

# **AE Order Number Banner**

#### **Report Description**

This report shows an AE Order Number in Barcode format for purposes of scanning. The Barcode format is Code 39.



**App Number:** pCS1804734544

144B - 16232
WILLIAMS FOUR CORNERS

## OIL CONS. DIV DIST. 3

Form C-144 Revised April 3, 2017

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe

Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

FEB-0-5 2018

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division

1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Below grade tank registration

Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method

1	6	232
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District III

<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240

1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

Type of action:

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210

## Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

☐ Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method ☐ Modification to an existing permit/or registration ☐ Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
Operator: Williams Four Corners LLC OGRID #:
Address: 1755 Arroyo Drive, Bloomfield, NM, 87413
Facility or well name: Kernaghan Compressor Station (BGT 1)
API Number: Not Applicable OCD Permit Number: Not Applicable
U/L or Qtr/Qtr SW/NW (E) Section 29 Township 31N Range 8W County: San Juan
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36.869783 Longitude -107.707055 NAD83
Surface Owner:  ☐ Federal ☐ State ☐ Private ☐ Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
2.
Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Temporary: Drilling Workover  Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid yes no  Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness mil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other  String-Reinforced  Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other Volume: bbl Dimensions: L x W x D
3.    Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Volume: 18 bbl Type of fluid: Produced Water BGT1
Tank Construction material: Steel
Secondary containment with leak detection   Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☐ Other <u>Single Wall/ Double Bottom, Tank Installed prior to June 18, 2008</u>
Liner type: Thickness mil
4.
Alternative Method:
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.  5.
5.

Alternate. Please specify: Facility Fence

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)  Screen □ Netting □ Other  Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
7.  Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC   □ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers  □ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
Variances and Exceptions:  Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.  Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:  □ Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.  □ Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	
9. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptate are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	ptable source
General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank.  - ☑ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; ☐ USGS; ☐ Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. ( <b>Does not apply to below grade tanks</b> )  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)  - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
<ul> <li>Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)</li> <li>Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology &amp; Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Below Grade Tanks	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☒ No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.)  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search: Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No

Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site: Aerial photo: Satellite image	Yes No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application;	<ul><li>Yes □ No</li><li>Yes □ No</li></ul>
Within 300 feet of a wetland.  LIS Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification man: Tonographic man: Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMA Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the document attached.    Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC     Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NM     Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC     Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC     Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC     Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.13 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC     Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design)   API Number: or Permit Number:	ments are
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the document attached.  Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC  A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit.	
☐ Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC ☐ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC	5.17.9 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	

Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the	documents are
attached.  Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC  Climatological Factors Assessment  Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
<ul> <li>□ Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC</li> <li>□ Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC</li> <li>□ Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan</li> <li>□ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC</li> </ul>	
☐ Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC ☐ Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H <sub>2</sub> S, Prevention Plan ☐ Emergency Response Plan ☐ Oil First West Street Characteristics	
<ul> <li>□ Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization</li> <li>□ Monitoring and Inspection Plan</li> <li>□ Erosion Control Plan</li> <li>□ Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC</li> </ul>	
13.	
<u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.	
Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well F. Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal	luid Management Pit
<ul> <li>☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)</li> <li>☐ On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)</li> <li>☐ In-place Burial ☐ On-site Trench Burial</li> </ul>	
Alternative Closure Method	
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be a closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  ☐ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) ☐ Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
15.	
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. F 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area.  - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	
Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC  Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17  Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	.11 NMAC .15.17.11 NMAC
17. Operator Application Certification:	
I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and bel	ief.
Name (Print): Matt Webre Title: EHS Supervisor	
Signature:	_
e-mail address: matt.webre@williams.com  Telephone: (505) 632-4442	
18.  OCD Approval:  ☐ Permit Application (including closure plan) — Closure Plan (only) ☐ OCD Conditions (see attachment)	. /
OCD Representative Signature: Approval Date: 2/6	16/18
Title: ENVisonmental Spec OCD Permit Number: 16232	
19.  Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.  Closure Completion Date:	
Closure Method:  Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternative Closure Method Waste Removal (Closed-le If different from approved plan, please explain.	oop systems only)
Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please in mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division)  Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only)  Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)  Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)  Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure)  Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number  Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation  Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique  Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)  On-site Closure Location: Latitude  Longitude  NAD: 1927	

22.	
Operator Closure Certification:	
	tted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and cable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

#### Variance Request:

Williams requests a variance request from Subsection E(1) of 19.15.17.13 New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) which states:

The operator shall notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. Notice shall include well name, API number and location. Evidence of mailing of the notice to the address of the surface owner shown in the county tax records is sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this requirement.

