Rig Layout - Well Site Diagram

Barlow XL 22-34 Fed Com 203H Reclamation - Interim Reclamation

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#### PROPOSED NEW PIPELINES:

| Type    | Product                    | Size     | PSI  | Material           | Area Width |
|---------|----------------------------|----------|------|--------------------|------------|
| Buried  | Flowline                   | 6-inch   | 1440 | Flexpipe/Flexsteel | 30         |
| Buried  | Gas Lift Gas               | 6-inch   | 1440 | Flexpipe/Flexsteel | 30         |
| Buried  | Produced Water             | 20-inch  | 250  | Poly               | 30         |
| Buried  | Gas Sales                  | 20-inch  | 1200 | Steel              | 30         |
| Buried  | Localized Gas Lift         | 8-inch   | 1440 | Flexsteel/Steel    | 30         |
| Buried  | Air Line                   | 4-inch   | 165  | Poly/Flexsteel     | 30         |
| Buried  | Fiber Optic                | 1 inch   | NA   | Cable Strand       | 30         |
|         |                            |          |      |                    |            |
| Surface | Low Pressure Fuel Line     | 4-inch   | 125  | Poly               | 30         |
| (Lov    | w Pressure Gas Fuel Line f | for Rig) |      |                    |            |

#### Six-inch Flowlines, Six-inch Gas Lift, 4-inch Instrument Air Line, and Fiber Optic:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 741H-742H-501H-502H-401H-402H-301H-302H-201H-202H-101H-102H/PH26-PH29 - Total footage 2,803.75′ BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Six-inch Flowlines, Six-inch Gas Lift, 4-inch Instrument Air Line, and Fiber Optic:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 506H-505H-106H-104H-306H-305H-747H-746H/PH1-PH8- Total footage 2,649.53'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Six-inch Flowlines, Six-inch Gas Lift, 4-inch Instrument Air Line, and Fiber Optic:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 503H-504H-743H-744H-745H-106H-303H-304H/PH19-PH25-Total footage 1,589.03'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Six-inch Flowlines, Six-inch Gas Lift, 4-inch Instrument Air Line, and Fiber Optic:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 403H-404H-405H-203H-204H-205H/PH9-PH18- Total footage 1,931.58'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Four-inch Low-Pressure Gas Fuel Line for Drilling Rig:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 741H-742H-501H-502H-401H-402H-301H-302H-201H-202H-101H-102H/PH26-PH29 - Total footage 2,803.75'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Four-inch Low-Pressure Gas Fuel Line for Drilling Rig:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 506H-505H-106H-106H-306H-305H-747H-746H/PH1-PH8- Total footage 2,649.53

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Four-inch Low-Pressure Gas Fuel Line for Drilling Rig:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 503H-504H-743H-744H-745H-103H-104H-303H-304H/PH19-PH25- Total footage 1,589.03'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Four-inch Low-Pressure Gas Fuel Line for Drilling Rig:

BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 403H-404H-405H-203H-204H-205H/PH9-PH18- Total footage 1,931.56'

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E

#### Central Tank Battery: Barlow XL 22-34 is a new facility in the NE4NW4 NW4NE4 of

Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E, Lea County, New Mexico. The facility is  $400^{\circ}$  x  $750^{\circ}$ 

#### **Produced Water Gathering Sale Line:**

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E - Total Footage 3,797.76'

Fee Surface Section 21, Township 26S, Range 33E - Total Footage 50.14'

#### **Gas Gathering Sale Line:**

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E - Total Footage 3,962.44'

Fee Surface Section 21, Township 26S, Range 33E - Total Footage 50.11'

#### **Localized Gas Lift:**

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E – Total Footage 4,099.89'

Crude Oil Gathering Sale Line: N/A, third-party connection

#### Barlow XL 22-43 Overhead Electric Line:

BLM Surface Section 22, Township 26S, Range 33E - Total Footage 3,604.41'

Fee Surface Section 21, Township 26S, Range 33E – Total Footage 100.17'



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PWD Data Report

PWD disturbance (acres):

**APD ID:** 10400101903 **Submission Date:** 11/15/2024

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

Well Type: OIL WELL Well Work Type: Drill

#### **Section 1 - General**

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

#### **Section 2 - Lined**

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? N

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD surface owner:

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Lined pit PWD on or off channel:

Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Lined pit

Pit liner description:

Pit liner manufacturers

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule

Lined pit reclamation description:

Lined pit reclamation

Leak detection system description:

Leak detection system

Released to Imaging: 9/11/2025 1:42:30 PM

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

**Lined pit Monitor description:** 

**Lined pit Monitor** 

Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Lined pit bond number:

Lined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information

#### **Section 3 - Unlined**

Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? N

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD disturbance (acres): PWD surface owner:

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

**Unlined pit** 

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation

Unlined pit Monitor description:

**Unlined pit Monitor** 

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

**Precipitated Solids Permit** 

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

#### **State**

**Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated** 

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

**Additional bond information** 

## Section 4 -

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? N

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

Injection well type:

Injection well number:

Injection well name:

Assigned injection well API number?

