

NEW MEXICO UNDERGROUND INJECTION

CONTROL PRIMACY APPLICATION FOR

CLASS I, III, IV, & V WELLS

NEW MEXICO UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL PROGRAM

PRIMARY ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY APPLICATION

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(h) Any State program approved by the Administrator shall at all times be conducted in accordance with the requirements of this Part.

(i) States are encouraged to consolidate their permitting activities. While approval of State programs under this Part will facilitate such consolidation, these regulations do not require consolidation. Each of the four programs under this Part may be applied for and approved separately.

(j) Partial State programs are not allowed under NPDES, 404, or RCRA (for programs operating under final authorization). However, in many cases States will lack authority to regulate activities on Indian lands. This lack of authority does not impair a State's ability to obtain full program approval in accordance with this Part, i.e., inability of a State to regulate activities on Indian lands does not constitute a partial program. Similarly, a State can assume primary enforcement responsibility for the UIC program, notwithstanding § 123.51(e), when the State program is unable to regulate activities on Indian lands within the State. EPA, or in the case of section 404 programs the Secretary, will administer the program on Indian lands if the State does not seek this authority.

[Note.—States are advised to contact the United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, concerning authority over Indian lands.]

(k) Except as provided in § 123.32, nothing in this Part precludes a State from:

(1) Adopting or enforcing requirements which are more stringent or more extensive than those required under this Part;

(2) Operating a program with a greater scope of coverage than that required under this Part. Where an approved State program has a greater scope of coverage than required by Federal law the additional coverage is not part of the Federally approved program.

[Note.—For example, when a State requires permits for discharges into publicly owned treatment works, these permits are not NPDES permits. Also, State assumption of the section 404 program is limited to certain waters, as provided in § 123.91(c). The Federal program operated by the Corps of Engineers continues to apply to the remaining waters in the State even after program approval. However, this does not restrict States from regulating discharges of dredged or fill materials into those waters over which the Secretary retains section 404 jurisdiction.]

§ 123.2 Definitions.

The definitions in Part 122 apply to all subparts of this Part, including Subpart F.

§ 123.3 Elements of a program submission.

(a) Any State that seeks to administer a program under this Part shall submit to the Administrator at least three copies of a program submission. The submission shall contain the following:

(1) A letter from the Governor of the State requesting program approval;

(2) A complete program description, as required by § 123.4, describing how the State intends to carry out its responsibilities under this Part;

(3) An Attorney General's statement as required by § 123.5;

(4) A Memorandum of Agreement with the Regional Administrator as required by § 123.6, and, in the case of State section 404 programs, a Memorandum of Agreement with the Secretary as required by § 123.99;

(5) Copies of all applicable State statutes and regulations, including those governing State administrative procedures;

(6) The showing required by § 123.39(c) (RCRA programs only) and § 123.54(b) (UIC programs only) of the State's public participation activities prior to program submission.

(b) Within 30 days of receipt by EPA of a State program submission, EPA will notify the State whether its submission is complete. If EPA finds that a State's submission is complete, the statutory review period (i.e., the period of time allotted for formal EPA review of a proposed State program under the appropriate Act) shall be deemed to have begun on the date of receipt of the State's submission. If EPA finds that a State's submission is incomplete, the statutory review period shall not begin until all the necessary information is received by EPA.

(c) If the State's submission is materially changed during the statutory review period, the statutory review period shall begin again upon receipt of the revised submission.

(d) The State and EPA may extend the statutory review period by agreement.

§ 123.4 Program description.

Any State that seeks to administer a program under this part shall submit a description of the program it proposes to administer in lieu of the Federal program under State law or under an interstate compact. The program description shall include:

(a) A description in narrative form of the scope, structure, coverage and processes of the State program.

(b) A description (including organization charts) of the organization and structure of the State agency or agencies which will have responsibility for administering the program, including

the information listed below. If more than one agency is responsible for administration of a program, each agency must have statewide jurisdiction over a class of activities. The responsibilities of each agency must be delineated, their procedures for coordination set forth, and an agency may be designated as a "lead agency" to facilitate communications between EPA and the State agencies having program responsibility. In the case of State RCRA programs, such a designation is mandatory (see paragraph (f)(4) of this section). When the State proposes to administer a program of greater scope of coverage than is required by Federal law, the information provided under this paragraph shall indicate the resources dedicated to administering the Federally required portion of the program.

(1) A description of the State agency staff who will carry out the State program, including the number, occupations, and general duties of the employees. The State need not submit complete job descriptions for every employee carrying out the State program.

(2) An itemization of the estimated costs of establishing and administering the program for the first two years after approval, including cost of the personnel listed in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, cost of administrative support, and cost of technical support.

(3) An itemization of the sources and amounts of funding, including an estimate of Federal grant money, available to the State Director for the first two years after approval to meet the costs listed in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, identifying any restrictions or limitations upon this funding.

(c) A description of applicable State procedures, including permitting procedures and any State administrative or judicial review procedures.

(d) Copies of the permit form(s), application form(s), reporting form(s), and manifest format the State intends to employ in its program. Forms used by States need not be identical to the forms used by EPA but should require the same basic information, except that State NPDES programs are required to use standard Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR). The State need not provide copies of uniform national forms it intends to use but should note its intention to use such forms. State section 404 application forms must include the information required by § 123.94 and State section 404 permit forms must include the information and conditions required by § 123.97.

