District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action

				0	00	OPERA	FOR			al Report	3 3	Final Report	
Name of Co	ompany M	arathon Oil F	LC 37200	18	Contact Call	ie Karrigan							
Address 5555 San Felipe Street, Houston, Texas 77056						Telephone No. 405-202-1028 (cell) 575-297-0956 (office)							
Facility Na	me: Southe	ern Comfort	25 36 Sta	te X No. 001H	Facility Type Oil and gas production facilities								
Surface: Ov	vner: fee	SLO)wner:	fee SLO			API No.: 30-015-44332						
				LOCA	TION	OF REI	EASE						
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		South Line	Feet from the	East/W	Vest Line	County			
J	25	24S	28E	2490	South		2310	East		Eddy			
				Latitude 3	321882	.Longitude	-104.0400						
200	Type of Release: Fire Volume of Release: 5 gallons Volume Recovered: 2.5 gallons												
						e Recovered: 2.5 gallons							
Source of Re	elease: Hare						Date and Hour of Discovery 01/25/2018 04:00 am						
Was Immediate Notice Given?						If YES, To Whom?							
✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required						Crystal Weaver – Eddy County							
By Whom? Callie Karrigan						Date and Hour 01/25/2018 09:40 am							
Was a Watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☑ No						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A							
If a Watercon	urse was Im	pacted, Descri	be Fully.*	:									
Not applicab		,	,										
1													
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*													
Flowback Operators were onsite working on well when they observed a small fire by beside the completions flare. The fire was immediately extinguished													
by the Flowback Operators. Upon further investigation, it was discovered that the line had froze due to cold temperatures and a small amount of													
condensate a	condensate and methanol in the line exited the flare. Flowback Operators are now monitoring condensate levels in the knockouts.												
		and Cleanup A											
	l area was a	round the base	of the fla	re in a 5'x10' area	. The af	fected area w	vill be scraped an	d a confi	rmation sa	ample will be	e taken a	and	
analyzed.													
				is true and compl									
				nd/or file certain re se of a C-141 repor									
should their	operations h	nave failed to a	dequately	investigate and re	emediate	contaminati	on that pose a thi	reat to gr	ound wate	r, surface wa	ater, hun	man health	
				tance of a C-141 r	report do	oes not reliev	e the operator of	responsi	bility for c	compliance v	vith any	other	
lederal, state	, or local la	ws and/or regu	nations.				OIL CON	CEDV	ATION	DIVISIO	N		
Callie Karrigan						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
Signature:									\wedge	Λ	h		
Printed Name: Callie Karrigan						Approved by	Environmental S	specialist	: (1)	KH /	1/1		
							HA A		VV	OW	VV		
						Approval Date: 4218 Expiration Date: NIA							
E-mail Address: cnkarrigan@marathonoil.com						Conditions of	Approval:	0			,		
						Sel affached Attached JRP-41089						1	
Date: Phone: 405-202-1028(cell) 575-297-0956 (office)													
		ets If Necess		ince)							11 4		

4/2/18AB

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on **2/7/18** regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number depretation has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District II office in Artesia on or before 4/13/18. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

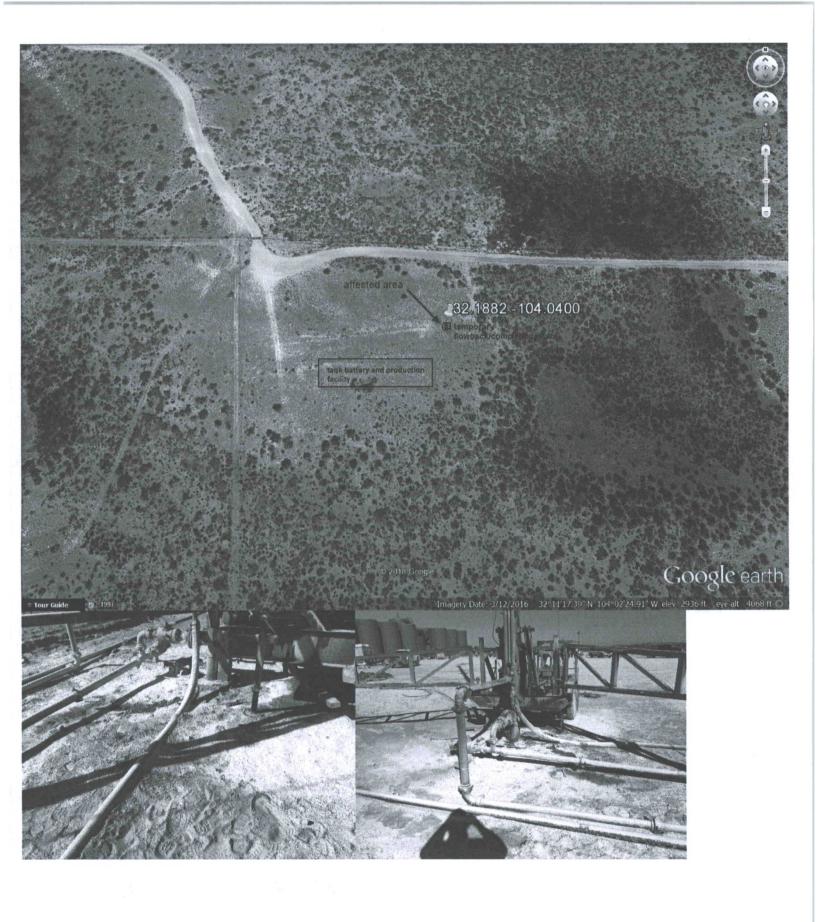
for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us



Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD

From:

Karrigan, Callie N. (MRO) < cnkarrigan@marathonoil.com>

Sent:

Wednesday, February 7, 2018 4:53 PM

To:

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD; Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD

Subiect:

Southern Comfort 25 36 State X No. 001H - Initial C141

Attachments:

Initial C-141 Form Marathon Oil.doc

Please see the attached for the C141.

It was good to meet you both today.

Callie

From: Karrigan, Callie N. (MRO)

Sent: Thursday, January 25, 2018 9:40 AM

To: 'mike.bratcher@state.nm.us' <mike.bratcher@state.nm.us>; 'crystal.weaver@state.nm.us'

<crystal.weaver@state.nm.us>

Cc: Newton, Philip E. (MRO) <penewton@marathonoil.com>; Wardell, Jason L. (MRO) <jlwardell@marathonoil.com>;

Van Curen, Jennifer (MRO) < jvancuren@marathonoil.com>

Subject: Southern Comfort 1H

Good morning,

Around 4:00 am on 01/25/2018 a small fire was reported at our Southern Comfort 1H location. The fire occurred at the base of our flare, and personnel put it out with extinguishers. It appears that the fire was caused by liquid methanol which was being used to keep the flare line free of ice. Gas has been diverted from the flare for this morning, in order to thaw out the flare line.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Callie Karrigan Marathon Oil Company HES Professional Cell: 405-202-1028