AP-92 Amendment STAGE 2 WORKPLANS

Date: 3 - 1/5 - 1/1



April 7, 2011

Mr. Edward Hansen New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Environmental Bureau 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 RECEIVED

APR 15 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE:

Plains Pipeline, L.P. 8-inch Moore to Jal #2 Site

NMOCD Reference # AP-92

Unit Letter J of Section 16, Township 17 South, Range 37 East

Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Hansen:

Plains Pipeline, L.P. is pleased to submit the attached 2011 Addendum to 2008 Abatement Plan, dated March 15, 2011, for the 8-inch Moore to Jal #2 release site located in Section 16 of Township 17 South, and Range 37 East of Lea County, New Mexico. This document provides details regarding the proposed plan to install an automated groundwater disposal system at the subject site.

Should you have any questions or comments, please contact me at (575) 441-1099.

Sincerely,

dason Henry

Remediation Coordinator

Plains Pipeline, L.P.

CC: Geoff Leking, NMOCD, Hobbs Office

Enclosure



2011 ADDENDUM TO 2008 ABATEMENT PLAN 8" MOORE TO JAL #2 SECTION 16, TOWNSHIP 17 SOUTH, RANGE 37 EAST LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO PLAINS SRS #2002-10273 NMOCD REF. # AP-92

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CONSTRUCTION EMERGENCY RESPONSE

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Toll Free: 866.742.0742 www.talonlpe.com March 15, 2011

8" Moore to Jal #2 Addendum to 2008 Abatement Plan

Plains Pipeline, L.P. Houston, Texas

Talon/LPE PROJECT NO. 700376.045.01

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NMOCD - New Mexico Oil Conservation Division NMSLO - New Mexico State Land Office

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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVE

1.1 Site Background

Talon/LPE, on behalf of Plains Pipeline, L.P. (Plains), is submitting this Addendum to the 2008 Stage 1 and Stage 2 Abatement Plan to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) regarding the remediation of the Plains 8-inch Moore to Jal #2 (Moore to Jal #2) crude oil pipeline release site (NMOCD Ref. No. AP-92) in Lea County, New Mexico.

The 8" Moore to Jal #2 (site) is located approximately 9.2 miles southeast of Lovington, Lea County, New Mexico, on property owned by the State of New Mexico. The site is located within the West Lovington Oil Field at Global Positioning System (GPS) coordinates 32° 49' 56.61" N, 103° 15' 08.47" W. There are no residences, groundwater wells, or surface water bodies within a 1,000-foot radius of the site.

The initial release occurred from an EOTT Energy Pipeline (EOTT) steel pipeline on October 22, 2002. Subsequently, EOTT changed its name to Link Energy in October 2003, and Plains Marketing, L.P. (Plains) purchased the assets of Link Energy on April 1, 2004. Initial reports estimated that 25 barrels (bbls) of crude oil were released. Approximately 5,794 square feet of surface area was impacted by the release.

Soil excavation and over-excavation activities were initiated in November of 2002 and that activity is documented in the "Soil Over-Excavation Report and Backfill Work Plan", dated May 23, 2006.

On February 5, 2007, Talon/LPE (Talon) was retained by Plains to assume remediation activities at the site. Remediation activities at the site were previously conducted by Environmental Plus, Inc. (EPI).

1.2 Objective

PSH recovery from groundwater has been conducted at the site since 2004, initially by hand bailing and then by using pneumatic pumps. In October of 2008, Talon installed a pneumatic skimmer pump and total fluids pump system at the site. Currently, there are a total of four (4) specific gravity skimmers and bladder pumps operating in monitor wells MW-3, MW-5, MW-6 and MW-9. In addition, there are currently a total of two (2) pneumatic total fluids pumps operating in monitor wells MW-1 and MW-7 (see Figure 2).

Currently, the PSH recovered by the skimmer pump system and the total fluid pumps is expelled to an on-site 150 barrel (bbl) polyethylene tank, which is monitored for the accumulation of water and PSH on a weekly basis. When the recovery tank is full, water is removed from the tank with a vacuum truck and transferred to a disposal facility. During the year 2010, 5,398 bbls of water were removed from the recovery tank, which accounts for approximately 45 vacuum truck excursions.

