District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
1636 N. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

JUN 1 5 2018

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe. NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in **DISTRICT II-ARTESIA GASE**: with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Santa Fe. NM 87505 **Release Notification and Corrective Action OPERATOR** Initial Report Final Report Name of Company: XTO Energy Contact: Kyle Littrell Address: 522 W. Mermod, Suite 704 Carlsbad, N.M. 88220 Telephone No: 432-221-7331 Facility Name: Nash 042 Tank Battery (API for Nash Unit Facility Type: Exploration and Production #042) Surface Owner: Federal Mineral Owner: Federal API No: 30-015-37194 LOCATION OF RELEASE Unit Letter Section **Township** Range Feet from the North/South Line Feet from the East/West Line County Ε **23S** 30E 2100 North 18 600 West Eddy **Latitude** 32.152967____ **Longitude** -103.867559 NAD83 NATURE OF RELEASE Type of Release Volume of Release Volume Recovered 702.5 bbl Oil, 198.5 bbl PW Oil and produced water 702 bbl Oil, 198 bbl PW Source of Release Date and Hour of Occurrence Date and Hour of Discovery 5/31/2018, AM 5/31/2018, 1:00 PM Tanks Was Immediate Notice Given? If YES, To Whom? Mike Bratcher and Crystal Weaver (NMOCD), Mark Naranjo and Ryan Mann Date and Hour: 6/1/2018, 8:40 AM By Whom? Amy Ruth Was a Watercourse Reached? If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. ☐ Yes ☒ No N/A If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* N/A Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* Release was due to malfunctioning programmable logic controller which caused the pumps to fail and overflow the tanks. The controller was repaired before the facility resumed operations. Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.* Almost all fluid was captured within the impervious lined containment. Vacuum trucks were dispatched and recovered 900bbl of fluid from the containment, A small amount of overspray (<1 bbl) impacted the pad surface near the containment. An environmental contractor has been retained to assist with remediation efforts. I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION Signature: Approved by Environmental Specialist 4 Seasons Printed Name: Jake Foust Approval Date: Title: **Environmental Coordinator Expiration Date:** E-mail Address: Bryan_Foust@xtoenergy.com Conditions of Approval

Phone: 432-266-2663

Date: 6/15/2018

^{*} Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on <u>6/15/2018</u> regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number <u>2024-822</u> has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District $\underline{2}$ office in $\underline{ARTESIA}$ on or before $\underline{7/15/2018}$. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

From:

Foust, Bryan < Bryan_Foust@xtoenergy.com>

Sent:

Friday, June 15, 2018 8:54 AM

To:

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD; Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; rmann@slo.state.nm.us

Cc:

Littrell, Kyle; Ruth, Amy; Sanders, Toady; McSpadden, Wes

Subject:

Initial C-141 for release at Nash 42 5/31/18

Attachments:

Initial C-141 Nash 42.doc

Good morning. Attached is the initial C-141 for the accidental release of fluids at the Nash 42 battery. Please contact me with any questions.

Thank you, Jake Foust

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

From:

Ruth, Amy < Amy_Ruth@xtoenergy.com>

Sent:

Friday, June 1, 2018 8:40 AM

To:

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD; Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; Naranjo, Mark; Mann, Ryan

Cc:

McSpadden, Wes; Sanders, Toady; Littrell, Kyle; Foust, Bryan; Jackson, Bo; Weaver, John

Subject:

Release Notification Nash 042 Battery (API Nash 42H 30-015-37194)

Good Morning,

This is sent as notification of a release of fluids in excess of 25 barrels from the referenced facility (GPS 32.306380 N,-103.927947 W). Please call with any questions or concerns. Details will be provided with an initial form C-141. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Amy C. Ruth

Delaware Basin Division

Environmental Coordinator

3104 E. Greene Street | Carlsbad, NM 88220 | M: 432.661.0571 | O: 575.689.3380



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1