[Note.—States are encouraged to use uniform national forms established by the

Administrator. If uniform national forms are used, they may be modified to include the State Agency's name, address, logo, and other similar information, as appropriate, in place of EPA's.]

(e) A complete description of the State's compliance tracking and enforcement program.

(f) *State RCRA programs only.* In the case of State RCRA programs, the program description shall also include:

(1) A description of the State manifest tracking system, and of the procedures the State will use to coordinate information with other approved State programs and the Federal program regarding interstate and international shipments.

(2) An estimate of the number of the following:

(i) Generators;

(ii) Transporters; and

(iii) On- and off-site storage, treatment and disposal facilities, and a brief description of the types of facilities and an indication of the permit status of these facilities.

(3) If available, an estimate of the annual quantities of hazardous wastes:

(i) Generated within the State;

(ii) Transporters; and

State; and

(iii) Stored, treated, or disposed of within the State:

(A) on-site; and

(B) off-site.

(4) When more than one agency within a State has responsibility for administering the State program, an identification of a "lead agency" and a description of how the State agencies will coordinate their activities.

(g) *State UIC programs only.* In the case of a submission for approval of a State UIC program the State's program description shall also include:

(1) A schedule for issuing permits within five years after program approval to all injection wells within the State which are required to have permits under this Part and Part 122;

(2) The priorities (according to criteria set forth in 40 CFR § 146.09) for issuing permits, including the number of permits in each class of injection well which will be issued each year during the first five years of program operation;

(3) A description of how the Director will implement the mechanical integrity testing requirements of 40 CFR § 146.08, including the frequency of testing that will be required and the number of tests that will be reviewed by the Director each year;

(4) A description of the procedure whereby the Director will notify owners and operators of injection wells of the requirement that they apply for and obtain a permit. The notification

required by this paragraph shall require applications to be filed as soon as possible, but not later than four years after program approval for all injection wells requiring a permit;

(5) A description of any rule under which the Director proposes to authorize injections, including the text of the rule;

(6) For any existing enhanced recovery and hydrocarbon storage wells which the Director proposes to authorize by rule, a description of the procedure for reviewing the wells for compliance with applicable monitoring, reporting, construction, and financial responsibility requirements of §§ 122.41 and 122.42, and 40 CFR Part 146;

(7) A description of and schedule for the State's program to establish and maintain a current inventory of injection wells which must be permitted under State law;

(8) Where the Director has designated underground sources of drinking water in accordance with § 122.35(a), a description and identification of all such designated sources in the State;

(9) A description of aquifers, or parts thereof, which the Director has identified under § 122.35(b) as exempted aquifers, and a summary of supporting data;

(10) A description of and schedule for the State's program to ban Class IV wells prohibited under § 122.36; and

(11) A description of and schedule for the State's program to establish an inventory of Class V wells and to assess the need for a program to regulate Class V wells.

(h) *State 404 programs only.* In the case of a submission for approval of a section 404 program the State's program description shall also include:

(1) A description of State regulated waters.

[Note.—States should obtain from the Secretary an identification of those waters of the U.S. within the State over which the Corps of Engineers retains authority under section 404(g) of CWA.]

(2) A categorization, by type and quantity, of discharges within the State, and an estimate of the number of discharges within each category for which the discharger must file for a permit.

(3) An estimate of the number and percent of activities within each category for which the State has already issued a State permit regulating the discharge.

(4) In accordance with § 123.92(a)(6), a description of the specific best management practices requirements proposed to be used to satisfy the exemption provisions of section 404(f)(1)(E) of CWA for construction or

maintenance of farm roads, forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment.

(5) A description of how the State section 404 agency(ies) will interact with other State and local agencies.

(6) A description of how the State will coordinate its enforcement strategy with that of the Corps of Engineers and EPA.

(7) Where more than one agency within a State has responsibility for administering the State program:

(i) A memorandum of understanding among all the responsible State agencies which establishes:

(A) Procedures for obtaining and exchanging information necessary for each agency to determine and assess the cumulative impacts of all activities authorized under the State program;

(B) Common reporting requirements; and

(C) Any other appropriate procedures not inconsistent with section 404 of CWA or these regulations;

(ii) A description of procedures for coordinating compliance monitoring and enforcement, distributing among the responsible agencies information received from applicants and permittees, and issuing reports required by section 404 of CWA or these regulations.

(8) Where several State 404 permits are required for a single project, a description of procedures for:

(i) Ensuring that all the necessary State 404 permits are issued before any of the permits go into effect; and

(ii) Concurrent processing and, where appropriate, joint processing of all of the necessary State 404 permits.

§ 123.5 Attorney General's statement.

(a) Any State that seeks to administer a program under this Part shall submit a statement from the State Attorney General (or the attorney for those State or interstate agencies which have independent legal counsel) that the laws of the State, or an interstate compact, provide adequate authority to carry out the program described under § 123.4 and to meet the requirements of this Part. This statement shall include citations to the specific statutes, administrative regulations, and, where appropriate, judicial decisions which demonstrate adequate authority. State statutes and regulations cited by the State Attorney General or independent legal counsel shall be in the form of lawfully adopted State statutes and regulations at the time the statement is signed and shall be fully effective by the time the program is approved. To qualify as "independent legal counsel" the attorney signing the statement required by this section must have full authority to independently represent the State agency in court on