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1RP - 2652
CONOCOPHILLIPS COMPANY

REMEDIATION CLOSURE REPORT

MCA 4-B HEADER RELEASE AREA

NMOCD #1RP-11-10-2652 EPI REF: 150029

UL-N (SE¼ OF THE NW¼) OF SECTION 23 T17S R32E
~3.1 MILES SOUTHEAST OF MALJAMAR,
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

LATITUDE: N 32° 48' 07.46" LONGITUDE: W 103° 28' 33.70"

APRIL 2012

PREPARED BY:

ENVIRONMENTAL PLUS, INC. 2100 AVENUE O P.O. BOX 1558 EUNICE, NEW MEXICO 88231

PREPARED FOR:



26 April 2012

Mr. Geoffrey Leking Environmental Engineer New Mexico Oil Conservation Division 1265 North French Drive Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

RE: Remediation Closure Report – MCA 4-B Header Release Area ConocoPhillips Corporation UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T 17S, R 32 E Lea County, New Mexico Latitude: 32° 48' 07.46"; Longitude: 103°28' 33.70" NMOCD Ref. #1RP-11-10-2652; EPI Ref. #150029

Dear Mr. Leking:

The below Remediation Closure Report (Report) is an abbreviated version depicting prominent remedial activities conducted on the above referenced Release Area. However, for clarity and cross reference elimination purposes the Report includes Release History, Site Background, Preliminary Field Work, Analytical Data and Procedures and Field Remediation Activities.

Release History

Initial release occurred on July 13, 2010 at 10:00 am when approximately 16.3-barrels of petroleum product (16.3 barrels - oil and 0.0 barrels - water) covering a release area of $\pm 9,180$ square feet (s.f.) were released when a compression fitting separated on a four (4) inch diameter asbestos cement surface flow line. A vacuum truck deployed to the release area recovered 12-barrels of crude oil.

A secondary release occurred on February 6, 2011 at an unknown time and volume from the same four (4) inch diameter asbestos cement surface flow line covering a release area of $\pm 7,500$ square feet. Approximately 60-barrels of free standing petroleum products were recovered (48 barrels – oil and 12 barrels – water). On February 7, 2011 an additional 35 barrels of fluids were recovered and transported to Sundance Services, Inc., for disposal. On February 10, 2011 a vacuum truck collected an additional 66-barrels of solids and transported to Sundance Services for disposal.

Site Background

The site is located in UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S, R32E at an approximate elevation of 3,997 feet above mean sea level (amsl). The property is owned by the Department of the Interior and managed by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM). A search for water wells was completed utilizing the <u>New Mexico Office of the State Engineers</u> website and a database maintained by the United States Geological Survey (USGS). No wells (domestic, agriculture or



public) or bodies of surface water exist within a 1,000-feet radius of the Site. Ground water data indicated average depth to water is approximately 55-60 feet below ground surface (bgs). Based on field data acquired via soil borings (12-15-11), vertical distance between impacted soil and groundwater is approximately 10-15 feet. Utilizing this information, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Remedial Threshold Goals (NMOCD Goals) were determined as follows:

Parameter	Remedial Goal
Benzene	10 mg/Kg
BTEX	50 mg/Kg
TPH	100 mg/Kg
Chlorides	250 mg/Kg

Preliminary Field Work

EPI responded to the initial spill which occurred on July 13, 2010 from a four (4) inch diameter asbestos cement surface flow line. Approximately 16.3-bbls of petroleum products were released with 12-bbls recovered. On September 8, 2010 EPI advanced ten (10) hand auger soil borings within the release area. If possible, hand auger soil borings were advanced to a depth where two (2) consecutive soil samples were below NMOCD Goals for TPH (100 mg/Kg) and chloride (250 mg/Kg) concentrations. Based on soil sample laboratory analytical results, EPI developed a *Remediation Proposal* and presented it to the NMOCD on September 27, 2010. However, prior to commencement of remedial activities a second release occurred on the same pipeline and area on February 6, 2011.

On March 4, 2011 EPI mobilized labor and equipment to the Site. From March 4-18, 2011 EPI excavated and transported approximately 518-cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil to Controlled Recovery, Incorporated (CRI) for disposal. As the release area was on sandy soil located in a depression surrounded by sand dunes, removal of petroleum contaminated soil as directed by BLM representative was a precautionary measure for limiting vertical and horizontal migration of contaminants. In an effort to delineate vertical depth and horizon limits of impacted material, six (6) test trenches were excavated on March 16, 2011. Fourteen (14) soil samples were collected from the six (6) test trenches, three (3) sidewalls and one (1) original sand hill. Soil samples were collected a various depths, field tested and remitted to an independent laboratory for analyses of TPH and chloride concentrations (Ref. *Figure 4* for location and *Table 3* for analytical results).

On April 28, 2011 EPI again mobilized labor and equipment to the release area and transported 28-cubic yards of impacted material to CRI. In addition, soil samples were collected at test trenche locales determined by BLM and NMOCD representatives. Thirteen (13) soil samples were collected at locales exhibiting elevated TPH and/or chloride concentrations greater than NMOCD Goals, but at different vertical depths and/or extended horizontal limits. As collected soil samples were destined for laboratory analyses only, no field tests were conducted. All thirteen (13) soil samples indicated TPH concentrations either non-detect (ND) or at limits below



NMOCD Goals of 100 mg/Kg. However, all six (6) soil samples analyzed for chloride concentrations were elevated above NMOCD Goals of 250 mg/Kg (Ref. *Figure 4* for locations and *Table 3* for analytical results).

Analytical Data and Procedures

Soil samples collected for Field and Laboratory Analyses on dates listed in the above referenced *Preliminary Field Work* and subsequent *Field Remediation Activities* sections are included in Tables 2, *Hand Auger Analytical Data*, Table 3, *Excavation Analytical Data* and Table 4, *Soil Borings Analytical Data*. Due to the voluminous nature of soil sample analytical data, individual testing results will be expounded to highlight major "areas of concern". Otherwise, specific Tables will be referenced for analytical results.

A portion of select soil samples were field tested for organic vapors and in several instances for chloride concentrations. Soil samples collected for field testing of organic vapors were placed in self sealing polyethylene bags and allowed to equilibrate to ~70° F. Soil samples were then tested for organic vapors utilizing a MiniRaeTM Photoionization Detector (PID) equipped with a 10.6 electron-volt (eV) lamp calibrated for benzene response. Chloride concentrations were determined via use of a LaMotte Chloride Kit (Titration Method).

Soil samples designated for laboratory analyses were immediately inserted into laboratory provided containers, labeled, placed in coolers, iced down and transported to an independent laboratory for quantification of TPH [Gasoline Range Organics (C6-C12), Diesel Range Organics (>C12-C28) and Oil Range Organics (>C28-C35)] and chloride concentrations under Chain-of-Custody protocol..

Field Remediation Activities

Following approval of the *Remediation Proposal* by NMOCD and BLM, EPI remobilized to the site on October 28, 2011 to begin remedial activities. Due to previous agreement with the BLM, ingress/egress road was limited in width and depth to prevent additional damage to the environment. Excavated impacted material was transported to a designated stockpile area near an existing caliche lease road via front end loaders. From October 28 through November 18, 2011, approximately 1,846 cubic yards of impacted material was excavated and transported to CRI.

In an effort to determine depth of impacted soil, EPI mobilized to the site on November 28, 2011 and attempted to delineate the area via hand auger methods. As this effort proved to no avail, a trackhoe was used to dig a sample trench to a depth of ±17-vertical feet below bottom of existing excavation. Six (6) soil samples were collected from the sidewalls and bottom of the sample trench. Field analyses of the soil samples indicated chloride concentrations elevated above NMOCD Goals of 250 mg/Kg.