The variance will allow Williams to notify public agencies such as the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), State of New Mexico, local government/municipalities, and/or tribal agencies via email based on their notification preferences

## SITING CRITERIA SUMMARY INFORMATION SHEET 19.15.17.10 NMAC



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Site Name:

Kernaghan Compressor Station

Pit Identifier:

BGT 1

**Operator:** 

Date

Williams Four Corners LLC

3/15/2016

**Prepared by:** LT Environmental, Inc.

#### GENERAL SITE LOCATION INFORMATION

Geologic Formation: San Jose

SEC:

29

**TWN:** 31N

RNG: 8W

Soil Type:

Penistaja Loam

**Latitude:** 36.869783

**Longitude:** -107.707055

Annual Precipitation: Navajo Dam 12.87"

#### GENERAL SITING CRITERIA

Is groundwater less than 25 feet below the bottom of below grade tank? - No

See Figure 3 and attached iWaters Data

#### BELOW GRADE TANK SITING CRITERIA

Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse? - No

See Figure 1

5.3 miles east to the Los Pinos River.

Within 100 feet of a significant watercourse? - No

See Figure 1 and Figure 3

0.24 miles west to a 2nd order tributary of Manga Canyon, 1.44 miles southeast to Manga Canyon, and 1.1 miles west to Pump Canyon.

Within 100 feet of a lakebed, playa lake, or sinkhole? - No

See Figure 2

0.25 miles east to a stock pond

Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a freshwater well used for

public or livestock consumption? - No

See Figure 3 and attached iWaters data

#### ATTACHED DOCUMENTS:

Hydrogeologic Report

Figure 1: Topographic Map

Figure 2: Aerial Photograph

Figure 3: Water Well and Surface Water Features

iWaters Data

ADD	TACTOR	AT	COMM	AENTS.
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2243 Main Avenue, Suite 3 Durango, Colorado 81301 T 970.385.1096 / F 970.385.1873

## Kernaghan CDP Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

## General Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is a typical Rocky Mountain basin with a gently dipping southern flank and a steeply dipping northern flank. Asymmetrically layered Tertiary sandstones and shales, along with Quaternary alluvial deposits, dominate surficial geology. The below-grade tank is located near Pump Canyon, between Aztec, New Mexico and Navajo Dam, New Mexico. The predominant geologic formation is the San Jose Formation of Tertiary age, which underlies surface soils and is often exposed (Dane and Bachman, 1965). Deposits of Quaternary alluvial and aeolian sands occur prominently near the surface of the area, especially near streams and washes.

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones, as well as Quaternary alluvial deposits, serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan Basin. In most of the area, the San Jose Formation lies at the surface and overlies the Nacimiento Formation. Thickness of the San Jose Formation ranges from 200 feet to 2,700 feet, thickening from west to east across the region of interest. Aquifers occur within the coarser and continuous sandstone bodies of the San Jose Formation, and groundwater within these aquifers flows toward the San Juan River. Little specific hydrogeologic data are available for the San Jose Formation system, but numerous wells and springs are used for stock and domestic supplies (Stone et al., 1983).

The prominent soil type at the below-grade tank are rock lands and aridisols, which are defined as soils that exhibit little to no profile development (<a href="www.emnrd.state.nm.us">www.emnrd.state.nm.us</a>). Soils are basically unaltered from their parent rock. Miles of arroyos, washes, and intermittent streams exist as part of the drainage network toward the San Juan River. These features often cut into soil and other unconsolidated materials, contributing to sedimentation downstream. The sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes the soils that cover the area and prohibits effective recharge to the underlying aquifers.

Dry and arid weather further prohibits active recharge. The climate of the region is arid, averaging just over 12.87 inches of rainfall annually. As is typical of the southwestern United States monsoonal weather patterns, most precipitation falls from August through October. The heaviest rainfall occurs in the summer in isolated, intense cloudbursts. November through June is relatively dry. Snow generally falls from December to mid-February and averages less than one-half inch in depth. However, most recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods from the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center



www.wrcc.dri.edu). The predominant vegetation are sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted pinon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993).

### Site-Specific Hydrogeology

Depth to groundwater is estimated to be greater than 100 feet at the below-grade tank. This estimation is based on data from Stone et al. (1983), the United States Geological Survey (USGS) *Groundwater Atlas of the United States*. Local topography and proximity to surface hydrologic features are taken into consideration. When available, permitted water well logs and cathodic protection well logs are referenced to infer depth to groundwater near the site.