Injection well API number:

Injection well new surface disturbance (acres):

**Minerals protection information:** 

Mineral protection

**Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit?** 

**UIC Permit** 

## **Section 5 - Surface**

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? N

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Other PWD Surface Owner Description:

Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

**Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?** 

**Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:** 

Surface Discharge site facilities information:

Surface discharge site facilities map:

**Operator Name:** EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM Well Number: 203H

# Section 6 -

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? N

**Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:** 

PWD surface owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

**PWD Surface Owner Description:** 

Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Other PWD type description:

Other PWD type

Have other regulatory requirements been met?

Other regulatory requirements



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Bond Info Data

**APD ID:** 10400101903

**Operator Name: EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED** 

Well Name: BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

Submission Date: 11/15/2024

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Well Number: 203H

Well Work Type: Drill

recent changes Show Final Text

#### **Bond**

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: NMB106709157

**BIA Bond number:** 

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

**BLM** reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

**Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:** 

**Reclamation bond amount:** 

**Reclamation bond rider amount:** 

Additional reclamation bond information attachment:

## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

# NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

# Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

| I. Operator:EOG   | Resources, Inc         | cOGRID                        | <b>):</b> 7377           |                          | Da               | ate: 9/3/2       | 2025         |                                 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| II. Type: ⊠ Origina   | al 🗆 Amendm            | nent due to $\Box$ 19.15.     | 27.9.D(6)(a) N           | MAC □ 19.15.27.          | 9.D(6)(t         | ) NMAC           | C□ Otl       | ier.                            |
| If Other, please describe   | e:                     |                               |                          |                          |                  |                  | <del> </del> |                                 |
| <b>III. Well(s):</b> Provide the be recompleted from a second   |                        |                               |                          |                          | wells pr         | oposed to        | be dri       | lled or proposed to             |
| Well Name   | API                    | ULSTR                         | Footages                 | Anticipated<br>Oil BBL/D |                  | cipated<br>MCF/D |              | Anticipated roduced Water BBL/D |
| BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H  |                        | F-22-26S-33E                  | 1899' FNL &<br>2355' FWL | +/- 1000                 | +/- 35           | 000              | +/- 30       | 000                             |
| V. Anticipated Sched<br>or proposed to be recon   | <b>ule:</b> Provide th | ne following informa          | ntion for each ne        | ew or recompleted        | l well or<br>nt. |                  | lls prop     | . , , , ,                       |
|   |                        | 1                             | Date                     | Commencement             |                  | Back I           | Date         | Date                            |
| BARLOW XL 22-34 FED COM 203H  |                        | 9/30/25                       | 10/15/25                 | 12/01/25                 |                  | 2/01/26          |              | 3/01/26                         |
| VI. Separation Equipmed VII. Operational Practices Subsection A through Figure VIII. Best Managemed during active and plann | tices: Atta            | ch a complete descri<br>NMAC. | iption of the ac         | tions Operator wi        | ll take to       | o comply         | with t       | he requirements of              |

## Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

🖾 Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

#### IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

| Well | API | Anticipated Average<br>Natural Gas Rate MCF/D | Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF |
|------|-----|---|--|
|      |     |   |  |
|      |     |   |  |

#### X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

| Operator | System | ULSTR of Tie-in | Anticipated Gathering Start Date | Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in |
|----------|--------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|
|          |        |                 |                                  |   |
|          |        |                 |                                  |   |

| XI. Map.   Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the   |
|---|
| production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of |
| the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.                                   |

| XII. Line Capacity. The natural | gas gathering system [     | □ will □ will | not have capacity t | o gather 1 | 100% of the | e anticipated | natural ga |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| production volume from the well | prior to the date of first | production.   |                     |            |             |               |            |

| VIII I : Programme Outside of the control of the | '(1  |
|---|--|
|   | its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the |
| natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to m  | neet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s)  |

| $\neg$ | Attach On | arator's | nlan to | monoga | production | in rocnone | o to the inc  | reased line r | roccuro |
|--------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------|
|        | Affach Ob | erator s | nian to | manage | production | in respons | se to the inc | reased line i | ressure |

| XIV. Confidentiality:   Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided          | l in |
|---|------|
| Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific informat | ion  |
| for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.   |      |

# Section 3 - Certifications <u>Effective May 25, 2021</u>

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

☑ Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or
 ☐ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system.