After consultation with representatives of ConocoPhillips, BLM and NMOCD, it was concluded soil borings were the practical means of determining depth of impacted material. From November 29 through December 14, 2011, the south end of the excavation was prepared for soil boring activities. Bottom of excavation was leveled using in-situ material and compacted with a trackhoe. Approximately 134 cubic yards of imported clay (Wallach Concrete, Eunice, New Mexico) was used to build a minimum two (2) feet thick barrier over the bottom of the



excavation. Compaction was achieved via use of the trackhoe steel tracks. Once the clay barrier was in place and compacted, the excavation was backfilled with caliche to within five (5) feet of original ground surface. During this activity approximately 497 cubic yards of imported caliche were used. To aid in achieving density suitable for supporting a drill rig, the caliche was watered and rolled by the trackhoe. Similarly, ingress/egress road and turnaround areas were improved for accessibility of the drilling rig.

On December 15, 2011 a drilling rig (White Drilling, Clyde, Texas) mobilized to the job site and drilled one (1) each soil boring on the south and north ends of the southerly excavation (Ref. Figure #5 for locations). Soil samples were collected and field tested at five (5) feet increments until either soil free of impacts or groundwater was encountered. However, as the sample trench indicated soil was impacted to approximately twenty-five (25) feet bgs, the first soil sample was collected at thirty (30) feet bgs. In noting Table #4, non-impacted material was encountered at forty-five (45) feet bgs on the south and thirty-five (35) feet bgs on the north ends of the southerly excavation. Determining groundwater had not been impacted by the series of releases, final excavation of impacted material on the central and north areas was undertaken.

From January 3-12, 2012 efforts concentrated on backfilling the southerly excavation to within ten (10) horizontal feet of an earthen bridge supporting the flow lines. Approximately 1,658 cubic yards of sandy loam material was transported from the Caviness pit located on SH#529 to the project site. Material was stockpiled near the ingress/egress road and transported via front end loaders to the excavation site. Upon near completion of backfill operations, a roust-a-bout crew arrived on the job site on January 16, 2012 and rerouted the asbestos cement flow line into an existing steel one. Once the by-pass project was completed, excavation activities commenced on the interstice between the earthen bridge and backfilled section of the southerly excavation. Excavation was terminated horizontally at three (3) feet from the flow lines and vertically at a depth coincidental with the bottom of the southerly excavation.

On January 18, 2012 eleven (11) soil samples were collected from sidewalls and bottom of both the northerly and mid-sections of the excavation. Analytical results of the soil samples are noted in Table #3, *Field and Lab Analytical Data* with sample points noted on Figure #6. Basically Table #3 indicates the sidewalls of the earthen bridge are relatively free of impacted material above NMOCD Goals for TPH/Chloride concentrations with the exception of SW-9 (Chloride - 384 mg/Kg), SW-11 (Chloride - 320 mg/Kg) and NSW-1A (TPH - 490 mg/Kg and Chloride - 400 mg/Kg). Chloride concentrations in BH-5 (896 mg/Kg), BH-6 (1,680 mg/Kg) and BH-8 (4,080 mg/Kg) are elevated above NMOCD Goals. However, termination of the impacted zone is noted at thirty-five (35) feet bgs at a nearby locale.

Owing to ConocoPhillips excavation safety guidelines of remaining a minimum three (3) feet from buried active pipeline and prospects of shutting down production with removal of the pipelines located on the earthen bridge, a decision was made with all parties concerned (ConocoPhillips, NMOCD and BLM) to allow the earthen bridge remain "in situ". This decision to allow a limited "Risked Based Closure" requires ConocoPhillips to excavate the earthen bridge once the pipelines are permanently removed. Excavated impacted material will be transported to a State approved land farm. The excavation will be terminated whenever the depth is coincidental with the bottom of the northerly excavation section and laterally to sidewalls of the northerly and southerly excavations. A minimum two (2) feet thick compacted clay barrier will be constructed to isolate the excavation bottom. Remainder of the excavation will be



backfilled with sandy loam material terminating with existing surface elevation. Disturbed areas will be disced and deep drill seeded with a seed blend approved by the BLM.

On January 20, 2012 a roust-a-bout crew replaced the four (4) inch diameter asbestos cement flow line with a steel section tied into the asbestos cement line at both ends. The bottom of the southerly interstice area between the earthen bridge and previously backfilled area was lined with a minimum of two (2) feet of clay (±238 cubic yards) and compacted using a trackhoe. As the bottom of the northerly excavation was void of impacted material, no clay barrier was installed. Approximately 1,330-cubic yards of sandy loam soil were used to backfill the southerly and northerly excavations. Material used on the ingress/egress road was excavated and transported to CRI for disposal. The limited excavation areas were backfilled with sandy loam material from the Caviness pit. A berm was built at the intersection of the ingress/egress and main caliche lease road to prevent vehicular traffic trespass.

Remaining remedial activity is discing and deep drill seeding of the disturbed areas with a blend preferred by the BLM. However, owing to near drought conditions, it is recommended delaying this activity until soil and weather conditions are conducive to vegetative growth.

Should you have questions, concerns or need additional technical information, please contact me at (575) 394-3481 (office), (575) 441-7802 (cellular) or via e-mail at dduncanepi@gmail.com.

Official communications should be directed to Mr. John W. Gates at (575) 391-3158 (office), (575) 390-4821 (cellular) or via e-mail at John.W.Gates@conocophillips.com with correspondence addressed to:

Mr. John W. Gates ConocoPhillips – HSER Lead Permian-Buckeye Operations 29 Vacuum Complex Lane Lovington, New Mexico 88260-9664

Sincerely,

ENVIRONMENTAL PLUS, INC.,

David P. Duncan Civil Engineer

EPI Project Manager

Cc: John W. Gates, HSER Lead – ConocoPhillips Corporation
Ms. Trisha C. Bad Bear, Natural Resources Specialist – Bureau of Land Management
Justin Wright, Contract Person – ConocoPhillips Corporation
Cody Miller, General Manager – EPI
Roger Boone, Operations Manager – EPI



Encl: Figure 1 - Area Map

Figure 2 – Site Location Map

Figure 3 – Release Site Map

Figure 4 – Test Trench Location Map

Figure 5 – Soil Boring Map (12-15-11)