Beds of water-yielding sandstone are present in the San Jose Formation, which are fluvial in origin and are interbedded with mudstone, siltstone, and shale. "Extensive intertonguing" of different members of this formation is reported. Porous sandstones form the principal aquifers, while relatively impermeable shales and mudstones form confining units between the aquifers. Most aquifers exist within the San Jose Formation at depths greater than 100 feet, and thicknesses of the aquifers can be up to several hundred feet (USGS, *Groundwater Atlas of the United States*; Stone et al., 1983).

The below-grade tank is located near the primary channel of Pump Canyon. Regional topography of Pump Canyon is composed of mesas dissected by deep, narrow canyons and arroyos. The mesas are composed of cliff-forming sandstone, and systems of dry washes and their tributaries composed of alluvium are evident on the attached aerial image. The below-grade tank is located at an elevation of approximately 6,590 feet on the northwestern edge of an un-named mesa in the upper reaches of Manga Canyon. Groundwater is expected to be shallow within the canyon and within the surrounding tributary systems. An elevation difference between the site and the primary channel of Pump Canyon of 630 feet suggests groundwater is greater than 100 feet deep beneath the below-grade tank.

Groundwater data available from the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters database for wells near the site are attached. Groundwater data are sparse in this region; the nearest iWaters data point with similar topographical characteristics and associated depth to groundwater information is well number SJ 00012 located approximately 0.40 miles to the northwest. Depth to groundwater in the permitted water well is 475 feet below ground surface.

#### References

Dane, C.H. and G. O. Bachman, 1965, *Geologic Map of New Mexico*: U.S. Geological Survey, 1 sheet, scale 1:500,000.



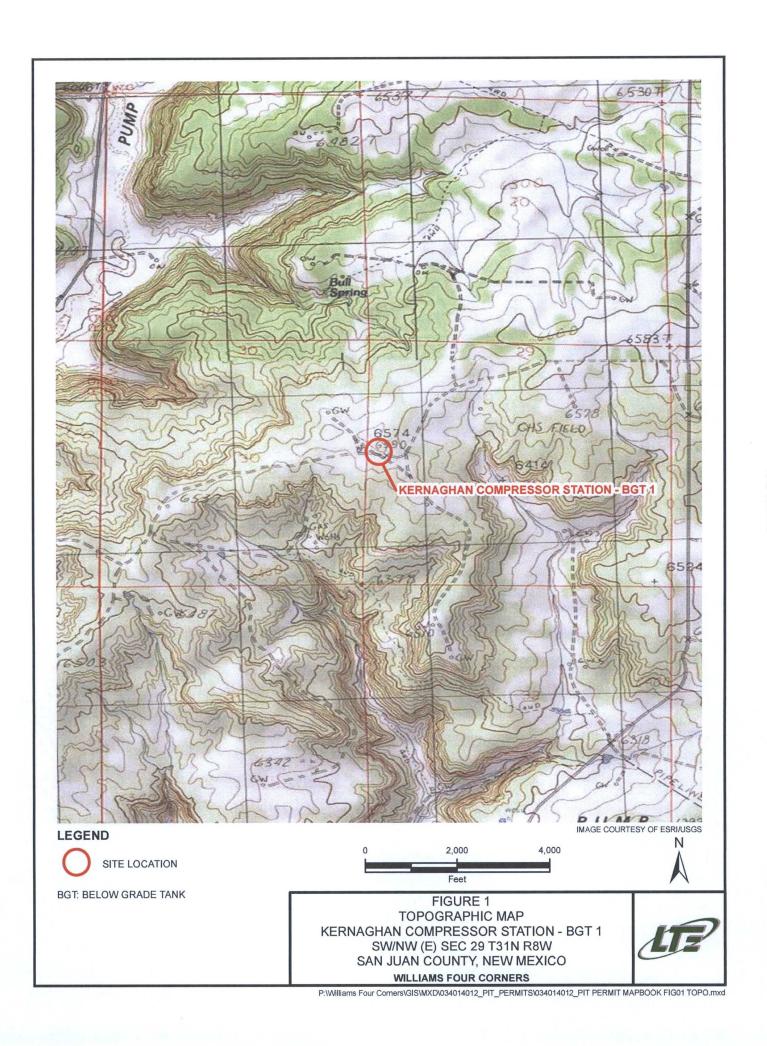
Dick-Peddie, W.A., 1993, *New Mexico Vegetation – Past, Present and Future*: Albuquerque, New Mexico, University of New Mexico Press, 244 p.

