IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

> CASE NO. 5109 Order No. R-4704

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION ON ITS OWN MOTION TO CONSIDER EXTENDING THE POOL LIMITS OF THE CATCLAW DRAW-MORROW CAS POOL, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, TO INCLUDE ALL OF SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, NMPM, TO CONSIDER THE INSTITUTION OF GAS PRORATIONING IN SAID POOL, AND TO CONSIDER THE ADOPTION OF SPECIAL RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR SAID POOL.

### ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

#### BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on November 15, 1973, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Richard L. Stamets.

NOW, on this <u>15th</u> day of January, 1974, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

(1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.

(2) That by Order No. R-4157 dated June 21, 1971, the Commission created the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool, Eddy County, New Mexico, for the production of gas from the Morrow formation and at that time no objection to the formation of said pool was received.

(3) That the horizontal limits of said pool have been extended from time to time by order of the Commission.

(4) That the horizontal limits of the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool as defined by the Commission at the time of hearing this case comprise the following described area:

EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, NMPM Sections 1: All Sections 11 through 14: All Sections 23 through 26: All Section 36: All TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANCE 26 EAST, NMPM Sections 18 and 19: All Section 30: All

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(5) That the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Cas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico should be extended to include therein:

TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, PANGE 25 FAST, MMPM Section 35: All

(6) That at the time of hearing of this case, there were thirteen wells producing from the subject pool.

(7) That at the time of the hearing of this case, gas was being taken from wells producing from the subject pool by two transporters, being Llano Pipeline Company and Southern Union Gas Company.

(8) That during the month of August, 1973, the latest month for which figures are available, the total tested delivery capacity of the eleven wells which had pipeline connections within the subject pool was at least 57,241 mcf per day.

(9) That during the month of August, 1973, the actual production from the aforesaid eleven wells within the subject pool was approximately 36,000 mcf per day.

(10) That since, during the month of August, 1973, no restrictions other than market demand were placed upon the production from wells within the subject pool, actual production should be considered as market demand for gas from the pool.

(11) That during the month of August, 1973, the total delivery capacity of the wells within the subject pool exceeded market demand for gas from the subject pool.

(12) That under the conditions that now exist in the subject pool, there is a potential for non-ratable taking by pipelines from the various wells in the pool.

(13) That non-ratable taking by pipelines from the various wells in the pool would constitute a violation of correlative rights.

(14) That unrestricted production creates a potential for drainage which is not equalized by counter-drainage and that such drainage constitutes a violation of correlative rights.

(15) That the protection of correlative rights is a necessary adjunct to the prevention of waste.

(16) That in order to prevent waste and ensure that all owners of property in the subject pool have the opportunity to produce without waste their fair share of the gas in the pool, the subject pool should be prorated to limit the amount of gas to be recovered from each tract to that tract's share of the reasonable market demand for gas from the pool.

(17) That to ensure that each owner of property in the subject pool has the opportunity to produce that amount of gas that can be practicably -3-CADE NO. 510) Order No. R-4704

obtained without waste substantially in the proportion that the recoverable gas under his tract bears to the total recoverable gas in the pool, the subject pool should be prorated in order to limit the amount of gas to be produced from the pool to the reasonable market demand and the capacity of the gas transportation facilities serving that pool.

(18) That the subject pool has not been completely developed.

(19) That production from the Morrow formation in the subject pool is from many separate stringers which vary greatly in areal extent and in porosity and thickness, both within individual stringers and between stringers.

(20) That the above-described stringers are not continuous across the pool but are interconnected by the perforations in the various completions in the pool.

(21) That due to the above-described variations in the stringers and the lack of continuity of the stringers, the effective feet of pay and the reserves underlying each developed tract cannot be practicably determined from the data obtained at the wellbore.

(22) That there are recoverable gas reserves underlying each of the developed 640-acre tracts within the horizontal limits of the subject pool; that there are 13 developed 640-acre tracts within the pool as described in Finding No. (4) above and as extended pursuant to Finding No. (5) above.

(23) That due to the nature of the reservoir, the amount of recoverable gas under each producer's tract cannot be practicably determined in the subject pool by a formula which considers effective feet of pay and pore volume.

(24) That due to the nature of the reservoir, the total amount of recoverable gas in the subject pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers effective feet of pay and pore volume.

(25) That due to the nature of the reservoir, the proportion of recoverable gas underlying each tract to the total amount of recoverable gas in the subject pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers effective feet of pay and pore volume.

(26) That the amount of recoverable gas under each producer's tract cannot be practicably determined in the subject pool by a formula which considers the deliverability of a well.

(27) That the total amount of recoverable gas in the subject pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers the deliverability of the wells in the pool.

(28) That the proportion of recoverable gas underlying each tract to the total unount of recoverable gas in the subject pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers the deliverability of the wells within the pool. -4-CASE NO. 5109 Order No. R-4704

(29) That the amount of recoverable gas under each producer's tract cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers previous production and pressure decline.