Figure 6 – Soil Sample Location Map

Table 2 - Hand Auger Analytical Data

Table 3 – Summary of Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results

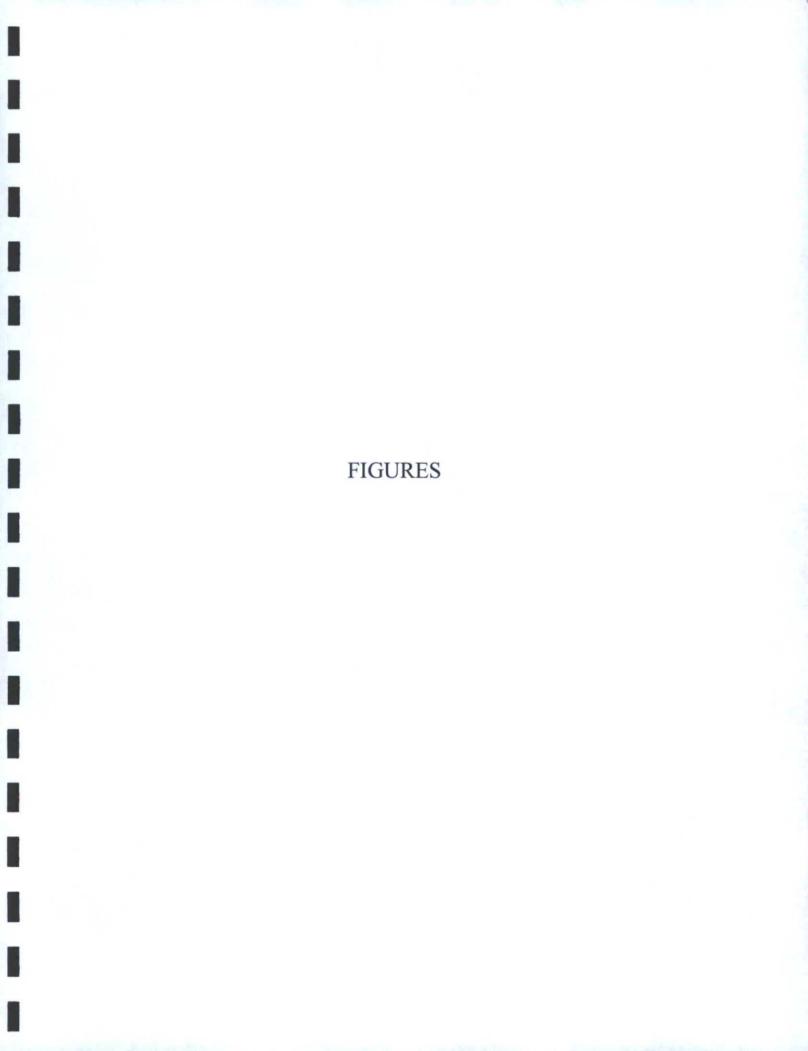
Table 4 – Soil Boring Analytical Data

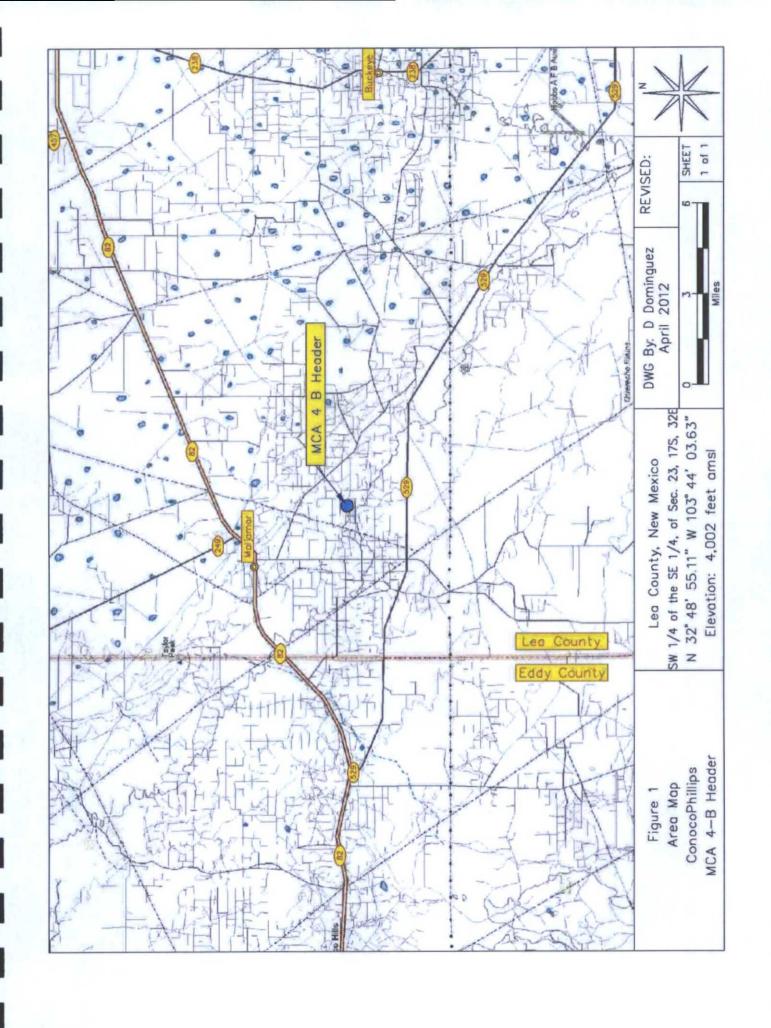
Attachment I - Site Photographs

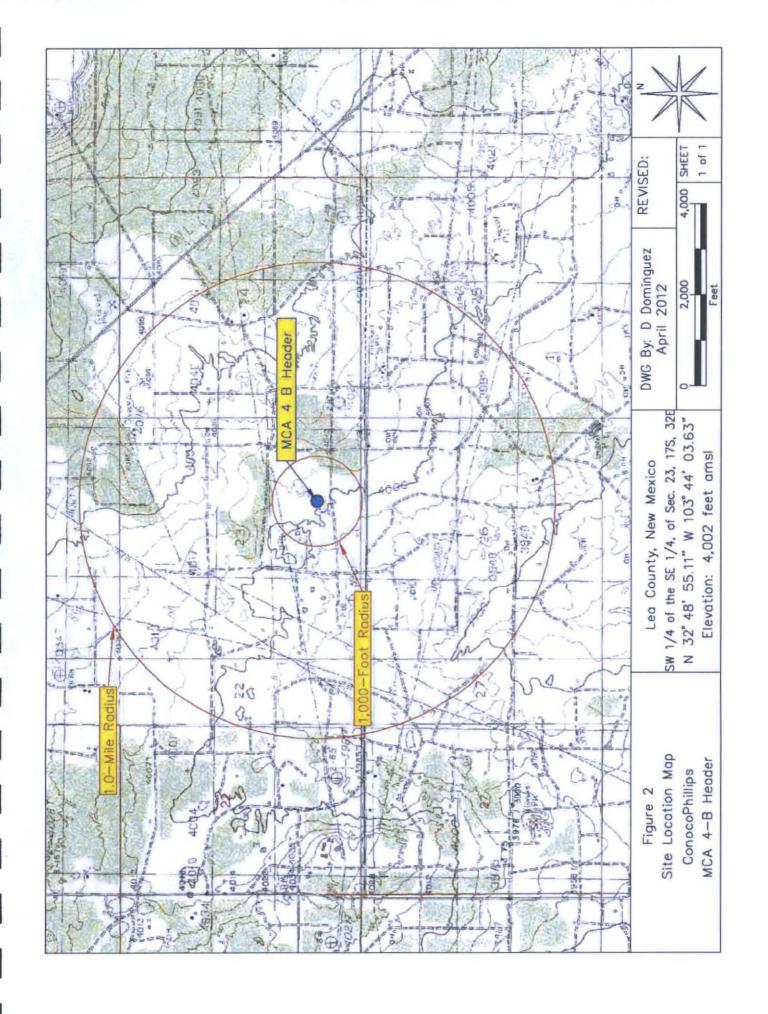
Attachment II - Laboratory Analytical Results and Chain-of-Custody Forms

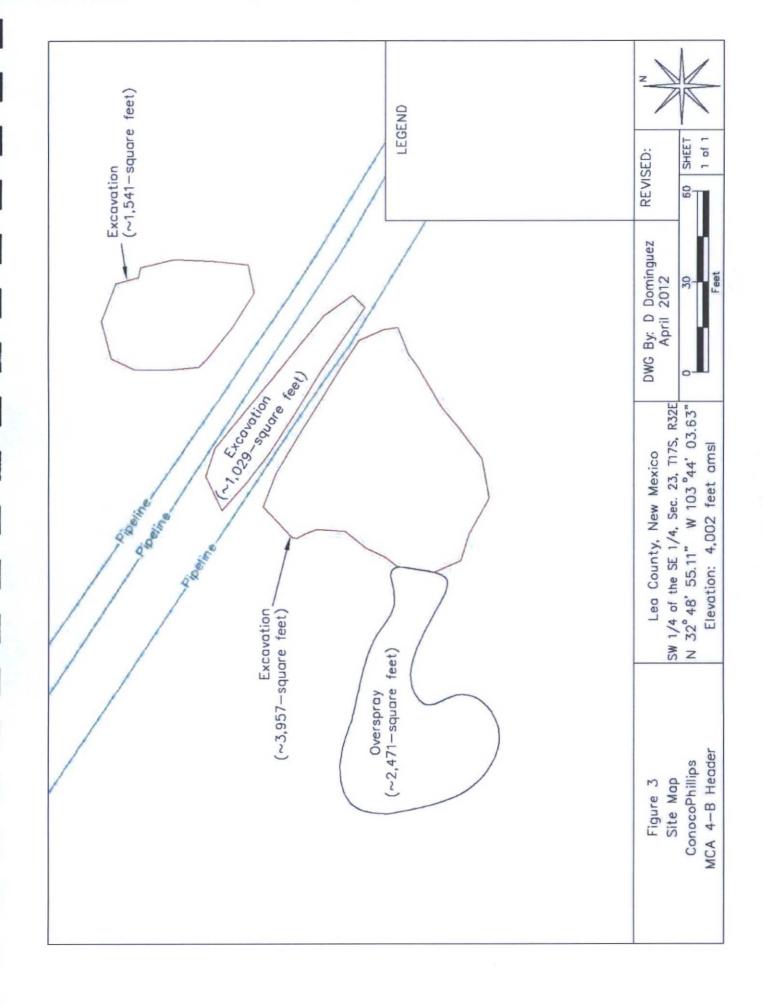
Attachment III – Copy of Initial NMOCD Form C-141 (Amended)