**Well Shut-In.** □ Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

**Venting and Flaring Plan.** □ Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

(a) power generation on lease;

If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:

- **(b)** power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

# **Section 4 - Notices**

- 1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:
- (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

| Signature: Star L Harrell                             |
|---|
| Printed Name: Star L Harrell                          |
| Title: Regulatory Advisor                             |
| E-mail Address: Star_Harrell@eogresources.com         |
| Date: 9/3/2025  |
| Phone: (432) 848-9161                                 |
| OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION                             |
| (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form) |
| Approved By:  |
| Title:  |
| Approval Date:  |
| Conditions of Approval:                               |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |

#### Natural Gas Management Plan Items VI-VIII

# VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

- Separation equipment will be sized to provide adequate separation for anticipated rates.
- Adequate separation relates to retention time for Liquid Liquid separation and velocity for Gas-Liquid separation.
- Collection systems are appropriately sized to handle facility production rates on all (3) phases.
- Ancillary equipment and metering is selected to be serviced without flow interruptions or the need to release
  gas from the well.

# VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

#### **Drilling Operations**

- All flare stacks will be properly sized. The flare stacks will be located at a minimum 100' from the nearest surface hole location on the pad.
- All natural gas produced during drilling operations will be flared, unless there is an equipment malfunction
  and/or to avoid risk of an immediate and substantial adverse impact on safety and the environment, at which
  point the gas will be vented.

#### **Completions/Recompletions Operations**

- New wells will not be flowed back until they are connected to a properly sized gathering system.
- The facility will be built/sized for maximum anticipated flowrates and pressures to minimize waste.
- For flowback operations, multiple stages of separation will be used as well as excess VRU and blowers to make sure waste is minimized off the storage tanks and facility.
- During initial flowback, the well stream will be routed to separation equipment.
- At an existing facility, when necessary, post separation natural gas will be flared until it meets pipeline specifications, at which point it will be turned into a collection system.
- At a new facility, post separation natural gas will be vented until storage tanks can safely function, at which point it will be flared until it meets pipeline spec.

#### **Production Operations**

- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all facilities.
- All flares will be equipped with auto-ignition systems and continuous pilot operations.
- After a well is stabilized from liquid unloading, the well will be turned back into the collection system.
- All plunger lift systems will be optimized to limit the amount of waste.
- All tanks will have automatic gauging equipment installed.
- Leaking thief hatches found during AVOs will be cleaned and properly re-sealed.

#### Performance Standards

- Production equipment will be designed to handle maximum anticipated rates and pressure.
- All flared gas will be combusted in a flare stack that is properly sized and designed to ensure proper combustion.
- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all wells and facilities that produce more than 60 Mcfd.

#### Measurement & Estimation

- All volume that is flared and vented that is not measured will be estimated.
- All measurement equipment for flared volumes will conform to API 14.10.
- No meter bypasses with be installed.

• When metering is not practical due to low pressure/low rate, the vented or flared volume will be estimated.

# VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

- During downhole well maintenance, EOG will use best management practices to vent as minimally as possible.
- Prior to the commencement of any maintenance, the tank or vessel will be isolated from the rest of the facilities.
- All valves upstream of the equipment will be closed and isolated.
- After equipment has been isolated, the equipment will be blown down to as low a pressure as possible into the collection system.
- If the equipment being maintained cannot be relieved into the collection system, it shall be released to a tank where the vapor can either be captured or combusted if possible.
- After downhole well maintenance, natural gas will be flared until it reaches pipeline specification.

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Action 505306

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

| Operator:            | OGRID:  |
|----------------------|---|
| EOG RESOURCES INC    | 7377  |
| 5509 Champions Drive | Action Number:  |
| Midland, TX 79706    | 505306  |
|                      | Action Type:  |
|                      | [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3) |

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I hereby certify that no additives containing PFAS chemicals will be added to the completion or recompletion of this well.

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

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# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 505306

#### **CONDITIONS**

| Operator:            | OGRID:  |
|----------------------|---|
| EOG RESOURCES INC    | 7377  |
| 5509 Champions Drive | Action Number:  |
| Midland, TX 79706    | 505306  |
|                      | Action Type:  |
|                      | [C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3) |

#### CONDITIONS

| Created By      | Condition   | Condition<br>Date |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|
| kayla_mcconnell | Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.  | 9/11/2025         |
| kayla_mcconnell | If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.  | 9/11/2025         |
| matthew.gomez   | Administrative order required for non-standard spacing unit prior to production.  | 9/11/2025         |
| matthew.gomez   | Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.   | 9/11/2025         |
| matthew.gomez   | Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string. | 9/11/2025         |
| matthew.gomez   | Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.                  | 9/11/2025         |
| matthew.gomez   | File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.  | 9/11/2025         |