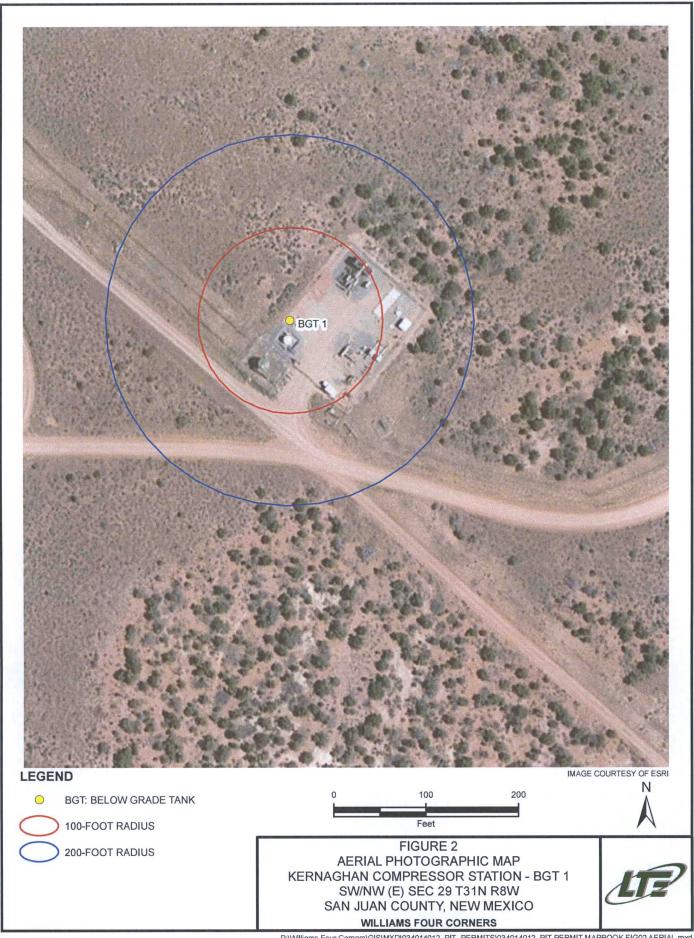
Stone, W.J., F.P. Lyford, P.F. Frenzel, N.H. Mizell, and E.T. Padgett, 1983, *Hydrogeology and Water Resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico*: HR-6 New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources Hydrology Report 6.

USGS, <u>Groundwater Atlas of the United States</u>: Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, HA 730-C: (<u>http://www.pubs.usgs.gov</u>).

Western Region Climate Center, 2008, New Mexico climate summaries: Desert Research Institute at <a href="http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html">http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html</a>.

New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, www.emnrd.state.nm.us.







- WATER WELL
- BGT: BELOW GRADE TANK

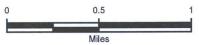




FIGURE 3

WATER WELL MAP
KERNAGHAN COMPRESSOR STATION - BGT 1
SW/NW (E) SEC 29 T31N R8W
SAN JUAN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

WILLIAMS FOUR CORNERS





## New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)

(R=POD has been replaced, O=orphaned,

closed)

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) C=the file is

(quarters are smallest to largest) (NAD83 UTM in meters)

(In feet)

POD

Sub-QQQ

Code basin County 64 16 4 Sec Tws Rng 2 30 31N 08W

4084189\*

258218

Depth Depth Water Well Water Column 1021

475

Average Depth to Water:

475 feet

Minimum Depth: 475 feet

Maximum Depth: 475 feet

**Record Count: 1** 

**POD Number** 

SJ 00012

PLSS Search:

**Section(s)**: 29-31

Township: 31N

Range: 08W

\*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

#### Williams Four Corners LLC Closure Plan - Below Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), the information within this document describes the closure requirements to be used by Williams Four Corners LLC (Williams) when closing Below Grade Tanks (BGTs). This is Williams' standard procedure for all BGTs. A separate closure plan will be submitted for any BGT closure which does not conform to this plan.