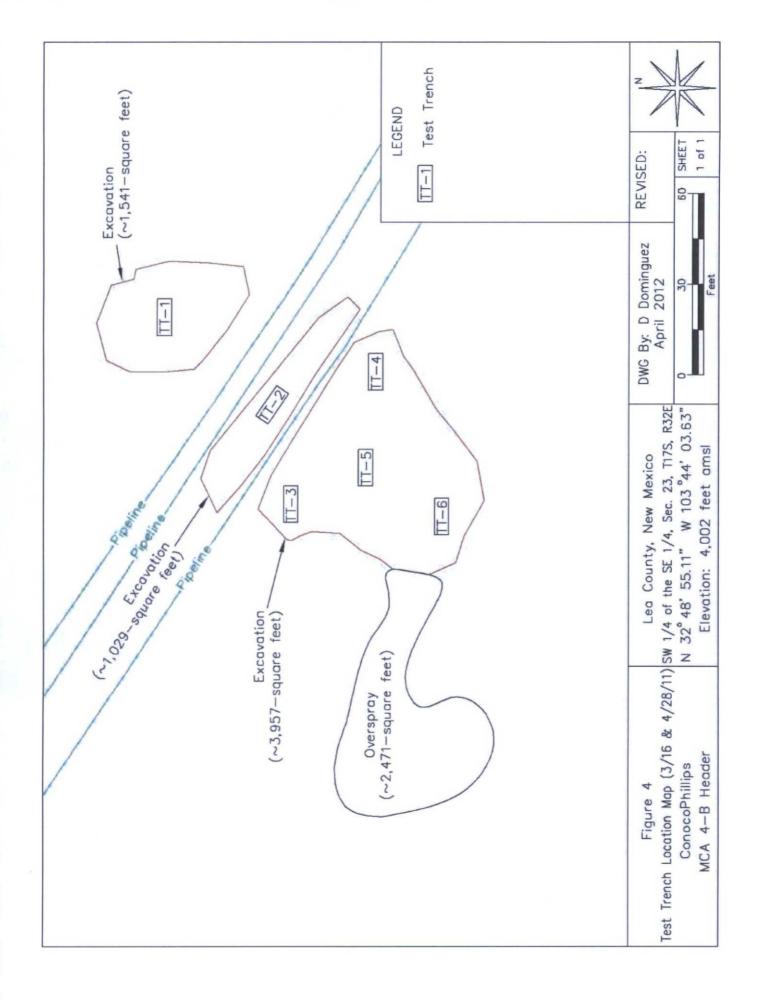
Copy of Final NMOCD Form C-141

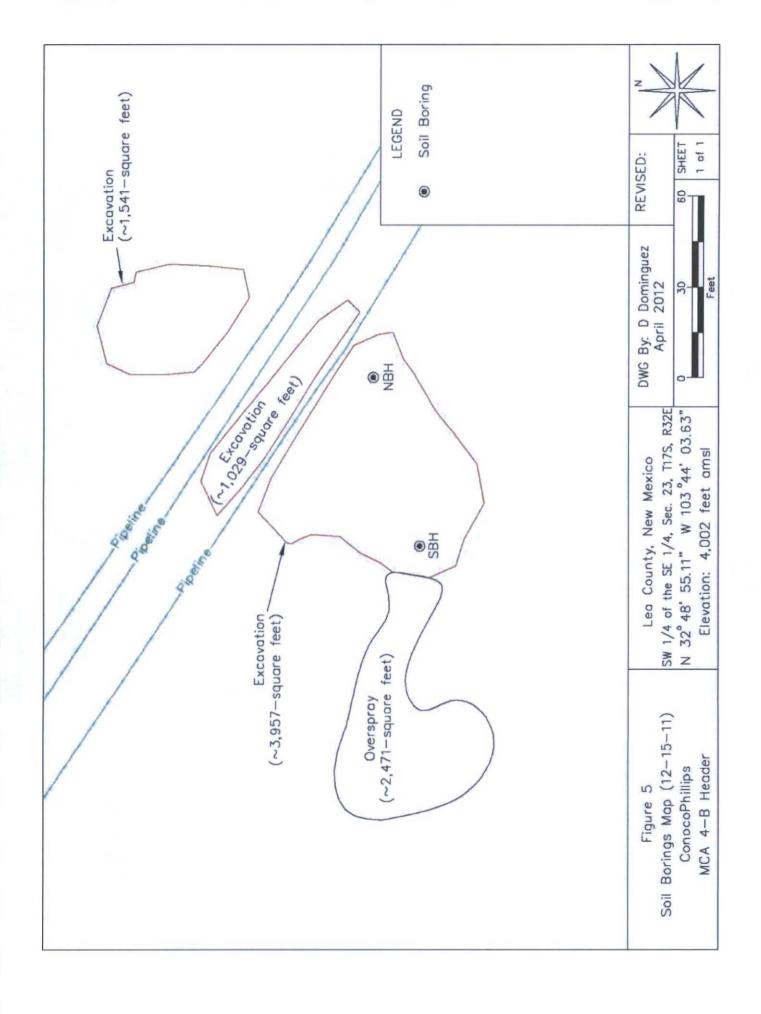


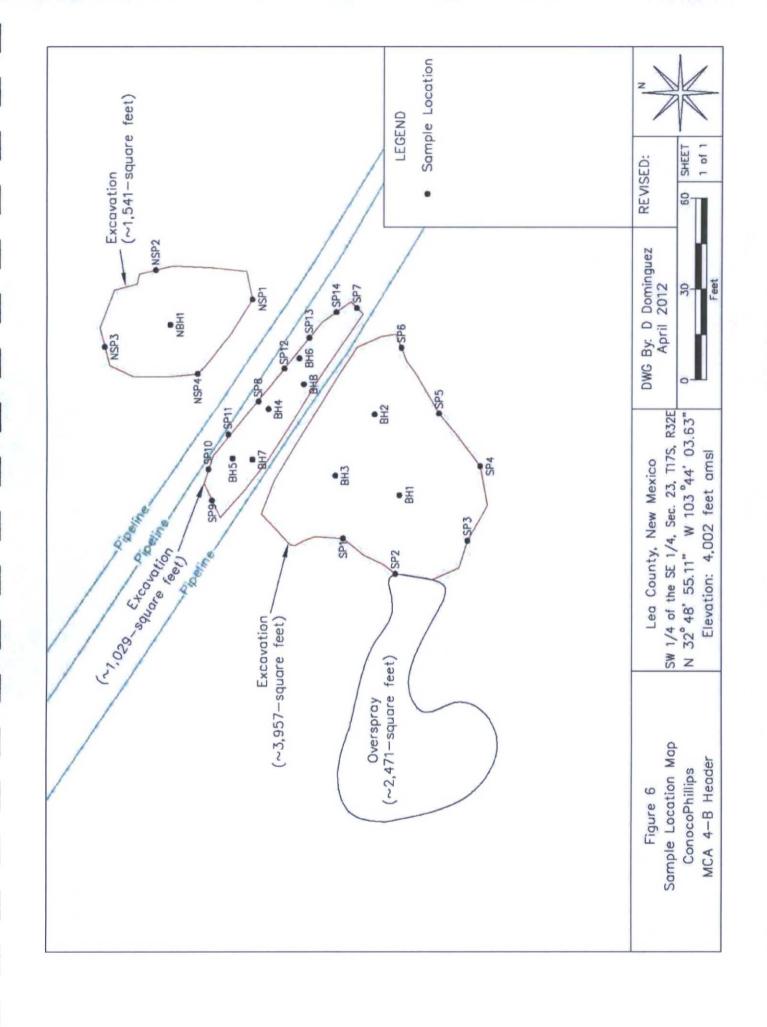


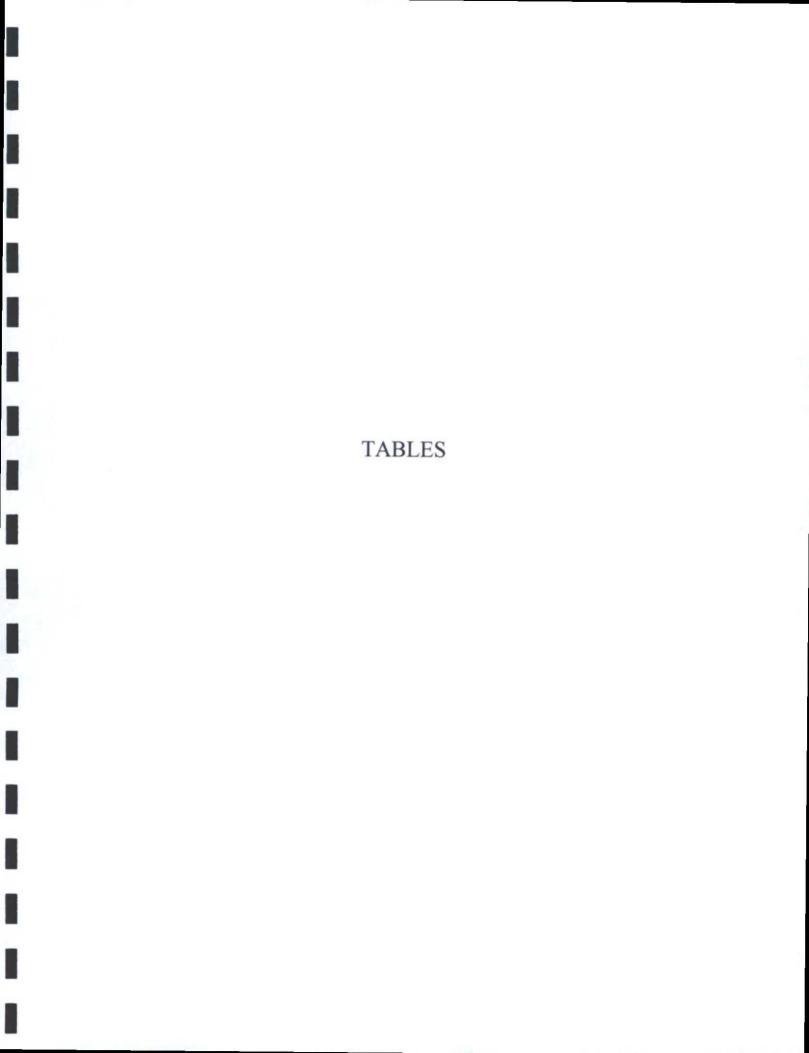












Summary of Hand Auger Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results TABLE 2

ConocoPhillips

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico NMOCD #; EPI Ref. #150029

Chloride (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	;	;	:	:	:	:		1	;	:	1	;	1
\vdash			100				121									
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	159	440	Q	342	;	:	:	1	217	260	:	:	;	;	:	:
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	18,4	ND	ND	QN	:	:	:	:	QN	QN	:	:	:	:	:	:
TPH (C12-C28) (mg/Kg)	141	440	ND	342	:	:	:	:	201	242	:	:	:	:	:	:
TPH (C6-C12) (mg/Kg)	QN	QN.	QN.	QN.	:	:	:	;	16.3	18.2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)																
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)																
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)																
Toluene (mg/Kg)																
Benzene (mg/Kg)																
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	240	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	8.4	21.3	17.8	18.6	191	662	102	85.2	26.1	22.2	800	:	1,886	1,785	1,776	1,779
Sample Date	08-Sep-10															
Soil Status	In Situ															
Depth (feet)	Sur.	1	Sur.	-	Sur.	1	2	3	4	5	Sur.	1	1	2	3	4
Sample I.D.	SP-1	SP-1	SP-2	SP-2	SP-3	SP-3	SP-3	SP-3	SP-3	SP-3	SP-4	SP-4	SP-4	SP-4	SP-4	SP-4

TABLE 2
Summary of Hand Auger Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results

ConocoPhillips

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

NMOCD #; EPI Ref. #150029

			1													
Chloride (mg/Kg)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	1	:		4	1	1
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	:-	:	:	;	41.4	ON	QN	QN	89.2	QN	ON	ON	:	:	19.0	ND
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	:	:	;	:	QN	Q.	Q.	QN.	QN QN	Ð.	ND QN	Q.	;	:	Ø	QN QN
TPH (C12-C28) (mg/Kg)	;	1	;	;	41.4	Ð	<u>R</u>	QN.	89.2	QN.	ND	Q.	;	:	19.0	QN
TPH (C6-C12) (mg/Kg)	:	;	:	:	QN.	QN	ON ON	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN QN	:	:	QN	ON
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)																
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)																
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)																
Toluene (mg/Kg)																
Benzene (mg/Kg)																
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	ı	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	1,619	1,932	1,448	261	18.9	42.6	29.2	41.3	38.2	33.3	26.3	34.2	438	51.3	38.2	39.1
Sample Date	08-Sep-10															
Soil Status	In Situ															
Depth (feet)	5	9	7	Sur.	1	2	Sur.	1	Sur.	-	Sur.	1	Sur.	1	2	3
Sample L.D.	SP-4	SP-4	SP-4	SP-5	SP-5	SP-5	SP-6	SP-6	SP-7	SP-7	SP-8	SP-8	6-dS	6-dS	6-dS	6-dS

TABLE 2

Summary of Hand Auger Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results