The Plains Moore to Jal 8-in steel pipeline is idle and remains in situ subsurface directly adjacent to the subject site. Plains proposes that a 3-in high density polyethylene (HDPE) line be installed (slip-lined) into the idle 8-in pipeline beginning at the Moore to Jal #2 (NMOCD Reference #AP-092) site to the Moore to Jal #1 (NMOCD Reference #AP-091) site and then to the 8-inch Sweet Vacuum C.S. Cayler (NMOCD Reference #AP-052) site (see Figure 3) and will be

ultimately disposed at Rocky Smith SWD Systems State 'E' #23 salt water disposal (SWD) (NMOCD # 307219) facility.

The purpose of the addendum is to propose an alternative to the removal of recovered water by vacuum truck.

2.0 RECOVERED GROUNDWATER DISPOSAL

2.1 Construction Scope

After a one-call utility clearance the project will commence at the Moore to Jal #2 site. The existing Moore to Jal 8-in. steel pipeline will be excavated with a backhoe at a point as close as possible to the active recovery system control center. A window will be cold cut into the pipeline and a 2-ft x 2-ft steel vault will be installed around the access point. After access to the steel pipeline is obtained, a 3-in HDPE line will be pushed from the Moore to Jal #2 site to the Moore to Jal #1 site approximately 2,113-ft to the northwest.

It is expected that the HDPE line will periodically get stuck during the installation process. The distance to the sticking point will be determined and the pipeline will be excavated. A window will be cold cut into the steel pipeline and HDPE line installation will resume. The HDPE line will be fused at the access point.

When the HDPE line arrives at the Moore to Jal #1 site, the steel pipeline will be excavated and cut as previously described. Another 2-ft by 2-ft vault will be installed on the steel pipeline as close as possible to the recovery system control center. The HDPE line installation procedure will continue until the line arrives at the C.S. Cayler site approximately 9,233-ft to the northwest of the Moore to Jal #1 site.

The steel pipeline will be excavated at the Cayler site, a window cut and another vault will be installed. There is currently an active transfer pump at the Cayler site that discharges recovered groundwater to the Rocky Smith SWD Systems State 'E' #23 salt water disposal facility (SWD) (NMOCD # 307219) located approximately 5,288-ft to the west of the Cayler site. The newly installed 3-in HDPE line will be tied to the existing line at the Cayler site. For details regarding flow line construction (see figures 3 and 4).

2.2 Disposal Flow Path

Recovered groundwater will be contained in an on-site 150 bbl polyethylene tank. The water will then be discharged from the recovery tank to the 3-in HDPE transfer line using a 5 HP centrifugal transfer pump. There will be a ball valve and 'Y' strainer installed between the pump and the recovery tank. A flow meter with totalizer, vacuum break, pressure gauge and high pressure cut-off switch and another check valve will be installed between the transfer pump and the 3-in HDPE line. The 3-in HDPE line will be equipped with a tee and a 3-in up-stream check valve that will be installed in a 2-ft by 2-ft steel vault for access (see figure 4).

The 150-bbl recovery tank will be equipped with level switches that will control the groundwater extraction pumps and the transfer pump. When the water level in the tank achieves a designated height in the recovery tank, the transfer pump will be activated to discharge the water to the

disposal facility. When the water level has been depleted to a designated level, a low-level switch will signal the pump to turn-off.

3.0 CONCLUSION

3.1 Conclusion

The benefit of continuously disposing recovered water, as proposed, is that it will increase the run time for the PSH recovery system, that is, the system will not shut-down periodically due to a full recovery tank. A second benefit is that additional pneumatic total fluids pumps can be added to PSH impacted wells since water disposal delays will no longer impede the recovery process. The ultimate result will be enhanced PSH recovery and mitigation of plume expansion.