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement Operator Requirements							
19.15.17.13.A		This plan describes Williams proposed closure methods and the proposed procedures and protocols to implement and complete BGT closure.						
19.15.17.13.C(1)		Prior to commencing BGT closure, Williams will obtain a NMOCD approved closure plan before any closure activities start. Williams understands that the NMOCD considers the start of closure for a BGT is when the BGT is being removed from the ground.						
19.15.17.13.C(2)		Williams will remove liquids and sludge from a BGT prior to commencing closure actions and will dispose the material in a NMOCD approved facility.						
19.15.17.13.C.3(a)	Closure Plan	Following removal of the tank and any liner material, Williams will test the soils beneath the BGT in accordance with 19.15.17.13.C.3(a) NMAC. Samples will be collected from beneath the liner and/or BGT for obvious stained or wet soils, or any other evidence of contamination.						
19.15.17.13.C.3(b)		If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the NMOCD may require additional delineation upon review of the results and Williams must receive approval before proceeding with closure.						
19.15.17.13.C.3(c)		Upon completion of BGT removal, if all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the excavation will be backfilled with non-waste contained, uncontaminated, earthen material.						
19.15.17.13.E(1)	Notification	Notice of closure will be given to the surface owner at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation via Certified mail. As a variance (if approved with the closure plan), surface owners which are public entities (State, BLM, or Tribal) will be notified by email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following: operators name, well name and API number (if applicable), and location (ULSTR).						
19.15.17.13.E(2)	Notification	Notice of Closure will be given to the NMOCD office at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation via Certified mail. As a variance (if approved with the closure plan), the NMOCD district office will be notified by email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following: operators name, well name and API number (if applicable), and location (ULSTR).						
19.15.17.13.F(1)	Reporting	Operator will send the NMOCD a closure report in accordance with 19.15.17.F(1) NMAC within 60 days of closure including the following items: Proof of closure notice, analytical results, backfill information, revegetation, and photo documentation of reclamation. Williams understands that the NMOCD considers the closure date the day in which the BGT is backfilled and re-contoured. Revegetation is still required but, may be addressed in closure report.						
19.15.17.13.G.4(a)		Within 60 days of cessation of operations, Williams will remove liquids and sludge from a BGT prior to implementing a closure method and will dispose of the material in a NMOCD approved facility. Disposal facilities to be used by Williams are listed below based on the listed waste types.						
19.15.17.13.G.4(b)	Timing	Within 6 months of cessation of operations, Williams will dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim the BGT in a NMOCD approved manner. If required, Williams will provide documentation of the disposition of the BGT to the NMOCD. Liner materials will be cleaned to remove soils or contaminated material for disposal as solid waste. Disposal facilities to be used by Williams are listed below based on the listed waste types.						
19.15.17.13.H.1(a)		Williams will reclaim the area by substantially restoring the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to oil and gas operations by placement of soil cover as described below for 19.15.17.13.H.2 NMAC. The location and associated areas will be recontoured that approximates the original contour and blends with the surrounding topography and revegetate as described below for 19.15.17.13.H.5 NMAC.						
19.15.17.13.H.1(b)	120 700	Williams will submit an alternative plan to be approved by the NMOCD and written approval from the surface owner before submitting the C-144 application.						
19.15.17.13.H.1(c)		If a BGT is removed from an area where production operations will continue, the area will be reclaimed in such a way to minimize dust and erosion to the extent practicable.						
19.15.17.13.H.2		Cover will include one foot of suitable material, with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0, to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater.						
19.15.17.13.H.4		Williams will construct the soil cover to the existing grade to prevent ponding of water and erosion of the cover material.						

Page 1 of 2 May 10, 2016

#### Williams Four Corners LLC Closure Plan - Below Grade Tanks

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement	Operator Requirements
19.15.17.13.H.5(a) 19.15.17.13.H.5(b) 19.15.17.13.H.5(c) 19.15.17.13.H.5(d) 19.15.17.13.H.5(e)	Reclamation	For those portions of the former BGT area no longer in use with the exception where production operations will continue, the area will be reclaimed as nearly as practicable to their original condition or their final land use. Reclamation will begin as early as practical. The areas will be maintained to minimize dust and topsoils placed and contoured to limit erosion control, maintain stability, and preserve surface-water flow patterns. Williams will seed the disturbed areas the first favorable growing season following closure of the BGT. Williams will comply with obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies in which their re-vegetation and reclamation requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment. Williams will notify the NMOCD when reclamation and re-vegetation is complete.

Summary of Waste Materials and Disposal Facilities						
Waste Types	Disposal Facility					
Steel Tank	San Juan County Landfill; Steel Recycling					
Fiberglass Tank	San Juan County Landfill; Bondad Landfill; Re-use					
Liner (cleaned – absent soil / sludge)	San Juan County Landfill; Bondad Landfill					
Sludge	Envirotech; Industrial Ecosystems Inc.; T-N-T; Bondad Landfill					
Liquids (Water / Hydrocarbons)	Basin Disposal; Key Energy; T-N-T					
Contaminated Soil	Envirotech; Industrial Ecosystems Inc.; T-N-T; Bondad Landfill					
Fencing / Miscellaneous	Re-use or Scrap					

epth Below Bottom of pit to ground water less than 10,000 mg/l	Constituent	Method	Limit**
≤50 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg
	ВТЕХ	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	10 mg/kg
51 feet – 100 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	ВТЕХ	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	10 mg/kg
≤100 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846	10 mg/kg