ConocoPhillips

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

NMOCD #; EPI Ref. #150029

Chloride (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	250 1
Total TPH Cl (C6-C35) (n (mg/Kg)	:	:	QN	QN	100
(C28-C35) (C (mg/Kg) (r	:	;	ND	ND	
(C12-C28) (C2 (mg/Kg) (n	:		DN	ND	
	(0)		_		
TPH (C6-C12) (mg/Kg)	:	*	<u>N</u>	N N	
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)					50
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)					
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)					
Toluene (mg/Kg)					
Benzene (mg/Kg)					10
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	:	:	***	:	
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	89.5	71.2	13.9	41.0	100
Sample Date	08-Sep-10	08-Sep-10	08-Sep-10	08-Sep-10	Goals
Soil Status	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	NMOCD Remedial Threshold Goals
Depth (feet)	Sur.	1	2	3	fOCD Reme
Sample I.D. (feet)	SP-10	SP-10	SP-10	SP-10	ZZ

ded values are in excess of NMOCD Remediation Thresholds

Chloride residuals may not be capable of impacting groundwater above NMWQCC Ground Water Standards of 250 mg/L
 J = Detected, but below Reporting Limits. Therefore, result is an estimated concentration (CLP J-Flag)
 -- = Not Analyzed; ND - Not Detected, SP-Sample Point; Sur. - Surface

TABLE 3
Summary of Excavation Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results.

ConocoPhillips

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

NMOCD #1RP-11-10-2652; EPI Ref. #150029

	_	-	-	p	,	-	_	-	-		r .	-	-	1		-	-
Chloride (mg/Kg)	:	488	÷	2,530	;	2,730	:	1.570	311	*	1	822	;	;	131	:	485
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	ND	ND	QN.	ND	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	1,465	1,659	17.5	QN	ON
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	QN	QX	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN	501	601	QN.	ND	QN
TPH (C10-C28) (mg/Kg)	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	ND	QN	QN	1,360	1,550	17.5	QN.	ND
TPH (C6-C10) (mg/Kg)	ND	ND	ND	ND													
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)	:	*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	*	4.	:
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Toluene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	;	;	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;
Benzene (mg/Kg)	:		;	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	:	320	:	:	:	:	:	:	999	:	:	1	;	:	1,320	:	:
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	2.8	1.7	:	;	1.6	1.1	:	;	0.7	0.4	:	:	63.1	52.4	2.0	1.1	1.7
Sample Date	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11
Soil Status	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ													
Depth (feet)	2	4	8	9	2	4	.8:	9	5	9	9	7	4	5	9	4	5
Sample I.D.	TT-1	TT-1	TT-1	TT-1	TT-2	TT-2	TT-2	TT-2	TT-3	TT-3	TT-3	TT-3	TT-4	11 ₄	11-4	TT-5	TT-5

TABLE 3
Summary of Excavation Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results.