APPENDIX A

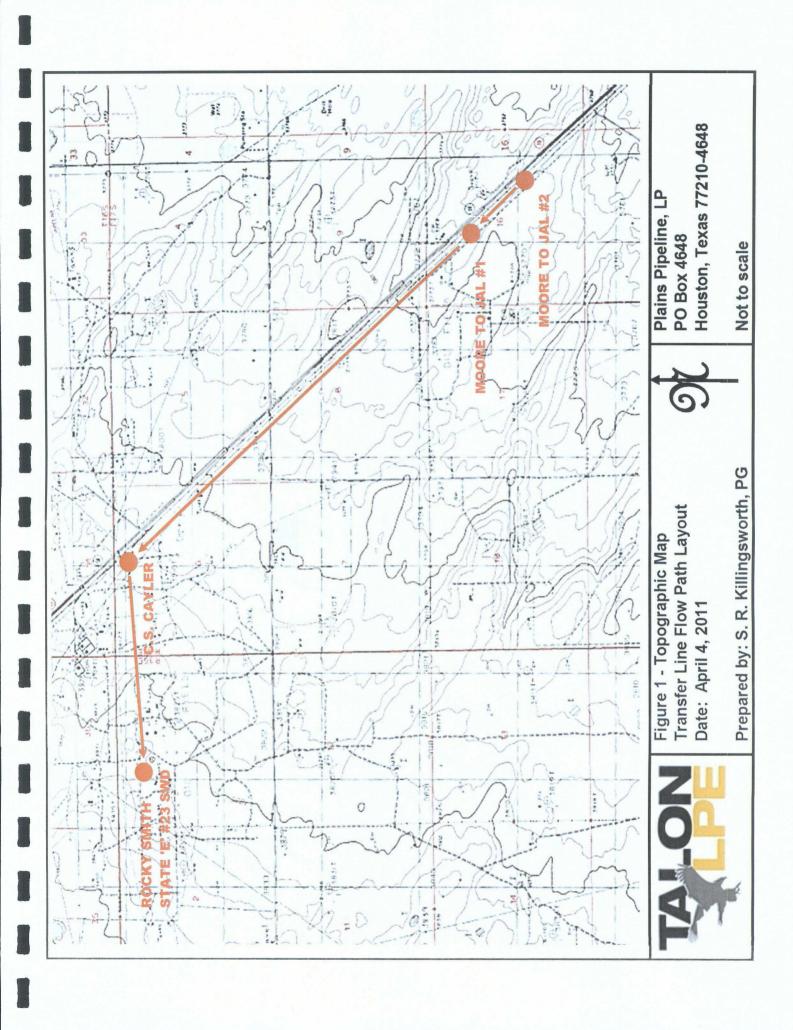
Figures

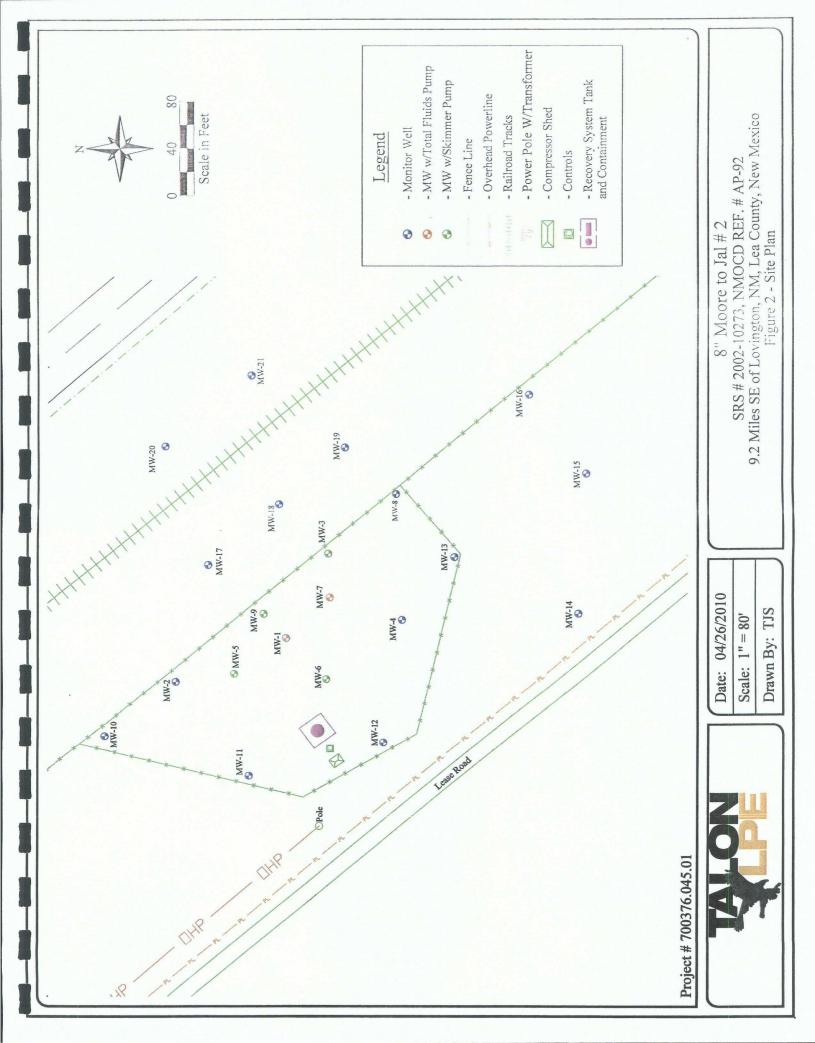
Figure 1 – Topographic Map

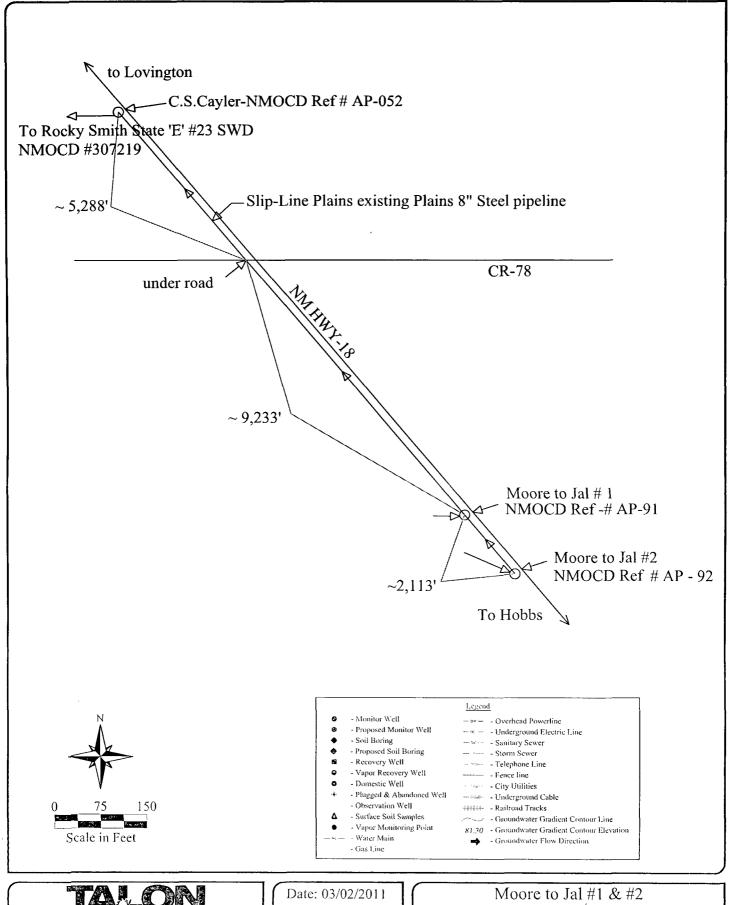
Figure 2 – Moore to Jal #2 Site Plan

Figure 3 – HDPE Transfer Line Layout Plan

Figure 4 – Flow Path Detail









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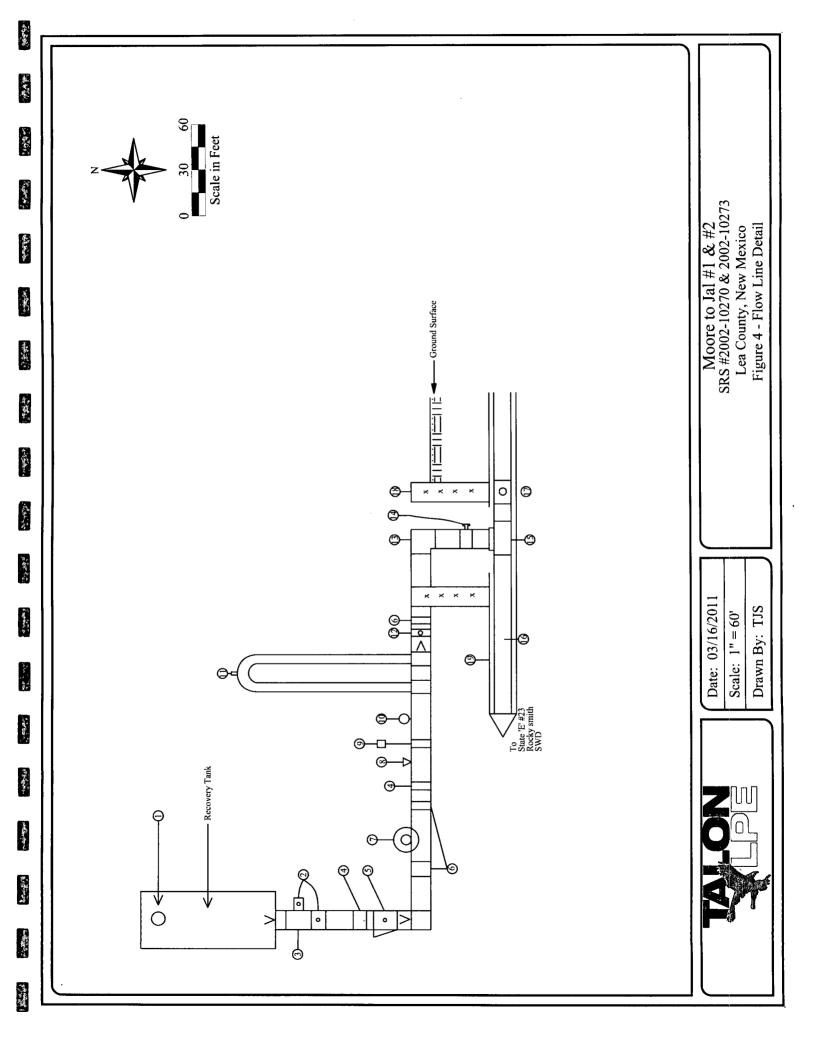
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Scale: 1'' = 150'

Drawn By: TJS

SRS # 2002-10270 & 2002-10273 Hobbs, Lea County, New Mexico Figure 3 - HDPE Transfer Line Layout Plan



Moore to Jal #1 & #2

2011 Addendum to 2008 Abatement Plan

Key to Flow Line Detail

- 1) Discharge hose to recovery tank from recovery well extraction pump.
- 2) 2-inch ball valves
- 3) 2-inch tee
- 4) 2-inch tee with drain valve
- 5) 2-inch 'Y' filter trap
- 6) 2-inch union
- 7) 5-HP, 230V, SF, centrifugal pump
- 8) High pressure pump cut-off switch
- 9) Flow meter with totalizer
- 10) 0-150 psi Pressure gauge
- 11) Vacuum break
- 12) 2-inch spring check valve
- 13) 2-inch 90° sweep
- 14) 2-inch gate valve
- 15) 3-inch HDPE tee fused
- 16) 3-inch HDPE pipe
- 17) 3-inch spring check valve
- 18) 2-ft x 2-ft steel vault set in concrete
- 19) Existing Plains 8-inch steel pipeline