HOUSE BILL 383

52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015

INTRODUCED BY

David M. Gallegos

AN ACT

RELATING TO OIL AND GAS; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE OIL AND GAS ACT TO PROVIDE FOR BLANKET FINANCIAL ASSURANCE ON ANY WELL HELD IN TEMPORARILY ABANDONED STATUS FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 70-2-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 237, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"70-2-14. REQUIREMENT FOR FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.--

A. Each person, firm, corporation or association who operates any oil, gas or service well within the state shall, as a condition precedent to drilling or producing the well, furnish financial assurance in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit or a cash or surety bond or a well-specific plugging insurance policy pursuant to the provisions of this

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section to the oil conservation division of the energy,
minerals and natural resources department running to the
benefit of the state and conditioned that the well be plugged
and abandoned in compliance with the rules of the oil
conservation division. The oil conservation division shall
establish categories of financial assurance after notice and
hearing. Such categories shall include a blanket plugging
financial assurance in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand
dollars (\$50,000) and one-well plugging financial assurance in
amounts determined sufficient to reasonably pay the cost of
plugging the wells covered by the financial assurance. In
establishing categories of financial assurance, the oil
conservation division shall consider the depth of the well
involved, the length of time since the well was produced, the
cost of plugging similar wells and such other factors as the
oil conservation division deems relevant. [In addition to the
blanket plugging financial assurance] The oil conservation
division may allow an operator to increase its blanket plugging
financial assurance to cover wells held in temporarily
abandoned status or require a one-well financial assurance on
any well that has been held in a temporarily abandoned status
for more than two years. If an operator elects to increase its
blanket plugging financial assurance for wells held in
temporarily abandoned status, the blanket plugging financial
assurance amount shall be increased to one hundred fifty

thousand dollars (\$150,000) for the first five wells, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) for six to ten wells, five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for eleven to twenty-five wells and one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for more than twenty-five wells. At the time an operator posts blanket plugging financial assurance, an operator may increase its blanket plugging financial assurance to cover wells held in temporarily abandoned status and wells it anticipates holding in temporarily abandoned status at some point in the future. All financial assurance shall remain in force until released by the oil conservation division. The oil conservation division shall release financial assurance when it is satisfied the conditions of the financial assurance have been fully performed.

- B. If any of the requirements of the Oil and Gas
 Act or the rules promulgated pursuant to that act have not been
 complied with, the oil conservation division, after notice and
 hearing, may order any well plugged and abandoned by the
 operator or surety or both in accordance with division rules.

 If the order is not complied with in the time period set out in
 the order, the financial assurance shall be forfeited.
- C. When any financial assurance is forfeited pursuant to the provisions of the Oil and Gas Act or rules promulgated pursuant to that act, the director of the oil conservation division shall give notice to the attorney general, who shall

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collect the forfeiture without delay.

- D. All forfeitures shall be deposited in the state treasury in the oil and gas reclamation fund.
- When the financial assurance proves insufficient to cover the cost of plugging oil and gas wells on land other than federal land and funds must be expended from the oil and gas reclamation fund to meet the additional expenses, the oil conservation division is authorized to bring suit against the operator in the district court of the county in which the well is located for indemnification for all costs incurred by the oil conservation division in plugging the well. All funds collected pursuant to a judgment in a suit for indemnification brought under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in the oil and gas reclamation fund.
- F. An operator required to file financial assurance for a well pursuant to this section is considered to have met that requirement if the operator obtains a plugging insurance policy that includes the specific well and that:
- is approved by the insurance division of the (1) public regulation commission;
- (2) names the state of New Mexico as owner of the policy and contingent beneficiary;
- (3) names a primary beneficiary who agrees to plug the specified wellbore;
- (4) is fully prepaid and cannot be canceled or .199517.2

surrendered;

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- (5) provides that the policy continues in effect until the specified wellbore has been plugged;
- (6) provides that benefits will be paid when, but not before, the specified wellbore has been plugged in accordance with rules of the oil conservation division in effect at the time of plugging; and
- (7) provides benefits that are not less than an amount equal to the one-well financial assurance required by oil conservation division rules.
- G. If, subsequent to an operator obtaining an insurance policy as provided in this section, the one-well financial assurance requirement applicable to the operator's well is increased, either because the well is deepened or the rules of the oil conservation division are amended, the operator is considered to have met the revised requirement if:
- (1) the existing policy benefit equals or exceeds the revised requirement;
- (2) the operator obtains an amendment increasing the policy benefit by the amount of the increase in the applicable financial assurance requirement; or
- (3) the operator obtains financial assurance equal to the amount, if any, by which the revised requirement exceeds the policy benefit."
- SECTION 2. EMERGENCY .-- It is necessary for the public .199517.2

peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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