MCA +B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

ConocoPhillips

NMOCD #1RP-11-10-2652; EPI Ref. #150029

	-	_	-	-	-	-	7	_	-	_			4	7			-
Chloride (mg/Kg)	:	3,670	;	1	137	221	1	:	1,630	853	;	295	30.8	37.6		304	416
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	QN.	QN	QN	QN.	QN	17,118	1.61	QN	QN	QN	36.3	QN	QN	QN		<20.0	10.5
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	ND	QN	QN	QN	QN	368	ND	QN	QN	ND	QN	ND	ND	ND		:	:
TPH (C10-C28) (mg/Kg)	ND	QN.	QN	Q	QN	12,400	161	QN.	QN	ON	36.3	QN	QN	QN		<10.0	10.5
TPH (C6-C10) (mg/Kg)	ND	QN	ND	QN	ND	4,350	ND	QN	QN	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN		<10.0	<10.5
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	=	:	1
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	;	1	cing 10-28-	:	:
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	ĭ	:	Resumption of Remedial Activities commencing 10-28-11	;	:
Toluene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	temedial Act	:	:
Benzene (mg/Kg)	:	;	:	1	1	:	:	î	t	1	:	1	:	;	ımption of R	:	:
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Rest	400	:
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	:	;	3.8	6.2	2.8	1,249	:	:	:	4.9	:	:	9.3	3.0		35.1	38.1
Sample Date	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	28-Apr-11	28-Apr-11	16-Mar-11	16-Mar-11		07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11
Soil Status	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ		In Situ	In Situ
Depth (feet)	9	7	4	5	9	2	4	5	9	1	2	3	-	-		3	3
Sample I.D.	TT-5	TT-5	1T-6	TT-6	TT-6	wsw	WSW-A	WSW-B	WSW-C	ESWM	ESWM-A	ESWM-B	PORSW	East Hill		SW-1	SW-2

TABLE. 3

Summary of Excavation Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results.

ConocoPhilips

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Len County, New Mexico

NMOCD #1RP-11-10-2652; EPI Ref. #150029

4													_					-		
Chloride (mg/Kg)	0.96	192	278	800	144	:	:	:		896	1,680	3,000	4,080	256	320	144	384	224	320	192
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	<20.0	;	:	554	<20.0	:	:	:		<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0		<20.0	:	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	:	:	:		:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
TPH (C10-C28) (mg/Kg)	<10.0	;	:	544	<10.0	:	:	:		<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0		<10.0	:	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0
TPH (C6-C10) (mg/Kg)	<10.0	:	:	10.0	<10.0	:	:	:		<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0		<10.0	:	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)	:	:	:		:	;	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:		1	:	:	:	:
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;		:	:	:	:	:
Toluene (mg/Kg)	;	;	:		:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	;	:	1	1	:	1	:	;
Benzene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:		;	:	:	;	1	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	;	;
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	:	:	:		320	1,120	096	1,640	:	:	;	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	20.9	41.3	191	43.9	:	47.7	38.5	35.6	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	;
Sample Date	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	30-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11		18-Jan-12	18-Jan-12	18-Jan-12	18-Jan-12	07-Nov-11	07-Nov-11	18-Jan-12	07-Nov-11	18-Jan-12	18-Jan-12	18-Jan-12
Soil Status	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	Excavated	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ	In Situ		In Situ	Excavated	In Situ								
Depth (feet)	3	3	3	3	3	7	7	7		00	00	10	10	3	2 2 2 2	3	3	3	3	3
Sample 1.D.	SW-3	SW-4	SW-5	SW-6	SW-6B	BH-1	BH-2	BH-3	BH-4	BH-5	BH-6	BH-7	BH-8	SW-7	SW-8	SW-8A	6-MS	SW-10	SW-11	SW-12

Summary of Excavation Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results. TABLE 3

MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

ConocoPhillips

NMOCD #1RP-11-10-2652; EPI Ref. #150029

Sample I.D.	Depth (feet)	Soil Status	Sample Date	PID Field Analysis (ppm)	Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	Benzene (mg/Kg)	Toluene (mg/Kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	Total BTEX (mg/Kg)	TPH (C6-C10) (mg/Kg)	TPH (C10-C28) (mg/Kg)	TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	Chloride (mg/Kg)
SW-13	3	In Situ	18-Jan-12	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	<10.0	<10.0	;	<20.0	224
SW-14	2	In Situ	18-Jan-12	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	<10.0	14.9	;	14.9	192
NSW-1	3	Excavated	07-Nov-11								1				1,390
NSW-1A	3	In Situ	18-Jan-12	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<10.0	490	:	490	100
NSW-2	3	Excavated	07-Nov-11	9-7											112
NSW-2A	3	In Situ	30-Nov-11	:	:	;	:	:		:	<10.0	<10.0	:	<20.0	160
NSW-3	3	In Situ	07-Nov-11	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	144
NSW-4	2	In Situ	07-Nov-11	:	ı	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	176
NBH-1	9	In Situ	30-Nov-11	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	<10.0	<10.0	:	<20.0	16.0
Z	MOCD Rem	NMOCD Remedial Threshold Goals	Goals	100		10				50				100	250
olded value	are in exces	s of NMOCD R	alded values are in excess of NMOCD Remediation Thresholds	olds											

Biothed values are in excess of NMOCD Remediation Thresholds

Soil Sample Nomenclature, BH = Bottom Hole, SW= Side Wall (N=North, S=South, E-East, W=West)

J = Detected, but below Reporting Limits. Therefore, result is an estimated concentration (CLP J-Flag.)

— Not Analyzed, ND - Not Detected, SP-Sample Point, Sur - Surface

TABLE 4

Summary of Soil Borings Soil Sample Field Analyses and Laboratory Analytical Results

ConocoPhillips

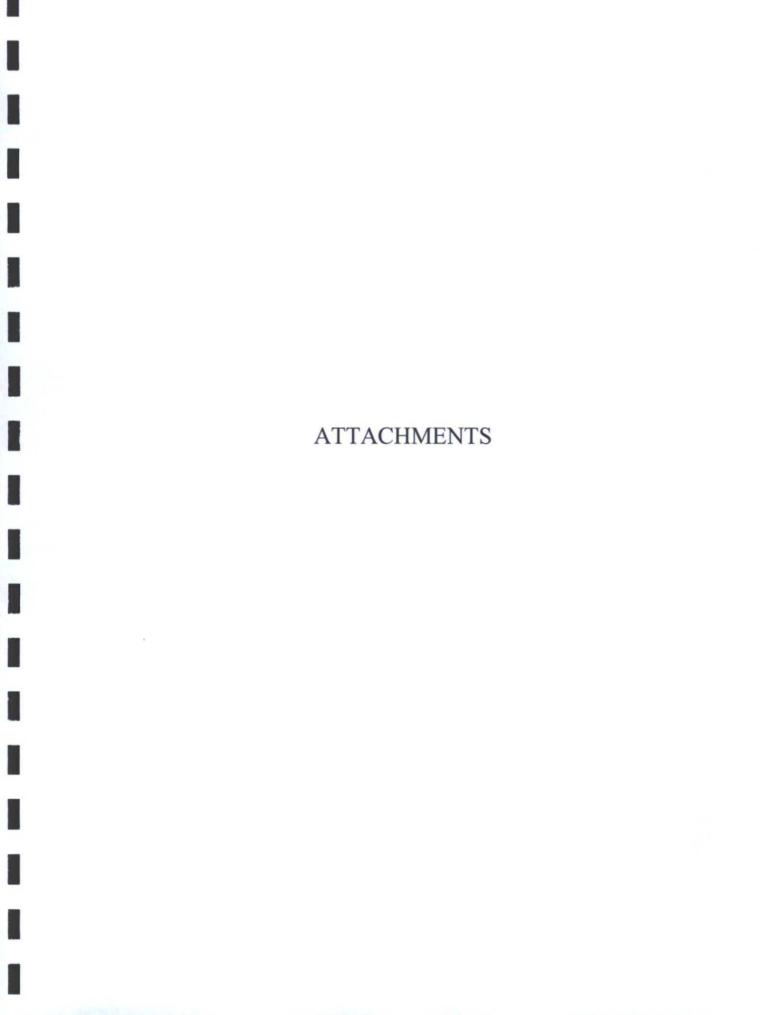
MCA 4-B Header - UL-N (SE1/4 of the SW1/4) of Section 23, T17S R32E; Lea County, New Mexico