(30) That due to the early state of depletion of the subject pool, the total amount of recoverable gas in the pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers previous production and pressure decline.

(31) That the proportion of recoverable gas underlying each tract to the total amount of recoverable gas in the subject pool cannot be practicably determined by a formula which considers previous production and pressure decline.

(32) That the amount of gas which can be practicably obtained without waste by the owner of each property in the subject pool substantially in the proportion that the recoverable gas under his tract bears to the total recoverable gas in the pool can be practicably determined best by allocating the allowable production among the wells on the basis of developed tract acreage compared to total developed tract acreage in the pool.

(33) That, considering the nature of the reservoir and the known extent of development, a proration formula based upon surface acreage will afford the owner of each property in the pool the apportunity to produce his just and equitable share of the gas in the pool so far as such can be practicably obtained without waste substantially in the proportion that the recoverable gas under such property bears to the total recoverable gas in the pool.

(34) That in order to prevent waste the total allowable production from each gas well producing from the subject pool should be limited to that well's share of the reasonable market demand for gas from the pool.

(35) That in order to prevent waste, the total allowable production from all gas wells producing from the subject pool should be limited to the total reasonable market demand for gas from the pool.

(36) That, considering the available reservoir information, a 100 percent surface acreage formula is the most reasonable basis for allocating the allowable production among the wells delivering to the gas transportation facilities.

(37) That, in order to prevent drainage between tracts that is not equalized by counter drainage, the allowable production from the pool should be prorated to the various producers on a just and equitable basis.

(38) That the adoption of a 100 percent surface acreage formula for allocating the allowable production in the subject pool will, insofar as is presently practicable, prevent drainage between producing tracts which is not equalized by counter drainage.

(39) That in order to ensure that each operator is afforded the opportunity to produce his property ratably with all other operators in the pool, allowable production from the pool should be prorated to the various producers upon a just and equitable basis.

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(40) That the adoption of a 100 percent surface acreage formula for allocating the allowable production in the subject pool will insofar as is presently practicable allow each operator the opportunity to produce his property ratably with all other operators in the pool.

(41) That the subject pool should be governed by the general rules and regulations for the prorated gas pools of southeastern New Mexico promulgated by Order No. R-1670 as amended insofar as such general rules and regulations are not inconsistent with this order or the special rules and regulations for the subject pool promulgated by this order.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico, as heretofore classified, defined and described, is hereby extended to include therein:

# TOWNSHIP 21 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, NMPM Section 35: All

(2) That the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Cas Pool in Eddy County, New Mexico is hereby prorated effective April 1, 1974.

(3) That the subject pool shall be governed by the general rules and regulations for the prorated gas pools of southeastern New Mexico promulgated by Order No. R-1670 as amended insofar as such general rules and regulations are not inconsistent with this order or the special rules and regulations for the subject pool as hereinafter set forth in which event the special rules shall apply.

## SPECIAL RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE CATCLAW DRAW-MORROW GAS FOOL

## A. WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE REQUIREMENTS

RULE 1. Each well completed or recompleted in the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool or in the Morrow formation within one mile thereof and not nearer to nor within the boundaries of another pool producing from the Morrow formation shall be spaced, drilled, operated and prorated in accordance with the rules for the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool as set forth herein.

RULE 2. Each well shall be located no nearer than 1650 feet to the . outer boundary of the section nor nearer than 330 feet to any governmental quarter-quarter section line.

C. ALLOCATION AND GRANTING OF ALLOWABLES

<u>NULE 8.</u> (A) The total allowable to be allocated to gas wells in the pool regulated by this order each month shall be equal to the sum of the "preliminary" or "supplemental" nominations (whichever is applicable) together with any adjustments which the Commission deems advisable. The allowable remaining each month after deducting the total -6-CASE NO. 5109 Order No. R-4704

allowable assigned to marginal wells shall be allocated among the nonmarginal wells entitled to an allowable in the proportion that each well's acreage factor bears to the total of the acreage factors for all nonmarginal gas wells in the pool.

<u>RULE 8.</u> (B) Allowables to newly completed gas wells shall commence on the day of connection to a gas transportation facility as determined from an affidavit furnished to the Commission (Drawer DD, Artesia, New Mexico 88210) by the purchaser or the date of filing of Form C-104 and a plat (Form C-102) whichever data is the latter.

RULE 9. (A) A standard unit consisting of 640 acres shall be assigned an acreage factor of 1.00, provided however, the acreage tolerances provided in Rule 5 (A) shall apply.

C. GENERAL

RULE 25. The vertical limits of the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Cas Pool shall be the Morrow formation.

RULE 26. The first proration period for the Catclaw Draw-Morrow Gas Pool shall commence on April 1, 1974.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED:

(1) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Commission may deem nccessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

A. TRUJILLO, Chairman Ι.

ARMIJO. Member

A. L. PORTER, JR., Member & Secretary

SEAL