NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

JAN 0 2 2018 AB

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

RECEIVED

Release Notification and Corrective Action													
NABI700454394						OPERATOR							
Name of Company WPX Energy Inc/RKI 3440384						Contact Karolina Blaney							
Address 5315 Buena Vista Dr.						Telephone No. 970 589 0743							
Facility Nat	ne: Pinnac	le 36-32H	l I	Facility Type: Well Pad									
Surface Owner: State Mineral Owner:						:: State API No. 30- 015-41587							
				LOCA	TION	OF REI	LEASE						
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the	North/S	South Line	Feet from the	East/We	st Line County				
	36	228	28E	150	FNL		1700	FWL		Eddy			
Latitude: 32.355955527N Longitude: -104.043666686W NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Rele	ase. Oil			Volume of Release: 8 Bbls Volume Recovered: 0 Bbls						s			
Source of Re Flare Stack								nd Hour of Discovery 2016 – 10:00 hrs MT					
Was Immediate Notice Given? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not Required If YES, To Whom? NMOCD Heather Patterson, Crystal Weaver & Michael Bratcher, SLO Amb Groves												SLO Amber	
By Whom? Karolina Blaney						Date and Hour: 12/21/16–15:00 hrs MT							
Was a Water	course Read	ched?		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A									
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* N/A													
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*													
The spill was caused by equipment failure; dumps on the heater treater were not working properly which resulted in oil spraying out of the flare stack.													
Describe Are	Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*												
The spill mig	The spill migrated off location for approximately 40-50 yards southwest of the well pad. After receiving SLO's approval, the impacted soil off location												
was scraped off. The impacted area will be sampled for chlorides, BTEX and TPH in accordance with NM OCD Guidelines for Remediation of Leaks, Spills, and Releases. Further remediation will be based on the analytical results.													
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.													
Signature:						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
Printed Name: Karolina Blaney						Approved by Environmental Specialists Drawnic su							
Title: Environmental Specialist						Approval Dat	te: 114117	Ex	piration	Date: N	<u>A</u>		
E-mail Addre	ess: Karolii	na.blaney@wj	(Conditions of Americally									
Date: 1/2/20	017			See attached Attached									

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

ARP-405E

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

From: Blaney, Karolina < Karolina.Blaney@wpxenergy.com>

Sent: Monday, January 2, 2017 4:58 AM

To: Groves, Amber

Cc: Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

Subject:RE: WPX Pinnacle 32-36 - initial C-141Attachments:Pinnacle 36-32 - Initial C-141.doc

Good morning,

Attached is the initial C-141 for the Pinnacle 36-32 oil spill which occurred on 12/21/16.

Please let me know if you have any questions or suggestions.

Thank you and have a great day,

Karolina Blaney

Environmental Specialist WPX Energy

Office: (575) 885-7514 Cell: (970) 589-0743

karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com

From: Blaney, Karolina

Sent: Wednesday, December 21, 2016 10:53 AM To: Groves, Amber <agroves@slo.state.nm.us>

Cc: 'Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD' <Crystal.Weaver@state.nm.us>; 'Patterson, Heather, EMNRD' <Heather.Patterson@state.nm.us>; 'Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD' <mike.bratcher@state.nm.us>

Subject: WPX Pinnacle 32-36 oil spill notification

Good morning,

This morning WPX discovered a small spill at the Pinnacle 32-36 well pad; API # 30-015-41587. The spill was caused by equipment failure; dumps on the heater treater were not working properly which resulted in oil spraying out of the flare. The spill migrated off location for approximately 40-50 yards southwest of the well pad. WPX would like to ask for permission to scrape off the impacted soil and sample the impacted area for further remediation.

The C-141 report will be submitted in the next 15 days.

Please let me know if you have any questions or suggestions.

Thank you,

Karolina Blaney

Environmental Specialist WPX Energy Office: (575) 885-7514

Cell: (970) 589-0743

karolina.blaney@wpxenergy.com

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 1/2/17 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number $\frac{1}{2}$ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District 2 office in for submitted to the occupance of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold
OCD Environmental Bureau Chief
1220 South St. Francis Drive
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505
505-476-3465
jim.griswold@state.nm.us