NMOCD #; EPI Ref. #150029

n .	-	-	-	_	_	-	Ψ.	-	· ·		
Chloride (mg/Kg)	1,820	1,120	384	112	704	0.96	0.08	48.0			250
Total TPH (C6-C35) (mg/Kg)	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0	<20.0			100
TPH (C28-C35) (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
TPH (>C10-C28) (mg/Kg)	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0			
TPH (C6-C10) (mg/Kg)	<10,0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0			
Total BTEX (mg/Kg)	:	:	;	:	:	;	:	:			50
Total Xylenes (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
Ethylbenzene (mg/Kg)	;	1	:	:	:	:	:	:			
Toluene (mg/Kg)	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
Benzene (mg/Kg)	:	:	;	:	:	:	;	:			10
Field Chloride Analyses (mg/Kg)	1,640	:	:	:	:	:	1	:			
PID Field Analysis (ppm)	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:			100
Sample Date	15-Dec-11			Goals							
Soil Status	In Situ			NMOCD Remedial Threshold Goals							
Depth (feet)	30	35	40	45	30	35	40	45			OCD Reme
Sample I.D.	SBH-1	SBH-2	SBH-3	SBH-4	NBH-1	NBH-2	NBH-3	NBH-4			NN

Bolded values are in excess of NMOCD Remediat SBH - South Bore Hole; NBH - North Bore Hole

J = Detected, but below Reporting Limits. Therefore, result ia an estimated concentration (CLP J-Flag) -- = Not Analyzed; ND - Not Detected



ATTACHMENT I
SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



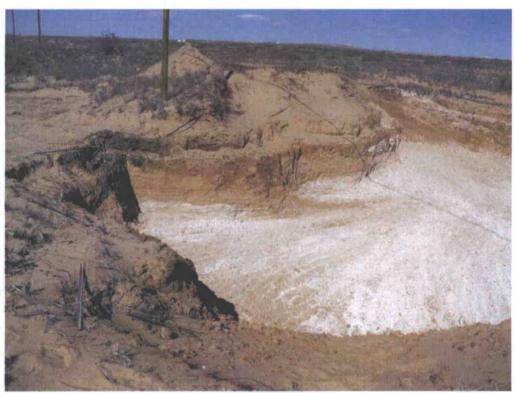
Photograph No. 1 - Looking westerly at original Release Area



Photograph No. 2 – Looking southwesterly at Second Release Area



Photograph No. 3 – Looking westerly at North Excavation



Photograph No. 4 – Looking westerly at South Excavation



Photograph No. 5 – Looking at Trackhoe Test Trench in South excavation



Photograph No. 6 – Looking westerly at finished bottom of South excavation awaiting clay barrier



Photograph No. 7 - Looking westerly at two (2) feet thick clay barrier



Photograph No. 8 – Looking southerly at finished sub-surface grade in preparation for advancement of soil borings



Photograph No. 9 – Looking westerly at finished backfill operations



Photograph No. 10 – Looking southwesterly at loamy sand material used in reclamation of excavation Ingress/Egress road

ATTACHMENT II

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND CHAIN-OF CUSTODY FORM

(Note: Attached on USB Flash Drive at end of Report)

ATTACHMENT III

COPY OF INITIAL NMOCD FORM C-141 (AMENDED) COPY OF FINAL NMOCD FORM C-141 District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141 Revised October 10, 2003

Submit 2 Copies to appropriate District Office in accordance with Rule 116 on back side of form

Release Notification and Corrective Action

					OPERATOR		1	⊠ Initia	al Report		Fi	nal Repor
Name of C	ompany C	onocoPhilli	ps Comp	any	Contact Jo	hn W. Gates						
Address 3	300 North	A St. Bldg	6, Midla	nd, TX 79705-5	406 Telephone	No. 505.391.31	158					
						e Oil and Gas	s					
Surface Ov	mer Fede	ral		Mineral O	wner Federal			Lease N	lo LC-03	0437/	4	
		-				ERAGE						
TT 10 T 10	C	T1'-	D				F/31	and I imp	Country			
N Letter	23	17S	32E	reet from the	North/South Line	Feet from the	East/ W	est Line	IEA			
			•	Latitude	Longi	tude						
				NAT	URE OF REL	EASE						
Type of Rele	ease											
Crude Oil	& Produc	ed Water						(48 bblso	il, 12 bblsw	ater)		
					The state of the s					covery	/	
		2-6-11 09	915									
		Given?			If YES, To Whom	?						
			☐ Not	Required	The state of the s							
By Whom?	John Gate	es			Date and Hour 2-	-7-11 0713						
	Date and Hour of Occurrence Date and Hour of Discovery 2-6-11 0915											
Latitude Longitude												
On Sunday reportable	February release oc	6, 2011 at curred whe	0900 hou n severe	rs at the MCA cold weather ca						area	an a	agency
The affects through an of oil and i transporte fluids reco	ed area is a nother line 12 bbls of p d to Sunda vered is 11	a 70° X 70° X and then caproduced wance Dispos 5 bbls. with	X 1" area alled for ater. (An al. 2/10/1 1 66 bbls	a of sandy pastu a vacuum truck nended C-141) 1 vacuum trucl solid material (t to pick up standi On 2/7/11 Vacuu k picked up 66 bb Sludge)	ing fluids. The m truck recove ls of solids and	vacuum red add transpo	truck w itional 35 orted to 6	as able to 5 bbls of fi lisposal. T	recov luids a otal v	er 4 and olu	48 bbls me of
regulations a public health should their or the enviro	or the environment. In a	are required to ronment. The ave failed to addition, NMC	o report are acceptant adequately OCD accep	nd/or file certain re ce of a C-141 repo investigate and re	elease notifications a rt by the NMOCD m emediate contaminati	nd perform correct arked as "Final R on that pose a thr	ctive action deport" do reat to gro	ons for rele bes not reli ound water	eases which eve the ope , surface wa	may en rator of ater, hu	ndar f lial ımar	nger bility n health
Latitude Longitude												
Title: HSE	R Lead				Approval Da	te:	Е	xpiration l	Date:			
		.Gates@con	ocophillip	os.com	Conditions of	f Approval:			Attached			

Date: 2/7/11	Phone: 505.391.3158	

Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

116 RELEASE NOTIFICATION AND CORRECTIVE ACTION [1-1-50...2-1-96; A, 3-15-97]

116.A. NOTIFICATION

- (1) The Division shall be notified of any unauthorized release occurring during the drilling, producing, storing, disposing, injecting, transporting, servicing or processing of crude oil, natural gases, produced water, condensate or oil field waste including Regulated NORM, or other oil field related chemicals, contaminants or mixture thereof, in the State of New Mexico in accordance with the requirements of this Rule. [1-1-50...2-1-96; A, 3-15-97]
- (2) The Division shall be notified in accordance with this Rule with respect to any release from any facility of oil or other water contaminant, in such quantity as may with reasonable probability be detrimental to water or cause an exceedance of the standards in 19 NMAC 15.A.19. B(1), B(2) or B(3). [3-15-97]
- 116.B. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: Notification of the above releases shall be made by the person operating or controlling either the release or the location of the release in accordance with the following requirements: [5-22-73...2-1-96; A, 3-15-97]
 - (1) A **Major Release** shall be reported by giving **both** immediate verbal notice and timely written notice pursuant to Paragraphs C(1) and C(2) of this Rule. A Major Release is:
 - (a) an unauthorized release of a volume, excluding natural gases, in excess of 25 barrels;
 - (b) an unauthorized release of any volume which:
 - (i) results in a fire;
 - (ii) will reach a water course;
 - (iii) may with reasonable probability endanger public health; or
 - (iv) results in substantial damage to property or the environment;
 - (c) an unauthorized release of natural gases in excess of 500 mcf; or
 - (d) a release of any volume which may with reasonable probability be detrimental to water or cause an exceedance of the standards in 19 NMAC 15.A.19. B(1), B(2) or B(3). [3/15/97]
- (2) A **Minor Release** shall be reported by giving timely written notice pursuant to Paragraph C(2) of this Rule. A Minor Release is an unauthorized release of a volume, greater than 5 barrels but not more than 25 barrels; or greater than 50 mcf but less than 500 mcf of natural gases. [3-15-97]

116.C. CONTENTS OF NOTIFICATION

- (1) Immediate verbal notification required pursuant to Paragraph B shall be reported within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery to the Division District Office for the area within which the release takes place. In addition, immediate verbal notification pursuant to Subparagraph B.(1).(d). shall be reported to the Division's Environmental Bureau Chief. This notification shall provide the information required on Division Form C-141. [5-22-73 . 2-1-96; A, 3-15-97]
- (2) **Timely written notification** is required to be reported pursuant to Paragraph B within fifteen (15) days to the Division District Office for the area within which the release takes place by completing and filing Division Form C-141. In addition, timely written notification required pursuant to Subparagraph B.(1).(d). shall also be reported to the Division's Environmental Bureau Chief within fifteen (15) days after the release is discovered. The written notification shall verify the prior verbal notification and provide any appropriate additions or corrections to the information contained in the prior verbal notification.

 [5-22-73...2-1-96; A, 3-15-97]

116.D. CORRECTIVE ACTION: The responsible person must complete Division approved corrective action for releases which endanger public health or the environment. Releases will be addressed in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the Division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with Rule 19 (19 NMAC 15.A. 19). [3-15-97]

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210
District III
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State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe. NM 87505 Form C-141 Revised October 10, 2003 Submit 2 Copies to appropriate

Submit 2 Copies to appropriate District Office in accordance with Rule 116 on back side of form

				Dan	m 1 0, 11	WI 0/303	,			
		I	Release	e Notificatio	n and	Correc	ctive Action			
				OPERAT	OR		Initia	l Report	⊠ F	inal Report
Name of C	Company	y: Conoco	Phillips	Company	Con	tact: Jo	hn W. Gates			
				6, Midland, To	x. Tel	ephone l	No.: (575) 391-	3158		
79705-540	6									
Facility Na	ame: MO	CA 4B Hea	ader		Fac	ility Typ	e: Production	Flowline		
Surface O	wner F	ederal [De	nartmer	nt of the Interio	or.	Miner	al Owner:	Lease N	lo I C-0)30437A
Bureau of					,		l (BLM)	Lease	10. LC 0	3043771
Bureau or	Dulla Ivio	magomont	(DEIVE)							
				LOCATIO						
Unit Letter N	Section 23	Township 17S	Range 32E	Feet from the	Sout	h Line	Feet from the	West Line		County Lea
		Latitue	de: N32	° 48' 07.46"	L	ngitude	: W103° 28' 33	3.70"		
				NATURI						
Type of Relea	se: Crude	Oil and Produ	ced Water		Ve	lume of Re	elease: 7-13-10	COURSE SHOWS BUILDING	ecovered:	
					(1)	6.3 bbls); 2-	06-11 (95 bbls)	(16.3 bls o		1 (48 bbls. -07-11 (35-
								bbls; 2-10-		
		pression fitting	g separated	l on a 4" dia. asbes			ur of Occurrence:		Hour of Di	
cement flowlin	ne					13-10 @ 10 UNK):00 AM; 2-06-12	9:15 AM	10:00 AM	f; 2-06-11 @
Was Immedia	te Notice (_	If	YES, To W	hom? 7-14-10 - G		g (NMOC	D); 2-07-11
		<u> </u>	Yes 🗌	No Not Requ			Bear (BLM)			
By Whom? J Was a Water		-b - 12					ır: 7-14-10 @ 13:3		1 @ 713 A	M
was a water	course Rea		Yes 🛛 !	No	N/		me Impacting the V	vatercourse:	-	
If a Watercou	irse was Im	pacted, Desc	ribe Fully	. N/A						
Depth to Gro	undwater:	> 55-60 feet	below gro	und surface (bgs)						
							npression fitting sep			
							osed at Sundance Se uples via hand auger			
Proposal for th	he NMOCD	and BLM					The state of the s			
				ken.* Please Note			owledge and unders	tand that nura	ant to NM	OCD rules
							and perform correcti			
endanger publi	ic health or	the environme	ent. The a	cceptance of a C-1	41 report l	y the NMC	CD marked as "Fin	al Report" doe	s not reliev	ve the
							diate contamination 141 report does not			
				cal laws and/or reg		ince of a C-	141 leport does not	reneve the op	crator or re-	sponsibility
•	/)	/		11.1		OI	L CONSERVA	TION DI	VISION	
Signature:	Chil	11- 6	(c)	11/1						
Signature.	100	00	-	100	Ann	oved by Fr	nvironmental Engi	neer:		
Printed Name	John W.	Gates			Арр	ored by El	ommentar isrigi			
Title: HSER L	ead				App	oval Date:		Expiration	Date:	
E-mail Addre	ss: John.W	.Gates@conoc	cophillips.	com	Conc	litions of A	pproval:		Attached	d \square

Phone: (575) 391-3158

Date: 4-26-12

^{*} Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken:

EPI mobilized labor and equipment to the release area on March 4, 2011 and commenced preventative remedial activities. From March 4-8, 2011, ±518-c.y. of petroleum contaminated soil were excavated and transferred to Controlled Recovery, Inc., (CRI) for disposal. On March 16, 2011 six (6) sample trenches were excavated with fourteen (14) soil samples collected and remitted to an independent laboratory for analyses of TPH and chloride concentrations. This procedure was repeated again on April 28, 2011 when thirteen (13) soil samples were collected, but at different locales. Laboratory results for all soil samples collected indicated TPH concentrations were below and chloride concentrations elevated above NMOCD Remedial Threshold Goals (Goals). Based on field observations and "constituents-of-concern" derived from laboratory analyses, EPI developed a *Remediation Proposal* with submittal to NMOCD and BLM for approval on April 12, 2011.

Following approval of the *Remediation Proposal*, EPI re-mobilized to the release area on October 28, 2011 and commenced remedial activities. From October 28-November 18, 2011, ±1,846 c.y. of impacted material were excavated and transported to CRI. In an effort to delineate vertical depth of impacted material, a trackhoe excavated a sample trench to a depth of seventeen (17) feet below botom of excavation. With chloride concentrations elevated above NMOCD Goals for total depth of sample trench, bottom of the excavation was leveled, lined with a minimum two (2) feet compacted clay barrier and backfillled with caliche to within five (5) feet of original ground surface. On December 15, 2011, a drilling rig advanced one (1) each soil boring on the north and south sides of the excavation. Depth of impacted material terminus was identified at forty-five (45) feet bgs on the south side and thirty-five (35) feet bgs on the north side.

Excavation of impacted material continued on the north and south sides of an earthen divisional berm to within three (3) feet of active flow lines. In compliance with ConocoPhillips safety rules and prospects of possible production loss, a decision was made by all parties concerned (ConocoPhillips, NMOCD and BLM) to allow the earthen berm remain "in-situ". Whenever the production lines are permanently removed, the earthen berm will be excavated to a depth coincidental with bottom on the south side, two (2) feet compacted clay barrier installed and backfilled to original ground surface with sandy loam material.

Backfilling of the north and south excavations required $\pm 1,330$ c.y. of imported sandy loam material. Ingress/egress road from main lease road to release area was recovered and backfilled with sandy loam material. An earthen berm was erected at the point of intersection to prevent vehicular trespass.

Remaining remedial activities are discing and deep drill seeding of disturbed areas with a blend preferred by the BLM. However, owing to near drought conditions, it is recommended delaying this activity until soil and weather conditions are conducive to vegetative growth.